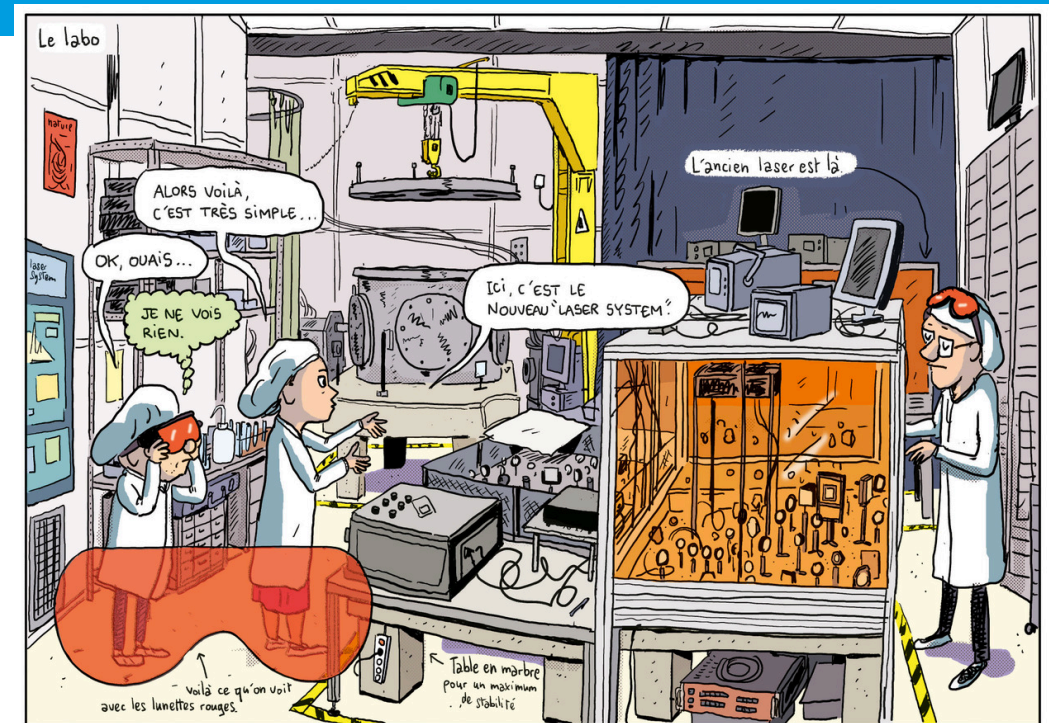
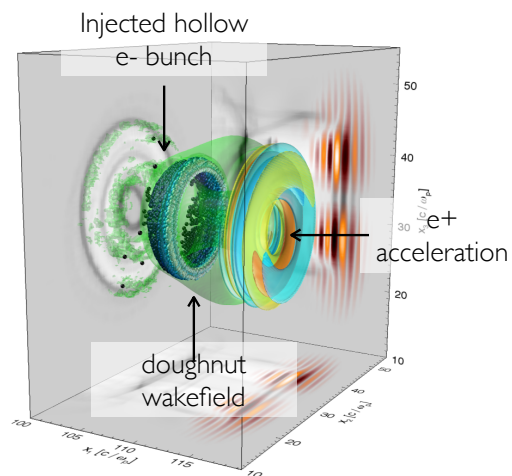


# Laser manipulation



## Positron acceleration\*



### Doughnut wake

dense electron filament provides e<sup>+</sup> focusing

### Anular e-bunch

ion beam collimation\*\*  
driver for doughnut wakes\*\*\*

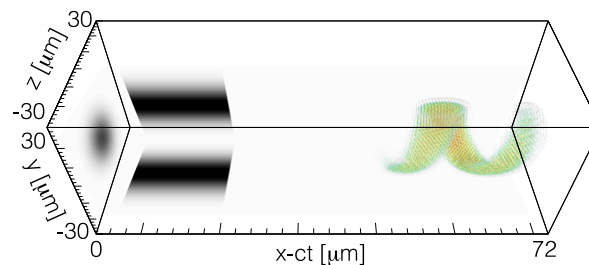
\*J. Vieira and J.T. Mendonça PRL **112**, 215001 (2014)

\*J.T. Mendonça and J.Vieira PoP **21**, 033107 (2014)

\*\*G. Stancari et al. PRL PRL **107**, 084802 (2011)

\*\*\*N. Jain et al. PRL **115**, 195001 (2015)

## Angular momentum control



### Light spring\*\* driver

light with spiral intensity profile

### Angular momentum transport\*

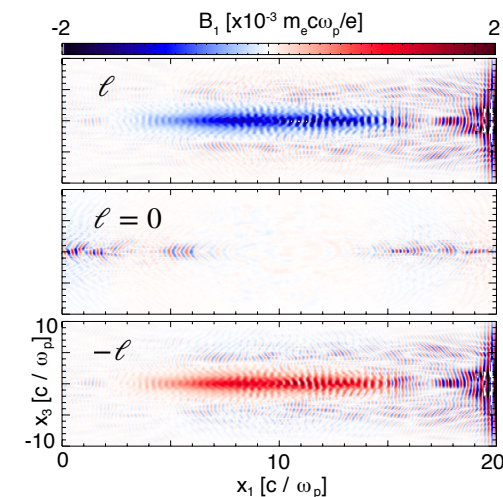
twisted wakefield excitation  
trapped electrons with angular momentum (quantised)

\*J.Vieira et al PRL **121**, 054801 (2018)

\*\*M. Piccardo et al Nature Photonics **17**, 822 (2024)

\*\*G. Pariente et al Optics Lett. **40**, 2037-2040 (2015)

## Magnetic field generation



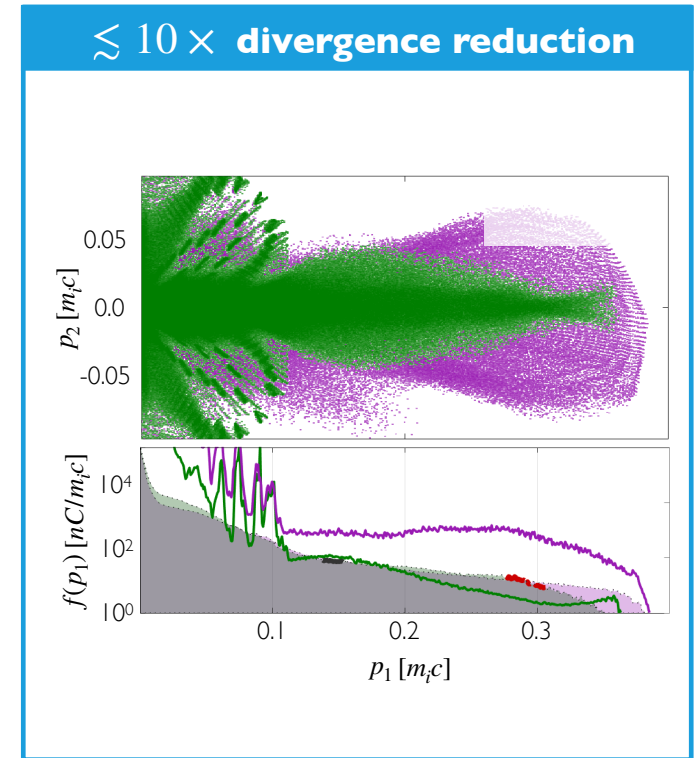
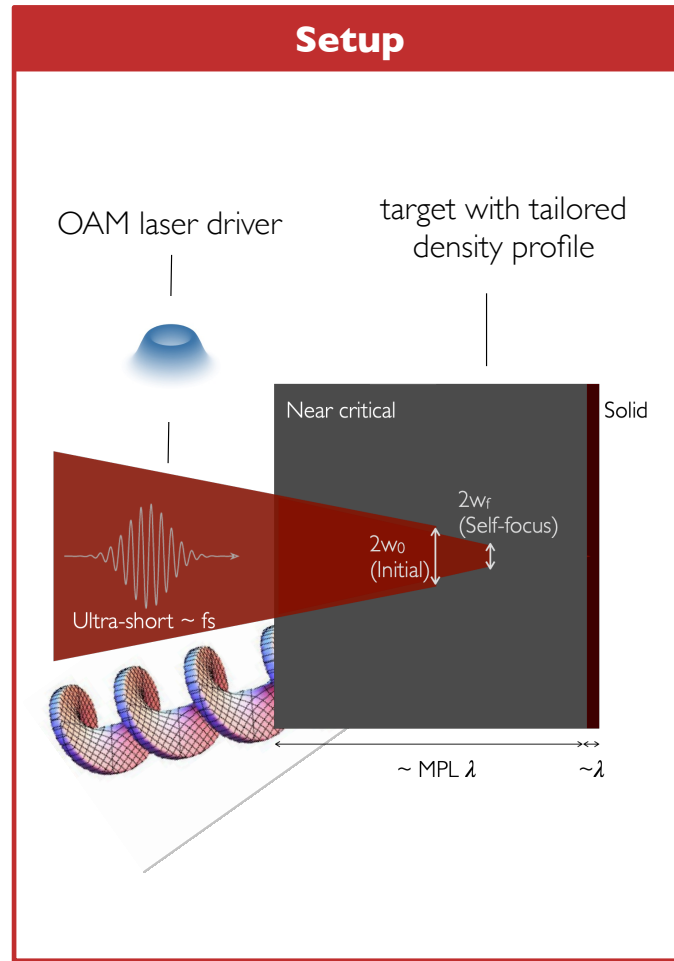
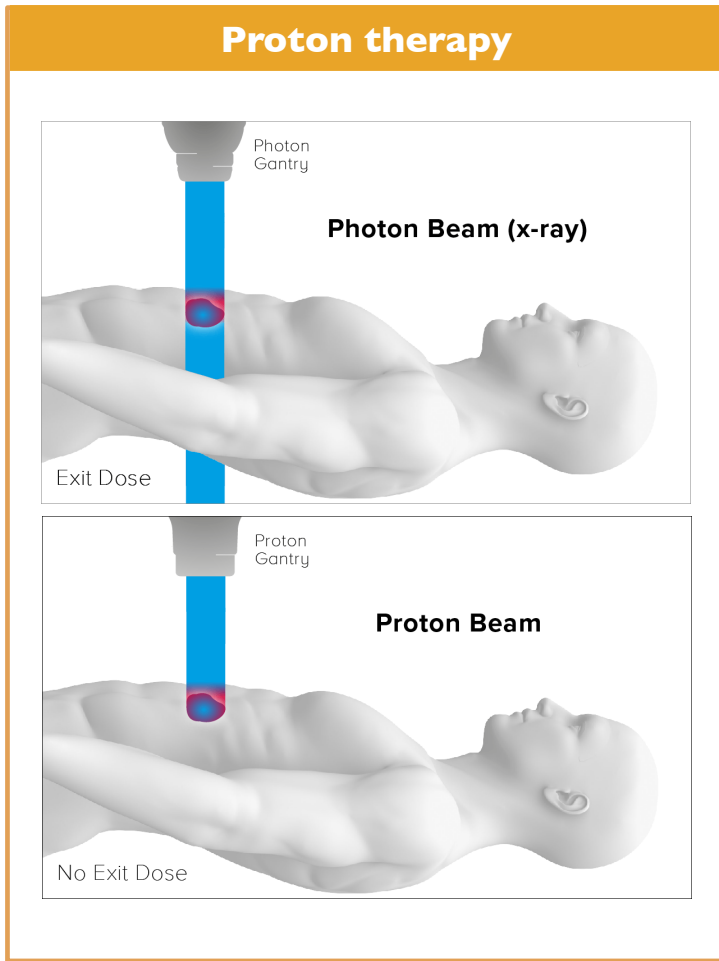
Intense (MG-class) axial magnetic fields

Y. Shi et al. PRL **121**, 145002 (2018)

A. Longman et al. PRR **3**, 043180 (2021)



# Collimated 40 MeV protons using a twisted laser driver



## **Peak brightness control**

Clean beam era

## **Breaking free from the Gaussian pulse**

When Aberration Becomes Design

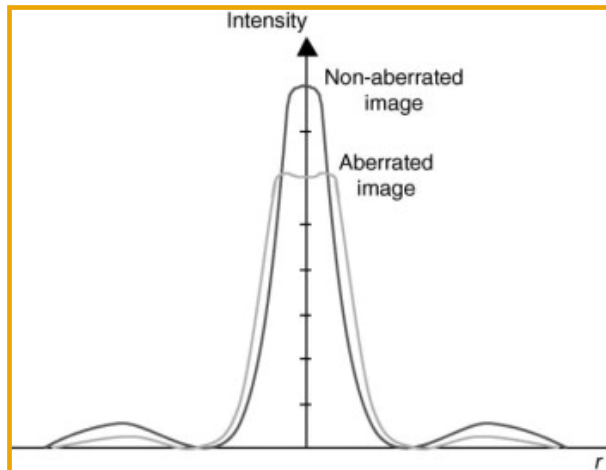
## **Other types of structured pulses**

From Gaussian to Airy, Vortex, and Vector Beams

## **Recent results and high power manipulation**

Toward High-Energy and High-Average Power Applications

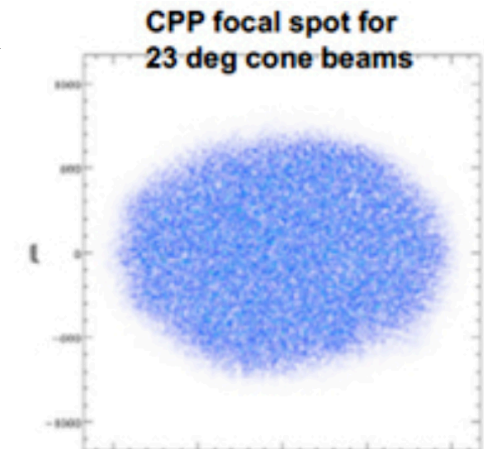
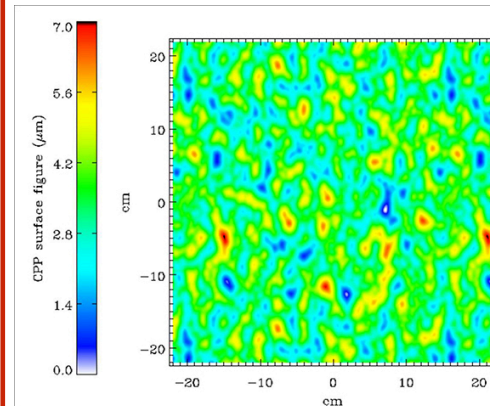
## Preserving peak intensity



$$S = \frac{I_{\text{actual}}(0)}{I_{\text{ideal}}(0)} \quad \text{Strehl Ratio}$$

$$\sigma_{\phi} < \frac{\lambda}{14} \Rightarrow S > 0.8 \quad \text{Maréchal criterion}$$

