

Guido Altarelli: eredità e prospettive, 10 anni dopo



Precision, precision ... and supersymmetry (sic!) remembering Guido

(a story starting in the summer of 1990)

Riccardo Barbieri

Roma3, Dec 2025

The observables at the Z-pole

Assuming quark-lepton and flavour universality,

3 effective observables only

$$g_A^f = T_{3L}^f \left(1 + \frac{\epsilon_1}{2}\right) \quad \frac{g_V^f}{g_A^f} = 1 - 4|Q_f|s^2 \left(1 + \frac{\epsilon_3 - c^2\epsilon_1}{c^2 - s^2}\right)$$
$$\Delta r = \frac{1}{s^2}(-c^2\epsilon_1 + (c^2 - s^2)\epsilon_2 + 2s^2\epsilon_3) \quad s^2 c^2 = \frac{\pi\alpha(M_Z)}{\sqrt{2}G_F M_Z^2}$$

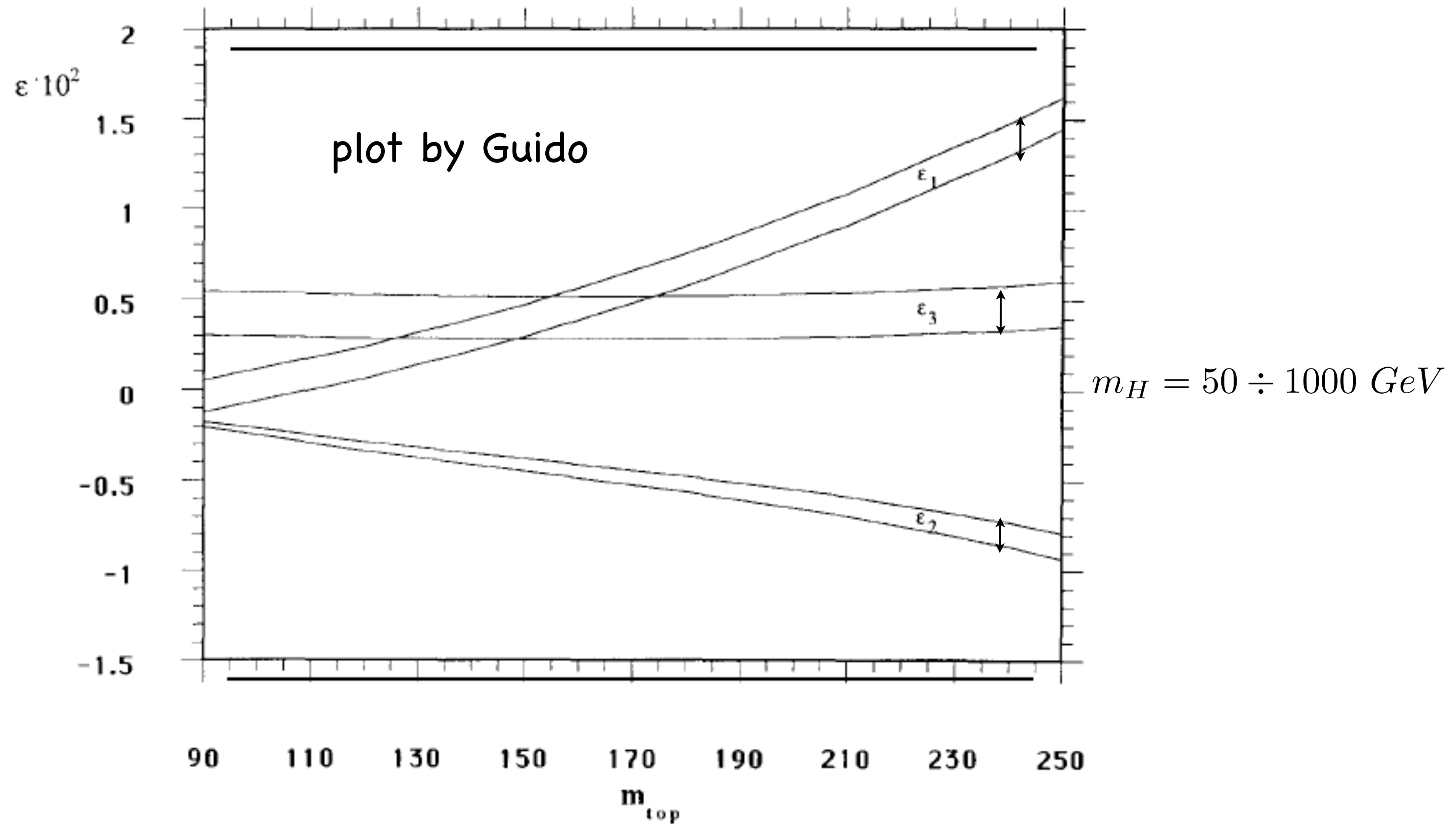
+1 including flavour breaking in $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

$$g_A^b = -\frac{1}{2}\left(1 + \frac{\epsilon_1}{2}\right)\left(1 + \epsilon_b\right) \quad \frac{g_V^b}{g_A^b} = \frac{1}{1 + \epsilon_b}\left(1 - \frac{4}{3}s^2\left(1 + \frac{\epsilon_3 - c^2\epsilon_1}{c^2 - s^2}\right) + \epsilon_b\right)$$

(S,T,U = leading VP only)
(Peskin, Takeuchi 1990)

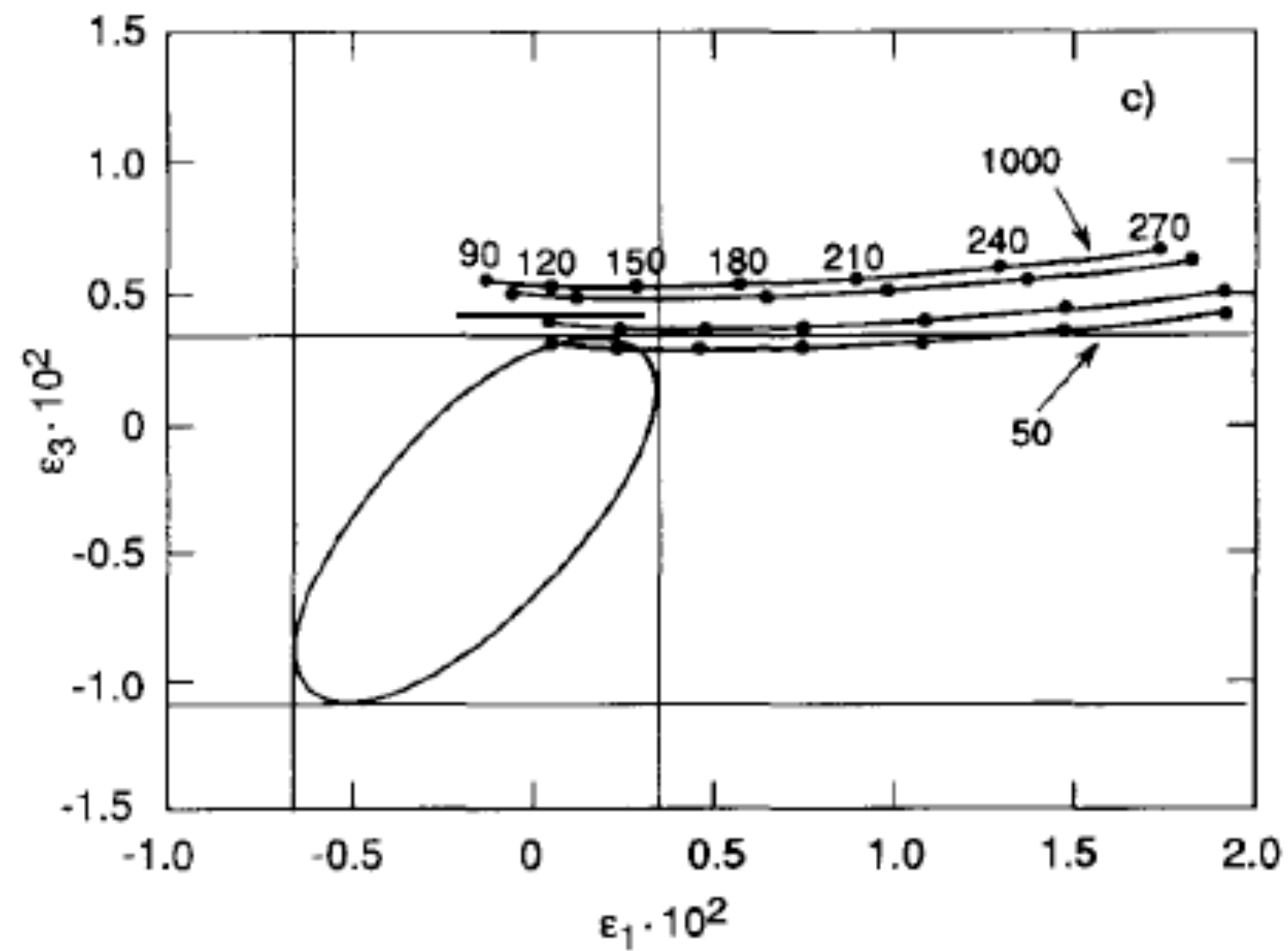
Altarelli, B 1990
Altarelli, B, Jadach 1991

