## A search for $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \sqrt{\nu}$ at KEK-PS E391a experiment

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for the E391 collaboration

#### outline

- Background sources for  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v \overline{v}$ 
  - K<sub>L</sub> decays
  - Halo neutrons
- Estimation of Backgrounds
  - K<sub>L</sub> simulation (cf. previous talk)
  - Halo neutron simulation
  - Special run with  $\pi^0$  production target
- Summary

# Backgrounds for $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \overline{\nu}$

- $K_L \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ 
  - no extra particles
    - cut: Pt, acoplanarity angle
  - negligible
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \rightarrow 4\gamma$ 
  - 2 gamma missing
    - cut: veto counters, "fusion" of gammas
  - estimated to be 0.16 events
- $\pi^{0}$ 's from the interaction of "Halo" neutrons
  - neutrons around the beamline
    hit some detectors and produce π<sup>0</sup>'s
  - cut: reconstructed vertex
    - moved by shower leakage and additional energy deposition
  - estimation
    - Halo neutron generation with a neutral beamline simulatioin
    - special run



# 2 gamma plot

- a tentative plot of single  $\pi^0$  reconstruction
  - using the full data of the second run in 2005
  - w/ cuts for K<sub>L</sub> backgrounds
  - events in the two clusters clearly seen
    - up-stream: "CC02" events
    - down-stream: "CV" events
- "blind" analysis: without looking at the inside the signal box





- MC scheme: 3 steps
  - target simulation
    - w/ I2GeV proton on the platinum target
  - beamline simulation
    - w/ particles from target sim. into the collimator system
  - detector simulation
    - w/ neutrons hitting the detector





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#### Result

- Statistics
  - 2.8x10<sup>10</sup> halo neutron incident (1/2.6 of data equivalent)
- downstream events are well-reproduced
  - use this MC to estimate BG
- upstream events are much less than data
  - neutrons w/ large angle might be not correctly reproduced
    - → use data of special run for BG estimation



#### Downstream events



#### Result of BG estimation



#### Upstream events

- Big discrepancy between data and MC
  - absolute number of Halo neutrons?
  - efficiency of upstream counters?
- BG source
  - shower leakage in Csl
    - rec. vertex move to downstream
    - estimation
      - $\pi^0$  production target run data





# **π<sup>0</sup>** production target run

- special run with a 5 mm thick aluminum target
  - the Al target at the entrance of decay region
  - "core" neutrons hit it and produce π<sup>0</sup>'s
  - used for correction of calibration w/ known vertex
  - Half intensity of primary proton
- Iook at the behavior of the tail by leakage
- same cuts for  $\Pi^0 \vee \overline{\vee}$  analysis
  - ~ 20000 CC02 events (halon MC: ~50 events )





## Position correction

2mm lead /

....

support plate(Al)

1mm lead /

fiber (BCF-91A)

2.5 m

5mm scint. (7 layers)

5mm scint. (29 layers)

1mm lead /

additional sc

....

5mm scint. (7 layers)

8cm

- π<sup>0</sup> generation points are different between CC02 and the target
- convolution in  $\pi^0$  reconstruction
  - R: 8cm
  - z: correction with the target position PDF of interaction point : f( exp(-x/ $\lambda$ ) ) :  $\lambda$ =0.5cm



### Result of position correction

- peak
  - target run: 266.9, physics run: 268.7±0.8
- sigma
  - target run: 10.52, physics run: 13.5±0.8



## distributions of $\pi^{0'}s$

- momentum and pt of π0
  - Iimited by the geometrical acceptance
  - distributions from pi0 target run and physics run show good agreement
    - $\Rightarrow$  estimate shower leakage probability



#### Result

- counting the number of events in the box
  - fit functions not used
- BG events in upstream
  - z=300-320: 13.0 ± 0.6 events
  - z>320 : 2.3 ± 0.3 events





- pi0nn MC
  - I0<sup>8</sup> KL
    - ex.) 40654 events in 320-500cm
  - Acceptance
    - = 40654 / 10<sup>8</sup> / 0.0283 (decay prob.)
      - \* 0.8445 (acci. loss)
    - $= 1.21 \times 10^{-2}$
- NKL =  $(5.35 \pm 0.74) \times 10^9$
- SES =  $I / (I.21 \times 10^{-2} * 5.35 \times 10^{9})$ 
  - $= 1.54 \times 10^{-8}$





# Summary

- we understand the behavior of backgrounds for  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v \overline{v}$ 
  - KL decays
    - well-reproduced by MC
    - almost negligible
  - Halo neutron background
    - two kinds of events
      - downstream
        - reproduced by the combination of MC's
      - upstream
        - stimated of the tail events by  $\pi^0$  production at AI target
    - Result
      - still more than 3.0 event
        - developing further cuts
- Future
  - optimize upstream halo neutron events
  - examine other small background sources

 $\Rightarrow$  open the BOX!!