

Tech-FPA National PhD Program

2nd Year Admission Presentation

Candidate: Marco Toffano (XL cycle - Electronics)
Supervisors: M. Bellato, J. P. Zendri

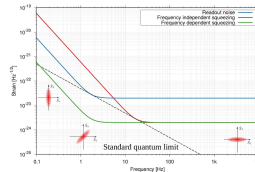
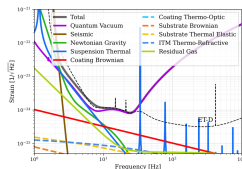
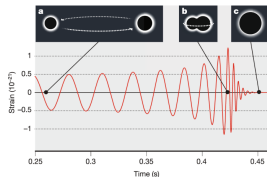
Tuesday, September 16th, 2025



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI PADOVA



Interactions of massive celestial objects cause ripples in spacetime, travelling at c . VIRGO, as well as LIGO and future ET, all rely on precise timing of the various actuators across detector for *active noise compensation*, allowing accurate measurement of the resulting spatial displacement here on Earth's surface.



Detection of low-frequency events is challenging due to several disturbing factors: seismic, newtonian, thermal and *quantum vacuum* (shot & radiation pressure).

↔ Ultimate sensitivity is enhanced by injecting *squeezed light* in the interferometer dark port... However, **strict requirements** apply:

Angular jitter of the squeezing ellipse $< 10 \text{ mrad}_{\text{RMS}}$ ($1\text{Hz} \div 100 \text{ kHz}$)

- ◇ Met by locking in frequency & phase the various lasers employed for SQZ light generation. Practically, this is done with highly-pure DDS-based RF sources operating @ different frequencies (4 MHz, 80 MHz, 1.26 GHz, etc.)

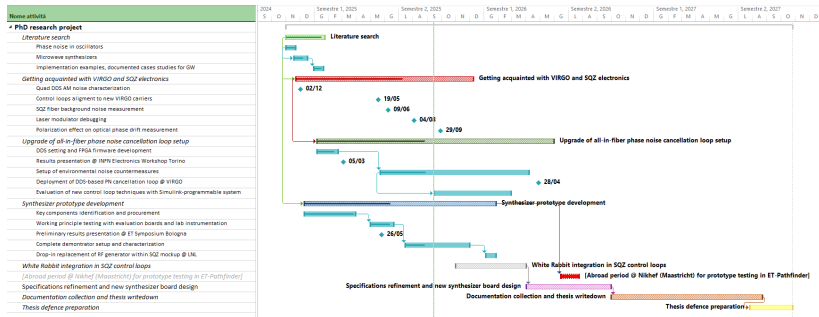
Integrated commercial solutions present high-end characteristics in terms of spectral purity within the frequency range typical of the world of telecommunications....

- 1 Design a custom frequency synthesizer with state-of-the-art phase noise performance suited for VIRGO
- 2 Prearrange external modulation capabilities for integration with VIRGO carrier stabilization loops
- 3 Grasp requirements for new ET electronics, which are yet to be defined
- 4 Practice measurements and characterization methods to validate synthesizer performance in situ
- 5 Observe the influence of environmental factors typical of the detector and develop strategies to rule it out as much as possible

More specifically, the aim is to understand whether, starting from an hypothetically “noisy” reference signal that also directly provides synchronization for the synthesizer, the quality of the programmed output tone is still compliant with the target detector sensitivity

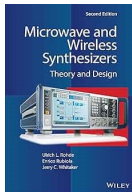
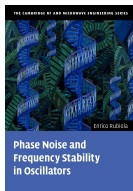
→ Currently, the most likely candidate for synchronization in ET is White Rabbit, which is already in use at CERN & has been partially tested also at VIRGO

Overall research activities planning



[N.B: Higly simplified Gantt chart - just to get a work outline...]