$\epsilon_i(m_t, m_H)$ predicted in the SM

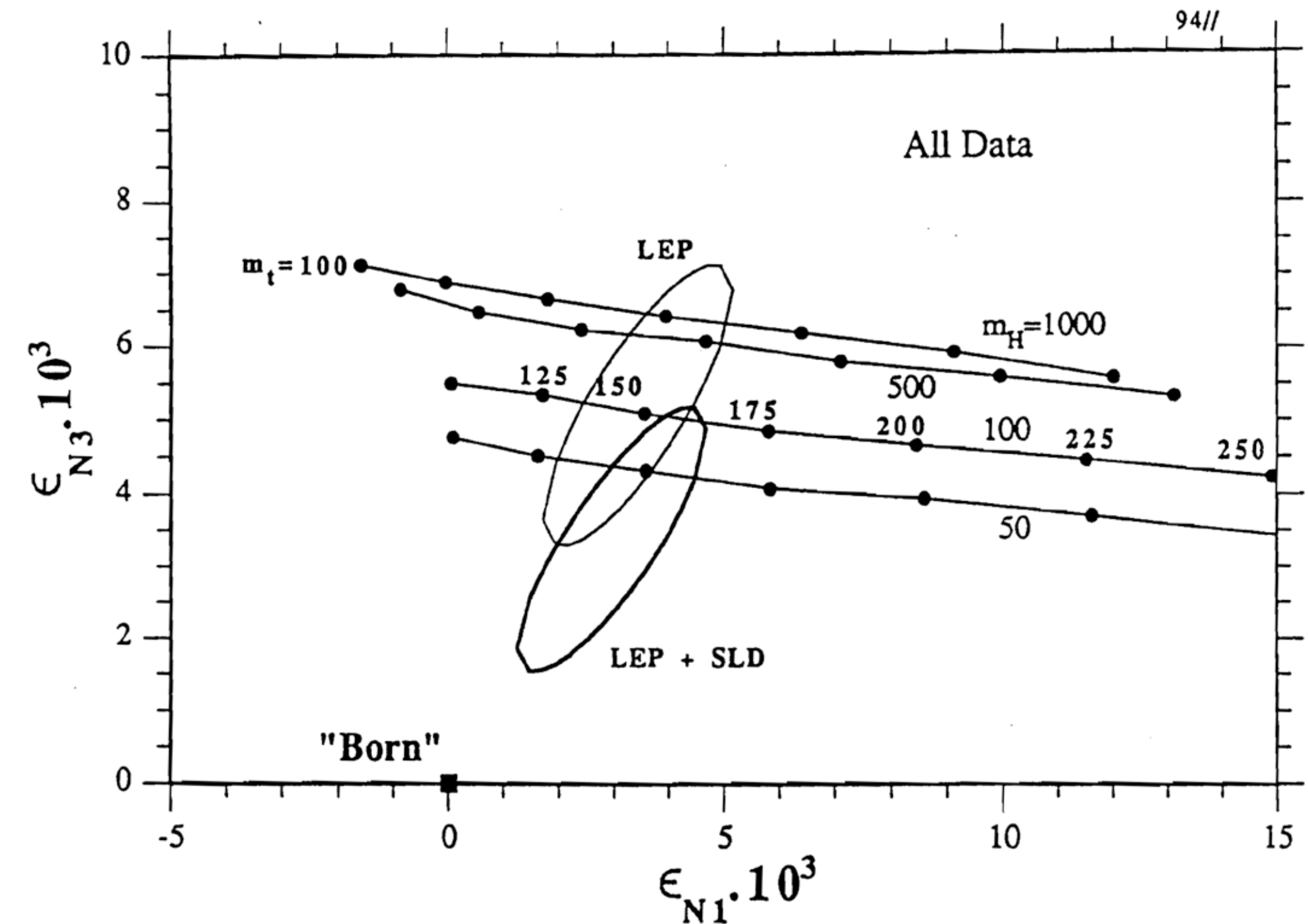


From LEP data in 1991-1994

plots by Guido



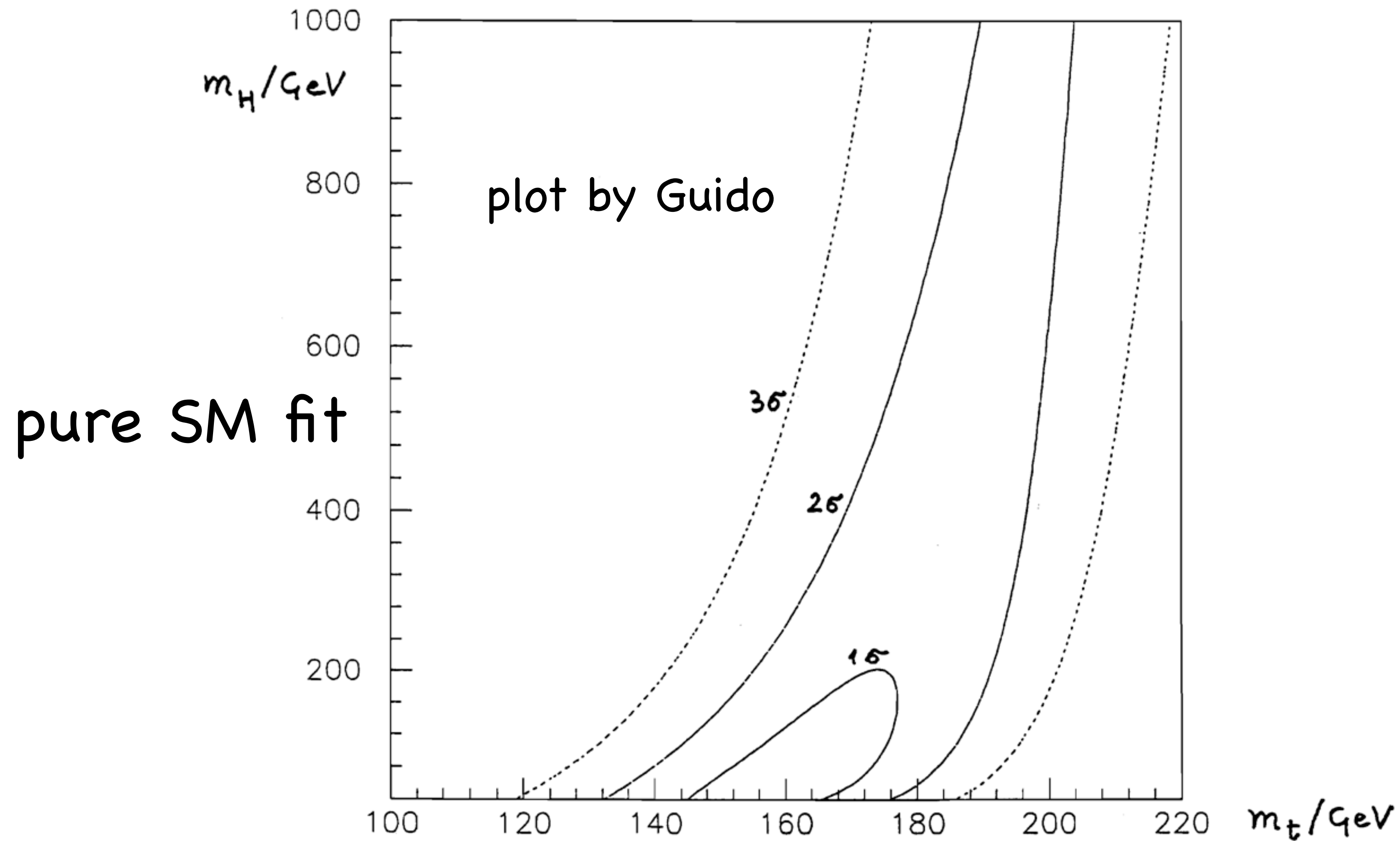
