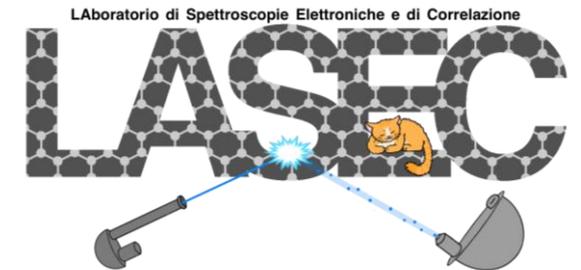


Punto della situazione sulla idrogenazione del grafene

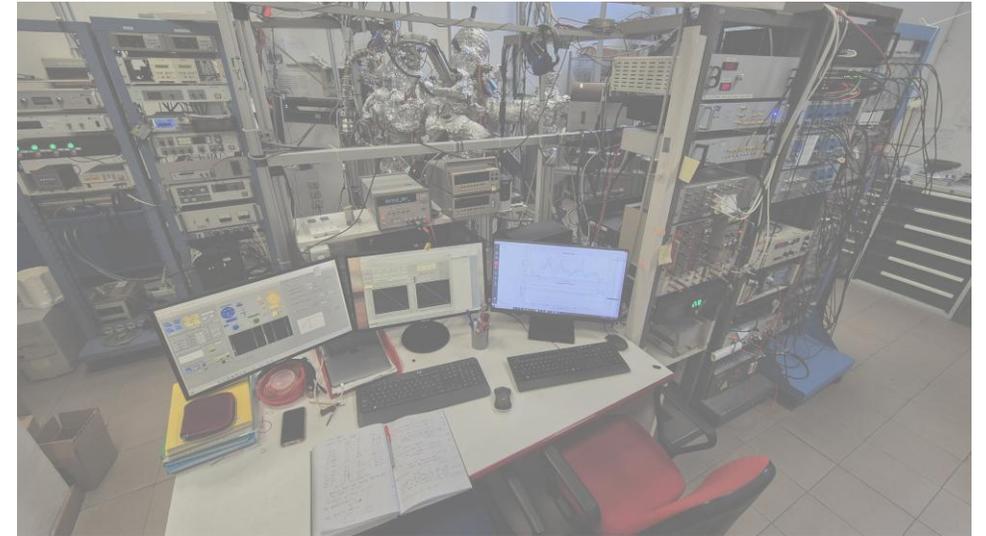
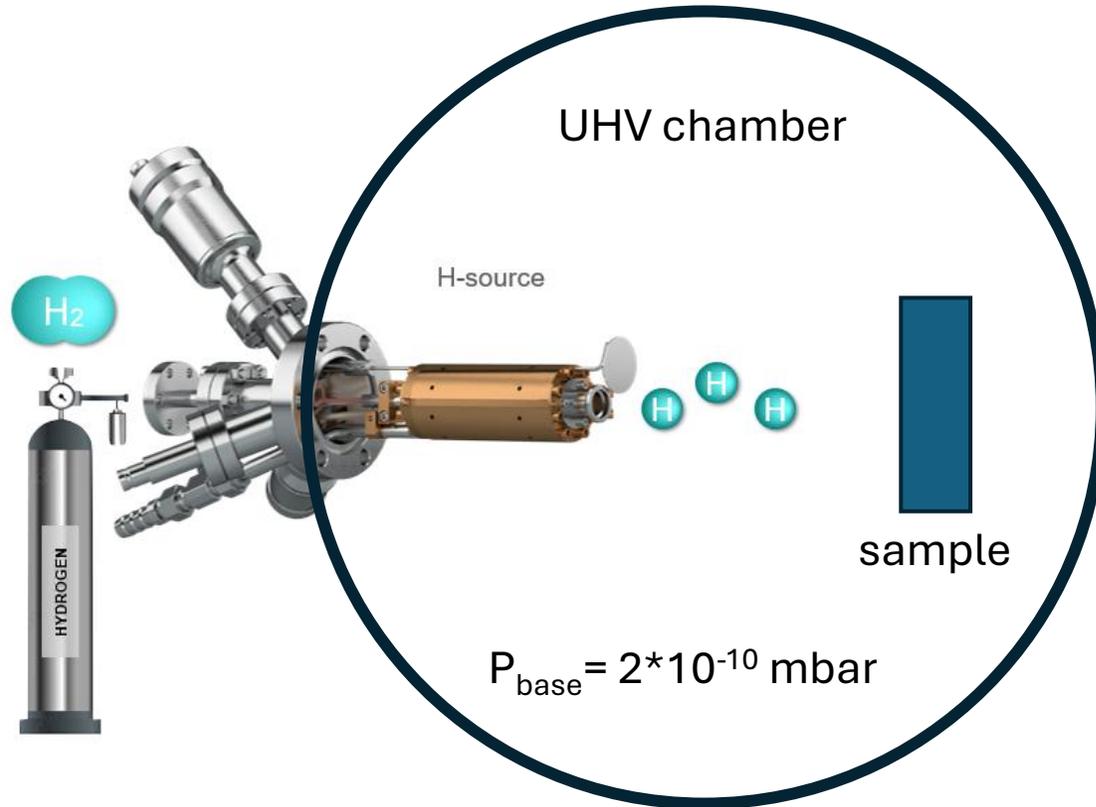
Alessandro Ruocco

