

RIBDCE – Few-body systems (this talk: ${}^3\text{H}(p, n){}^3\text{He}$ reaction . . .)

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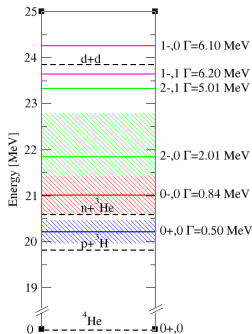
Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 The ${}^3\text{H}(p, n){}^3\text{He}$ reaction
- 3 Conclusions

Collaborators

- A. Kievsky, L.E. Marcucci, A. Grassi (Post-doc) & M. Sagina (PhD student) *INFN-Pisa & Pisa University, Pisa (Italy)*
- L. Girlanda & Y. Capitani (Post-doc) *University of Salento & INFN-Lecce, Lecce (Italy)*
- E. Filandri (Post-doc) *ECT*, Trento (Italy)*
- A. Gnech *ODU, Norfolk & JeffersonLab, Newport News (USA)*
- V. Barlucchi (PhD student) *Mainz U., Mainz (Germany) & Pisa University, Pisa (Italy)*

The ^4He spectrum



[Tilley, Weller, & Hale, 1992]

No true excited states – only resonances
1st and 2nd excited states “narrow”
resonances

Interactions

- NN potentials
 - N3LO500, N3LO600 [Entem & Machleidt, 2003, 2011]
 - LO500-N4LO500 [Nosyk, Entem & Machleidt, 2017]
 - NV1a & NV1b [Piarulli *et al.*, 2018]
- + accompanying 3N potential at N2LO [Epelbaum *et al.*, 2002]

Numerical techniques for $A = 4$ for scattering

- Faddeev-Yakubovsky methods [Lazauskas & Carbonell, 2004], [Deltuva & Fonseca, 2007]
- Expansion on a basis: NCSM [Quaglioni, Navratil & Roth, 2010], Gaussians [Aoyama *et al.*, 2011], R-matrix [Descouvemont & Baye, 2010], HH [Kievsky, Marcucci, MV, *et al.*, 2008], ...

HH method for continuum states

$AB \rightarrow AB + CD + \dots$ process

$$\Omega_{AB,LS}^{\pm}(q_{AB}) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N}} \sum_{perm.=1}^N \left[Y_L(\hat{\mathbf{y}}_p) \otimes [\phi_A \otimes \phi_B]_S \right]_{JJ_z} \left(f_L(y_p) \frac{G_L(\eta, q_{AB}y_p)}{q_{AB}y_p} \pm i \frac{F_L(\eta, q_{AB}y_p)}{q_{AB}y_p} \right)$$

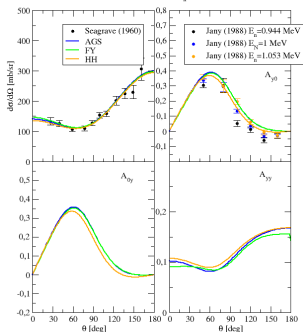
$$|\Psi_{AB,LS}^{JJ_z}\rangle = \sum_{n,[K]} a_{AB,LS,[K]} |n, [K]\rangle + |\Omega_{AB,LS}^{-}(q_{AB})\rangle - \sum_{L'S'} S_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,AB),J} |\Omega_{AB,L'S'}^{+}(q_{AB})\rangle - \sum_{L'S'} S_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,CD),J} |\Omega_{CD,L'S'}^{+}(q_{CD})\rangle - \dots$$

- $|n, [K]\rangle$ HH states – **essentially, homogeneous polynomials of degree K**
- Asymptotically $\Omega_{AB,LS}^{\pm}(q) \sim e^{\pm i q y}$
- $S_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,CD),J}$ = S-matrix ($T = (S - I)/2i$)
- $a_{AB,LS,[K]}$, $S_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,AB),J}$, $S_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,CD),J}$, ... computed using the Kohn variational principle
- For more details, see **[MV et al. PRC 35, 063101 (2020)]**

Benchmark test of 4N scattering calculations - $n - {}^3\text{He}$ scattering

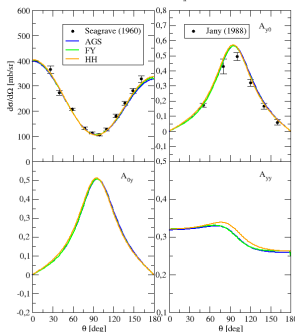
N3LO500 potential – ${}^3\text{He}(n, n){}^3\text{He}$ elastic scattering