1991



La Thuile, April 1994

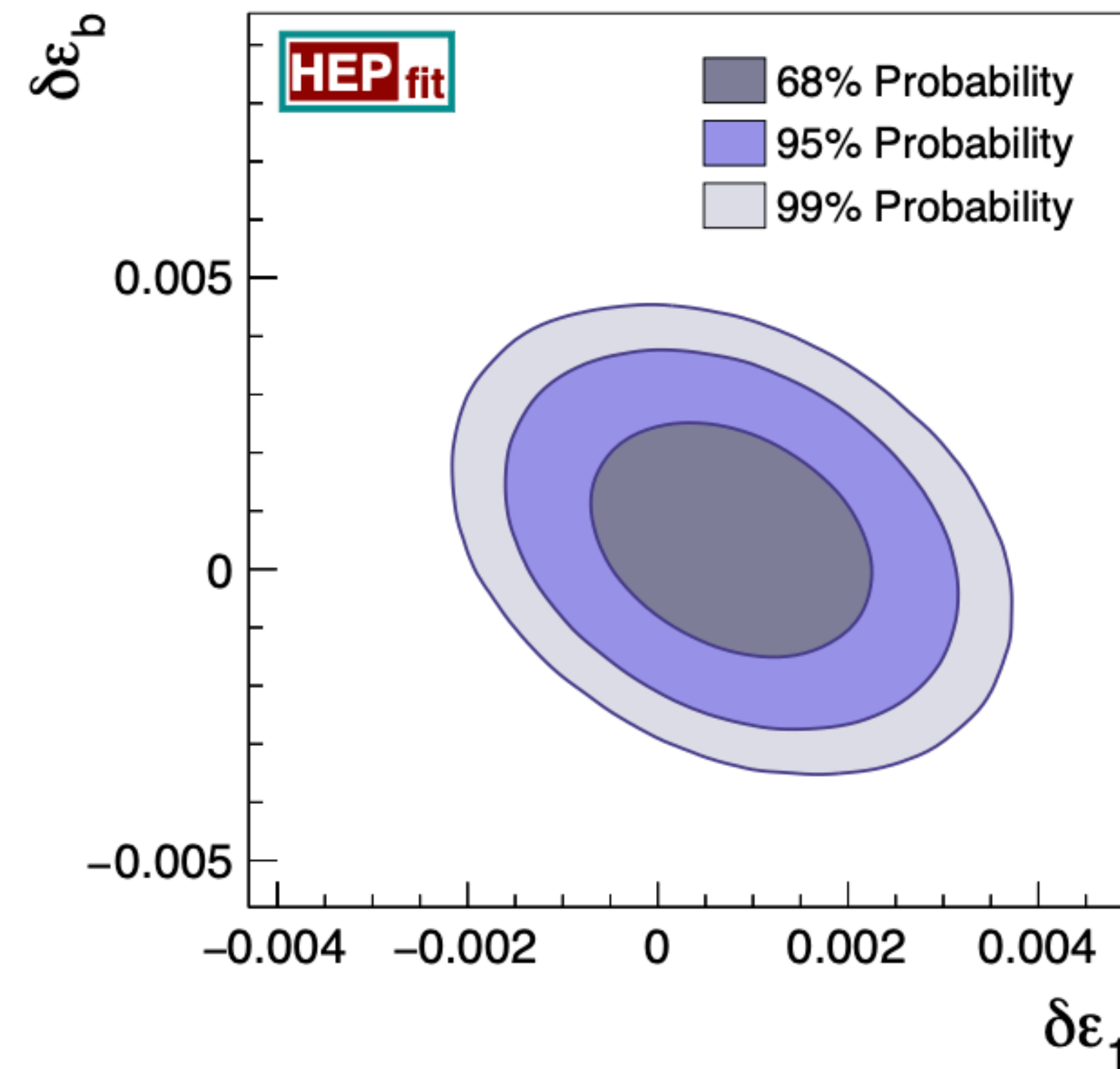
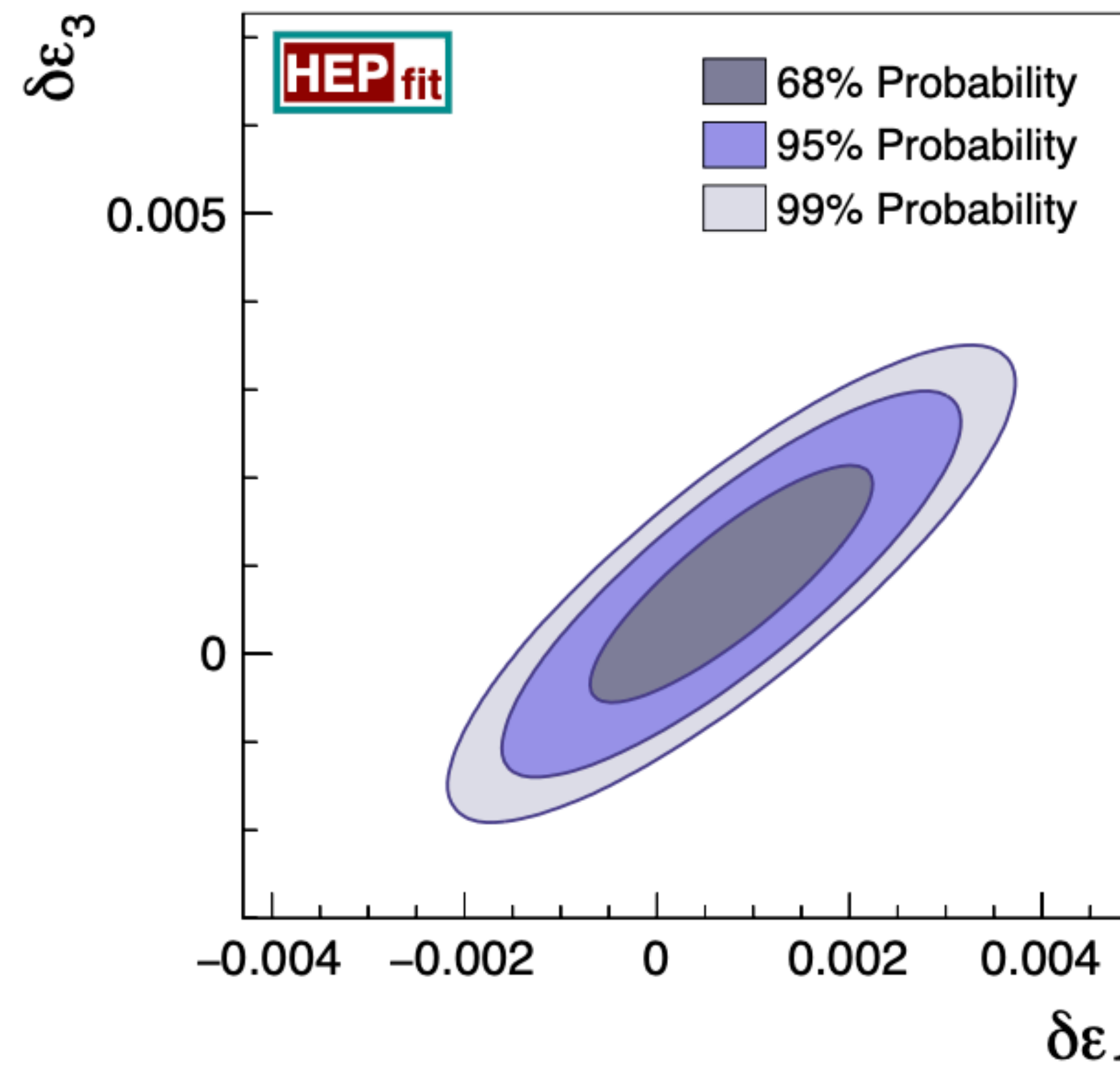
Altarelli, B, Caravaglios