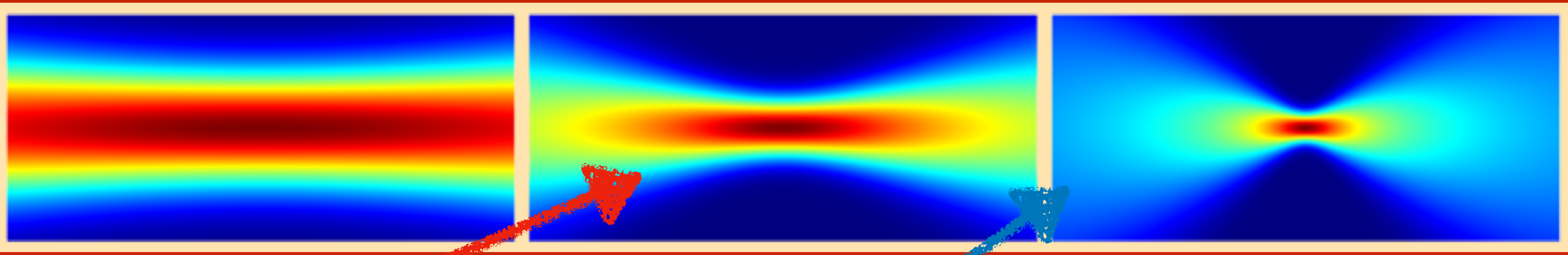
## Getting the flattest possible profile



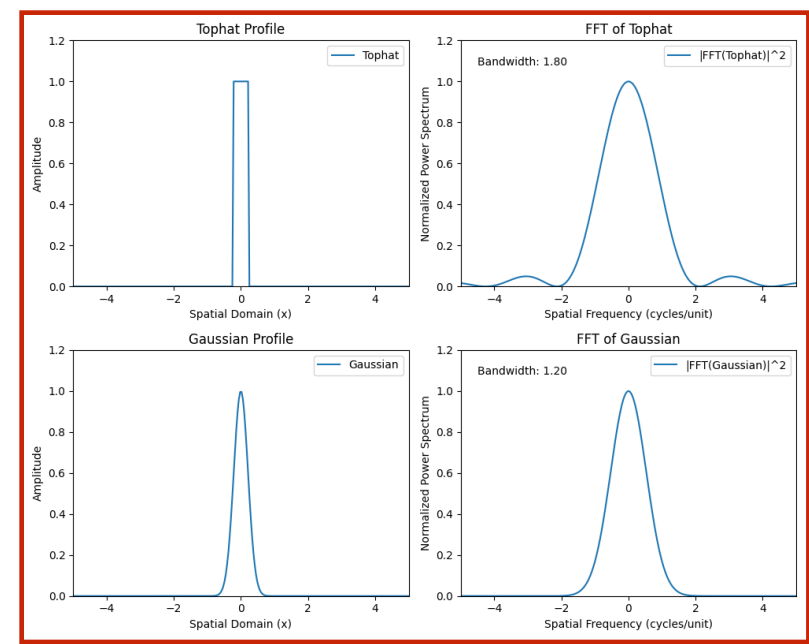
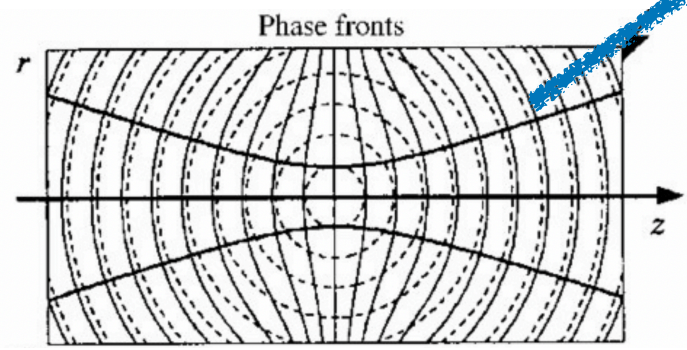
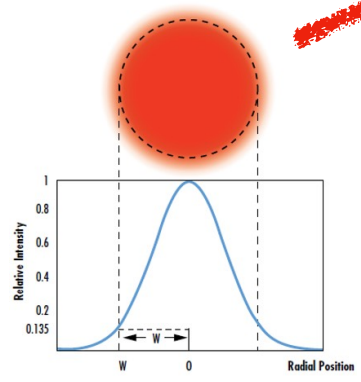
- Continuous phase plates,
- Smoothing by spectral dispersion,
- Polarization smoothing

<https://nifuserguide.llnl.gov/home/4-laser-system/46-focal-spot-conditioning>

# Idealised beams and aberration control: Gaussian beams



$$w(z) = w_0 \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{z}{z_R}\right)^2}$$

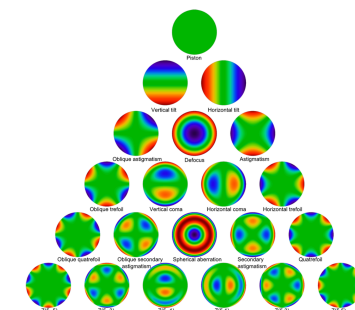
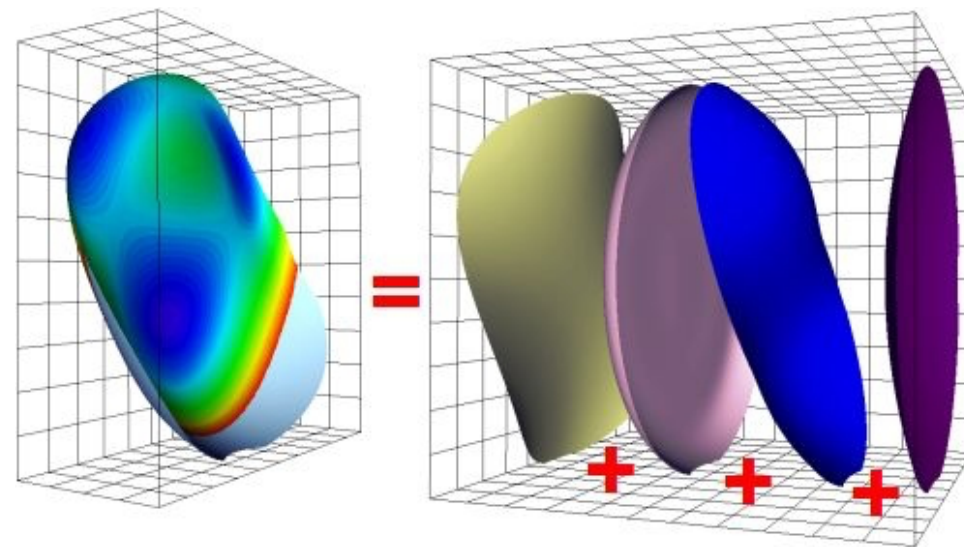
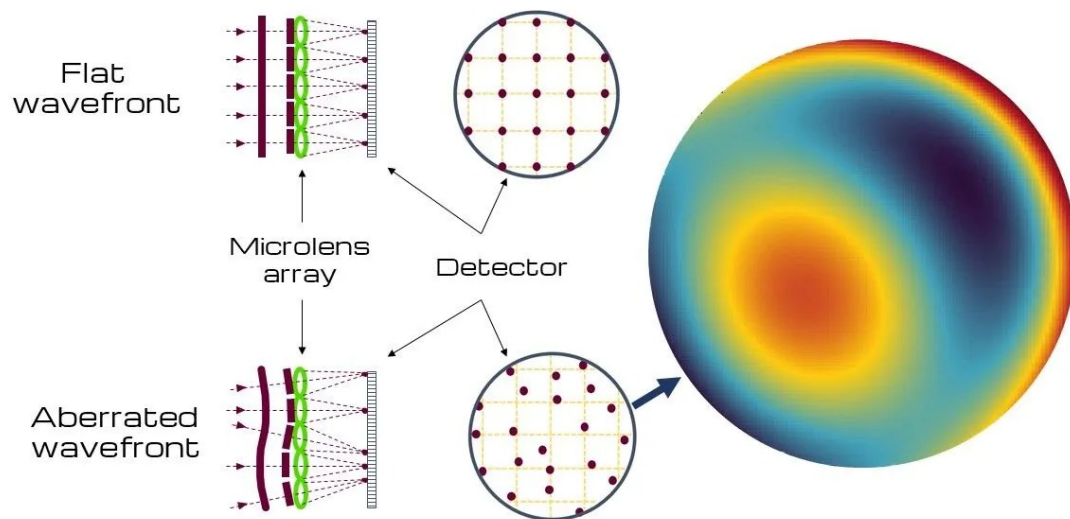


Minimizes beam waist for a given divergence (Fourier limit)  
 Provides tightest focal spot under scalar, paraxial optics  
 Used as the baseline for "diffraction-limited" focusing

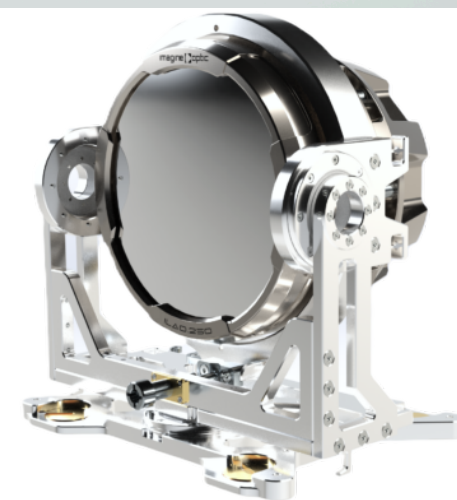
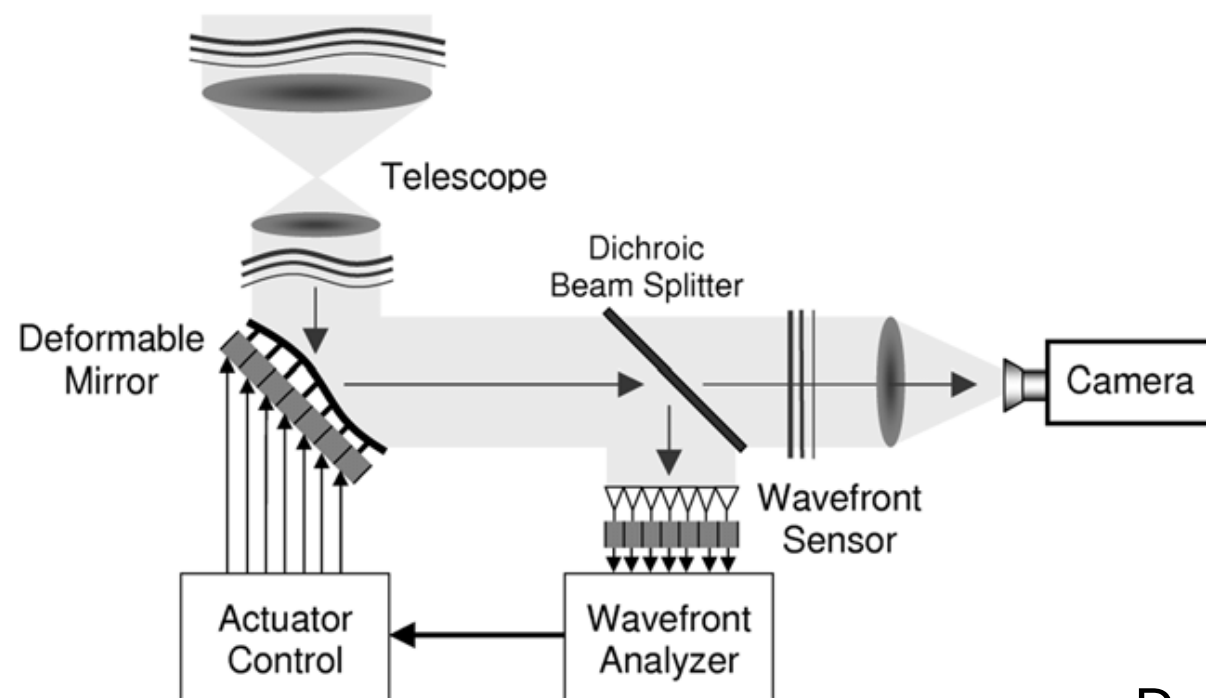
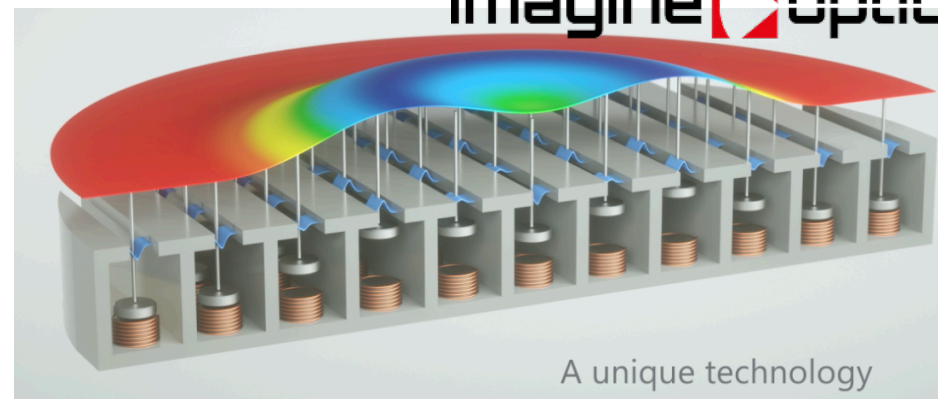


