

The Large Hadron electron Collider (LHeC) *as an alternative or bridge project between major colliders at CERN*



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Nikhef & VUB

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ESPP Open Symposium
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Remit of the European Strategy Group (ESG)

- The aim of the Strategy update should be to develop a **visionary and concrete plan** that greatly advances human knowledge in fundamental physics through the **realisation of the next flagship project at CERN**. This plan should attract and value **international collaboration** and should **allow Europe to continue to play a leading role in the field.**
- The ESG should take into consideration:
 - Input of the particle physics community;
 - Status of implementation of the 2020 Strategy update;
 - Accomplishments over recent years
(Results from the LHC and other experiments and facilities worldwide, progress in the construction of the High-Luminosity LHC, outcome of the FCC Feasibility Study, recent technological developments in accelerator, detector and computing areas)
 - International landscape of the field
- The Strategy update should include the **preferred option for the next collider at CERN** and **prioritised alternative options** to be pursued if the chosen preferred plan turns out not to be feasible or competitive.
- The Strategy update should also **indicate areas of priority for exploration complementary to colliders** and for other experiments to be considered at CERN and at other laboratories in Europe, as well as for participation in projects outside Europe.

Karl Jakobs
introduction slides

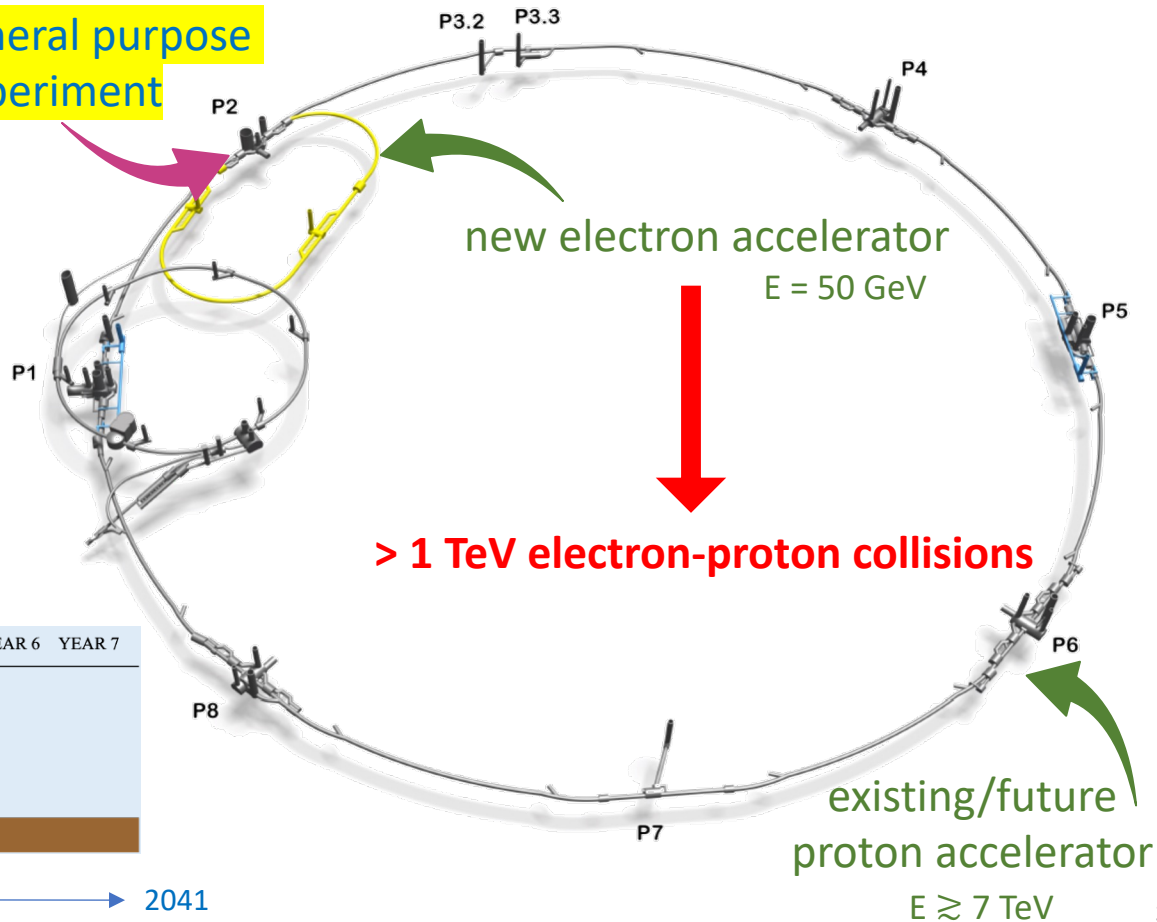
LHeC – parameters, timeline, resources, energy consumption

<https://indico.cern.ch/e/LHeCFCCeh>



one general purpose experiment

802.5MHz, 20MV/m in CW, 6x25mA in SRF
 ERL 3-turns, 50 GeV (1/3 of LHC circumference)
 Start operation after HL-LHC (>2041)
 Luminosity above $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 6 years of operation, 1 ab^{-1} (e.g. 2043-2048)
 120MW from HL-LHC + 100MW from e-beam

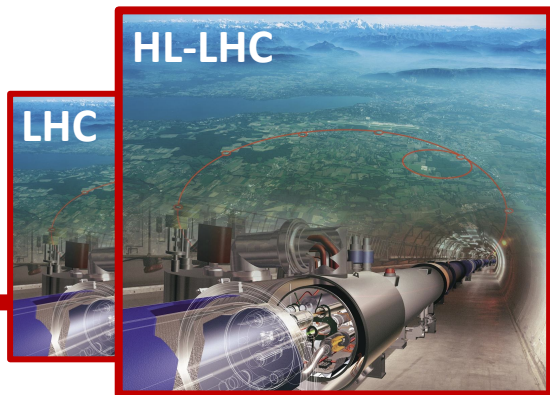


LHeC construction planning	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6	YEAR 7
Land negotiations							
Environmental Impact Study							
Building permits							
Detailed design & tendering							
Construction							

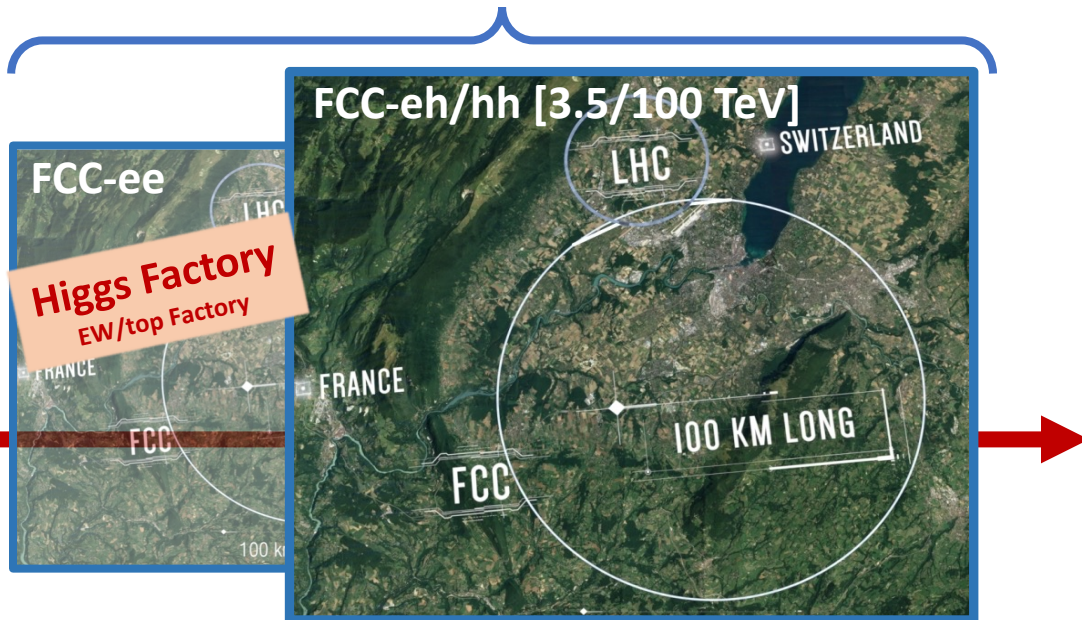
for example 2034 → 2041

Flagships at the energy & precision frontier

Current flagship (27km)
impressive program up to 2041



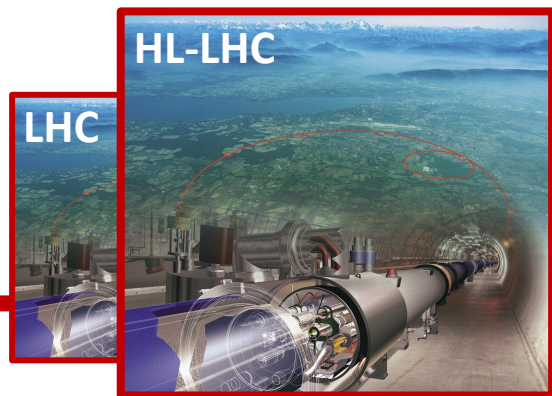
Future Circular Collider (FCC)
big sister future ambition (90km), beyond 2048



Flagships at the energy & precision frontier

Current flagship (27km)
impressive program up to 2041

cost ~2 BCHF \oplus one detector
operational cost similar to HL-LHC

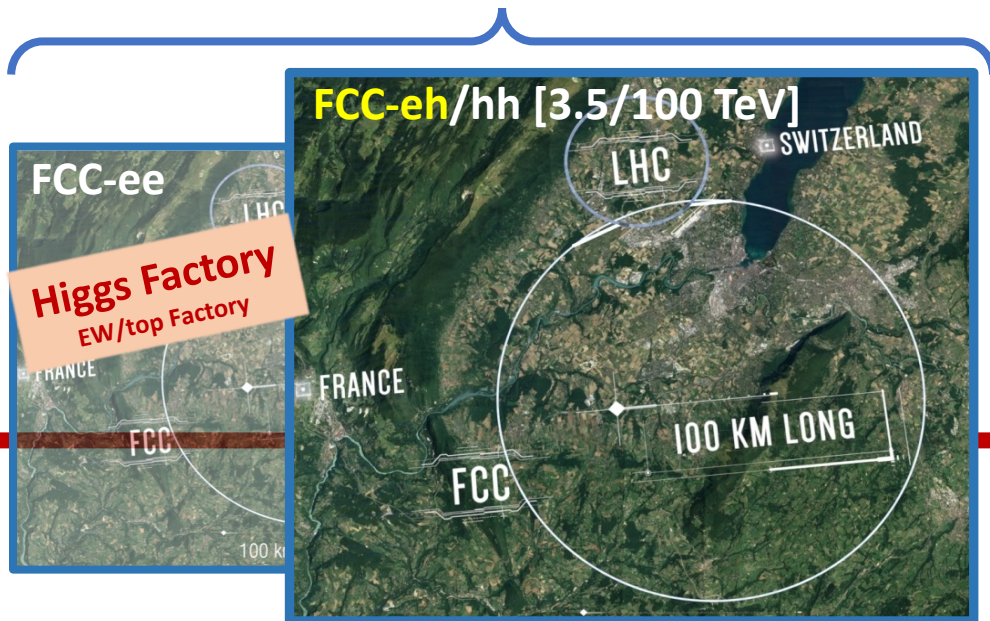


LHeC

ep-option after HL-LHC: LHeC
6y @ 1.2 TeV ($1ab^{-1}$)

Future Circular Collider (FCC)

big sister future ambition (90km), beyond 2048



The LHeC documents & related

Updated CDR

The Large Hadron-Electron Collider at the HL-LHC, J. Phys. G 48 (2021) 110501, 364p

LHeC ESPP'26 input

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1439855/contributions/6461616/>

LHeC as a bridge project document (more extensive document)

<https://inspirehep.net/literature/2903314>

PERLE as ESPP'26 input

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1439855/contributions/6461453/>

Other LHeC related input to ESPP'26

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1439855/contributions/6461558/>

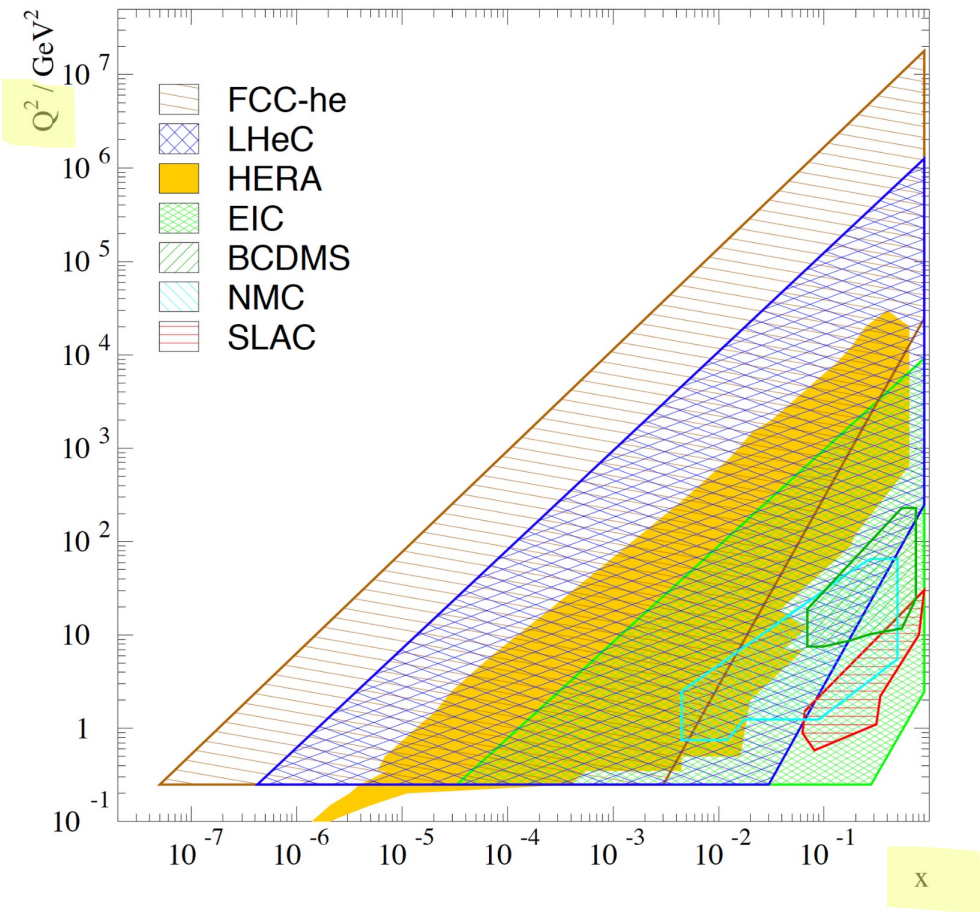
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1439855/contributions/6461469/>

Indico website

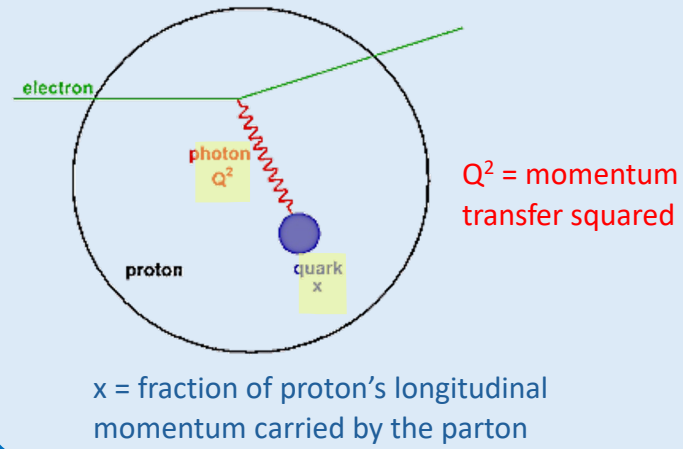
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The LHeC physics

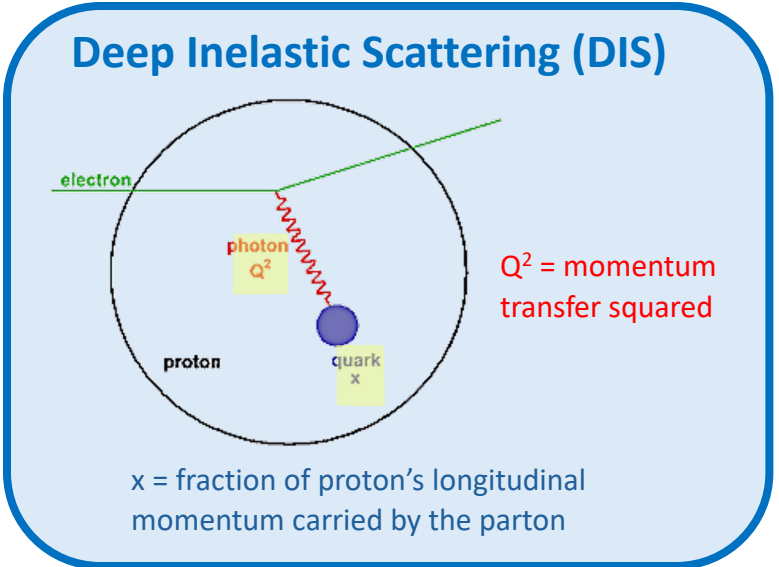
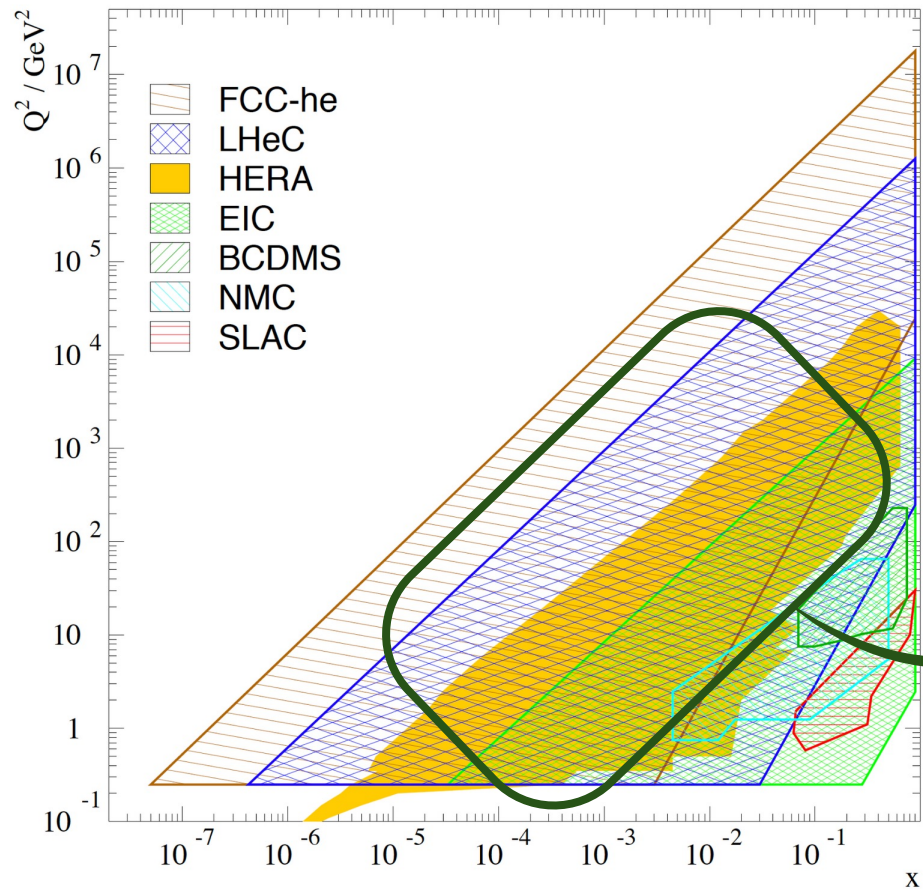
1.2 TeV ep collisions cover the (Q^2, x) plane



Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS)

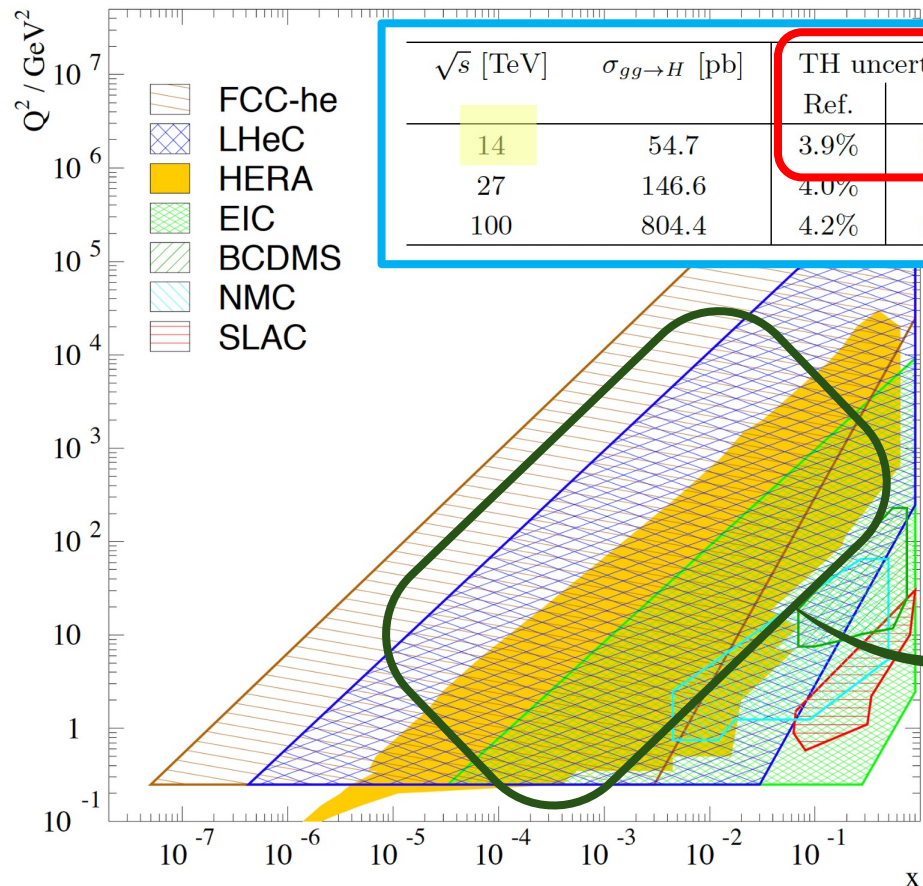


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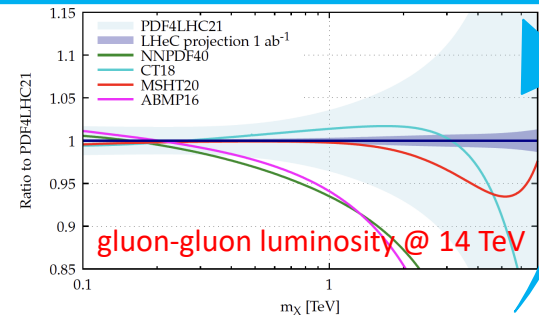
precision QCD physics
 $\Delta\alpha_s \sim 0.14\%$ & running of α_s
complete unfolding of PDFs covering a vast kinematic range

1.2 TeV ep collisions cover the (Q^2, x) plane



marginalising
PDF+ α_s uncertainties

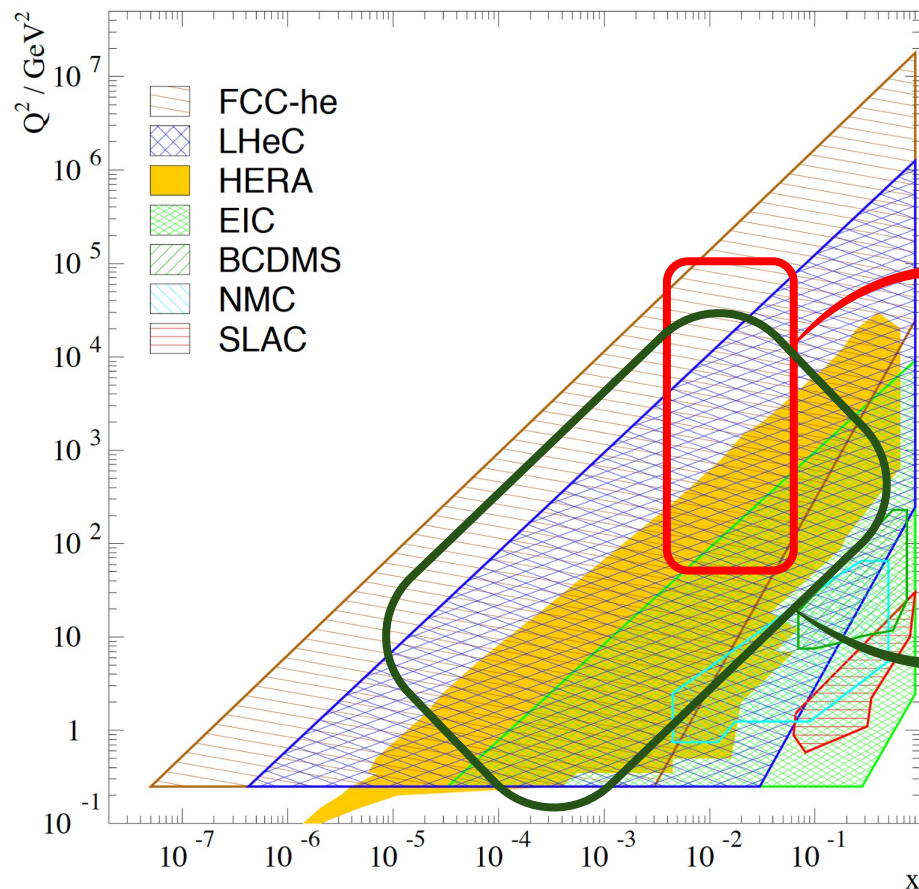
\sqrt{s} [TeV]	$\sigma_{gg \rightarrow H}$ [pb]	TH uncertainty		PDF+ α_s uncertainty			Total		
		Ref.	S2	Ref.	S2	S2+LHeC	Ref.	S2	S2+LHeC
14	54.7	3.9%	2.0%	3.2%	1.6%	0.5%	5.1%	2.6%	2.0%
27	146.6	4.0%	2.0%	3.3%	1.7%	0.6%	5.2%	2.6%	2.1%
100	804.4	4.2%	2.1%	3.7%	1.9%	0.7%	5.6%	2.8%	2.2%



LHeC empowering
 $gg \rightarrow H$ @ (HL)-LHC

precision QCD physics
 $\Delta\alpha_s \sim 0.14\%$ & running of α_s
complete unfolding of PDFs covering a vast kinematic range

1.2 TeV ep collisions cover the (Q^2, x) plane



**at these energies and luminosities,
interactions with all SM particles
can be measured precisely**

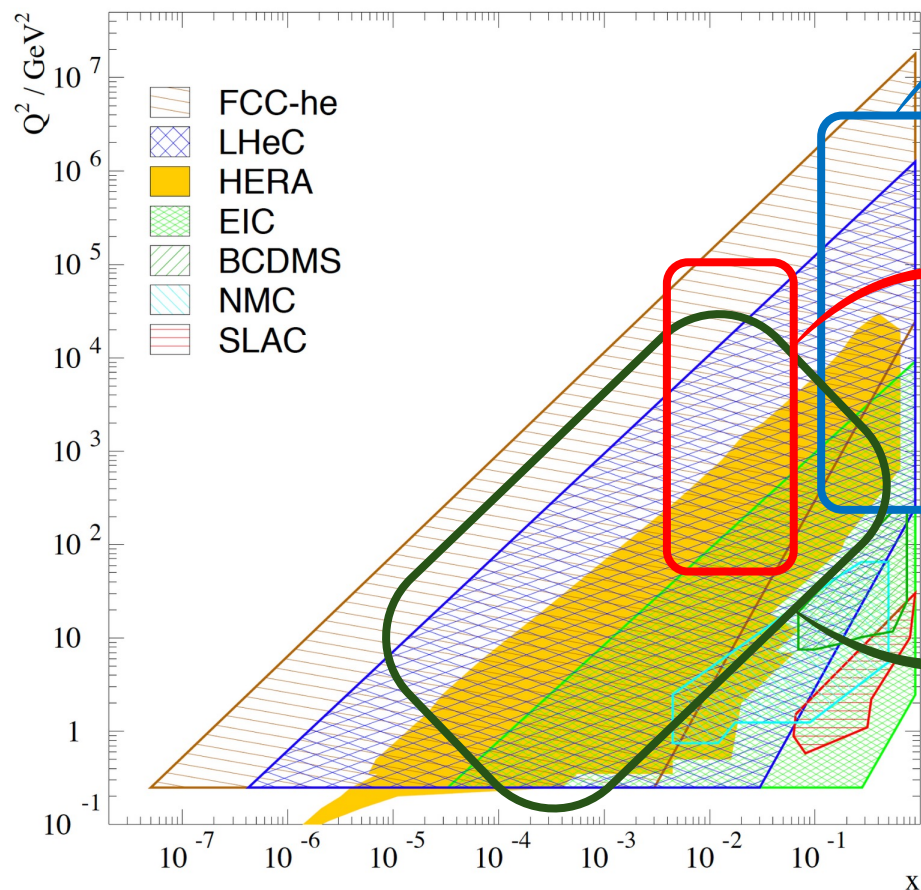
EW, Higgs and top quark physics

$\Delta m_W^{\text{LHC}} \sim 3 \text{ MeV}$, $\Delta |V_{tb}| \sim 1\%$, top-quark FCNC
 $\Delta \sin^2 \theta_W^{\text{eff}} \sim 0.0002$ (full scale-dependency)
weak neutral couplings to light quarks $\sim 1\%$
Higgs couplings largely improved wrt HL-LHC
improved SMEFT fits (accuracy & degeneracy)

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1.2 TeV ep collisions cover the (Q^2, x) plane



direct searches for new physics

unique environment: eq only EW interactions
e.g. heavy ν , dark γ , axion-like particles

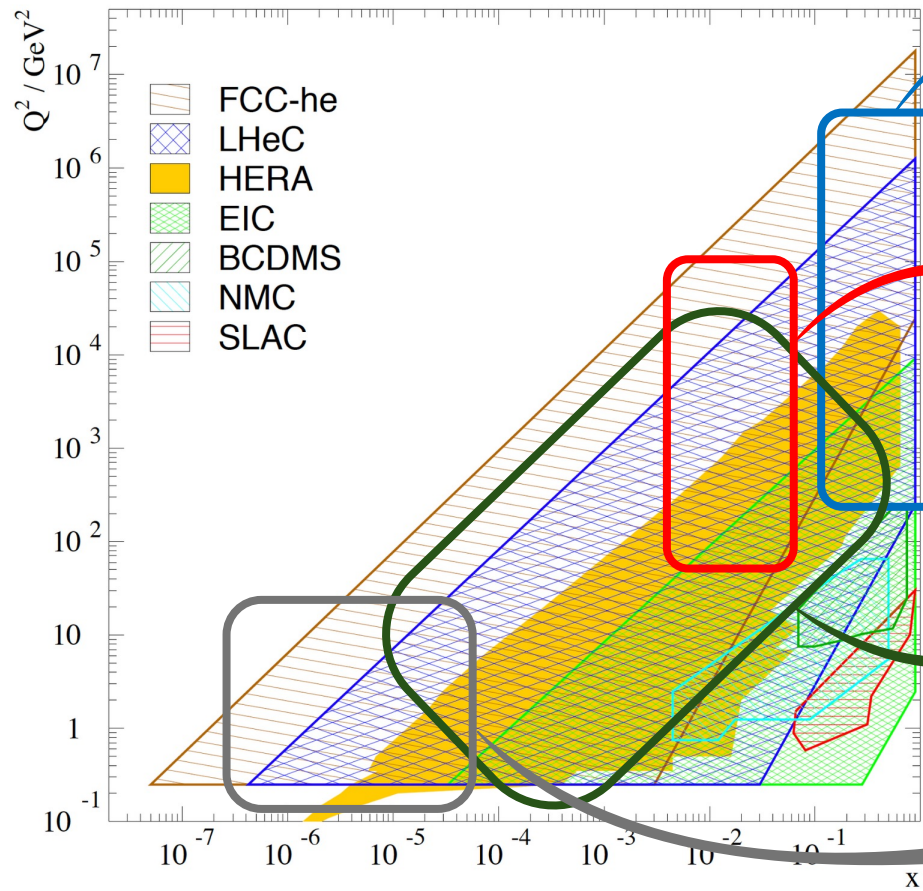
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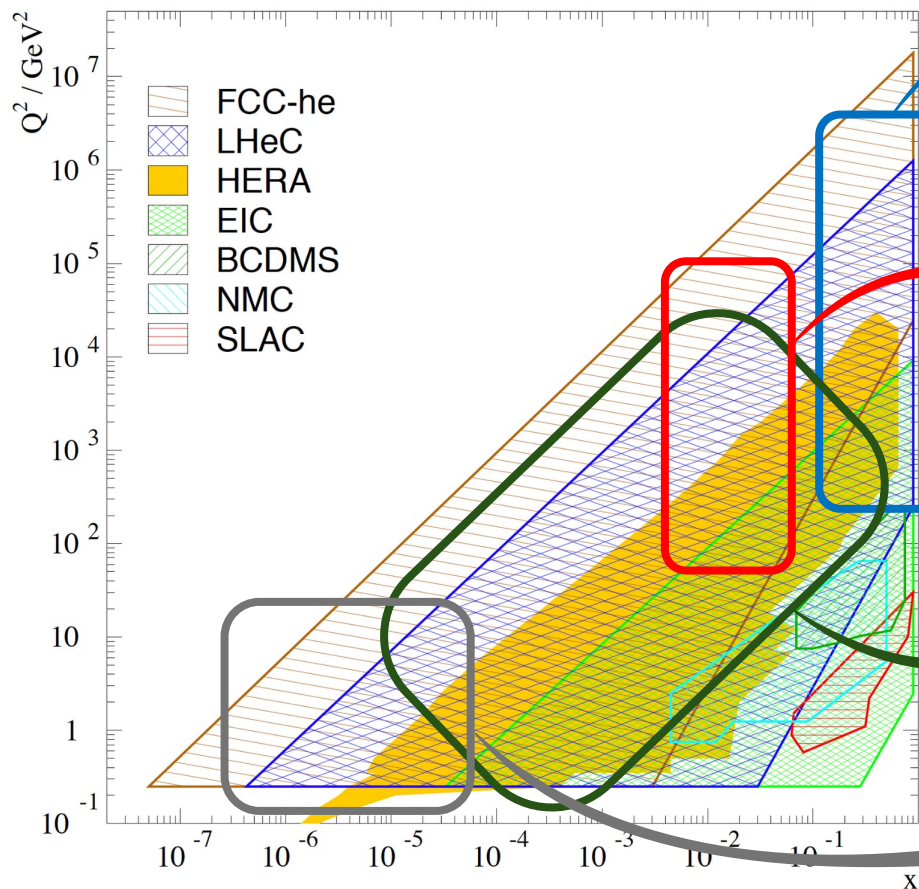
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non-linear QCD physics
a new discovery frontier