La Thuile, April 1994



compared with $m_t = 174 \pm 10^{+13}_{-12} \text{ GeV}$ in the first CDF paper
that appeared in PRD in Sept 1994 (not statistically definitive)

The ϵ 's today



SM = (0,0)

De Blas et al, 2025

A difference in the two sectors of the SM?

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}^a F^{a\mu\nu} + i\bar{\Psi}\not{D}\Psi$$

The “gauge sector”

$$+|D_\mu\phi|^2 + M^2|\phi|^2 - \lambda|\phi|^4 + \Lambda + \lambda_{ij}\phi\bar{\Psi}_i\Psi_j$$

The “Higgs sector”

2. A different level of precision

(See specific models for precise comparisons)

EWPT

	Result
$\delta\epsilon_1$	0.0007 ± 0.0010
$\delta\epsilon_2$	-0.0002 ± 0.0008
$\delta\epsilon_3$	0.0007 ± 0.0009
$\delta\epsilon_b$	0.0004 ± 0.0013

E.g. $M_W = M_W^{SM} (1 + a_i \delta\epsilon_i)$

$a_i = O(1)$ known

De Blas et al, 2025

$\lesssim 1ppm$

Higgs couplings

	Result
κ_W	0.94 ± 0.10
κ_Z	1.03 ± 0.13
κ_ℓ	1.02 ± 0.15
κ_u	0.95 ± 0.13
κ_d	0.91 ± 0.22

Flavour

see below

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = \frac{m}{v} k_f \bar{f}_L H f_R \text{ etc}$$

$\gtrsim 10\%$

“Mid term” prospects in precision on BSM (Under current update)

De Blas et al, 2025

EWPT

Not expected to improve significantly
due to parametric uncertainties

$$\Delta\alpha_{had}(M_Z) \rightarrow \pm 3 \cdot 10^{-3}, \quad \alpha_S(M_Z) \rightarrow \pm 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$(FCC_{ee} : \Delta\alpha_{had}(M_Z) \rightarrow \pm 5 \cdot 10^{-5}, \quad \alpha_S(M_Z) \rightarrow \pm 2 \cdot 10^{-4})$$

(See also Drell-Yan and top quark observables)

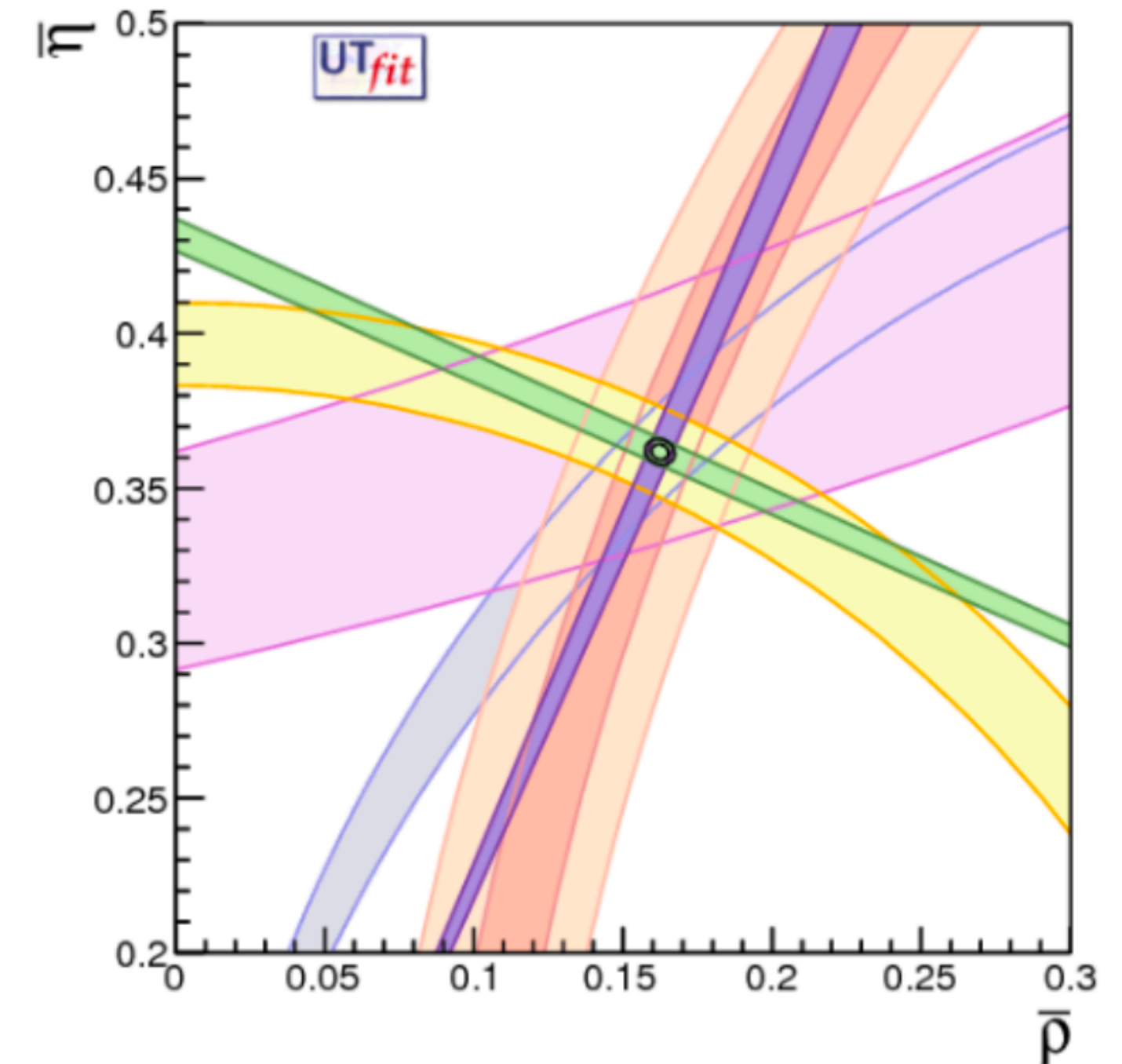
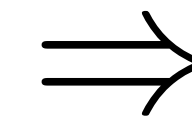
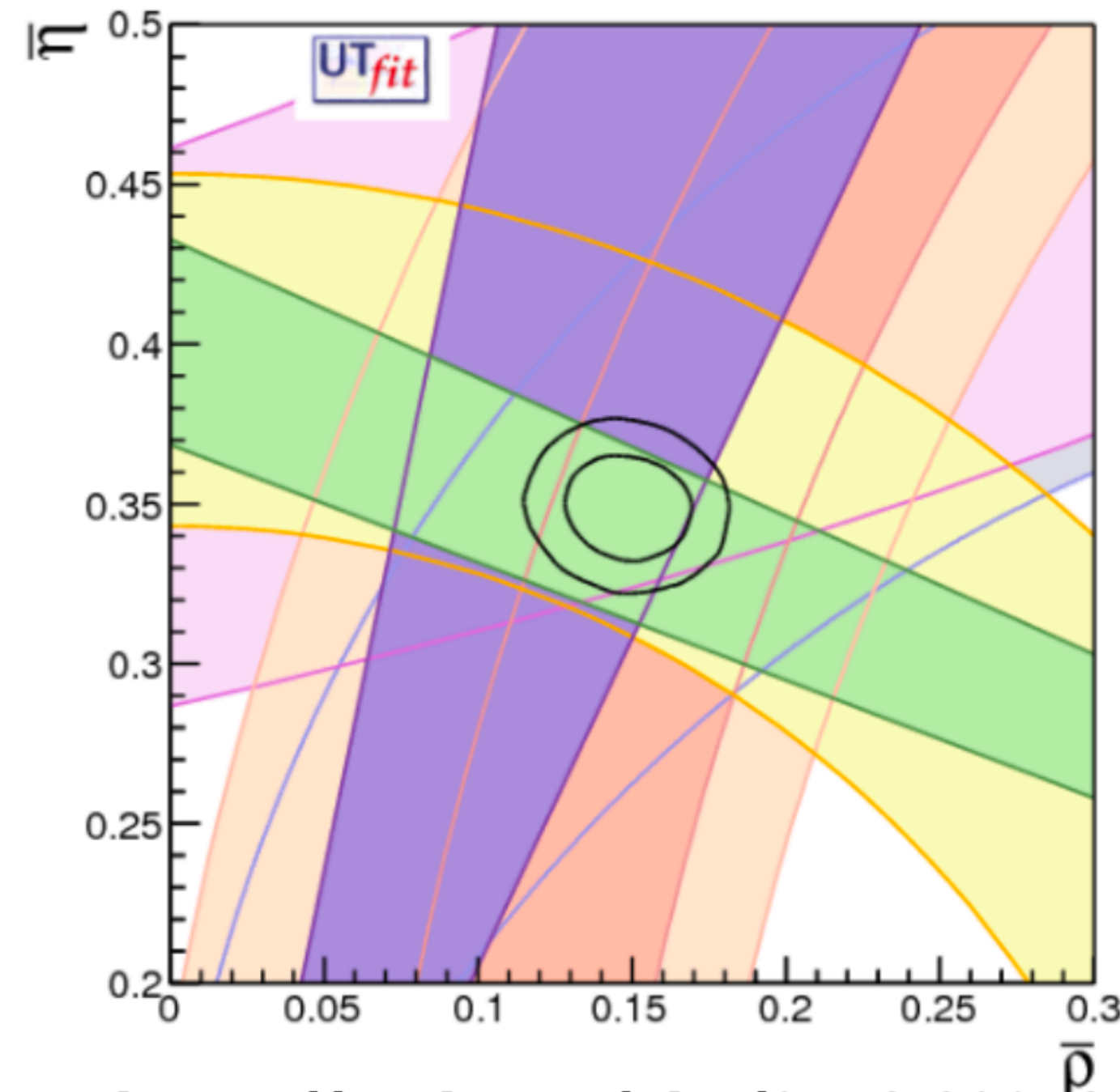
Higgs couplings

