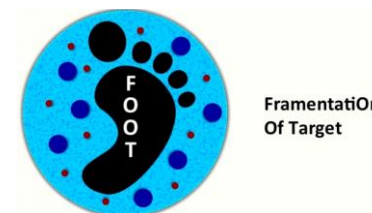
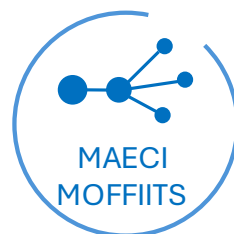


MSD Analysis Status

Sofia Mazzolani
Ilaria Mattei
Leonello Servoli



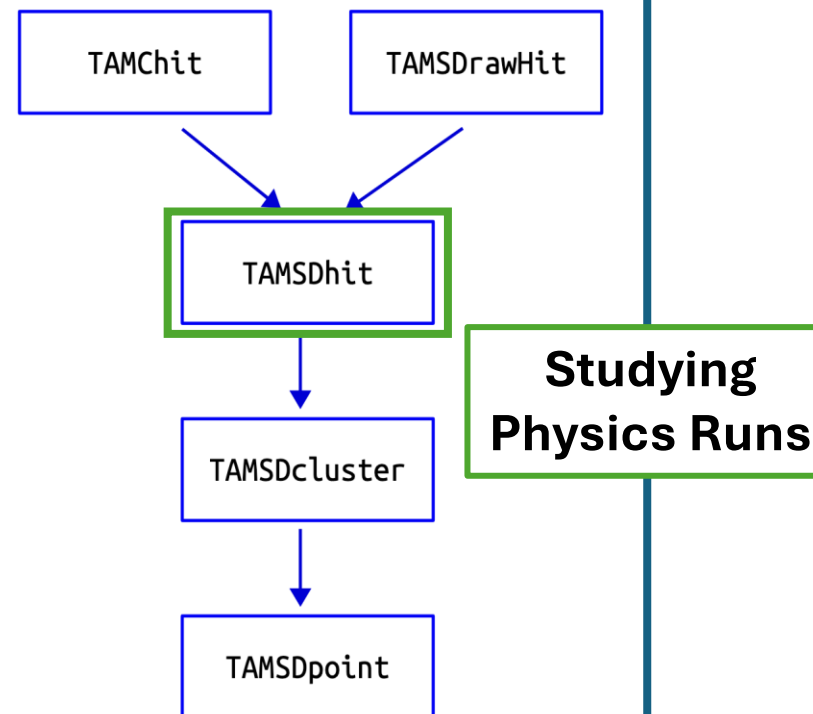
MSD Status

From R. Zarrella slides of
FOOT XVI General Meeting

The MSD workflow

Step-by-step review of the MSD data processing!

- **RawHit → Hit**
 - VA gain correction added ✓
 - Correct flagging of noisy/dead strips ✓
- **Hit → Cluster**
 - Clustering algorithm re-checked and updated
 - η -correction
- **MChit → Hit → Cluster**
 - Updated to match new containers

