

# T-chamber at AGHS for Ptolemy

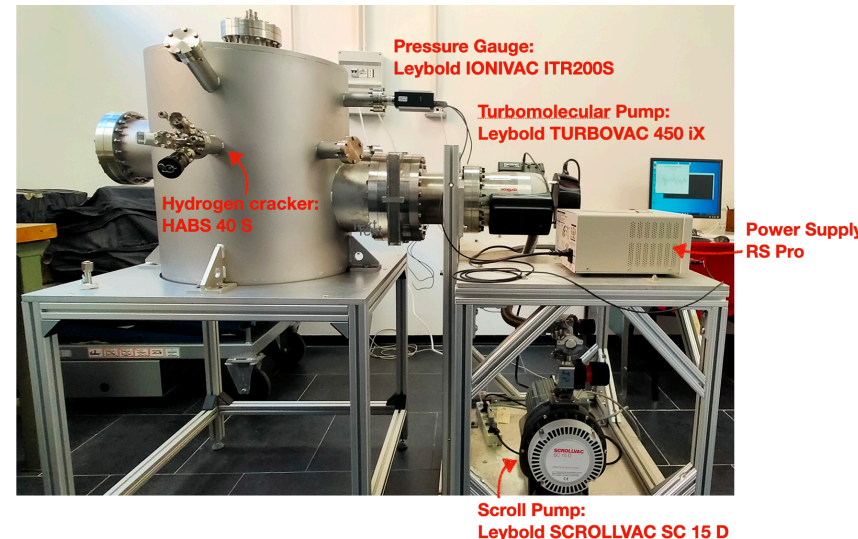
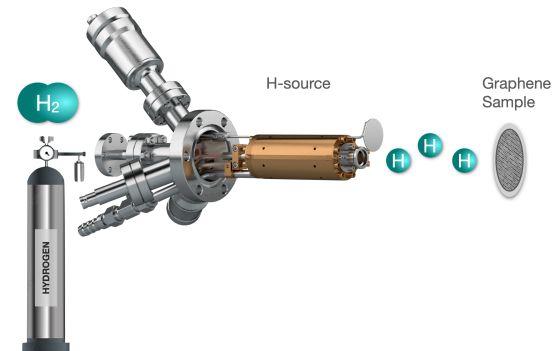
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19th Feb 2025

# Solid atomic tritium target

*M.G.Betti et al. Nano Lett. 2022, 22, 7, 2971–2977*

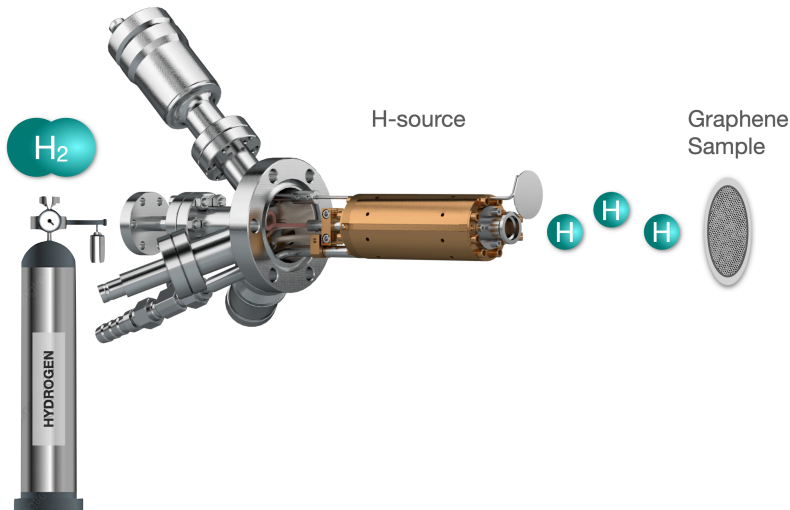
- ▶ Exploit expertise in graphene hydrogenation
  - ▶ *thermal H<sub>2</sub> cracking*
- ▶ **Atomic tritium chemisorbed on graphene monolayer**
  - ▶ Well defined electric potential, stable at room T in vacuum.
- ▶ Contact with UKAEA's Active Gas Handling System (tritium for JET, EU Tokamak) for a **feasibility study for reaction chamber project**
- ▶ First contacts promising