$\approx 10\%$		$(1 \div 2)\%$	$\approx \left(\frac{140 fb^{-1}}{3ab^{-1}}\right)^{1/2}$
$\Delta\kappa_V [\times 10^{-4}]$	190	83	
$\Delta\kappa_f [\times 10^{-4}]$	960	150	
$\Delta\kappa_W [\times 10^{-4}]$	510	120	
$\Delta\kappa_Z [\times 10^{-4}]$	1100	150	
$\Delta\kappa_f [\times 10^{-4}]$	1100	160	
$\Delta\kappa_V [\times 10^{-4}]$	210	120	
$\Delta\kappa_u [\times 10^{-4}]$	1200	170	
$\Delta\kappa_d [\times 10^{-4}]$	1400	230	
$\Delta\kappa_\ell [\times 10^{-4}]$	1300	270	

“Mid term” prospects in precision on BSM

Flavour

Unitarity triangle



A much too synthetic description!

A FlavourPT Table long awaited!

Conceivable progress in the “mid-term” of flavour

Input	Reference	Measurement	UTfit Prediction	Pull
$\sin 2\beta$	[22], UTfit	0.688(20)	0.736(28)	−1.4
γ	[22]	66.1(3.5)	64.9(1.4)	+0.29
α	UTfit	94.9(4.7)	92.2(1.6)	+0.6
$\varepsilon \cdot 10^3$	[38]	2.228(1)	2.00(15)	+1.56
$ V_{ud} $	UTfit	0.97433(19)	0.9738(11)	+0.03
$ V_{ub} \cdot 10^3 \bullet$	UTfit	3.77(24)	3.70(11)	+0.25
$ V_{ub} \cdot 10^3$ (excl)	[39]	3.74(17)		
$ V_{ub} \cdot 10^3$ (incl)	[22]	4.32(29)		
$ V_{cb} \cdot 10^3 \bullet$	UTfit	41.25(95)	42.22(51)	−0.59
$ V_{cb} \cdot 10^3$ (excl)	UTfit	39.44(63)		
$ V_{cb} \cdot 10^3$ (incl)	[40]	42.16(50)		
$ V_{ub} / V_{cb} $	[39]	0.0844(56)		
$\Delta M_d \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}$	[38]	0.5065(19)	0.519(23)	−0.49
$\Delta M_s \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}$	[38]	17.741(20)	17.94(69)	−0.30
$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) \times 10^9$	[38]	3.41(29)	3.47(14)	−0.14
$\text{BR}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu) \times 10^4$	[38]	1.06(19)	0.869(47)	+0.96
$\text{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon) \times 10^4$	[38]	16.6(3.3)	15.2(4.7)	+0.27
$(q/p _D - 1) \times 10^2$		0.05(2.50)	0.8(4.0)	−0, 15
$BR(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu\nu)10^6$		23(7)	5.58(37)	+2.5
$BR(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\nu)10^{11}$		10.6(4.0)	9.31(76)	+0, 3
R_D		0.344(26)	0.298(4)	+1.7
R_{D^*}		0.285(12)	0.254(5)	+2.3

