

Non-local Charges from Perturbed Defects

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2504.05277

Bologna 2025

Motivation: to investigate symmetries of "new" flows

Prototype new flow: $M_{3,10} + \varphi_{1,7} \rightarrow M_{3,8}$

Conjectured TBA equation for ground state energy

Consistent with preservation of topological defects

Can we find other indications of integrability?

Consider some simple integrable flows :

Massless flow

$$TCIM \rightarrow IM \quad \mathcal{M}_{4,5} + \Phi_{1,3} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{4,3}$$

Massive flow

$$LY \rightarrow SLY \quad \mathcal{M}_{2,5} + \Phi_{1,2} \rightarrow SLYM$$

Measures of Integrability :

TBA
system

local
Conserved
quantities

Classical
Integrable
model

$$\mathcal{M}_{4,5} + \Phi_{1,3} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{4,3}$$

✓

$1, 3, 5, \dots$

$q_1^{(1)}$

Sine-Gordon

$$\mathcal{M}_{2,5} + \Phi_{1,2} \rightarrow \text{SLYM}$$

✓

$1, 5, 7, 11, \dots$

$q_2^{(1)}$

ZMS-BD- $T_{\frac{7}{2}}$.

$$\mathcal{M}_{3,10} + \Phi_{1,7} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{3,8}$$

(✓)

Local conserved quantities

[Zam. '89]

In CFT, holomorphic (chiral) current

$$J(z) \bar{\partial} J = 0$$

In perturbed CFT, $\delta S = \mu \int \varphi(z) d^2z$

$$\bar{\partial} J = \mu (J\varphi)_1$$

If $(J\varphi)_1 = \partial X$ then

$$\bar{\partial} J = \partial(\mu X)$$

$$Q = \int J dz + \int \mu X d\bar{z}$$

We have checked up to $\Delta(J) = 20$:

No non-zero J

$$(J\varphi_i)_1 = 2(\dots)$$

$$\boxed{\ln M_{3,10}}$$

Results of search for local charges for \mathcal{Q}_{17} perturbations.

$M(p, q)$	c	h	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
(2, 9)	$-\frac{46}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{5}$	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—
(2, 11)	$-\frac{232}{11}$	$-\frac{9}{11}$	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—
(3, 8)	$-\frac{21}{4}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	—	—	1	—	2	—	2	1	3	1	5	3	6
(5, 8)	$-\frac{7}{20}$	$\frac{9}{2}$	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(7, 8)	$\frac{25}{28}$	$\frac{15}{2}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
(13, 18)	$\frac{14}{39}$	$\frac{17}{3}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1

Table 6: Models $M(p, q)$ with $p, q \leq 20$ for which there are currents with spins ≤ 16 for $\psi_{1,7}$ perturbations which solve the first-order conservation condition (C.8), together with the number of independent currents for each spin.

Rigid Defects

Further conserved quantities : rigid defects

Well-known in Lee-Yang model

- Free field construction [BLZ '94]
- Intrinsic CFT construction [Runkel '08, '10]

Starting point : topological defects

- Topological defect symmetry preserved along flow
- Topological defect symmetry broken by perturbation

Defect commutes with perturbing field

Defect does not commute with perturbing field

Defects in Scaling Lee-Yang model

$\mathcal{M}_{2,5}$: Single non-trivial primary field

$$\begin{matrix} \varphi \\ h = \bar{h} = -1/5 \end{matrix}$$

Single non-trivial defect

$$\mathcal{D} \equiv \mathcal{D}_{(1,2)}$$

- \mathcal{D} does not commute with the perturbation

$$[\varphi(z), \mathcal{D}] = \text{diagram} \neq 0$$

Defects in Scaling Lee-Yang model

$\mathcal{M}_{2,5}$: Single non-trivial primary field

$$\varphi$$

$$h = \bar{h} = -1/5$$

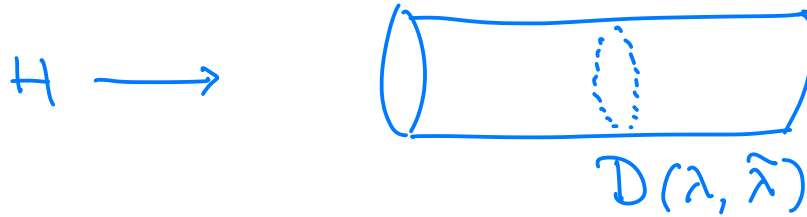
Single non-trivial defect

$$\mathcal{D} \equiv \mathcal{D}_{(1,2)}$$

- \mathcal{D} does not commute with the perturbation
- Fields ψ ($h = -1/5, \bar{h} = 0$) $\tilde{\psi}$ ($h = 0, \bar{h} = -1/5$) s.t.