# Diagnosing the spatial aberrations - Wavefront sensing

Shack-Hartmann wavefront sensor



# Spatial cleaning of the pulse

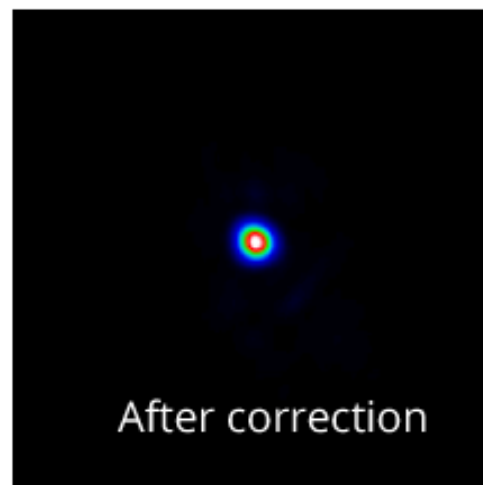
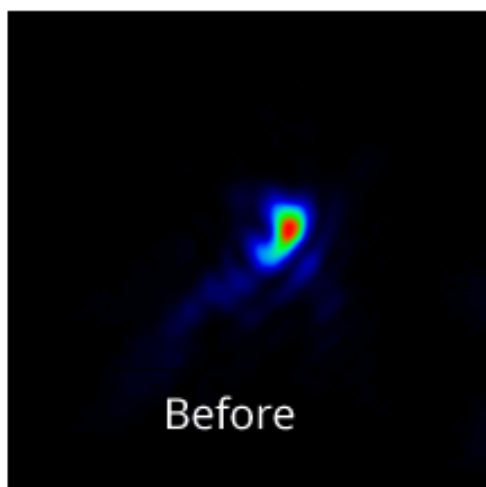


Deformable mirrors:

Piezo actuators, electromagnetic actuators

# Corrected wavefronts for better energy deposition

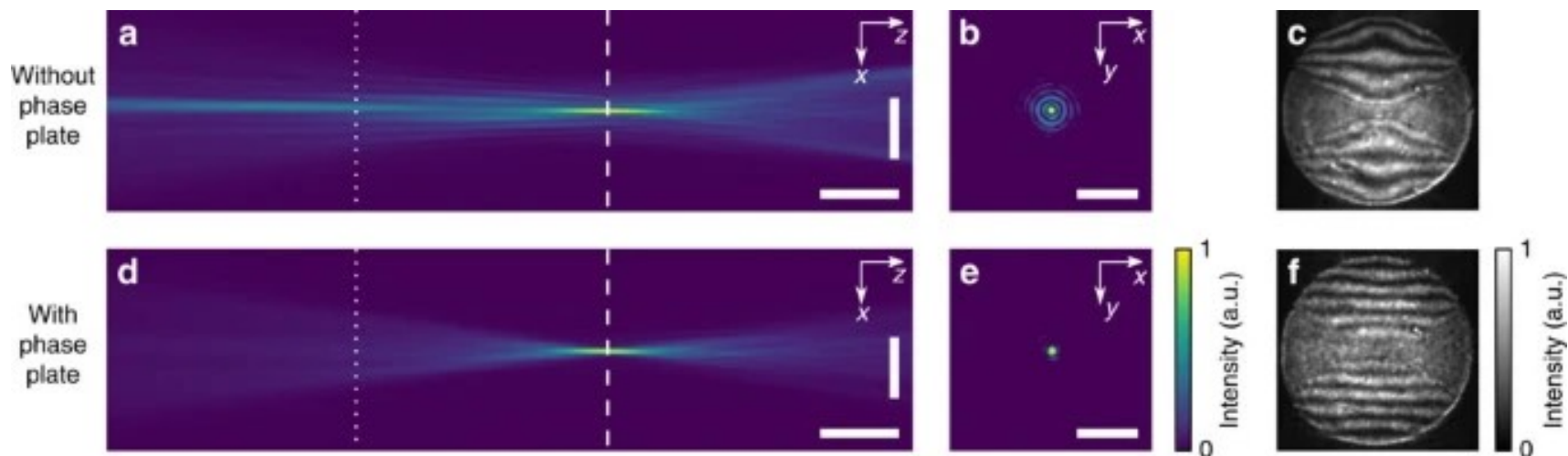
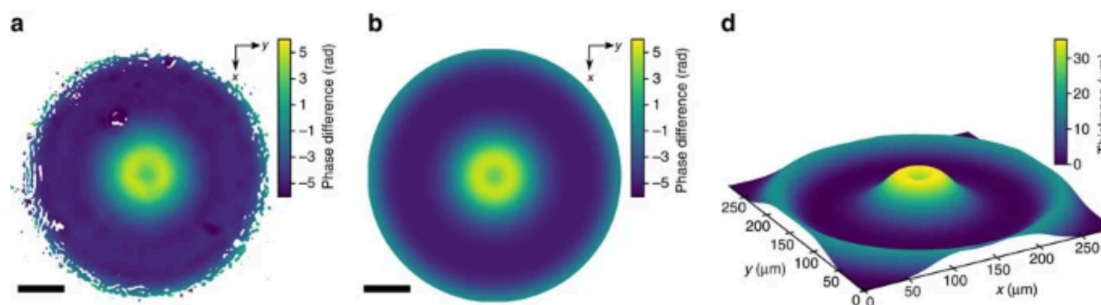
imagine  optic™



# Corrected wavefronts for better energy deposition

## Also at X-ray Free Electron Lasers...

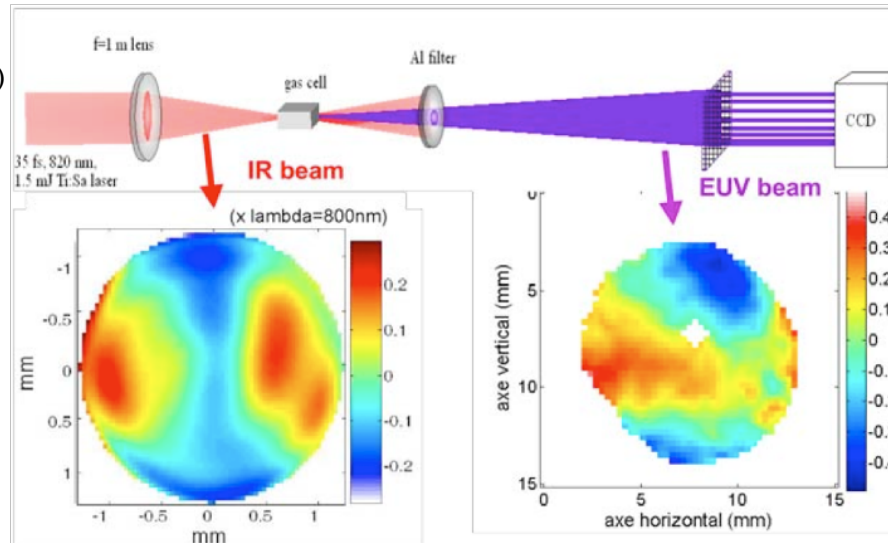
Seiboth, F., Schropp, A., Scholz, M. et al. Perfect X-ray focusing via fitting corrective glasses to aberrated optics. Nat Commun 8, 14623 (2017)



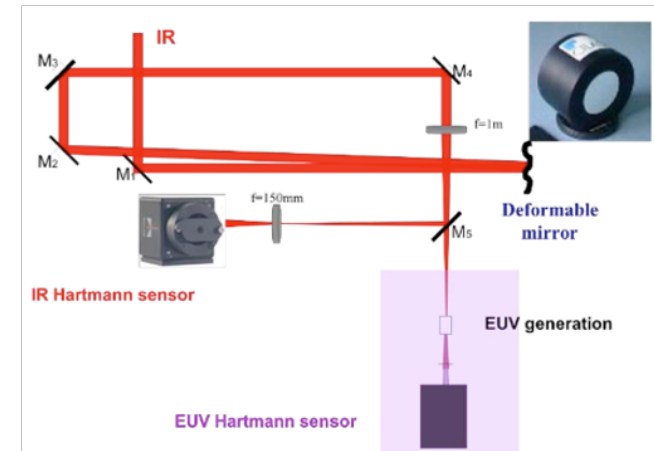


# Controlling the aberrations of secondary sources

- G. Lambert et al, Scientific Report, 5, 7786 (2015)
- L. Lu et al, Opt. Lett. 38, 20, 4011 (2013)
- G. Lambert et al, Euro. Phys. Lett. 89, 2, 24001 (2010)
- G. Lambert et al, New J. of Phys, 11, 083033 (2009)
- J. Gauthier et al, Euro. Phys. Jour. D, 48, 3, 459 (2008)
- C.Valentin et al, J.O.S.A. B, 25, 7, B161 (2008)
- P. Mercère et al, Opt. Lett., 28, 17, 1534 (2003)



Using closed-loop correction, we achieved diffraction limited harmonics ( $< \lambda/14$  rms)



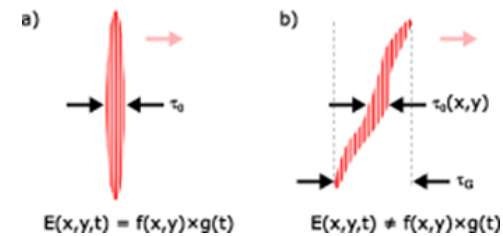
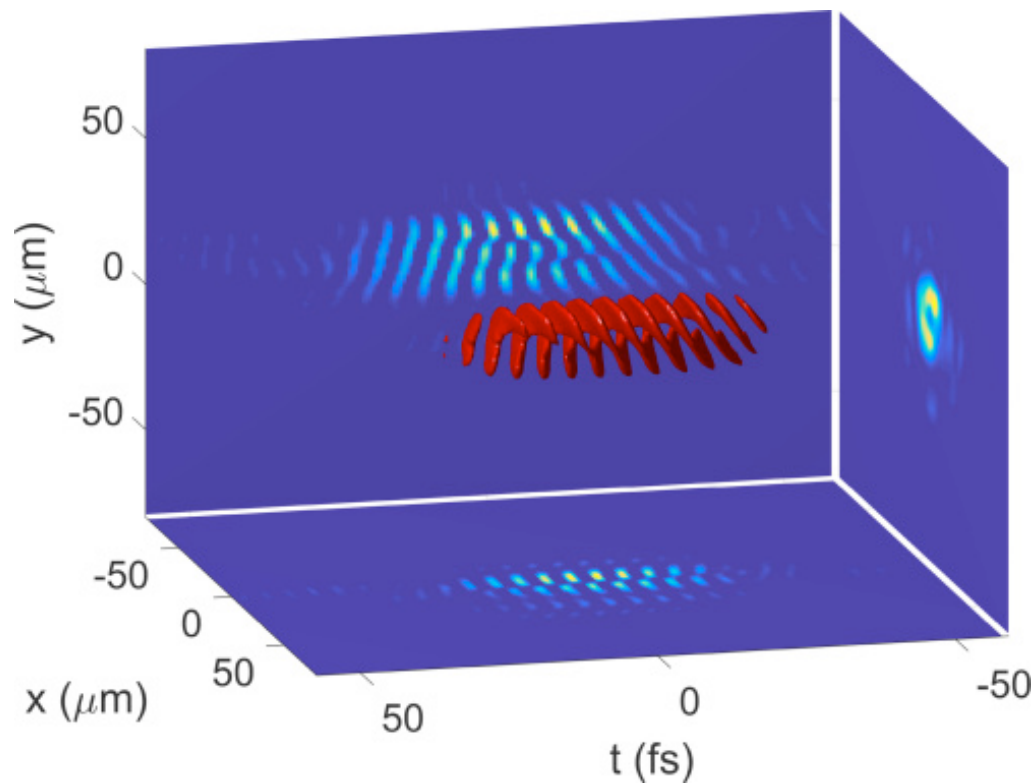
S. Kunzel et al, JOSA B 2015