Università e INFN Roma TRE

Ptolemy incontro con i referee 25.07.25

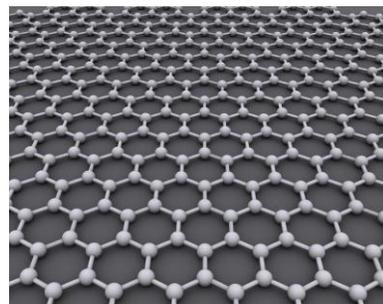
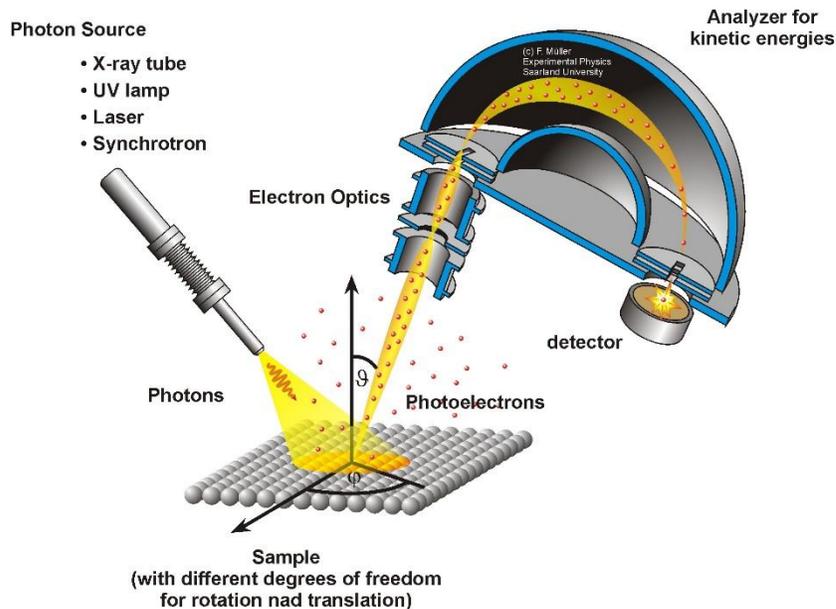


Come idrogeniamo il campione

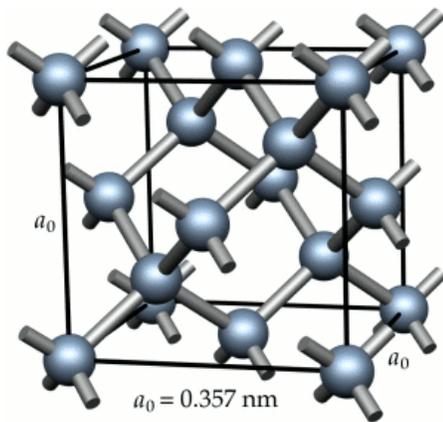
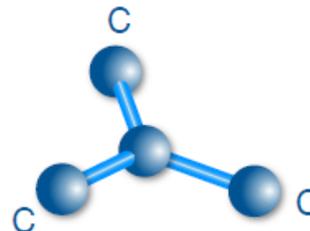