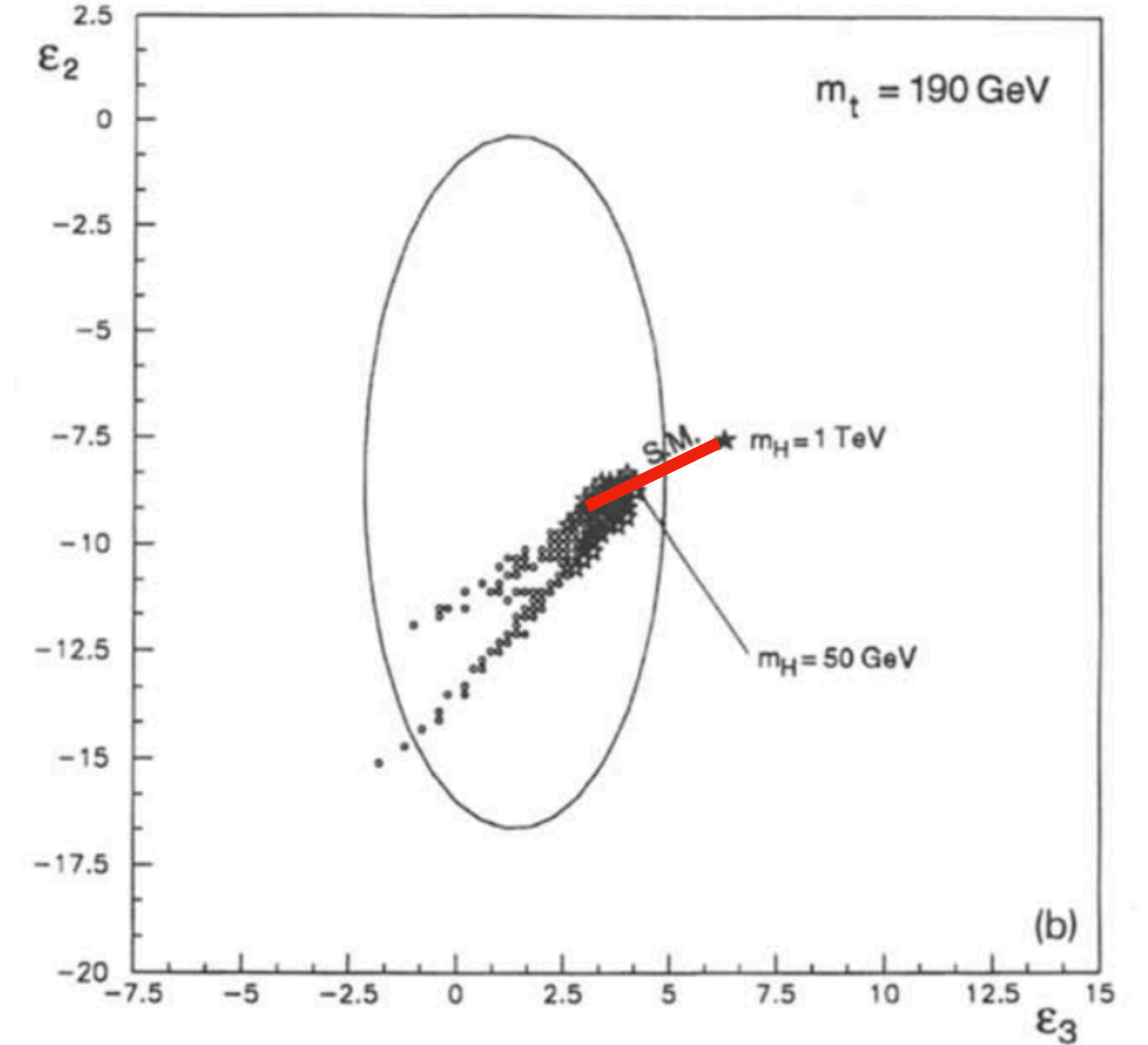
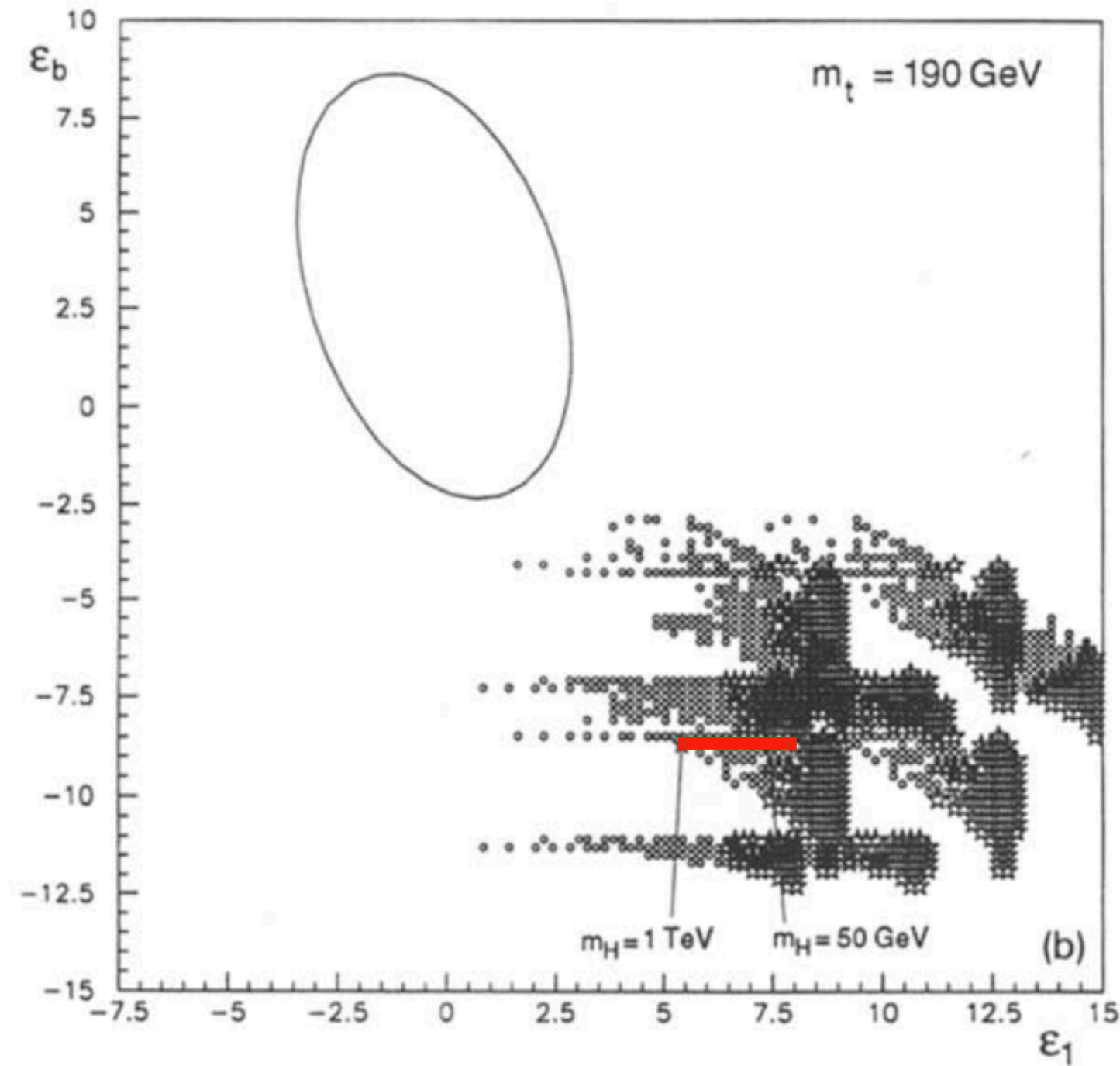
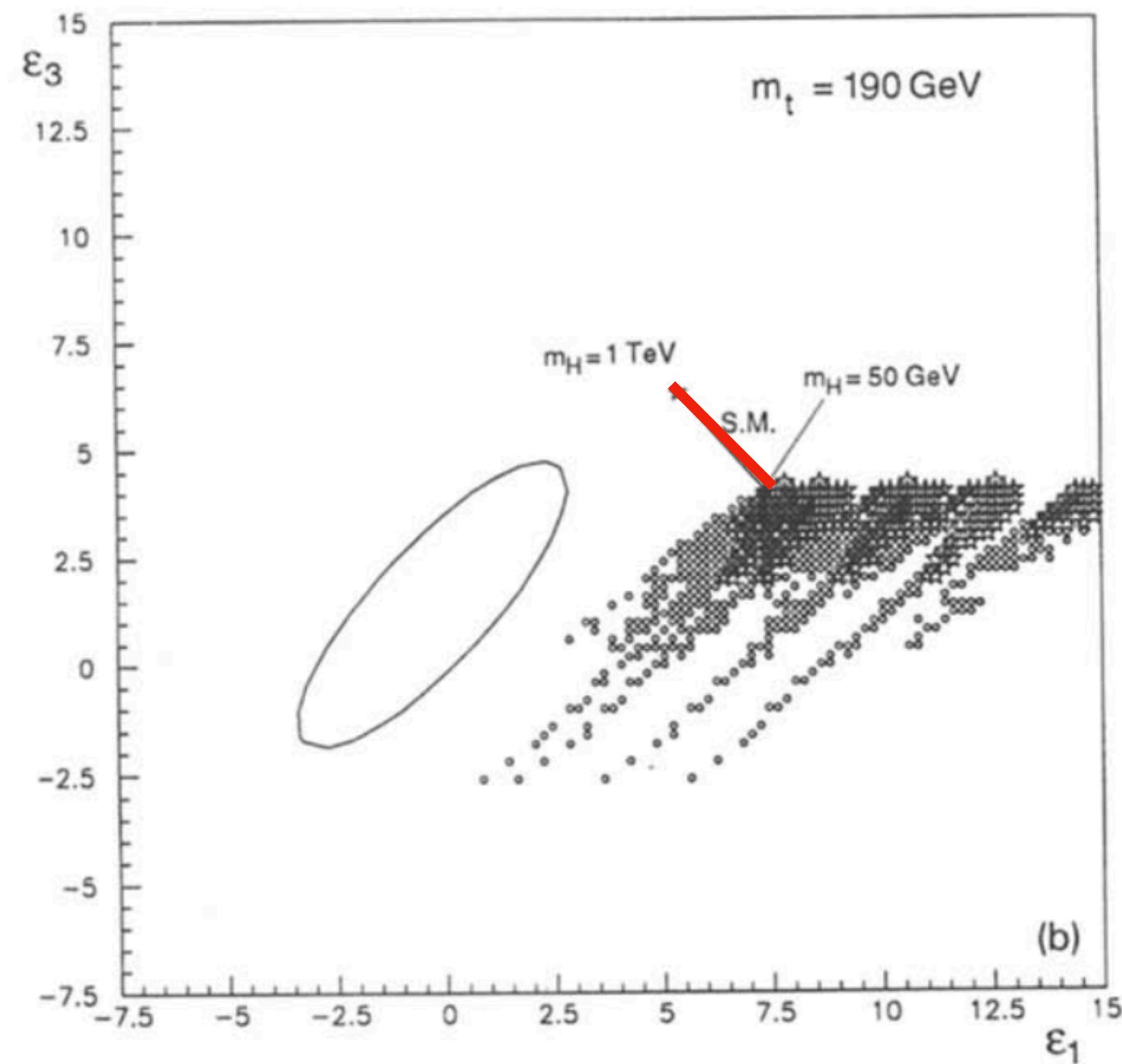
current	mid-term
4%th/exp	0.6%
5%exp	0.8%
5%exp	0.4%
8%th	
0.1%th	
8%exp/th	1%
2%exp/th	0.5%
5%th/exp	2%
4%th	1.5%
9%exp	4%
20%exp	4%
30%th	
100%th*	30%*
35%exp	10%
40%exp	20%
8%exp	3%
4%exp	2%