First and fundamental step - literature review on the topic:

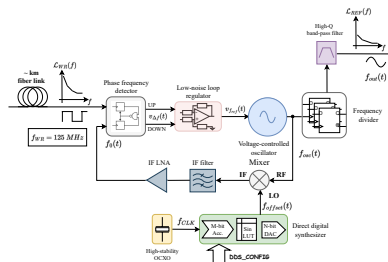


UNDERSTANDING PHASE NOISE
MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES



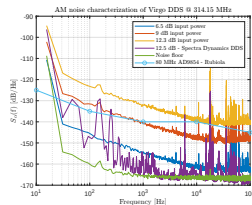
Architecture definition & procurement of components and evaluation boards:

- integrated low-noise VCO, mixer, IF filter & LNA
- high-performance DDS
- digital FPD & frequency divider
- ultra-stable OCXO (PCB-mount version still underway)
- resonant-cavity filter (built @ INFN mechanical workshop)



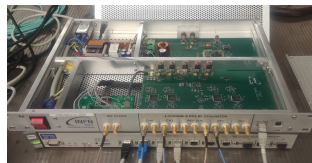
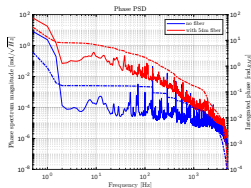
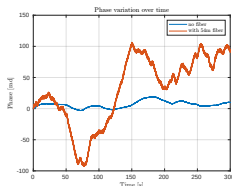
Hands-on with current RF carriers generation system developed at INFN Padova:

- amplitude noise characterization
- extra filtering of phase truncation spurs
- analysis of applied circuit techniques for low noise
- exact measure of Wenzel OCXO reference phase noise with cross-correlation analyzer



In-situ measurement of optical loops small-signal transfer function with VNA:

- with & without thermalization $\Rightarrow$ temperature gradient effect
- monitoring residual phase drift with increasing SQZ-ITF fiber length (ascribed to polarization shift, but to verify)

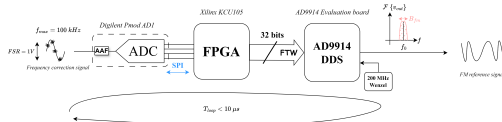


[logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=66951]

Electro-optical setup for *all-in-fiber noise cancellation loop* requires an analog RF generator with external frequency modulation command



Evaluating substitution with DDS and associated control logic



- Modulator latency cut by 5 times: increased noise rejection bandwidth
- Limitation of this setup: $df \approx 8$ Hz in typical application ($k_{FM} = 10$ kHz/V)

Due to ADC resolution (12 bits), not DDS minimum frequency granularity: if the modulating signal is directly provided digitally, the lower limit $f_{clk}/2^{n_{acc}}$ can be exploited!

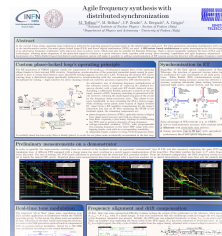
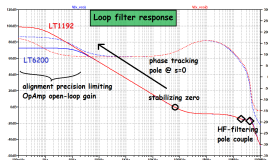


A versatile, almost-continuous modulation capability is **essential** for the final synthesizer realization → high-performance 16-bit DAC with user-selectable DSP functions selected as local oscillator for the translation loop demo

Upcoming activities for 2nd year



- Extensive testing, debugging, fine-tuning and benchmarking of current prototype



- Setup of hardware-in-the-loop real-time PC & FPGA monitoring/control module for squeezing lab @ LNL

- Integration of variable-gain LNA for optical AM noise compensation
- Development of a wideband balanced homodyne receiver for squeezing setup
↪ transimpedance input stage now under test

Under discussion: Abroad period @ Nikhef in Maastricht for prototype electronics evaluation at *ET Pathfinder* facility

Within educational offer:

- Design of readout integrated circuits for particle detectors [**2.5 CFU**]
↪ Exam passed: discussion on low power radhard ASIC design techniques
- Cabling and shielding for low noise applications [**1.25 CFU**] → Attended
- Microelectronics for radiation detectors II [**3 CFU**] → Exam planned
- Advanced FPGA design and management techniques [**2.5 CFU**] → Ongoing

Other specific training courses:

- Time and frequency metrology & instrumentation (prof. Rubiola - CNRS)
- Microwave Engineering 101 by Interlligent (provided by INFN Padova)

Transversal skills courses:

- Scientific Publication (prof. Rubiola - CNRS)
- Introduction to Academic English (prof. Leone/Crestani - CLA UniPD)

