

Constraining gravitational-wave backgrounds from conversions into photons in extragalactic magnetic fields

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High-frequency gravitational waves may provide a unique signature for the existence of exotic physics. The lack of current and future gravitational-wave experiments sensitive at those frequencies leads to the need of employing different indirect techniques. Notably, one of the most promising ones is constituted by graviton-photon conversions in magnetic fields. Our research focuses on the conversion of a gravitational-wave background into photons inside the magnetic fields of the M82 starburst galaxy and the M87 giant elliptical galaxy. By numerically solving the equations of motion of the graviton-photon system, we compute the expected electromagnetic signal generated by the conversions. This signal is then compared with the observed photon flux from the two galaxies. Requiring that the converted-photon signal does not exceed the observed flux yields a constraint on the amplitude of the gravitational-wave background. In our analysis, we use observational data from the NuSTAR high-energy telescope, which operates in the 3–80 keV band; consequently, our bound applies to gravitational waves within the corresponding frequency range. With this techniques, we improved the existing bounds in literature by about two orders of magnitude.

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