KLOE-2: status of computing and analysis



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 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$

on behalf of the KLOE-2 collaboration



LNF Scientific Committee meeting Frascati, 14 May 2025

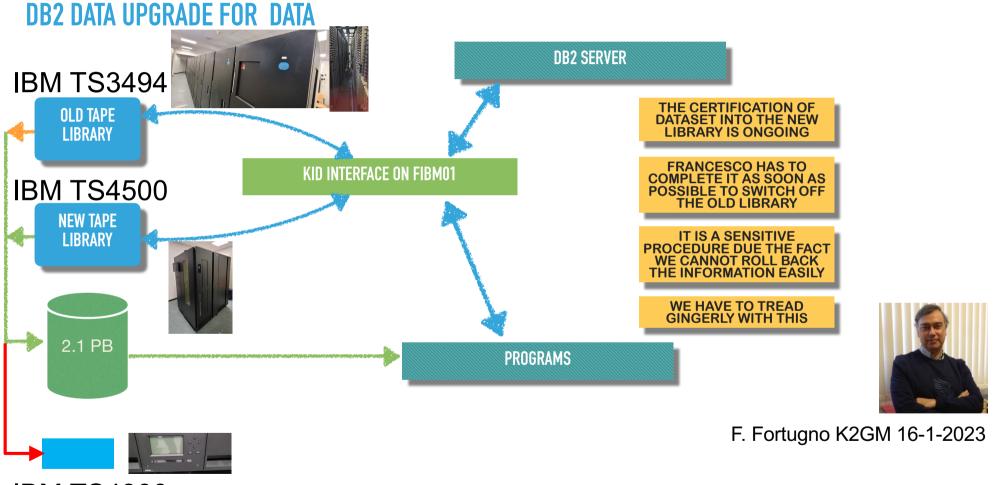
KLOE computing



KLOE Computing center:

KLOE GENERAL MEETING

general architecture after the last update in 2023



IBM TS4300 small DLT tape library for disaster recovery backup

Status of offline activities



KLOE-2 Data Reconstruction

- Second round of Data reconstruction DBV-40 => completed
- Total integrated luminosity $L = 5.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

KLOE-2 MC production

- Simulation of the main $\phi(1020)$ decays with Luminosity Scale Factor =1 => completed
- Total integrated luminosity L = 4.7 fb⁻¹ **KLOE-2** ROOT output production
- Compression factor (ratio Datarec/ROOT) ~ 8 depending on run conditions
- KLOE-2 Data and MC => completed

KLOE-2 data backup copy

- ROOT output Data and MC (270 TB) => completed
- raw data (2016-2018) on DLT unit (~1.6 PB) => ~70%
- raw data (2014-2015) on newTL TS4500 (~1 PB) => ~89%

KLOE ROOT output production

- KLOE Data and MC (L = 2.5 fb⁻¹) => ~30% **KLOE** data backup copy
- raw data (120 TB) => completed at CNAF

~89% on newTL TS4500 (second backup)

- dst reconstructed data+MC (650 TB) => ~32% on newTL TS4500
- ROOT output Data and MC (O(100 TB))=> ~30%



2000

1000

- 5000

a 4500

3500

3000

2500 2000

1500

1000

300

200

400

500

600

Day

Status of computing (I) - 2024



- ...to make a long story short:
- In 2023 and 2024 some failures in the computing center had a strong impact on our activities.
 - Subsequent temperature alarms caused failure of controlled shutdown => breaking of some disks of the working area used by several analysis groups, some user data lost!
 - Repeated malfunctions of the OLD tape library TS3493 (faulty interlocks, problems with robotic arms, oil leakage) prevented the completion of data migration from OLD to NEW tape library (TS4500), data backup operations, and the continuation of analyses on KLOE data
- Since May 2024 due to the impairing illness of G. Fortugno:
 - the KLOE computing center is running mostly unattended (a dedicated post-doc position from LNF director, not filled yet) => setup of an emergency plan.
 - Setup of an external disk buffer (650 TB) at LNF computing center for fast back-up purposes non trivial communication protocol
 - Back-up of all files of KLOE computing disk buffers to the external LNF disk buffer
- Many thanks to: F. Sborzacchi, LNF computing service, S. Angius, R. Orrù, D. Spigone, M. Tota. We are grateful to M. Pistoni, LNF directors F. Bossi and P. Gianotti, head of research division A. Antonelli and M. Palutan, the CNAF director and staff L. dell'Agnello, D. Cesini, and C. Pellegrino, to the LNF technical division.

