PHD PROGRAM IN TECHNOLOGIES FOR FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH IN PHYSICS AND ASTROPHYSICS

CURRICULUM IN COMPUTING

Stefano Giagu Sapienza Università di Roma





THE COMPUTING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CURRICULUM

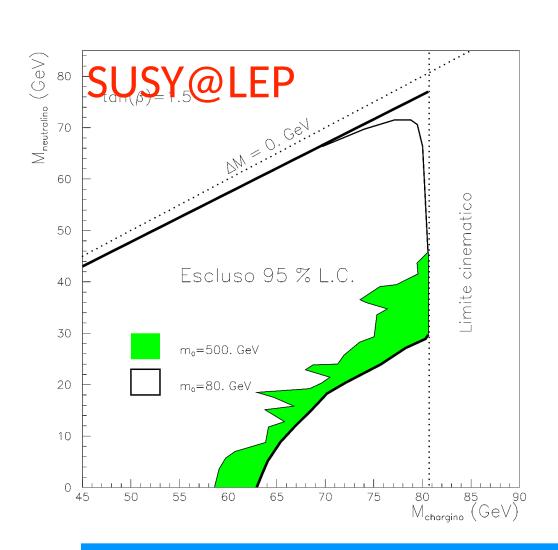
- Computing is at the heart of modern fundamental research
- Cutting-edge computational methods crucial in all fields of physics and astrophysics

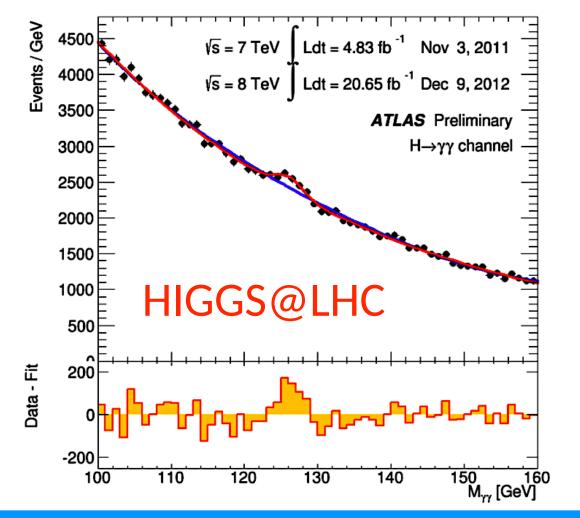
- Aim of the curriculum is to train experts with advanced computational skills to tackle the most complex challenges in data analysis, modeling, and algorithm development:
 - processing enormous amounts of data (Big Data) from experiments and simulations
 - utilizing HPC for complex simulations and advanced data analysis
 - implementing AI algorithms for pattern recognition and generative tasks
 - learn efficient management and storage of scientific data



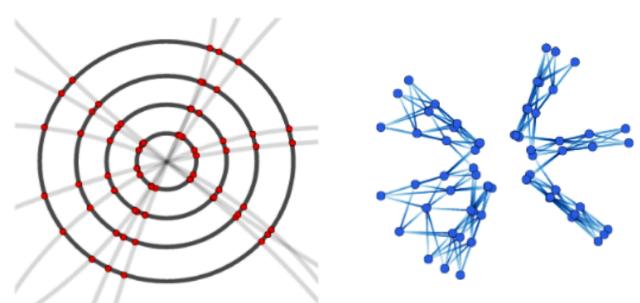
AN EXAMPLE: AI IN FOUNDAMENTAL SCIENCES

Evolution of AI from a simple computational tool to a set of complex systems capable of analyzing data, identifying patterns and hidden structures, and making predictions





