TB24 paramtrisation exercise

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Introduction

Look at TB24 e+ energy scan

Define electrons as per Elisa's talk

Studies by Andrea on position scan seem to point to inhomogeneity in response at the edge between modules

Try to extract resolution by parametrising energy response as a function of variable sensitive to energy sharing between modules/impact point in Y

Tried three variables:

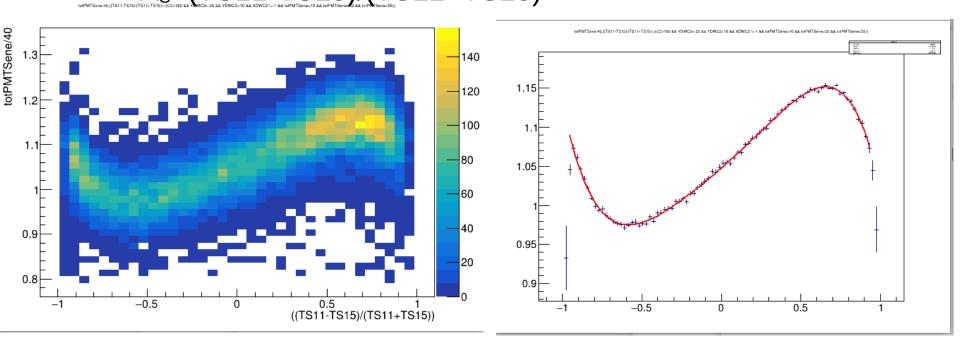
- Asymmetry of side cells: A_s =(TS11-TS15)/(TS11+TS15)
- Partial barycenter: (TS00-27.7*TS11+27.27*TS15)/(TS00+TS11+TS115)
- YDWC2

At first view asymmetry works best, but still very preliminary, parametrisation extracted interactively, not much tuning, etc. Show results only for asymmetry

Scintillator parametrisation

Use 40 GeV run (774): Plot:

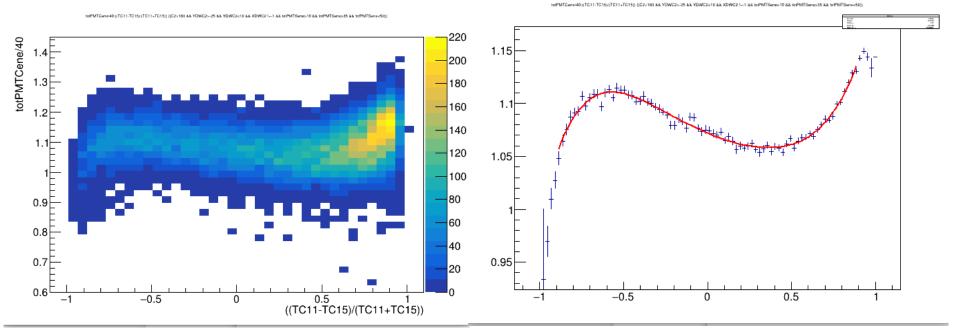
totPMTSene/40 versus A_s=(TS11-TS15)/(TS11+TS15)



Parametrise with 5^{th} degree polynomial: $f_s(A_s)$

Cerenkov parametrisation

Use 40 GeV run (774): Plot: totPMTCene/40 versus $A_c=(TC11-TC15)/(TC11+TC15)$

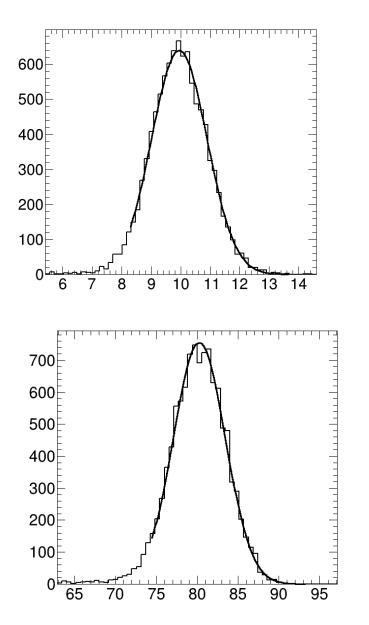


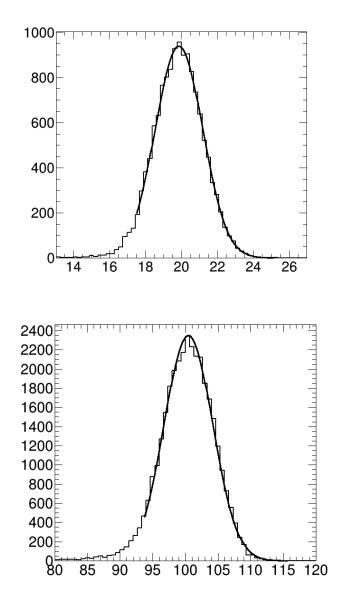
Parametrise with 5^{th} degree polynomial: $f_C(A_C)$