# You can control what you can measure

Fabien Queré:

## Spatio-temporal characterization of ultrashort laser beams: a tutorial

Spencer W Jolly et al 2020 J. Opt. 22 103501



- 2D-SPIDER,
- SEA-SPIDER,
- SRSI-ETE
- SEA-TADPOLE,
- STARFISH
- TERMITES
- Shackled-FROG
- HAMSTER
- CROAK
- INSIGHT
- STRIPED-FISH
- .....
- IMPALA**

## **Peak brightness control**

Clean beam era

## **Breaking free from the Gaussian pulse**

When Aberration Becomes Design

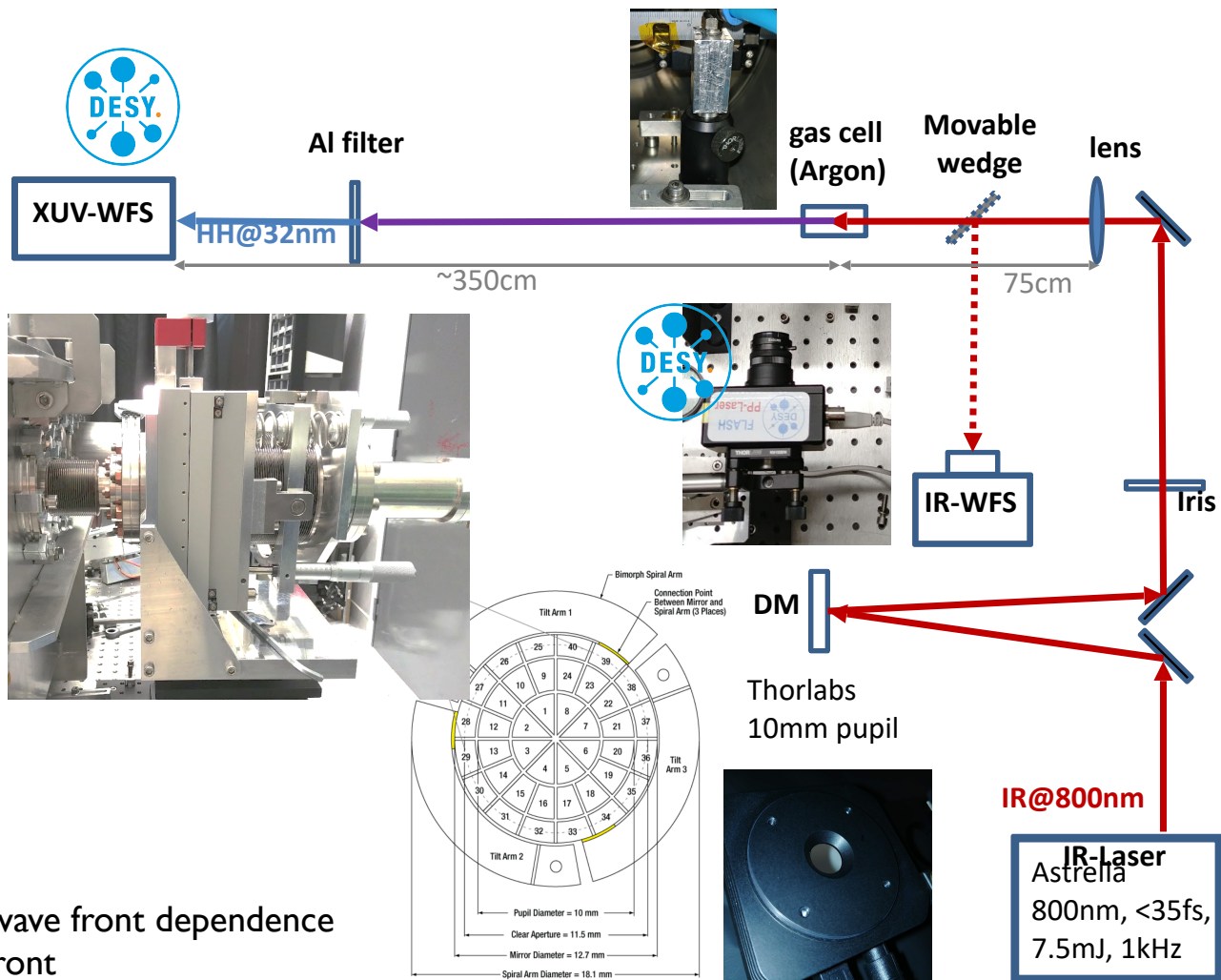
## **Other types of structured pulses**

From Gaussian to Airy, Vortex, and Vector Beams

## **Recent results and high power manipulation**

Toward High-Energy and High-Average Power Applications

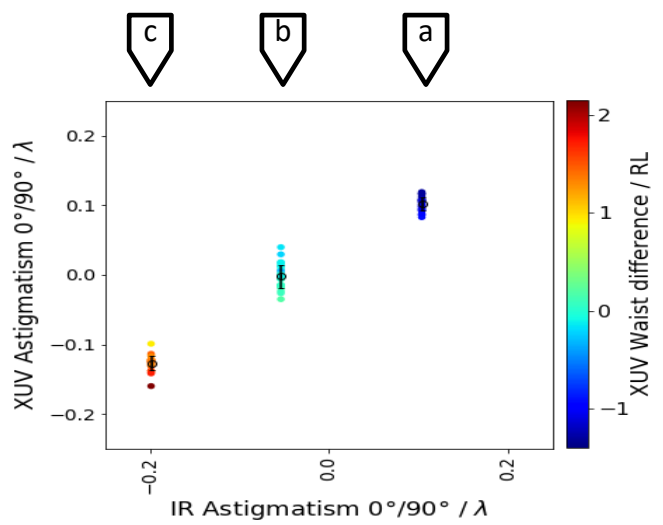
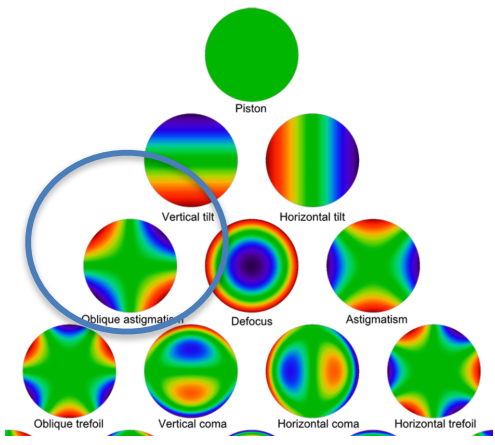
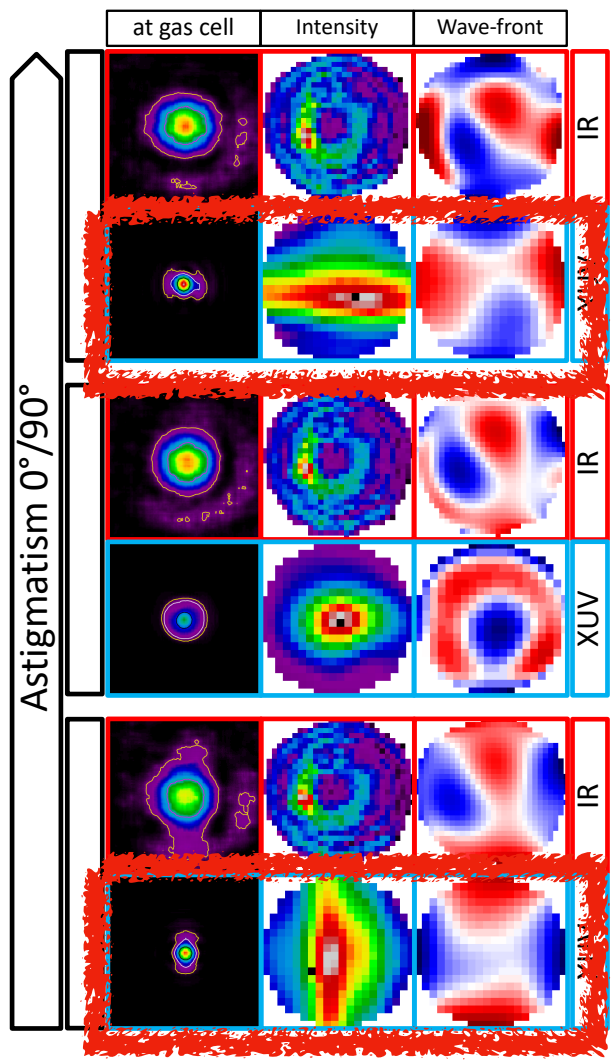
# Early applications I: Controlling aberrations in secondary sources



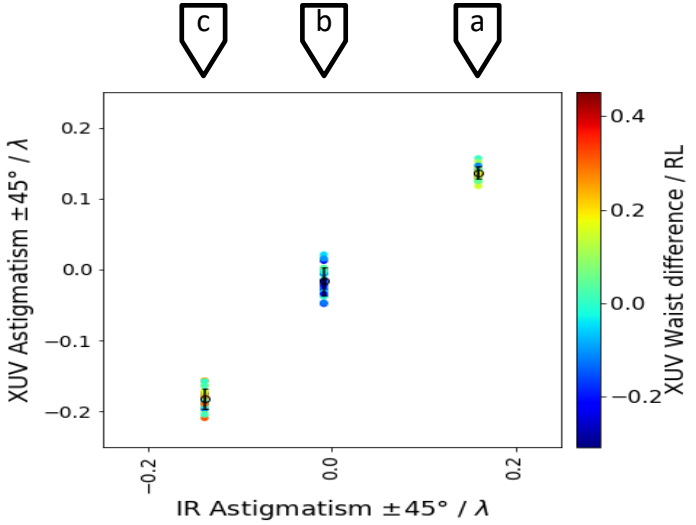
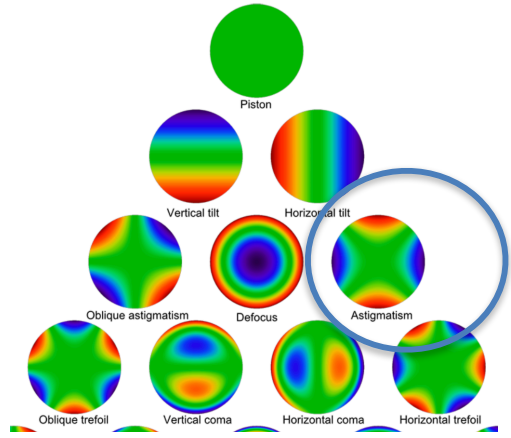
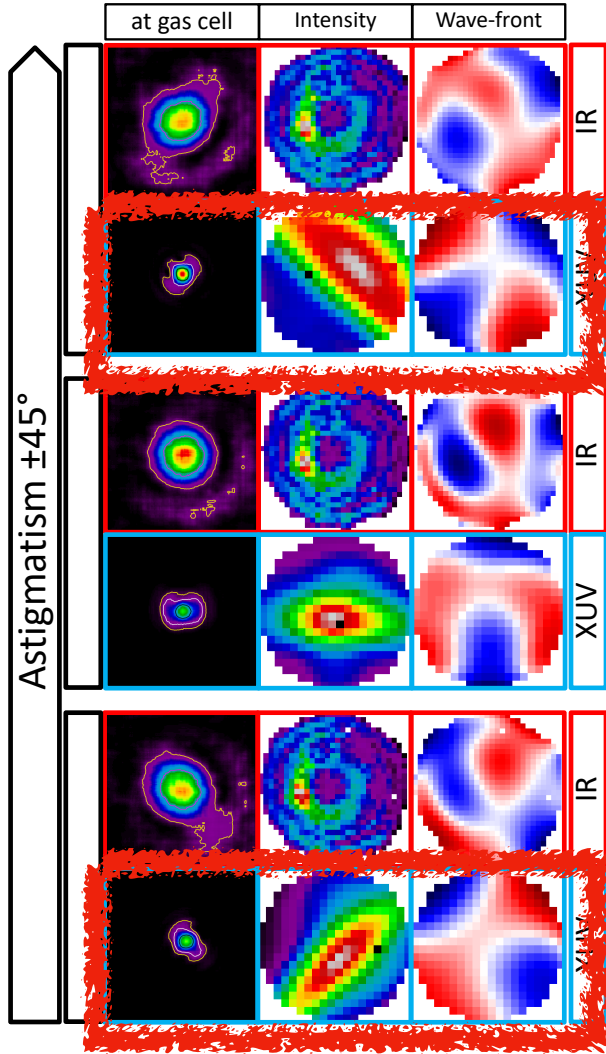
Th. Wodzinski et al,  
High-harmonic generation wave front dependence  
on a driving infrared wave front  
Applied Optics 2020