Al pervasive in HEP

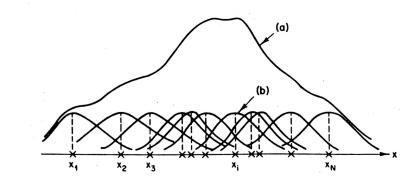


^{'80-'90}

2000-12

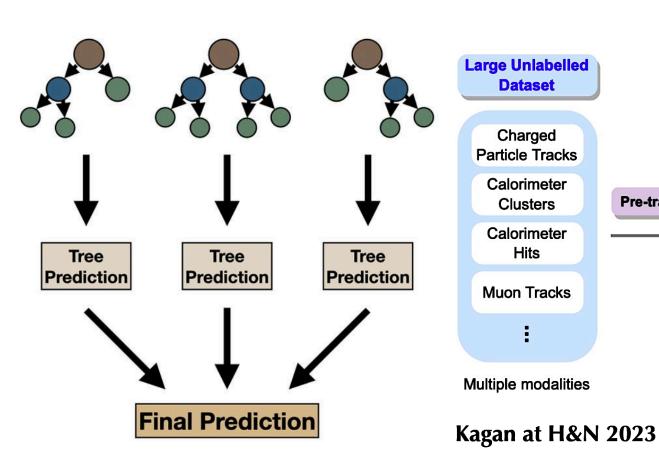
today

Classical ML, shallow-ANN

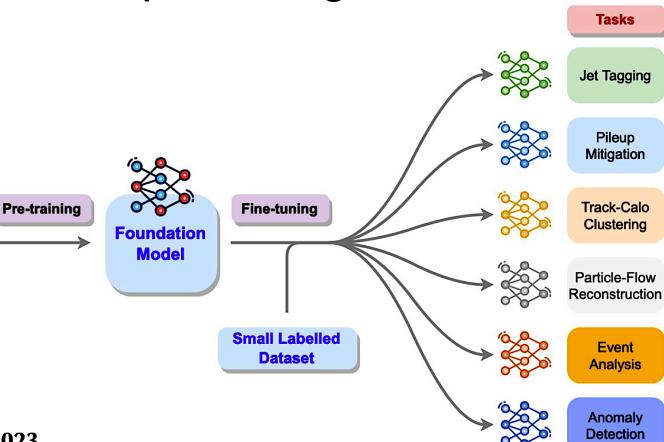


$$\tilde{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{Nh_1 \cdots h_d} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left\{ \prod_{j=1}^{d} K\left(\frac{x_i - x_i j}{h_j}\right) \right\}$$

BDT



Deep Learning/LLM

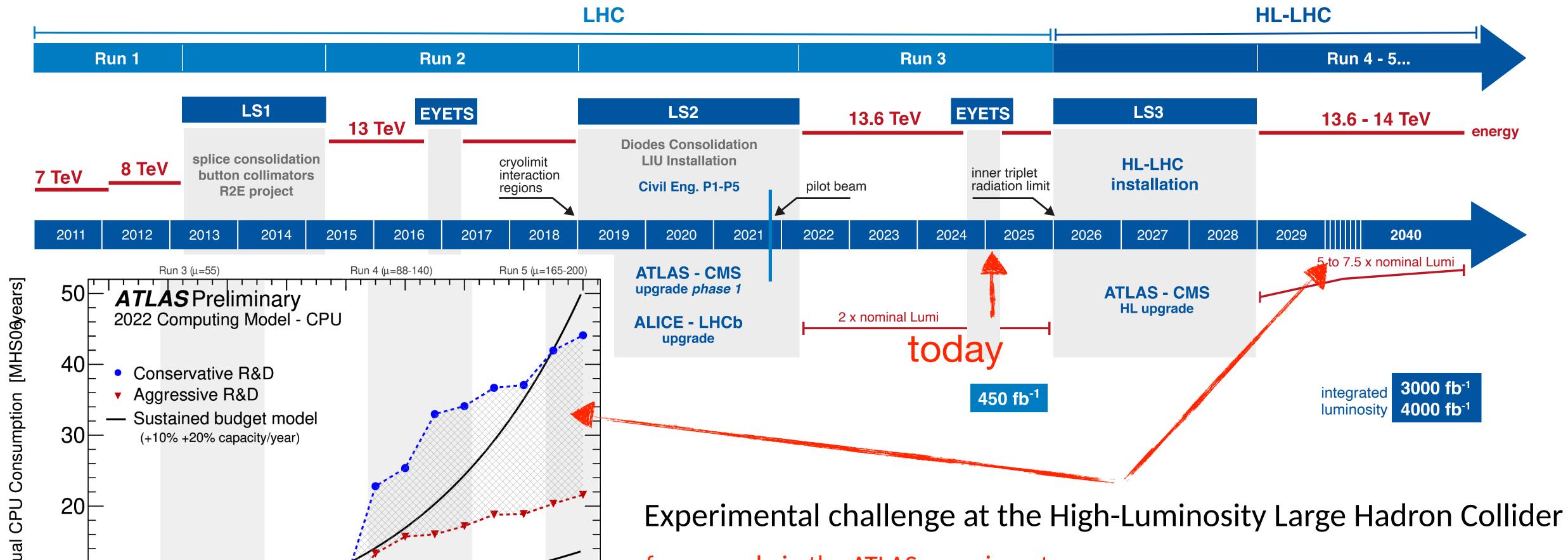




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BIG DATA AT HADRON COLLIDERS





for example in the ATLAS experiment:

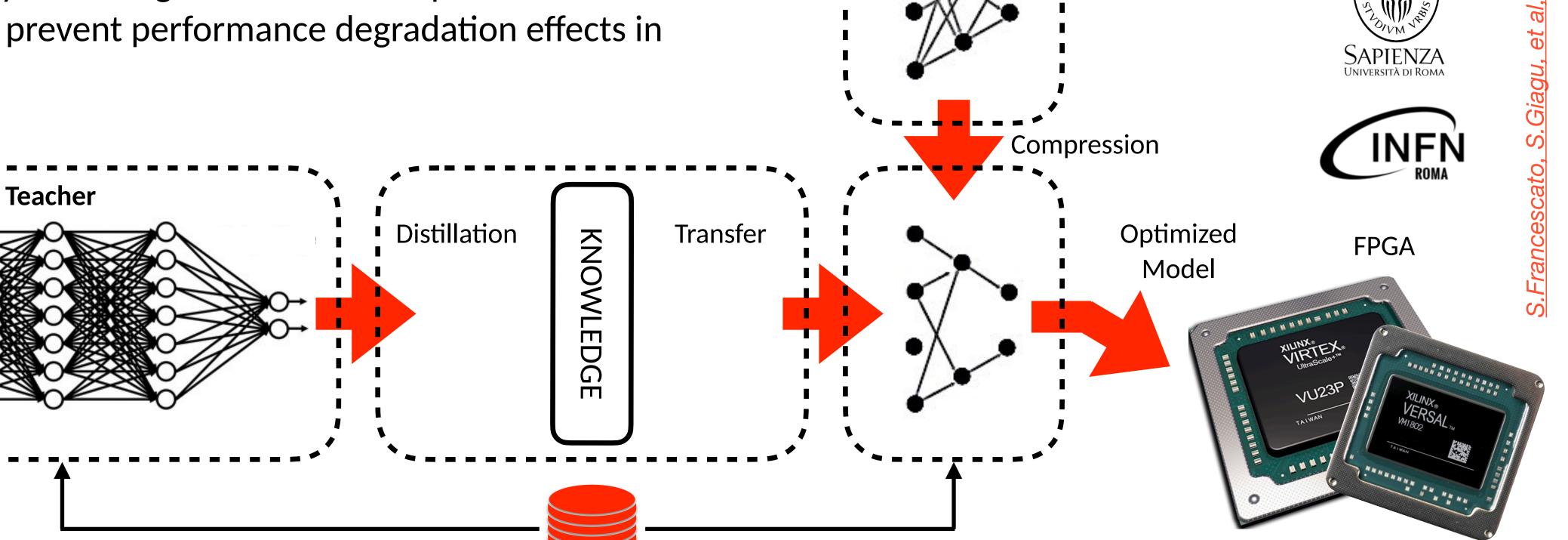
- computing power needed: x10 wrt today
- data volume to be analized and stored: ~2.5 exaByte by the end of Run-4 in 2033

2022 2024 2026 2028 2030 2032 2034 2036



LEVERAGE AI TO FILTER EXPERIMENTAL DATA

 simplification of AI models based on extreme compression supported by knowledge transfer techniques between neural networks to prevent performance degradation effects in algorithms



Student

- Teacher: CNN 70k weights 32 bits: 5 ms/eventv(Tesla V100 GPU)