$n - {}^3\text{He}$ scattering at $E_n = 1$ MeV



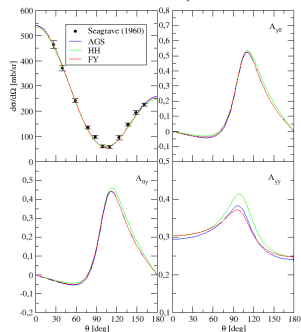
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$n - {}^3\text{He}$ scattering at $E_n = 2$ MeV



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$n - {}^3\text{He}$ scattering at $E_n = 3.5$ MeV



AGS= Deltuva & Fonseca – FY= Lazauskas & Carbonell – HH= present work

The ${}^3\text{H}(p, n){}^3\text{He}$ reaction

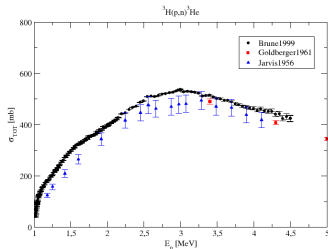
Previous experimental studies

${}^3\text{H}(p, n){}^3\text{He}$ most data taken before 1980; $p({}^3\text{H}, {}^3\text{He})n$ a few data (1978-1985)

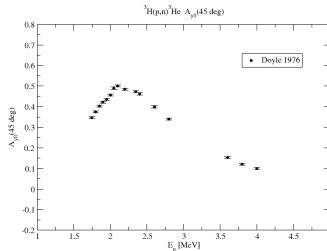
${}^3\text{He}(n, p){}^3\text{H}$ most for low energy 2020 LNS + 2024 ORNL (cold neutrons)

In this work, we are interested in the analysis of these data:

Total cross section



Analyzing power at $\theta_{CM} = 45$ deg



Detailed study in the past [MV *et al.*, 2020]: Interactions: N3LO500+3N & N3LO600+3N (2003)

Recently, we started new calculations using LO500-N4LO500 interactions [Nosyk, Entem & Machleidt, 2017] and NV1a & NV1b [Piarulli *et al.*, 2018] still in progress

Other calculations [Deltuva, 2007] no 3NF

T-matrix elements

$$T_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,CD),J} = \left(S_{LS,L'S'}^{(AB,CD),J} - I \right) / 2i \quad \text{We are interested in } T_{LS,L'S'}^{(pt,nh),J}$$

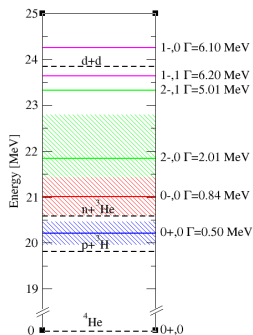
J^π	$2S+1L_J$
0^+	1S_0
0^-	3P_0
1^+	$^3S_1, ^3D_1$
1^-	$^1P_1, ^3P_1$
2^+	$^1D_2, ^3D_2$
2^-	$^3P_2, ^3F_2$
3^+	$^3D_3, ^3G_3$
3^-	$^1F_3, ^3F_3$

Up to the $d - d$ threshold ($E_p \approx 5.4$ MeV)

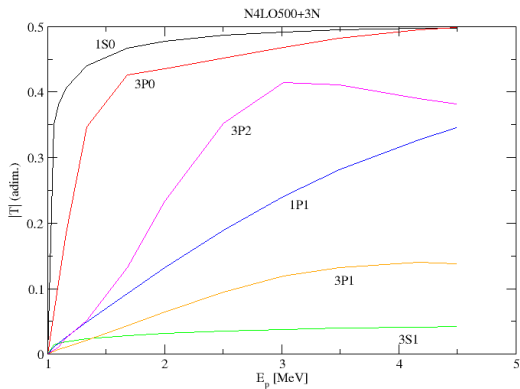
$$S = \begin{pmatrix} S^{pt,pt} & S^{pt,nh} \\ S^{nh,pt} & S^{nh,nh} \end{pmatrix}$$

In the talk, we focus on the reaction $^3\text{H}(p, n)^3\text{He}$
 threshold in the CM: $E_p + E_{^3\text{H}} > \Delta B \approx 0.75$ MeV
 threshold in the LAB: $E_p > 4/3 \Delta B \approx 1$ MeV