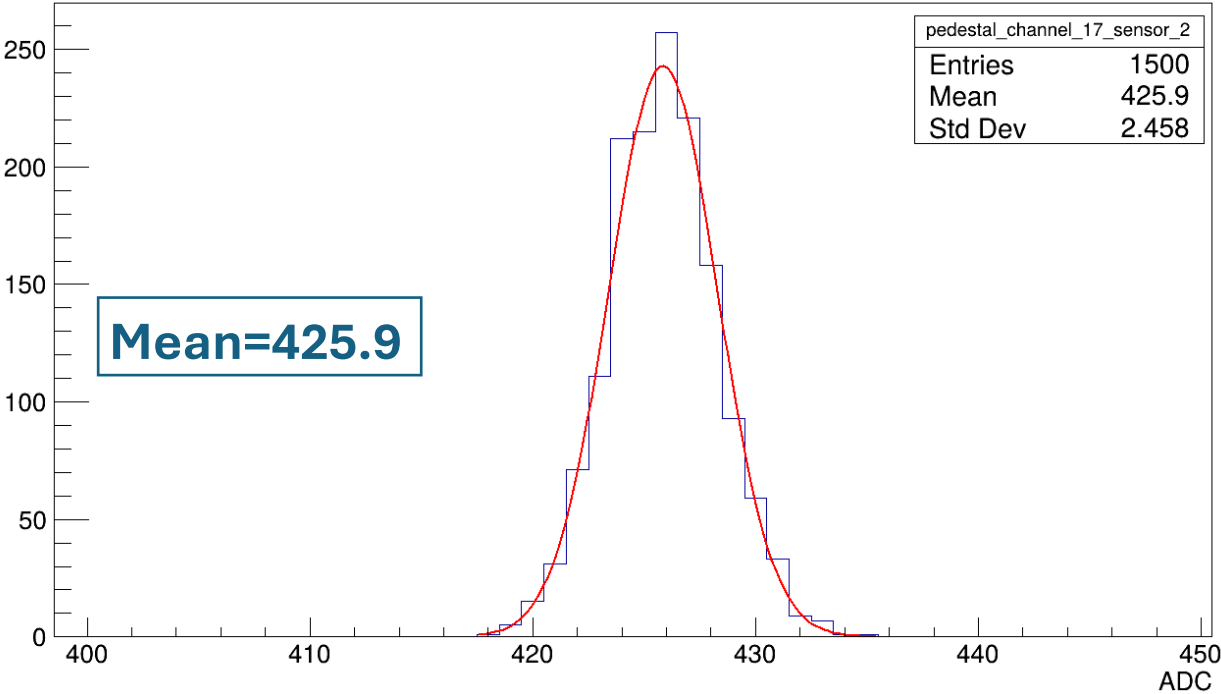


Calibration: Pedestals

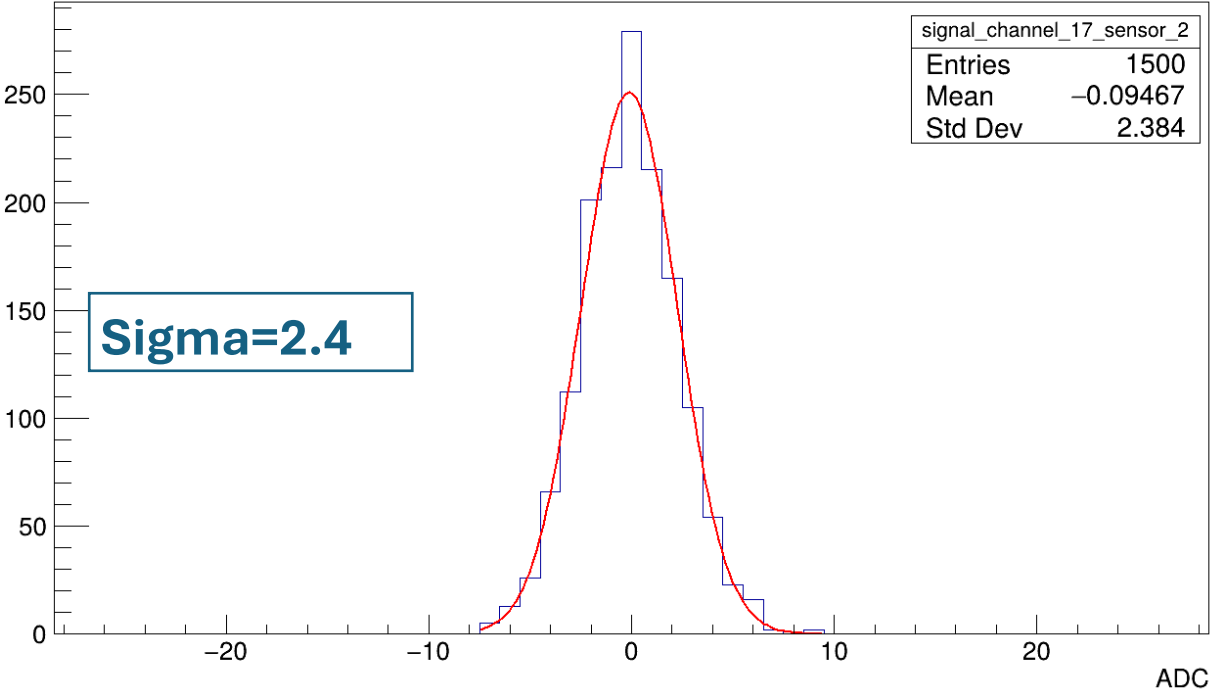
CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

Sensor 2
Strip 17

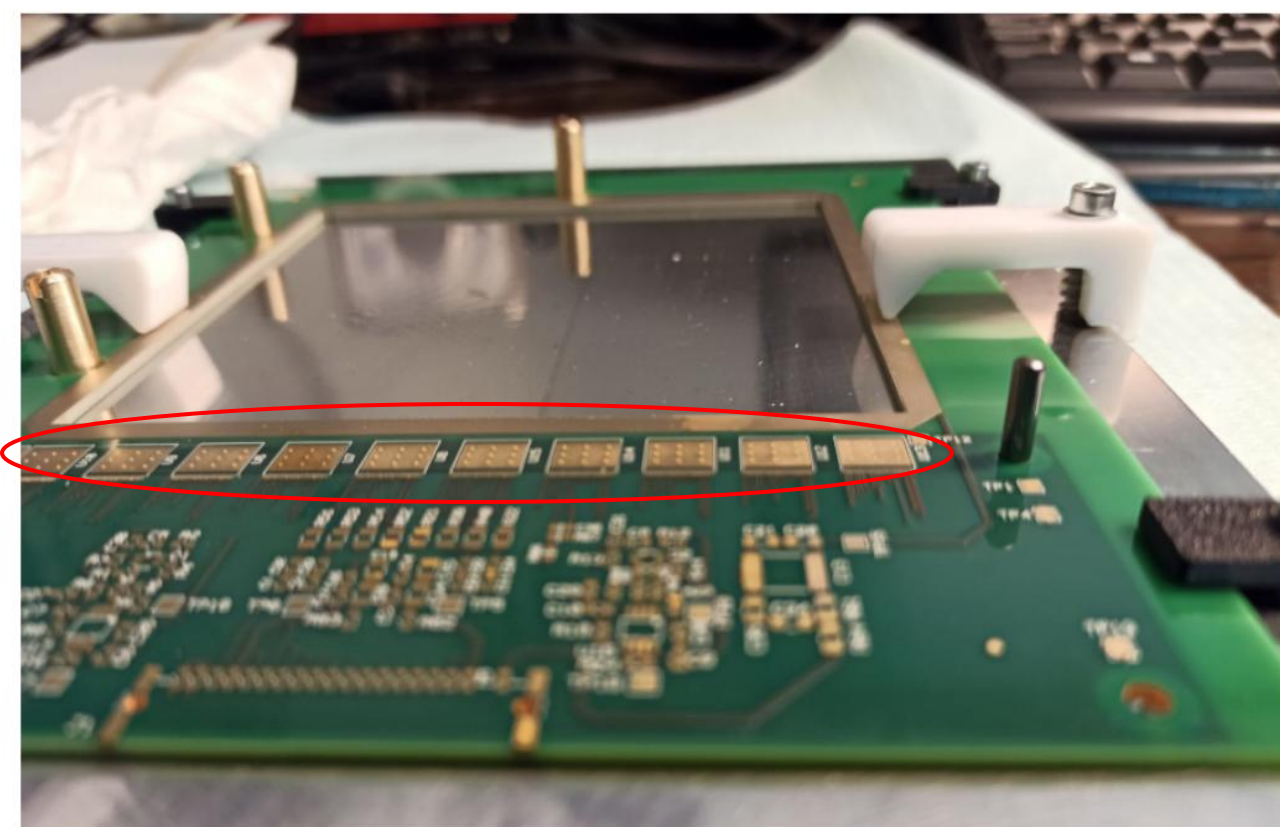
Pedestal



Signal - Pedestal



Common Noise Calculation



- **10 Chips**
- **Each Chip reads 64 strips of a sensor**

The *Common mode Noise* (CN) is the average deviation, event by event, of a collective signal variation due to external electromagnetic noise felt from all the strips read by a single ASIC (= a single Chip).

