MULTI-GEV ELECTRON BEAMS FROM SELF-WAVEGUIDED LASER WAKEFIELD ACCELERATION IN ELBA AT ELI BEAMLINES

J. Šišma ^{1, 2}, M. Nevrkla ^{1, 2}, F. Vitha ^{1, 2}, S. Lorenz ¹, I. Zymak ¹, A. Špádová ^{1, 2}, M. Jech ^{1, 3}, A. Kollárová ^{1, 2}, C. M. Lazzarini ¹, A. Jančárek ^{1, 2}, G. M. Grittani ¹, J. E. Šhrock ⁴, E. Řockafellow ⁴, B. Miao ⁴, A. J. Sloss ⁴, H. M. Milchberg ^{4, 5}, S. V. Bulanov ^{1, 6}

¹ ELI Beamlines Facility, The Extreme Light Infrastructure ERIC, Dolní Břežany 25241, Czech Republic

² Faculty of Nuclear Sciences and Physical Engineering, Czech Technical University in Prague, Břehová 7, 11519 Prague, Czech Republic

³ Faculty of Information Technology, Czech Technical University in Prague, Thákurova 9, Praha 6, Czech Republic

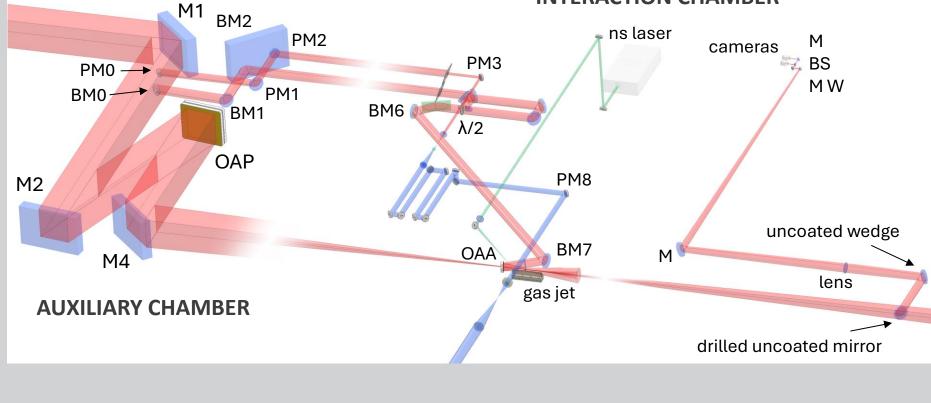
⁴ Institute for Research in Electronics and Applied Physics and Department of Physics, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland 20742, USA

⁵ Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland 20742, USA

⁶ Kansai Photon Science Institute, National Institutes for Quantum and Radiological Science and Technology, Umemidai 8-1-7, Kizugawa 619-0215, Kyoto, Japan

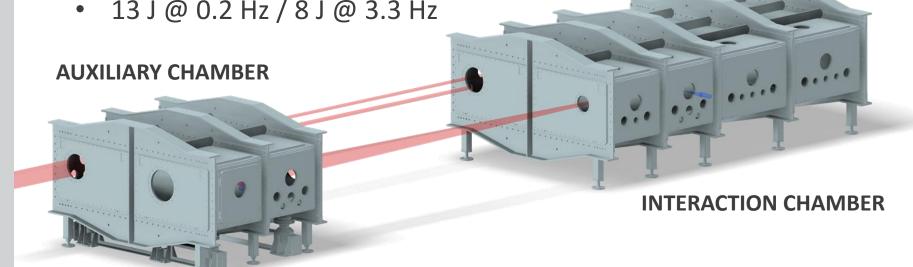
We present recent results on high-power guiding and laser wakefield acceleration (LWFA) in ELBA beamline at ELI Beamlines facility, using the L3 laser system (13 J, 30 fs, 0.2 Hz). By employing self-waveguiding in a 20 cm helium plasma channel, we achieved stable acceleration of electron beams to energies approaching 5 GeV. A novel all-reflective optical setup, incorporating an off-axis reflective axicon, enabled efficient acceleration at 0.2 Hz and guiding at repetition rates up to 3.3 Hz. This compact, single-laser, single-compressor approach establishes ELBA as a fully operational user beamline, capable of delivering multi-GeV-class electron beams for advanced laser-plasma acceleration research and secondary source development.