# Concept for graphene target production

- ▶ Use **thermal cracking** (2400 K) of hydrogen molecule
  - ▶ Atomic thermal hydrogen flowing onto the sample with a thermal kinetic energy

**Atomic Hydrogen source**  
Hot tungsten capillary



**Mass Spectrometer**  
In order to measure  $H_2$  flux  
And to control possible contaminations

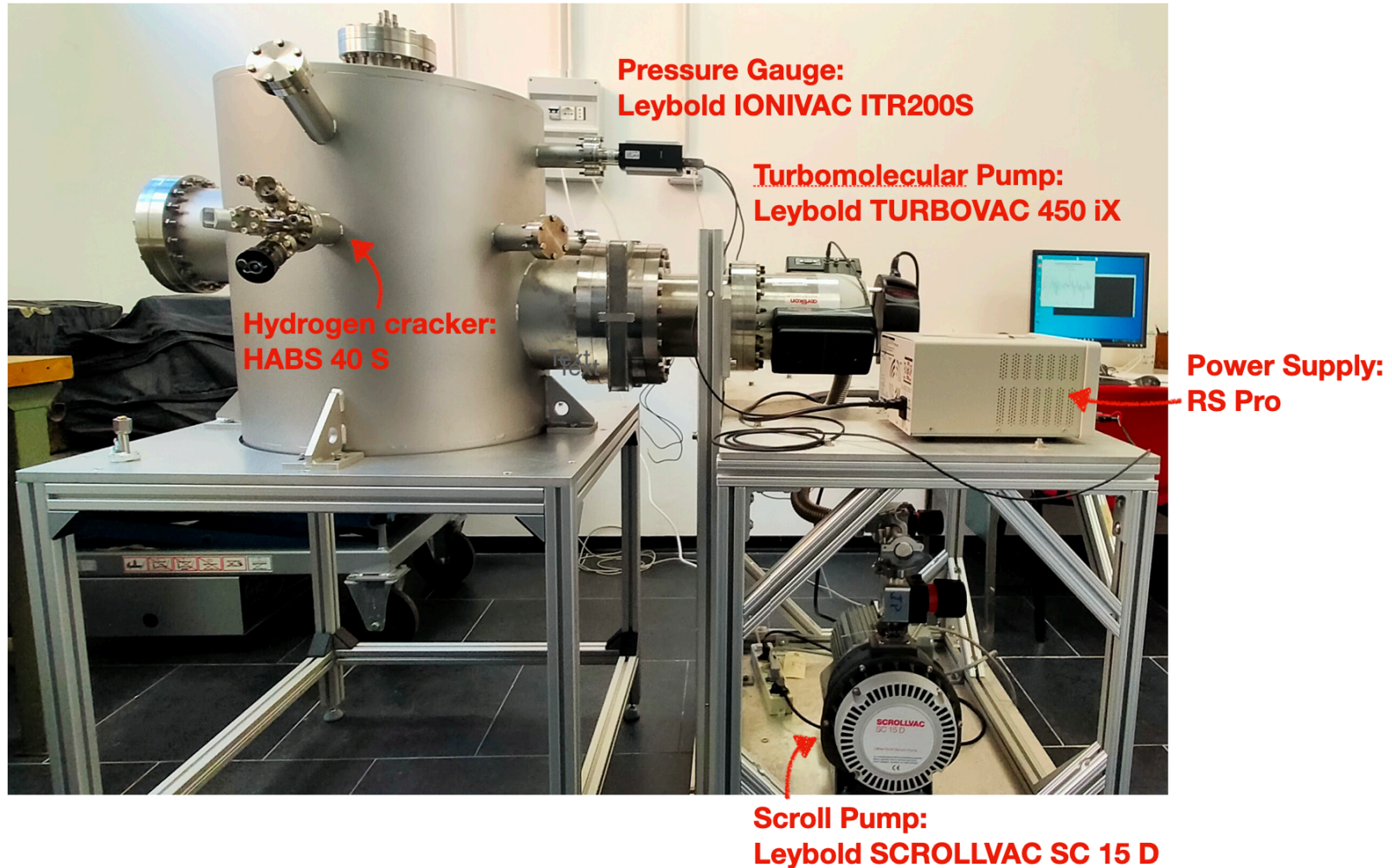


pressure goal:  $10^{-10}$  -  $10^{-9}$  mbar

Using **commercial components** (reproduced in several experiments now in Roma and RomaTre)