Two calculations of Common Noise:

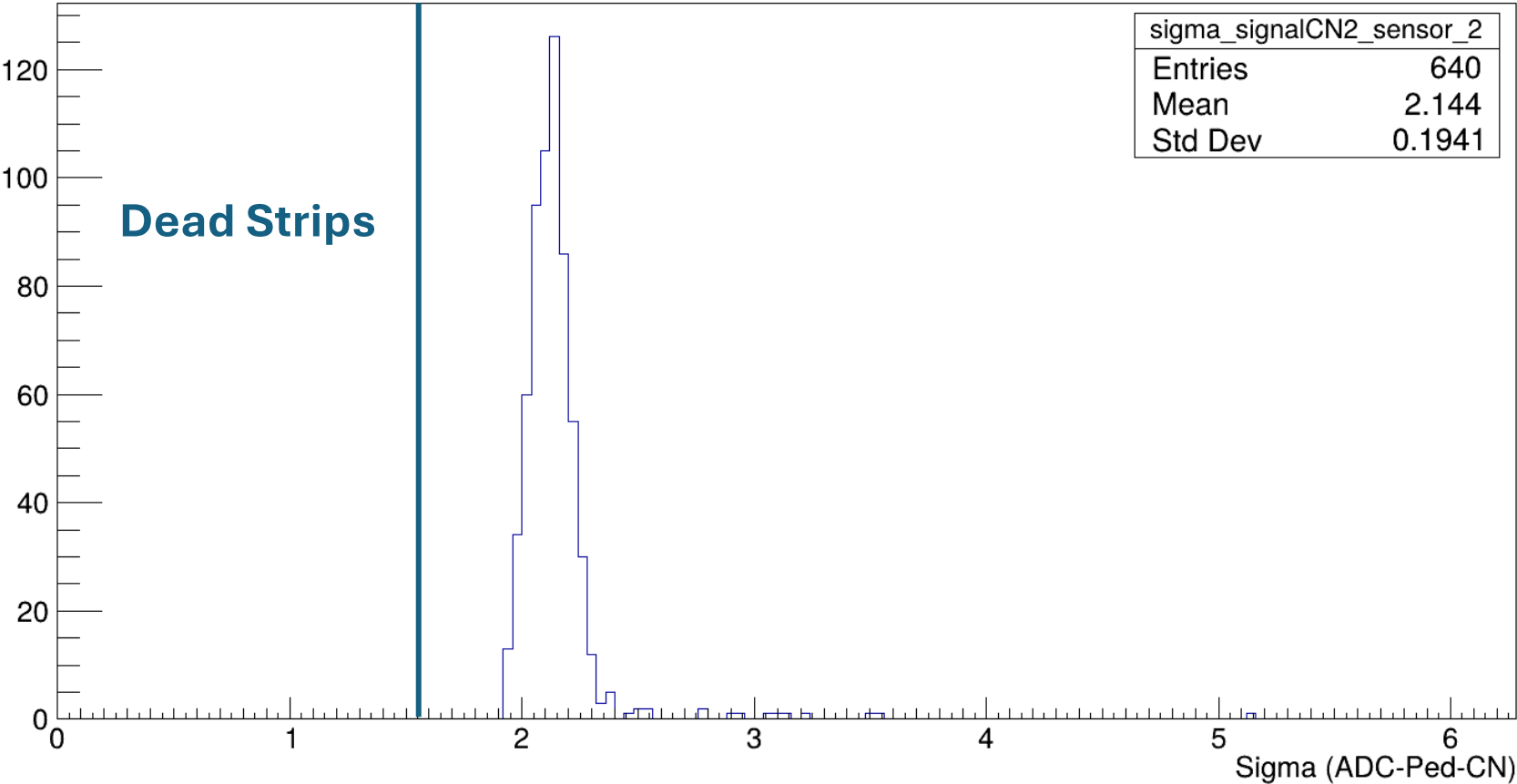
1. the first to identify Dead and Noisy strips;
2. the second without using them.

Dead Strips

CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

Sensor 2

Sigma(Signal – Ped – CN1)



Dead if:

$\text{Sigma(ADC-Ped-CN1)} < \text{Mean} - 3 \text{ Std Dev}$

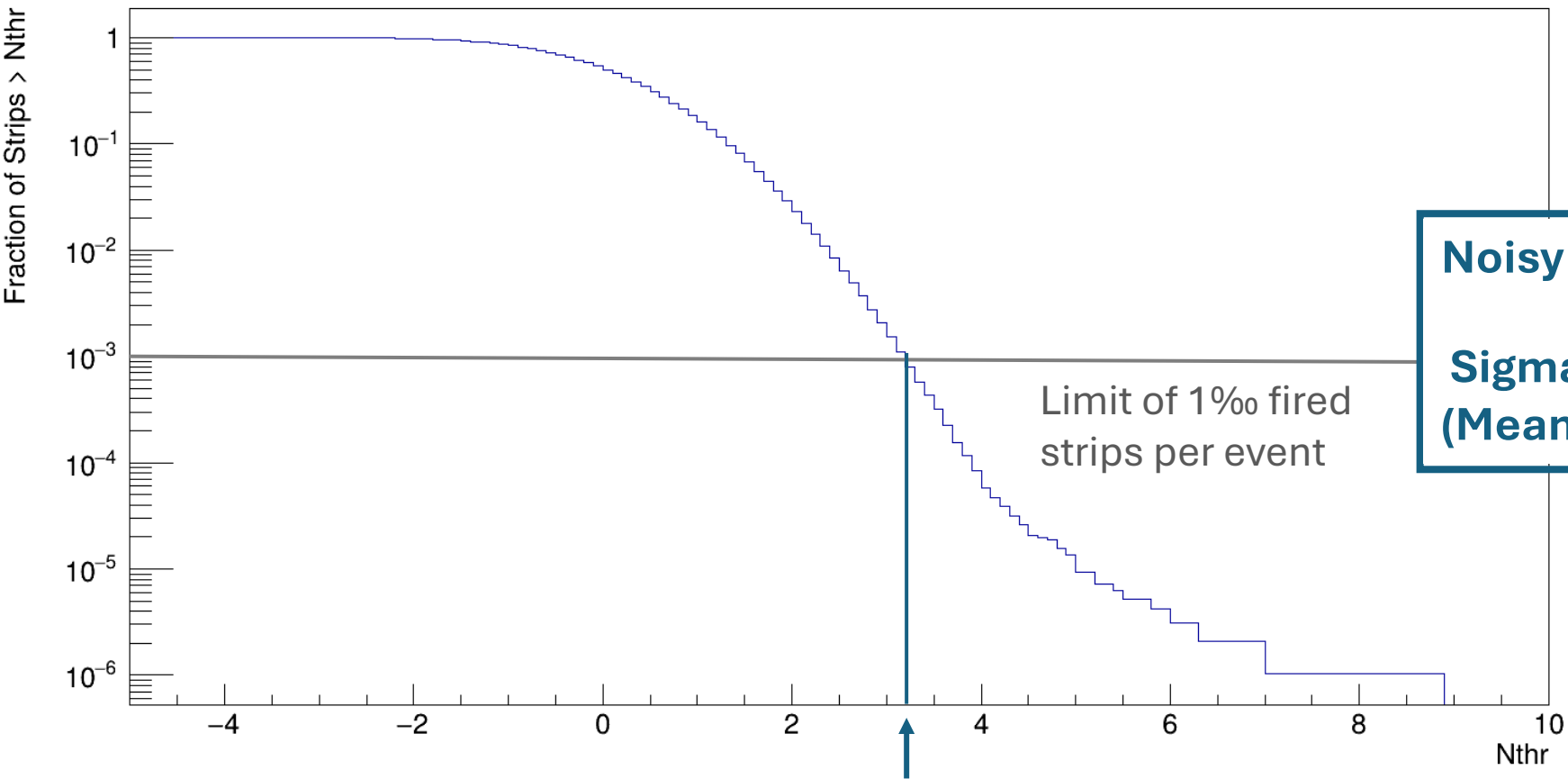
Strips probably not connected to the read out.

Noisy Strips

Sensor 2

CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

$N_{strips} > N_{thr}$



$$\frac{\text{ADC-Ped-CN1}}{\text{sigma(ADC-Ped-CN1)}} > N_{thr}$$

Noisy if :

$$\text{Sigma(ADC-Ped-CN1)} > (\text{Mean} + \text{Noise_Threshold} \times \text{Std Dev})$$



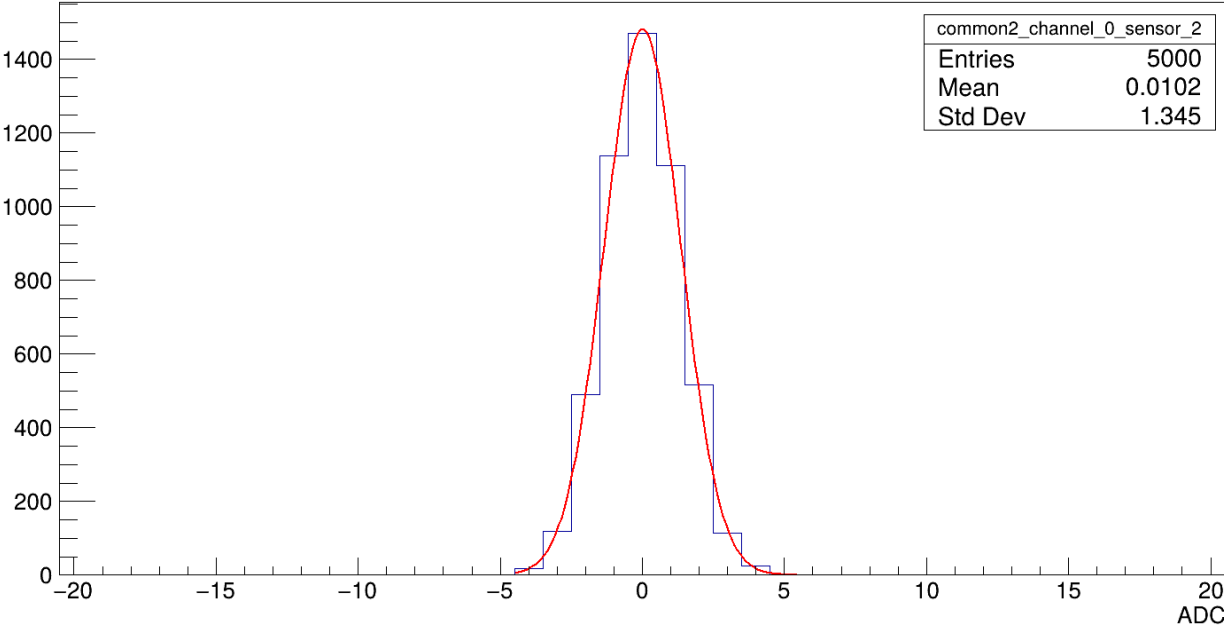
Common Noise 2
(without dead and noisy strips)