T-matrix elements (2)

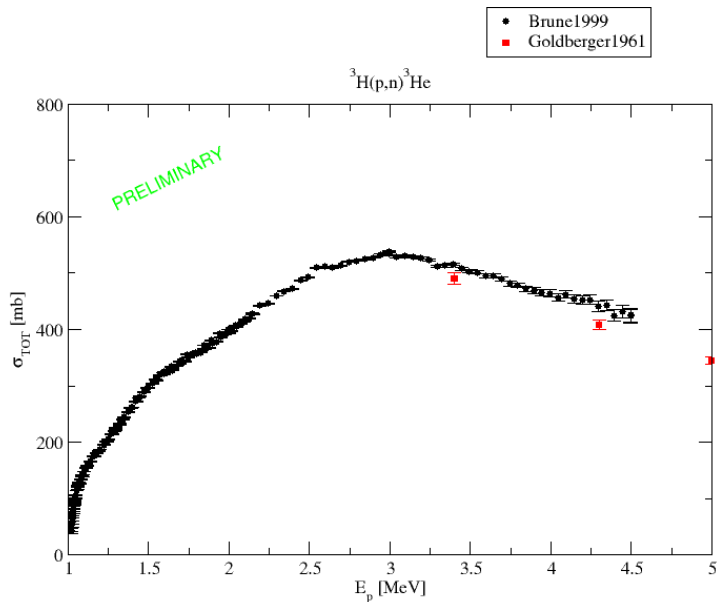


[Tilley, Weller, & Hale, 1992]

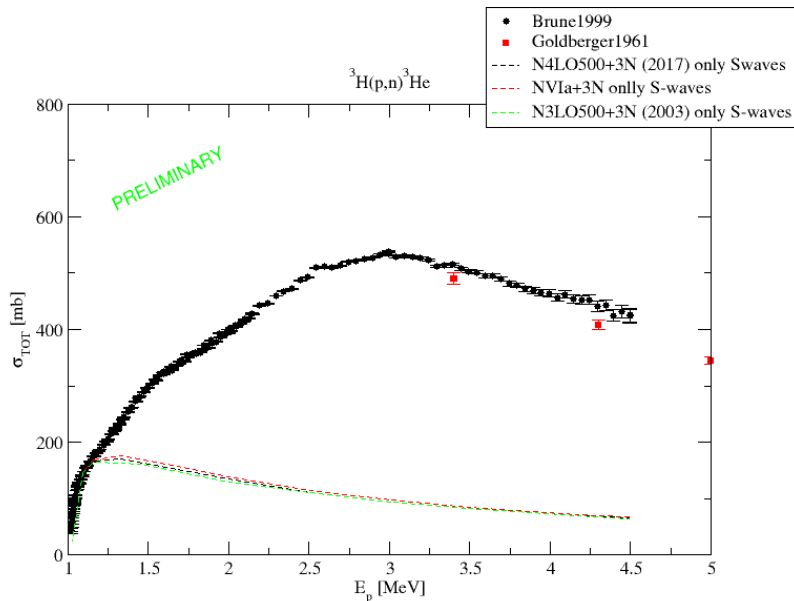


Note: if $|T_{LS,L'S'}^{(pt,nh),J}| = 1/2 \Rightarrow |S_{LS,L'S'}^{(pt,nh),J}| = 1$