Lorenzo Cotrozzi (Liverpool) in charge as KLOE-2 computing trainee and contact person among IBM, LNF computing experts, and F. Sborzacchi. Continuative mission at LNF from December 2024 to February 2025.



several interventions required

System	Status at the end of 2024	What was done	Status today
Old tape library TS3494	Broken	IBM repaired mechanical parts; configured to work with only one robot arm for both logical partitions (A and B)	We can retrieve files on partition A through TSM, Blocked again and repaired on 22/4/2025
DB2 Database	Not accessible	Replaced KDB0A network card	Dumped in /kbackup/DB2 Running
FIBM0A	mirror boot disk broken	Intervention of a specialized company – disk replaced	Repaired on 29/4/2025 Running
FIBM0B	Not powering on	power supplies and voltage regulators replaced; intervention of a specialized company	Boot from disk and CD problems; intervention in progress
FIBM01	Not powering on	Intervention of a specialized company – PS and fans replaced	Repaired on 29/4/2025 Running
New tape library TS4500	Maintenance required	Replaced exhausted cleaning cartridges; replaced dead drive	General status: working Faulty power supply, repaired on 06/5/2025
DLT TL TS4300	Not powering on	power supplies replaced	repaired on 06/5/2025



SHORT

Strategy: allow people to continue doing analysis in the immediate future => crucial for the KLOE-2 collaboration

- restore OLD TL TS3494 minimum functionality => done (partition A)
- retrieve file from OLD TL (dst reconstructed data+MC) => in progress (114 downloaded out of 1112 cartridges - download rate 6-8 GB/min => ~2 months for all DSTs)
- complete KLOE ROOT output production => in progress
- expand KLOE-LNF buffer disk => disk array order in progress
- start transfer root files from LNF buffer to CNAF for analysis at CNAF => in progress (transfer rate 50-180 MB/s => 1-2 months for all ROOT files)
- run a refined KLOE data reconstruction from raw data for $\pi\pi\gamma$ analysis (see Zaid's presentation)

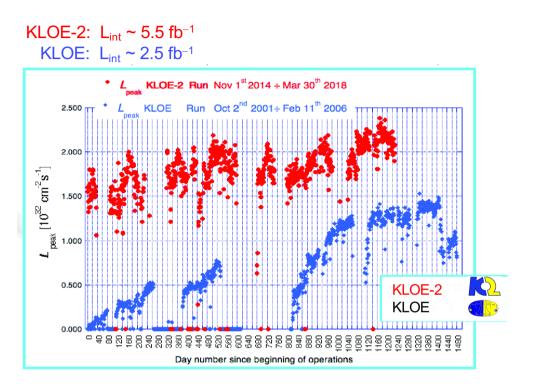
MEDIUM/LONG

Strategy: full migration to CNAF and continue there the analysis activity (agreed and supported by CSN1)

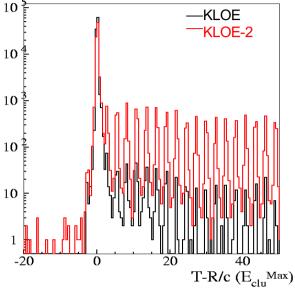
- continue transferring KLOE and KLOE-2 root files to CNAF for analysis
- complete transfer of all files (including raw) to CNAF
- migration of KLOE soft on linux => under study/test
- complete back-up copies
- move NEW TL TS4500 and all cartridges at CNAF or in another facility => feas. under study

KLOE and KLOE-2 at DAΦNE





background conditions



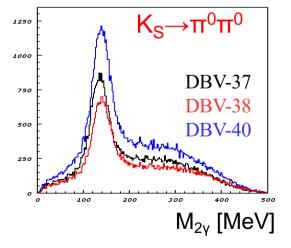
improved event T0 algorithm, improved rejection of machine bck and Bhabha scat. events

event size: KLOE ~2 kB KLOE-2 ~5 kB + 3 kB (new detectors)

KLOE + KLOE-2 data sample:

- ~ 8 fb⁻¹ \Rightarrow 2.4 \times 10¹⁰ ϕ 's produced
- ~ 8 x10⁹ K_SK_L pairs
- ~ 3 x10⁸ η's
- ⇒ the largest sample ever collected at the $\phi(1020)$ peak in e⁺e⁻ collisions