Common Noise

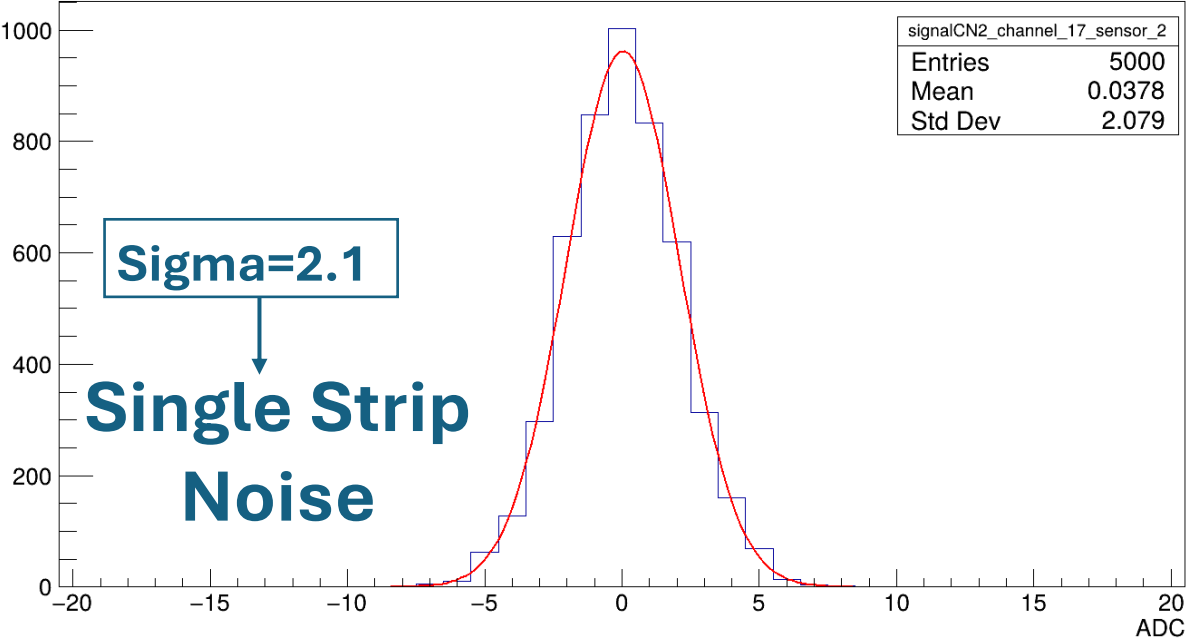
Sensor 2
Chip 0: strips (0-63)
Strip 17

CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

Common Noise



Signal – Pedestal – CN



Stability of Pedestals

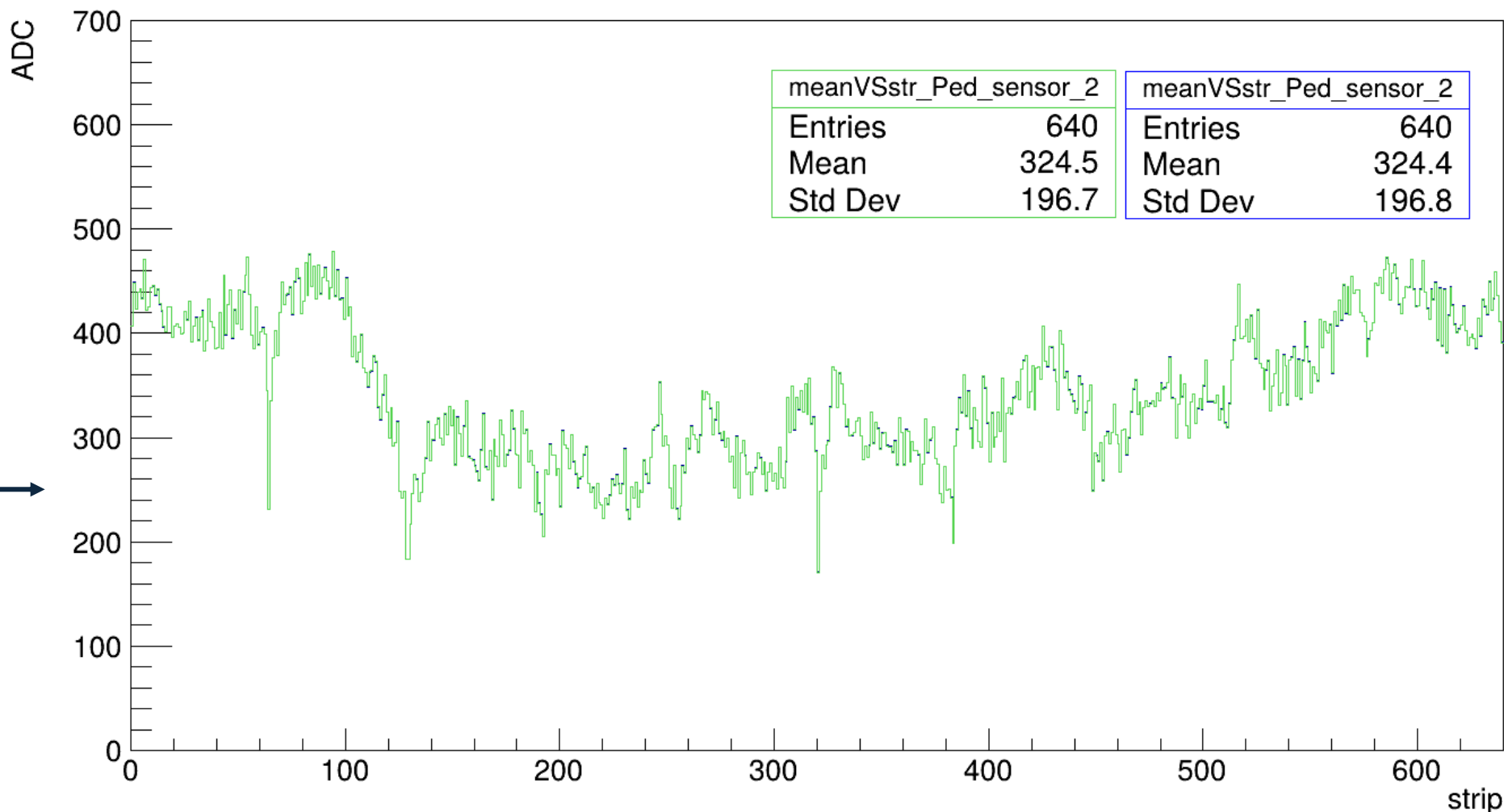
CNAO2024 run 7028
-Calib- (10k events)

CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

Mean Pedestals

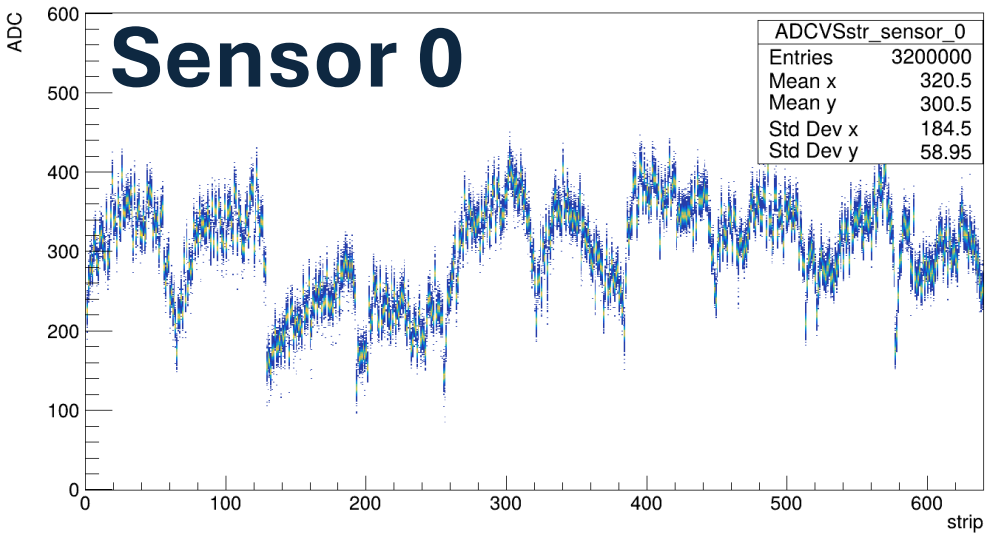
1) Verification of stability for different number of events.

2) Verification of stability through each campaign.

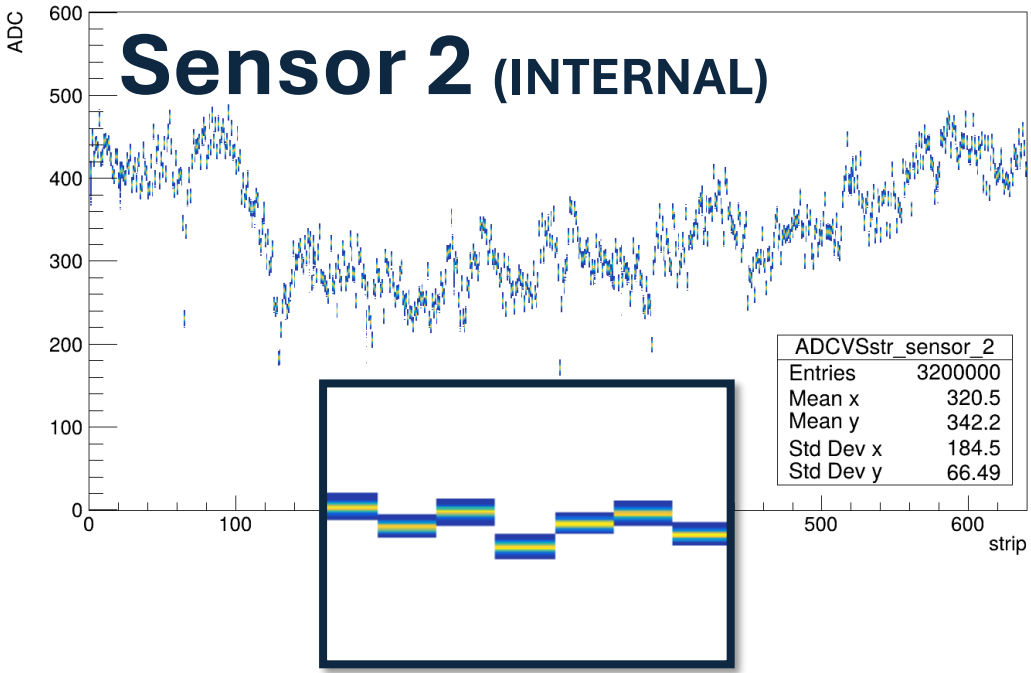
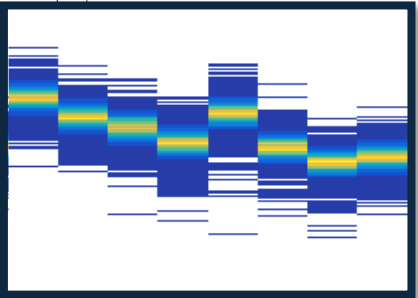
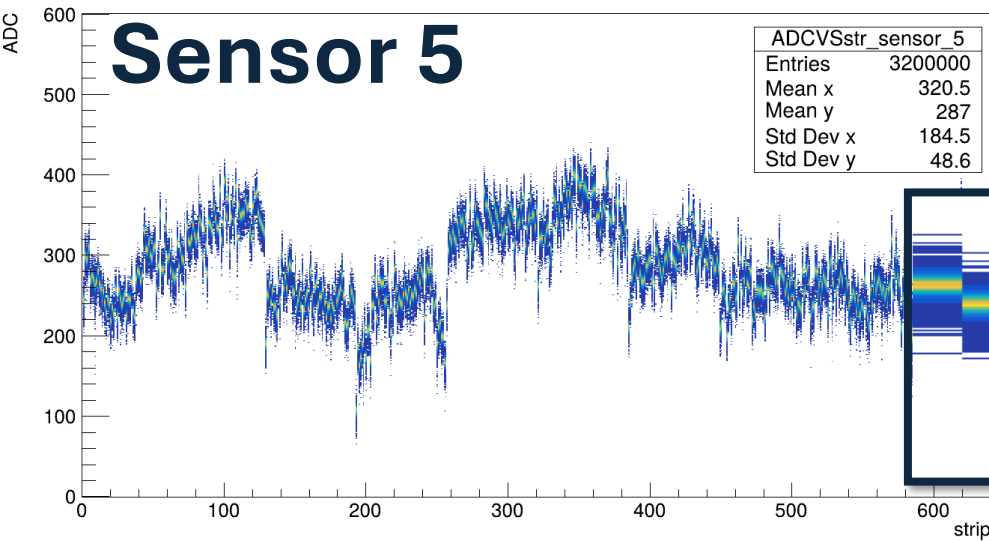


