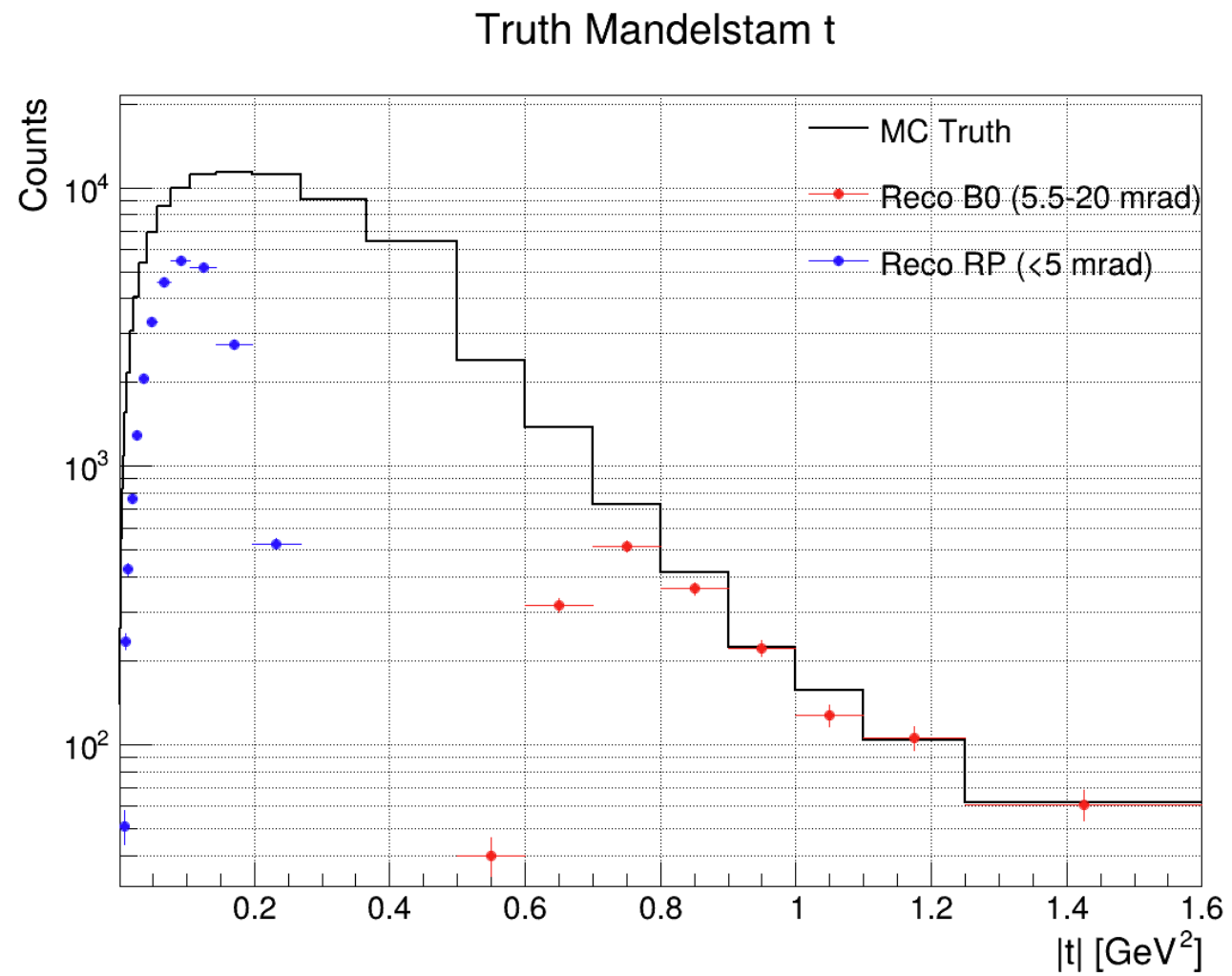




DPDF Meetings

Oct. 21

Follow up: ' t '
binning



Follow up: ' t ' resolution in RP

- Alex explained a new collection
"ForwardRomanPotPolyReconstructed"
- It should be available soon, hopefully this same week
- It should make the reco better for RPs
- In his presentation he said that the current reco method should work well for $x_L \sim 1$ only

Hadi, according to what Alex showed today on the RPs reconstruction, if you cut at $x_L > 0.99$ before doing the resolution plots, you should already get something good now.