Come determiniamo l'uptake di idrogeno

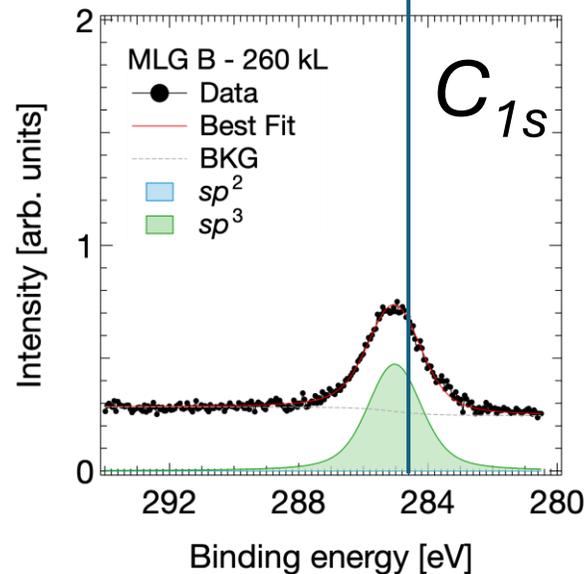
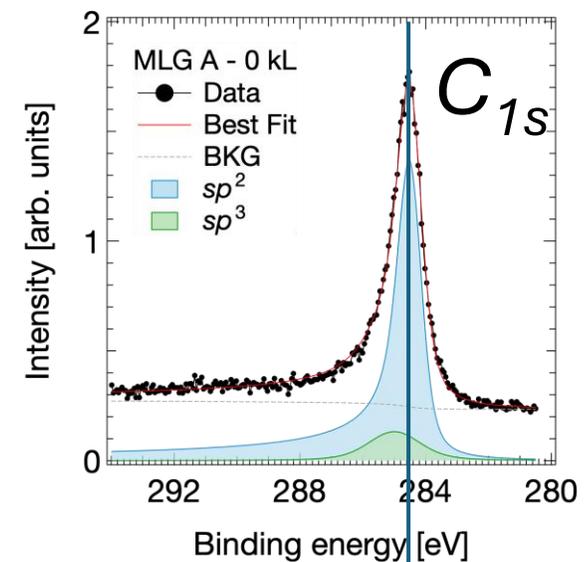
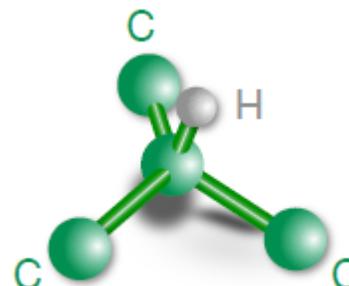
Fotoemissione dai livelli di core (XPS)



sp^2



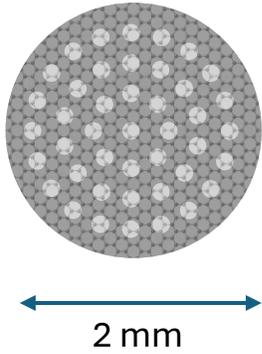
sp^3



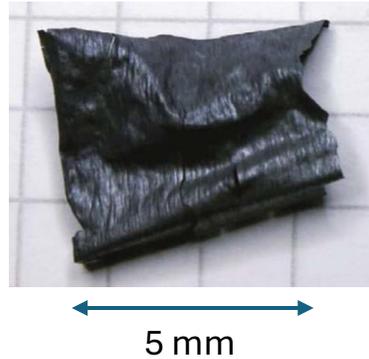
Idrogenazione di nanostrutture a base carbonio

Materiali

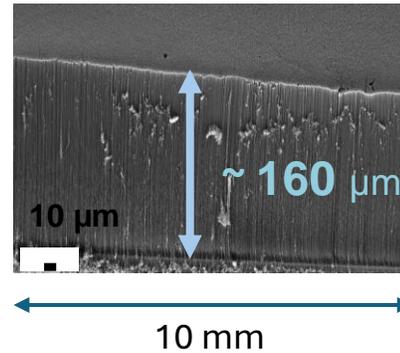
Graphene on TEM grid



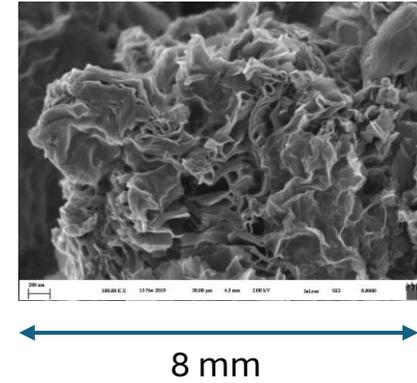
Nano Porous Graphene (NPG)