1.2 TeV ep collisions cover the (Q^2, x) plane → General Purpose Experiment



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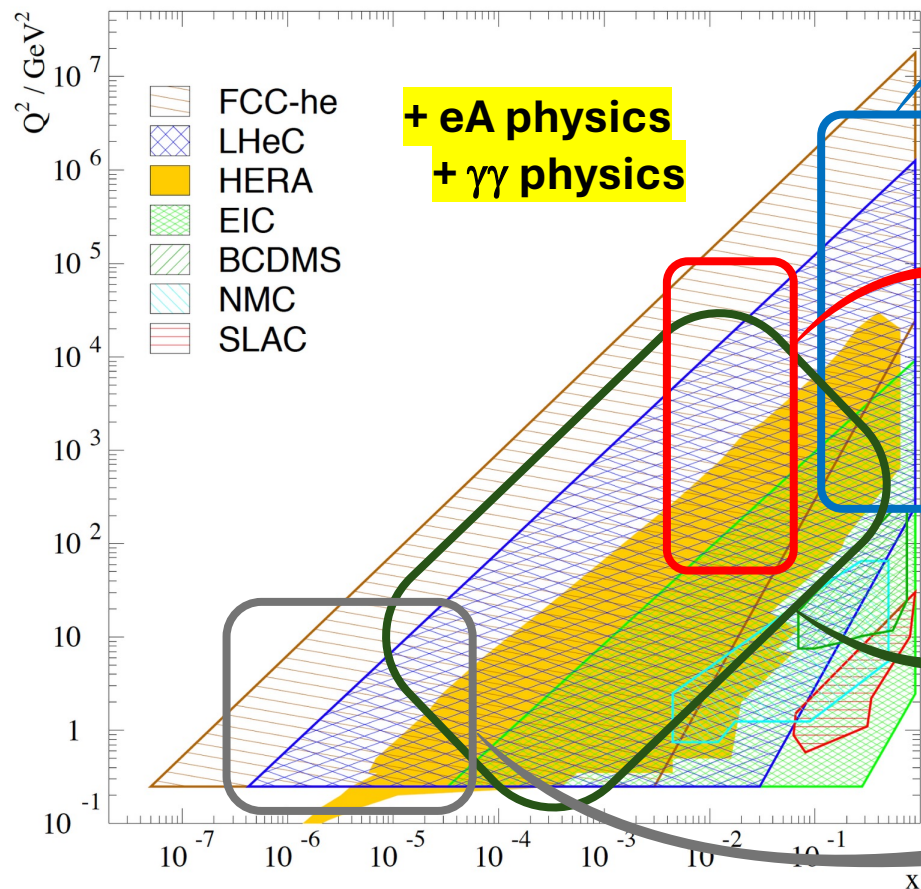
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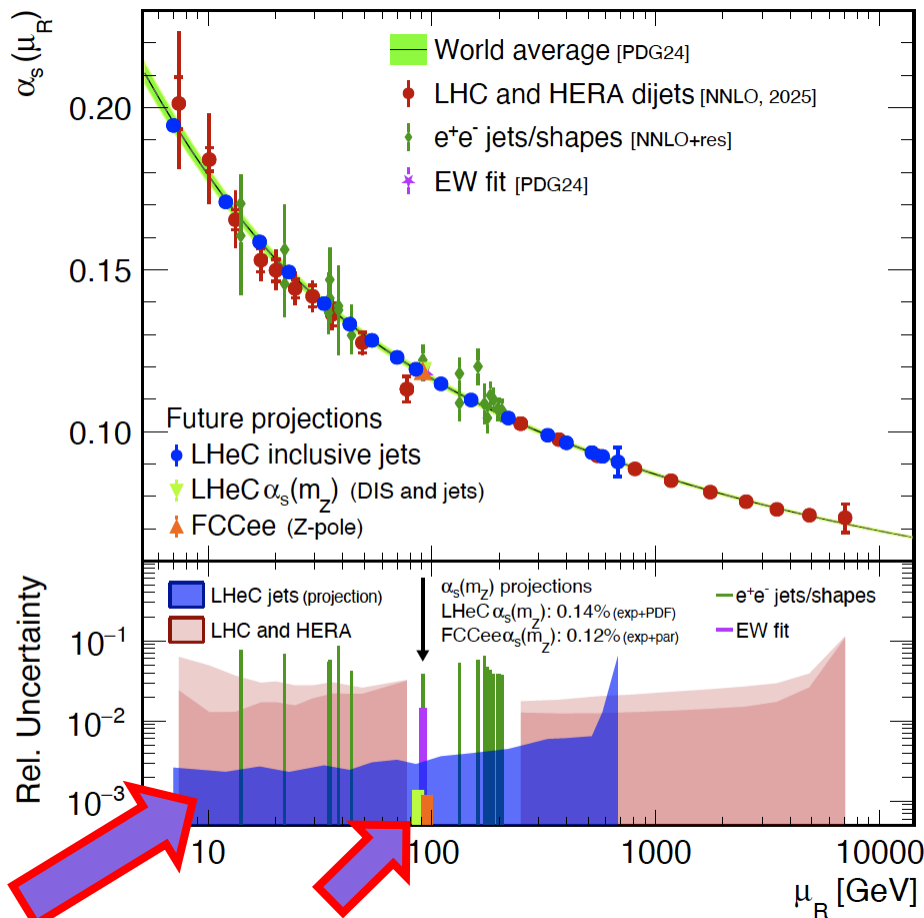
Some physics highlights: strong coupling constant

Measurement of a key SM parameter

- α_s value at m_Z : great relative accuracy of 0.14%
- α_s running: great accuracy over a very wide range of energy scales
- unique opportunity with the LHeC

Figure:

The lower panel displays relative uncertainties on $\alpha_s(\mu_R)$, where light-shaded areas show experimental plus theoretical uncertainties and dark shaded areas experimental uncertainties only.



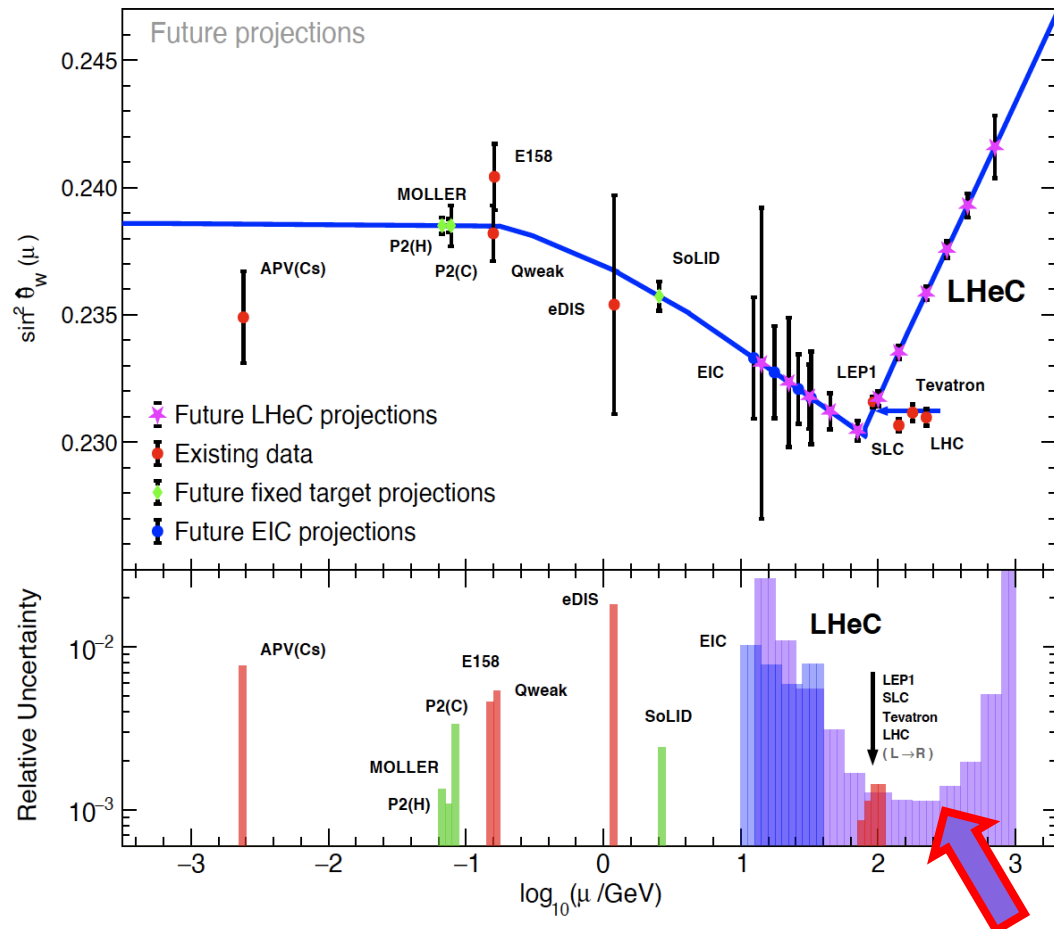
Some physics highlights: weak mixing angle

Measurement of a key SM parameter

- $\sin^2\theta_w$ at various scales: great accuracy over a very width range of energy scales
- first time ever
- unique opportunity with the LHeC

Figure:

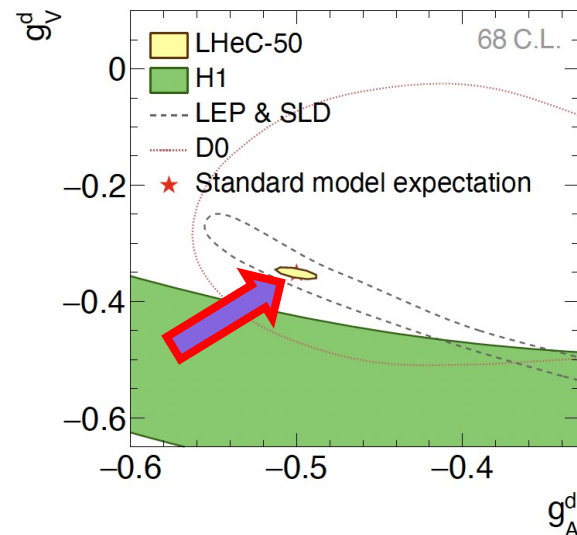
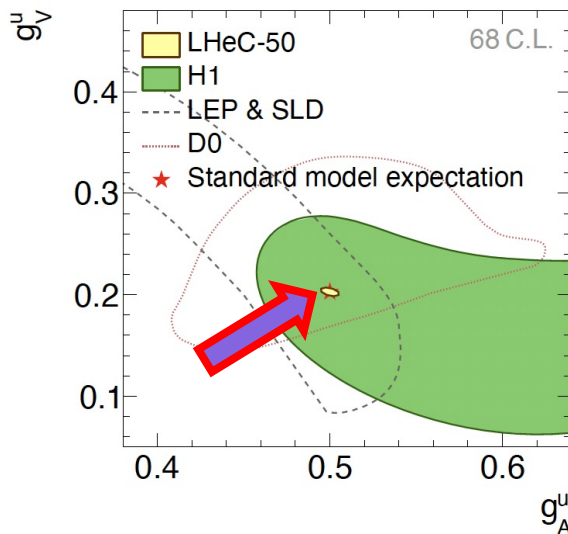
Present and future measurements of the running of the weak mixing angle in the MS scheme and prospected uncertainties as a function of the scale μ . The red markers and red uncertainties show present measurements and their relative uncertainties, respectively, and further data points display future projections as indicated.



Some physics highlights: more Electroweak parameters

Beyond the weak mixing angle, the Z exchange also probes weak Neutral Current couplings of light quarks (u,d) to the Z boson.

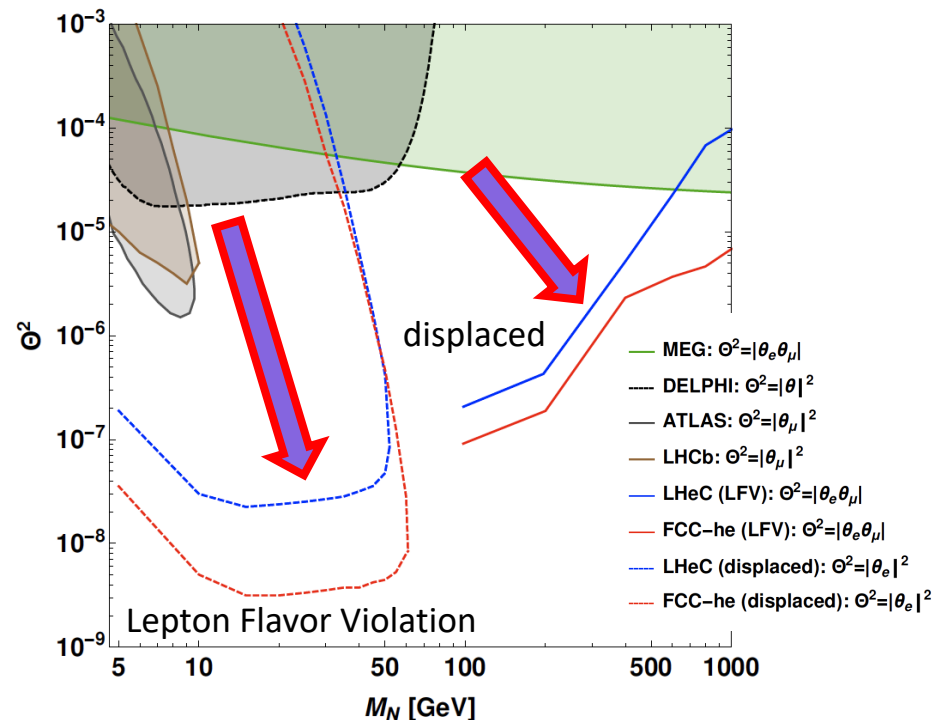
- **Vector and axial-vector couplings to light quarks:** percent level precision
- unique opportunity with the LHeC



Some physics highlights: searches for Heavy Neutrinos

At the LHeC **Heavy Neutrinos** can be produced via charged current interactions, with cross sections dependent on the active-sterile mixing parameter $|\theta_e|^2$.

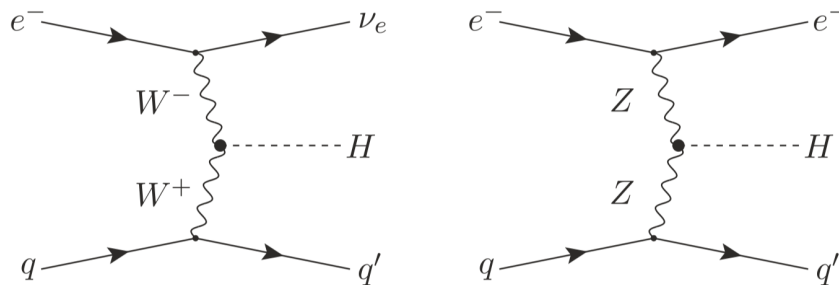
The most promising channels involve Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV) and displaced vertices for which the discovery reach is illustrated in the coupling versus mass plane in the figure, with the full and dashed lines respectively.



Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

The LHeC is partially a **Higgs Factory** with several couplings significantly improved over HL-LHC expectations, and combines well with LEP3.

- first time ever:
 κ_c
- greatly improved:
 $\kappa_b, \kappa_W, \kappa_Z$
- significantly improved:
 $\kappa_t, \kappa_\tau, \kappa_g$



200k Higgses @ LHeC

Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

The LHeC is partially a **Higgs Factory** with several couplings significantly improved over HL-LHC expectations, and combines well with LEP3.

- first time ever:
 K_G
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- significantly improved:
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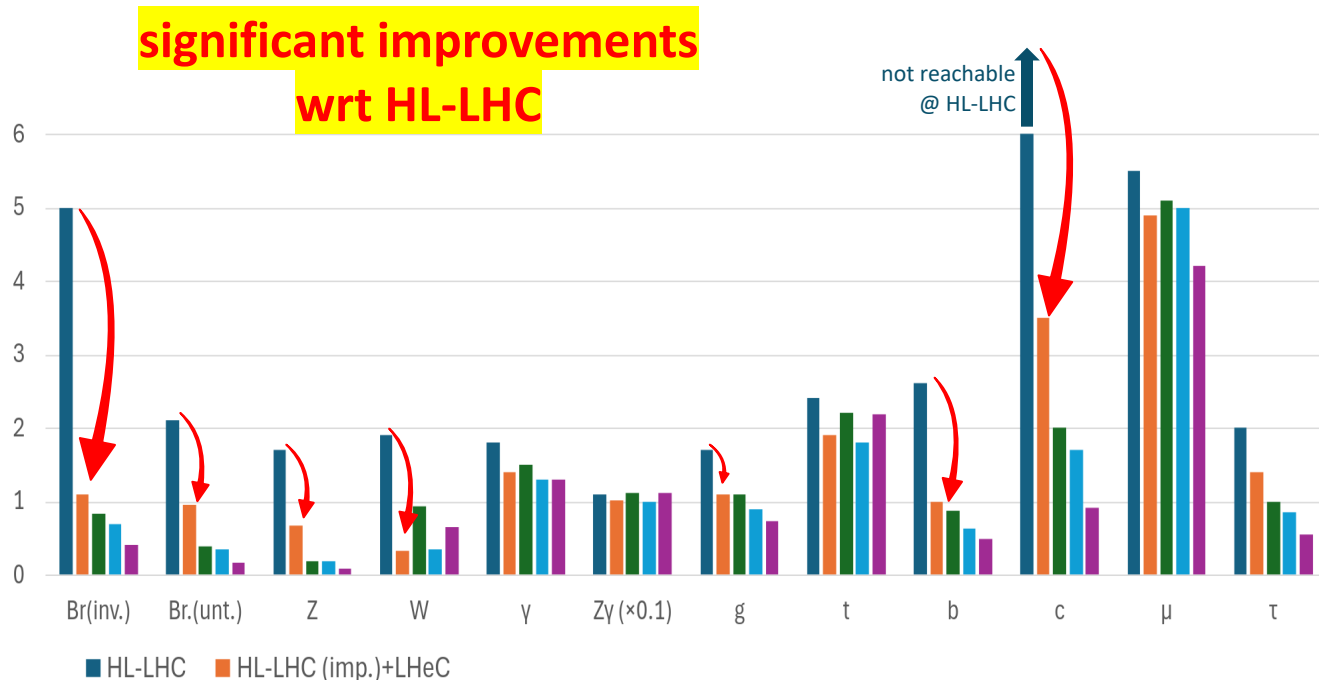


Figure:

The relative uncertainty on the coupling modifiers obtained in the kappa-3 SMEFiT framework, for different combinations of the HL-LHC, HL-LHC (with improved PDFs and α_s from the LHeC), LHeC, LEP3 and FCC-ee.

for hadron-hadron and hadron-lepton: impose $|\kappa_V| < 1$

many thanks to the SMEFiT authors (esp. Simone Tentori), 2105.00006

Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

The LHeC is partially a **Higgs Factory** with several couplings significantly improved over HL-LHC expectations, and **combines well with LEP3**.

- first time ever:
 K_C
- greatly improved:
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- significantly improved:
 K_t, K_τ, K_g

LHeC combines well with LEP3

wrt FCCee(240)

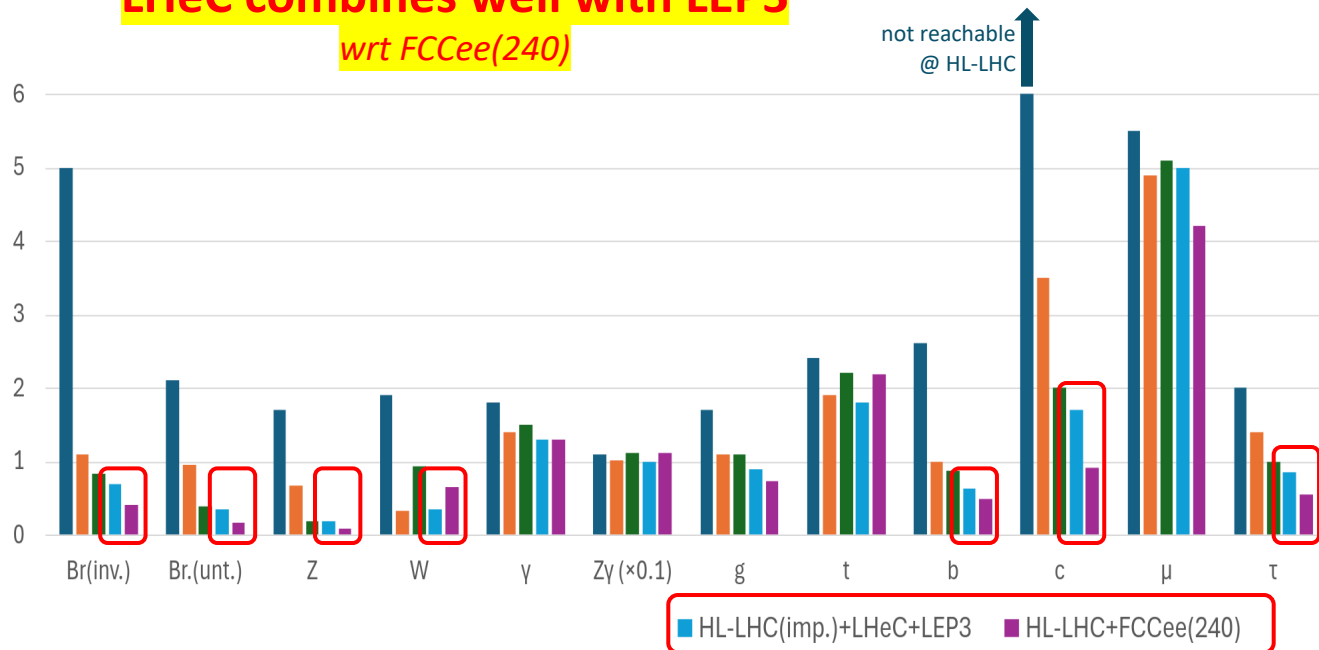


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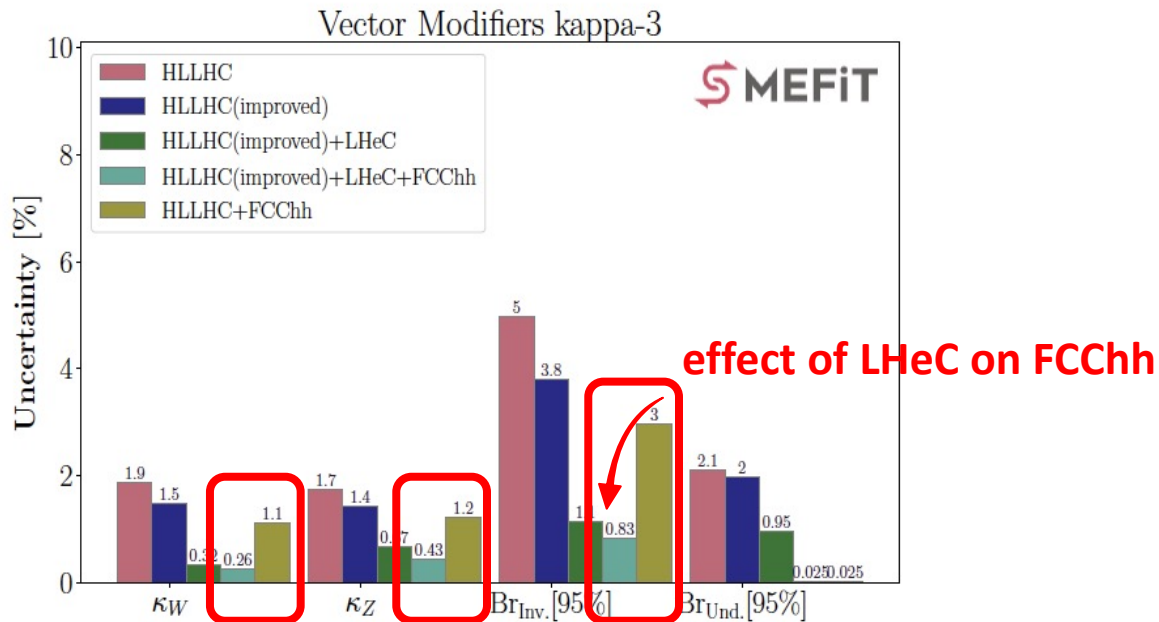
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Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

LHeC data is essential to unlock the full potential of FCC-hh

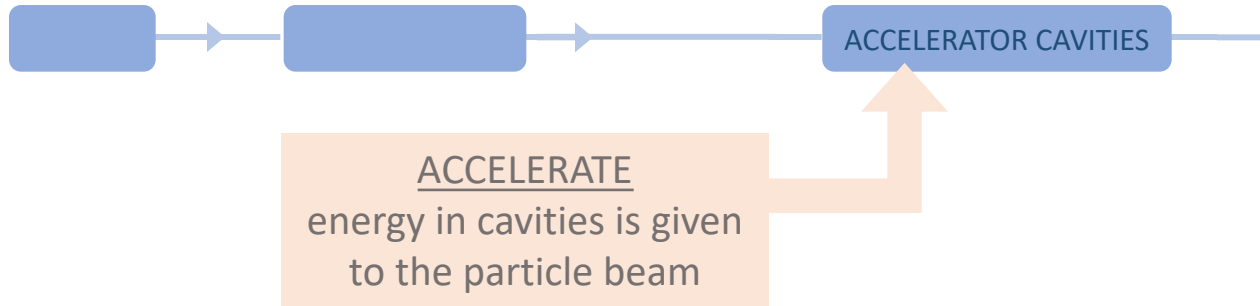
example



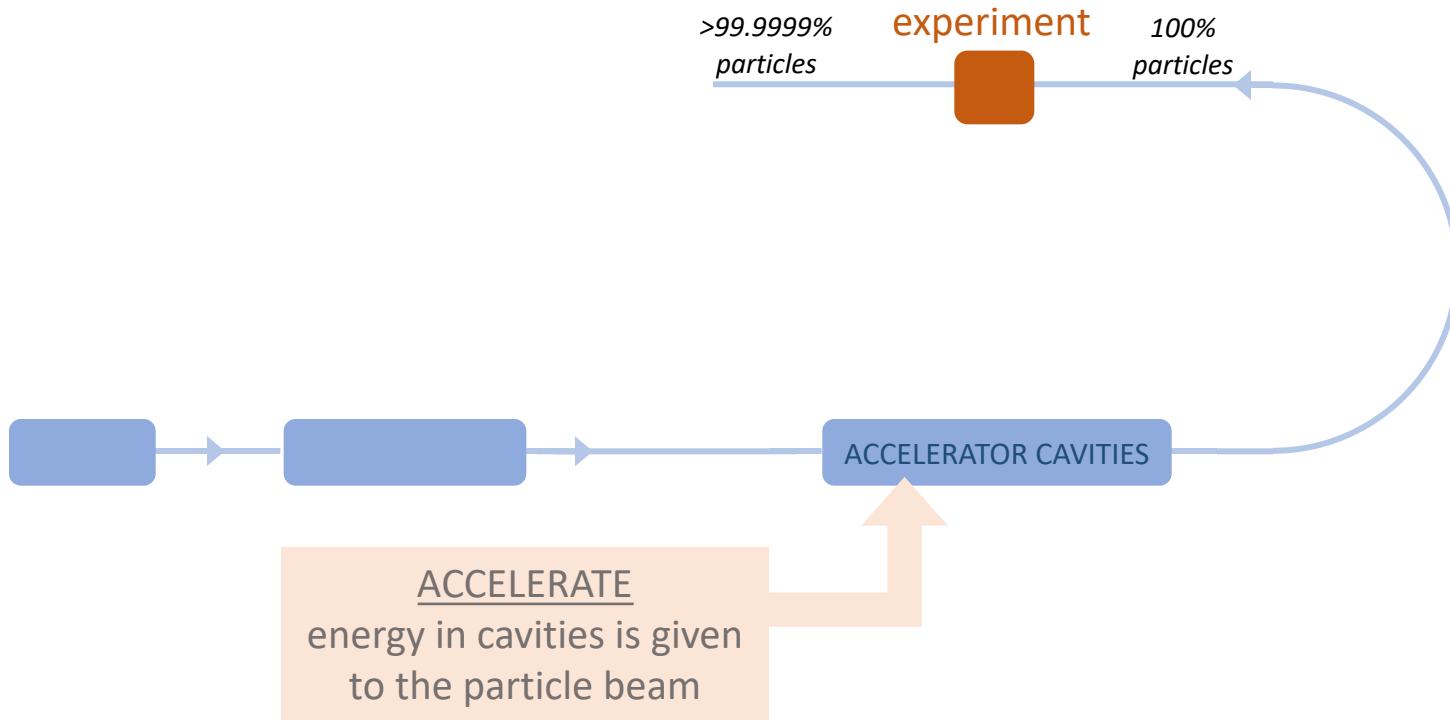
Key accelerator technology for the LHeC

*operate a 1000 MW electron beam with only 100 MW of power
need to use the Energy Recovery Linac technology*