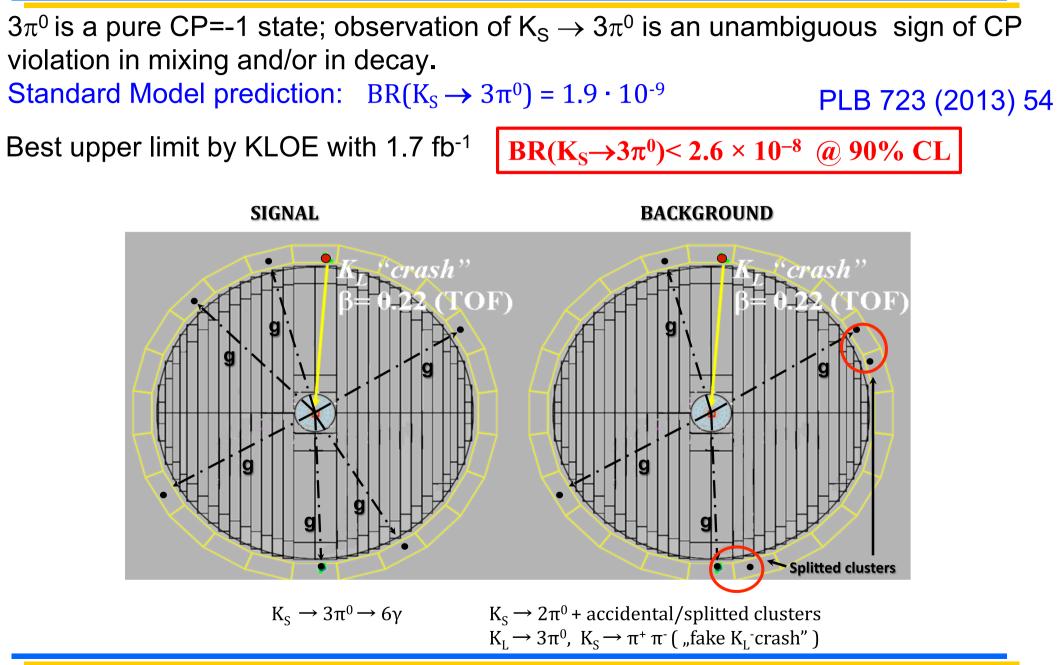




Last Publications				
Direct tests of T, CP, CPT symmetries in transitions of neutra mesons with the KLOE experimen	al K	Physics Letters B 845 (2023) 138164		
Measurement of the $K_S \rightarrow \pi ev$ branching fraction with the KLOE experiment		JHEP 02 (2023) 098		
Ongoing analyses				
$K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ (CP viol.)	KLO	E-2 data		
"Back from the future" effect in $K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$		KLOE data		
Direct CP violation ε'/ε		KLOE+KLOE-2 data – 1 PhD + 1 Master thesis		
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ - χPT golden mode		KLOE data		
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega \gamma_{\rm ISR}$		KLOE data – PhD Thesis		
$e^+e^- ightarrow \pi^+\pi^- \gamma_{ m ISR}$	KLO	E data		
$\gamma\gamma o \pi^0$	KLO	E-2 data		
B-boson search in $\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma, \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$		KLOE data		
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta \mu^+ \mu^-$		KLOE data		

Search for the CP violating $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ decay





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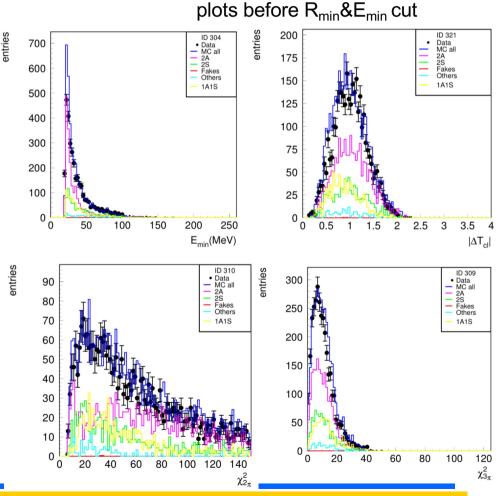
Search for the CP violating $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ decay