$$[\varphi(z), \mathcal{D}] = \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} = c. \left(\begin{array}{c} \psi \quad \tilde{\psi} \\ \bullet \quad \bullet \end{array} \text{---} - \begin{array}{c} \tilde{\psi} \quad \psi \\ \bullet \quad \bullet \end{array} \text{---} \right)$$

Can show the perturbed defect commutes with the Hamiltonian



$$H = (L_0 + \bar{L}_0 - \frac{c}{12}) + \mu \int \varphi d\theta$$

$$D(\lambda, \tilde{\lambda}) = e^{\int \lambda \psi + \tilde{\lambda} \tilde{\psi} d\theta} \cdot D$$

$$[H, D(\lambda, \tilde{\lambda})] = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mu = \lambda \tilde{\lambda}$$

Defects Commute:

$$\left[D\left(\lambda, \frac{\mu}{\lambda}\right), D\left(\hat{\lambda}, \frac{\mu}{\hat{\lambda}}\right) \right] = 0$$

Infinite set (family) of commuting non-local charges

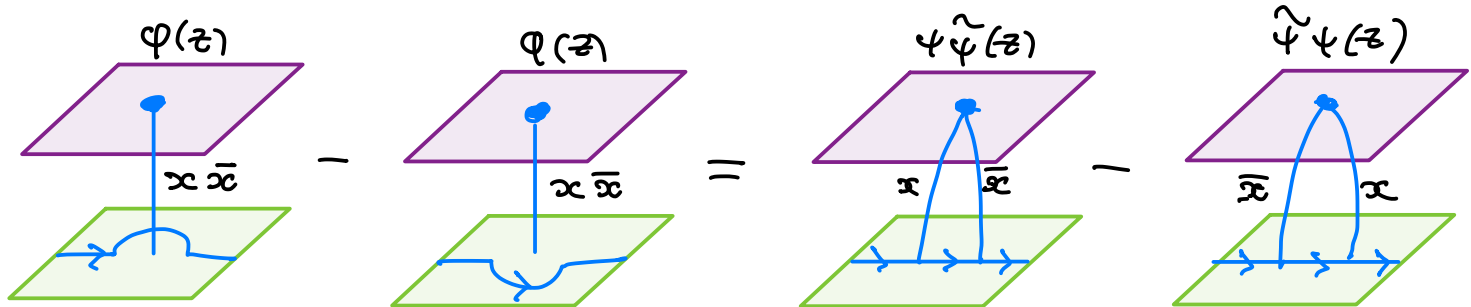
- $D(\lambda, \hat{\lambda})$ commutes with $H \iff \lambda \hat{\lambda} = \mu$
- $D\left(\lambda, \frac{\mu}{\lambda}\right) \rightarrow \mathbb{1}$ if $\lambda \rightarrow \infty$
- Have asymptotic expansion over local charges as $\lambda \rightarrow \infty$
- Satisfies functional relation $D^{(+)} \cdot D^{(-)} = 1 + D$

Bulk Commutation condition

- Bulk field φ (h, \bar{h})
- Defect D
- Defect fields ψ ($h, 0$) and $\bar{\psi}$ ($0, h$)

$$\mu[D, \varphi] = \lambda \hat{\lambda} [\psi, \bar{\psi}]$$

Nice interpretation in SymTFT



Standard

TFT

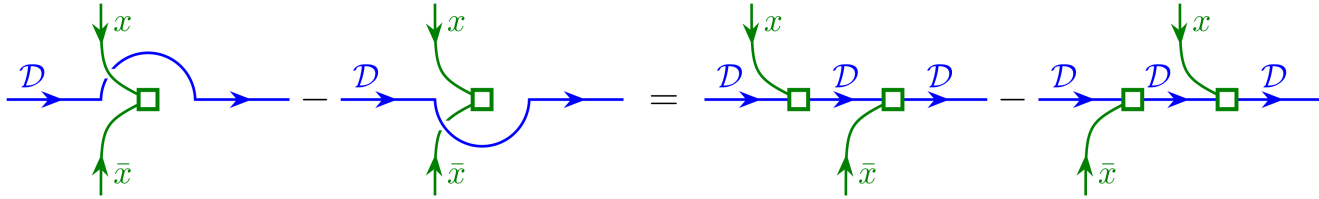
rules :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Diagram 1} = \sum_q F_{pq}^{(ijk)l} \text{Diagram 2} = \sum_q G_{pq}^{(ijk)l} \text{Diagram 3} \\
 & \text{Diagram 4} = R^{(ij)k} \text{Diagram 5} = \frac{1}{R^{(ji)k}} \text{Diagram 6} \quad i \text{ loop} = \theta_i \text{Diagram 7} \\
 & \text{Diagram 8} = \delta_{kl} N_{ij}^k \text{Diagram 9} \quad i \text{ loop} = i \text{ loop} = \dim(i)
 \end{aligned}$$