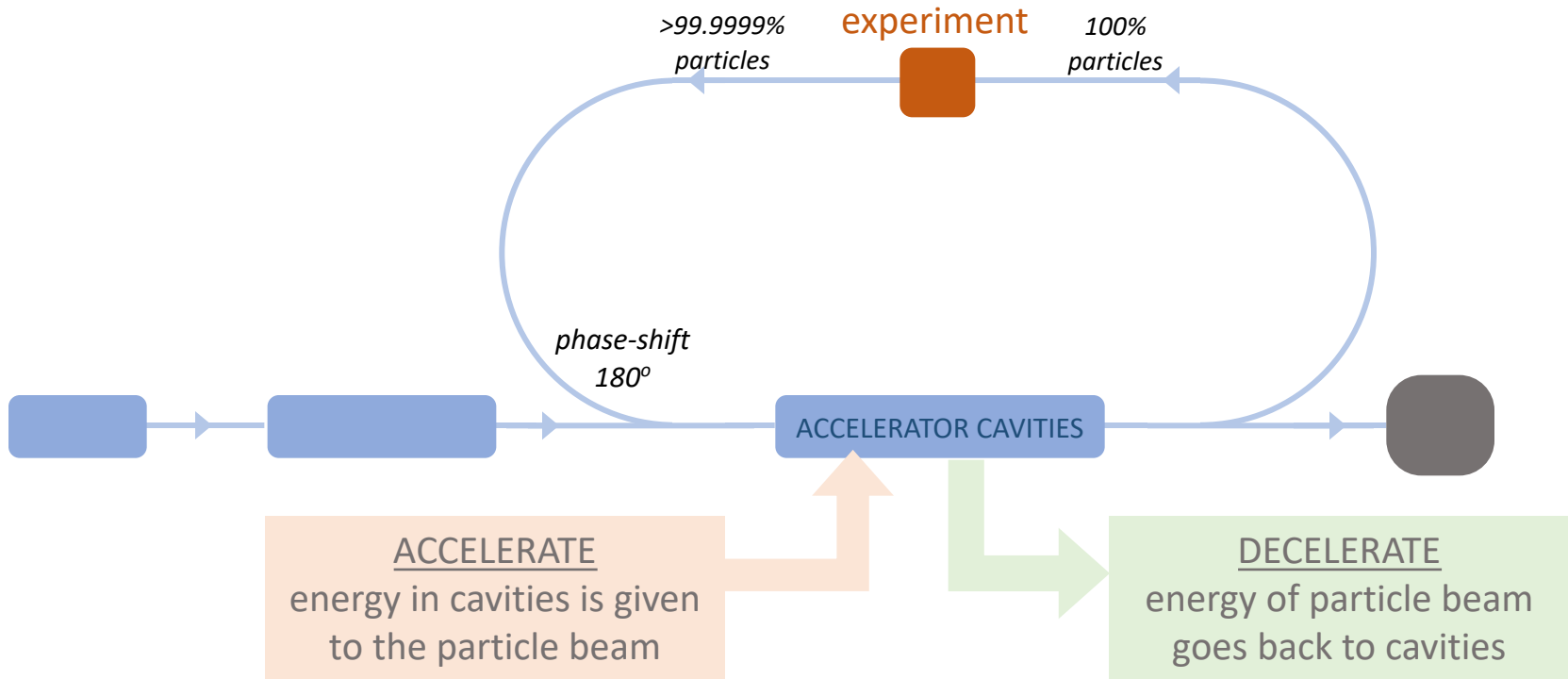
The principle of Energy Recovery



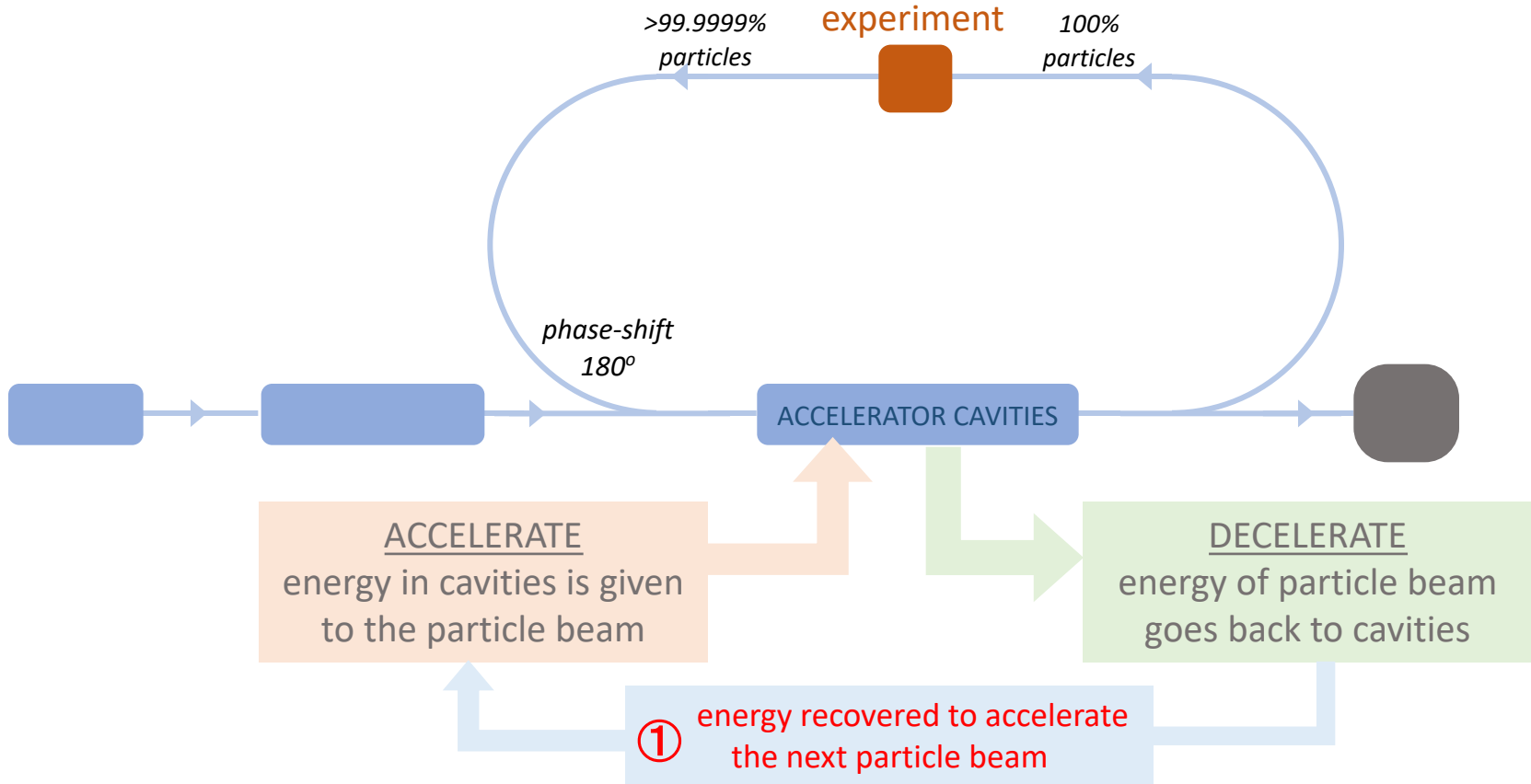
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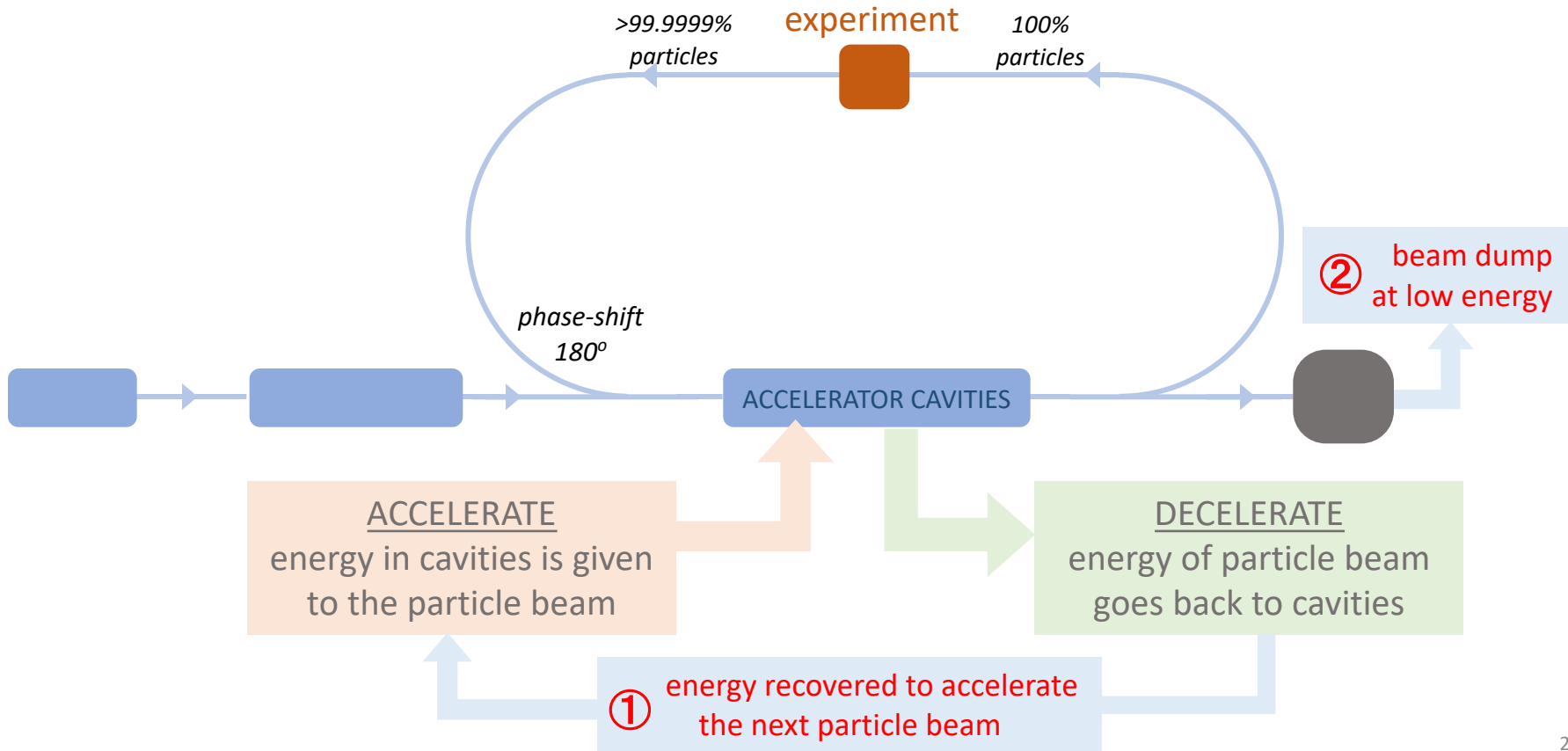
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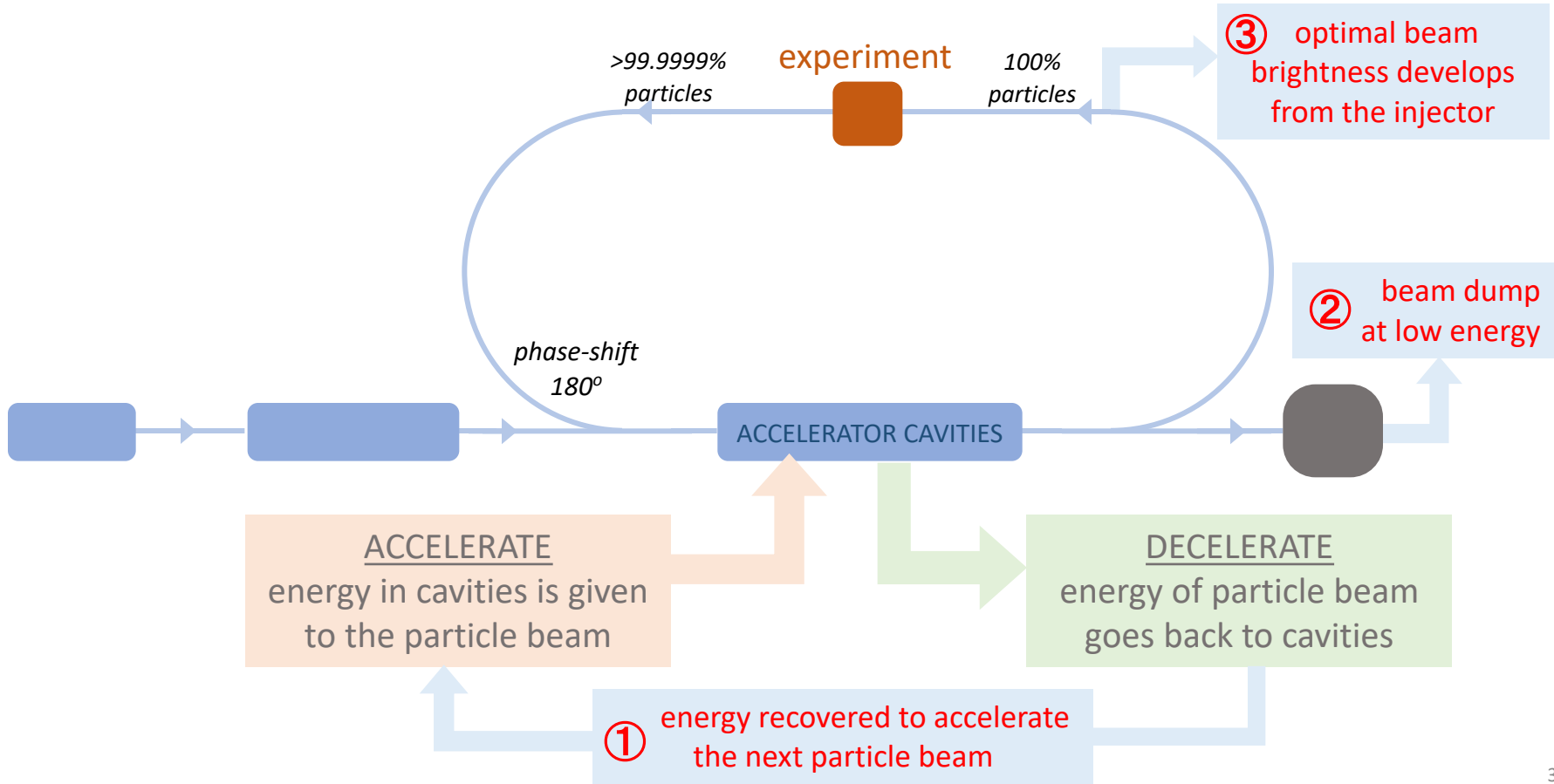
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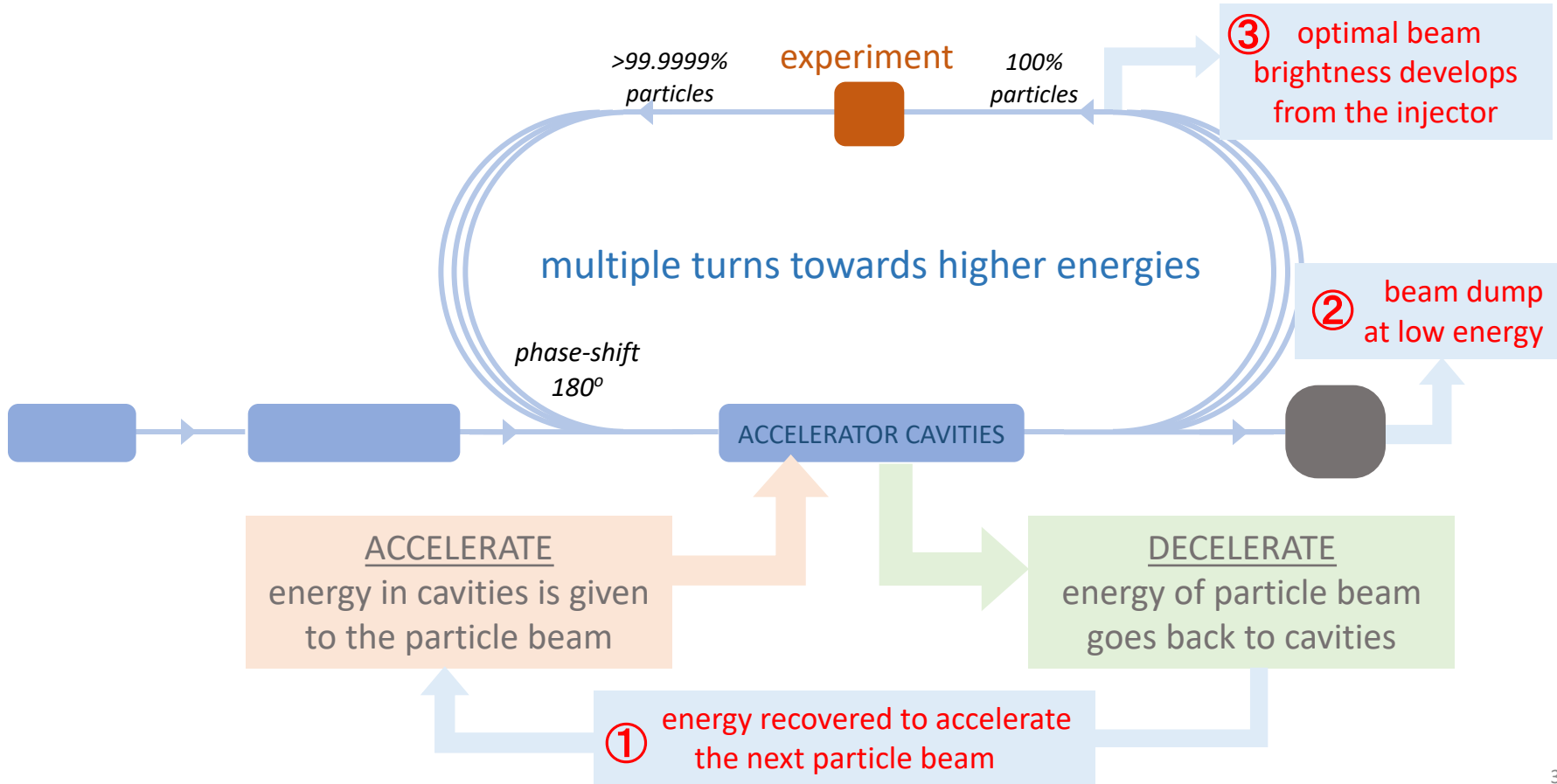
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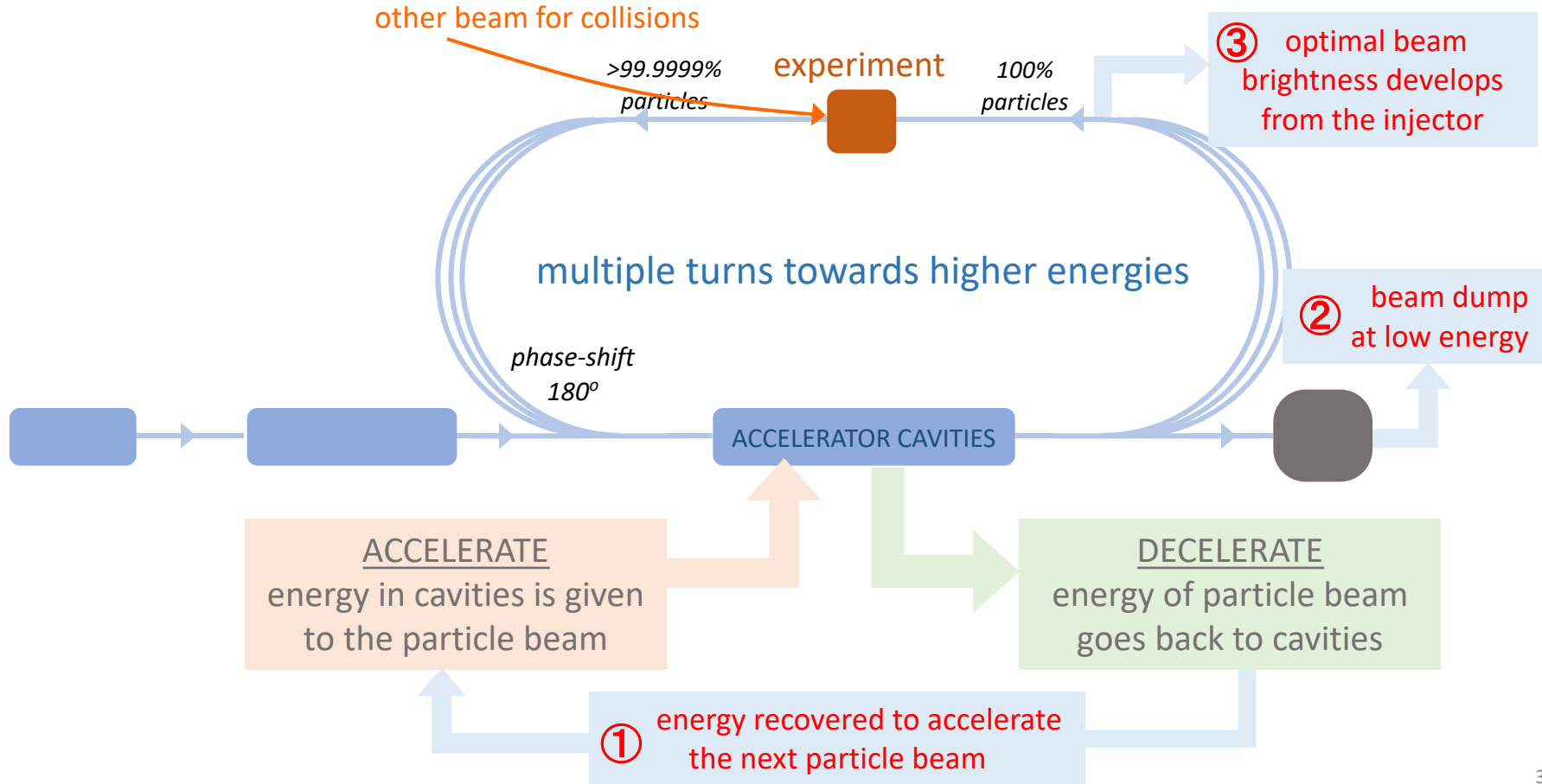
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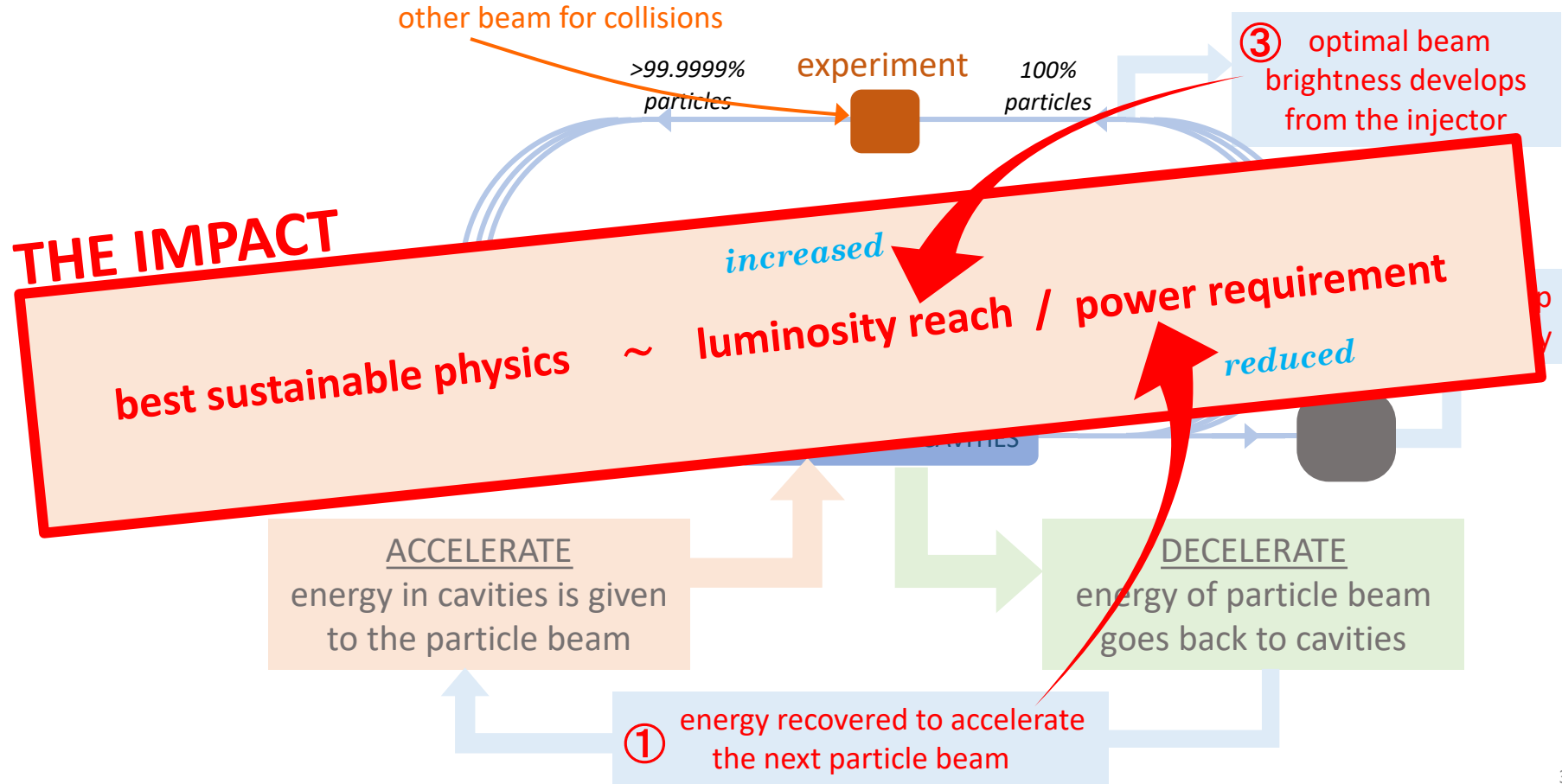
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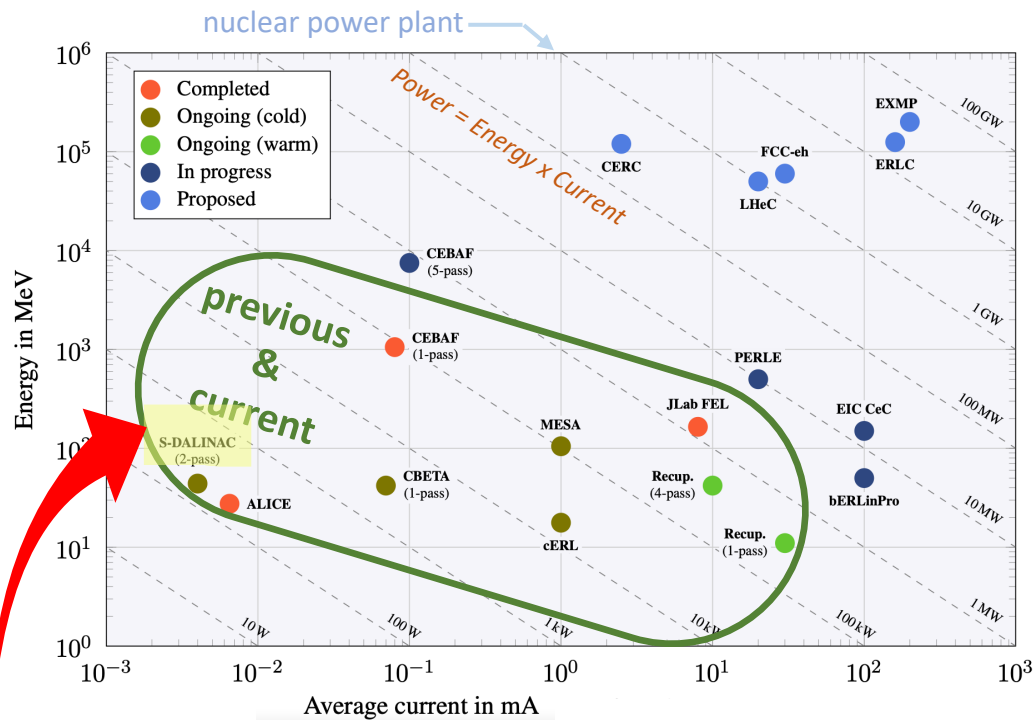


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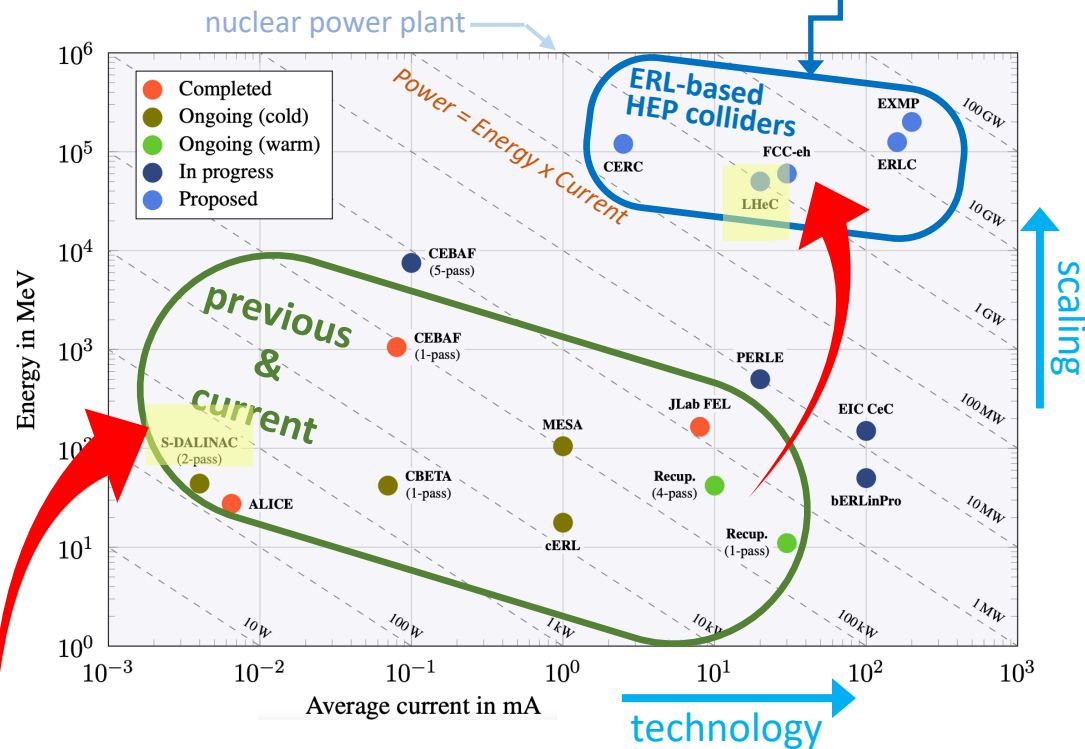


Energy Recovery demonstrated

great achievements on all aspects and large research infrastructures based on Energy Recovery systems have been operated successfully

multi-turn ERL with SRF achieved, [Nature Physics](#) volume 19, pages 597–602 (2023)

ERL to enable high-power beams that would otherwise require one or more nuclear power plants



Future ERL-based Colliders

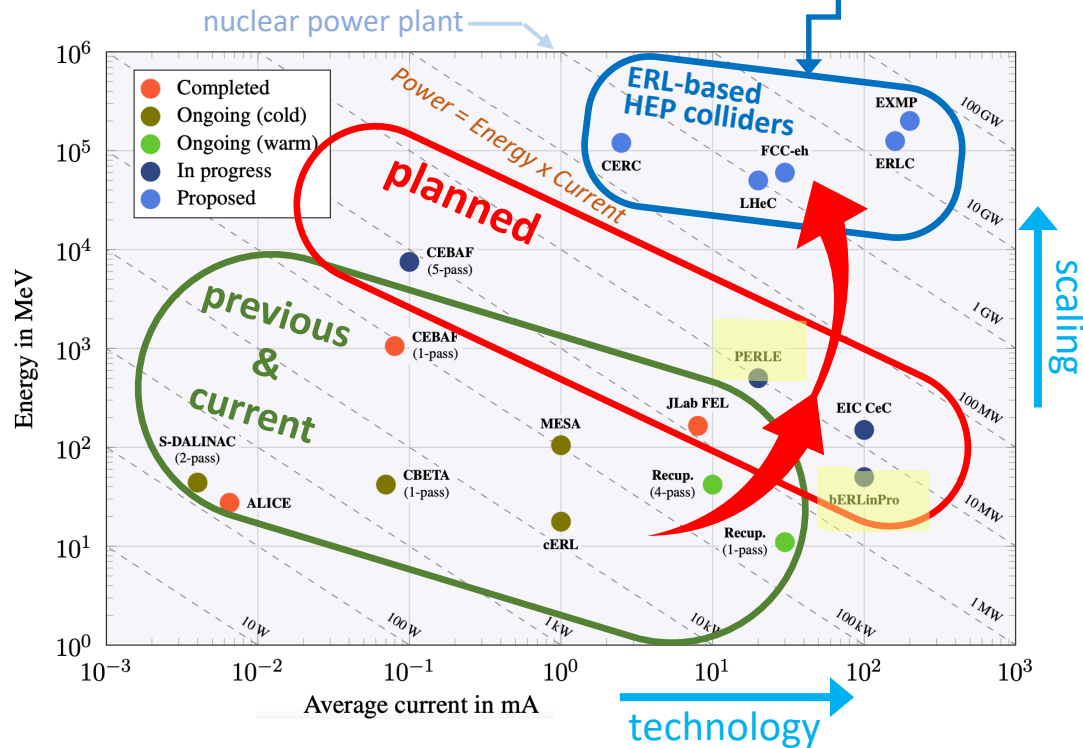
H, HH, ep/eA, muons, ...