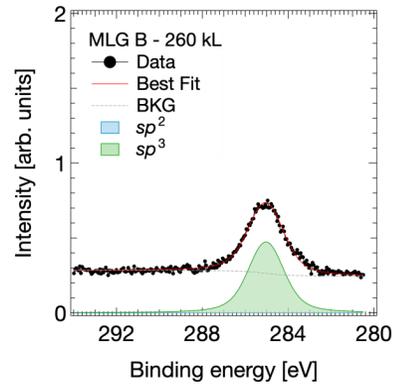
Carbon Nano Tube (CNT)



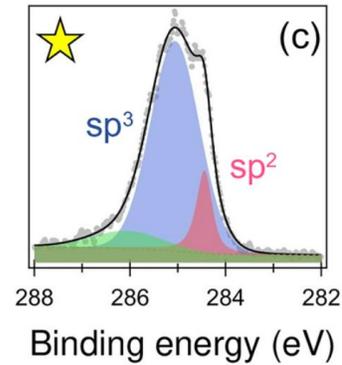
Reduced graphene oxide (rGO)



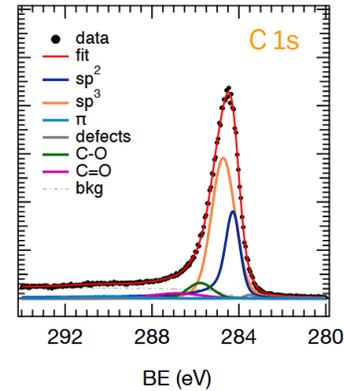
Idrogenazione



Apponi et al. In preparation



Betti, M.G. et al., Nano Letters (2022),
10.1021/acs.nanolett.2c00162

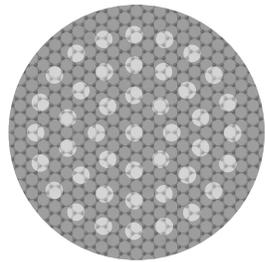


✿ $\text{sp}^3/(\text{sp}^2+\text{sp}^3) \approx 100\%$ ✿ $\text{sp}^3/(\text{sp}^2+\text{sp}^3) \approx 90\%$

✿ $\text{sp}^3/(\text{sp}^2+\text{sp}^3) \approx 67\%$

Come aumentare la quantità di idrogeno immagazzinato

H: Graphene on TEM grid



2 mm

Corrisponde circa a $\pi \text{ mm}^2$
e quindi a 1 ng di Trizio

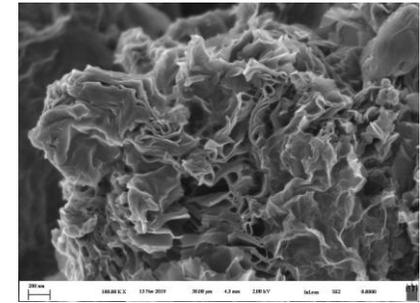
Obiettivo 1 μg di Trizio
ovvero aumentare di un
fattore 1000 la quantità

Come realizzare questo obiettivo

- Aumentare semplicemente di un fattore 1000 il numero di griglie
- Aumentare la superficie di circa un fattore 20 e «impilare 50 strati di grafene» (corrispondono ad uno spessore di materiale equivalente inferiore a 20 nm)

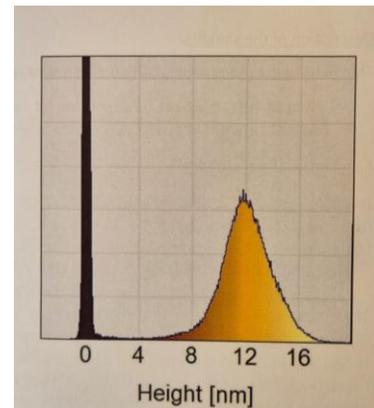
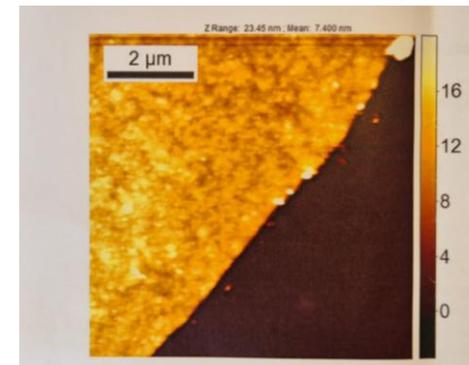