# Early applications I: Controlling aberrations in secondary sources

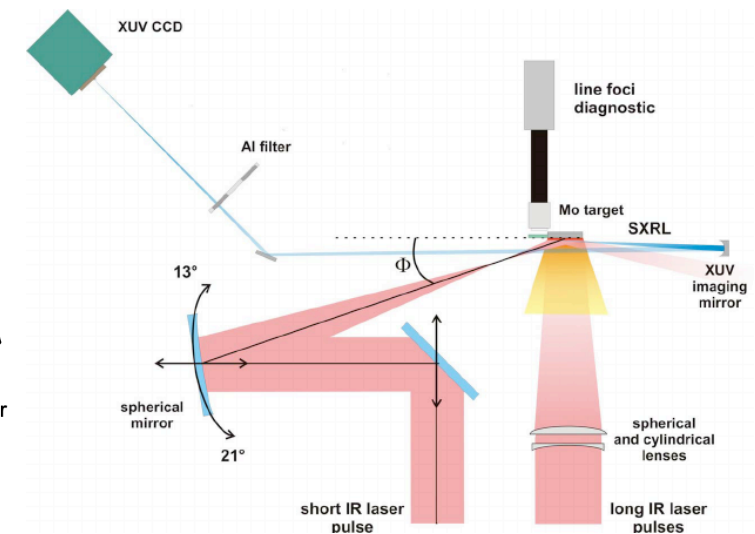
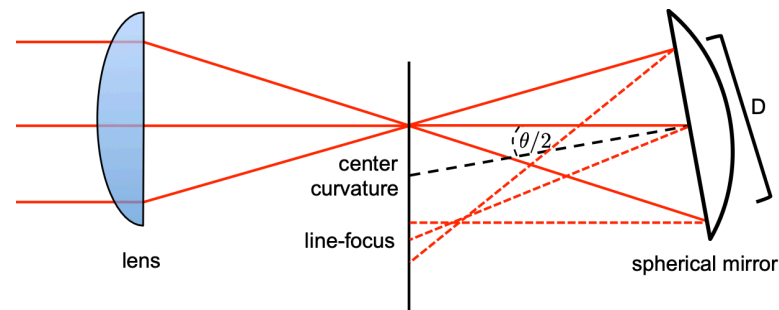
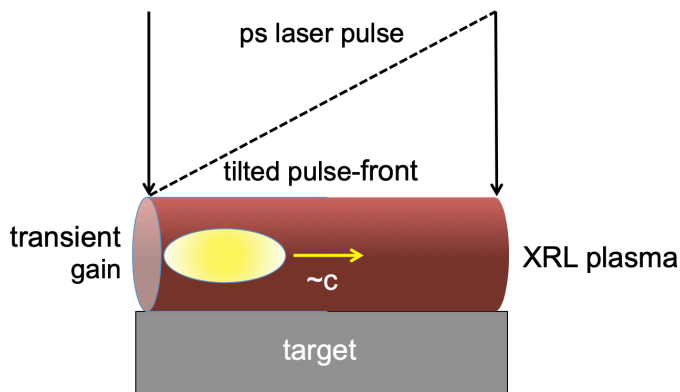


# Early applications I: Controlling aberrations in secondary sources



# Early applications 2: Plasma-based X-ray Lasers

J. Rocca: transient traveling wave excitation using grazing incidence pumping (2000s)



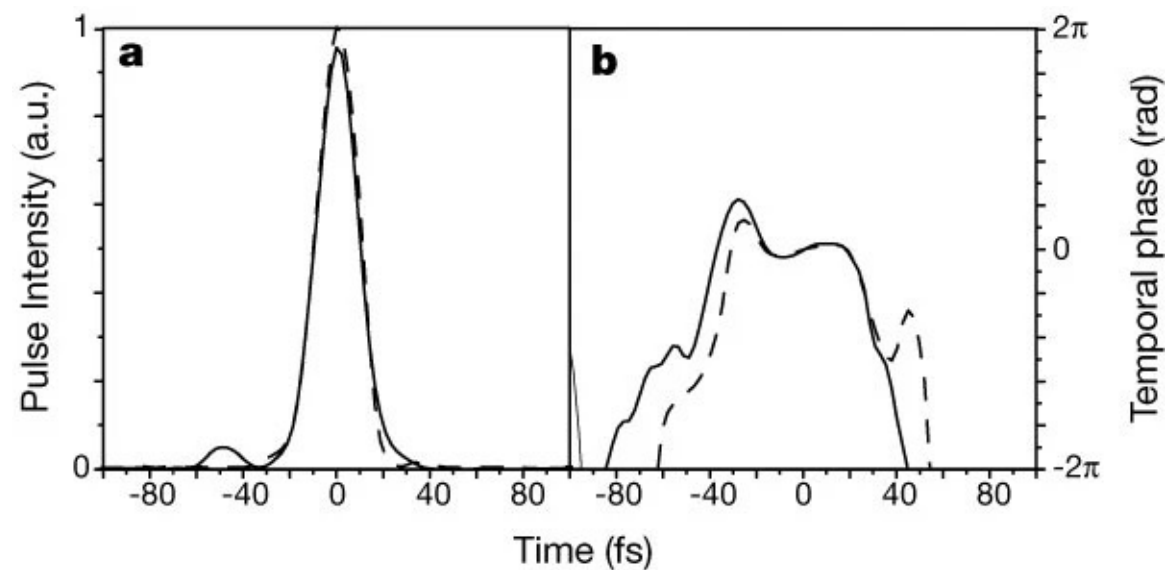
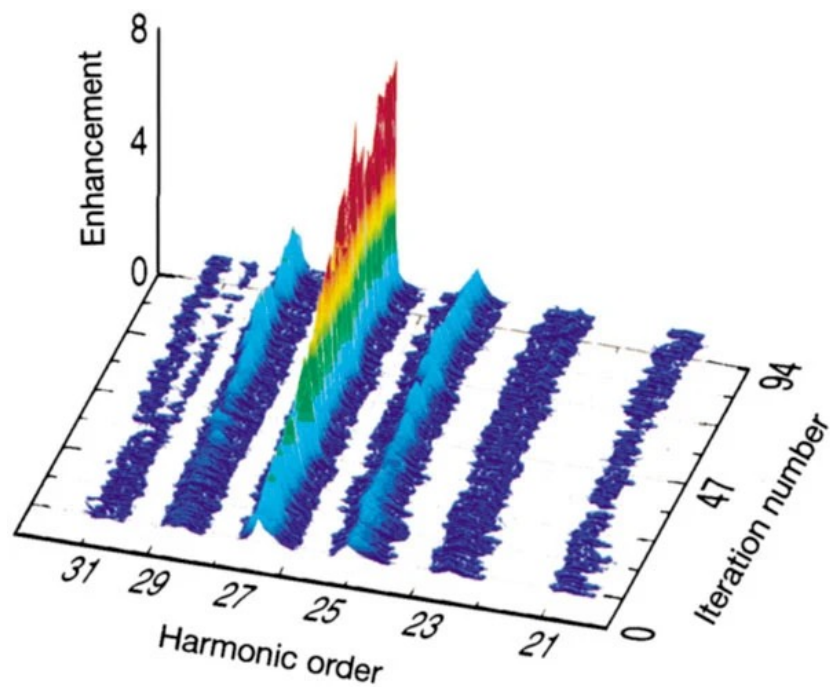
Characterization of a transient collisional Ni-like molybdenum soft-x-ray laser pumped in grazing incidence,

S. Kazamias et al Phys Rev A 2008

# Early applications 3 - Spectral shaping

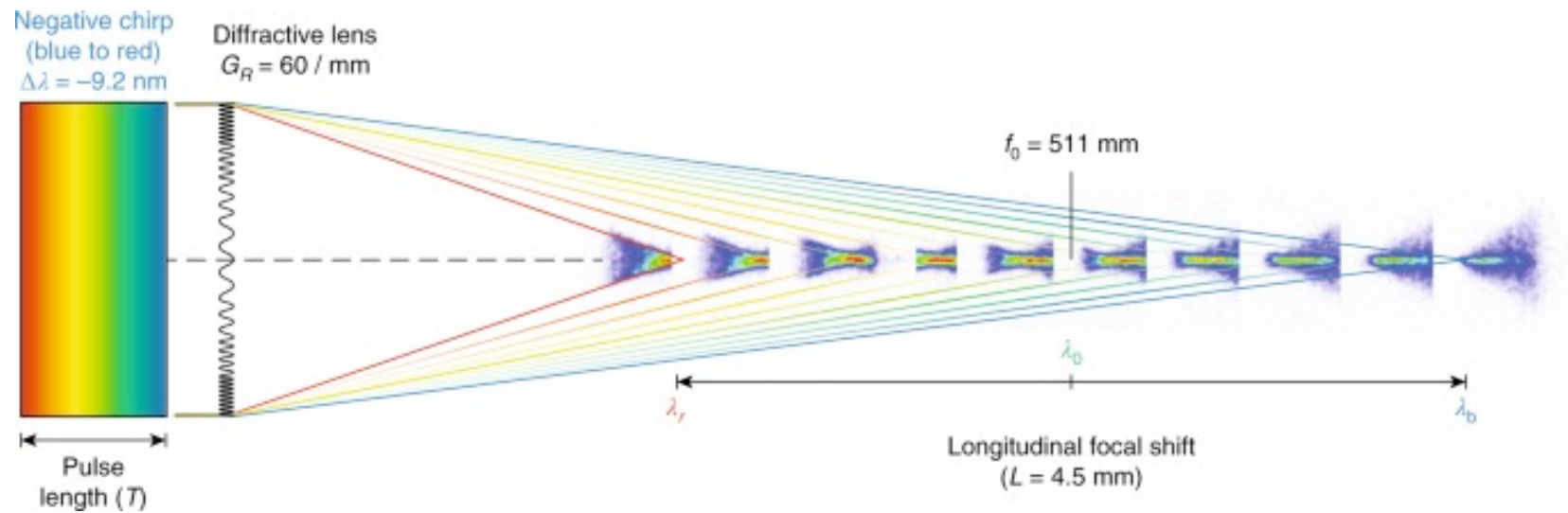
Bartels, R., Backus, S., Zeek, E. et al. Shaped-pulse optimization of coherent emission of high-harmonic soft X-rays.

*Nature* **406**, 164–166 (2000)

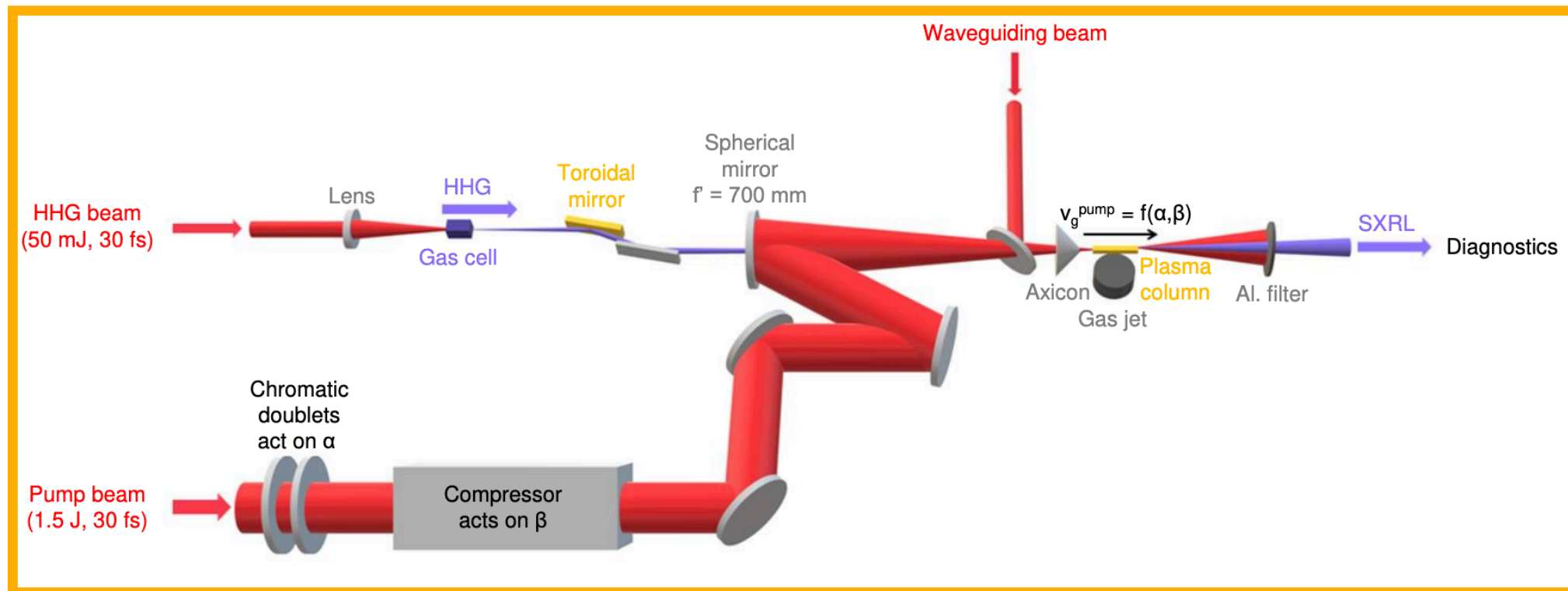




# Modern examples: Flying focus



Dustin H. Froula, University of Rochester  
Froula, D.H., Turnbull, D., Davies, A.S. *et al.* Spatiotemporal control of laser intensity. *Nature Photon* **12**, 262–265 (2018)



Spatio-temporal couplings for controlling group velocity in longitudinally pumped seeded soft X-ray lasers,

Flying focus to control group velocity of IR pump match seed,  
3x energy extraction