EXPERIMENTAL SETUP OVERVIEW INTERACTION CHAMBER



ELBA BEAMLINE

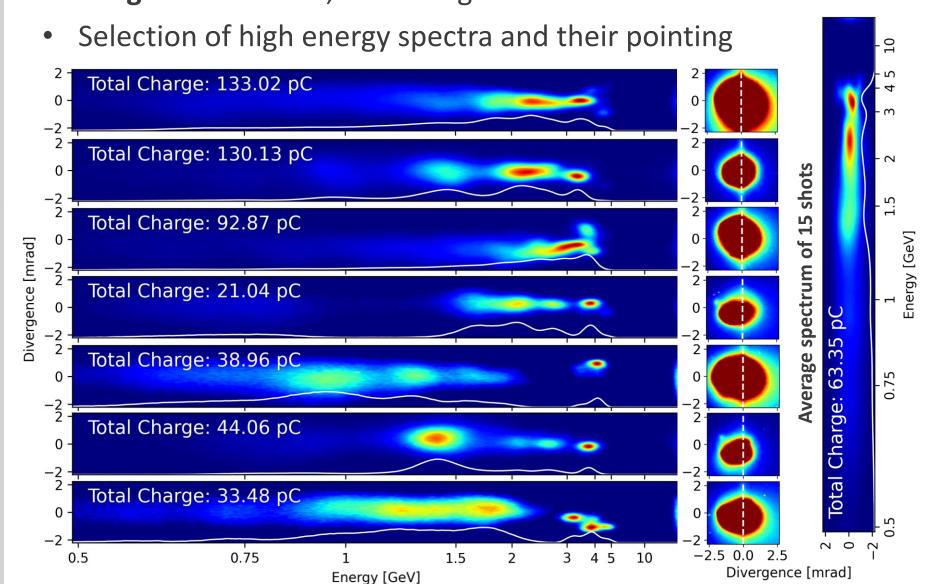
- ELBA (**EL**ectron **B**eam **A**ccelerator): all-optical collider at ELI-BL
- 50:50 wavefront splitting to enable high temporal synchronization of the LWFA beam and the CP laser
- currently the beam was split by pick-off mirrors
- L3 HAPLS (CPA, 30 fs) 13 J @ 0.2 Hz / 8 J @ 3.3 Hz