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Future ERL-based Colliders

H, HH, ep/eA, muons, ...

bERLinPro & PERLE

essential accelerator R&D labs with ambitions overlapping with those of the particle physics community

towards high power

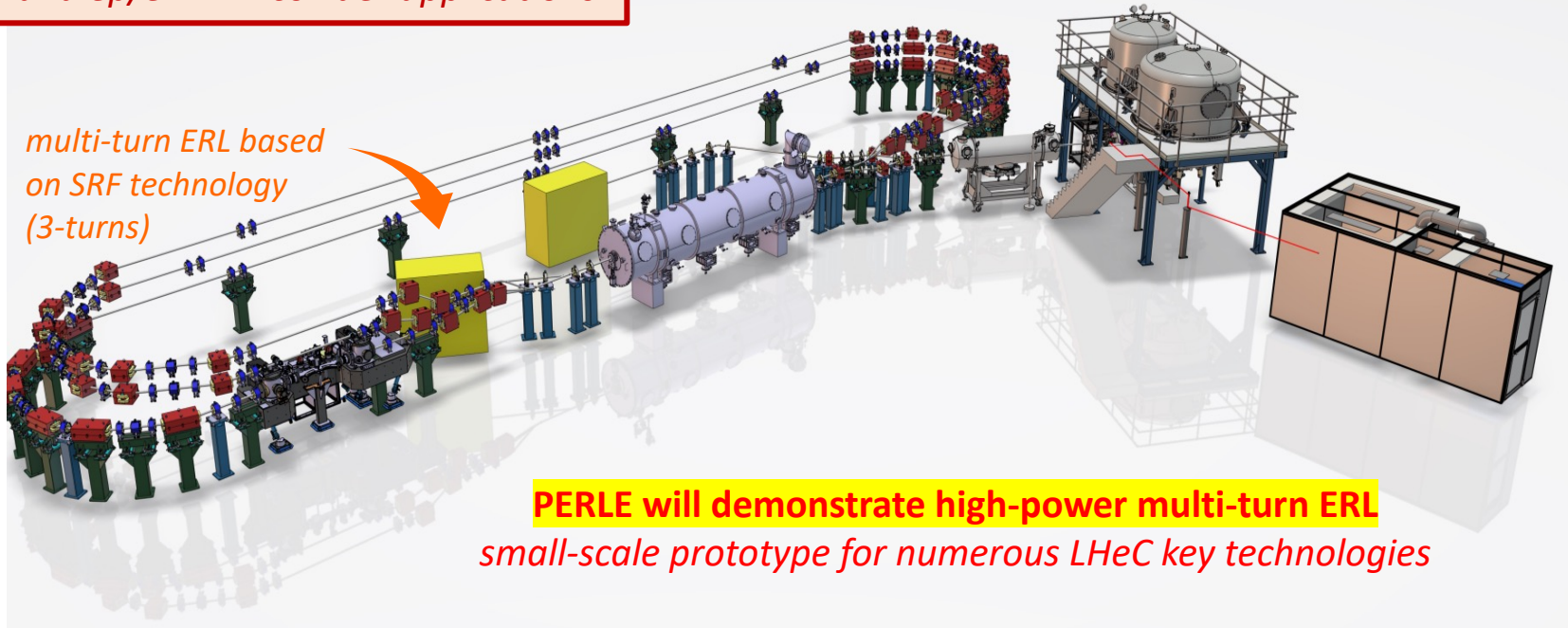
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PERLE @ IJCLab (IN2P3) Orsay

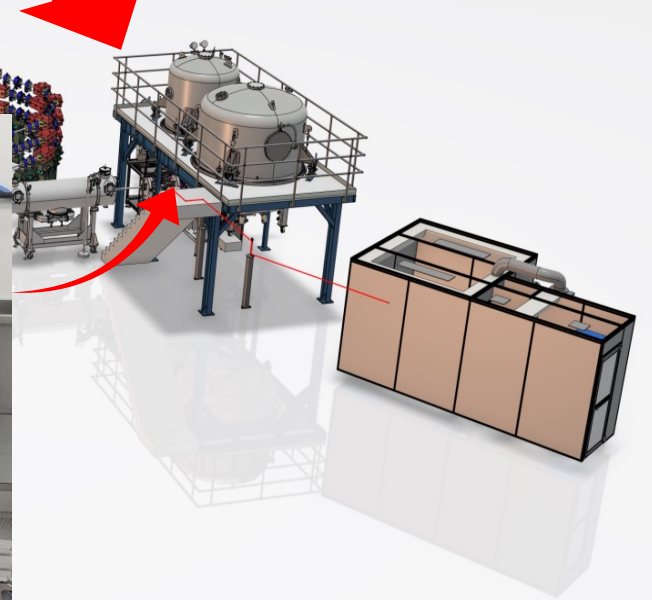
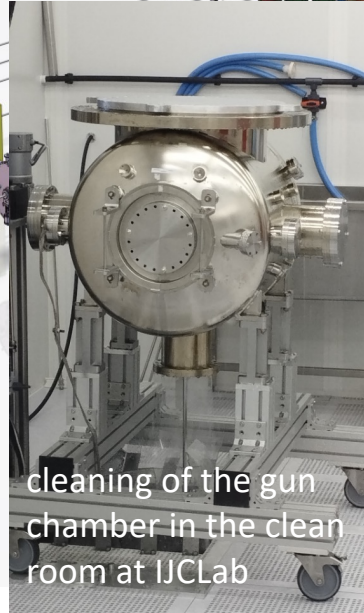
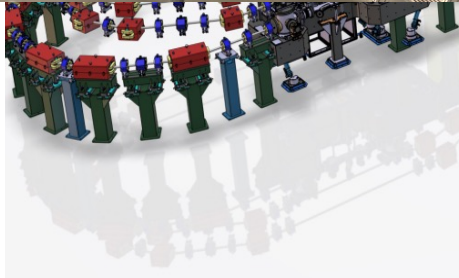
- growing international collaboration
- design, build and operation this decade
- for e^+e^- and ep/eA HEP collider applications

multi-turn ERL based
on SRF technology
(3-turns)

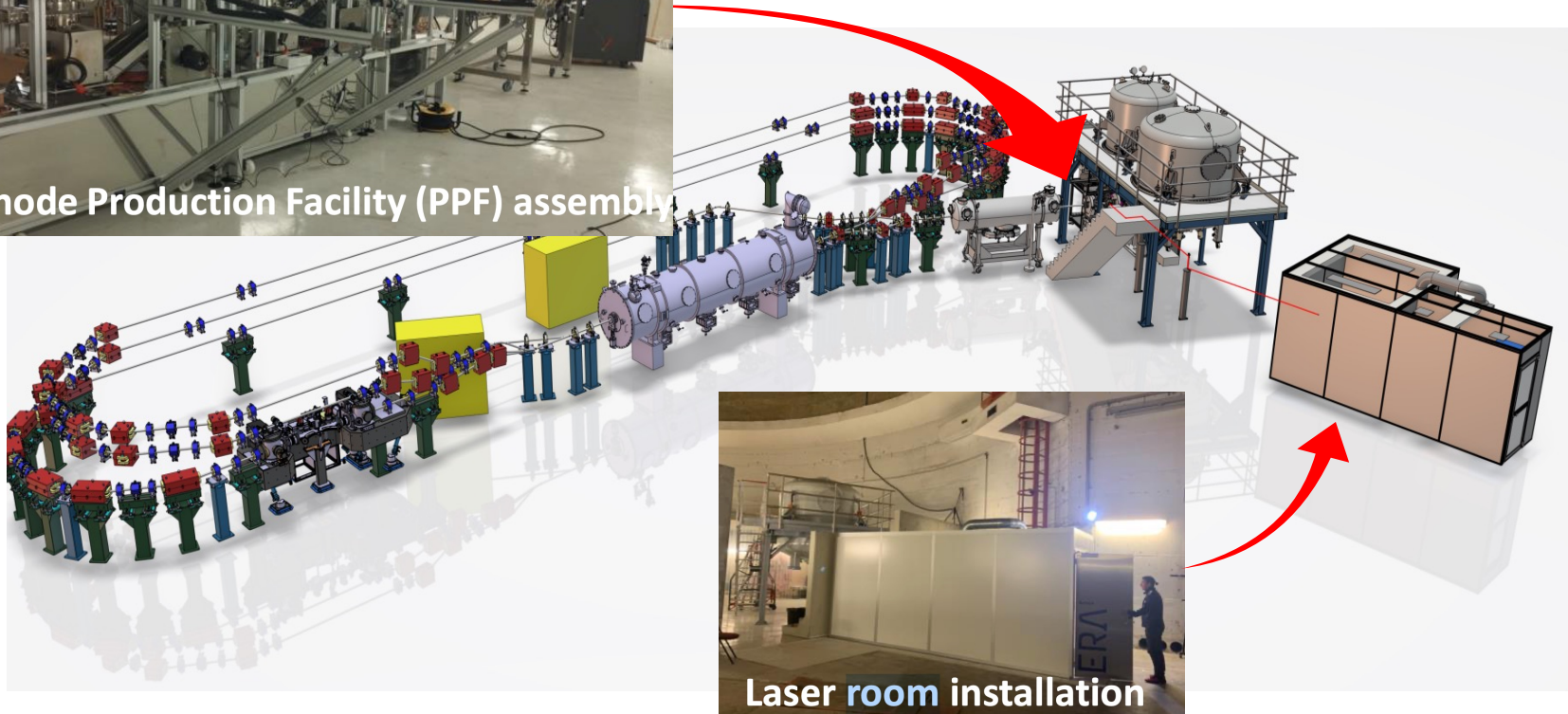


PERLE will demonstrate high-power multi-turn ERL
small-scale prototype for numerous LHeC key technologies

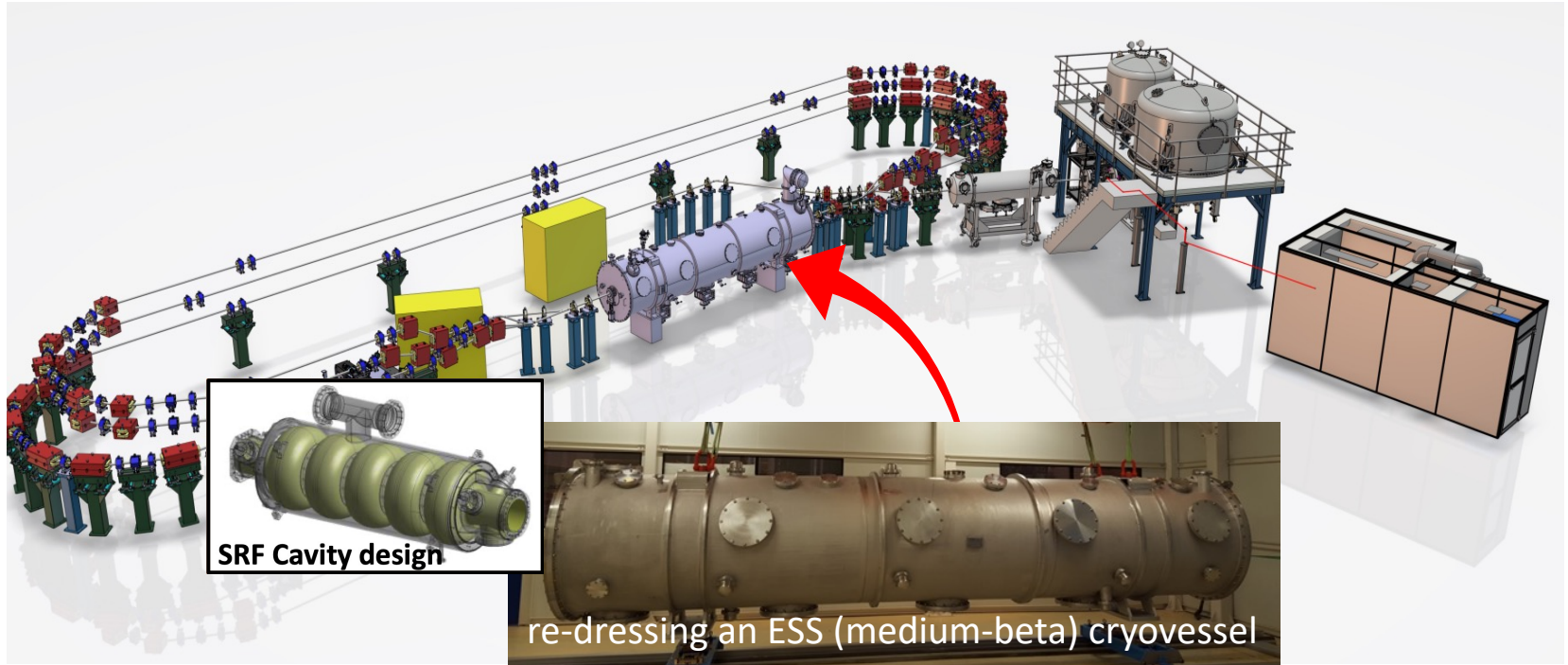
From drawings to reality with PERLE



From drawings to reality with PERLE



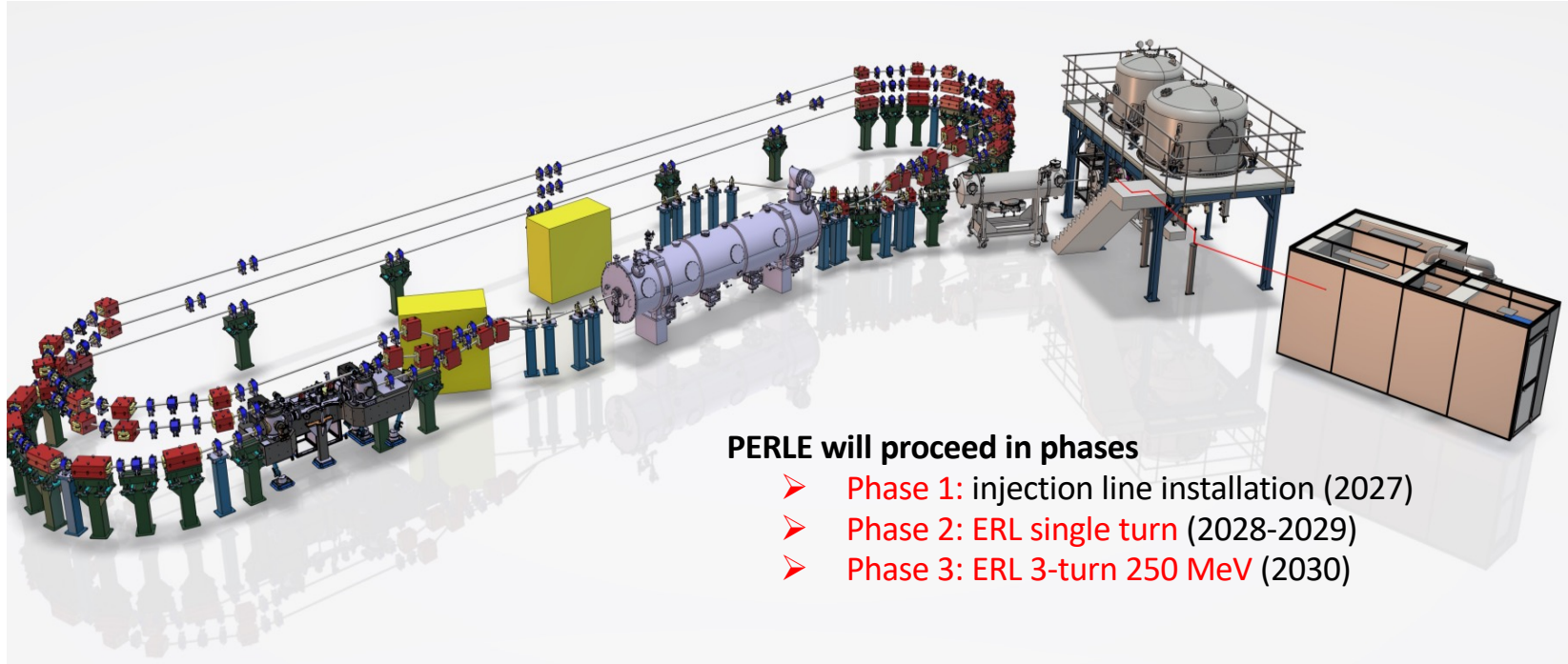
From drawings to reality with PERLE



From drawings to reality with PERLE



+ Contributions through iSAS of



PERLE will proceed in phases

- Phase 1: injection line installation (2027)
- Phase 2: ERL single turn (2028-2029)
- Phase 3: ERL 3-turn 250 MeV (2030)

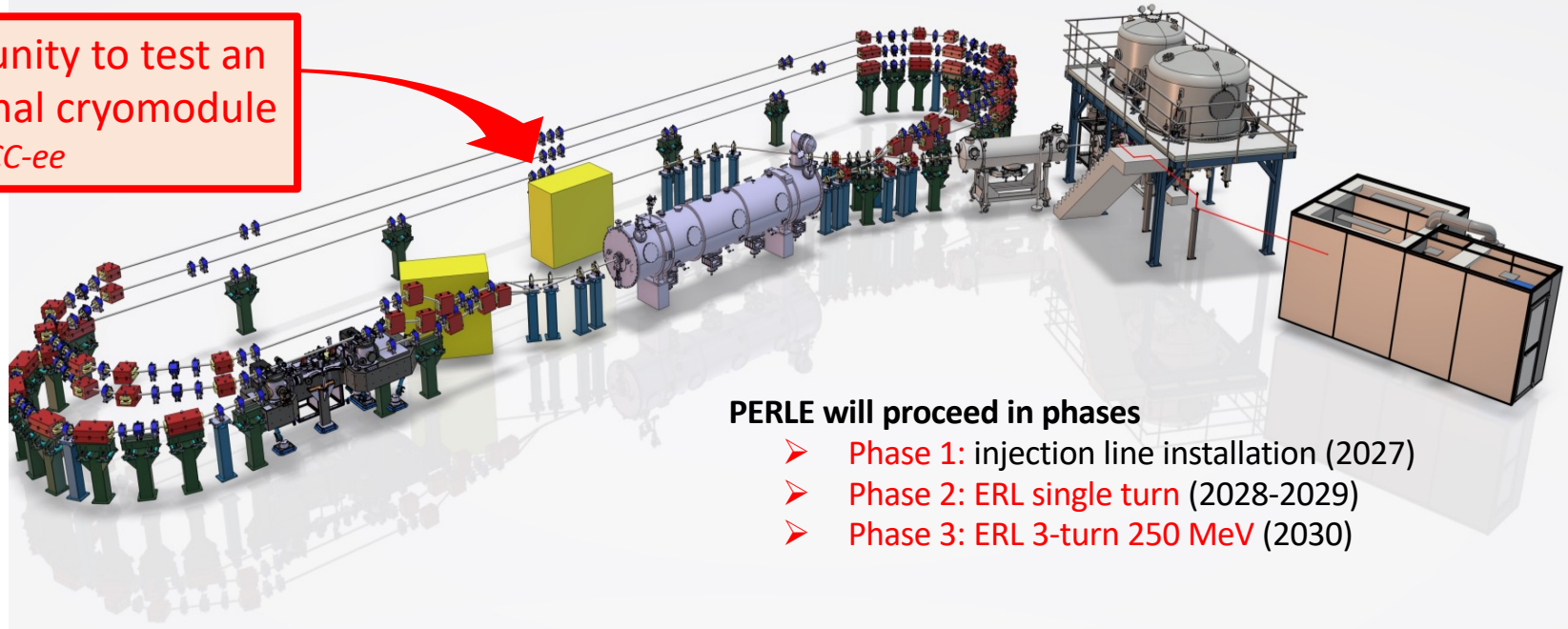
From drawings to reality with PERLE



+ Contributions through iSAS of



opportunity to test an
additional cryomodule
e.g. for FCC-ee



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Accelerator R&D review – ERL part

“The readiness of ERLs for deployment in a large-scale facility (LHeC) is that with requested resources it is likely that high TRLs can be achieved for systems in time for a decision in 2034.”

Platform	High Field Magnets	High Grad Struct/Syst	High Grad Plasma/Laser	Muon Beams & Colliders	Energy Recovery Linac
R&D Scope Definition		OK at high level, Too many sub-goals, many not well defined	“Staging” test facility is critical		Need to be expanded to Multi-GeV issues (synchrotron radiation)
R&D Schedule	Too slow	Many tasks behind schedule, many subtasks lack well defined schedule.			Resources missing.
R&D cost	Not using all resources available	Top level FTE and resources consistent with plan. Infrastructure needs not as well defined			Understood
Integration within the Labs (??)	Process needed to down-select	Good communication at the WG level.	Integration of HALHF in the roadmap and the community unclear.	RF has to start	Very good integration between participating labs and overarching to RF pillar (prime example iSAS)
Overall Confidence Level		Progress on many fronts.		In the long run....	On a good road to demonstrate LHeC feasibility for a decision in 2034.

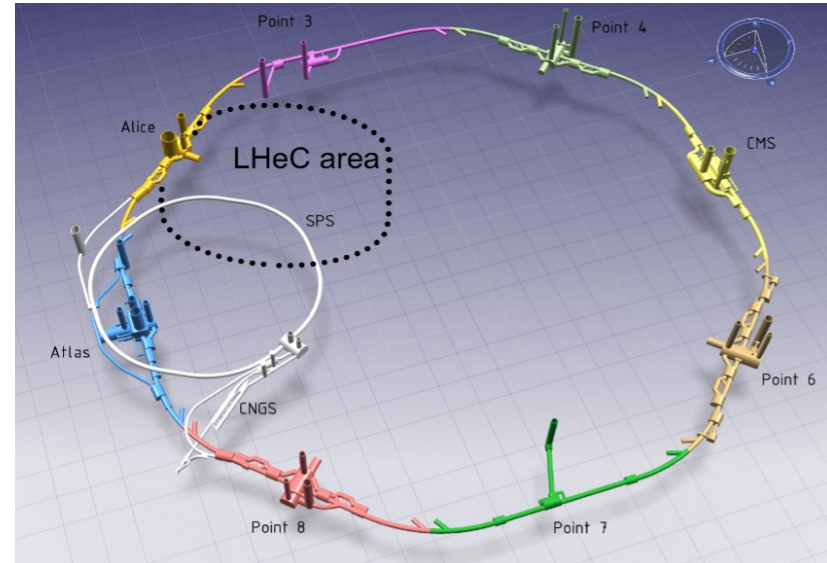
LHeC – implementation and operational costs

Implementation

- The new LHeC tunnel is 8.9 km
- Civil engineering works mostly during HL-LHC operations, plus one dedicated year to connect the LHeC with HL-LHC
- Optimal placement can be in function of the future Higgs factory (and potentially the Forward Physics Facility)
- Total cost of civil engineering and accelerator was estimated to be 1.6 BCHF anno 2018 (→ 2 BCHF today)
- Personpower equivalent to HL-LHC implementation (~2500 person years)

Operation

- Power is 220 MW (including LHeC, detector and dedicated HL-LHC operation)
- 200 days of running → 1.06 TWh/year (+27MCHF per year compared to nominal HL-LHC)
- eA runs can be integrated
- Personpower for dedicated LHeC runs (1 detector, 1 proton beam, ERL) equivalent to nominal (HL-)LHC (4 detectors, 2 proton beams); ~120MCHF/y in CERN MTP (materials+people)

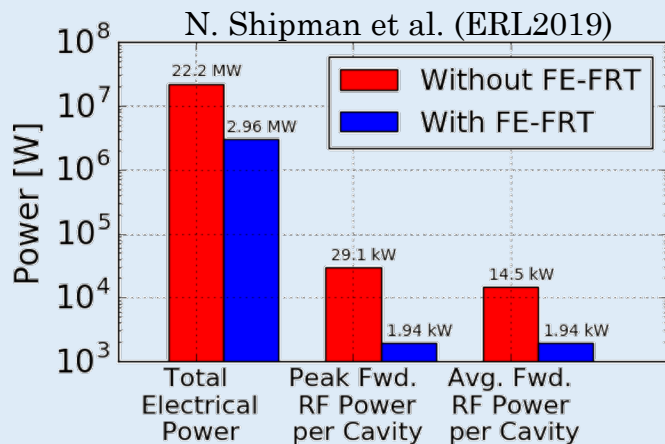


LHeC construction planning	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6	YEAR 7
Land negotiations							
Environmental Impact Study							
Building permits							
Detailed design & tendering							
Construction							

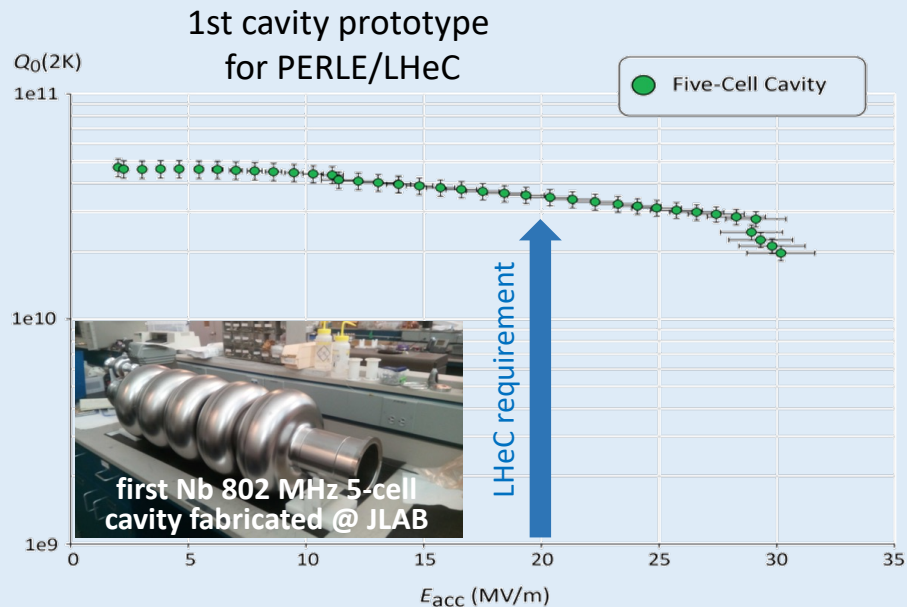
Opportunities for improved performance



Innovate for
Sustainable
Accelerating
Systems

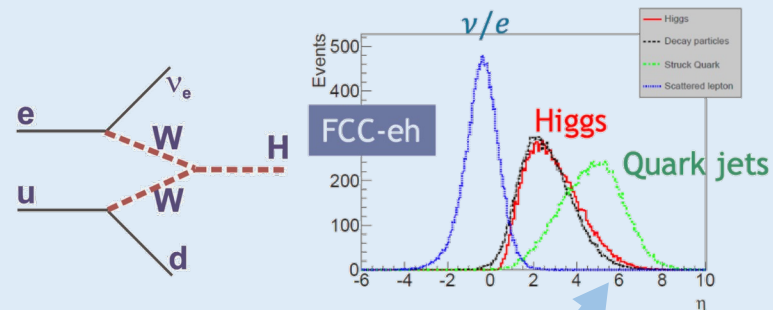


Ferro-Electric Fast Reactive Tuners for 20MW less power requirements to deal with microphonics



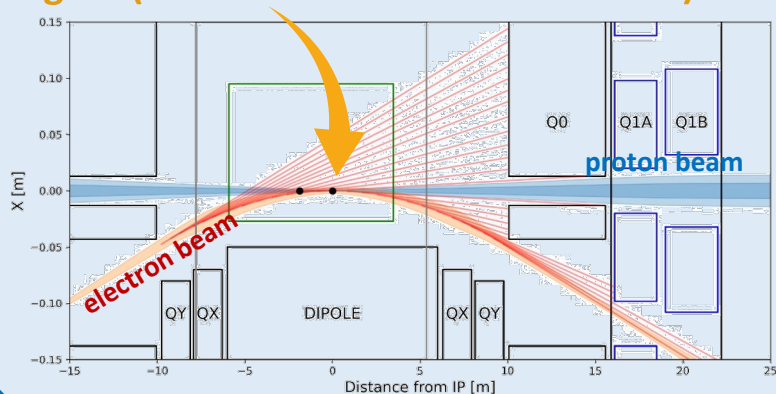
LHeC can be done with state-of-the-art SRF and significant room for improvements

LHeC detector



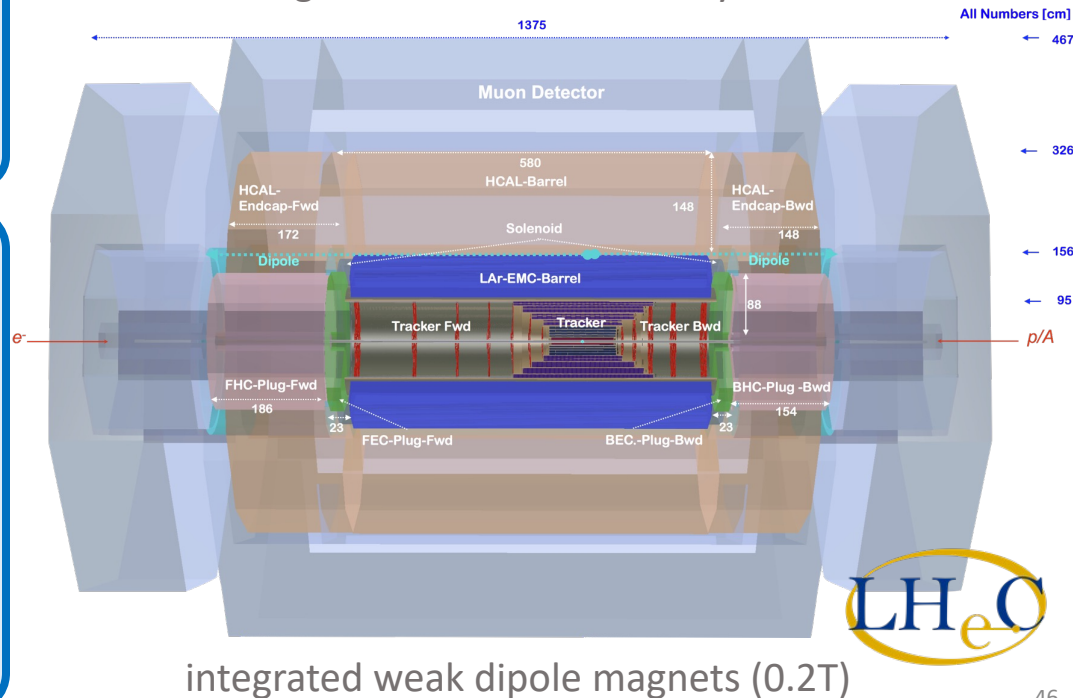
Forward jet reconstruction

Synchrotron radiation in the interaction region (reduced to a comfortable 6kW)



major features:

- 1^o close to the beamline (hermiticity)
- Tracking & Vertexing
- High-resolution calorimetry



LHeC detector

mostly ready to be built

Preliminary cost of 360MCHF

Central Tracker

Calorimetry (3/4 of cost)

Muon System

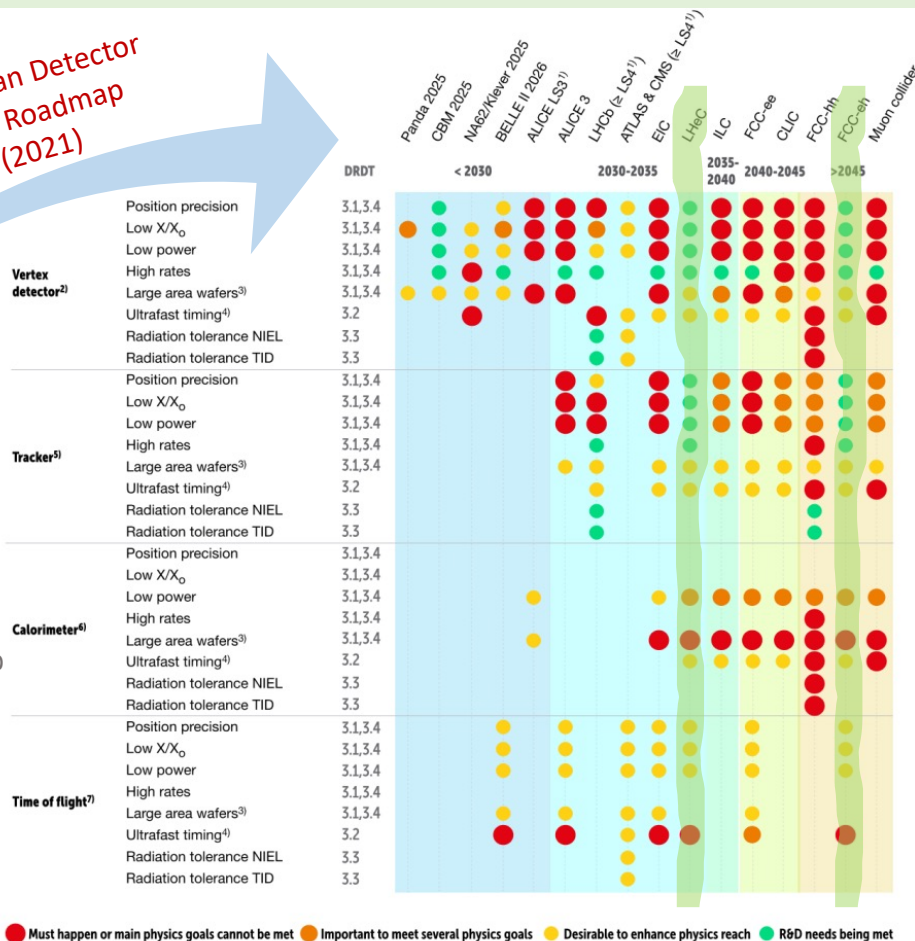
cost reductions are possible
e.g. sampling fraction, granularity,
reuse of LHC detectors

synergies with other projects
stepping stones

potentially re-use LHC detectors or one detector for a
joint DIS and Heavy-Ion program @ HL-LHC

European Detector
R&D Roadmap
(2021)

Detector Requirements
e.g. Solid State Devices



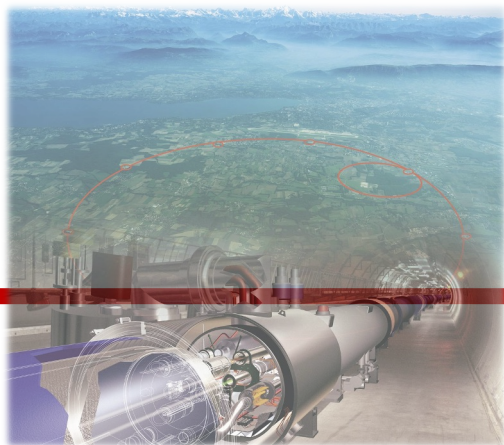
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2784893?ln=en>

How does the LHeC fits into the collider landscape?

