

From $A_{\text{FB}}^{\text{top}}$ to $\Delta A_{\text{CP}}^{\text{charm}}$ – and Back

Workshop on Flavor Physics

Capri

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$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

Plan of Talk

1. A_{FB}^t
2. ΔA_{CP}^D
3. Is the model viable?

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

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$$A_{FB}^t$$

Blum, Hochberg, Nir, JHEP1110, 124 [1107.4350]

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

Experiments

Observable	Experiment	SM
A_{FB}^t	0.18 ± 0.04	~ 0.08
A_{FB}^ℓ	0.15 ± 0.04	~ 0.02
$A_{\text{FB}}^t(m_{t\bar{t}} > 450)$	0.28 ± 0.06	$0.10 - 0.15$

Scalar mediation

- CDF: $A_{\text{FB}}^t(m_{t\bar{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}) = 0.47 \pm 0.11$
- SM: $A_{\text{FB}}^t(m_{t\bar{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}) = 0.09 \pm 0.01$
- Suggestive of a new boson-mediated tree-level $u\bar{u} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
- Scalars: t -channel exchange of one of
 $(1, 2), (8, 2), (\bar{6}, 1), (\bar{6}, 3), (3, 1), (3, 3)$
- All colored rep's in tension with other t -related measurements
- Focus on $\Phi(1, 2)_{-1/2}$ with $m \sim 130 \text{ GeV}$ and $\lambda_{\phi ut} \sim 1$

Flavor constraints – $\lambda \overline{Q_{L1}} t_R \phi$

Consider $m_\phi \sim 130$ GeV, $\lambda \sim 1$

- $\lambda(\overline{u_L} t_R \phi^0 + V_{ui}^* \overline{d_{Li}} t_R \phi^-)$:
 $K^0 - \overline{K^0}$ mixing with intermediate top $\propto (V_{ud} V_{us}^*)^2$
Excluded by $\Delta m_K^\phi \sim 10^3 \Delta m_K^{\text{exp}}$
- $\lambda(\overline{d_L} t_R \phi^- + V_{id} \overline{u_{Li}} t_R \phi^0)$:
 $D^0 - \overline{D^0}$ mixing with intermediate top $\propto (V_{cd} V_{ud}^*)^2$
Excluded by $\Delta m_D^\phi \sim 10^3 \Delta m_D^{\text{exp}}$

Flavor constraints – $\lambda \overline{Q_{L3} u_R \phi}$

Consider $m_\phi \sim 130$ GeV, $\lambda \sim 1$:

- $\lambda(\overline{t_L} u_R \phi^0 + V_{ti}^* \overline{d_{Li}} u_R \phi^-)$:
 $b \rightarrow u \bar{u} s$ at tree level $\propto (V_{tb}^* V_{ts})$
 Excluded by $\text{BR}(\overline{B^0} \rightarrow \pi^+ K^-)^\phi \sim 200 \times \text{BR}(\overline{B^0} \rightarrow \pi^+ K^-)^{\text{exp}}$
- $\lambda(\overline{b_L} u_R \phi^- + V_{ib} \overline{u_{Li}} u_R \phi^0)$
 The only (flavor-) viable possibility

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

$$\Delta A_{CP}$$

Hochberg, Nir, PRL, in press [1112.5268]

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

Experiments

Observable	Experiment	SM
ΔA_{CP}	-0.0066 ± 0.0015	$0.0002 X_{\text{QCD}}$
$A_{\pi^+\pi^-}$	$+0.0020 \pm 0.0022$	
$A_{K^+K^-}$	-0.0023 ± 0.0017	

$$\underline{A_{\text{FB}}^t \Rightarrow \Delta A_{\text{CP}}^D}$$

Consider $\lambda(\overline{b}_L u_R \phi^- + V_{ib} \overline{u}_L i u_R \phi^0)$