A. Kabacinski, Nature Photonics, 2023

## **Peak brightness control**

Clean beam era

## **Breaking free from the Gaussian pulse**

When Aberration Becomes Design

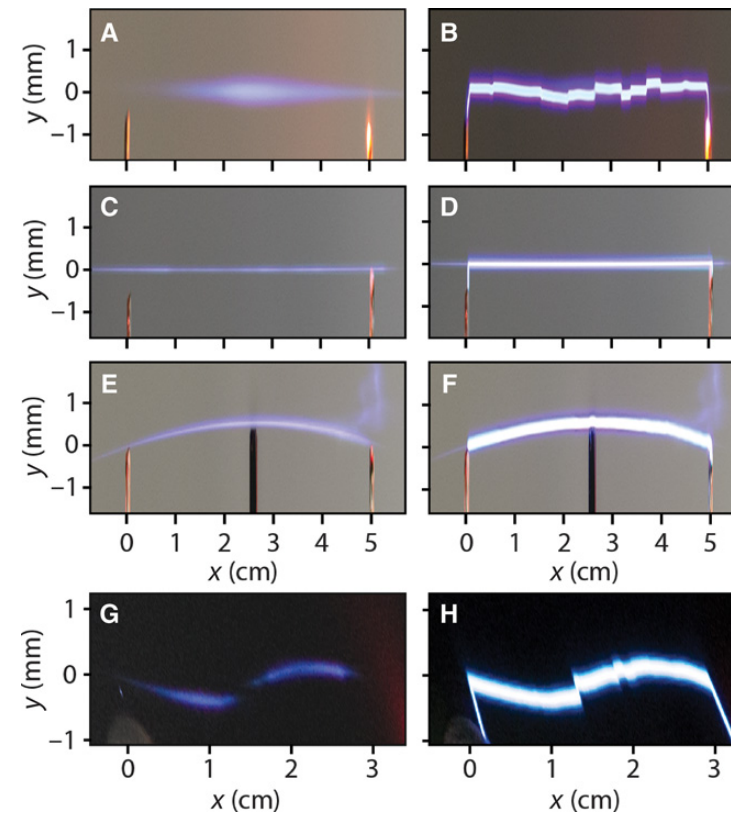
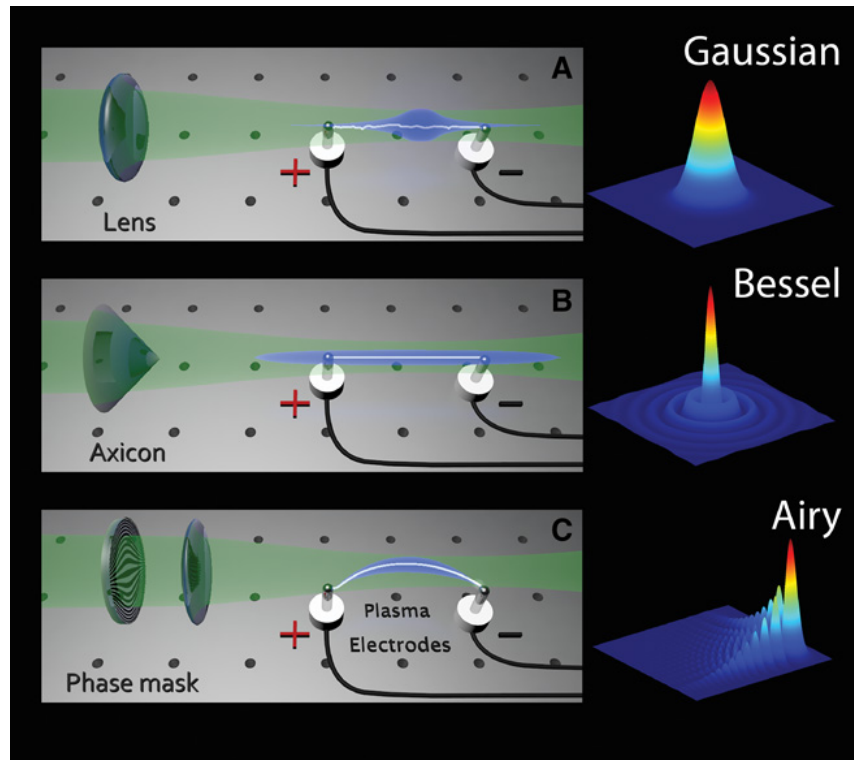
## **Other types of structured pulses**

From Gaussian to Airy, Vortex, and Vector Beams

## **Recent results and high power manipulation**

Toward High-Energy and High-Average Power Applications

# Structured light: low power experiments plasma effects

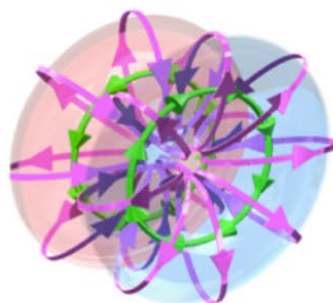


Laser-assisted guiding of electric discharges around objects  
Clerici et al. Sci. Adv. 2015

# Zoo of structured light

How can we inject these complex electromagnetic wavepackets into PIC simulations to investigate the physics and predict experimental outcomes?

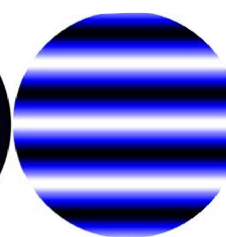
Flying doughnut (single cycle)



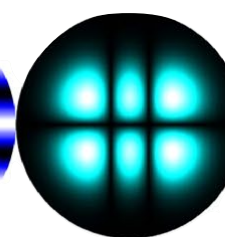
Gaussian



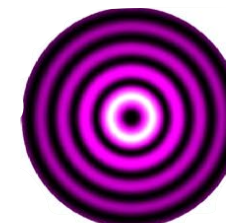
Propagation invariant



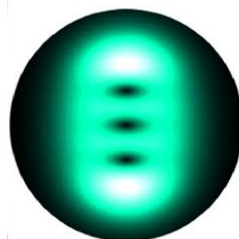
Hermite Gaussian



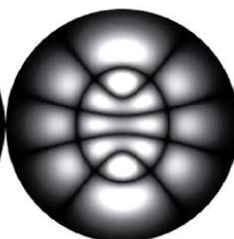
Laguerre Gaussian



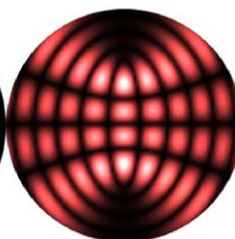
Hermite-Laguerre Gaussian beam



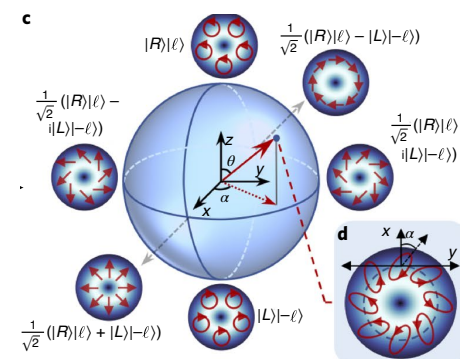
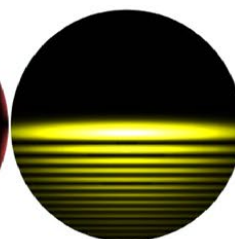
Ince Gaussian



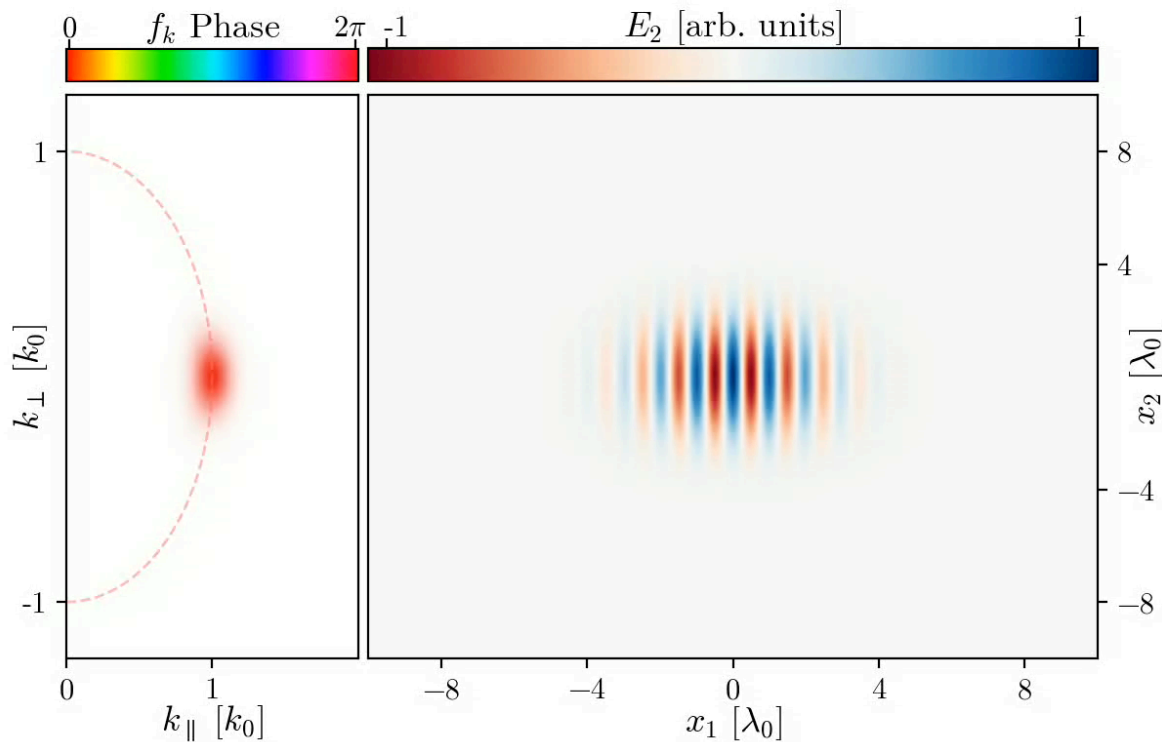
Mathieu beam



Airy beam



# Controlling pulse properties with the $f_k$ function



We can control:

- ▶ Main Frequency
- ▶ Transverse Size
- ▶ Longitudinal Size
- ▶ Focus Position
- ▶ Relative Injection Position
- ▶ Transverse Profile

**Basically Arbitrary Control over Pulse Shape**

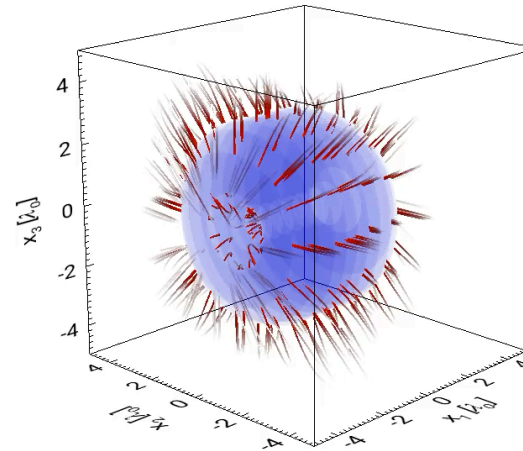


# Arbitrary pulse initialisation in Osiris

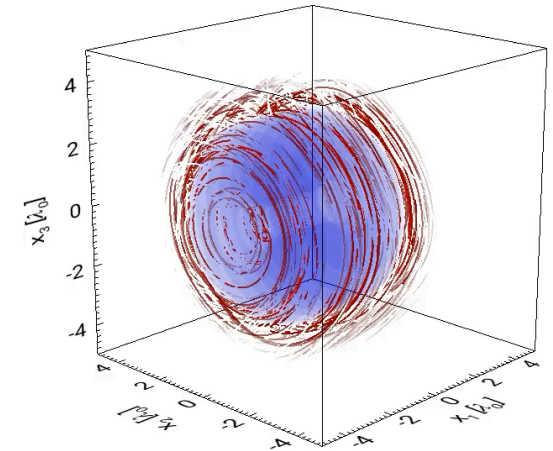


- ✓ Elliptical, radial and azimuthal polarisation built in  
Direct injection of new polarisation states

Radial polarisation



Azimuthal polarisation

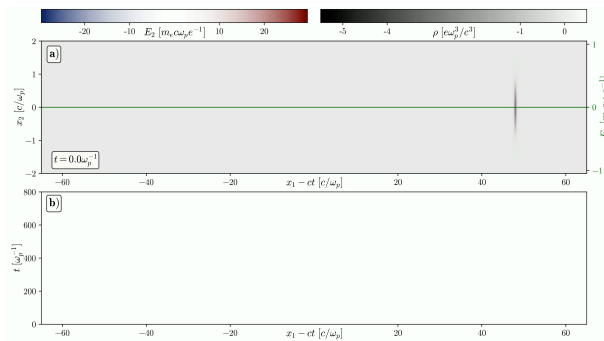


■ Electric field intensity — Electric field lines

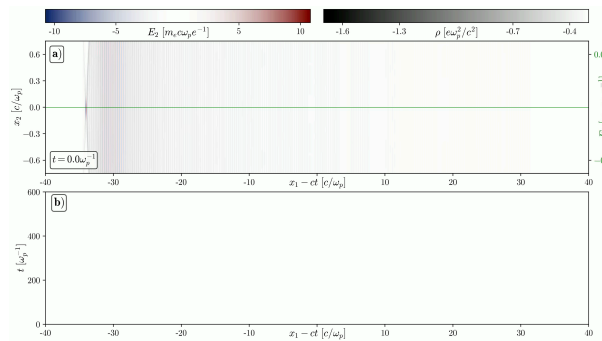
# The laser focal plane speed controls the wake phase-velocity