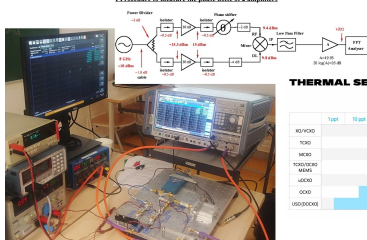
Planned courses for next year:

- Embedded Design with FPGA (prof. Stanco/Vogrig/Triossi)
↪ borrowed from PhD school in Information Engineering

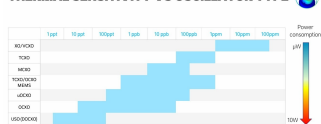
Schools

- EFTS: European Time and Frequency Seminar (Jun 30 - Jul 4)

1 Procedure to measure the phase noise of 2 amplifiers



THERMAL SENSITIVITY VS OSCILLATOR TYPE



[Taken from N. Vorobyev (CNEIS) slides]

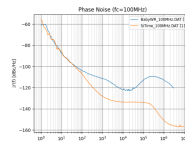
- Advanced course to FPGA programming by ICSC (Oct 27-29)

Workshops

- 14th White Rabbit Workshop (Jun 25-26)
- First Virgo Detector Workshop (Sep 29-30)



[Taken from K. Asteriou (Nikhef) slides]



WR timing signals originate from the WR reference clock in a noisy digital FPGA

Scientific collaborations: joined VIRGO and Einstein Telescope experiments

Publication on IEEE Tra. Nuc. Sci:

Contributed to

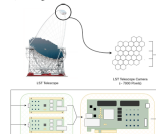
- Simulation of the analog front-end including parasitics
- Reliability analysis
- RMS jitter characterization

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FPGA-Based RoCEv2-RDMA Readout Electronics for the CTAO-LST Advanced Camera

F. Marini, M. Bellato, A. Bergnoli, D. Corti, A. Griggio, R. Isocrate, L. Modenesi, **M. Toffano**, C. Arcaro, F. Di Piero, M. Mariconi, M. Mi, P. Wang

Abstract—CTAO's (Cherenkov Telescope Array Observatory) largest telescopes type, the LST (Large-Sized Telescope), are being installed at the northern site of the Cherenkov Telescope Array (CTA) at the Observatorio del Roque de los Muchachos on the Canary Island of La Palma. Their aim is to capture the lowest-energy gamma rays of the observatory. The hereby proposed readout electronics architecture, serving as a proof-of-concept for its advanced camera upgrade, relies on a custom high-channel count fast sampling hardware digitizer board acting as a Front-End. The design includes a versatile pre-amplification stage and high-speed serial links for streaming JESD204C-compliant data at rates approaching 12 Gb/s per lane. The data get transferred to back-end electronics for a first data-processing and trigger before being transmitted to event-building servers through 10 Gb/s Ethernet links. The performance of the link is exploited by implementing RDMA communication in hardware, thanks to a RoCEv2 core written in Bluespec SystemVerilog, enabling the possibility of transfer data directly to processing units without CPU intervention. Hardware design and characterization of the



Planned conference contributions in the 2nd year:

- 7th International workshop on new photon-detectors (Dec 3-5)
↪ abstract submitted
- Gravitational Waves and Detection Technologies – PAS Rome Meeting (Mar 16-17, 2026) → refining abstract for submission
- 25th IEEE Real Time Conference (May 25-29, 2026)

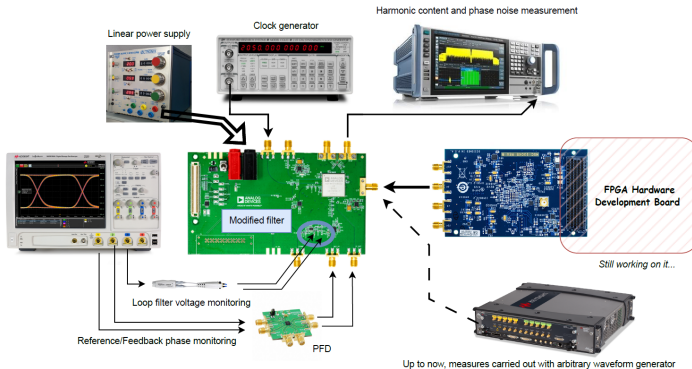
Thanks for your attention!

Any questions?



Backup slides

Test setup



All-in-fiber PN cancellation loop