- Analyzed data: full KLOE-2 data set
- ✤ <u>MC simulations:</u>

All_phys - full KLOE-2 data set, LSF=1

- Preselection with the following requirements:
- $\circ~$ K_L-crash: E>150 MeV, 0.20< β < 0.225
- prompt photons: E_{cl} > 20 MeV; |cos θ_{cl}|
 ≤0.915
 and | ΔT_{cl}| ≤ Min(3.0·σ_T(E_{cl}),2 ns)
- ★ K_S →2π⁰ (4 prompt photons) used for normalization
- ★ Main background source: $K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ with two additional clusters (shower splitting/accidentals)
- Selection criteria hardened to face the larger machine background

- Track VetoKinematic fit
 - $\Delta E/\sigma_E = (E_{Ks} \Sigma E_{\gamma})/\sigma_E \text{ cut}$
 - Signal region definition $\chi^2_{2\pi}$ vs $\chi^2_{3\pi}$
 - $R_{\min} \& E_{\min}$:
 - Photon coincidence time: Δt

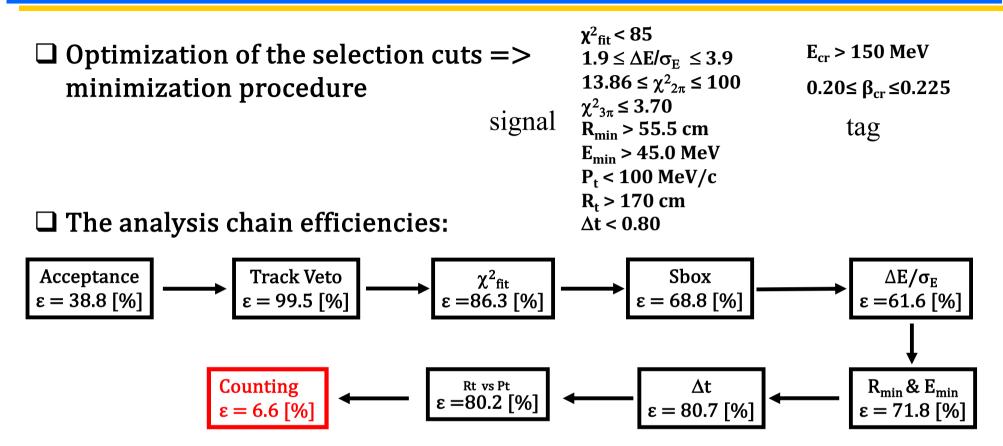




 6γ sample selection

Search for the CP violating $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ decay



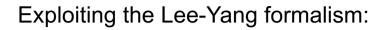


□ At the end of the analysis we count **0** candidates in the background simulations.

□ Taking into account the signal efficiency reduction and increase of statistics we are at the level of the last result obtained with 1.7 fb⁻¹ of the KLOE data.

□ Final optimization in progress before unblinding the result.

"Back from the future" effect



From past to future:

The state of the last decaying particle (particle-2) - due to the decay of its entangled partner in the past - is prepared at $t = t_1$ as:

 $|K^{(2)}(t = t_1)\rangle = N_2[|K_L\rangle - \eta_1 |K_S\rangle]$

a state which depends on η_1 of particle-1.

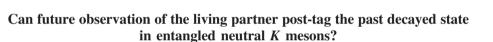
From future to past:

The state of the first decaying particle (particle-1) - due to the decay of its entangled partner in the future - is prepared at t = 0 as:

$$|K^{(1)}(t=0)\rangle = N_1 \{\eta_2 e^{-i\lambda_L t_2} |K_S\rangle - e^{-i\lambda_S t_2} |K_L\rangle\}$$

a state which depends on η_2 and t_2 i.e. the future of particle-2.

This effect naturally leads to the definition of new observables, that e.g. could be exploited in discrete symmetries tests.



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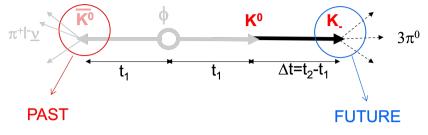
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From this the K_S tagging condition is derived:

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{\Delta\Gamma\Delta t}{2}}}{|\eta_2|} \ll 1 \qquad [K_S\text{-tag}]$$





Details in:

PHYSICAL REVIEW D 105, 116004 (2022)

"Back from the future" effect



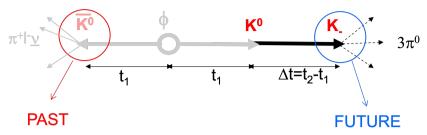
Exploiting the Lee-Yang formalism:

From past to future:

The state of the last decaying particle (particle-2) - due to the decay of its entangled partner in the past - is prepared at $t = t_1$ as:

 $|K^{(2)}(t = t_1)\rangle = N_2[|K_L\rangle - \eta_1 |K_S\rangle]$

a state which depends on η_1 of particle-1.