Let's discuss more tomorrow.

't' reco in RP

Proton Mandelstam t Analysis

Desktop

Screenshots

rpRes_after_NOxLc

rpRes_after_xL0.99

rp_res

Download

Input filelist: ./data/filelist.txt

No. of files: 1; no. of events: 100000

bin edges for t: 0 0.16 0.32 0.48 0.64 0.8 0.96 1.12 1.28 1.44 1.6

Finding beam particles...

Found beam energies 9.99922x100.028 GeV

Videos

ANALYSIS RESULTS

Truth protons found: 106467

B0 matched protons: 1775

RP matched protons: 26573

B0 matching efficiency: 1.66718%

RP matching efficiency: 24.9589%

Proton Mandelstam t Analysis

Desktop

Screenshots

rpRes_after_NOxLc

rpRes_after_xL0.99

rp_res

Download

Input filelist: ./data/filelist.txt

No. of files: 1; no. of events: 100000

bin edges for t: 0 0.16 0.32 0.48 0.64 0.8 0.96 1.12 1.28 1.44 1.6

Finding beam particles...

Found beam energies 9.99922x100.028 GeV

Videos

ANALYSIS RESULTS

Truth protons found: 14282

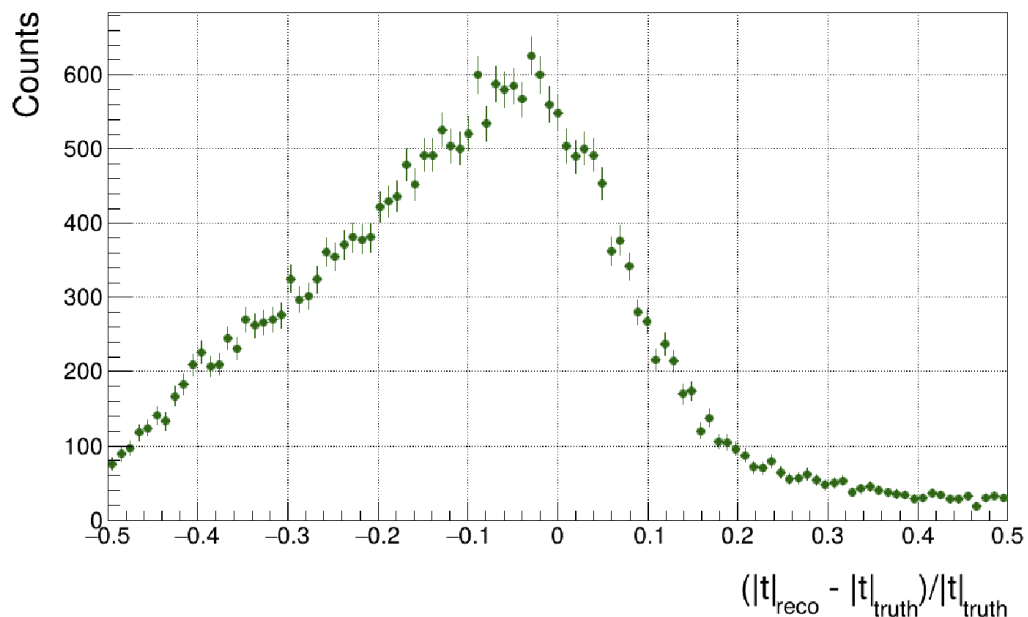
B0 matched protons: 412

RP matched protons: 4288

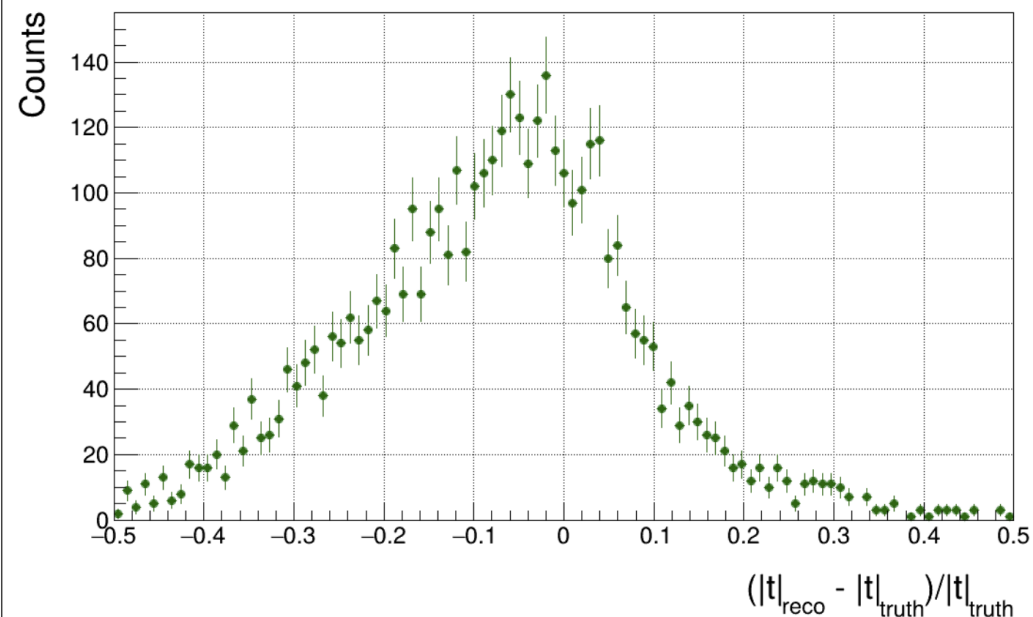
B0 matching efficiency: 2.88475%

RP matching efficiency: 30.0238%

RP |t| Resolution



RP |t| Resolution



'x_L' reco in RP

- I am a bit confused on what formula I should use for the x_L

where $P_T^2 = P_X'^2 + P_Y'^2$, and the fraction of the beam momentum retained by the final proton is

$$x_L = \frac{|\mathbf{P}'|}{|\mathbf{P}|} \simeq \frac{E_{p'}}{E_p},$$

In the LPS analysis, the longitudinal (p_Z) and transverse (p_X, p_Y) momenta of the scattered proton were measured. The fractional energy of the outgoing proton, x_L , was defined as $x_L = p_Z/E_p$, where E_p is the incoming proton energy. The variable t is given by

- Or simply $x_L = p'_z/p_z$?

PHYSICAL REVIEW D, VOLUME 65, 052001

Properties of hadronic final states in diffractive deep inelastic ep scattering at DESY HERA