H: Reduced graphene oxide (rGO)



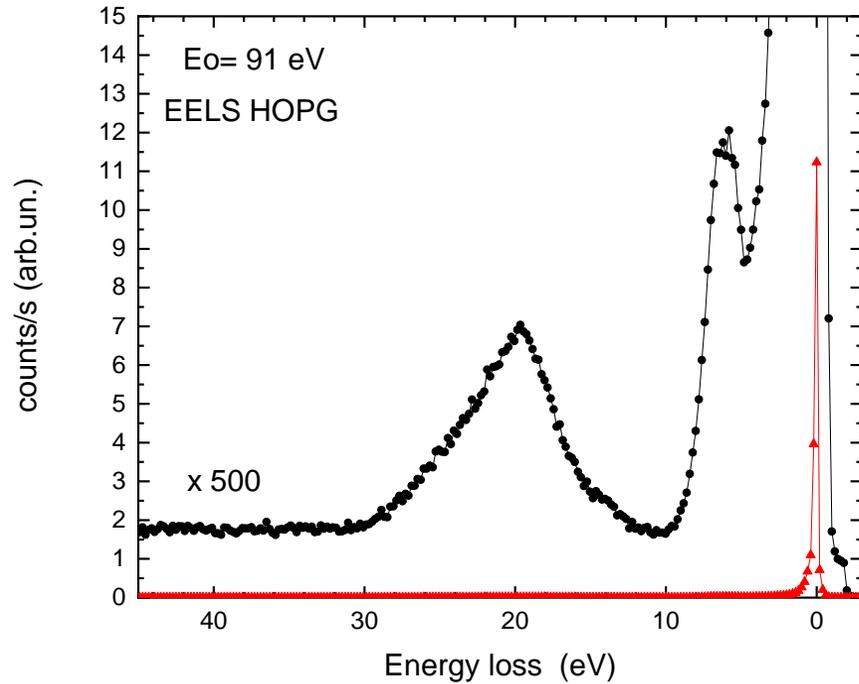
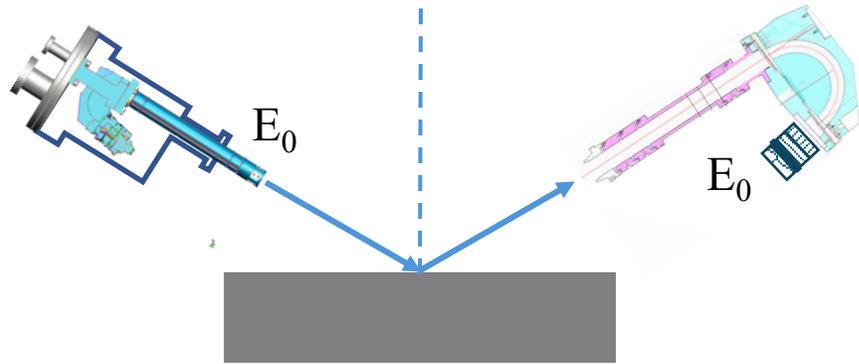
8 mm