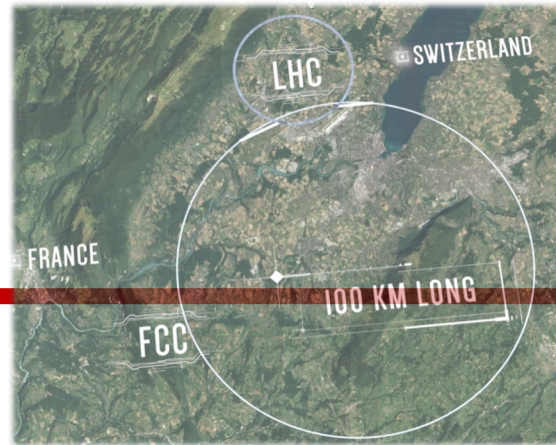
The LHeC is a feasible and impactful alternative for the ESPP.

In addition, the LHeC can be a bridge between major colliders.

An impactful “*bridge*” between major colliders @ CERN



LHC

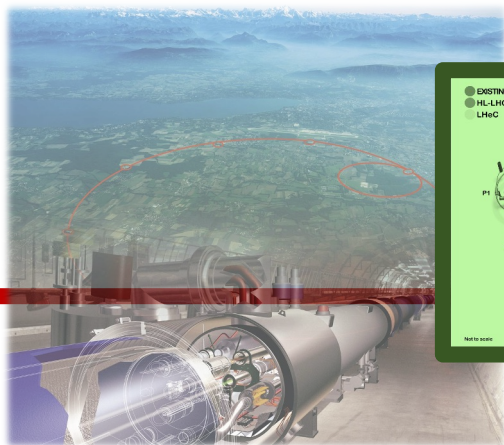


e.g. FCC (ee or hh) or LEP3

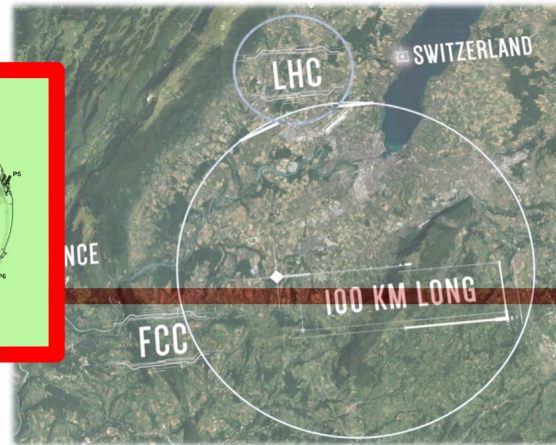
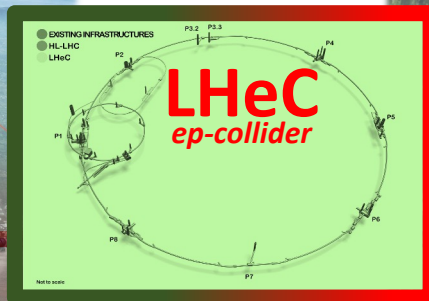
An impactful “*bridge*” between major colliders @ CERN

ep-option with HL-LHC: LHeC

e.g. 6 years ep-only@LHC > 1 ab^{-1}



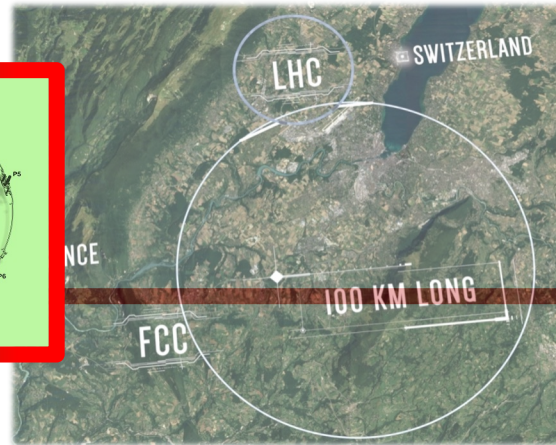
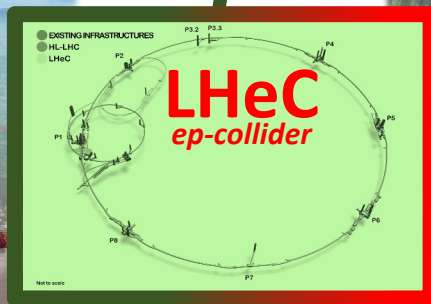
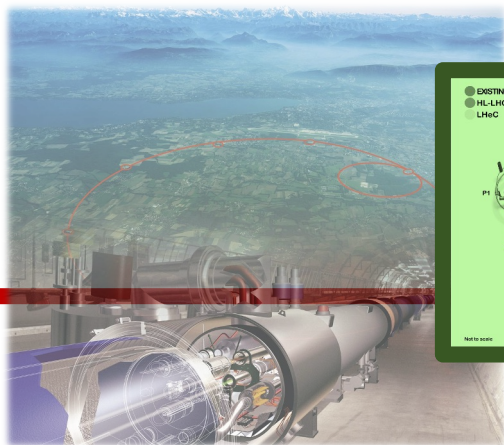
LHC



e.g. FCC (ee or hh) or LEP3

An impactful “*bridge*” between major colliders @ CERN

*ultimate upgrade of
the LHC physics reach*



*fast-track to new and impactful
opportunities at colliders for
attractive SM & BSM physics*

An impactful “*bridge*” between major colliders @ CERN

ultimate upgrade of the LHC physics reach

cost-effective investment

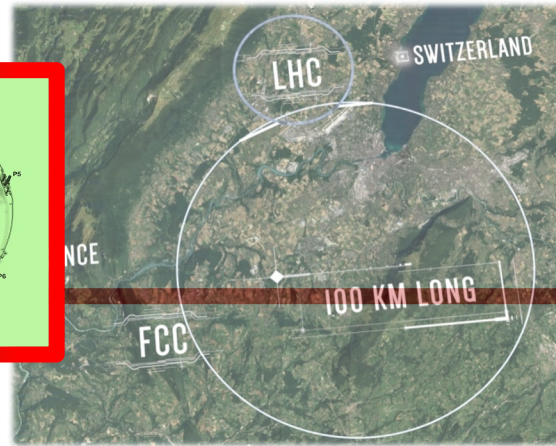
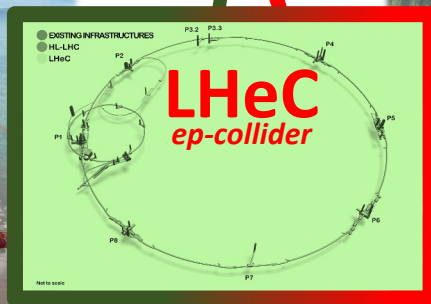
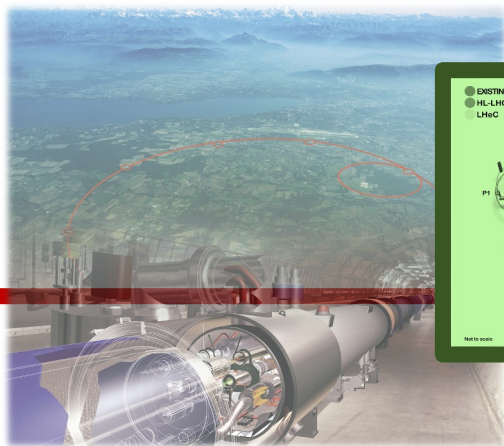
re-use

FCC-hh/eh

injector

FCC-ee/LEP3

essential enabler for the physics at any new high-energy hadron collider

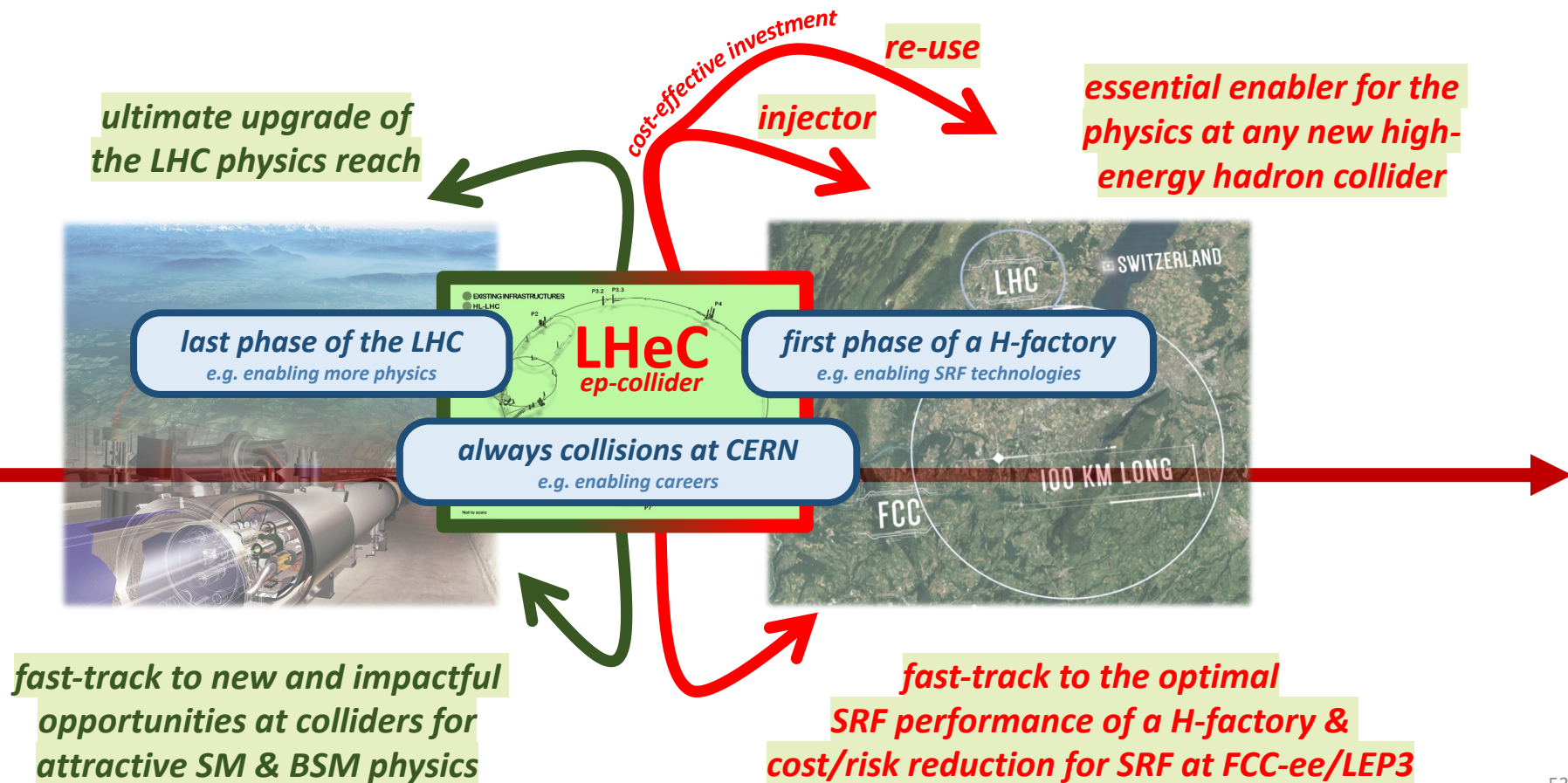


fast-track to new and impactful opportunities at colliders for attractive SM & BSM physics

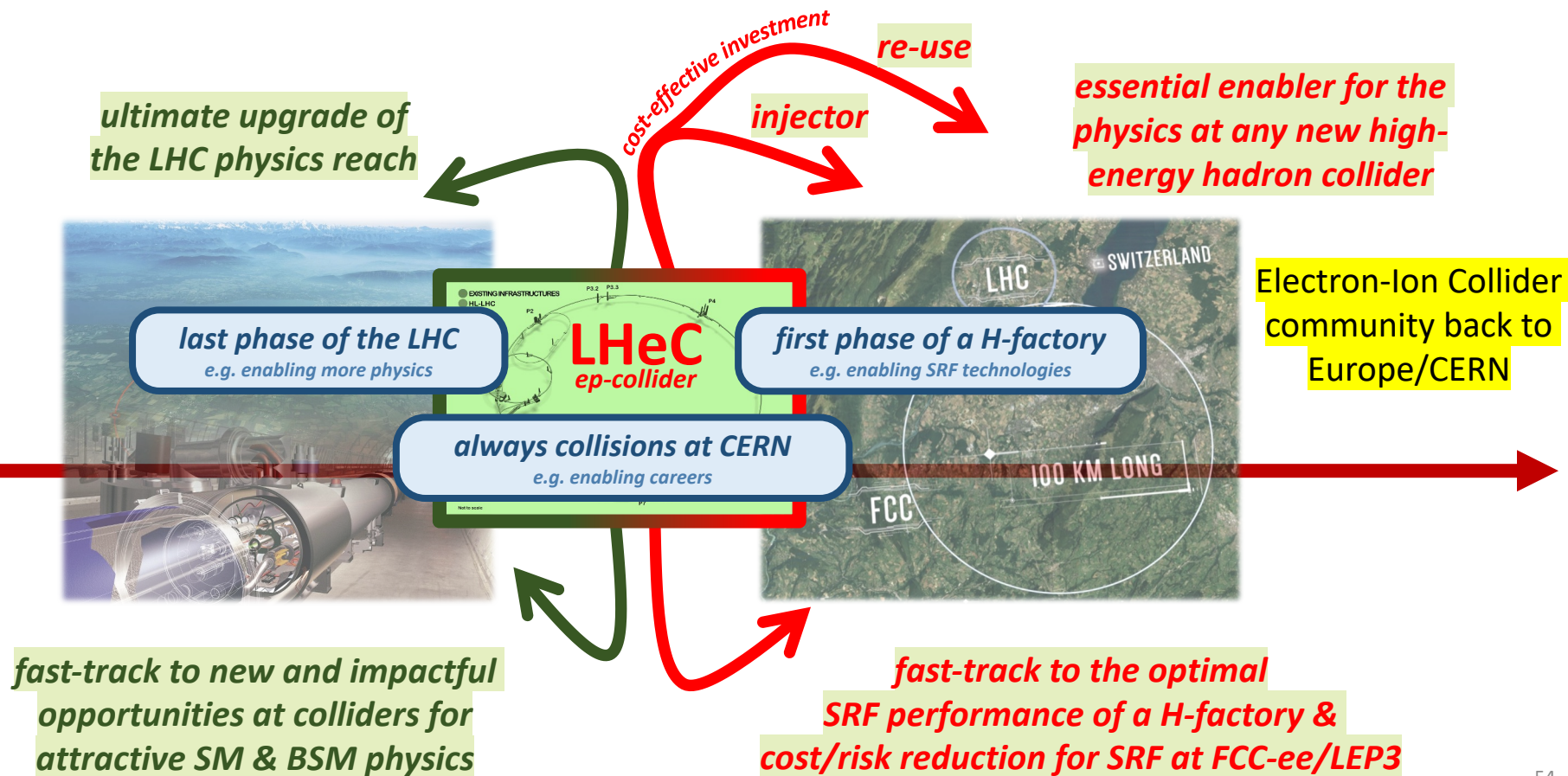
fast-track to the optimal SRF performance of a H-factory & cost/risk reduction for SRF at FCC-ee/LEP3

i.e. SRF@LHeC as prototype series and training for SRF@FCC-ee

An impactful “*bridge*” between major colliders @ CERN



An impactful “*bridge*” between major colliders @ CERN



LHeC – next steps

ERL from the Accelerator R&D Review

- The R&D program for PERLE and bERLinPro should be implemented and financed as presented. The plan is adequate and spans up to 2032.
- For the funding of R&D that is critical for LHeC 12.5 M€ and 77 FTEy are still missing.
- Develop suitable concepts and technologies for dealing with SR power loss and induced energy spread of LHeC within the Accelerator R&D roadmap and secure funding.

Towards a TDR for LHeC

- Further optimize the accelerator optics
- Built a mock-up for the Machine Detector Interface
- Potentially co-design the detector with ALICE3 for use also after HL-LHC
- Potentially co-develop the accelerator components for a future Higgs factory (FCC/LEP3)
- Potentially integrate novel technologies to improve performance and reduce costs/risks

Roadmap with ERL to LHeC

demonstrated applicability of
high-power ERL for particle physics

enables the ultimate
upgrades of the
LHC/FCC programs
(*ep collisions*)

2070'sies

ERL FCC-eh



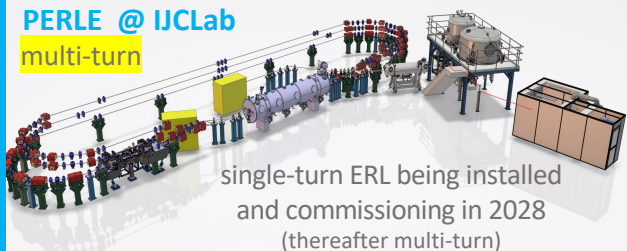
2020'sies



bERLinPro @ HZB



PERLE @ IJCLab
multi-turn



ESPP'26 → ESPP'32

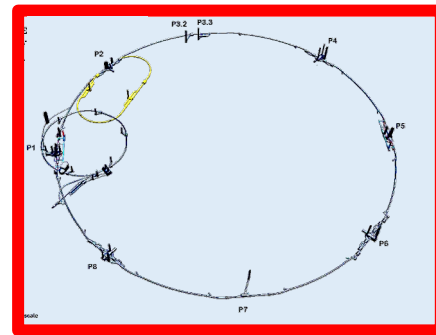
full TDR studies

further optimise
schedule, costs,
performance and
sustainability

implementation
7 years

DECISION ESPP'32

2040'sies



The LHeC as an alternative or bridge between major colliders

- A high-energy, high-luminosity electron-proton collider at the LHC is an impactful alternative collider with excellent results in the Higgs, EW, top quark and QCD sectors on an interesting timeline.
- LHeC boosts the scientific return of the LHC, and is essential for any future high-energy hadron-collider program.
- To achieve the best physics for the least power, the Energy Recovery Linac technology is to be further developed to enable such an electron-proton collider.
- At least 8 national inputs formulated considerations for the LHeC, and more inputs supported developments for the ERL technology.

The LHeC as an alternative or bridge between major colliders

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The LHeC project emerges as an impactful and feasible bridge between present and future major colliders at CERN

Thank you for your attention!

Jorgen.DHondt@nikhef.nl



LHeC – additional slides

Content

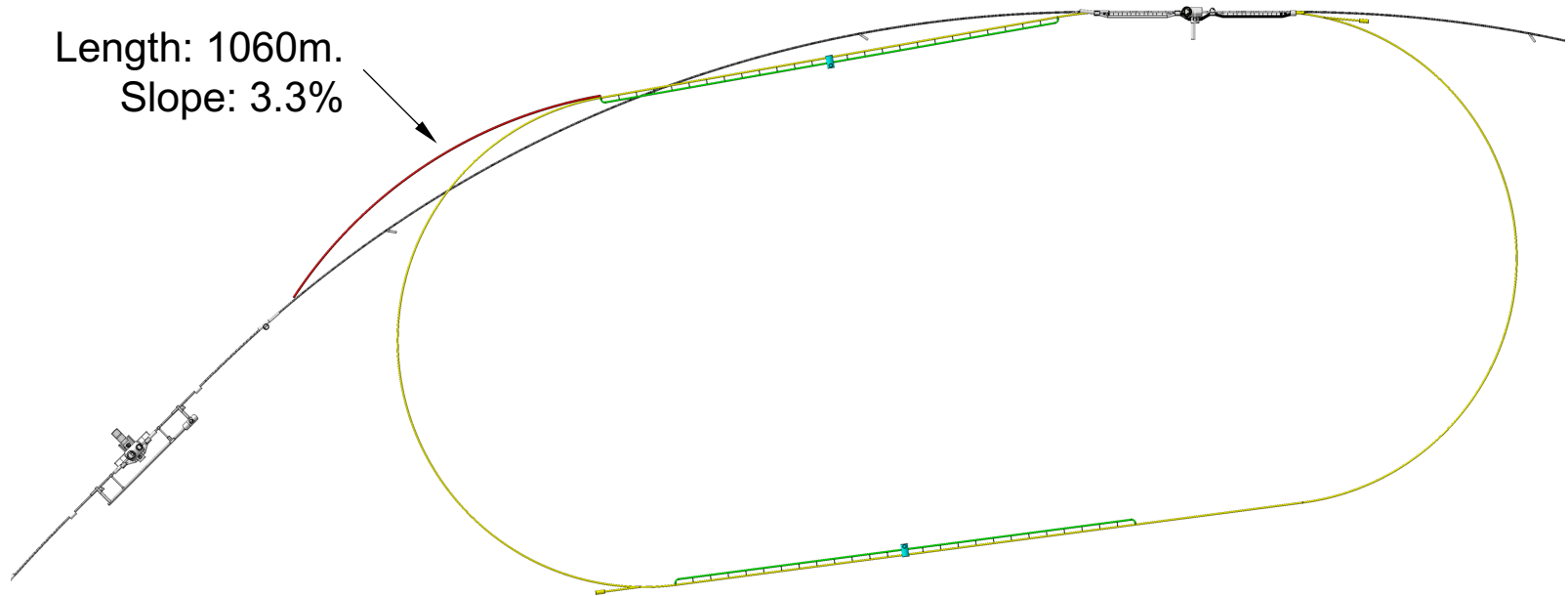
- LHeC – bridge to LEP3
- LHeC – accelerator R&D landscape
- LHeC – risks of ERL performance
- LHeC – bridge to future high-energy hadron collider
- LHeC – more physics plots (including eA)
- LHeC – ring-ring (old CDR) versus ring-linac (new CDR)

LHeC – bridge to LEP3

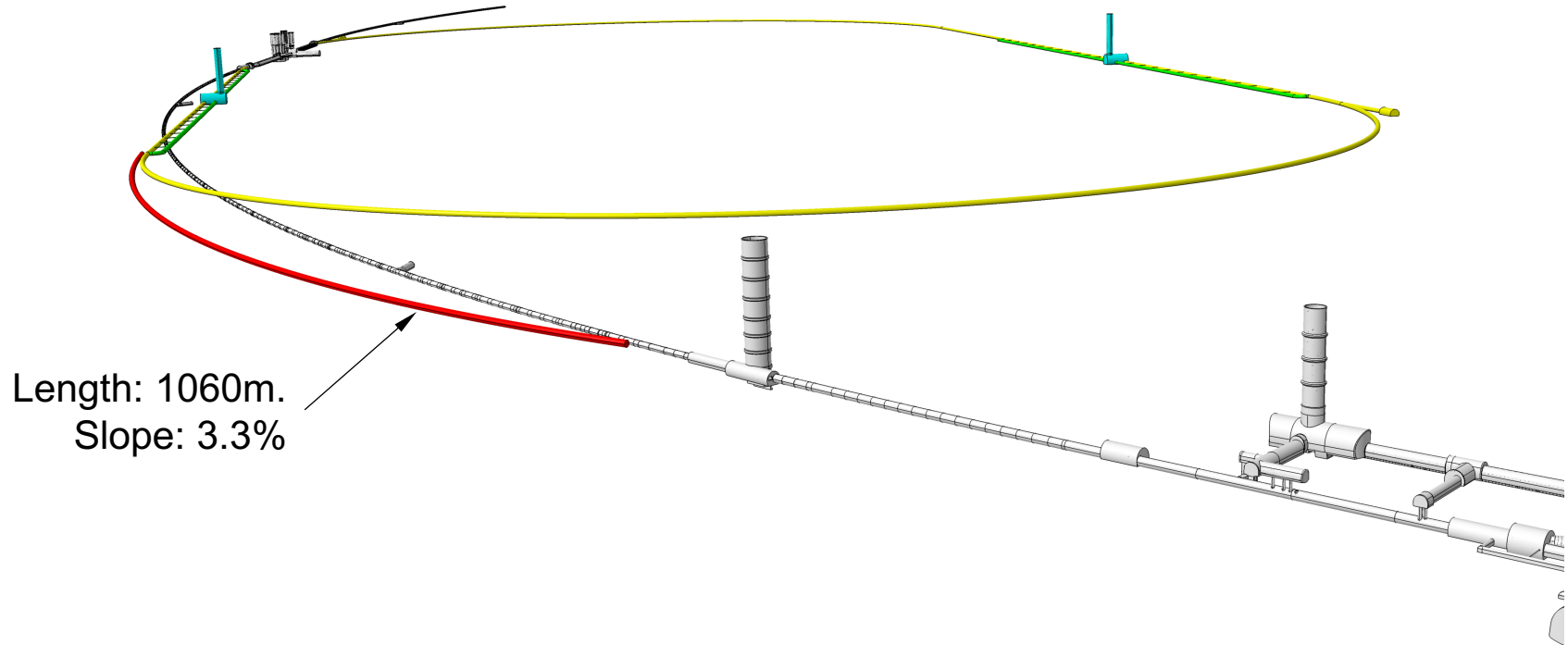
LHeC – bridge to LEP3

- LHeC and LEP3 have a comparable number of cryomodules and thus comparable 800MHz power system and distribution lines, i.e. very similar industrial contracts and the LHeC developments can directly lead into LEP3 orders / productions.
 - clear synergies that can be exploited for common design and optimization, e.g. cryomodules, power sources, cryogenic systems, beam diagnostics, magnets
- The current LEP3 design assumes an injection energy of 10GeV which is equivalent to one of the LHeC linacs. Using both LHeC linacs could easily increase the injection energy to 20GeV, even without re-circulation.
 - one of the LHeC linacs can be the injector for LEP3
 - in re-circulation mode, the LHeC could even inject with direct top-up at the Z energy and possibility up to W production beam energies
- One could use one of the LHeC tunnel straight sections for the installation of the LEP3 booster ring RF [1km straight section → > 10GeV potential]
 - one of the LHeC linacs can be used for the LEP3 Booster ring up to W physics

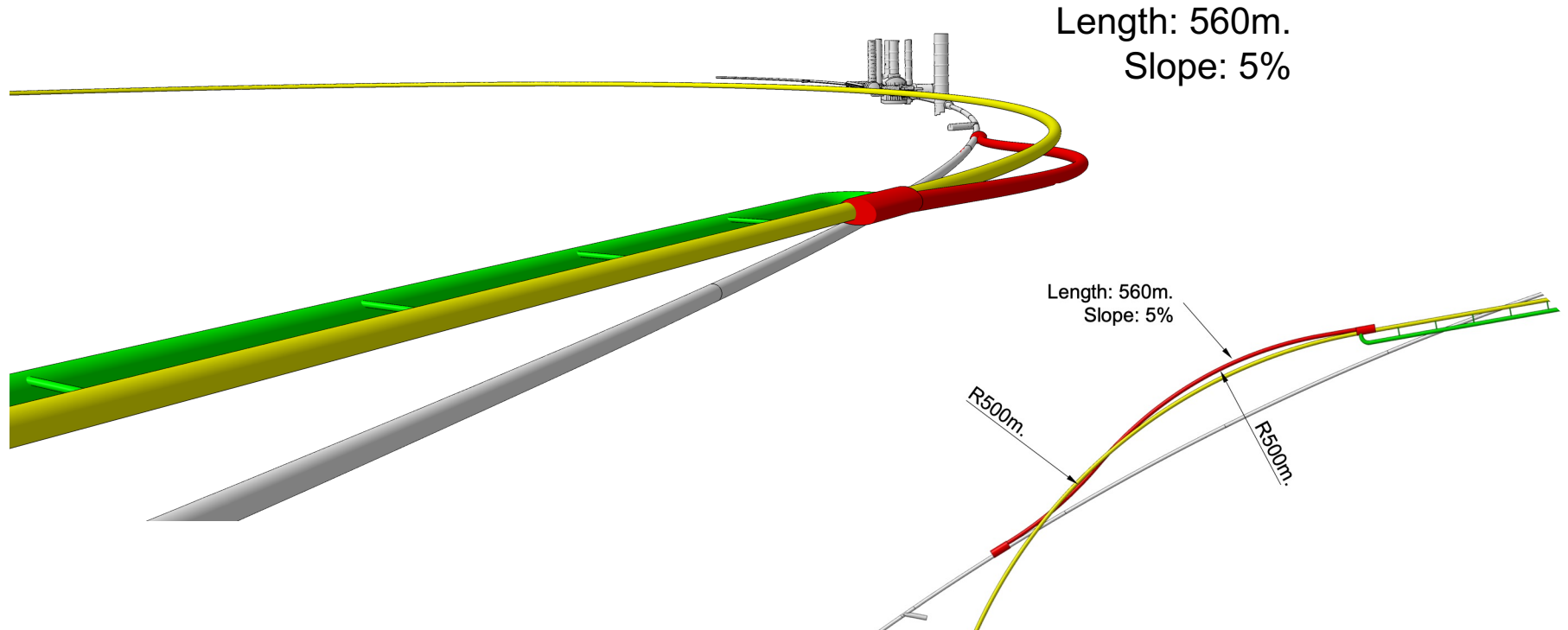
LHeC – bridge to LEP3



LHeC – bridge to LEP3

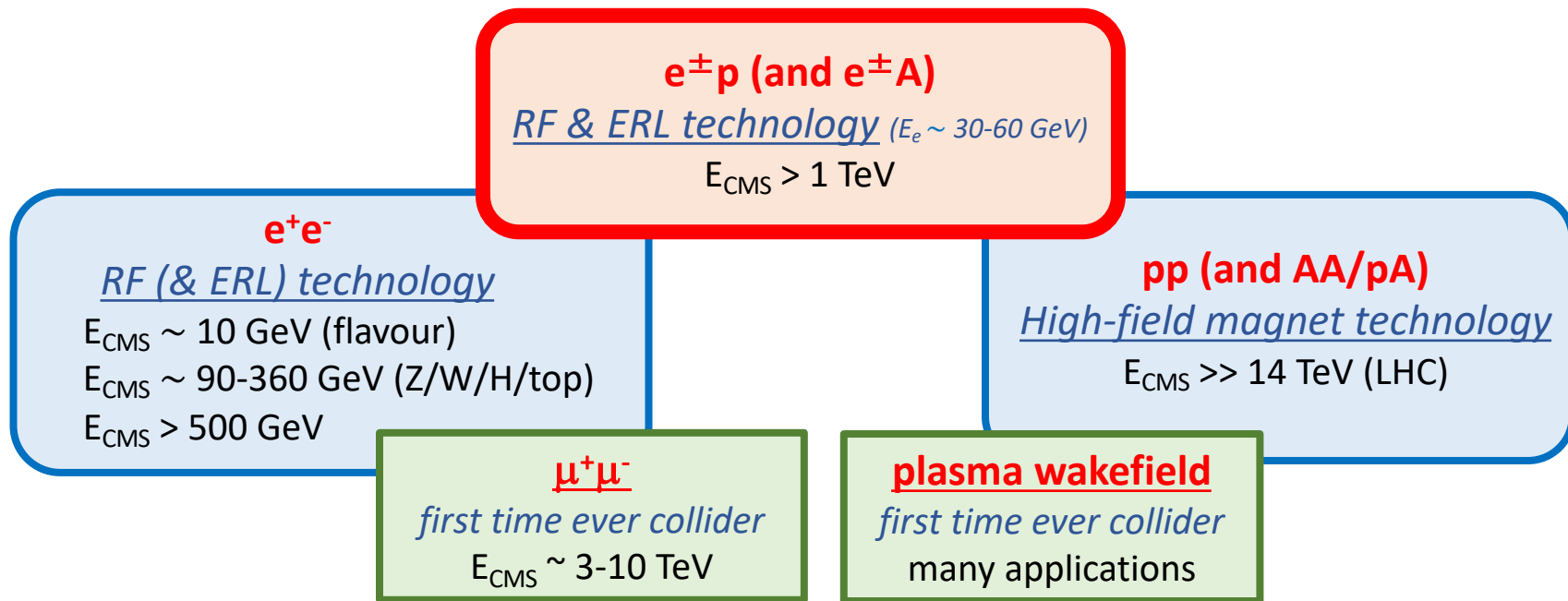


LHeC – bridge to LEP3

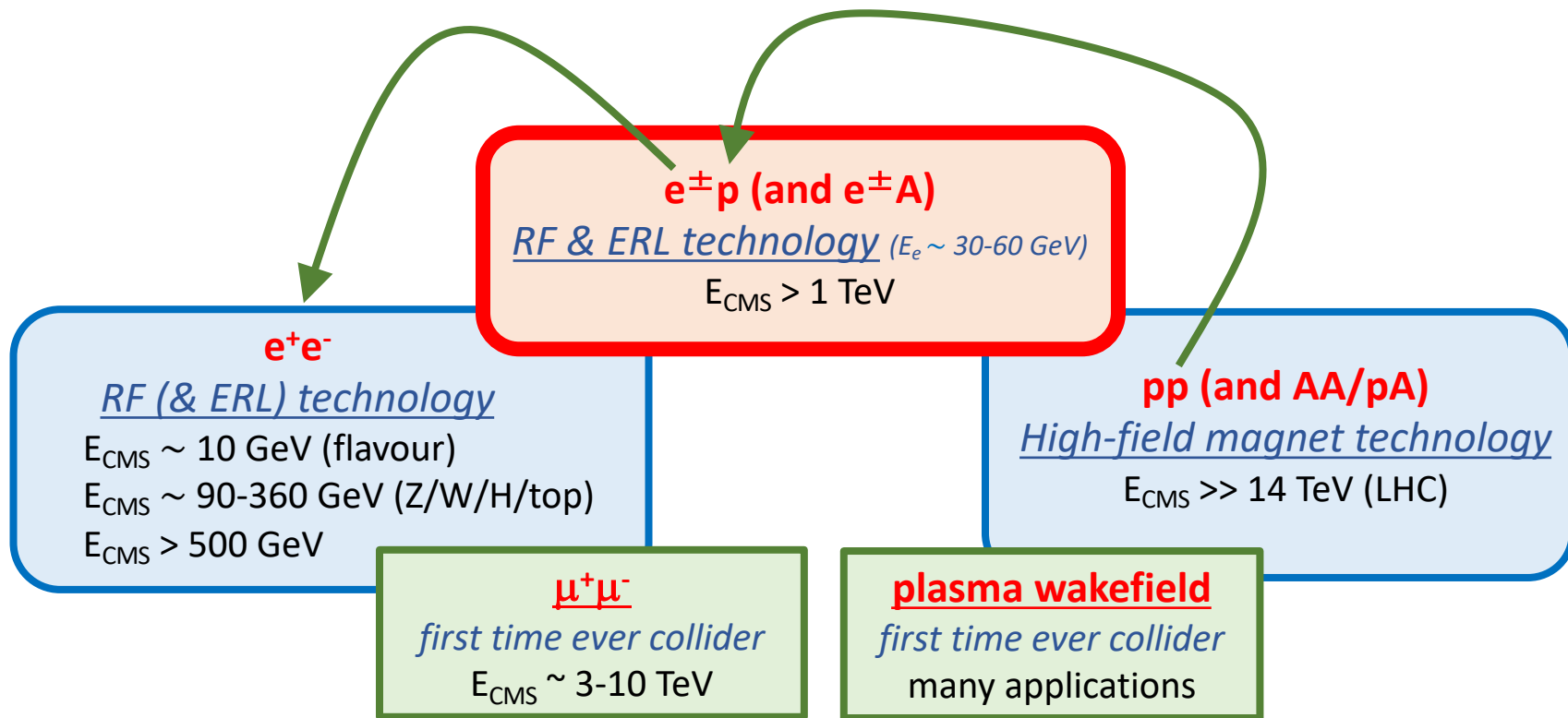


LHeC – accelerator R&D landscape

Accelerator R&D landscape & Colliders



Accelerator R&D landscape & Colliders



Accelerator R&D landscape & Colliders

focus on the LHeC

high-energy & high-luminosity

electron-proton



FOCUS

$e^\pm p$ (and $e^\pm A$)