Basis of
defect fields

$$\psi = \sum_{a,b \in \mathcal{D}} \kappa_{ab} \text{Diagram 10} , \quad \bar{\psi} = \sum_{a,b \in \mathcal{D}} \tilde{\kappa}_{ab} \text{Diagram 11} ,$$

Bulk commutation
relation



Equations for $\kappa, \tilde{\kappa}$

$$\delta_{ac} \left(R^{(xa)b} - \frac{1}{R^{(ax)b}} \right) F_{1b}^{(ax\bar{x})a} = \delta_{b \in \mathcal{D}} \kappa_{ab} \tilde{\kappa}_{bc} - \sum_{d \in \mathcal{D}} F_{db}^{(xa\bar{x})c} \tilde{\kappa}_{ad} \kappa_{dc}$$

Results of Bulk Commutation Test

Depends on: The field $\Phi_{r,s}$

The defect $D = \{ D_{r,s} ; \mathbb{1} \oplus D_{r,s} ; \dots \}$

The model M_{pq}

Typically $\psi, \tilde{\psi}$ determined by the condition (up to normalisation)

Results of Bulk Commutation Test

Depends on : The field $\Phi_{r,s}$

The defect $D = \{ D_{r,s'} ; \mathbb{1} \oplus D_{r,s} ; \dots \}$

The model $\mathcal{M}_{p,q}$

Φ	D	$\mathcal{M}_{p,q}$
Known cases : $\Phi_{1,3}$	D_{12}	: all models $\mathcal{M}_{p,q}$, $q \geq 4$
$\Phi_{1,2}$	$\mathbb{1} + D_{12}$: all models $\mathcal{M}_{p,q}$, $q \geq 4$
$\Phi_{1,5}$	D_{13}	: all models $\mathcal{M}_{p,q}$, $q \geq 6$

In all cases the defects mutually commute.

$$\underline{\mathcal{M}_{3,10} + \Phi_{17}}$$

9 fundamental defects $D_{1,s} \quad 1 \leq s \leq 9$

$\psi, \tilde{\psi}$ exist on $D_{1,4} \quad D_{1,5} \quad D_{1,6}$

Bulk commutation relation $\begin{cases} \checkmark & \text{satisfied for } D_{1,5} \\ \times & \text{not satisfied for } D_{1,4}, D_{1,6} \end{cases}$

Relation to local conserved charges : behaviour for $\lambda \rightarrow \infty$
(later, if time)

$\mathcal{P}_{1,7}$ in general models $\mathcal{M}_{p,q}$

$\mathcal{D}_{1,5}$: $\psi, \bar{\psi}$ in $\mathcal{D}_{1,5}$ requires $q \geq 9$

Bulk commutation only satisfied for $q = 9, 10, 18$

In each case, the perturbed defects mutually commute

$\mathcal{Q}_{1,s}$ in $\mathcal{M}_{3,10}$

Defect	Perturbation			
	(13)	(15)	(17)	(19)
(12)	✓			
(13)	✓	✓		
(14)	✓	✗	✗ *	
(15)	✓	✓	✓ *	✓ *
(16)	✓	✗	✗ *	
(17)	✓	✓		
(18)	✓			