Corrisponde circa a 60 mm^2

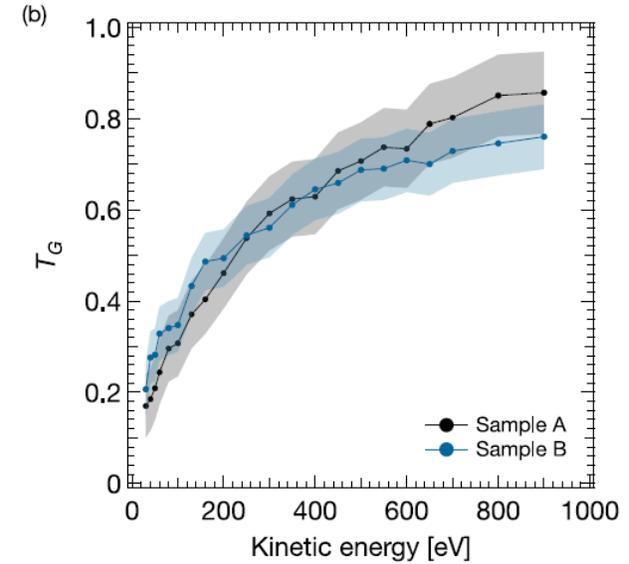


Backscattering e attenuazione non sono un problema

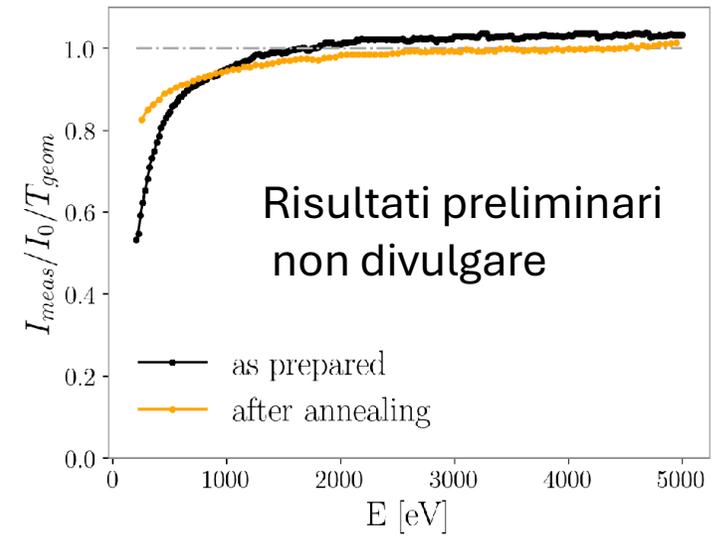
Electron (back-)scattering



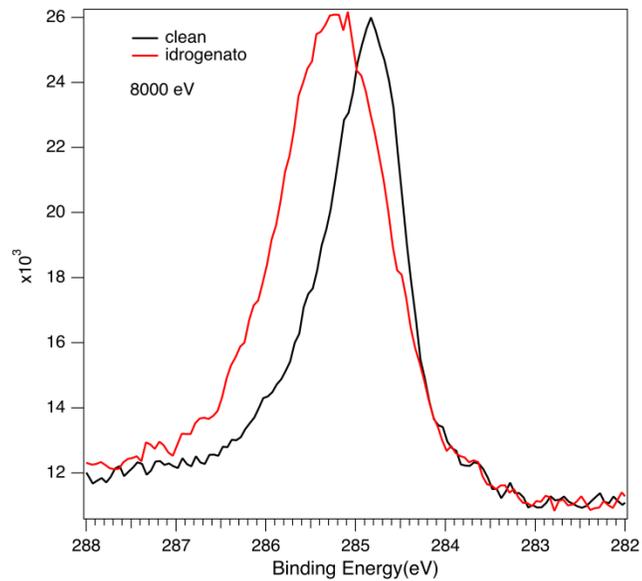
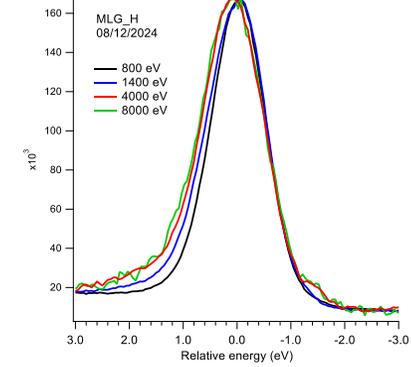
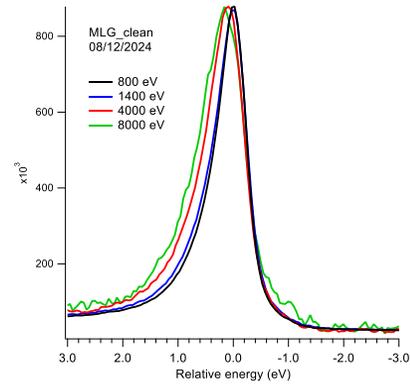
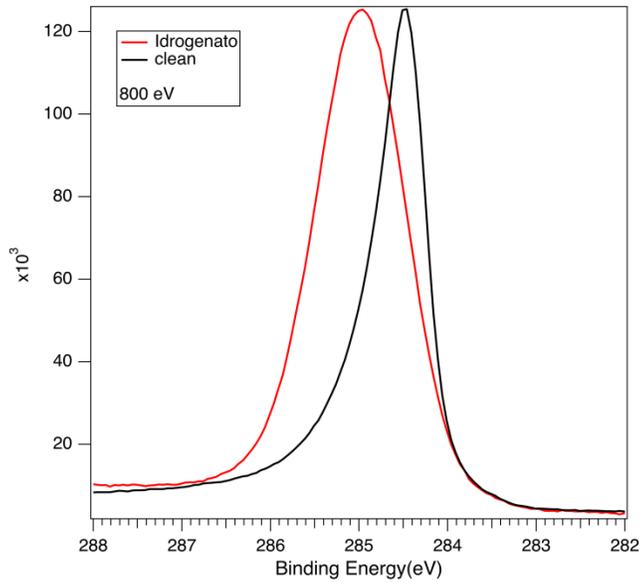
Trasmissione di e^- attraverso grafene