- t -channel tree-level exchange of ϕ^0 generates
$$\frac{4|\lambda|^2 V_{ub} V_{cb}^*}{m_\phi^2} (\overline{u}_R c_L) (\overline{u}_L u_R)$$
- Predicts $\Delta A_{\text{CP}}^\phi = 2\sqrt{2}(G_0/G_F) I_{\text{CKM}} I_{\text{QCD}} \sim (0.02 - 0.07) I_{\text{QCD}}$
 - $G_0 \equiv \frac{4|\lambda|^2}{m_\phi^2} = (10 - 30) \times \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}}$
 - $I_{\text{CKM}} \equiv 2\mathcal{I}m \left(\frac{V_{ub} V_{cb}^*}{V_{us} V_{cs}^*} \right) \sim 0.001$
- Guess $I_{\text{QCD}} \sim f_D/m_D \implies |\Delta A_{\text{CP}}^\phi| \sim 0.005$

$$\underline{A_{\text{FB}}^t \Rightarrow \Delta A_{\text{CP}}^D}$$

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$$\Delta A_{\text{CP}} = \begin{cases} -(8.2 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-3} & [\text{LHCb, 1112.0938}] \\ -(6.2 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-3} & [\text{CDF, note 10784}] \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{\Delta A_{CP}^D \Rightarrow \epsilon'/\epsilon}$$

Consider $\lambda(\overline{b}_L u_R \phi^- + V_{ib} \overline{u}_{Li} u_R \phi^0)$

- The same Yukawa couplings of ϕ^0 that contribute to ΔA_{CP} contribute unavoidably to ϵ'/ϵ
- A box diagram involving ϕ^0 and W generates

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}|\lambda|^2 G_F}{\pi^2} \frac{\ln(m_\phi^2/m_W^2)}{1-(m_\phi^2/m_W^2)} (V_{ud}^* V_{cs} V_{ub} V_{cb}^*) (\overline{u}_R s_L) (\overline{d}_L u_R)$$
- Predicts $\frac{\mathcal{R}e(\epsilon'/\epsilon)_\phi}{\mathcal{R}e(\epsilon'/\epsilon)_{\text{EWP}}} = +10 \pm 3$
- Requires $\frac{\mathcal{I}m A_0}{\mathcal{R}e A_0} = -(4 - 7) \times 10^{-4}$: a factor of 3 above and same sign as the value extracted within the SM
- Given the large hadronic uncertainties, such an enhancement cannot be used to exclude the model

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

Is the model viable?

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

$$A_{\text{FB}}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{\text{CP}}$$

Electroweak Precision Tests

Consider $\lambda(\overline{b}_L u_R \phi^- + V_{ib} \overline{u}_{Li} u_R \phi^0)$:

- S parameter: no meaningful constraint
- T parameter: $\frac{m_+ - m_0}{m_{\text{average}}} \lesssim 0.45 \frac{250 \text{ GeV}}{m_{\text{average}}}$
- R_b : no meaningful constraint
- Q_W : disfavors the model at 4σ [Gersham, Kim, Tulin, Zurek, 1203.1320];
Work in progress

$$A_{\text{FB}}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{\text{CP}}^D$$

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Additional Top Physics

Consider $\lambda(\bar{b}_L u_R \phi^- + V_{ib} \bar{u}_{Li} u_R \phi^0)$:

- Same sign tops: $\sigma(uu \rightarrow tt) \propto \lambda_{t_L u_R} \lambda_{t_R u_L} \ll 1$
- Top decay: $\Gamma(t \rightarrow u \phi^0)$ large but within bounds
- Single top: $\sigma(ug \rightarrow t \phi)$ large, modifies 1b/2b
Possibly excluded, work in progress

$$A_{\text{FB}}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{\text{CP}}^D$$

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

Summary

- A scalar $\phi(1, 2)_{1/2}$
- Yukawa couplings $\lambda \overline{Q_{L3}} u_R \phi = \lambda (\overline{b_L} u_R \phi^- + V_{ib} \overline{u_{Li}} u_R \phi^0)$
- $G_0 \equiv \frac{4|\lambda|^2}{m_\phi^2} = (10 - 30) \times \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}}$
- Explains two puzzles:
 - Gives $A_{FB}^t(m_{t\bar{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}) \gtrsim 0.2$
 - Gives $|\Delta A_{CP}| \sim 0.005$
- Testable (and, sadly, might soon be excluded):
 - Large contribution to atomic parity violation
 - Enhancement of 1b/2b

$$A_{FB}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{CP}^D$$

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Philosophical comments

- The model is radically different from MFV, yet not excluded by flavor
- Are we too much “committed” to MFV?

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Philosophical comments

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- Are we too much “committed” to MFV?
- A_{FB}^t : scalar-mediated mechanisms involve flavor non-universal couplings in the up sector
- ΔA_{CP} : involves flavor non-universal couplings in the up sector
- The two observables, if BSM, might be related
- Our model provides a specific example; Are there any others?

$$A_{\text{FB}}^t \Leftrightarrow \Delta A_{\text{CP}}^D$$