# T-chamber at Sapienza

Financed by Princeton II



# What we think we might do

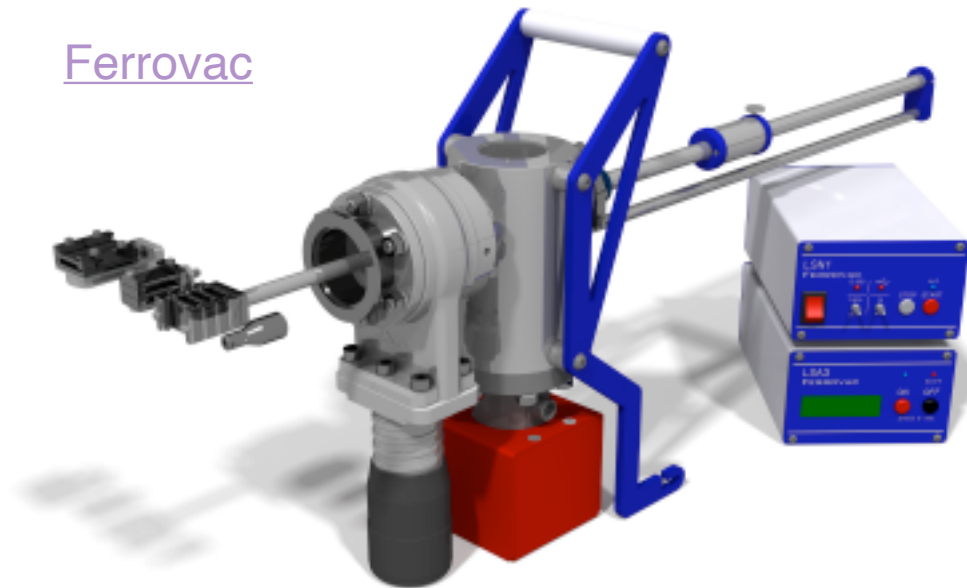
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- ▶ Need to comply with the multiple containment principle
  - ▶ **Redesign T-chamber** (smaller volume, less gas “consumption”) - minimal setup: fixed holder? thermal cracker
  - ▶ It must be tritium compatible
  - ▶ T-chamber must go into a “**glove box**”
    - ▶ Can we reuse something at AGHS ? Should be design a new one ?
    - ▶ **Important:** tritiated graphene cannot exposed to air, must stay in vacuum (we know hydrogen is substituted by oxygen)
    - ▶ **Manipulation of the sample though the glove box in vacuum**

# Shipping of the sample

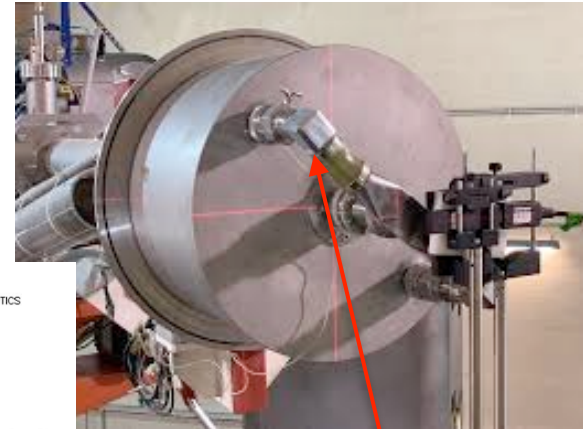
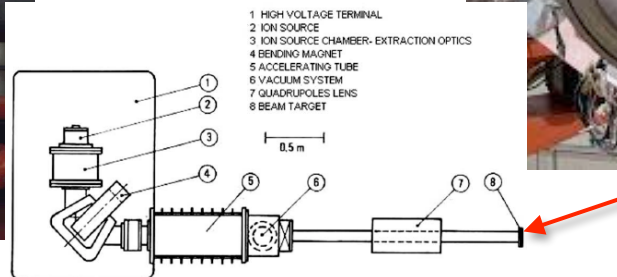
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- ▶ Legal issues
- ▶ we need a special suitcase to ship a sample to be kept in vacuum  
Commercial “vacuum” suitcase available