with strong correlations!

(No EDM’s, $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$, etc.)

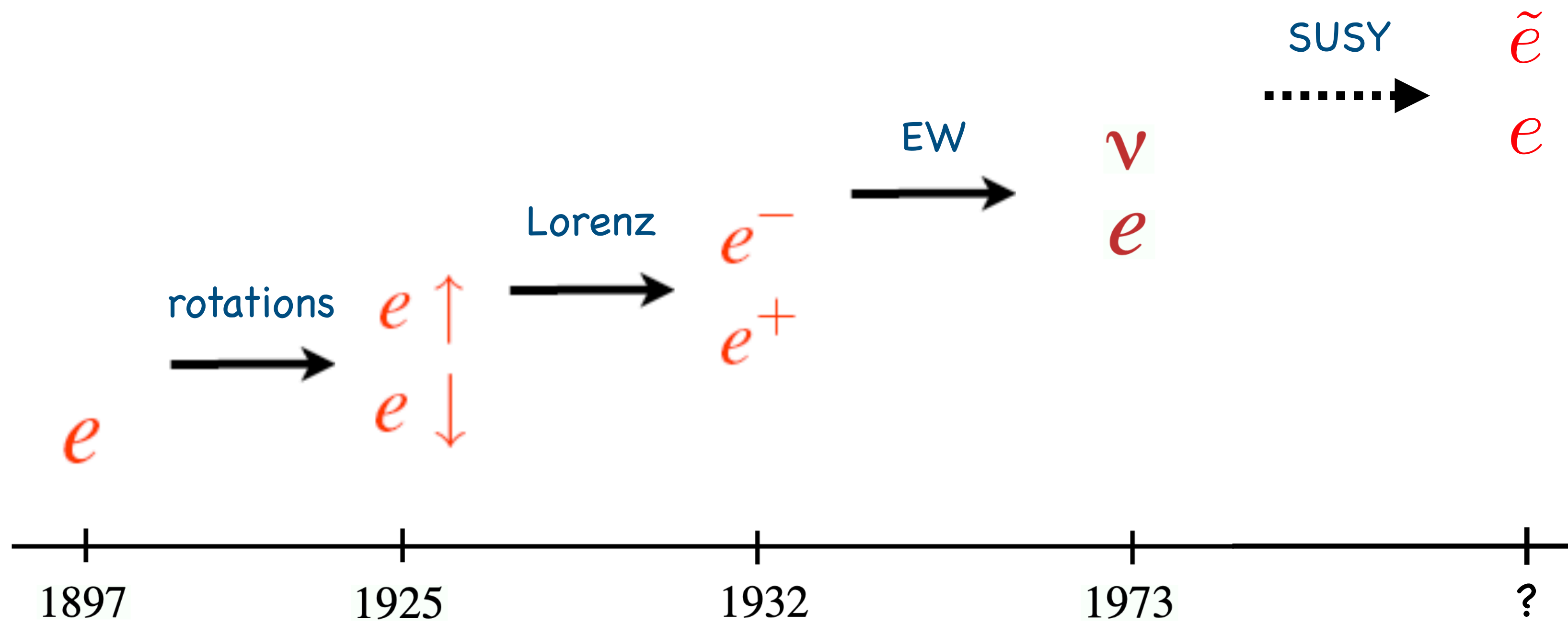
An early fit to the LEP EWPT, using the ϵ variables (1983)

(in units of 10^{-3})



SUSY with $m_\chi = 50 \div 100 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{\tilde{t}} = 150 \div 200 \text{ GeV}$