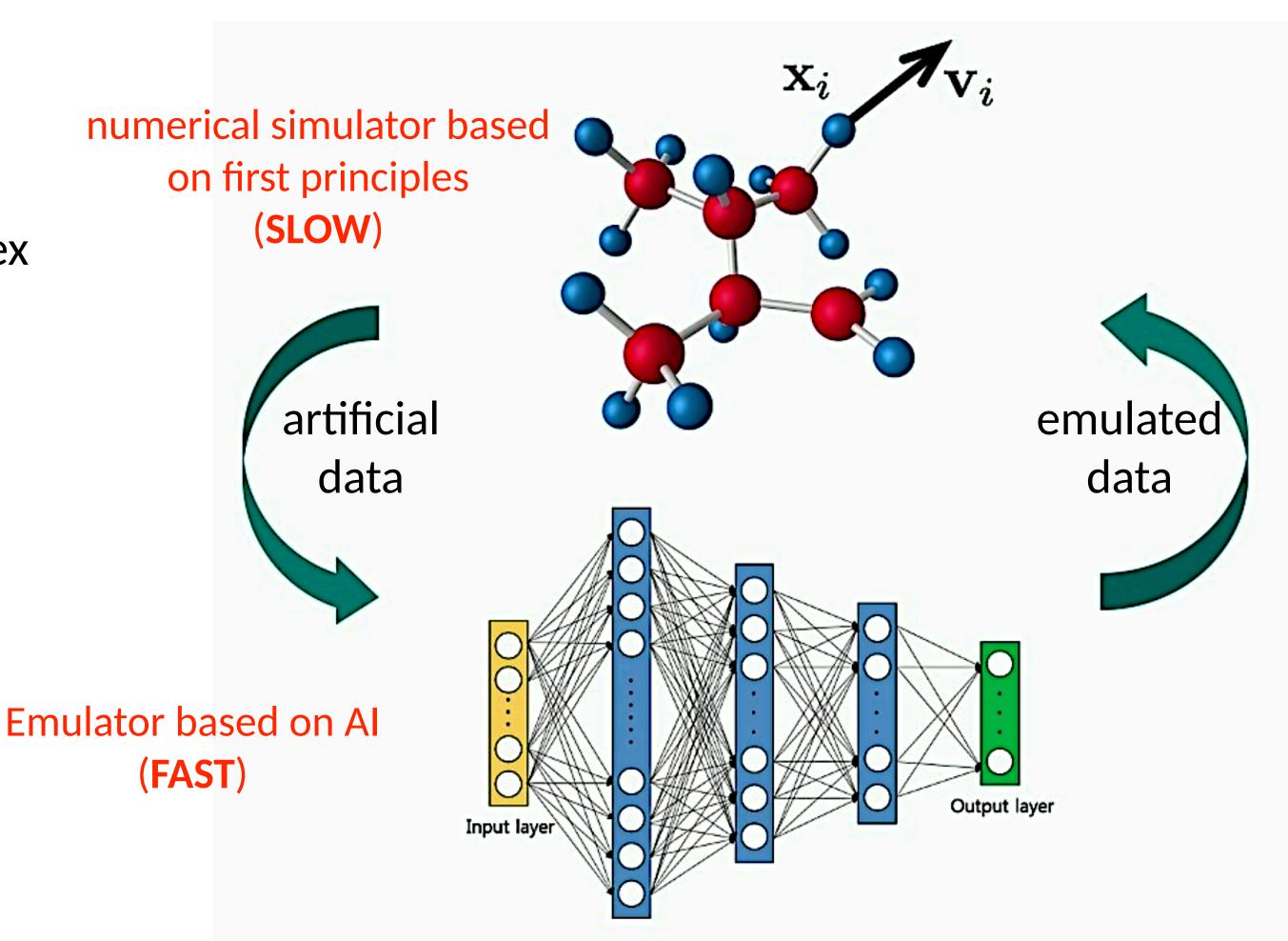
- Student: CNN 700 weights 4 bits: 84 ns/event (FPGA Virtex US+)



LEVERAGE AI FOR FASTER EVENT SIMULATION

- first principle Monte Carlo simulation of complex processes at collider detectors extremely costly
- statistical uncertainty on simulated events soon will become one of the limiting factor on many measurements / searches at HL-LHC