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

ScienceDirect

Nuclear Physics B 816 (2009) 1–61

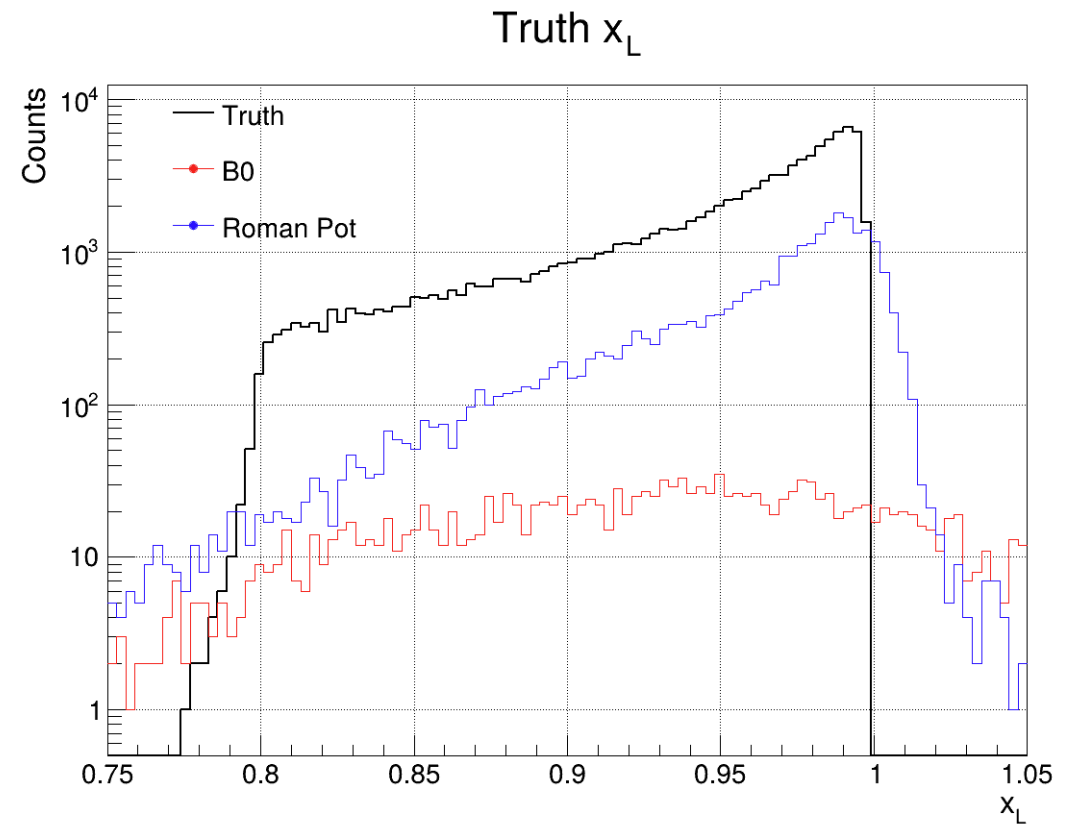
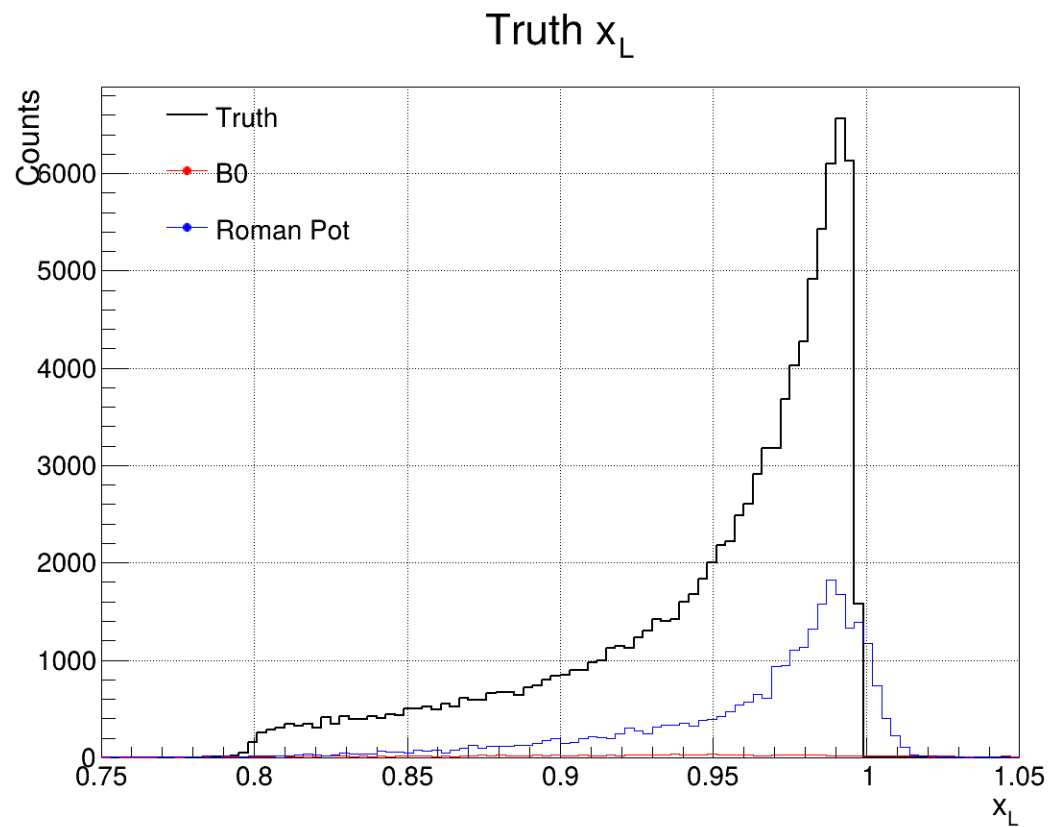