A. Apponi et. al Carbon 216 (2024) 118502,
B. DOI:10.1016/j.carbon.2023.118502

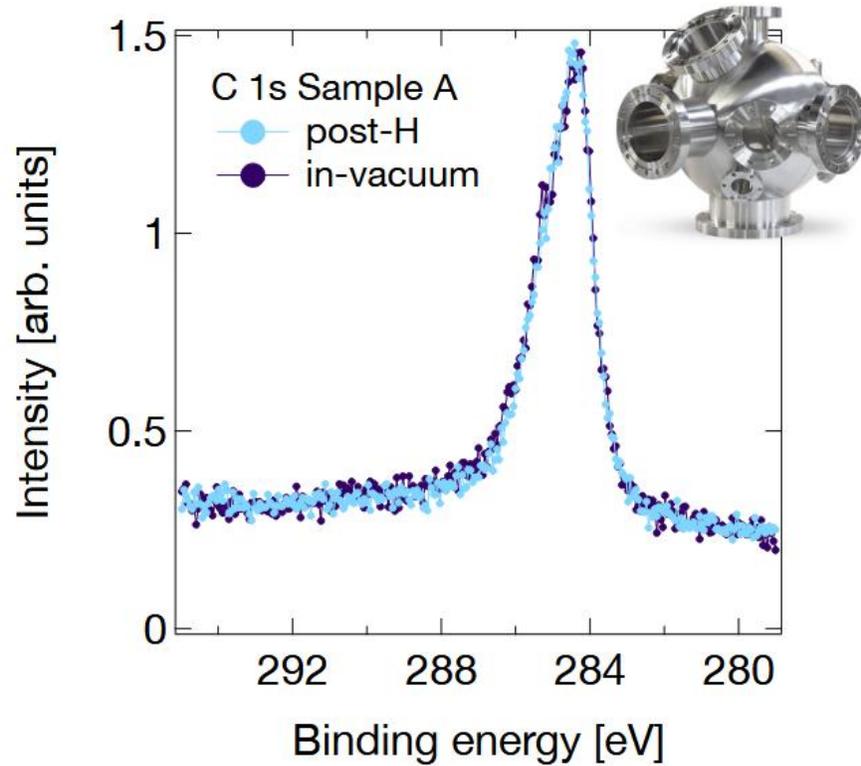


Misure di fotoemissione ad alta energia (max $h\nu=8$ keV)