• a viable solution: generative-Al



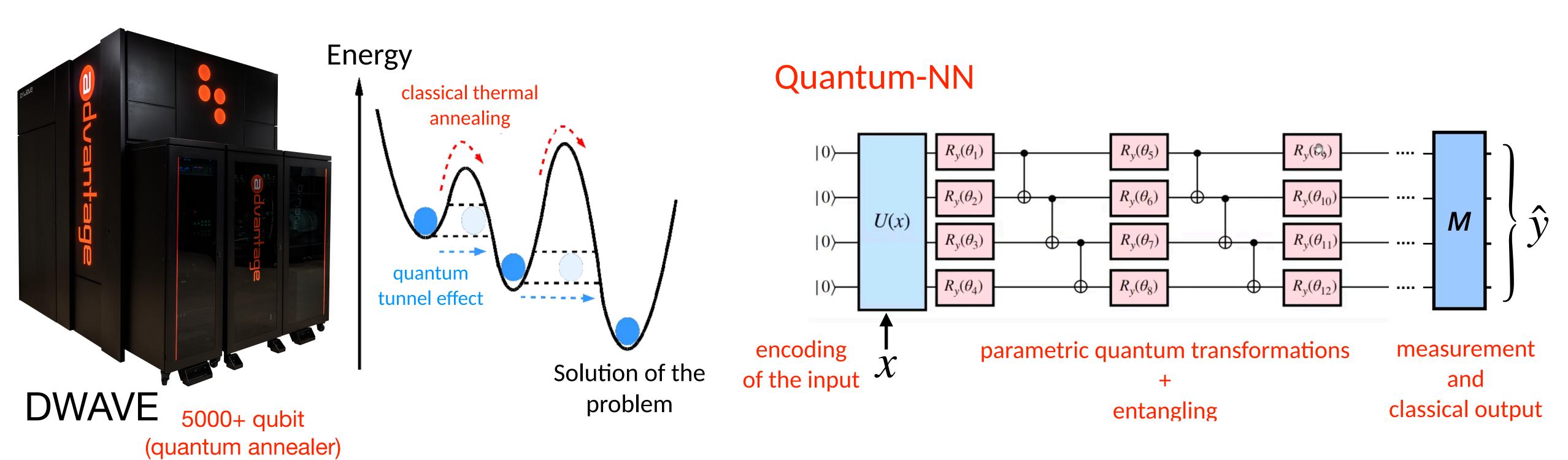
An extremely effective approach when:

- classical numerical simulations are slow and expensive
- the mechanism underlying the analyzed phenomenon is known



ENHANCE CLASSICAL AI WITH QUANTUM COMPUTERS

- quantum computers allow for a more efficient and faster finding of energy minima in highly complex systems:
 classical AI algorithms assisted by quantum computers
- quantum circuits enable a more efficient representation of the solution space of a problem and the identification of complex correlations in high-dimensional and highly complex data: hybrid Quantum Machine Learning algorithms





QUANTUM ANOMALY DETECTION FOR LONG LIVED PARTICLES

Design and train a Quantum-AE able to identify highly displaced decays using the ATLAS muon