RF & ERL technology ($E_e \sim 30\text{-}60\text{ GeV}$)

$E_{\text{CMS}} > 1\text{ TeV}$

e^+e^-

RF (& ERL) technology

$E_{\text{CMS}} \sim 10\text{ GeV}$ (flavour)

$E_{\text{CMS}} \sim 90\text{-}360\text{ GeV}$ (Z/W/H/top)

$E_{\text{CMS}} > 500\text{ GeV}$

pp (and AA/pA)

High-field magnet technology

$E_{\text{CMS}} \gg 14\text{ TeV}$ (LHC)

$\mu^+\mu^-$

first time ever collider

$E_{\text{CMS}} \sim 3\text{-}10\text{ TeV}$

plasma wakefield

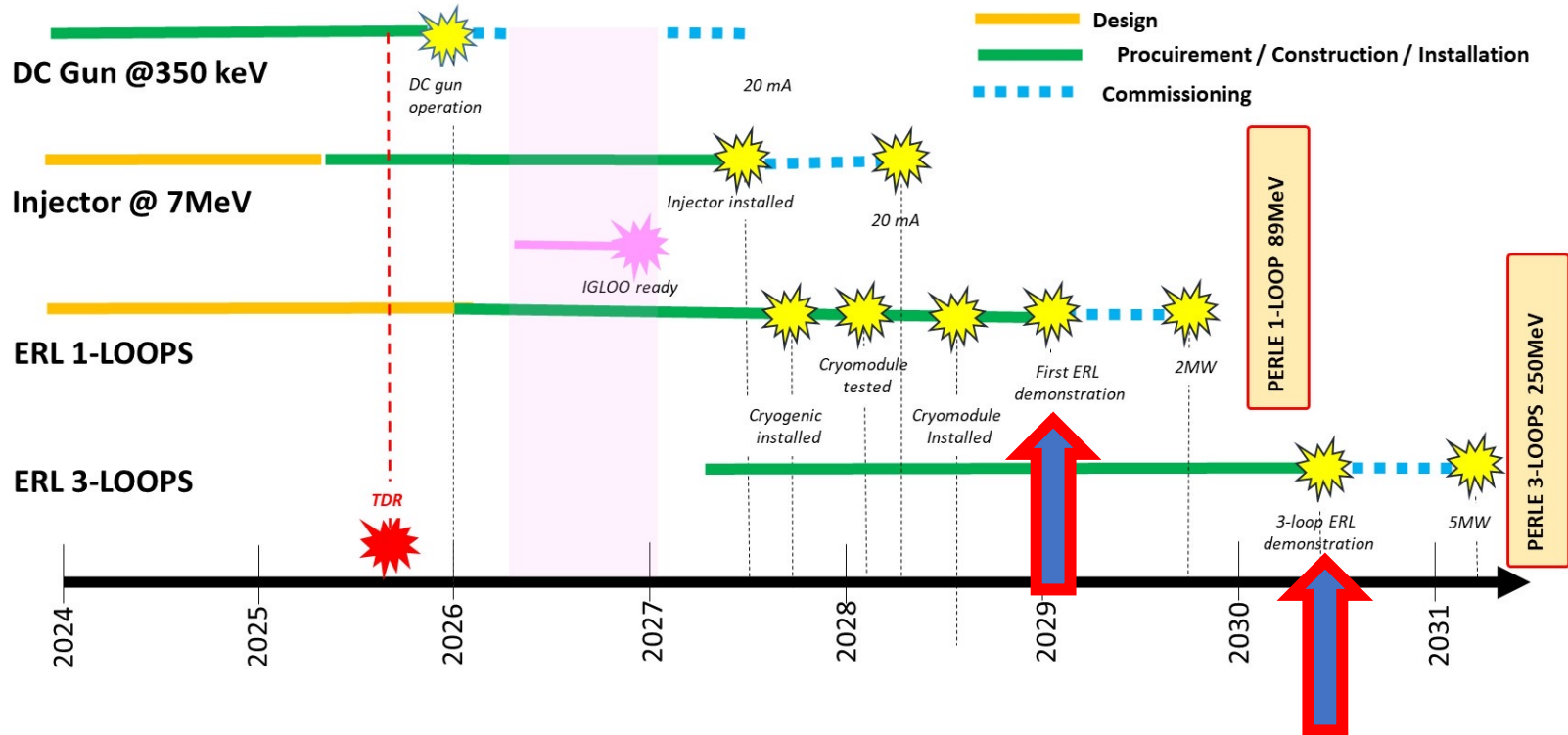
first time ever collider

many applications

CDR published: *J.Phys.G* 48 (2021) 11, 110501

LHeC – accelerator R&D for ERL

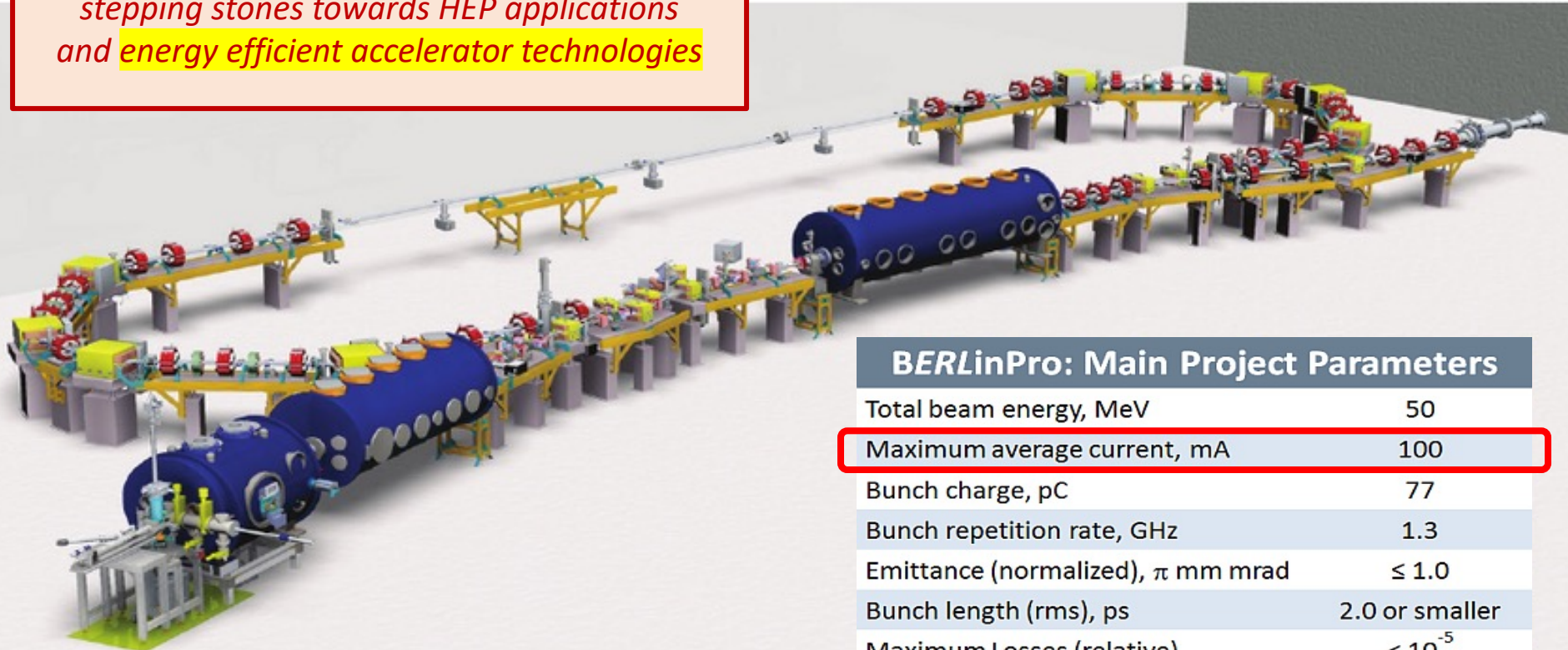
PERLE @ IJCLab (Orsay)



bERLinPro @ Helmholtz Zentrum Berlin

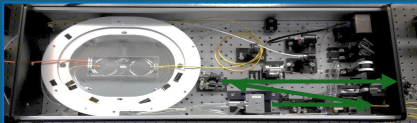
generic accelerator R&D with several aspects as stepping stones towards HEP applications and energy efficient accelerator technologies

focus on a high-current & high-brightness injector
first beams from the SRF gun

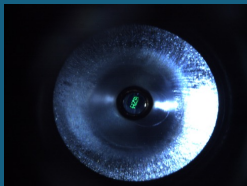


BERLinPro: Main Project Parameters

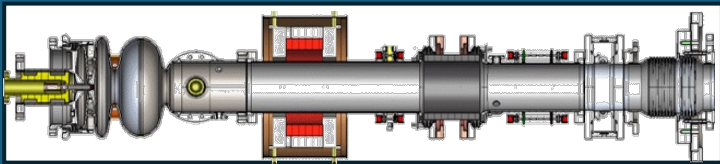
Total beam energy, MeV	50
Maximum average current, mA	100
Bunch charge, pC	77
Bunch repetition rate, GHz	1.3
Emittance (normalized), π mm mrad	≤ 1.0
Bunch length (rms), ps	2.0 or smaller
Maximum Losses (relative)	$< 10^{-5}$



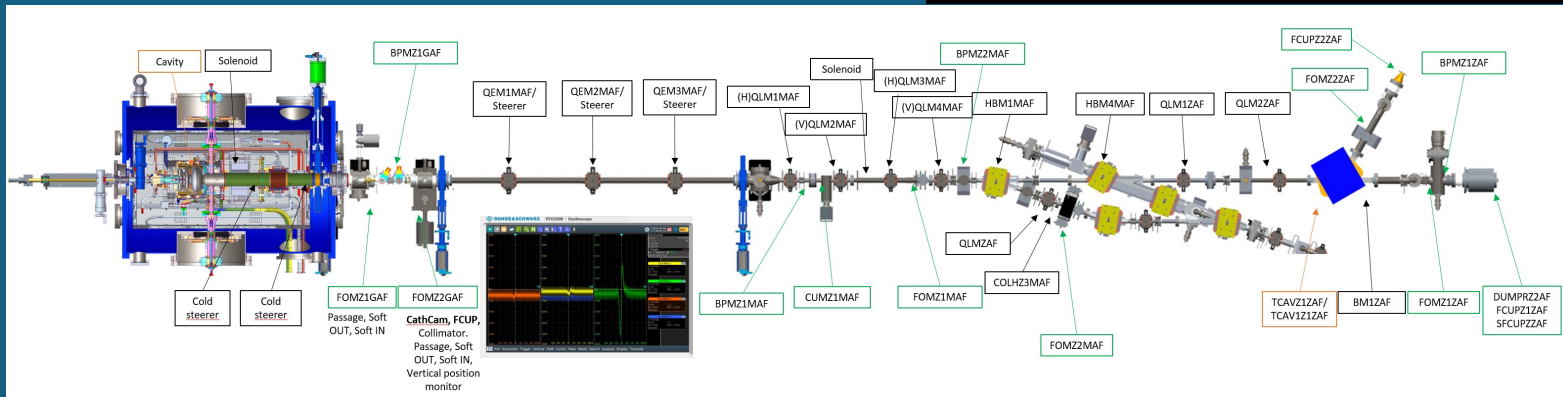
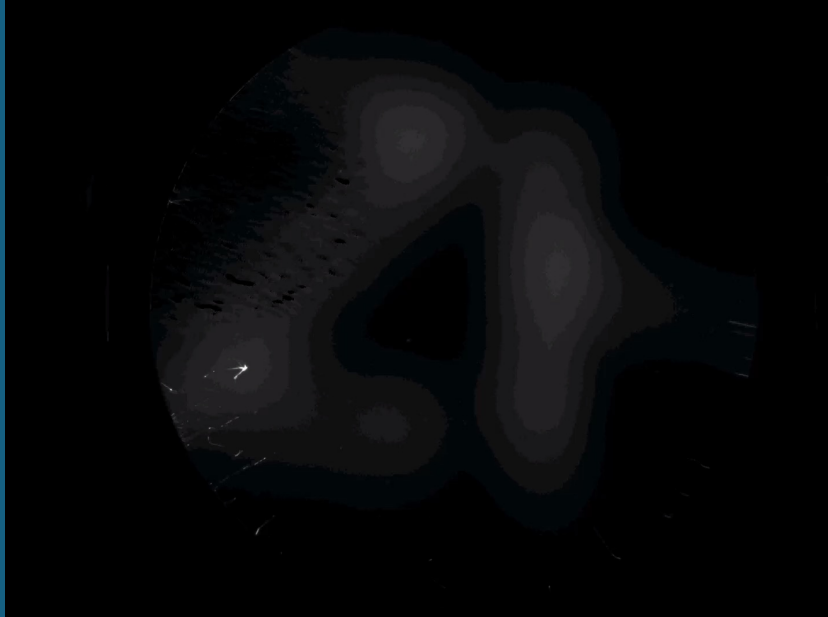
γ

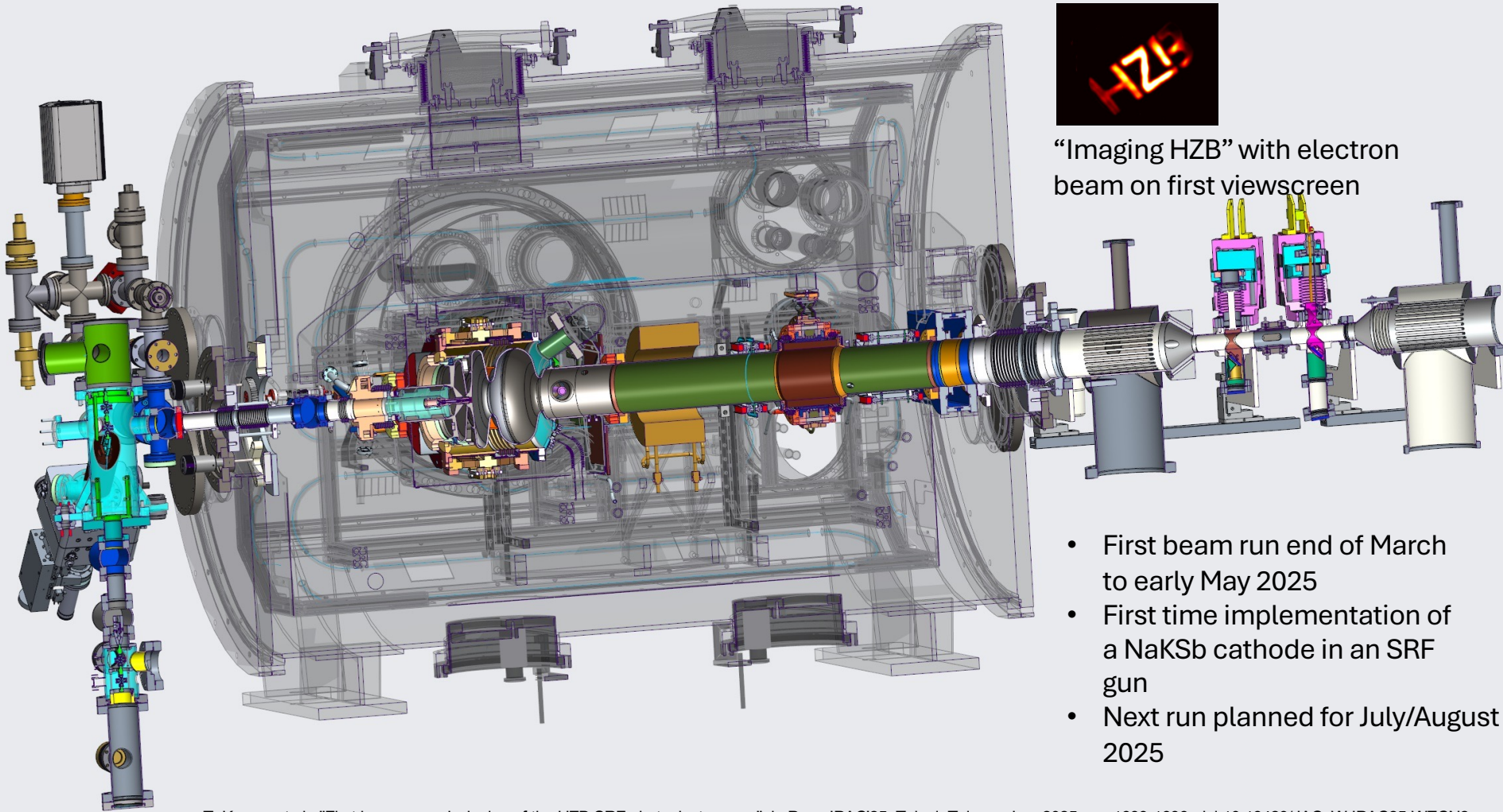


To image HZB



e^-





“Imaging HZB” with electron beam on first viewscreen

- First beam run end of March to early May 2025
- First time implementation of a NaKSb cathode in an SRF gun
- Next run planned for July/August 2025

LHeC – risks of ERL performance

LHeC – risks of ERL performance

Worse case scenario: LHeC has to operate in non-ERL mode and stay within 100MW

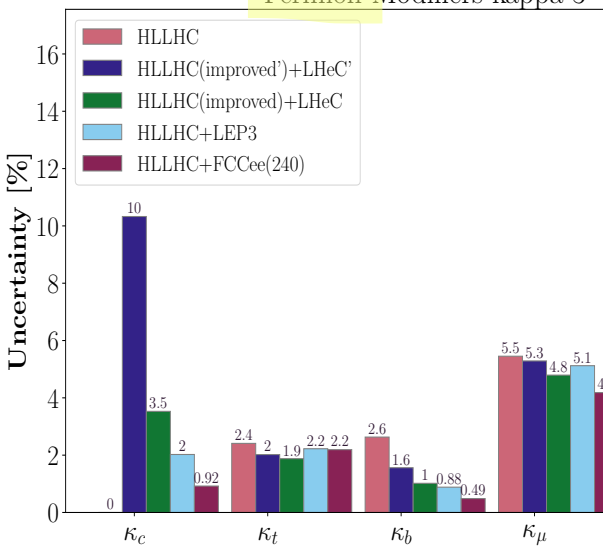
- Physics: 10x less luminosity
 - not much impact for QCD physics, including the empowering of (HL-)LHC
 - still improvements in EW, H and top quark physics wrt to HL-LHC potential
 - still search sensitivity beyond HL-LHC potential
- Accelerator: 2x less beam current in the SRF system
 - less constraints on the SRF system
 - opportunities to deploy higher gradients, less cooling, etc.
- Synergies: even more synergies with future e+e- Higgs factories (LEP3, FCCee)
 - similar opportunities for cost reduction by reusing systems

LHeC – physics impact of non-ERL LHeC (10x less luminosity)

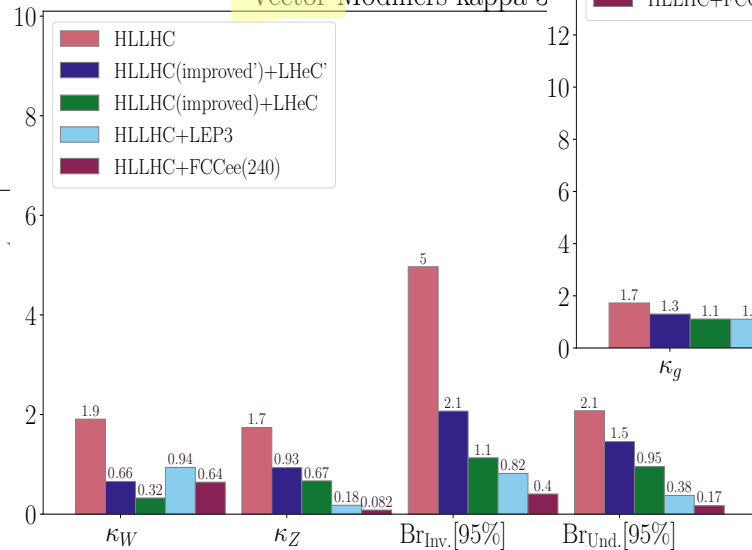
HL-LHC + LHeC' (10x less luminosity)

HL-LHC + LHeC (nominal)

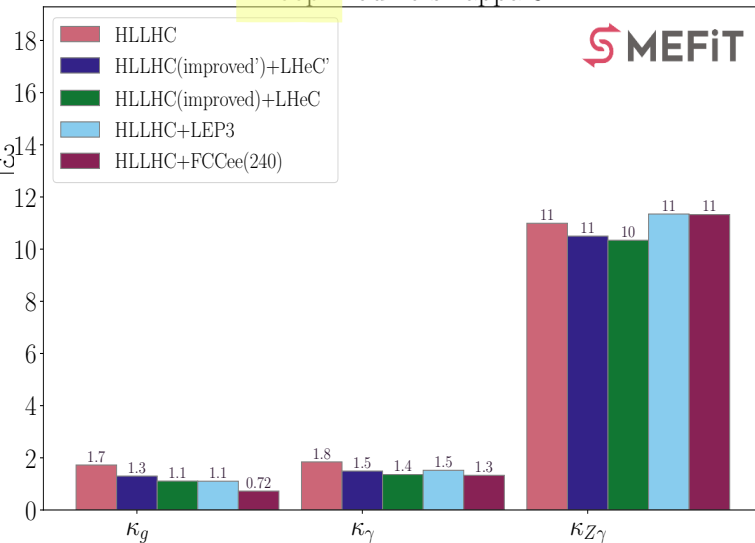
Fermion Modifiers kappa-3



Vector Modifiers kappa-3

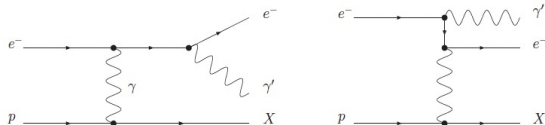


Loop Modifiers kappa-3



MEFIT

Dark Photons



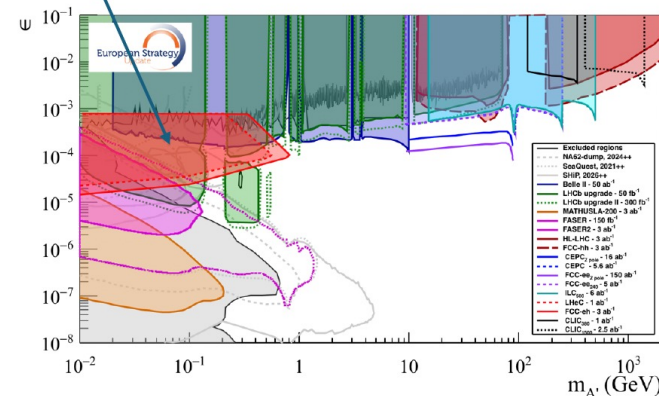
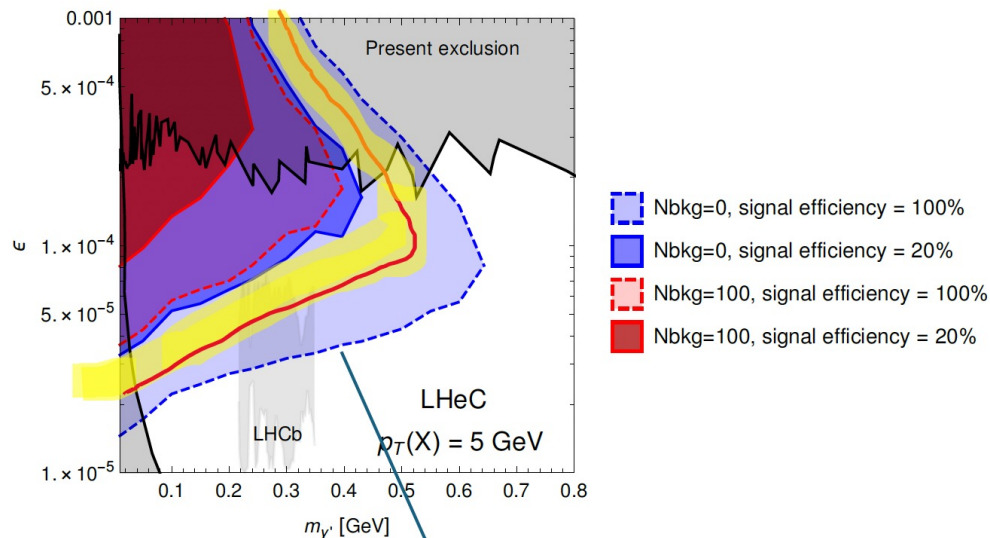
Contour for LHeC presented for 0 and 100 bkg events and for efficiency 100% and 20% (1/5)

Factor 1/10 in lumi corresponds to decrease in significance by $\sqrt{10} \sim 3$

→ For **Nbkg=0** exclusion in between dashed and solid contours

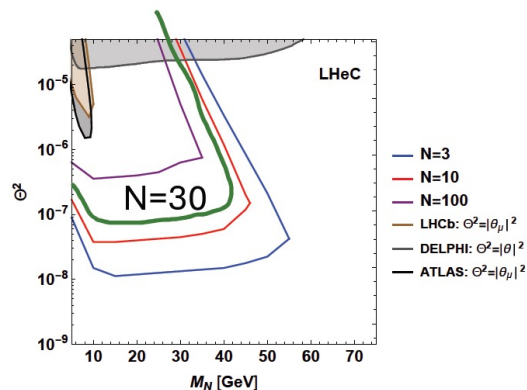
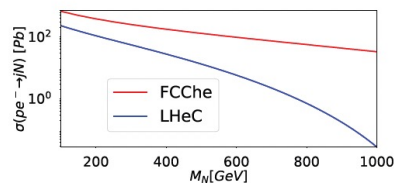
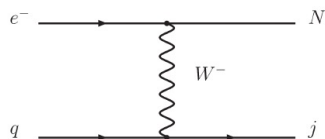
→ **Still sensitivity!**

<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.101.015020>



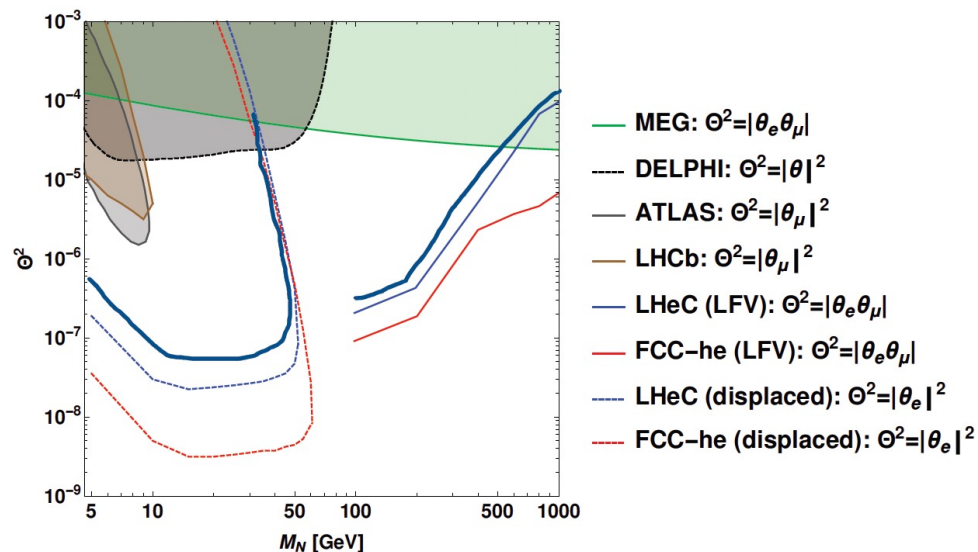
HNLs

<https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP03%282020%29110>

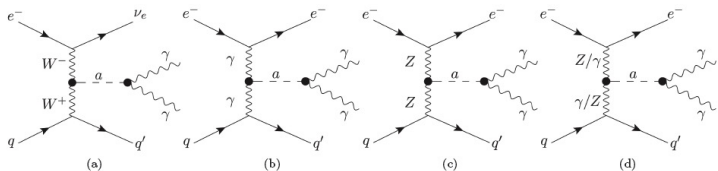


Still very good sensitivity

With 1/10 of lumi, $N=3$ would correspond to $N=30$ curve
 $N=10$ corresponds to $N=100$...