Procedure

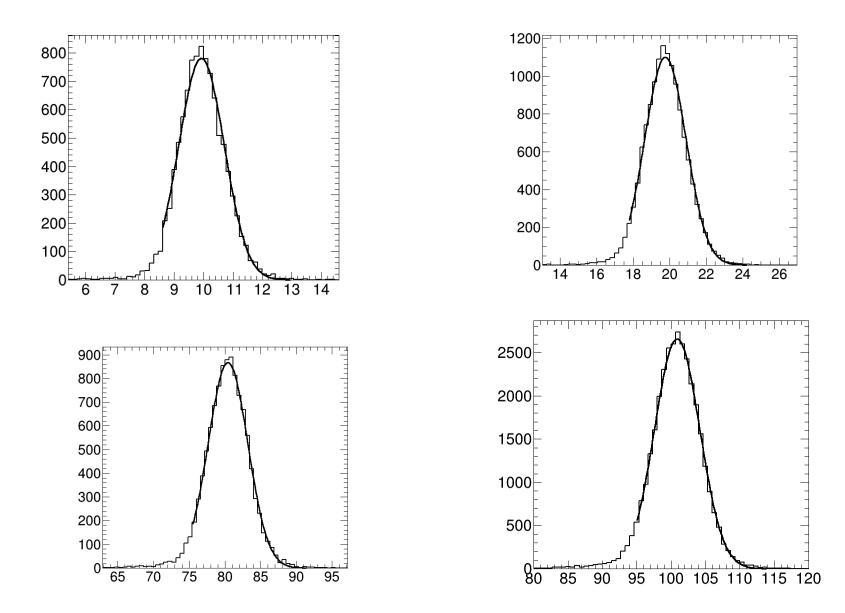
- For Sci and Cer extract parametrised functions $f_s(A_s)$ and $f_c(A_c)$
- For each event calculate energies as
- E_s=totPMTSene/f_s(A_s)
- E_c=totPMTCene/f_c(A_c)
- Fit energy peaks and extract resolutions as for TB23
- Best results by requiring both A_s and A_c to be within +-0.5, show results in that condition

Cerenkov peaks

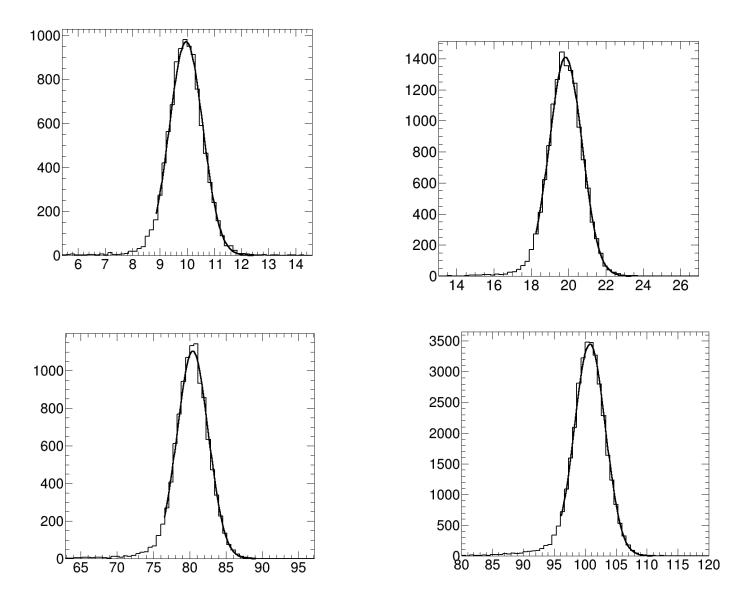




Scintillator peaks

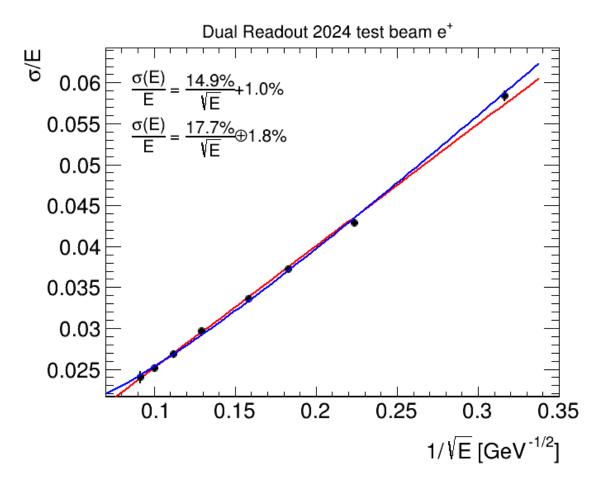


Total peaks

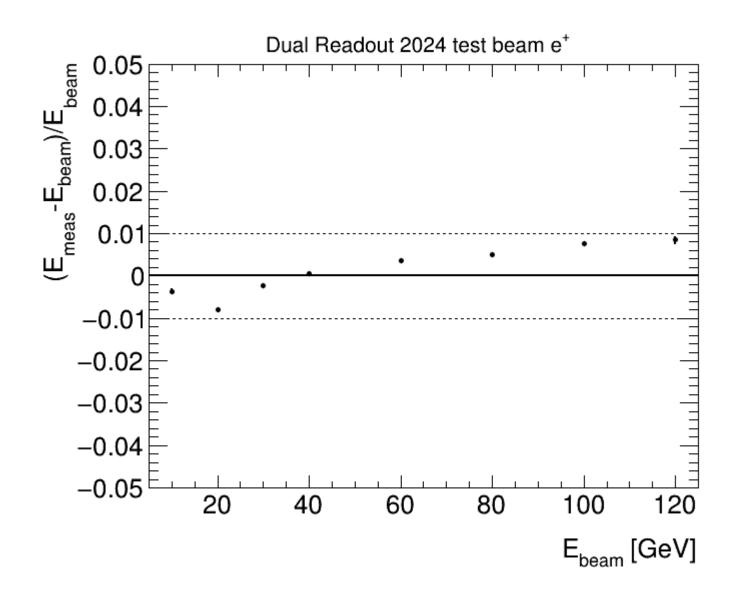


Resolution

Results by requiring asymmetry between -0.5 and 0.5



Linearity



Resolution S and C