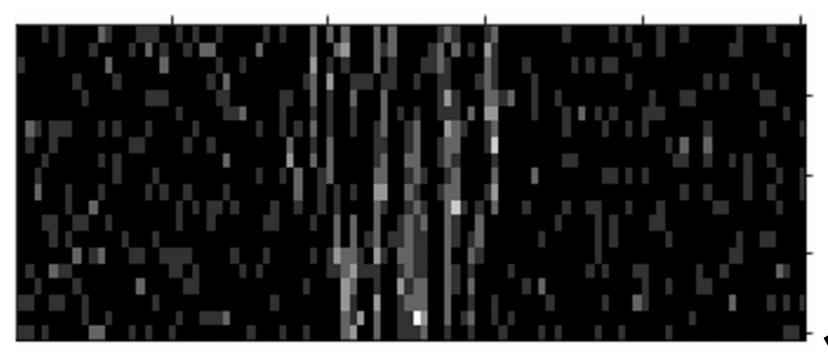
spectrometer information

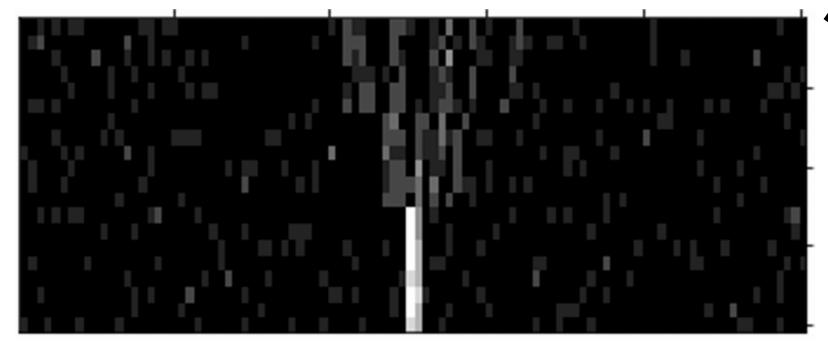
NORMAL event

"image"
representation of
a prompt decay in
multi-muons

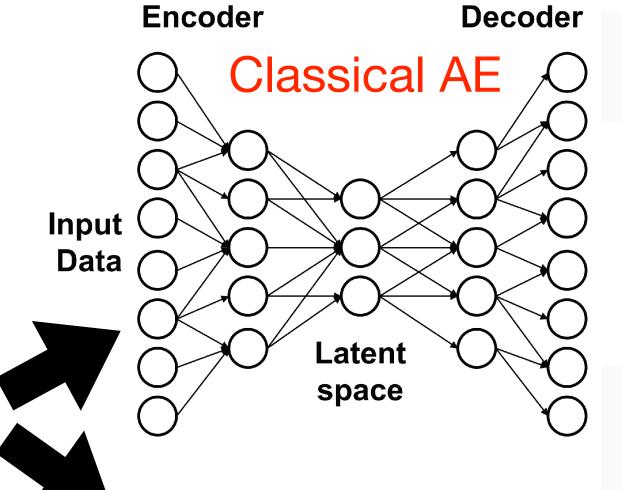
ANOMALOUS event

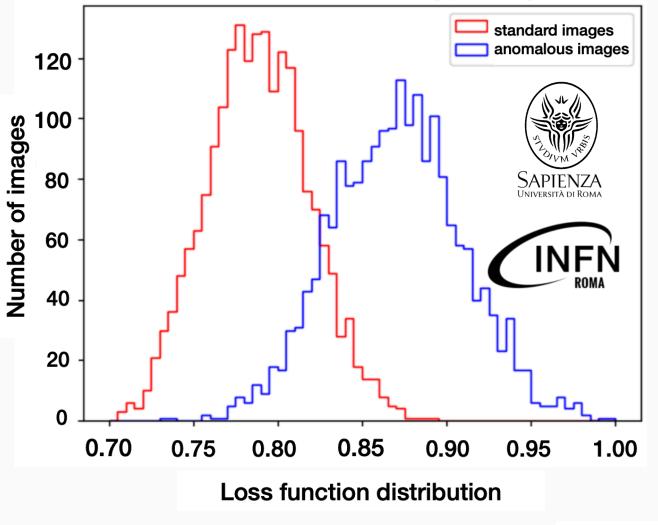
"image"
representation of a
highly displaced
decay in multimuons



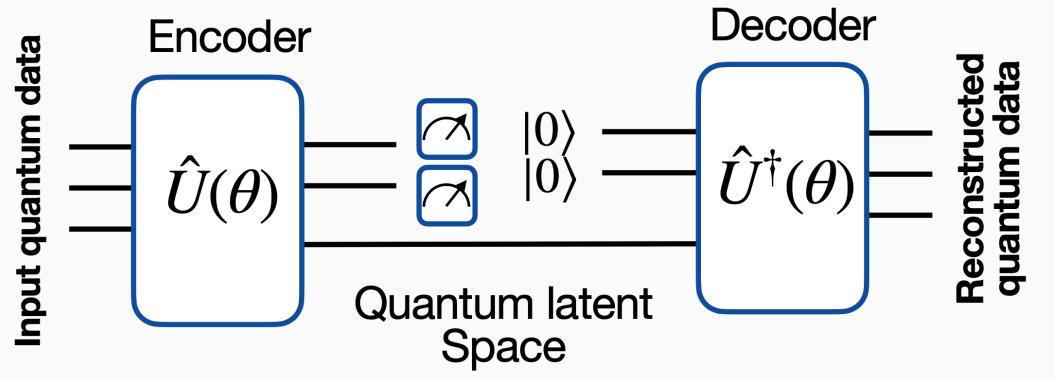


S.Bordoni et al, Particles 2023, 1, 1–15











CURRICULUM'S ACADEMIC OFFER

- The curriculum provides interdisciplinary training to prepare PhD students for careers in both academic and industrial research
- Academic offer tailored to gain expertise in state-of-the-art computational techniques:
 - Big Data and Scientific Computing:
 - Advanced scientific programming for physics applications
 - Big data modeling, cloud computing, and distributed systems
 - Maximum-entropy methods for complex systems
 - Machine Learning and AI for Fundamental Research:
 - Machine learning and numerical techniques for physics applications
 - Deep learning and neural networks for data analysis
 - Quantum artificial intelligence and neuromorphic computing