Flying focus

Subluminal Focus Velocity -  $v_f = 0.96c$



Superluminal Focus Velocity -  $v_f = 1.1c$



D. Froula et al, Nature Photonics 12, 262–265 (2018); A. Sainte-Marie et al, Optica 4, 1298 (2017), R. A. Almeida et al. in preparation (2025)

## Applications

Dephasingless plasma acceleration

J.P. Palastro et al PRL (2020)

C. Caizergues et al Nature Photonics (2020)

Non-relativistic particle acceleration

Z. Gong et al, PRL(2024)

C. Badiali et al, in preparation (2025)

Plasma waves phase velocity = Pulse's Focus Velocity

Accurate and arbitrary control of the phase velocity of plasma wakes  
Tight focusing is key

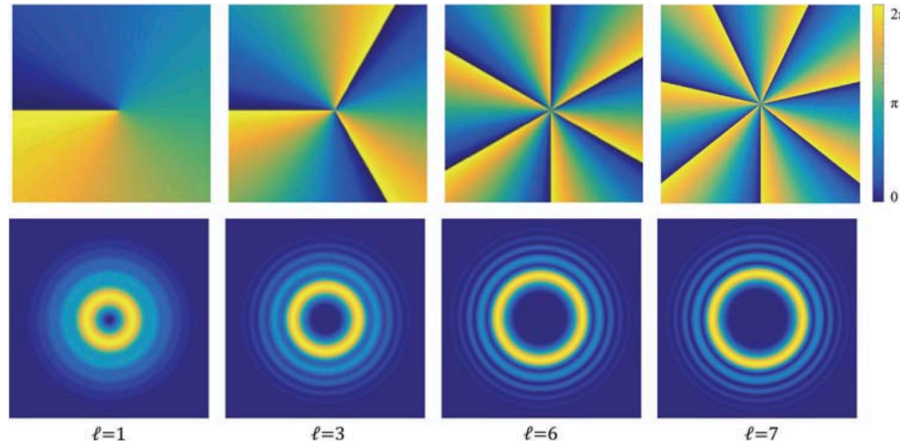


Figure 14 (top row) Phase and (bottom row) intensity profiles of a vortex beam.

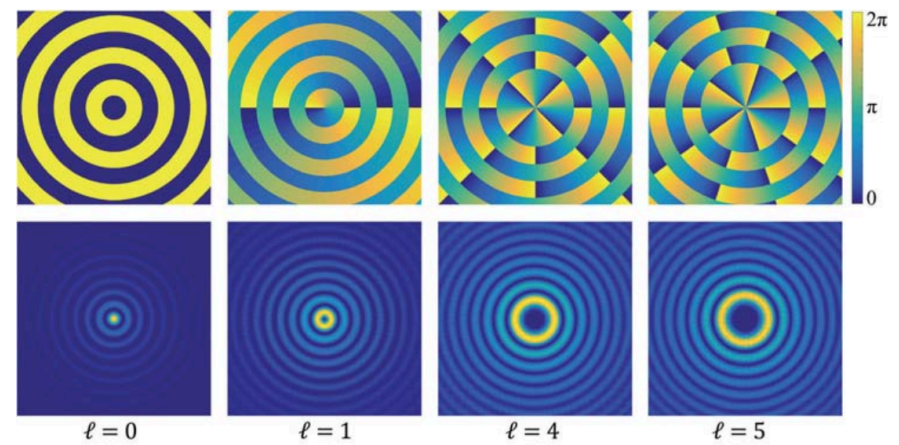


Figure 16 (top row) Phase and (bottom row) intensity profile of Bessel beams for different values of  $l$ .

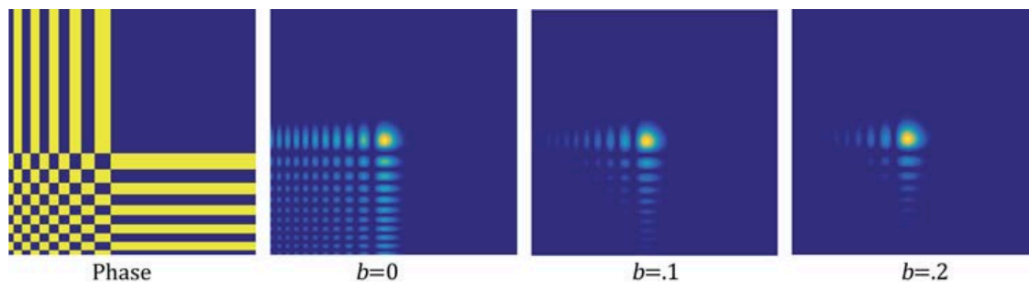


Figure 18 Phase (left) and intensity profiles (right) of finite-energy Airy beams.

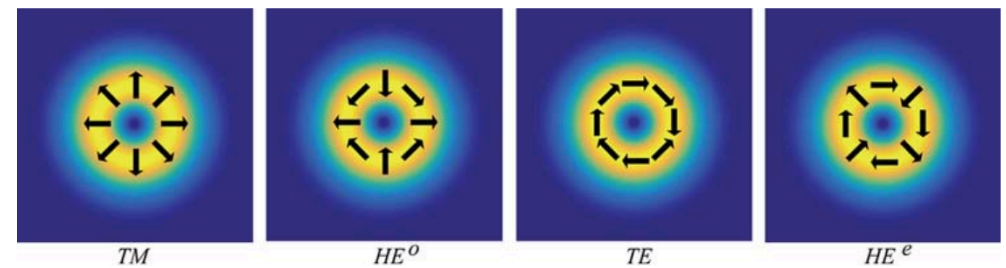
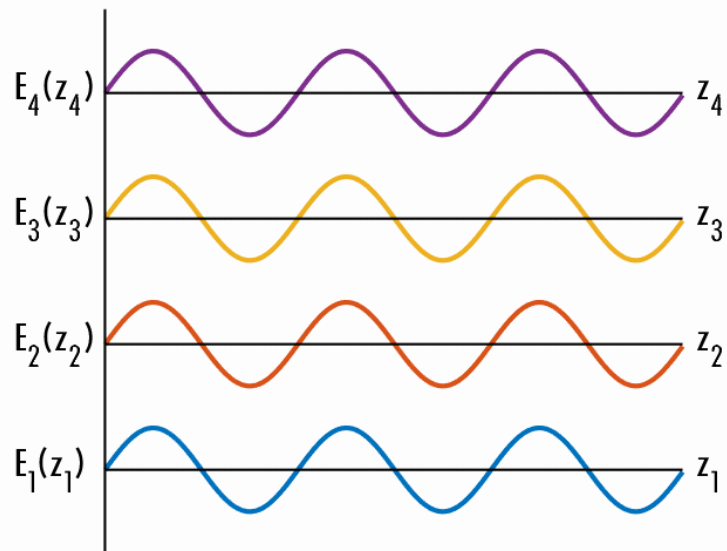


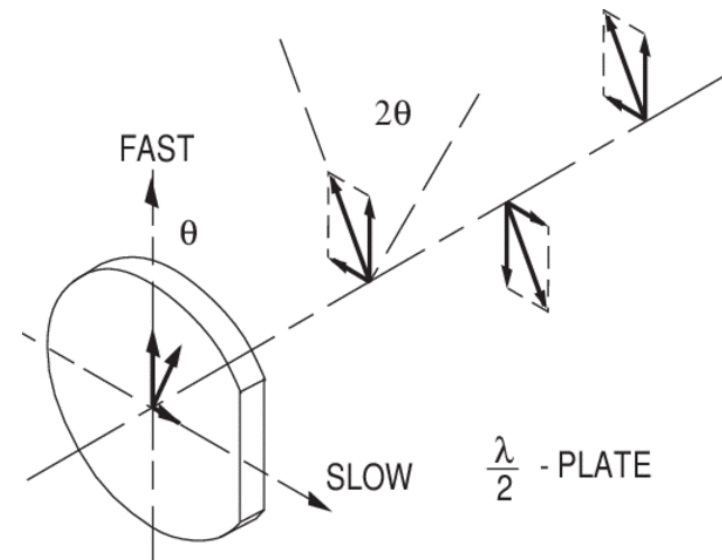
Figure 25 Cylindrical vector vortex modes, with the arrows depicting the local polarization angle.

## How to Shape Light with Spatial Light Modulators

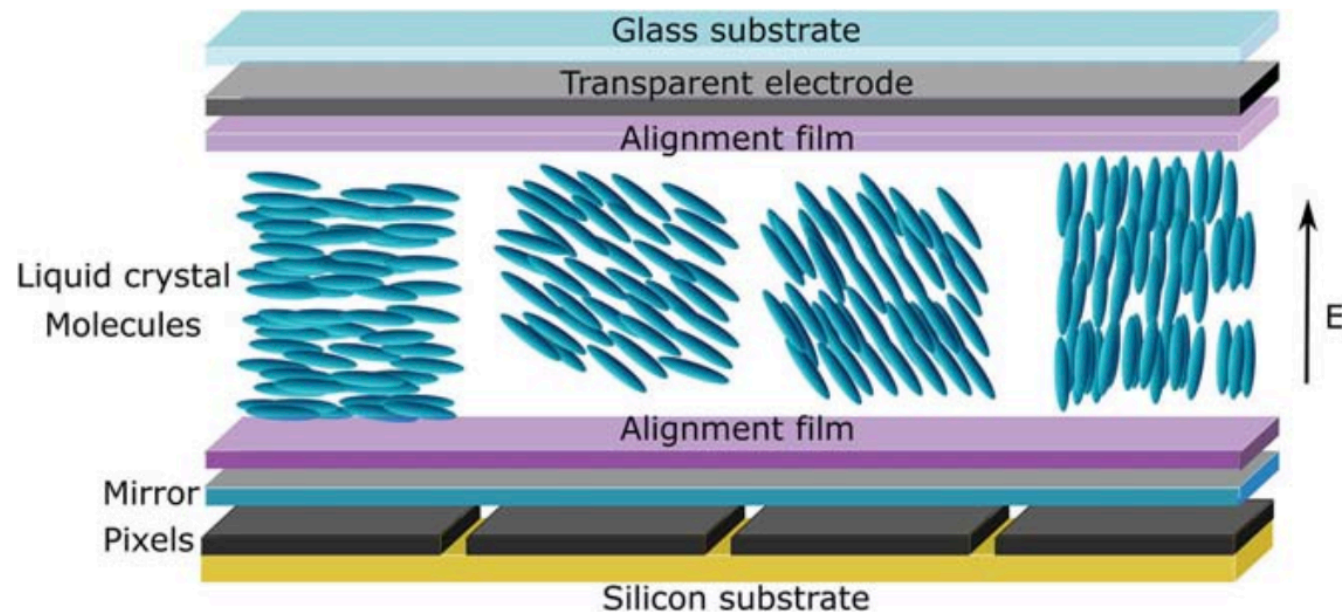
Carmelo Rosales-Guzmán and Andrew Forbes  
SPIE.spotlight



<https://www.edmundoptics.com/knowledge-center/application-notes/optics/understanding-waveplates/>



<https://www.newport.com/n/introduction-to-waveplates>

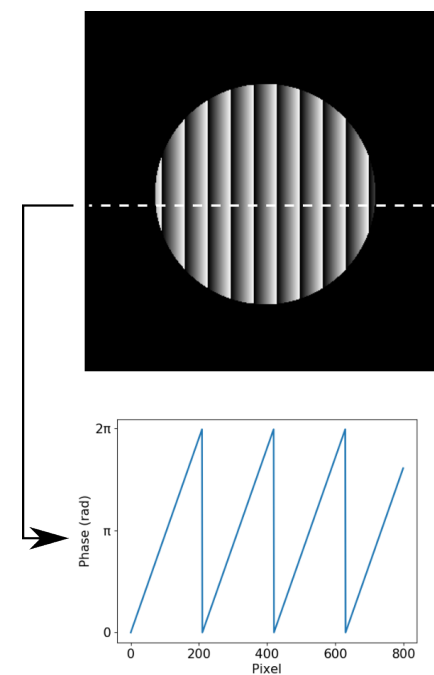
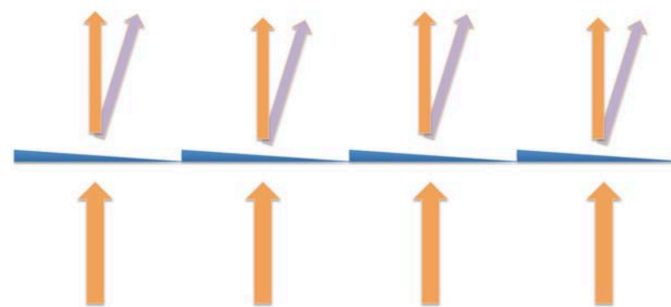
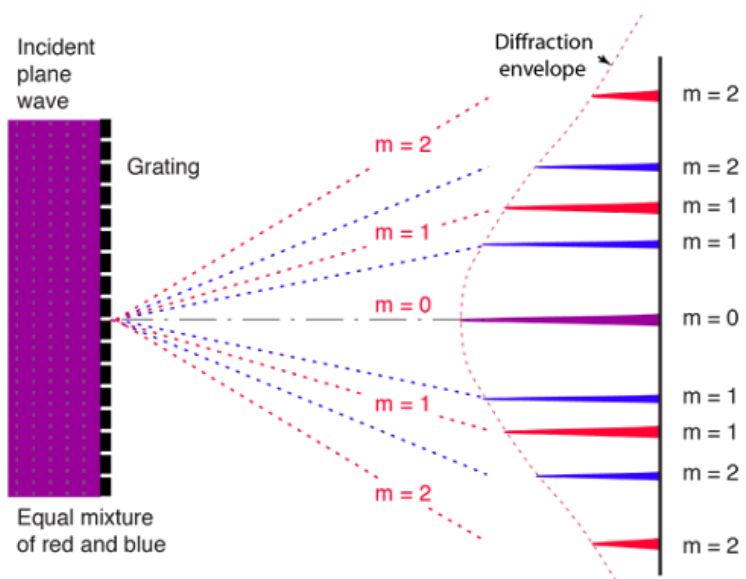