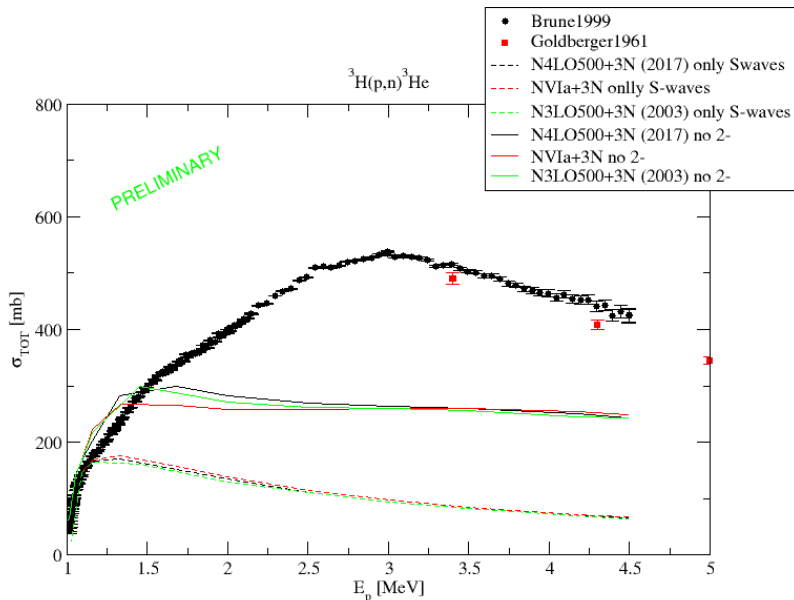
Total cross section



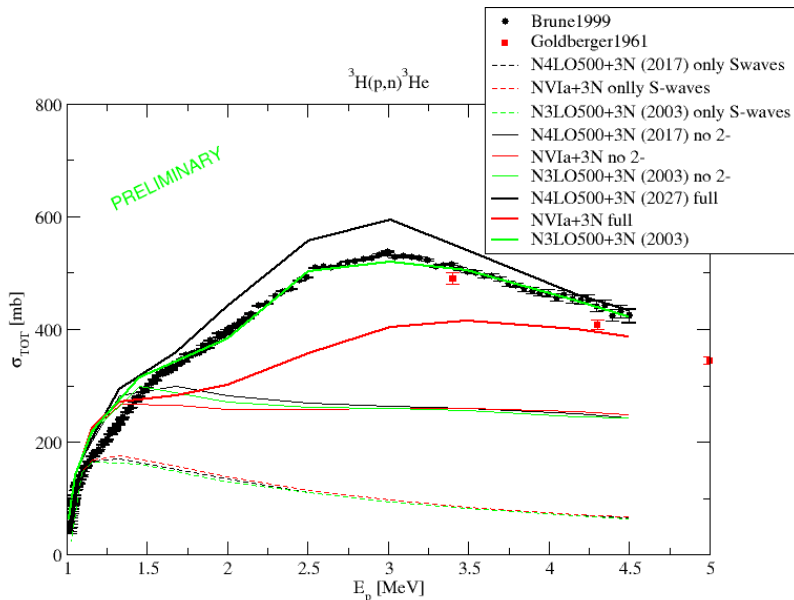
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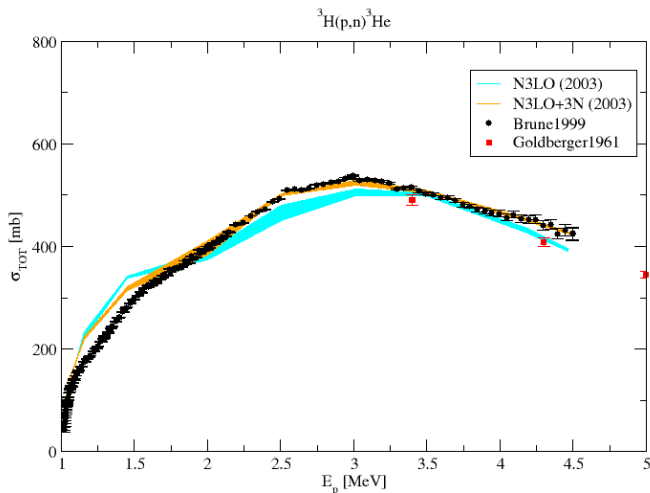
Total cross section



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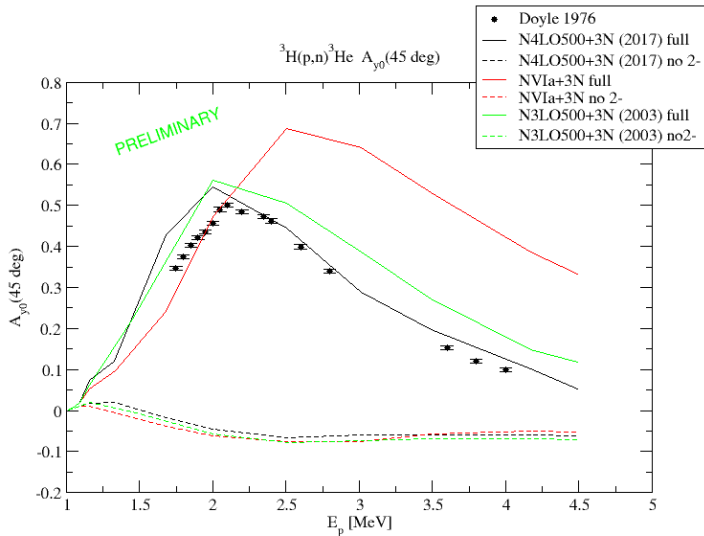
Total cross section – effect of 3NF



