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Exploiting two-proton transfer reactions for probing shape coexistence

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The regions of the nuclear chart displaying a rapid change of the collectivity with respect to the proton or neutron number, are of a particular interest for testing nuclear models [1]. Such kind of behaviour has been noticed along the iron isotopic chain as moving from the stable towards the $N=50$ shell closure. Theoretical calculations performed with the LNPS interaction which was developed to study the Fe isotopes predicts an island of inversion around the $N=40$ with strong quadrupole correlations in Fe for $N \geq 30$ [2]. Similar conclusions were drawn also by the shell model employing pairing and multipole interaction [3]. Therefore Fe isotopes with $N \geq 28$ are a good testing ground for rapid shape evolution from a spherical to a well deformed region close to $N=40$.

Two proton transfer reactions employing ^{14}C and ^{18}O beams have been used in the past for performing spectroscopy of several elements such as: ^{34}Si , ^{44}Ti , ^{62}Fe , ^{68}Ni [4-6].

We aim to use a ^{18}O beam with 63 MeV on a target of ^{64}Ni to populate excited states in ^{62}Fe and perform lifetime measurements via RDDS/DSAM techniques employing the AGATA array coupled to the Sauron silicon detector. Based on Fresco calculations the cross section for the 0_2^+ and 2_2^+ states in ^{62}Fe are peaked at the forward angles [7]. Lifetime measurements of the 0_2^+ and 2_2^+ states could be used to benchmark the structure of ^{62}Fe nucleus and could help to predict features at more neutron rich isotopes, towards the $N=40$ island of inversion.

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