www.elsevier.com/locate/nucphysb

Deep inelastic scattering with leading protons
or large rapidity gaps at HERA

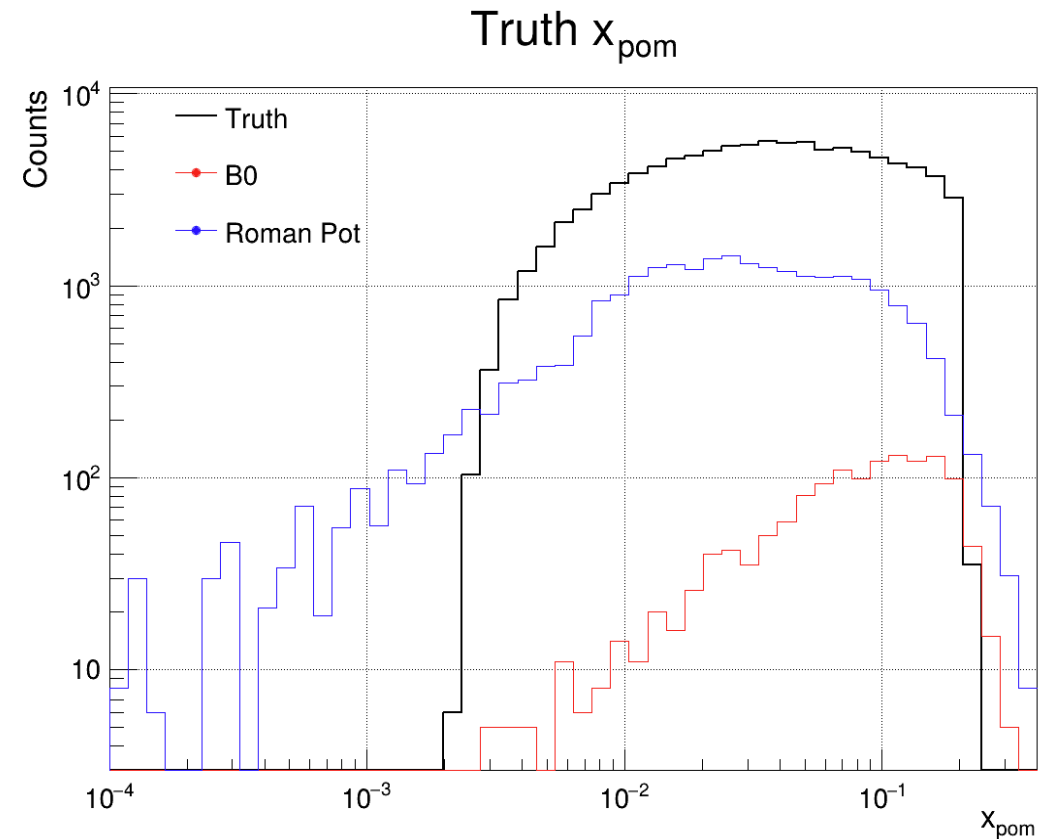
ZEUS Collaboration

'x_L' reco