# Where “solid” tritium is used in Italy

- ▶ **ENEA FNG (Frascati Neutron Generator)**
  - ▶ ENEA Frascati where the ITER DTT (*divertor demonstrator*) will be built
  - ▶ Tritium **beam target** (D +T reaction to yield neutrons)
  - ▶ Bought from a French company (metal “tritide”)
- ▶ Tritiated graphene will be like tritium absorbed in a metal



**Beam target**

The whole vacuum chamber of the FNG is connected to a tritium detection system  
Beam target kept in a glove box  
Exhaust sent to atmosphere

# Outlook

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- ▶ Accessing tritium is vital for our Ptolemy experiment
- ▶ We believe we need various steps
  - ▶ 1) design of a new smaller T-chamber to be located into a glove box (optimise gas flow, reduce contaminants, check parts are compliant with tritium usage...)
    - ▶ **Need AGHS expertise**
  - ▶ 2) manipulation of the sample in vacuum
  - ▶ 3) shipping (in vacuum) according to regulations
  - ▶ 4) assessment of the level of radioactivity with standard metrology
  - ▶ 5) first test in a vacuum chamber (beta spectrum, ...)

*We expect it can be a few years project*

*We currently have some funding to start (in the process to ask more to INFN)*

*During 2025-2026 commissioning of the Ptolemy demonstrator (magnet)*

*We can wait end of 2026 at the earliest to have tritiated graphene in the demonstrator*

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# Feasibility study

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1. The tritium compatibility of the design of the Ptolemy sample preparation system (including the primary vacuum chamber and cracker)
2. Viability of integrating into our tritium subsystems in the vacuum conditions and timeframe required by the Ptolemy Project.
3. Investigating the regulatory landscape and export possibilities to ensure tritium is appropriately handled and shipped in accordance with international requirements.

1. 4 months
2. Wants to meet us at the beginning
3. They want requirements from us well spelled.



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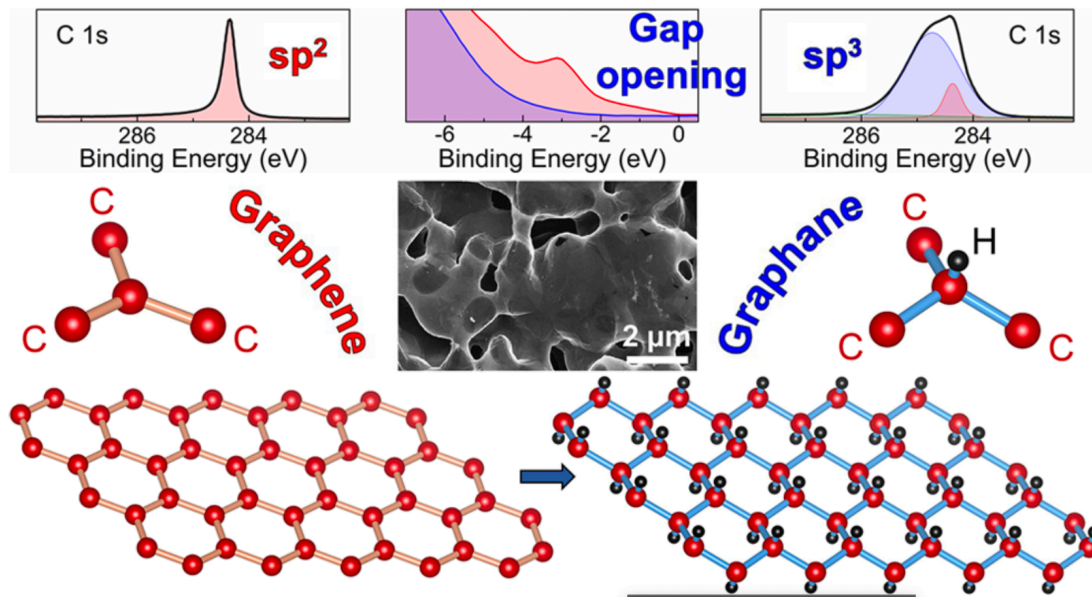
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# Demonstration of graphene hydrogenation

- ▶ Use thermal cracking in vacuum

## Gap Opening in Double-Sided Highly Hydrogenated Free-Standing Graphene



- ▶ Nanoporous graphene (NPG) as substrate
- ▶ X-ray spectroscopy to see  $sp^3$  bonds to measure hydrogen uptake

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