External Sensors

CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

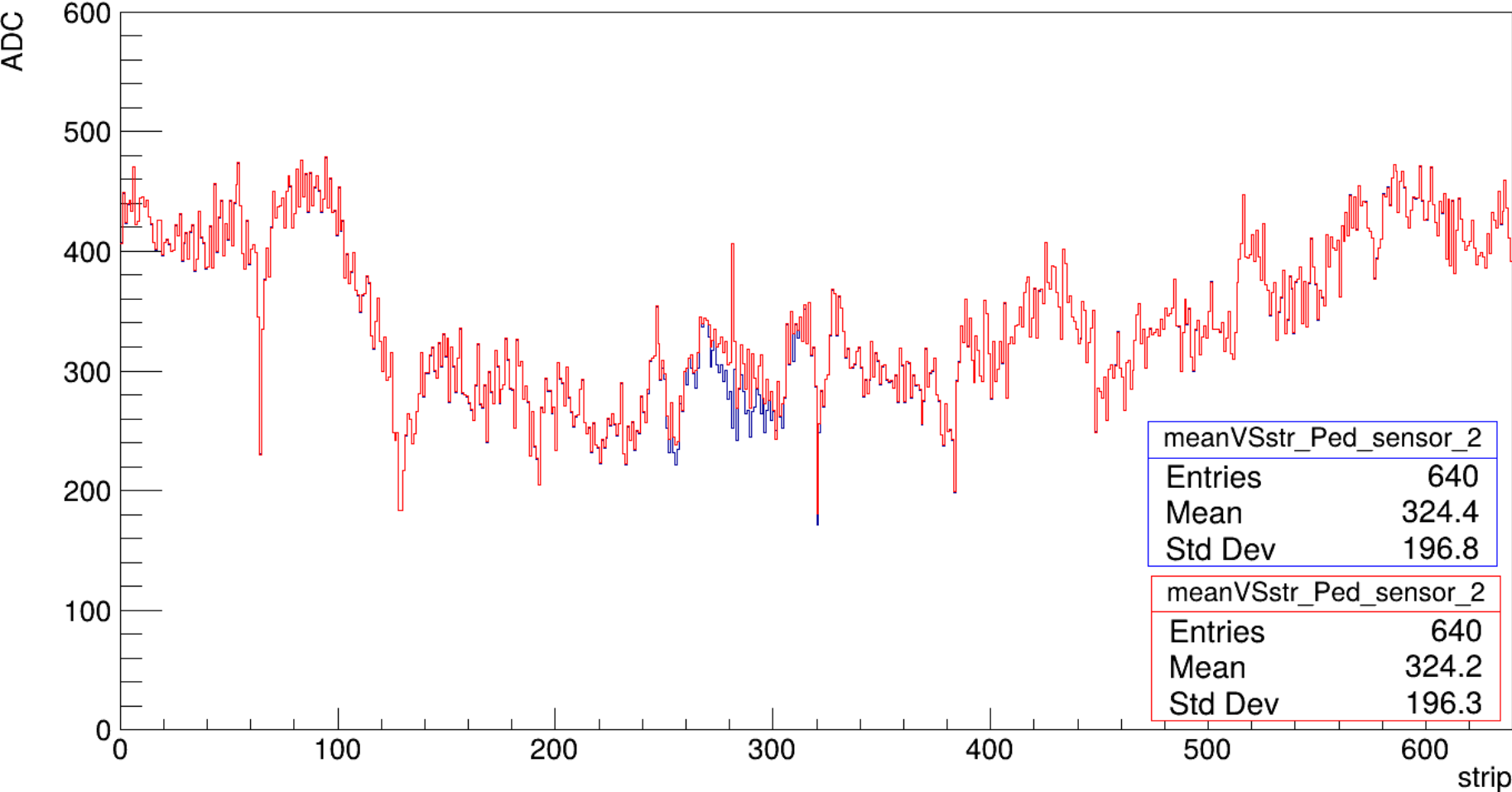


There are events in which the entire EXTERNAL SENSORS fluctuate: **LIGHT ON SENSORS**



Physics Runs - Pedestals

Mean Pedestals (sensor 2)