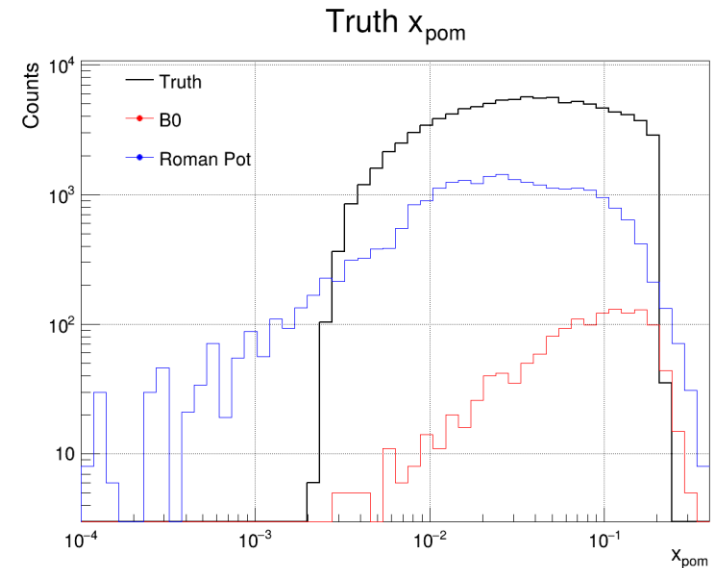
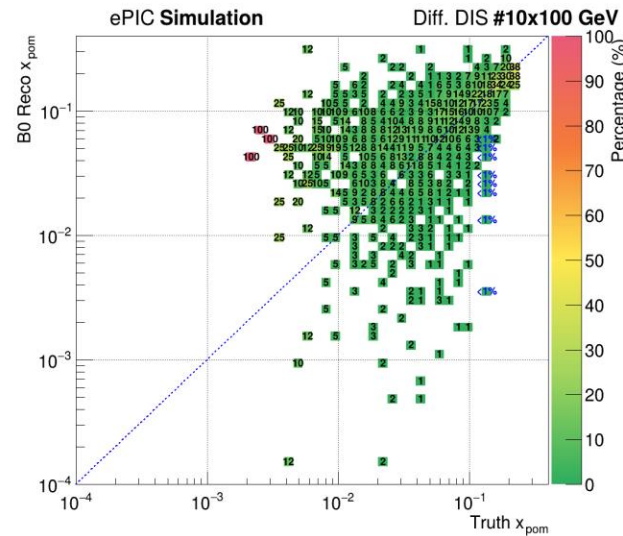
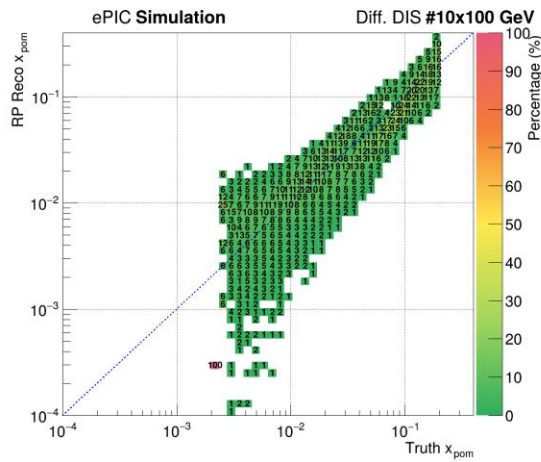
' x_{Pom} ' reco

- Same question which formula to use;
- Here is the result for $x_{Pom} = 1 - x_L$

