



# An attempt of including MSD-based Z-id in GSI2021 data reconstruction

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### Introduction

 At the last Collaboration meeting in Riccione, we reported the attempt of multi-α tracking of GSI2021 (<sup>16</sup>O fragmentation at 400 MeV/u, C target) using straight line reconstruction requiring only VTX + TW

https://agenda.infn.it/event/45978/contributions/265009/attachments/135935/20393 1/GB\_AlphaGSI21exp.pdf

 Here we present the attempt of including MSD and make use of their energy loss response to improved Z-id

## Summary from collaboration meeting - 1

### Data reconstruction:

- Straight Line Reconstruction. Options:
  - EnableBMVTmatch yes
  - MSD no
  - Minimum 4 points
- No sensible results obtained with GenFit (higher multiplicity events too much penalized)

#### Event and track selection:

- Pile-up rejection (only 1 pulse in Start Counter Acq. time window)
- Selection on x-y position of primary beam at z=0
- Track acceptance criteria: 1 TW point
- 1 BM track ⊗ ≥2 accepted tracks/event
- For each accepted track: selection on the matching between BM track and Global Track on the x-y plane at z=0.

## Summary from collaboration meeting - 2



#### **Final statistics:**

Processed Events: 3306798 Rejected Events: 1175816 (35.6%) Events with 0 Tracks: 745337 (22.5%) Total no. of Global Tracks: 2521223 (1.82 track/event) Tracks with 1 TW point: 2105796 (83.5%) Tracks accepted after matching with BM target: 1401234 (66.5%) Remaining tracks after N<sub>track</sub>≥2 selection: 29644 (1.2%), of which Z=2 Tracks: 18487 (62.3% of accept. tracks)

## Summary from collaboration meeting - 3: comparison with reconstructed MC

#### Reconstructed Z vs True Z



This matrix is essentially diagonal, but the sample of Z=2 tracks has a contamination of Z=1 of the order of ~6.5%

It is unclear if we can trust this prediction: at present we are not including in MC the inefficiency of VT for Z=1 particles

## Summary from collaboration meeting - 4: conclusions

- There are still a lot of uncertainties that cannot be simply solved without additional information. For instance, the reliability of Z reconstruction and the amount of Z=1 contamination
- <u>MSD had to be taken away from reconstruction, for the time being. They could be very helpful in this situation</u>
- For this reason, we have tried to have a new reconstruction, <u>now including MSD</u>
- To this purpose, Y.D. reviewed and corrected Straight Line Reconstruction, in order to fix some bugs and to make it behave consistently with GenFit reconstruction in terms of MSD points and Get methods
- Reconstruction was performed using the same requirements for event and track selection. The only difference was to set back MSD in FootGlobal.par. The minimum no. of points/tracks of 4 was maintained

### Energy loss in MSD and Z-id

Following what was presented at the Napoli Coll. Meeting by R. Zarrella, we have used energy loss in MSD to identify Z

As a preliminary attempt we consider the median Energy loss in MSD, here plotted as a function of ToF measured by TW

The different Z are immediately separable



## Comparison with MC (same reconstruction and selection)



#### Z=1 in exp. data are completely cut out. A threshold effect?

## Rough (preliminary!) Z selection in MSD



*Curve lines in the 2-dim plot would be of course a cleaner way to do the job...* 















## One case $(Z_{TW}=3)$ seen in projection



Z<sub>TW</sub> vs Z<sub>MSD</sub>



## Attempt to select $Z_{TW} = Z_{MSD} = 2$ for $\Delta \theta$ analysis



### Some preliminary conclusion

- As far as GSI2021 data are concerned, the energy loss in MSD seems already to be working as additional Z-id tool, even if pedestals etc are not yet fixed
- Z=1 is not visible in MSD exp data
- There are strong similarities between MC and exp. data as far as average values are concerned
- However, there are instead important difference: MC seems dirtier than data, except than the Z=2 case, where is the opposite
- All this is of course, still preliminary. Many things are yet to be understood