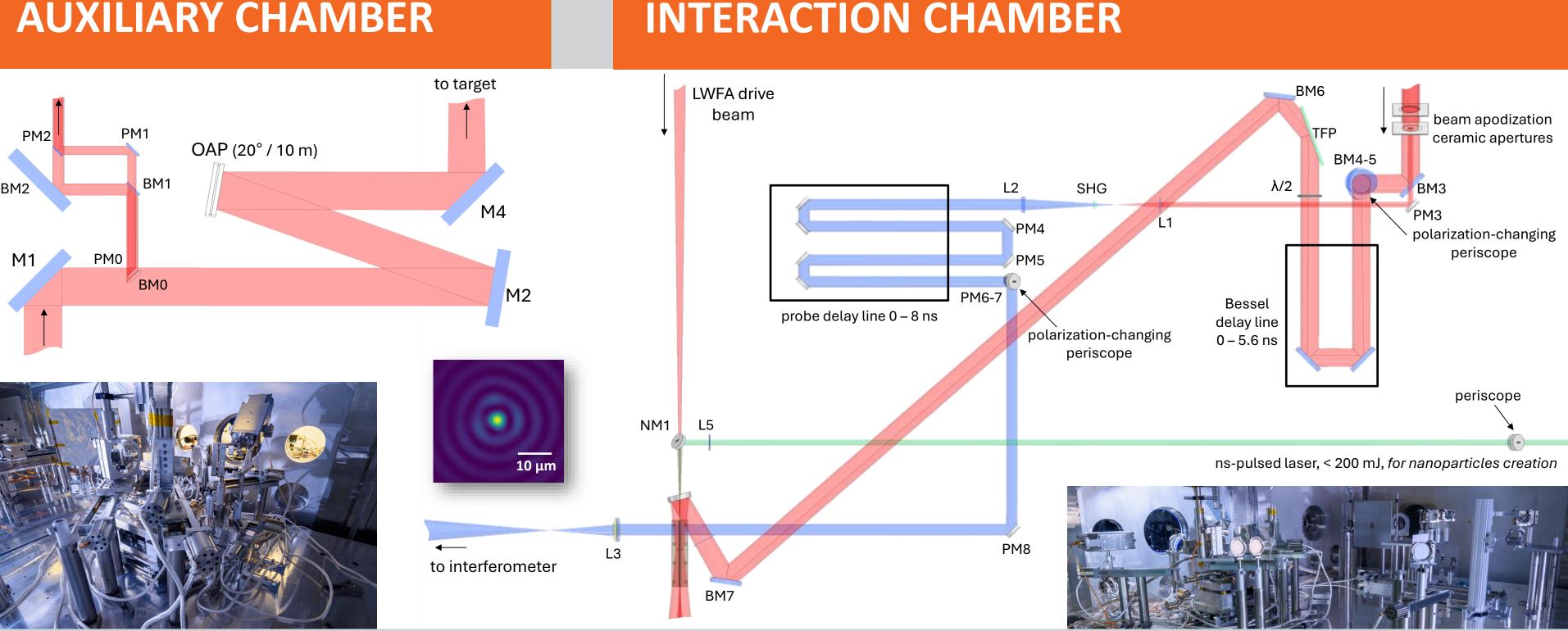


ELECTRON SPECTRA

- ELI designed slit supersonic 20-cm nozzle working with one SmartShell valve, 5 % Ar in He and 10 % N₂ in He mixtures
- Backing pressure 20 42 bar, 10 ms opening time
- Electromagnet outside the chamber 0.6 T, 50 cm (4 meters away from waveguide exit)
- Tungsten slit 1 mm, block length 6 cm