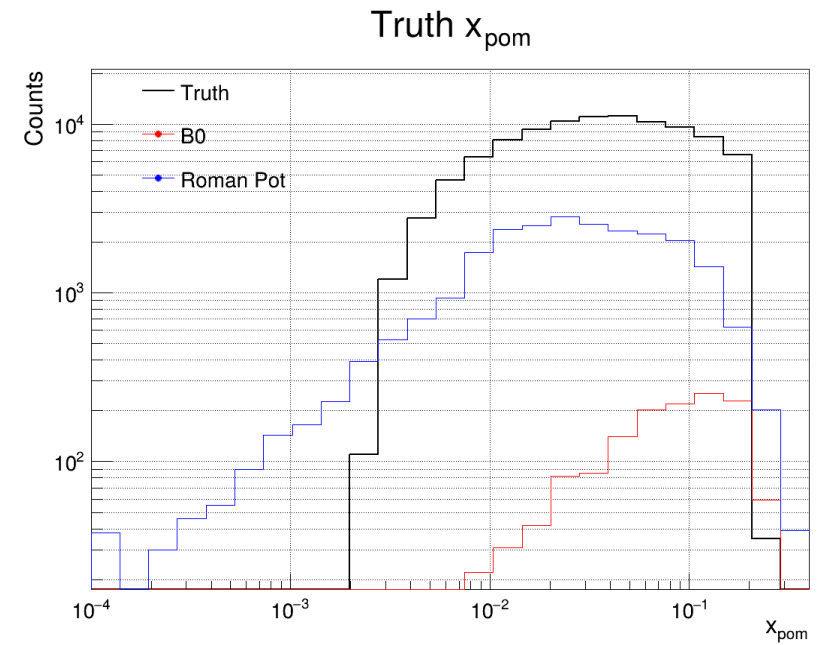
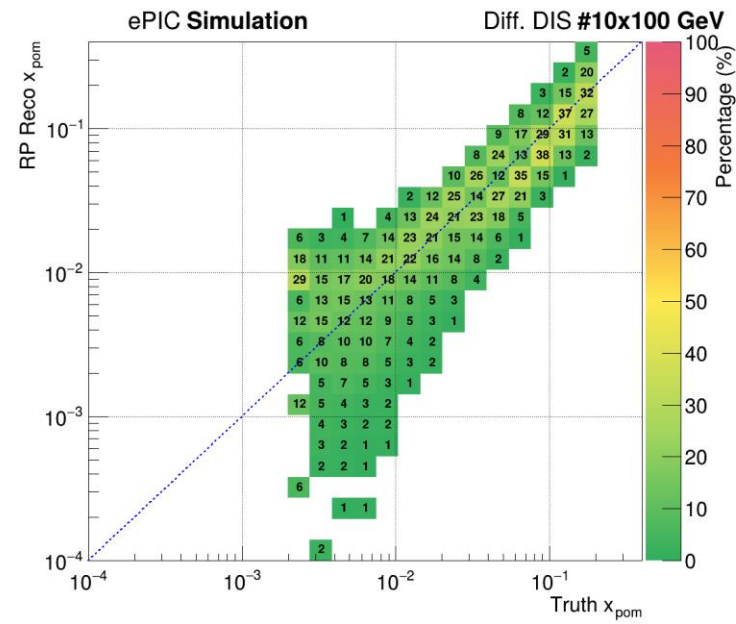
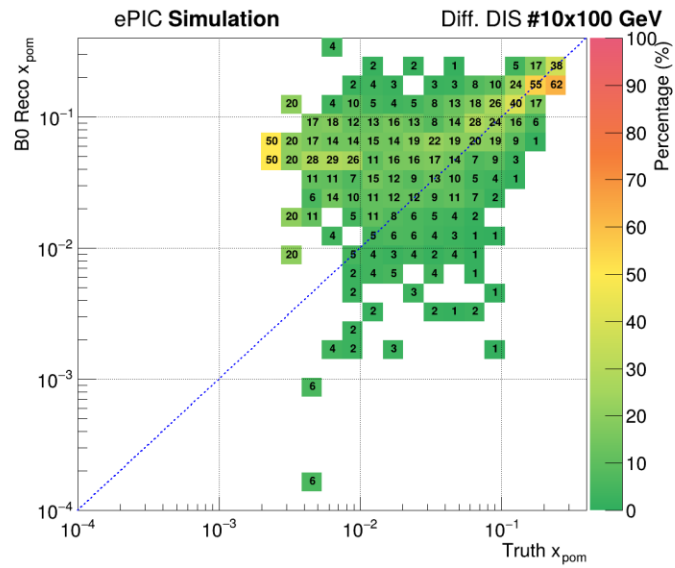