ALPS



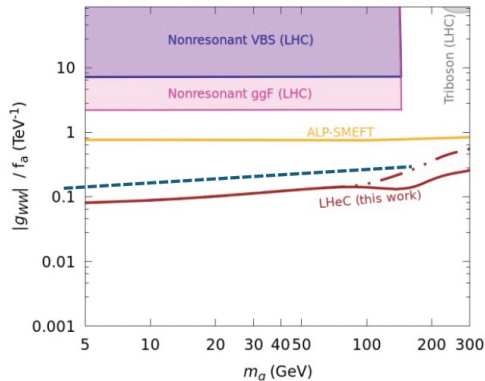
Decays only to photons

Based on $1/\text{ab-1}$, 95% C.L. limits

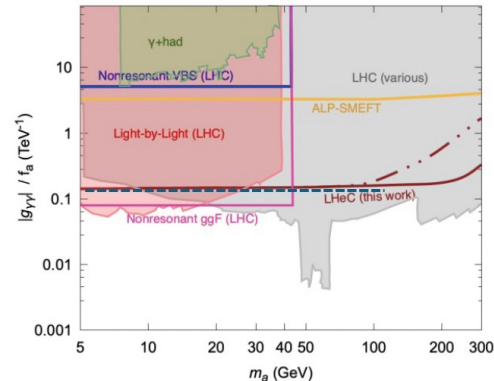
For 1/10 of the stat, dashed line are indicative

Still sensitivity complementary to HL-LHC

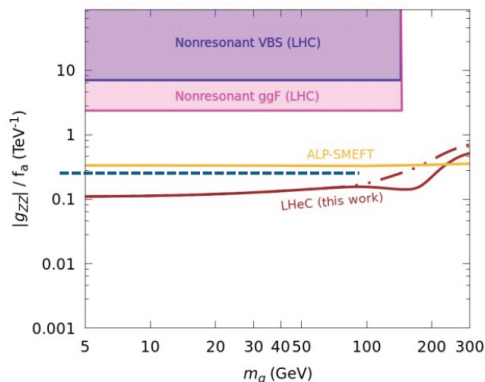
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2307.00394>



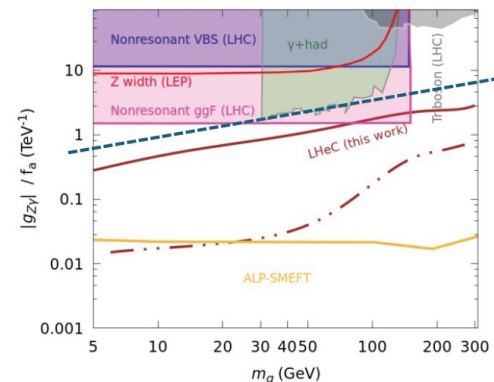
(a)



(b)

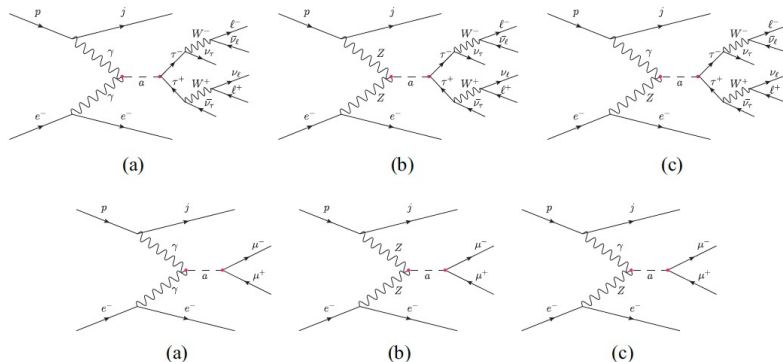


(c)



(d)

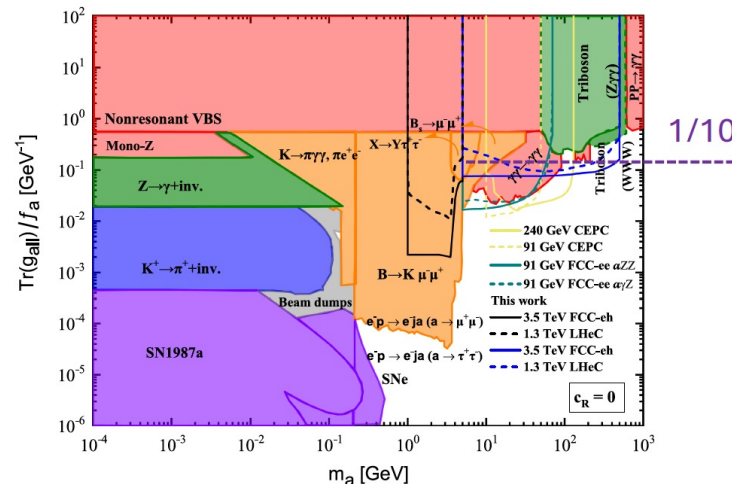
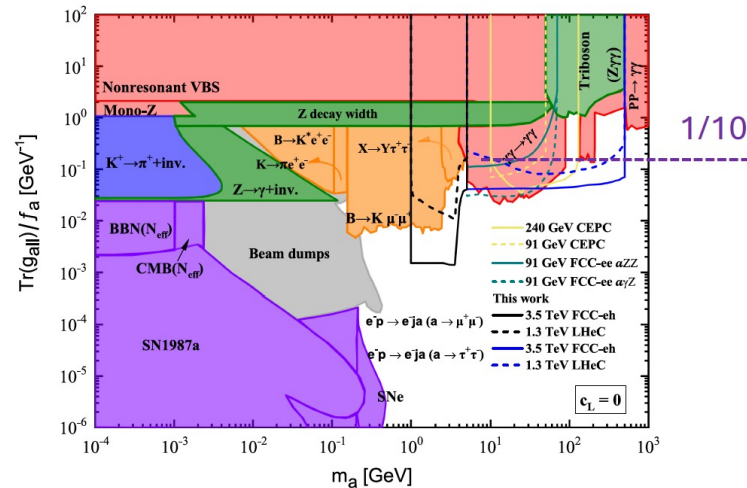
ALPS (2)



Decays to leptons (e.g. muons and taus)

Impact of 1/10 stat of LHeC far smaller than the LHeC
→ FCC-eh difference

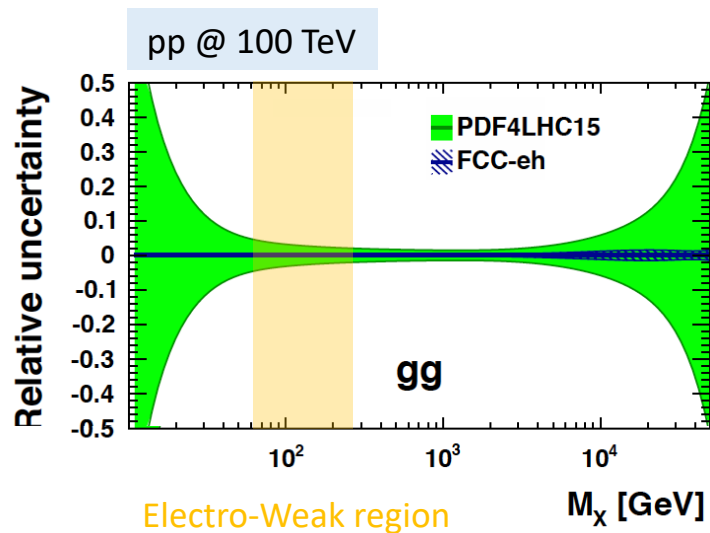
CL=0 (top) and CR=0 (bottom) – cross sections varies



<https://journals.aps.org/prd/pdf/10.1103/PhysRevD.111.075015>

LHeC – bridge to future high-energy hadron collider

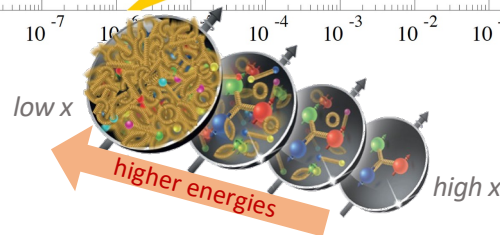
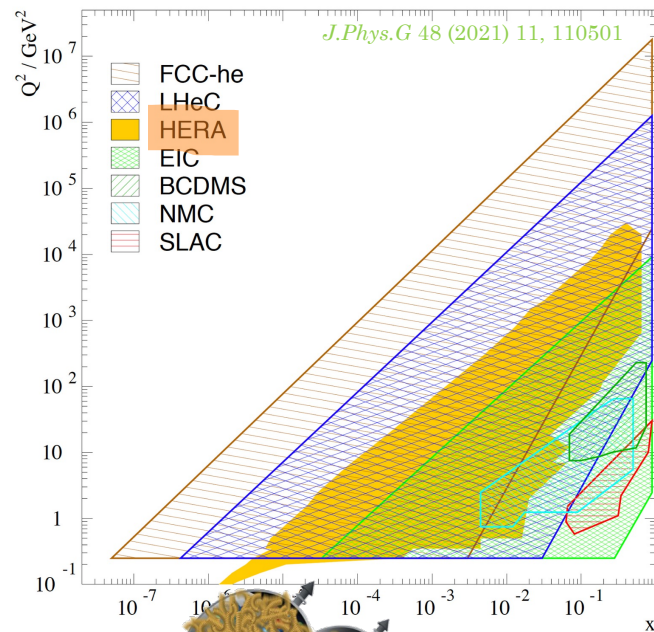
LHeC – bridge to future high-energy hadron collider



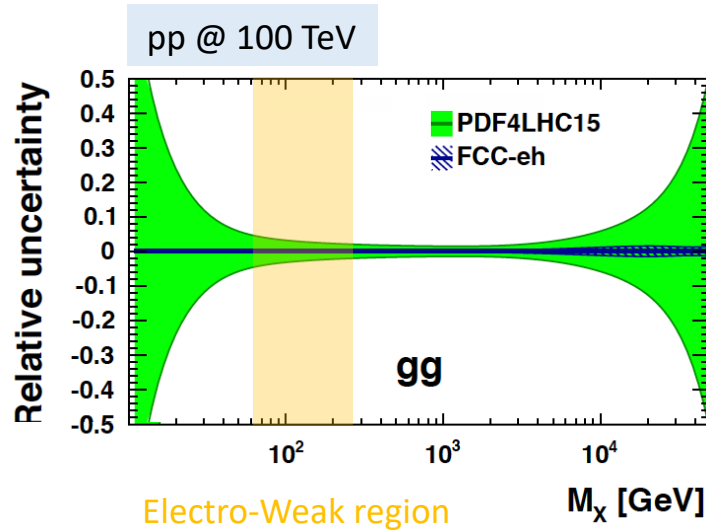
~5-7% uncertainty
on the $\sigma(W,Z,H)$

no FCC-eh

Kinematic range Parton Distribution Functions



Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



~5-7% uncertainty
on the $\sigma(W,Z,H)$

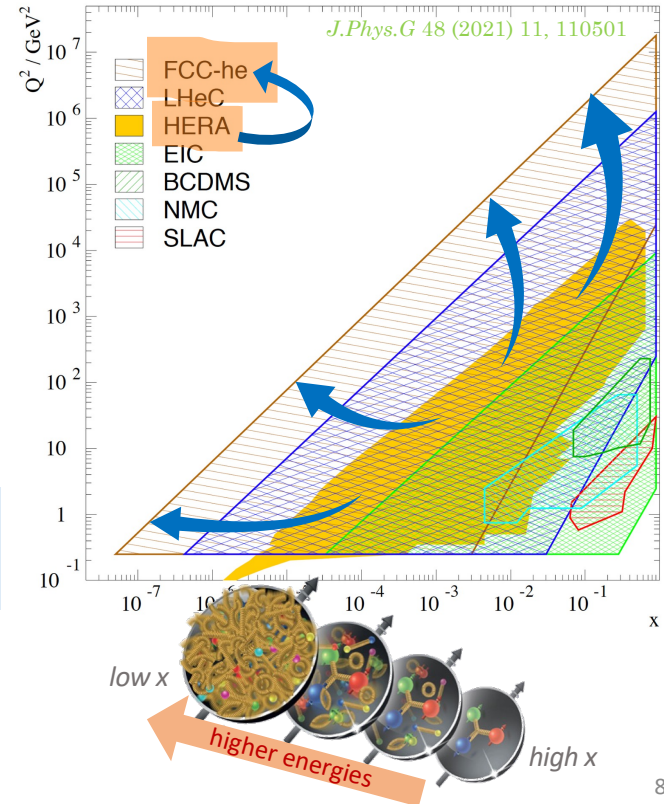
no FCC-eh

with FCC-eh

~1% uncertainty
on the $\sigma(W,Z,H)$

**LHeC/FCC-eh essential to unlock
FCC-hh science potential**

Kinematic range Parton Distribution Functions



Complementarity for Higgs physics in the FCC program

(Higgs coupling strength modifier parameters κ_i – assuming no BSM particles in Higgs boson decay)
(expected relative precision)

kappa-0-HL	HL+FCC-ee ₂₄₀	HL+FCC-ee	HL+FCC-ee (4 IP)	HL+FCC-ee/hh	HL+FCC-eh/hh	HL+FCC-hh	HL+FCC-ee/eh/hh
κ_W [%]	0.86	0.38	0.23	0.27	0.17	0.39	0.14
κ_Z [%]	0.15	0.14	0.094	0.13	0.27	0.63	0.12
κ_g [%]	1.1	0.88	0.59	0.55	0.56	0.74	0.46
κ_γ [%]	1.3	1.2	1.1	0.29	0.32	0.56	0.28
$\kappa_{Z\gamma}$ [%]	10.	10.	10.	0.7	0.71	0.89	0.68
κ_c [%]	1.5	1.3	0.88	1.2	1.2	—	0.94
κ_t [%]	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.95	0.95	0.99	0.95
κ_b [%]	0.94	0.59	0.44	0.5	0.52	0.99	0.41
κ_μ [%]	4.	3.9	3.3	0.41	0.45	0.68	0.41
κ_τ [%]	0.9	0.61	0.39	0.49	0.63	0.9	0.42
Γ_H [%]	1.6	0.87	0.55	0.67	0.61	1.3	0.44

only FCC-ee@240GeV

only FCC-hh

Complementarity for Higgs physics in the FCC program

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(expected relative precision)

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FCC-ee prospect

FCC-hh/eh prospect

only FCC-ee@240GeV

only FCC-hh

Complementarity for Higgs physics in the FCC program

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κ_W [%]	0.86	0.38	0.23	0.27	0.17	0.39	0.14
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only FCC-ee@240GeV

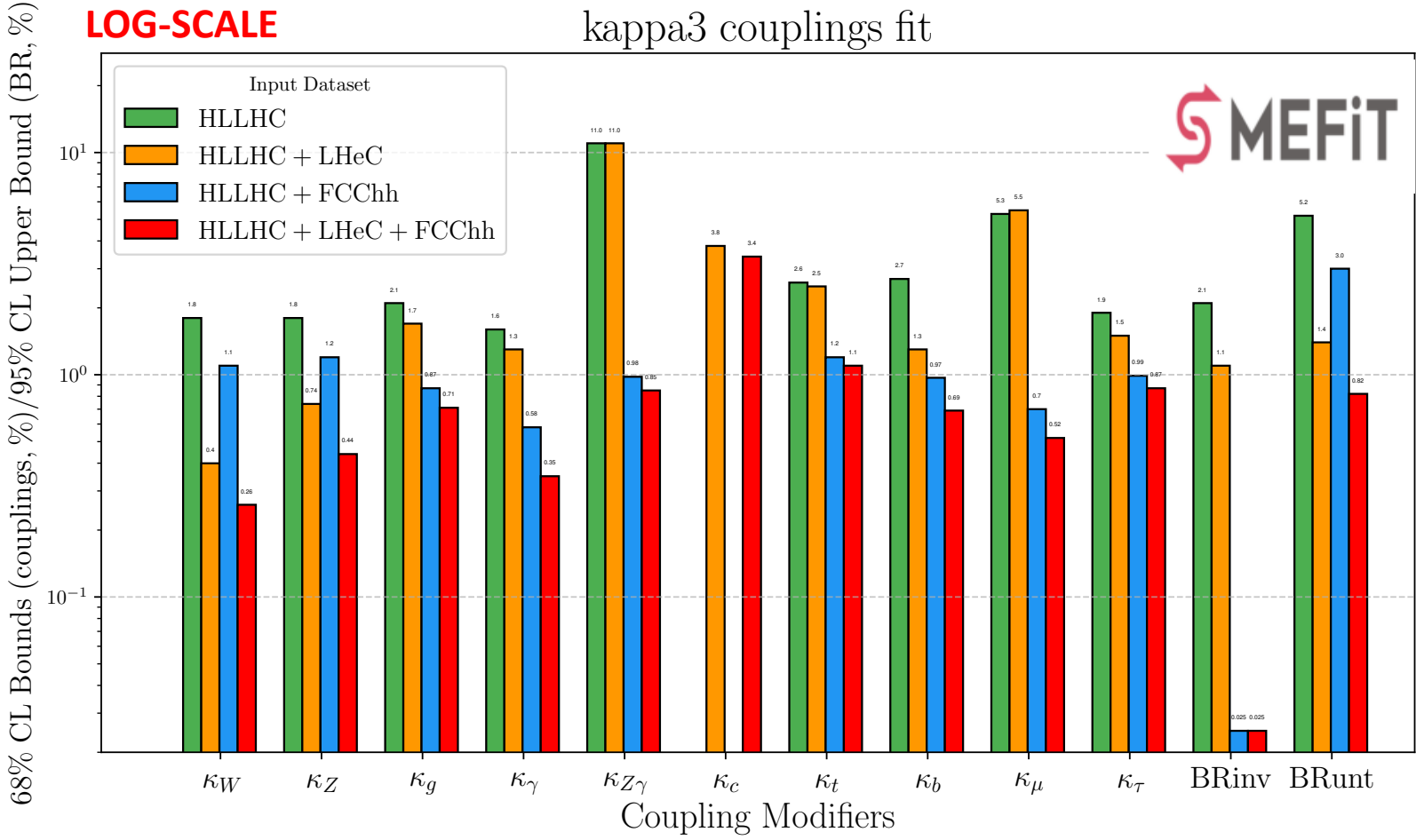
FCC-ee prospect

FCC-hh/eh prospect

only FCC-hh

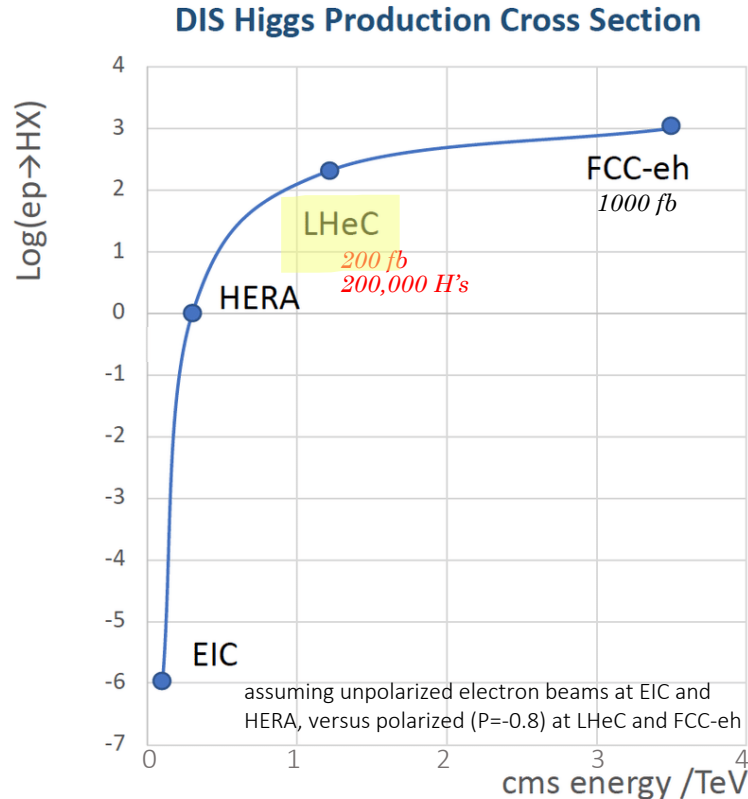
ALL COMBINED

Ultimate Higgs Factory = {ee + eh + hh}

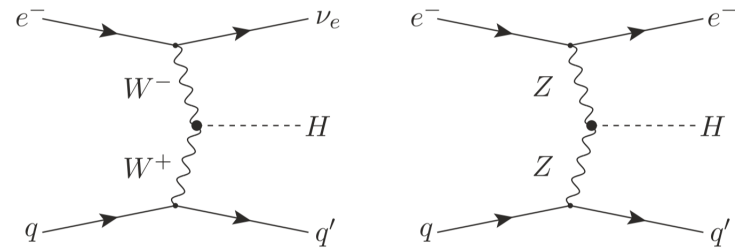


LHeC – more physics plots

Collision energy above the threshold for EW/Higgs/top



**The real game change between
HERA and LHC/FCC**

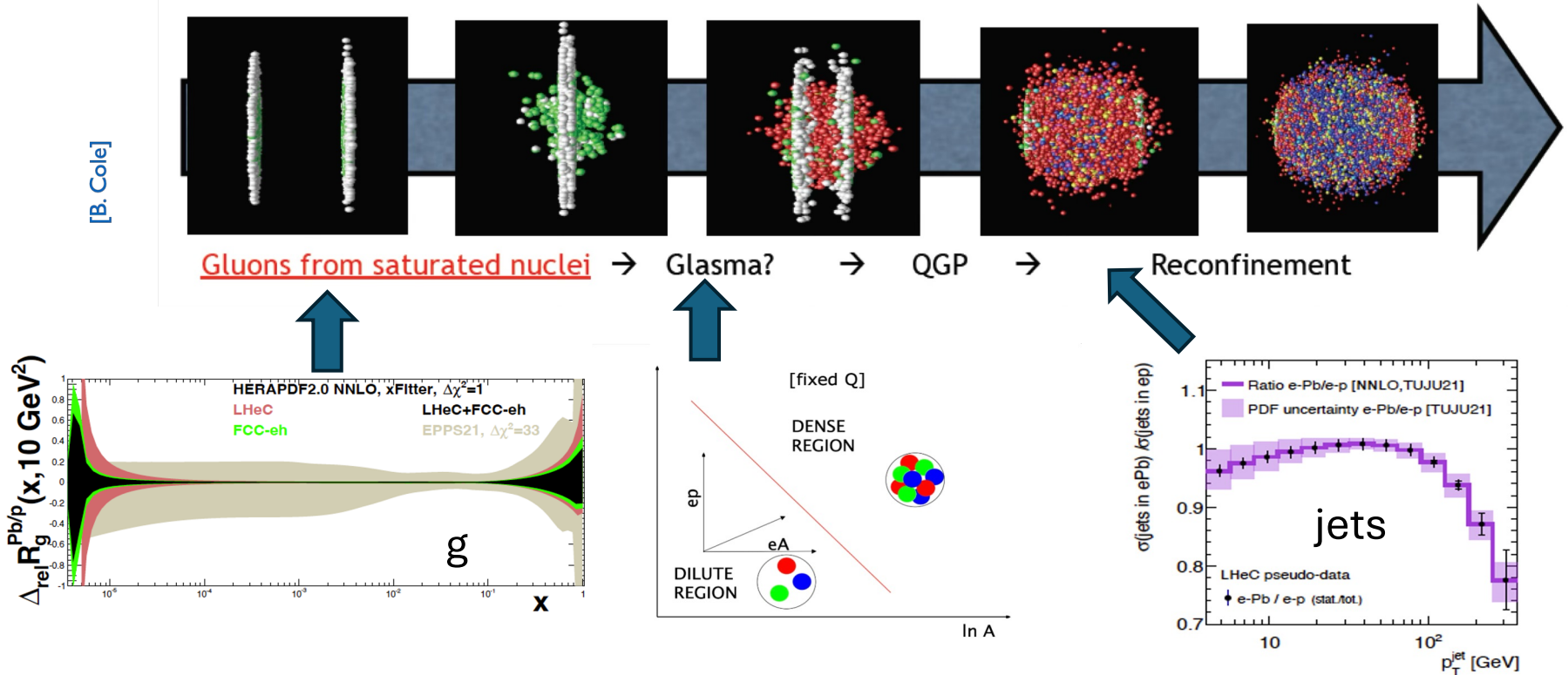


compared to proton collisions, these are reasonably clean Higgs events with much less backgrounds

at these energies and luminosities, interactions with all SM particles can be measured precisely

eA at the LHeC

eA collisions at the LHeC will provide precise information on the partonic structure of nuclei and the dynamics of dense partonic systems (a new non-linear regime of QCD which requires ep and eA), relevant for all stages of HICs.

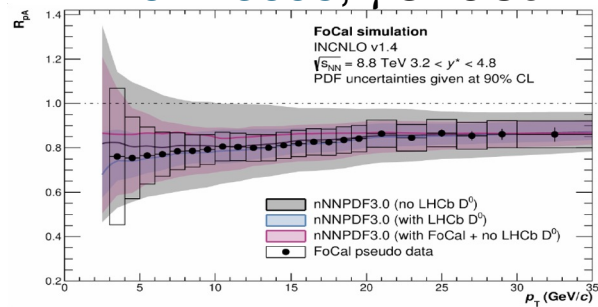


Why DIS for PDFs?

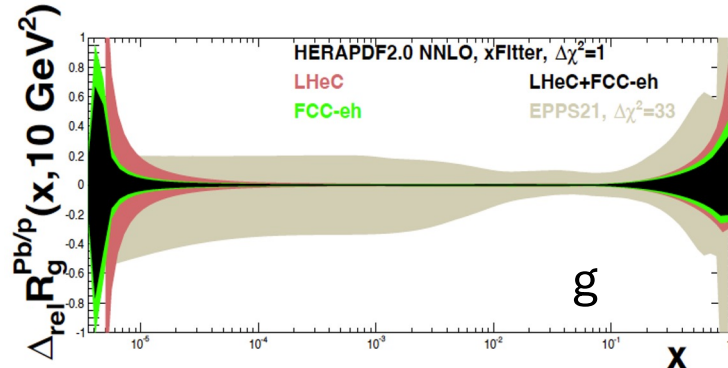
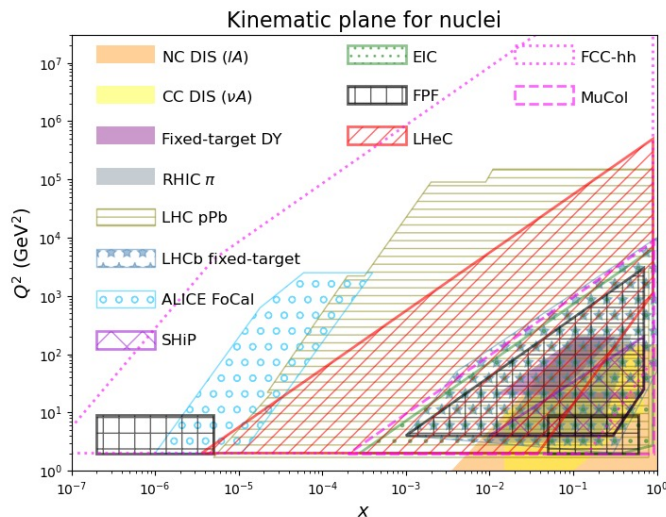
DIS is the ideal place for determining PDFs:

- Pointlike object on a composite one (hh=composite on composite): better determination of kinematic variables in the PDF, far less convoluted information than in pp.
- Much cleaner experimental environment: larger precision.
- Theory better established: factorisation proofs, evolution equations to aNNNLO, etc.
- PDFs from a single experiment to get rid of inconsistencies between experiments.

2407.13058, γ @FoCal



- FoCal covers the same region that LHCb D-mesons, already included in EPPS21.
- LHeC determines better the gluon than available EPPS21

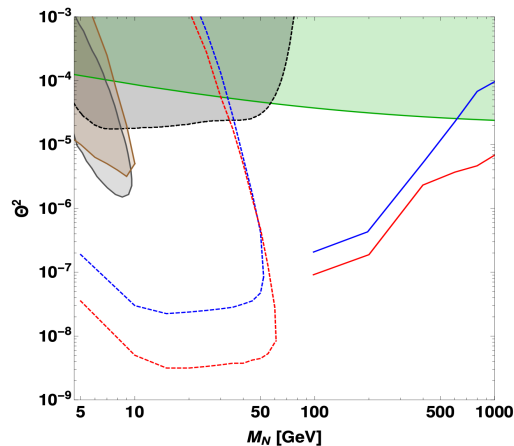


Searching for new physics with the LHeC

*example of long-lived particles
(benchmark models for hidden sectors)*

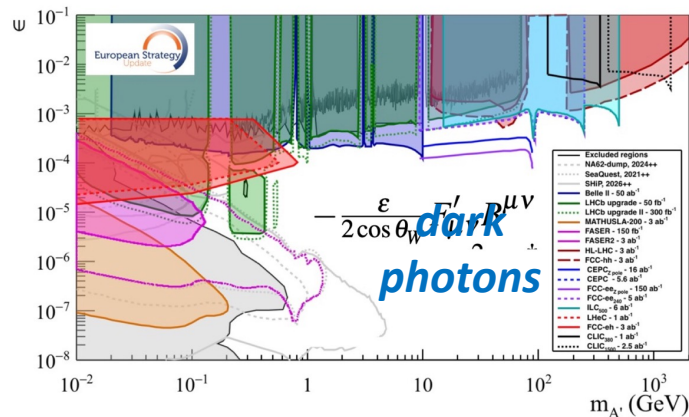
Portal	Coupling
Vector (Dark Vector, A_μ)	$-\frac{\epsilon}{2\cos\theta_W}F'_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu}$
Scalar (Dark Higgs, S)	$(\mu S + \lambda_{HS}S^2)H^\dagger H$
Pseudo-scalar (Axion, a)	$\frac{a}{f_a}F_{\mu\nu}\tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}, \frac{a}{f_a}G_{i,\mu\nu}\tilde{G}_i^{\mu\nu}, \frac{\partial_\mu a}{f_a}\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\gamma^5\psi$
Fermion (Sterile Neutrino, N)	$y_N LHN$

*compared to pp collisions the signature
is easier to identify in ep collisions*

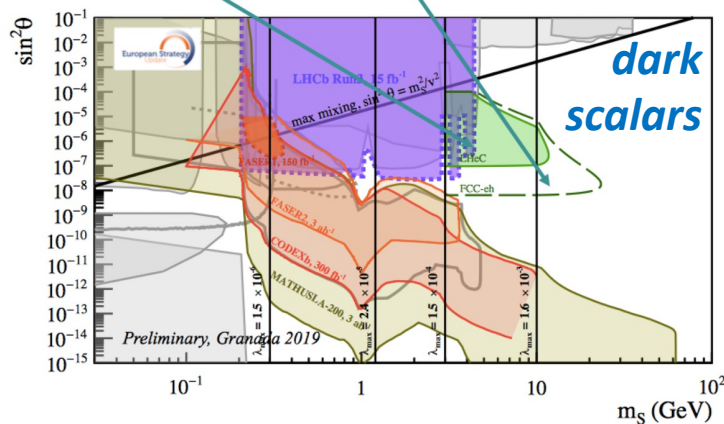


heavy sterile neutrinos

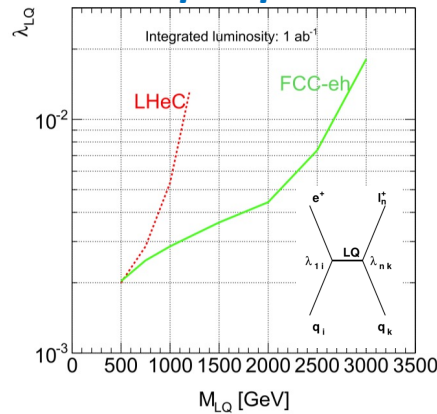
- MEG: $\Theta^2=|\theta_e\theta_\mu|$
- DELPHI: $\Theta^2=|\theta|^2$
- ATLAS: $\Theta^2=|\theta_\mu|^2$
- LHCb: $\Theta^2=|\theta_\mu|^2$
- LHeC (LFV): $\Theta^2=|\theta_e\theta_\mu|$
- FCC-he (LFV): $\Theta^2=|\theta_e\theta_\mu|$
- LHeC (displaced): $\Theta^2=|\theta_e|^2$
- FCC-he (displaced): $\Theta^2=|\theta_e|^2$



Projections for LHeC (1 ab⁻¹) and FCC-eh (3 ab⁻¹) - (fixed $\lambda=4\times 10^{-3}$).



leptoquarks



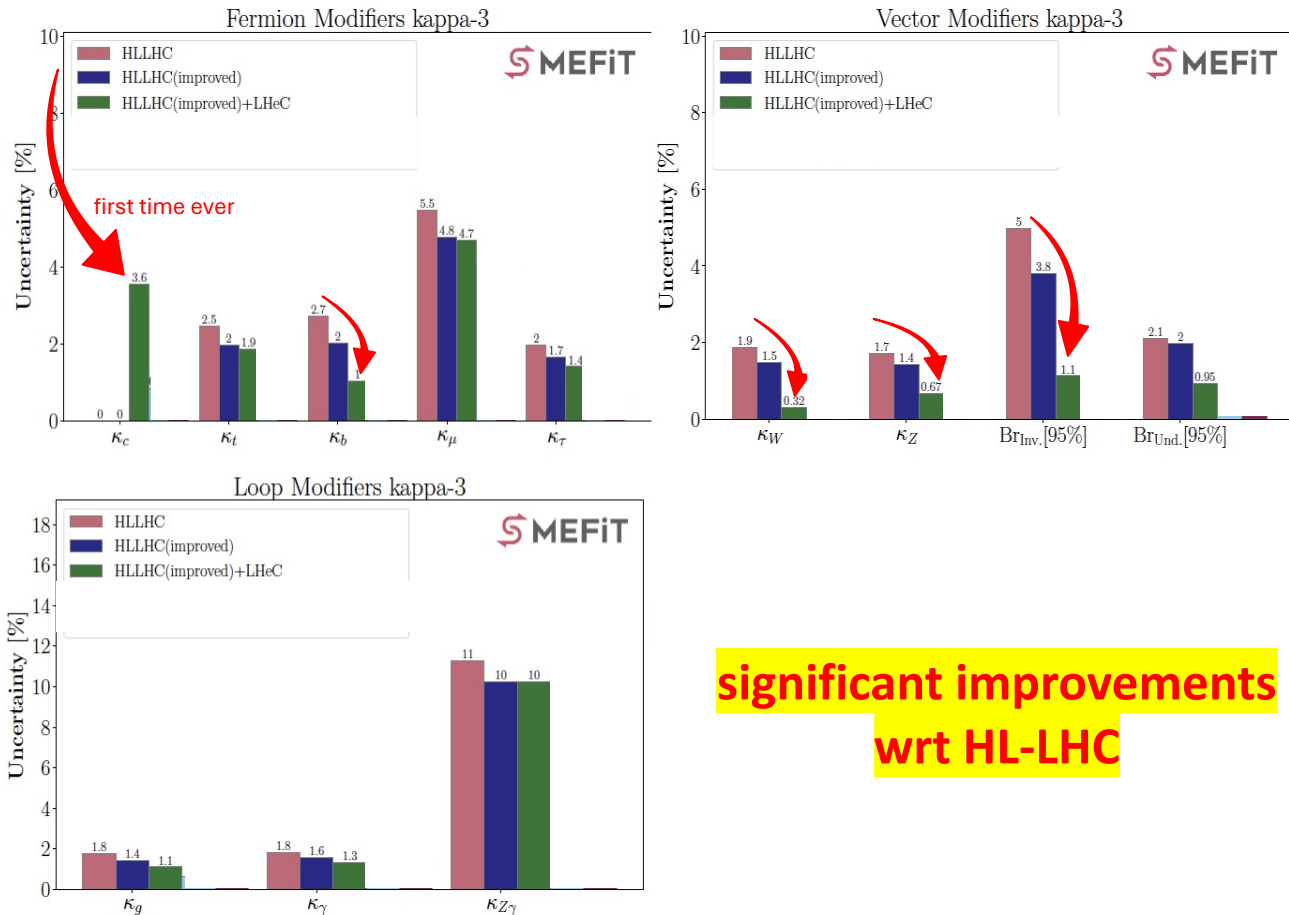
Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

The LHeC is partially a **Higgs Factory** with several couplings **significantly improved over HL-LHC expectations**

- first time ever:
 κ_c
- greatly improved:
 $\kappa_b, \kappa_W, \kappa_Z$
- significantly improved:
 $\kappa_t, \kappa_\tau, \kappa_g$

Figure:

The relative uncertainty on the fermion, vector and loop coupling modifiers obtained in the kappa-3 framework, for different combinations of the HL-LHC, HL-LHC (with improved PDFs and α_s from the LHeC), LHeC, and FCC-ee.