AUXILIARY CHAMBER

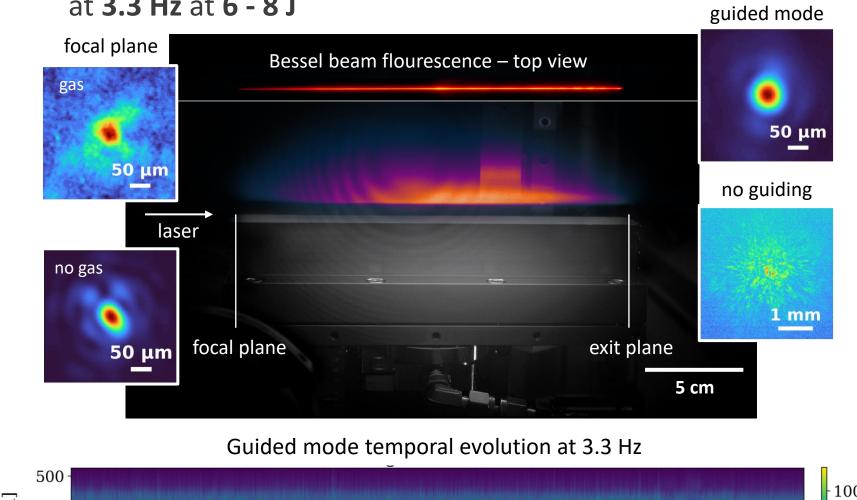


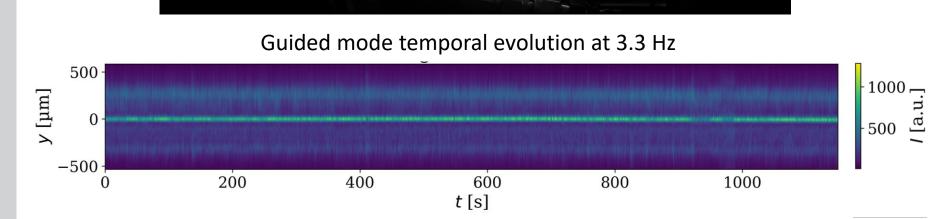
SELF-WAVEGUIDING LWFA

- structuring LWFA energy gain limits: beam dephasing depletion diffraction Plasma waveguides extend acceleration distance by preventing
 - diffraction of the drive laser Expanding OFI plasma channel alone does not form a waveguide structure at low density
- Self-waveguiding: Leading wings of an injected high intensity pulse ionize neutral shock driven by expanding OFI plasma
- Control of plasma channel expansion by delay or energy adjusting the channel size to given focal spot

GUIDING RESULTS

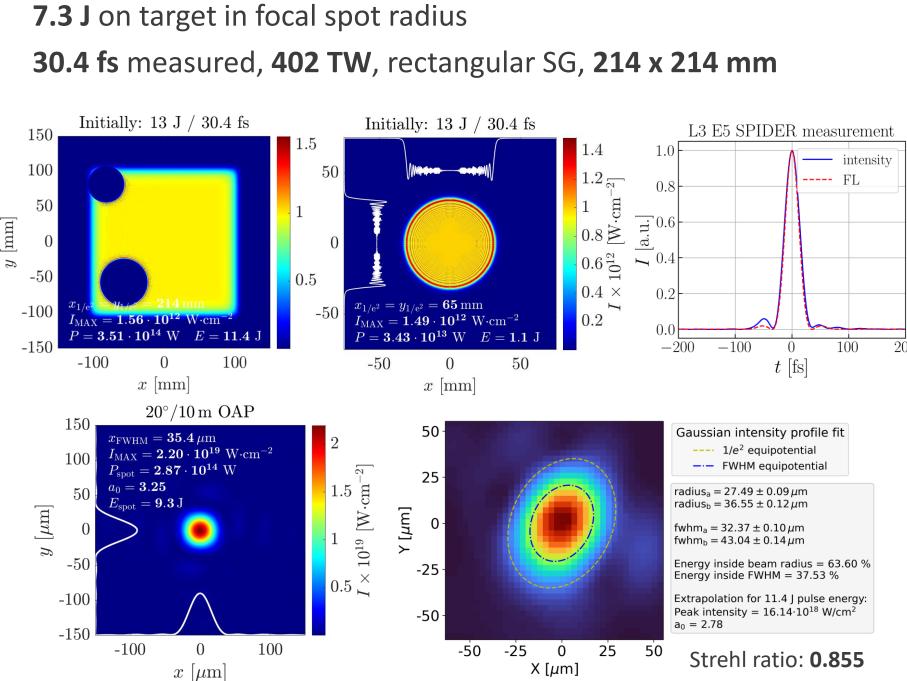
- High power guiding mode diagnostic for monitoring pointing (entrance to waveguide) and exit mode (single lens imaging)
- Demonstrated high power guiding in **20 cm** plasma channel at **0.2 Hz** at **6 - 10 J**
- Demonstrated high power guiding in 3 cm plasma channel at **3.3 Hz** at **6 - 8 J**





LASER BEAM PARAMETERS

L3 parameters: 13 J (11.4 J LWFA drive beam, 1.1 J Bessel beam) **7.3** J on target in focal spot radius



CONCLUSION

- Off-Axis Reflective Axicon all reflective setup
- Single compressor beamline
- **Helium** as a working gas
- New injection mechanisms tested
- Energy up to **5 GeV** (7.3 J on target)

REFERENCES

- [1] Lorenz et al., Matter Radiat. Extremes 4, 015401 (2019)
- [2] Miao et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 129, 074801 (2020)
- [3] Feder et al., Phys. Rev. Res. 2, 043173 (2020)
- [4] Picksley et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 245001 (2023)