* : requires regularisation, results only formal

$\mathcal{P}_{1,s}$ in general models $M_{p,q}$

Bulk commutation ok for

\mathcal{D} in $M_{p,q}$ for q in

$\mathcal{P}_{1,9}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(15)}$

$\{10, 11, 12\}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(16)}$

$\{11, 12\}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(17)}$

$\{12, 14\}$

$\mathcal{P}_{1,11}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(16)}$

$\{12, 13\}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(17)}$

$\{13, 14\}$

$\mathcal{P}_{1,13}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(17)}$

$\{14, 15, 16\}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(18)}$

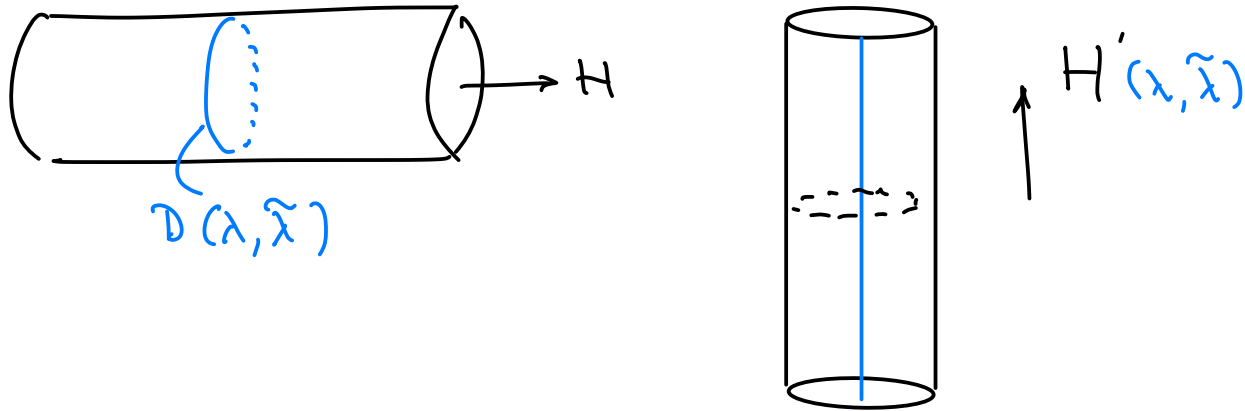
$\{15, 16\}$

$\mathcal{D}_{(19)}$

$\{16, 18\}$

Behaviour as $\lambda \rightarrow \infty$

The nature of the endpoint $D \rightarrow ?$ can be identified by looking at the spectrum of the Hamiltonian in the crossed channel

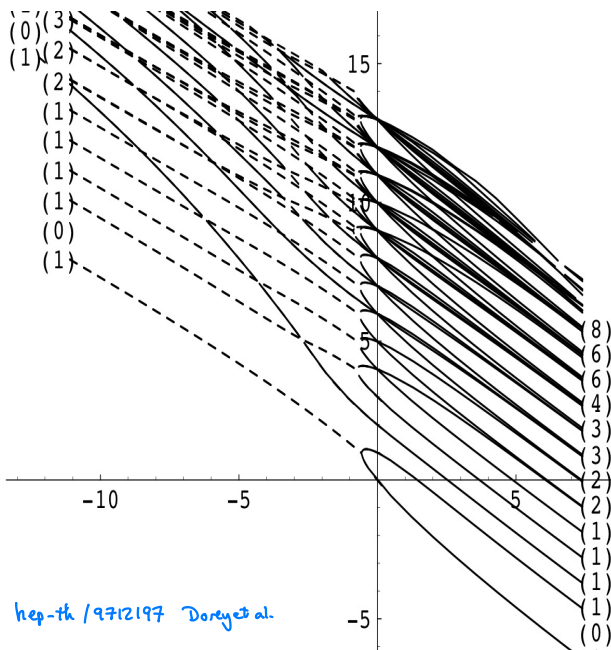


(Actually easier to look at models on a strip..)

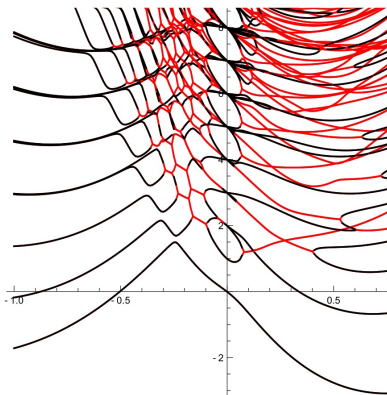
Simpler still to look at

- $\lambda \rightarrow \infty$ limit in case $\mu=0$.
- Model on a strip.

$$\mathcal{M}_{2,5} : D_{12} + \psi_{12}$$

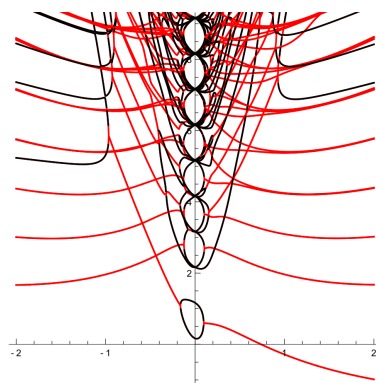


$$\mathcal{M}_{3,10} : D_{14} + \psi_{17}$$



$$D_{(1,4)} + \lambda \psi_{(1,7)}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{3,10} : D_{15} + \psi_{17}$$



$$D_{(1,5)} + \lambda \psi_{(1,7)}$$

Further cases

So far, mostly considered perturbations of a single elementary defect

Also looked at $\mathcal{D} = \mathbb{1} + \mathcal{D}_{(15)}$ ψ_{15} is a "defect changing field"

Found many more cases which satisfy bulk commutation relation.

Analysis of commutativity of perturbed defects still to be done.

Outlook

- Check if formal calculations survive after regularisation and renormalisation
- Check if can establish T-function type relations in "new" cases
- Do defects commute in other cases?
- Extend to bandory / strip systems [WIP with A. Konechny]
- Do these charges, if they exist, actually have anything to do with integrability?

Thank You.