**significant improvements
wrt HL-LHC**

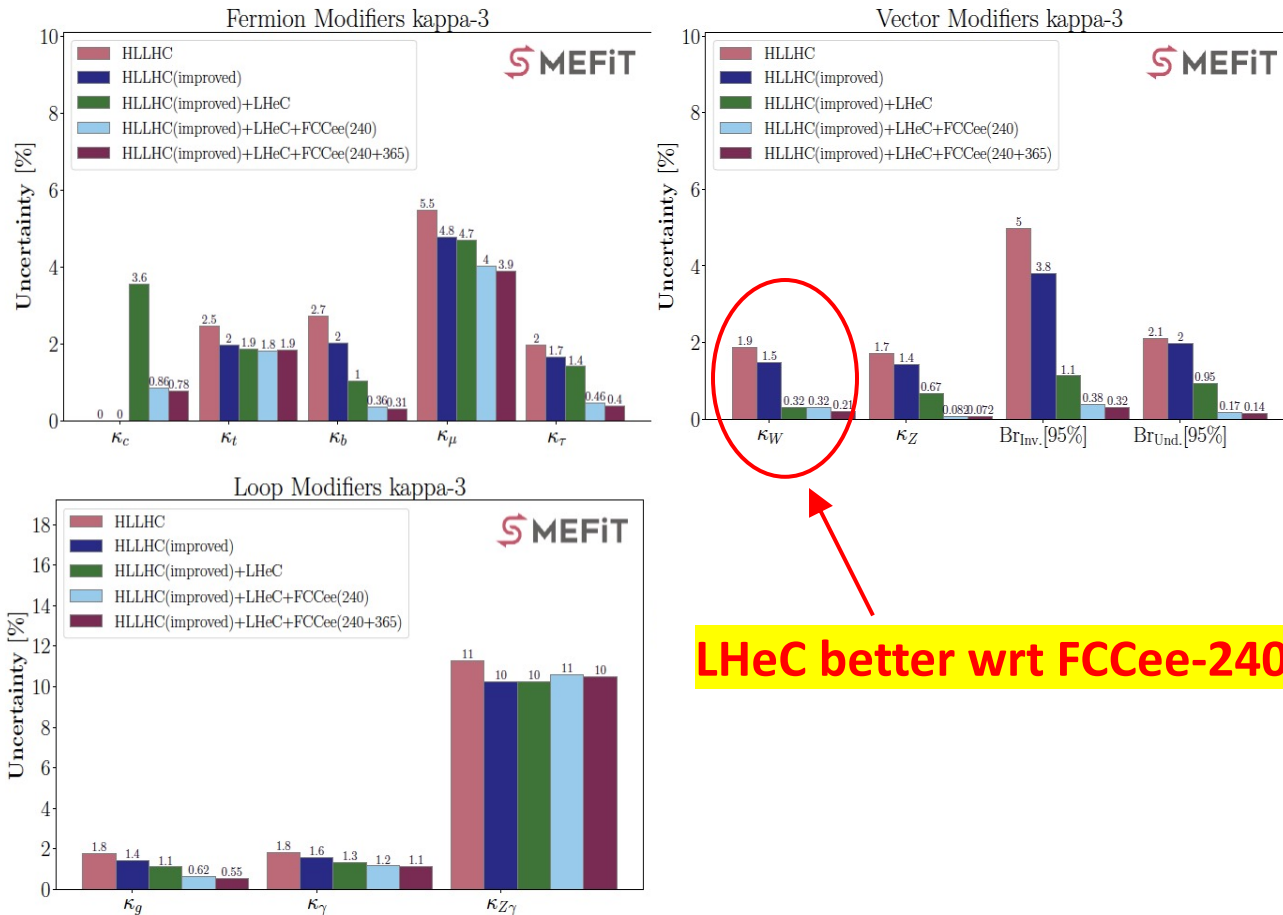
Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

The LHeC is partially a **Higgs Factory** with several couplings significantly improved over HL-LHC expectations, and some even more accurately compared to FCC-ee at 240 GeV.

- first time ever:
 κ_c
- greatly improved:
 $\kappa_b, \kappa_W, \kappa_Z$
- significantly improved:
 $\kappa_t, \kappa_\tau, \kappa_g$

Figure:

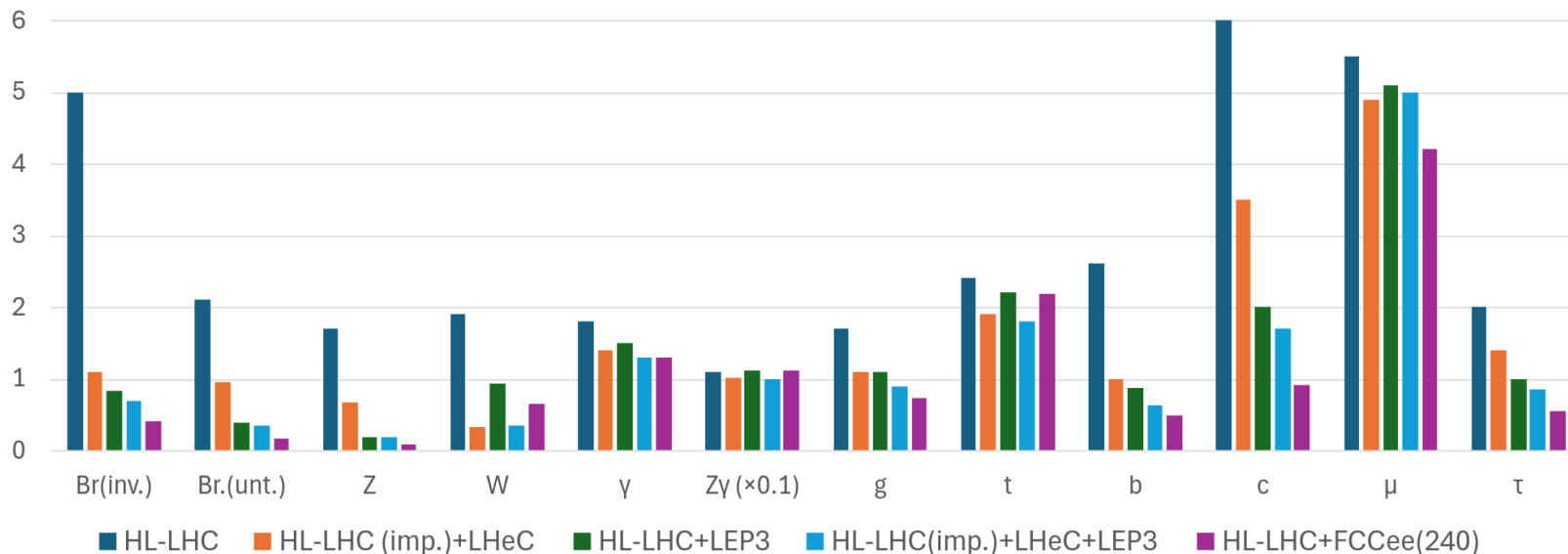
The relative uncertainty on the fermion, vector and loop coupling modifiers obtained in the kappa-3 framework, for different combinations of the HL-LHC, HL-LHC (with improved PDFs and α_s from the LHeC), LHeC, and FCC-ee.



Some physics highlights: Higgs physics

LHeC combines well with LEP3

Higgs coupling modifiers kappa-3 in [%], @SMEFiT



Some physics highlights: gluon distribution

LHeC will further improve the PDF determination in a much larger kinematic region and decrease the uncertainty in α_s by more than a factor 2 compared to HERA+EIC

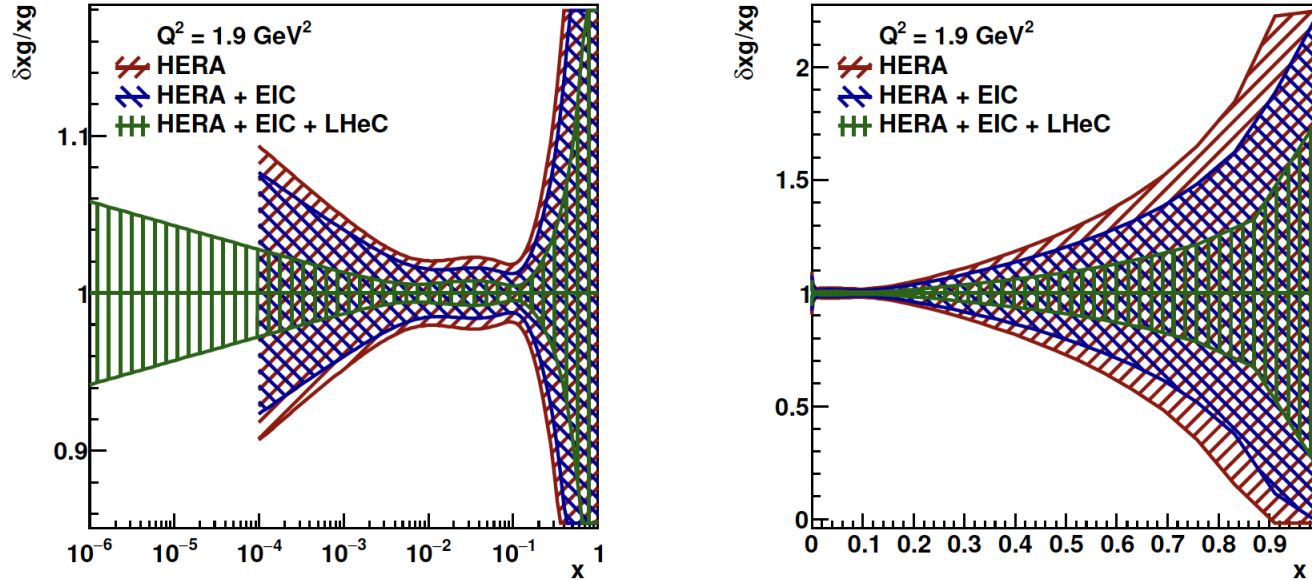
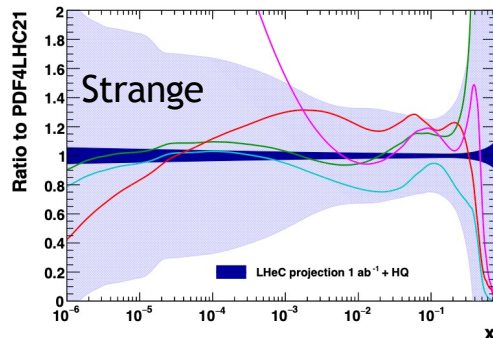
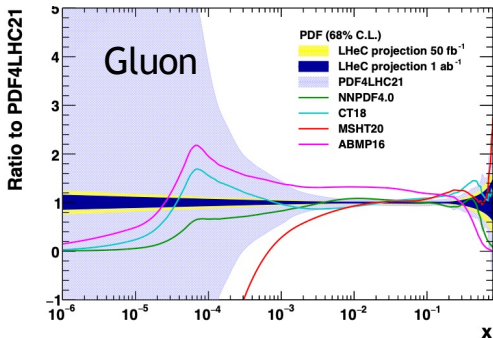
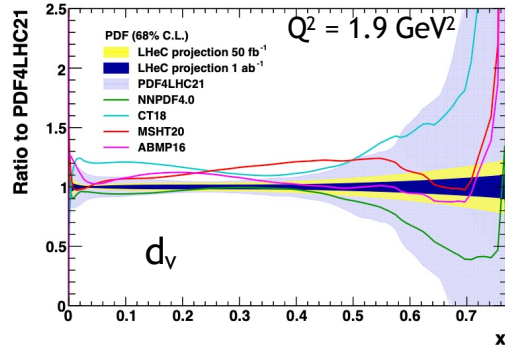


FIG. 13. Uncertainty in the determination of the gluon distribution at $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$ in logarithmic (left) and linear (right) scale in fits to HERA data plus EIC projections plus LHeC [91].

Proton PDF Precision



- PDF knowledge transformed over wide kinematic range, extending from $x \sim 10^{-6}$ to $x \rightarrow 1$

- Resolving current ambiguities

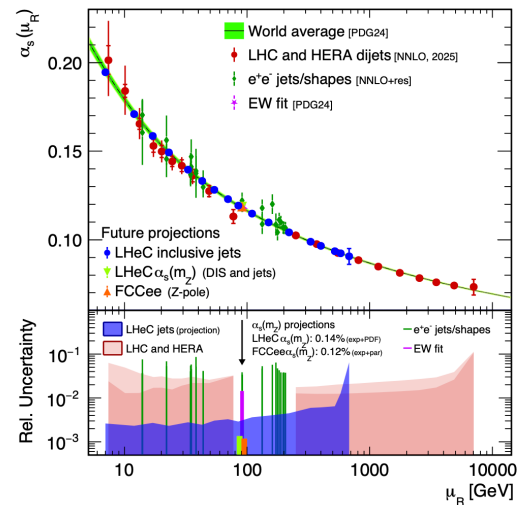
- First full and precise flavour decomposition

- α_s to 0.14%, including running

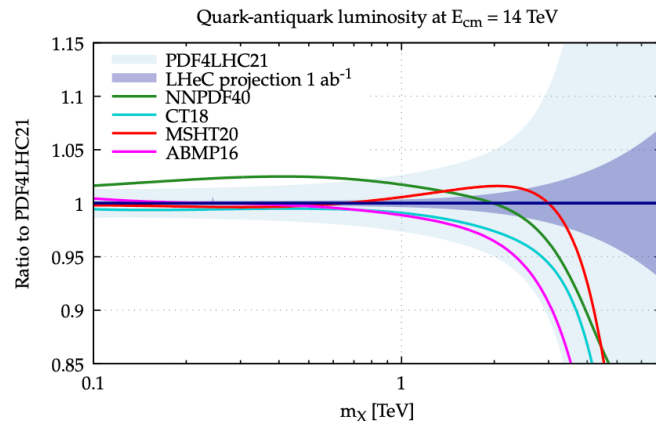
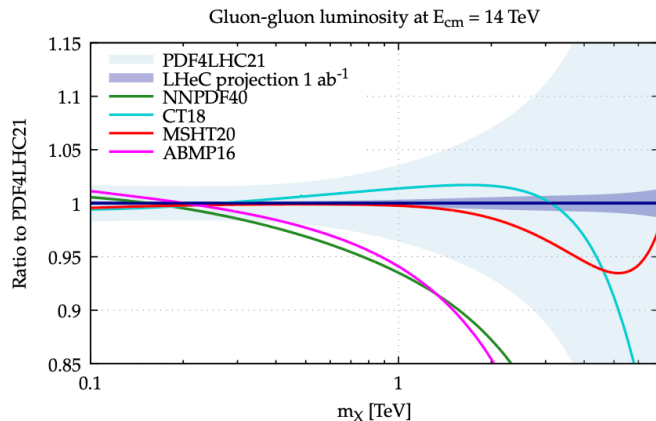
- M_W to few MeV

- $\sin^2\theta_W$ to 0.0002 including running

- Best axial and vector Z-light quark couplings



Enabling HL-LHC: parton lumi's revisited



- Extends upper mass reach of many LHC BSM searches
- Facilitates LHC precision measurements

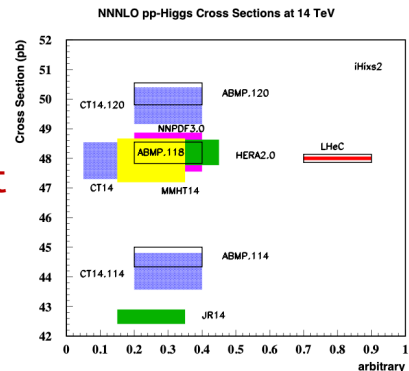
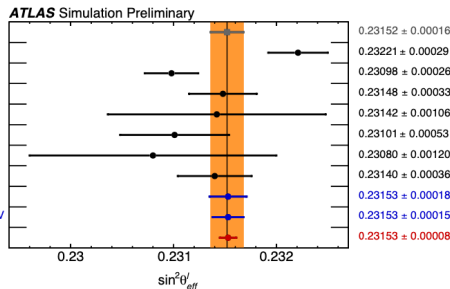
...Theory uncertainty on LHC Higgs cross section

... M_W PDF systs \rightarrow 2 MeV, enabling 3 MeV measurement

... $\sin^2\theta_W \rightarrow 0.0008$

...

LEP-1 and SLD: Z-pole average
 LEP-1 and SLD: A_{FB}^0
 SLD: A_1
 Tevatron
 LHCb: 7+8 TeV
 CMS: 8 TeV
 ATLAS: 7 TeV
 ATLAS Preliminary: 8 TeV
 HL-LHC ATLAS CT14: 14 TeV
 HL-LHC ATLAS PDF4LHC15: 14 TeV
 HL-LHC ATLAS PDFLHeC: 14 TeV



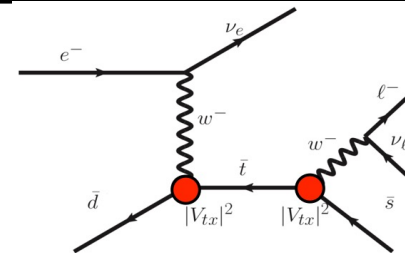
Expected measurements of Wtb couplings and V_{tx}

= 1 in SM

Dutta, Goyal, Kumar, Mellado,
arXiv:1307.1688
Kumar, Ruan, to be publ.

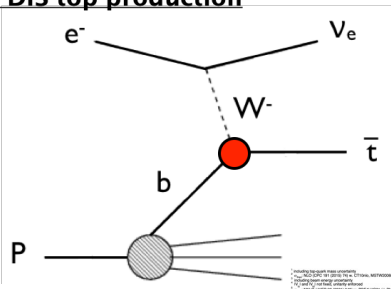
$$L = -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^\mu V_{tb} \left(f_V^L P_L - f_V^R P_R \right) t W_\mu^- - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{M_W} \left(f_T^L P_L - f_T^R P_R \right) t W_\mu^- + h.c.$$

Anomalous Wtb Coupling	f_R^1	f_L^2	f_R^2
HL-LHC, 3000 fb ⁻¹ ($\mathcal{R}e$)	[-0.28,0.32]	[-0.17,0.19]	[-0.05,0.02]
HL-LHC, 3000 fb ⁻¹ ($\mathcal{I}m$)	[-0.30,0.32]	[-0.19,0.18]	[0.11,0.10]
LHeC, 1000 fb ⁻¹ ($\mathcal{R}e$)	[-0.13,0.14]	[-0.05,0.04]	[-0.10,0.09]

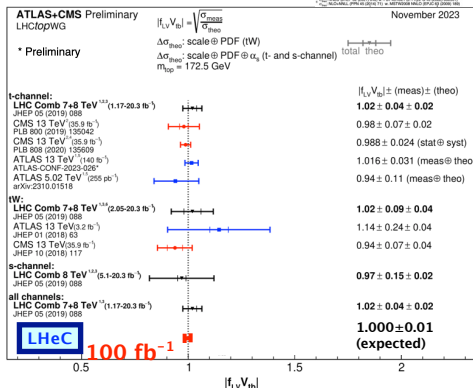
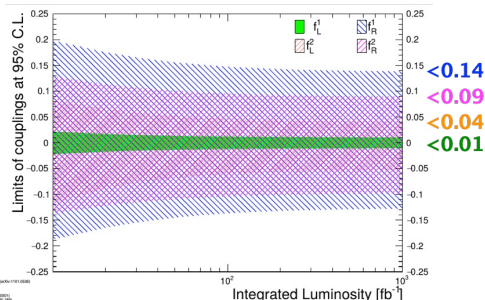


FCC CDR, Eur. Phys. J. C 79, no. 6, 474 (2019) H. Sun PoS DIS 2018, 167 (2018)

CC DIS top production

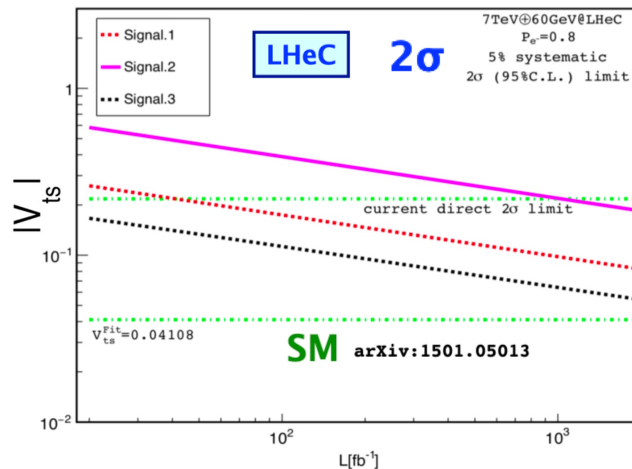


hadronic channel:



$$V_{CKM} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

Unprecedented
precision < 1%



Probing SM prediction directly for the first time

arXiv:1709.07887

LHC

$|V_{ts}| < 0.052$

SM arXiv:1501.05013

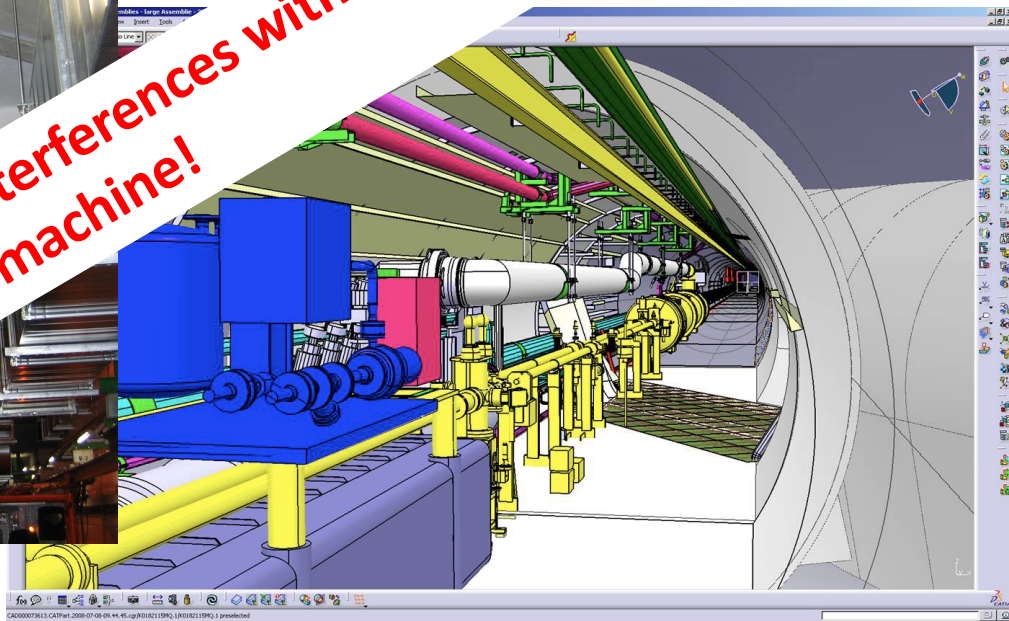
LHeC – ring-ring versus ring-linac

 Challenge: Integration in the LHC tunnel

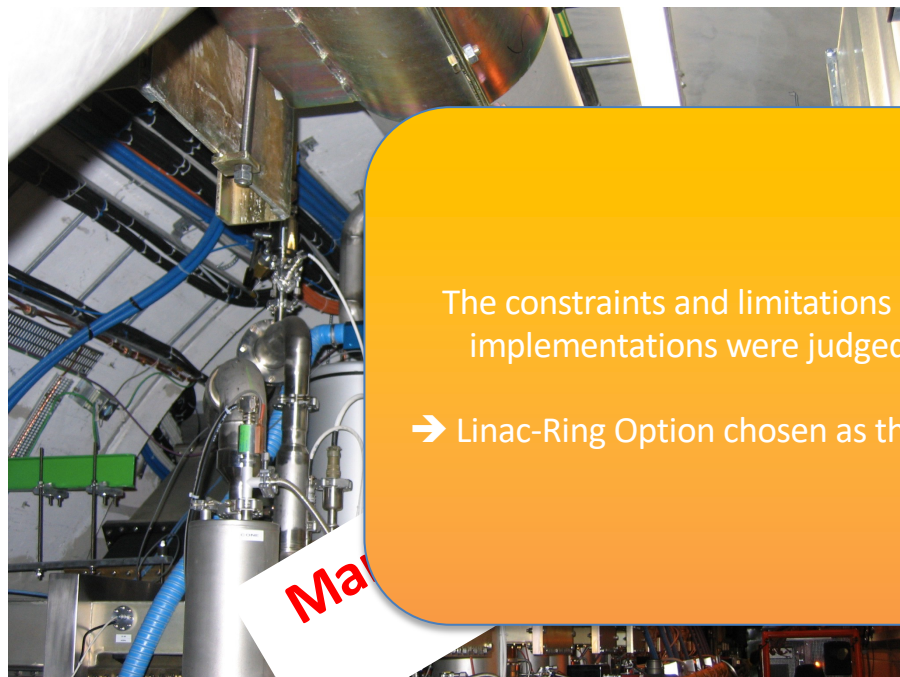


Cryo link in IR3

Many Obstacles and interferences with existing LHC machine!



Challenge: Integration in the LHC tunnel



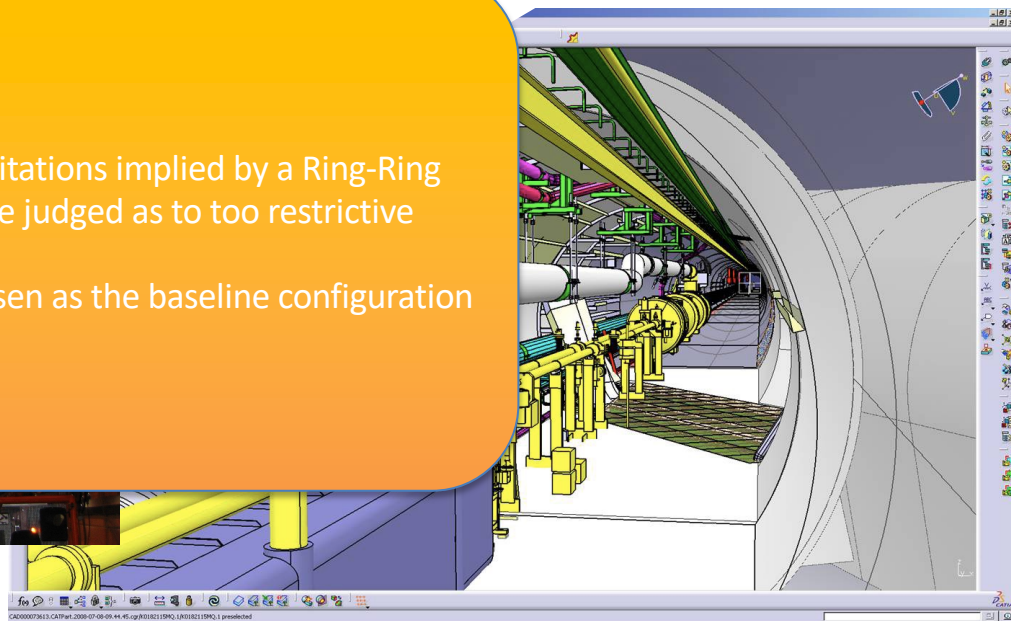
The constraints and limitations implied by a Ring-Ring implementations were judged as too restrictive

→ Linac-Ring Option chosen as the baseline configuration

Ma

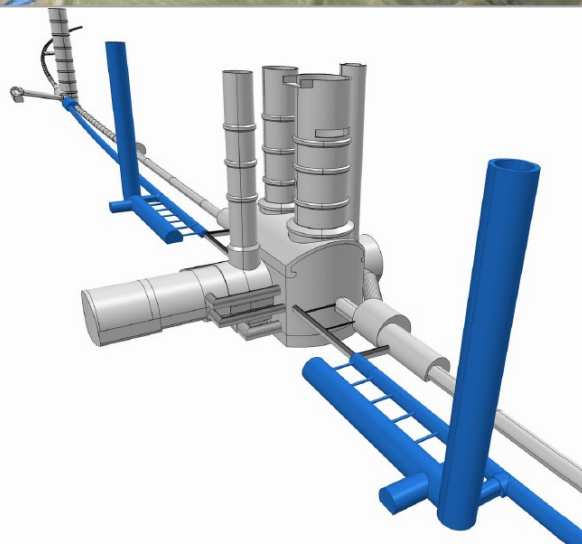
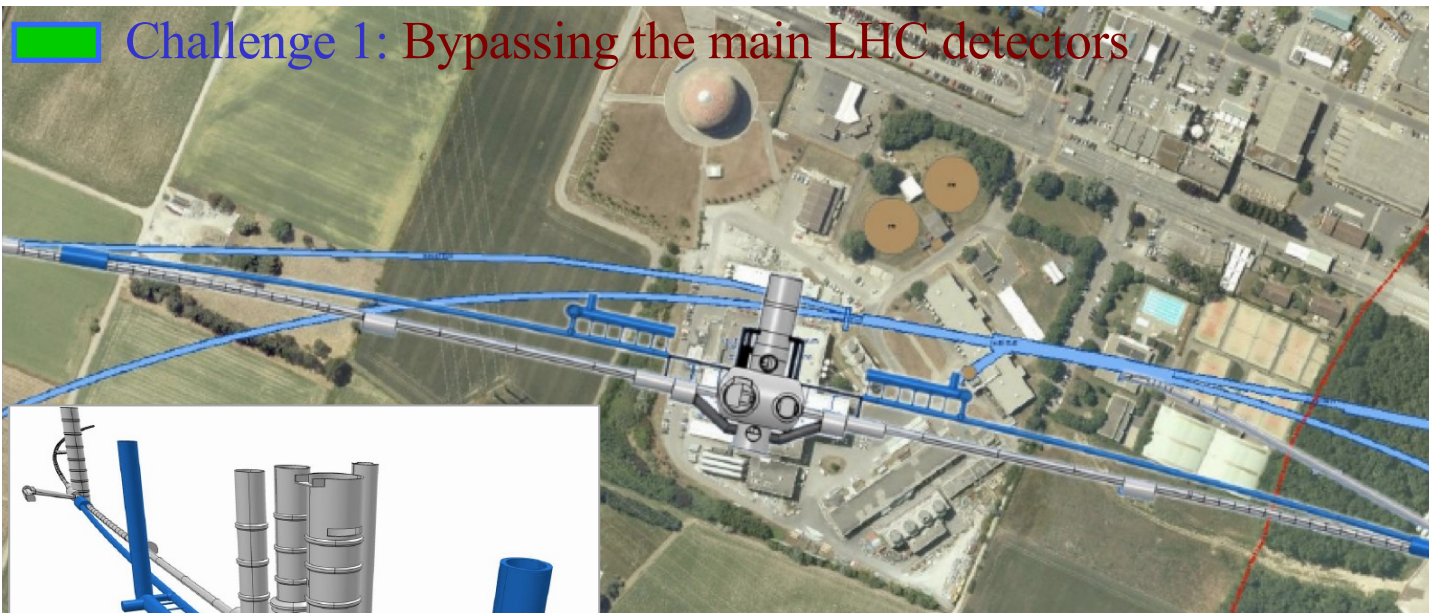
Cryo link in IR3

existing LHC



CDR Choices: LHeC: Ring-Ring Option

Challenge 1: Bypassing the main LHC detectors



Without using the survey gallery the ATLAS bypass would need to be 100m away from the IP or on the inside of the tunnel!

For the CDR the bypass concepts were decided to be confined to ATLAS and CMS

ca. 1.3 km long bypass

ca. 170m long dispersion free area for RF

Oliver Brüning, CERN