Details in:

PHYSICAL REVIEW D 105, 116004 (2022)

From future to past:

The state of the first decaying particle decay of its entangled partner in at t = 0 as:

$$|K^{(1)}(t=0)\rangle = N_1 \{\eta_2 e^{-i\lambda_L t_2} | R_1 \}$$

a state which depends on η_2 and t_2

This effect naturally leads to the observables, that e.g. could be e symmetries tests.

Back from the future



living partner post-tag the past decayed state gled neutral *K* mesons?

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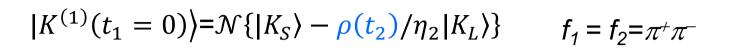
the K_s tagging condition is

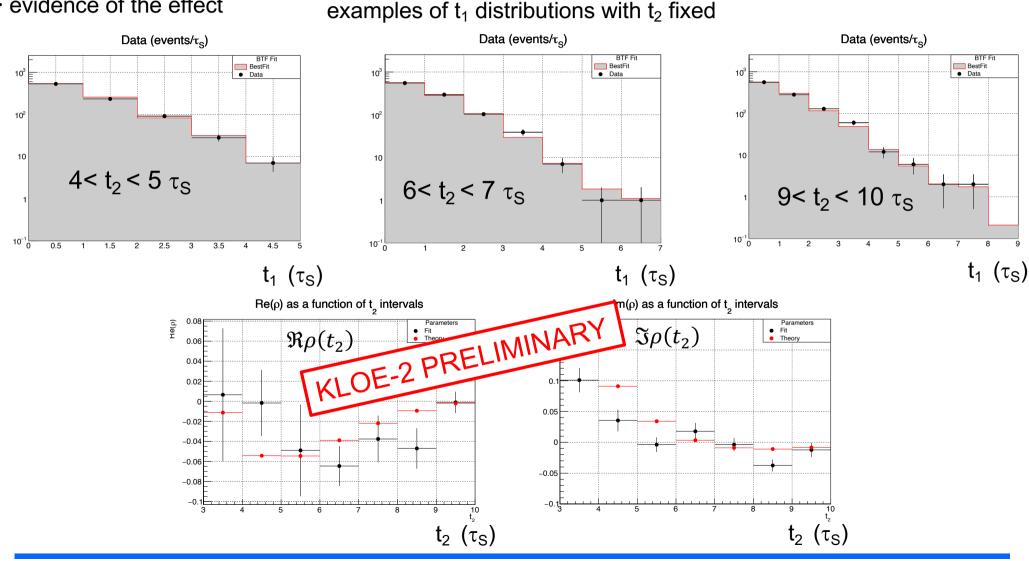
 $\ll 1$ $[K_S$ -tag]

"Back from the future" effect



post-tagged state parametrization in terms of $\rho(t_2)$: dependence on t_2 => evidence of the effect