Cyan band:
N3LO500 &
N3LO600

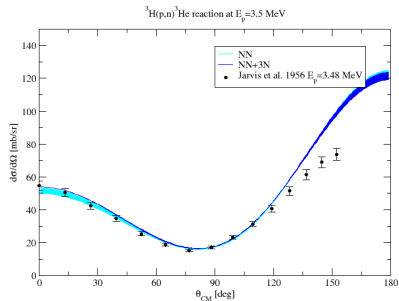
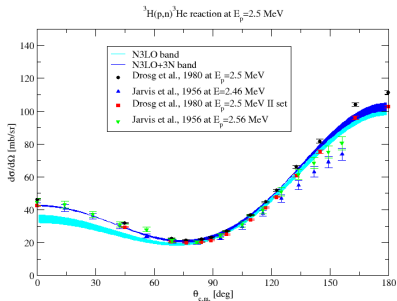
Orange band
N3LO500+3N &
N3LO600+3N

Analyzing power at 45 deg



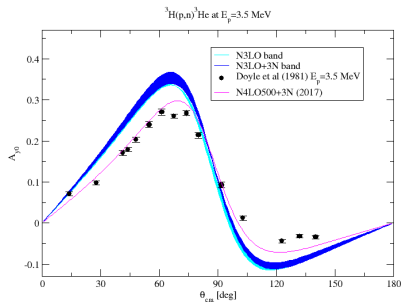
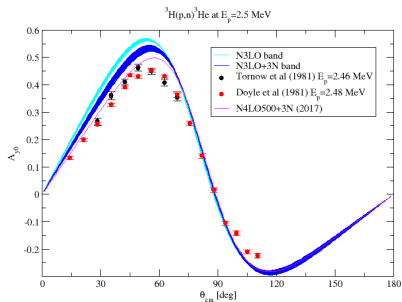
With only S-waves $A_{y0}(\theta) = 0$

Differential unpolarized cross section



Cyan band: N3LO500 & N3LO600 – Blue band N3LO500+3N & N3LO600+3N
Most of the data at variance from each other

Analyzing power



Cyan band: N3LO500 & N3LO600 – Blue band N3LO500+3N & N3LO600+3N
With only S-waves $A_{y0}(\theta) = 0$

Conclusions

Summary of this study of the ${}^3\text{H}(p, n){}^3\text{He}$ reaction

- Accurate data for σ_{TOT} [Brune *et al.*, 1999] (older data at variance with these data)
- Effect of 0^- and 2^- ${}^4\text{He}$ resonances clearly visible
- A lot of data for $d\sigma/d\Omega$
 - at variance between each other
 - at variance with Brune's data
- Good data for A_{y0}
- Great sensitivity of the interaction models – optimal to excite resonances!

Future work

- Complete the calculations with the LO500 $\rightarrow$ N4LO500 chiral interactions . . .
- . . . and analyze also low energy data (BBN)
- Improved models of 3N force [Girlanda *et al.*, 2023]
- ${}^3\text{He}(n, p){}^3\text{H}$ at BBN energies [Pizzone *et al.*, 2020]

→ extension to double-exchange reactions! ${}^3\text{He}({}^3\text{H}, 3p)3n$

The ${}^3\text{He}({}^3\text{H}, 3p)3n$ reaction

- ${}^3\text{H}$, ${}^3\text{He}$ bound states, no problem
- $3n$ system studied in “Nonresonant density of states enhancement at low energies for three or four neutrons” [Higgins *et al.*, 2020]
- $3p$ system studied in “Convergence of the *ppp* correlation function within the hyperspherical adiabatic basis” [Garrido *et al.*, 2025]
- (3α system, see Elena Filandri’s talk)
- Difficulty: six-body problem!!! We will try . . .

Thank you for your attention!

The $^3\text{He}(^3\text{H}, 3p)3n$ reaction

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