- High-Performance and Embedded Computing:
 - Programmable Systems on Chip (SoC) for real-time data acquisition
 - Computing methods for experimental physics and data analysis
- Computational Techniques in Astrophysics and Particle Physics:
 - Simulation techniques for optical photon propagation
 - Adaptive optics for astronomy
 - Machine learning applications in high-energy physics
 - Advanced numerical methods for inverse problems



SUMMARY OF THE OFFERED COURSES

• a diverse set of core courses, hands-on training, and research-oriented projects

• Core Courses:

- Big Data & Cloud Computing (Tommaso Cucinotta)
- Big Data modeling and learning (Ester Pantaleo)
- Machine Learning for Physics (Pierluigi Bortignon)
- Computing Methods for Experimental Physics and Data Analysis (Andrea Rizzi, Alessandra Retico)
- Neural Networks and Deep Learning (Giorgio Carlo Buttazzo)
- Advanced Scientific Programming (Matlab (P. Bardella,
 S. Scialò) and Python-focused (G. Vino) courses)

• Specialized Topics & Electives:

 Programmable System on Chip (SoC) for Data Acquisition (Andrea Fabbri)

- Quantum Artificial Intelligence (Filippo Caruso)
- Maximum-Entropy Methods for Complex Systems (Diego Garlaschelli, Tiziano Squartini)
- Adaptive Optics for Astronomy (Carmelo Arcidiacono)
- Introduction to neuromorfic computing (A. Duggento)

Hands-on Training & Research Applications:

- Big Data Analysis in Python (Gioacchino Vino)
- Cloud Computing & Big Data th & lab (Tommaso Cucinotta)
- Simulation of Optical Photon Propagation for Scintillator-Based Detectors (Davide Serini)
- System Engineering & Project Management for Big Experiments (Marco Xompero, Runa Briguglio)



CURRICULUM's ADVERTISED SCHOOLS

ML&AI&Quantum:

- DeepLearn 2025: International School on Deep Learning, 21-25 july, Porto, Portugal, https://deeplearn.irdta.eu/2025/
- ML4PHYSICS, june 26-july 2, Ljubljana, Slovenia, https://indico.cern.ch/event/1488532/
- 4th Sumer School on Artificial Intelligence in Health and Life Sciences. 8-12 September 2025, Campus Biomedico Roma, Italy, web site in preparation (2024 version: https://sites.google.com/view/summer-school-aihls/home)
- Advanced Course and Symposium on Artificial Intelligence & Neuroscience 2025 (ACAIN), september 21-24,
 Castiglione della Pescaia, Italy, https://acain2025.icas.events/
- Advanced Course on Data Science & Machine Learning 2025 (ACDL), 9-13 june, Castiglione della Pescaia, Italy, https://acdl2025.icas.events
- Al_INFN hackathons: organized yearly at starting and advanced levels, last one in November 2024 https://agenda.infn.it/event/43129/overview (typically 2 per year, covers Al and QML topics)

• TDAQ:

- ISTODAQ, june 17-26, Vilnius, Lithuania, https://indico.cern.ch/event/1477462/
- FPGA programming school organized by CN1 Spoke 1 WG2 (two in 2025, introductory + advanced), first one will be announced soon (contact me if interested)



CURRICULUM's ADVERTISED SCHOOLS [2]

Computing & BigData:

- INFN International School on Efficient Scientific Computing ESC25, september 28-october 9, Bertinoro, Italy, https://esc.infn.it/ and https://esc.infn.it/ and https://esc.infn.it/event/45177/ (in preparation)
- CERN School of Computing: 6-19 july, Lund Sweden, https://indico.cern.ch/event/1512761/
- CERN inverted School of Computing, 24-27 march, https://indico.cern.ch/event/1468713/
- SoBigData Summer School 2025, Baratti, Italy, http://sobigdata.eu/events/sobigdata-social-innovation

• Other:

- Lipari Summer School 2025 on Computational Complex and Social Systems, 20-26 july,
 Lipari, Italy, https://complex25.liparischool.it/
- INFN School of Statistics 2025 to be announced (2024 version: https://agenda.infn.it/event/36980/)