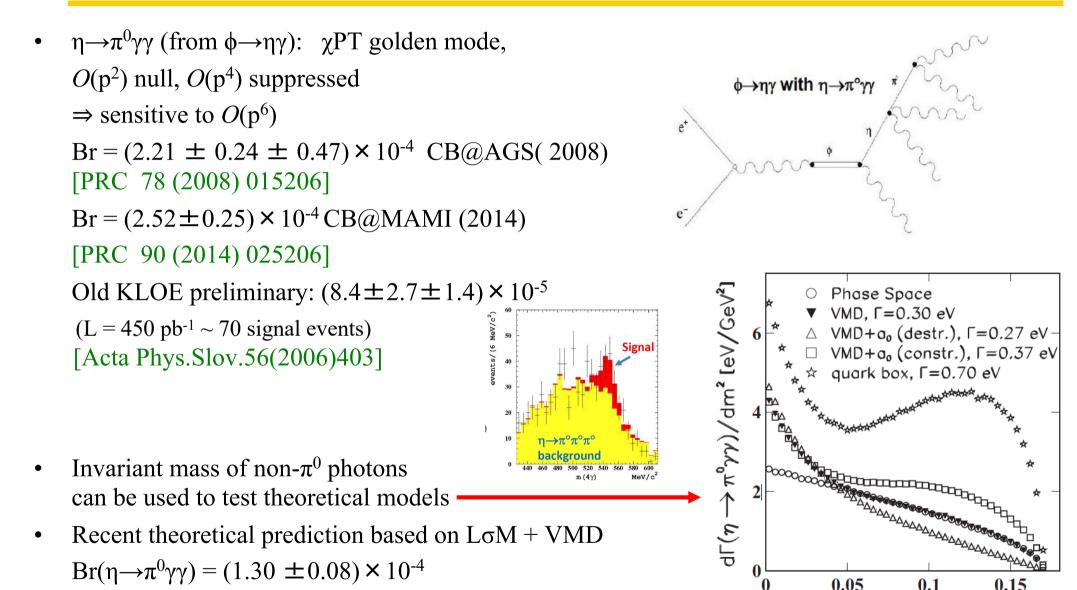




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$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ decay



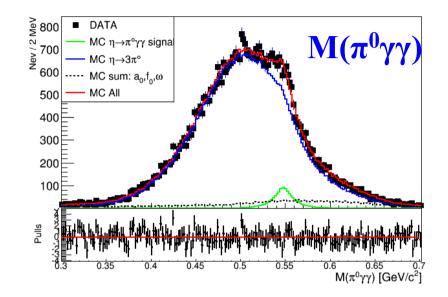


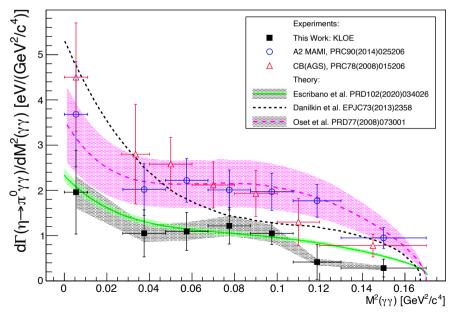
[R.Escribano et al., PRD 102 (2020) 034026]

 $m^2(\gamma\gamma)$ [GeV²/c⁴]

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ decay







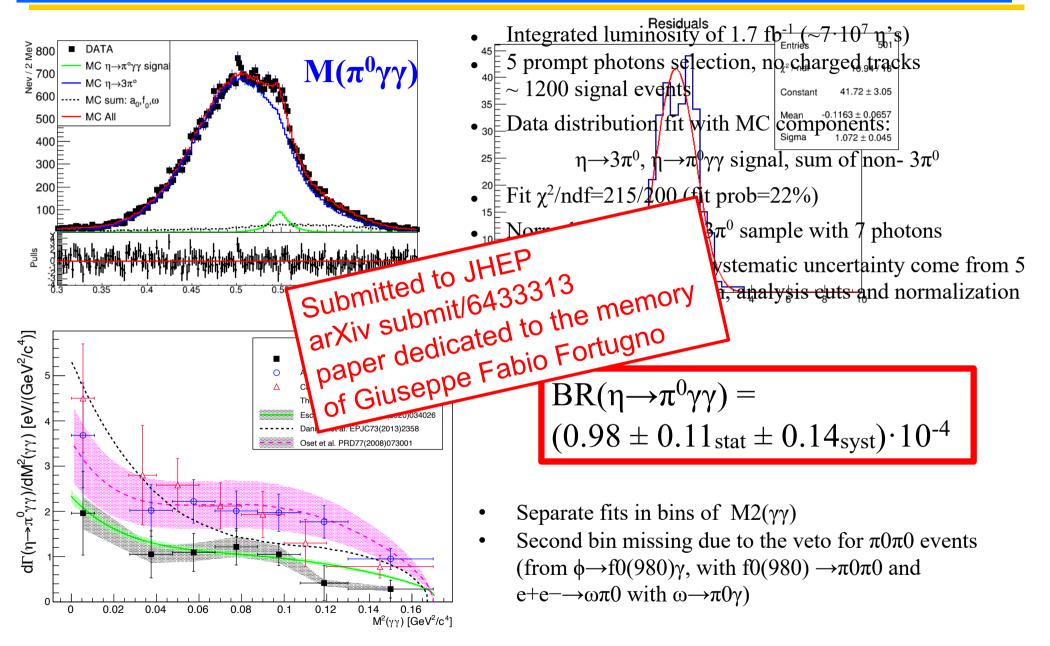
- Integrated luminosity of 1.7 fb⁻¹ ($\sim 7 \cdot 10^7$ y²s) • ⁴⁵ 5 prompt photons selection, no² charged tracks
- 30 Data distribution fit with MC components: Sigma point 1.072 ± 0.0457
 - $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0, \eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ signal, sum of non- $3\pi^0$
- $\int_{15}^{20} Fit \chi^2/ndf = 215/200$ (fit prob=22%)
- $\int_{10} \mathbb{E}$ Normalized with $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ sample with 7 photons
- 5 The main sources for systematic uncertainty come from 5 9 0 prompt photon_selection, analysis cuts and normalization