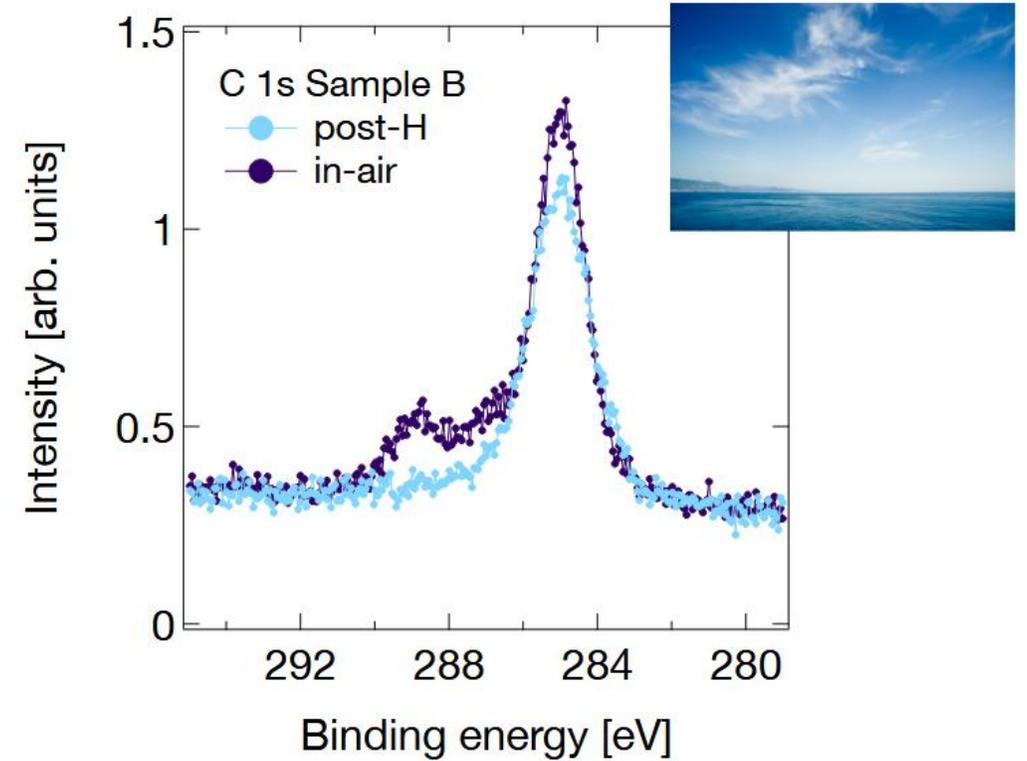
Risultati preliminari – non divulgare

Stabilità del grafene idrogenato in UHV



Sample A:

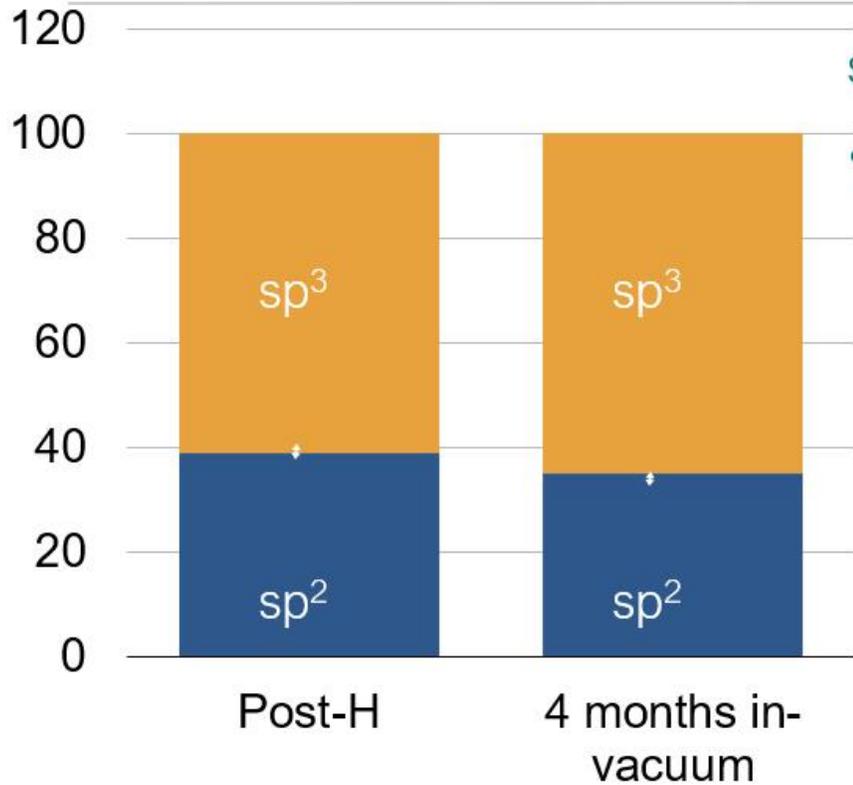
- ❖ 4 months in ultra-high vacuum (10^{-10} mbar)
- ❖ Almost unchanged



Sample B:

- ❖ 11 months in air
- ❖ Significant oxidation

Stabilità del grafene idrogenato in UHV



$\sim 10^{-10}$ mbar!

4 months