Altarelli, B, Caravaglios



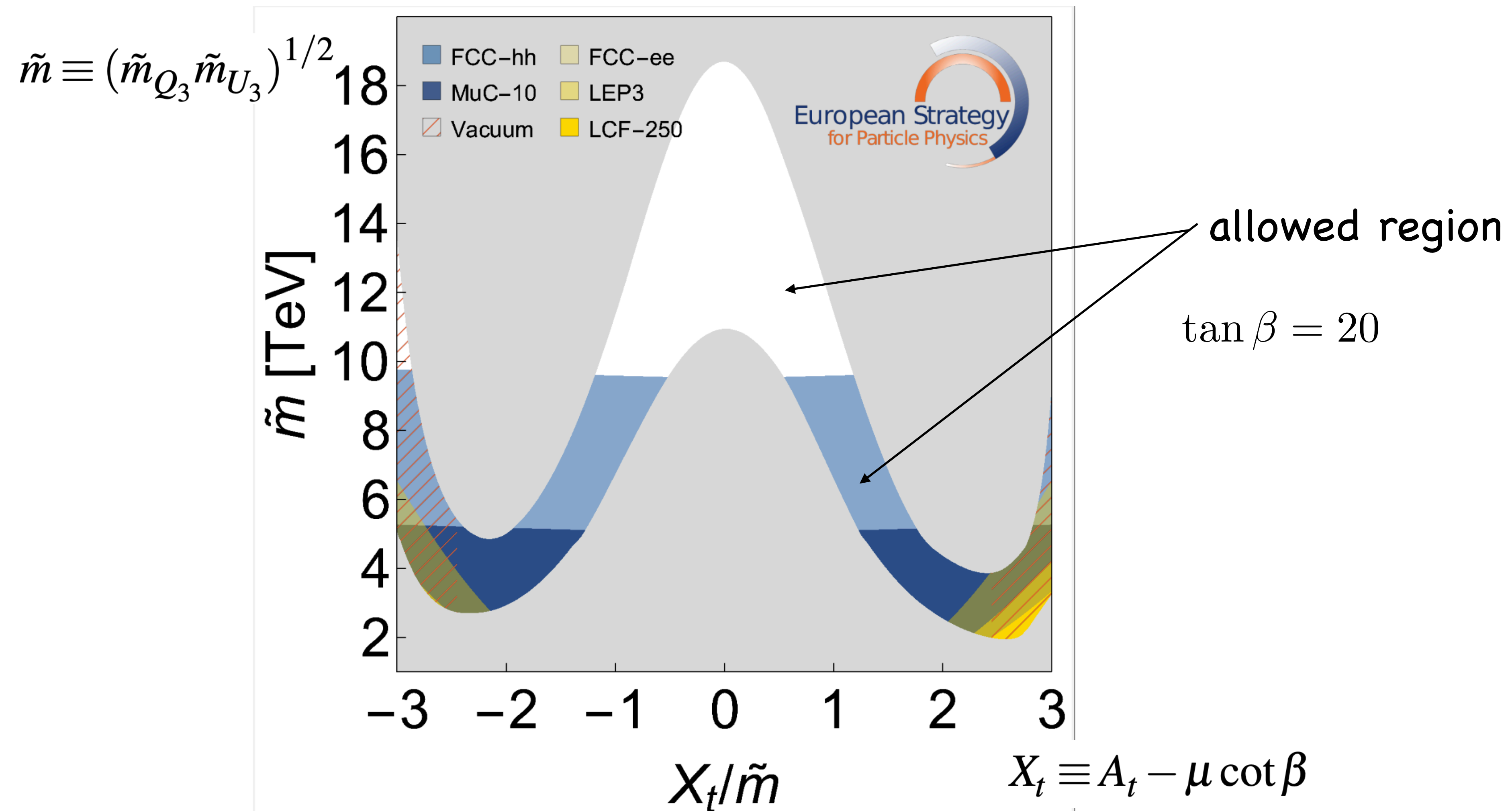
A suspended conclusion on supersymmetry

– Indirect evidences for SUSY (Beyond “Naturalness”)

1. A source for a negative curvature of $V(H)$
 2. LSP a candidate for DM
 3. Gauge coupling unification
- (None of which giving a “strong” upper bound on s-particle masses)

The strongest upper bound from $m_H = 125\text{GeV}$

$$m_H^2 = m_Z^2 \cos(2\beta) + \frac{3}{4\pi^2} \frac{m_t^4}{v^2} \left(\log \frac{\tilde{m}^2}{m_t^2} + \frac{X_t^2}{\tilde{m}^2} \left(1 - \frac{X_t^2}{12\tilde{m}^2} \right) \right)$$



A suspended conclusion on supersymmetry

– Indirect evidences for SUSY (Beyond “Naturalness”)

1. A source for a negative curvature of $V(H)$
2. LSP a candidate for DM
3. Gauge coupling unification

(None of which giving a “strong” upper bound on s-particle masses)

– Two pending questions for SUSY

1. What about the cosmological constant? In 1998 $\Lambda_{cc} \approx 10^{-3} eV$
(as anticipated by Weinberg)
In EFT the Λ_{cc} and the δm_H problems apparently related

2. No fundamental scalar particle in nature? (Dirac, Wilson,...)

A statement that would exclude SUSY as relevant in nature

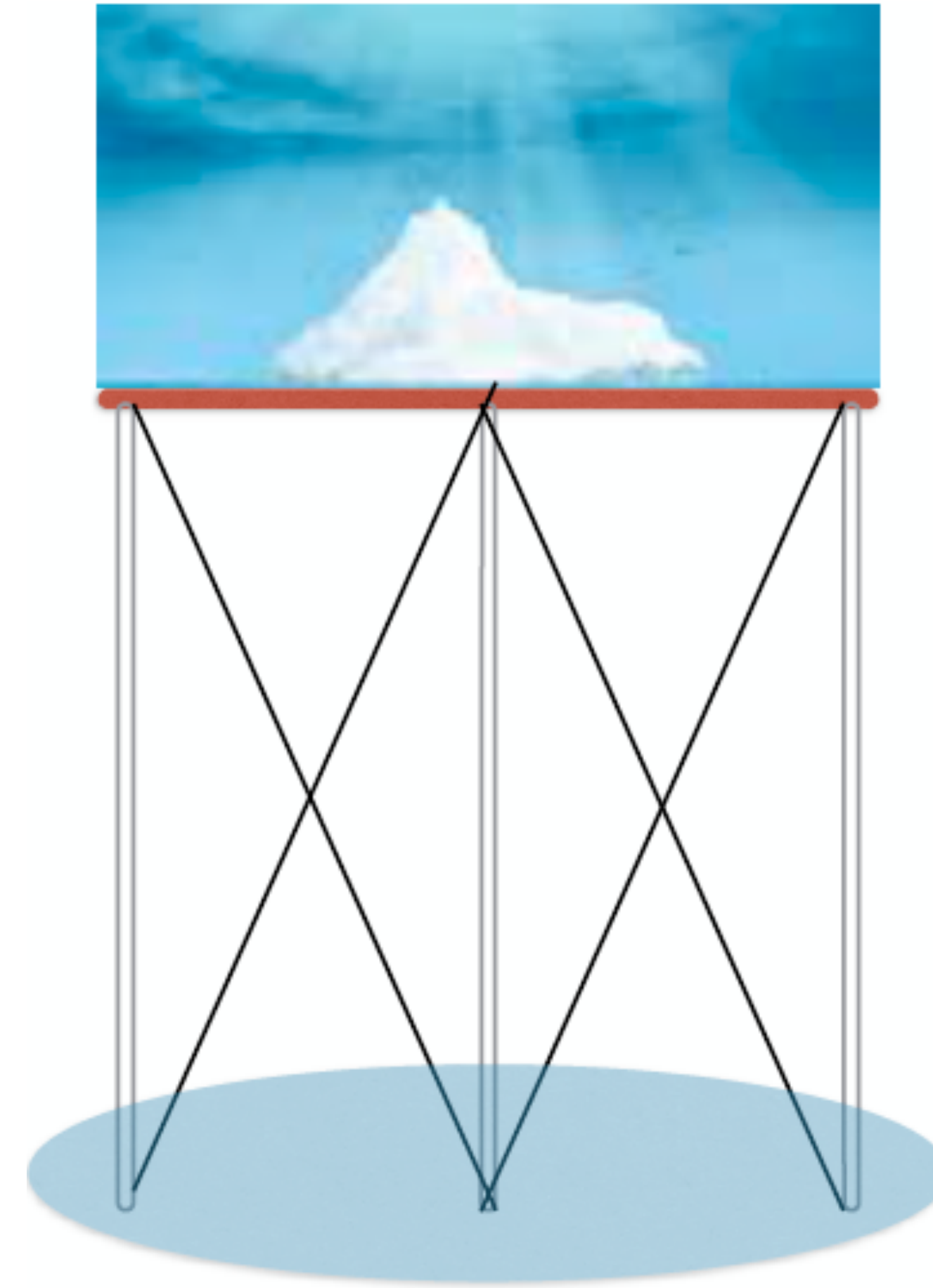
Still today: To test the nature of the Higgs boson is a main open task of PP

The SM as an emerging iceberg



What there is under the water?

BSM in the multi TeV region...



... or the SM extended up to $E \gg \text{TeV}$ s?

Where would Guido stand?

Guido was a wise man
who had a strong influence
on particle physics at large
and in particular at CERN and in Italy

A kind of “older brother” for me,
in spite of having about the same age