' x_{Pom} ' binning

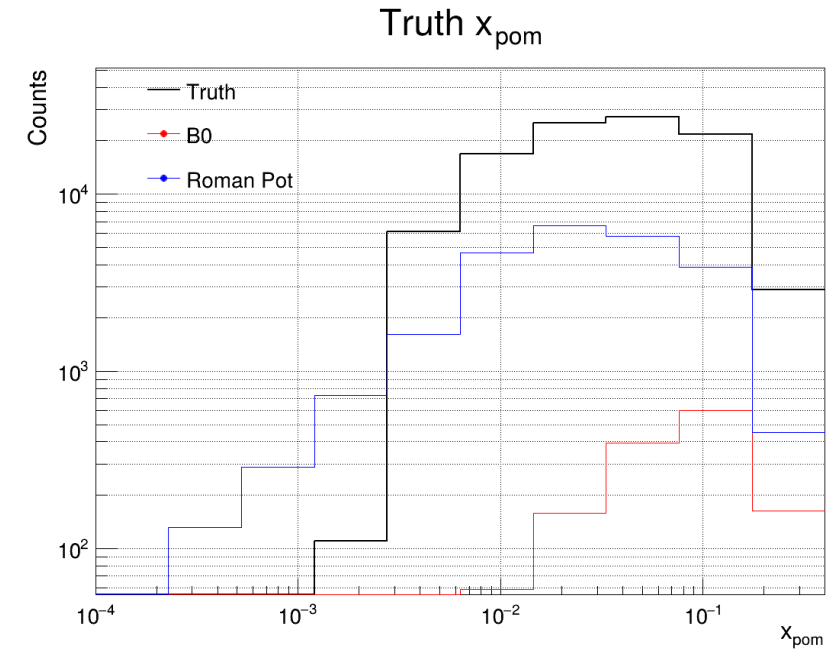
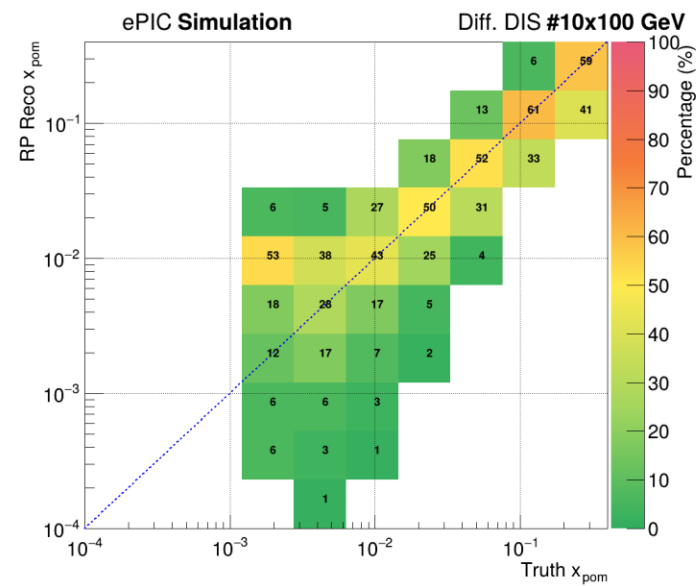
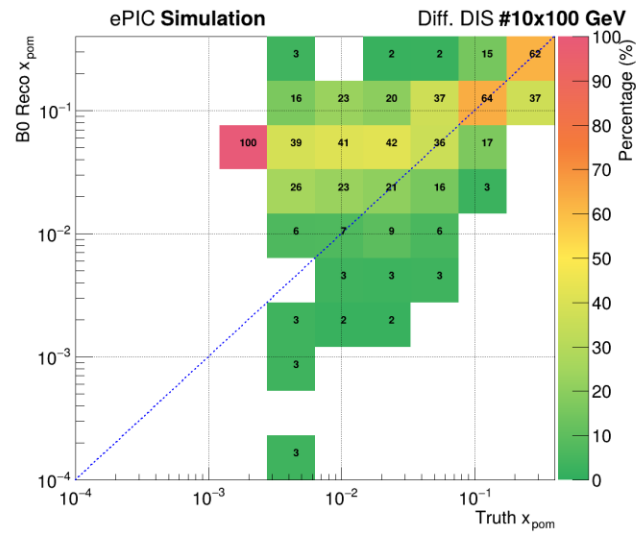
- From memory I think you suggested Log.
- The histo itself is such that you can get away with ~ 40 bins but the response matrix looks like this



' x_{Pom} ' binning ~ 20 bins



' x_{Pom} ' binning ~ 10 bins



Then the histo shows loss of detail , no?

Next;

- Is 't' ready ? Assuming the new fix from Alex and binned resolution, ready?
- Fix the x_L needed for x_{Pom} if $x_{Pom} = 1 - x_L$ is good enough
- Fix M2; we decided on the definition last week needed for x_{Pom} if the formula from 0812.2003(ZEUS) is what should be implemented
- Cross section

$$x_P = \frac{(P - P') \cdot q}{P \cdot q} = \frac{Q^2 + M_X^2 - t}{Q^2 + W^2 - M_p^2} ,$$

$$\beta = \frac{Q^2}{2(P - P') \cdot q} = \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + M_X^2 - t} .$$