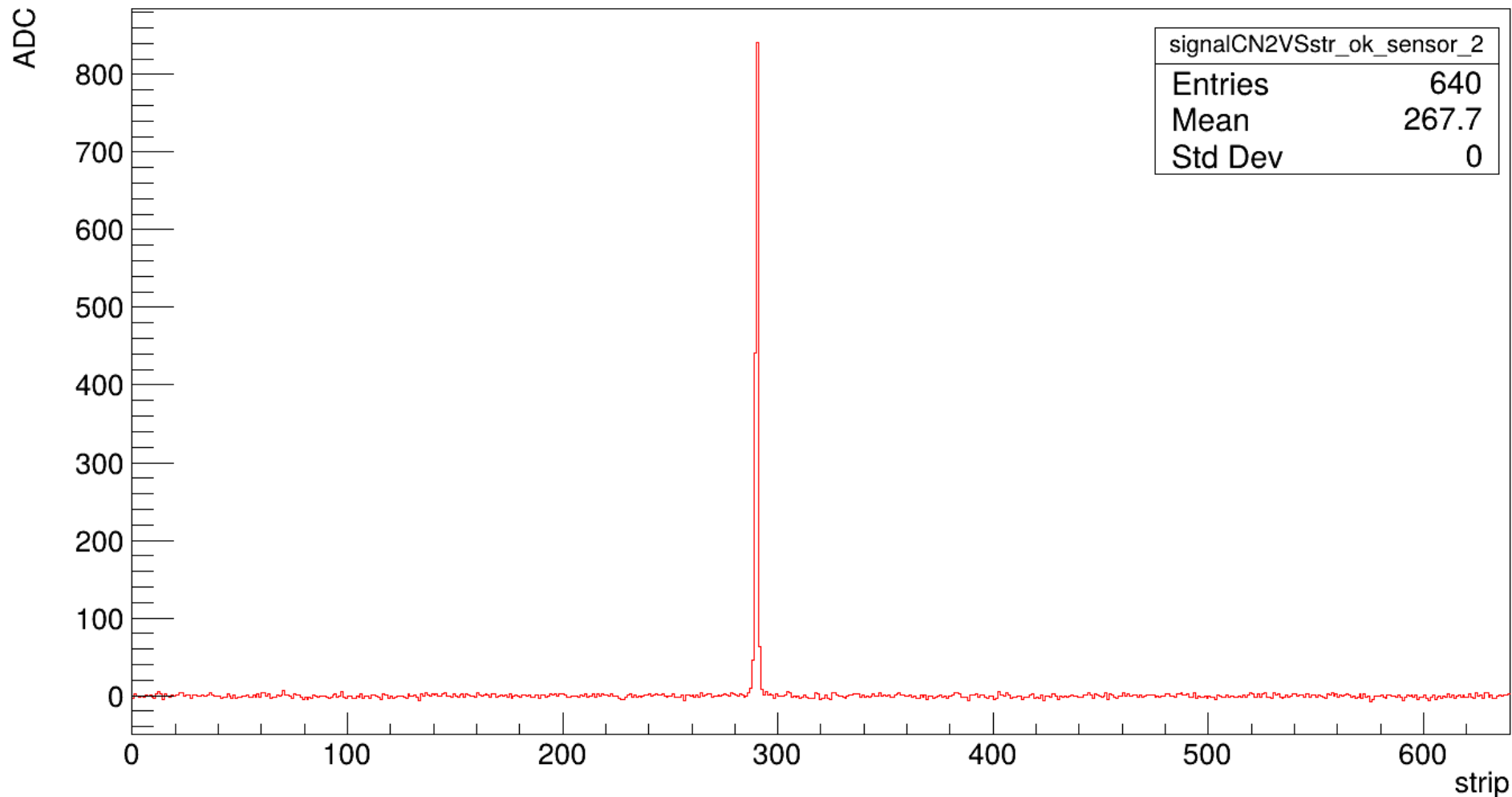


CNAO2024 run 7073
-Calib- (10k events)

CNAO2024 run 7076
-Physics- (200k events)
C@200 MeV/u on C target
yes B

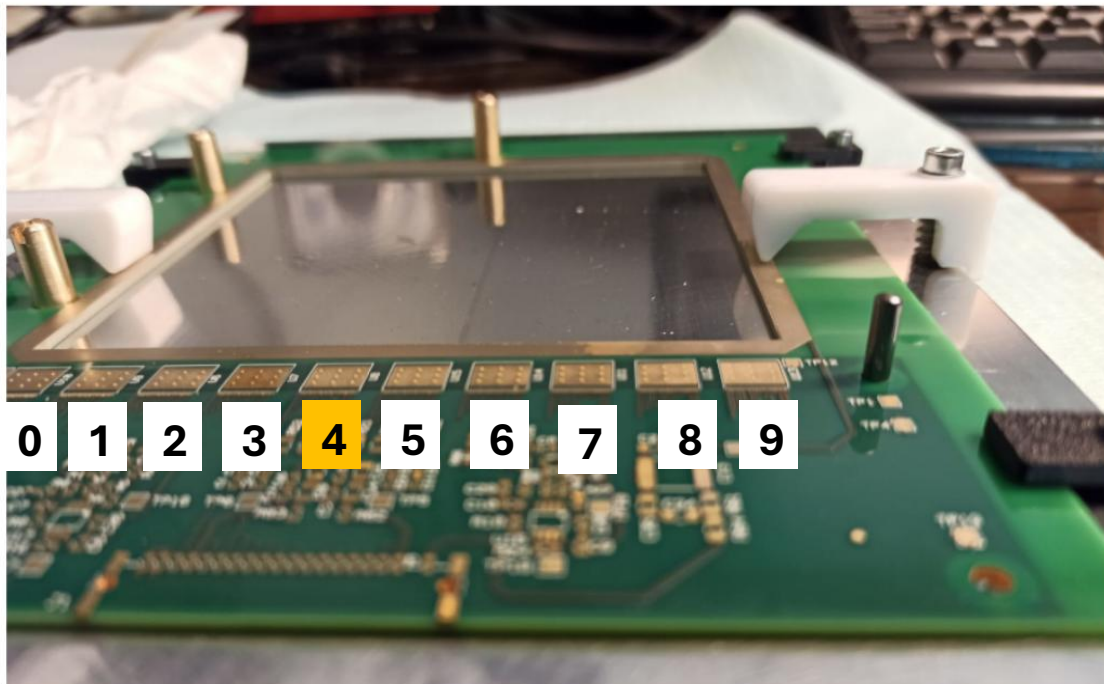
We see the particle!

Signal – Ped - CN (sensor 2)



CNAO2024 run 7076
-Physics- (200k events)
C@200 MeV/u on C target
yes B

Physics Runs-Common Noise



- CN has to be calculated event by event during the physics run.
- The chips connected to strips that see a particle cannot be used for the calculation.
- Possible solution: to use the CN of external chips.

↓
**CORRECTION FACTORS
BETWEEN CHIPS**
↓

Calculated during the calibration runs.

Reference chips: internal ones (4-5)

Conclusion

- **ComputeMsdPed.C** is an efficient not hardcoded macro usable for both Calibration Runs and Physics Runs
- Pedestals are stable during each data taking campaign
- New implementation of Common Noise calculation in Physics Runs

NEXT WORK:

- Definition of Seed and Fired Thresholds for the clustering

Thank you for the attention!