$$BR(\eta \rightarrow \pi^{0}\gamma\gamma) = (0.98 \pm 0.11_{stat} \pm 0.14_{syst}) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

- Separate fits in bins of $M2(\gamma\gamma)$
- Second bin missing due to the veto for $\pi 0\pi 0$ events (from $\phi \rightarrow f0(980)\gamma$, with $f0(980) \rightarrow \pi 0\pi 0$ and $e+e \rightarrow \omega \pi 0$ with $\omega \rightarrow \pi 0\gamma$)

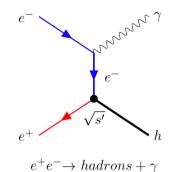
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ decay





 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma_{ISR}$





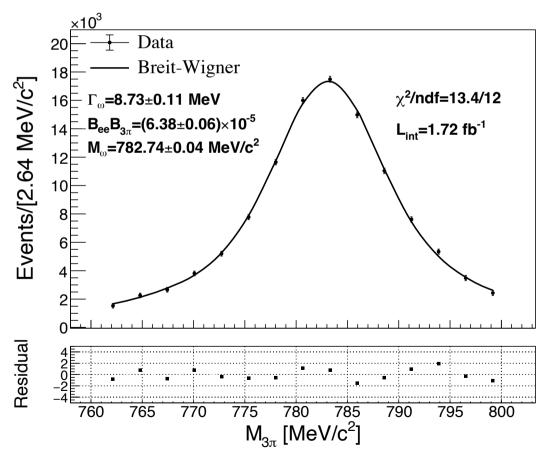
- 3π channel relevant for a_{μ}^{HVP} evaluation
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow 3\pi$ measurement feasible using ISR technique

In the plot:

- Breit-Wigner cross section assumed
- convolution bin-by-bin with the acceptance-corrected smearing matrix.
- A fit to the data (the backgroundsubtracted signal) is performed to extract the ω parameters
- evaluation of systematic uncertainties in progress => dominant contribution from the efficiency correction.

Sample statistics: about 1.7 fb-1 **Event selection**:

- $K_S K_L$ stream
- at least two tracks with opposite curvature
- three neutral clusters with $|\cos\theta| < 0.92$,
- Eclu >15 MeV, Tclu-Rclu/c < min $(2,5\sigma_t)$ ns



Conclusions



- We faced a hard period due to the mentioned difficulties with computing.
- Thanks to the help of many people, we were able to setup an emergency plan and to define a clear strategy for the future.
- Many thanks to: F. Sborzacchi, LNF computing service, S. Angius, R. Orrù, D. Spigone, M. Tota. We are grateful to M. Pistoni, LNF directors F. Bossi and P. Gianotti, head of research division A. Antonelli and M. Palutan, the CNAF director and staff L. dell'Agnello, D. Cesini, and C. Pellegrino, the LNF technical division
- Most of the hardware faults were recovered, the KLOE reconstructed data are being retrieved from the old tape library, and the KLOE/KLOE-2 data transfer to CNAF started and is ongoing. Shifts from KLOE-2 members are planned to complete all the operations including backups as soon as possible.
- Even though analysis activities slowed down in the last year due to the mentioned difficulties on computing, there are still several interesting analyses ongoing.
- The Liverpool group, that recently joined KLOE-2, is leading an intense theory and analysis activity, the $\pi\pi\gamma$ initiative, with ambitious goals (=> Zaid's talk).
- The KLOE and KLOE-2 data constitute a unique sample, the largest ever collected of its kind, collected with a general-purpose detector, and very rich in Physics.
- It's a precious cultural heritage for the entire INFN community, it was a sizeable investment of human and financial resources, and it must be preserved for the future, for future ideas and analyses that certainly will come up.