**Figure 2** Schematic representation of a LCoS SLM.

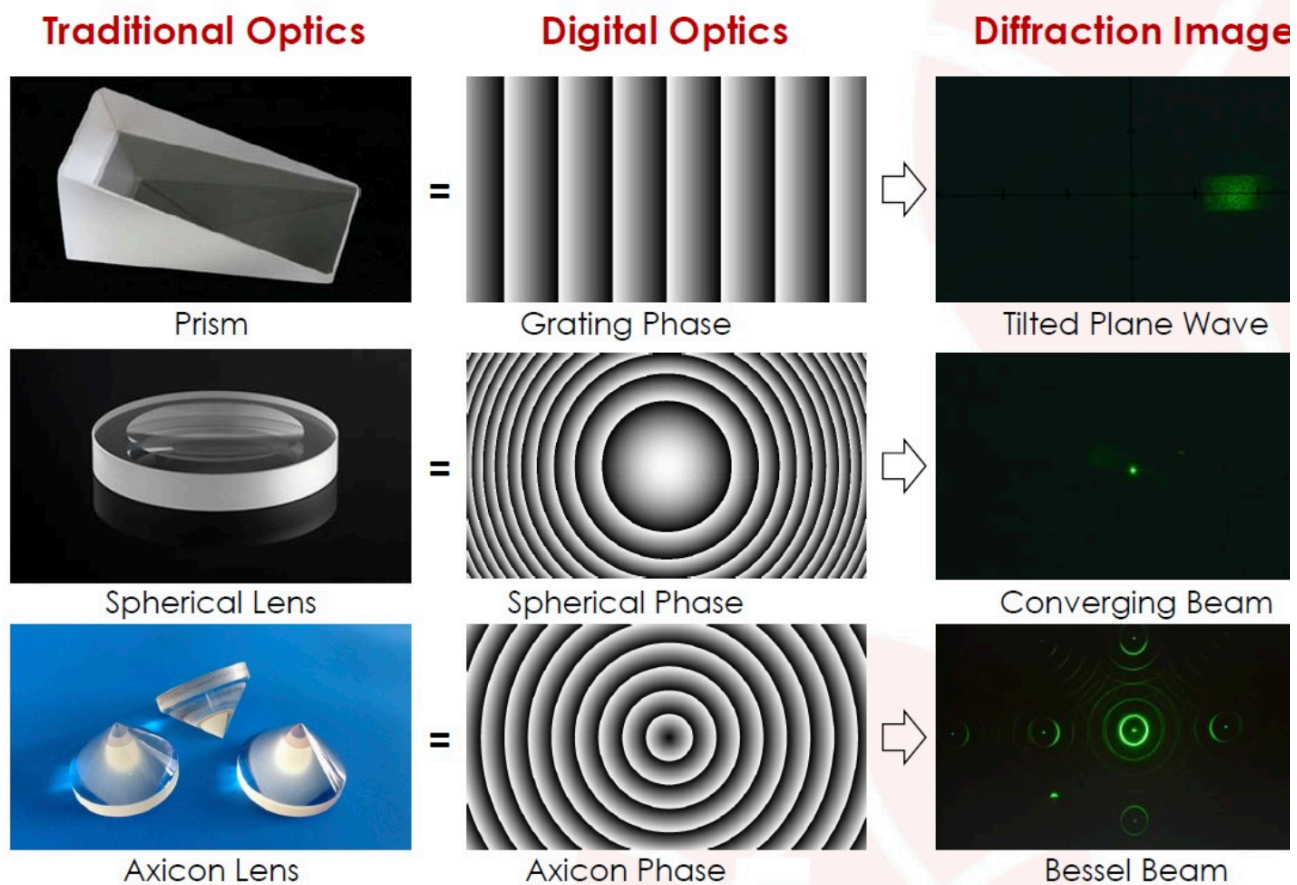


Spatial Light Modulators (SLMs) — dynamic, programmable

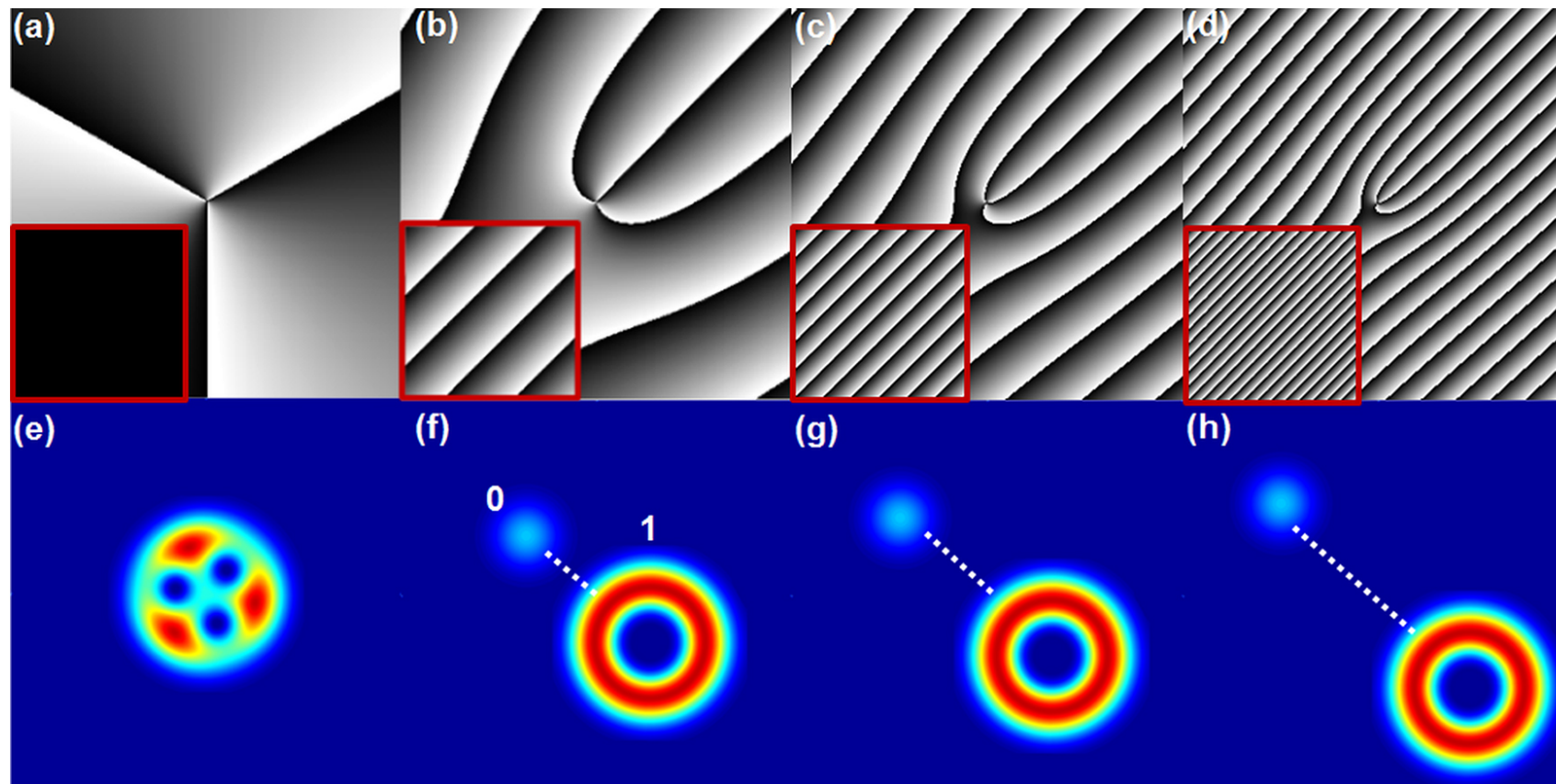
## Blazed grating - maximum efficiency in 1st order



## SLM: Gateway to Digital Optics



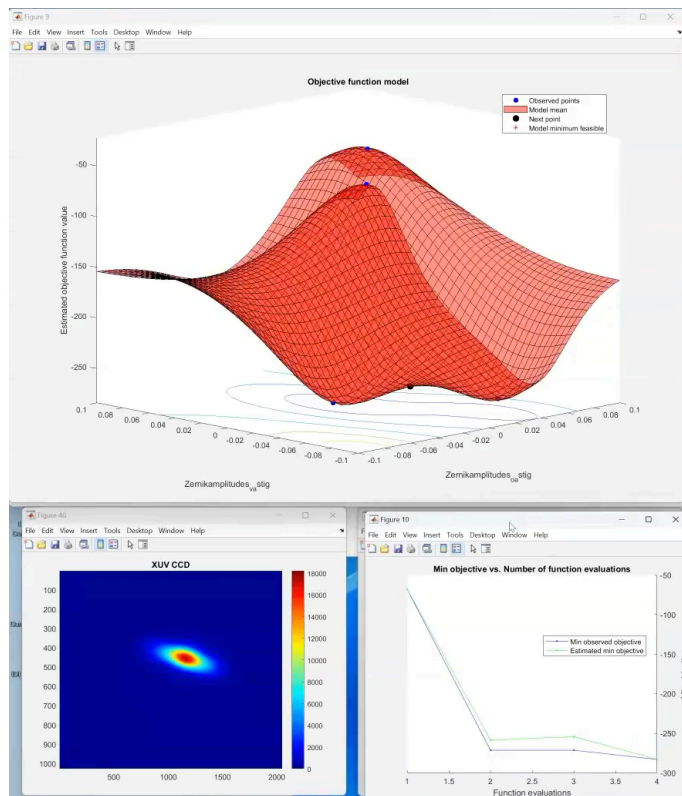
<https://cightech.com/>



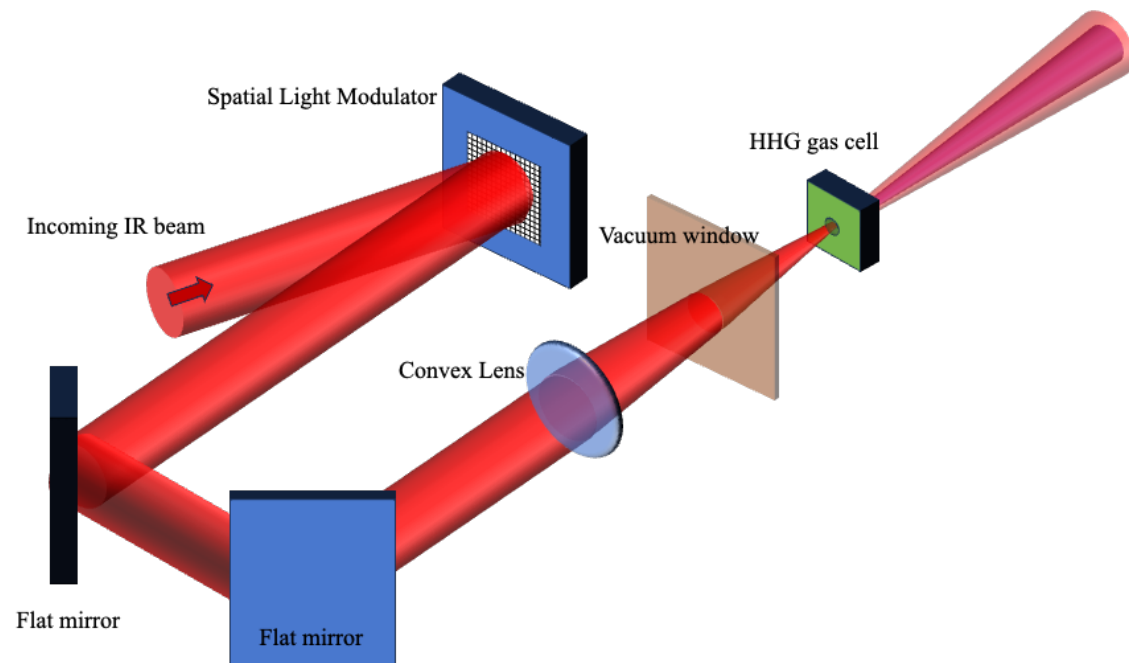
How to Shape Light with Spatial Light Modulators, <https://doi.org/10.1117/3.2281295.ch1>

## Real time bayesian optimisation

Optimising IR vertical and oblique astigmatisms for maximum HHG yield

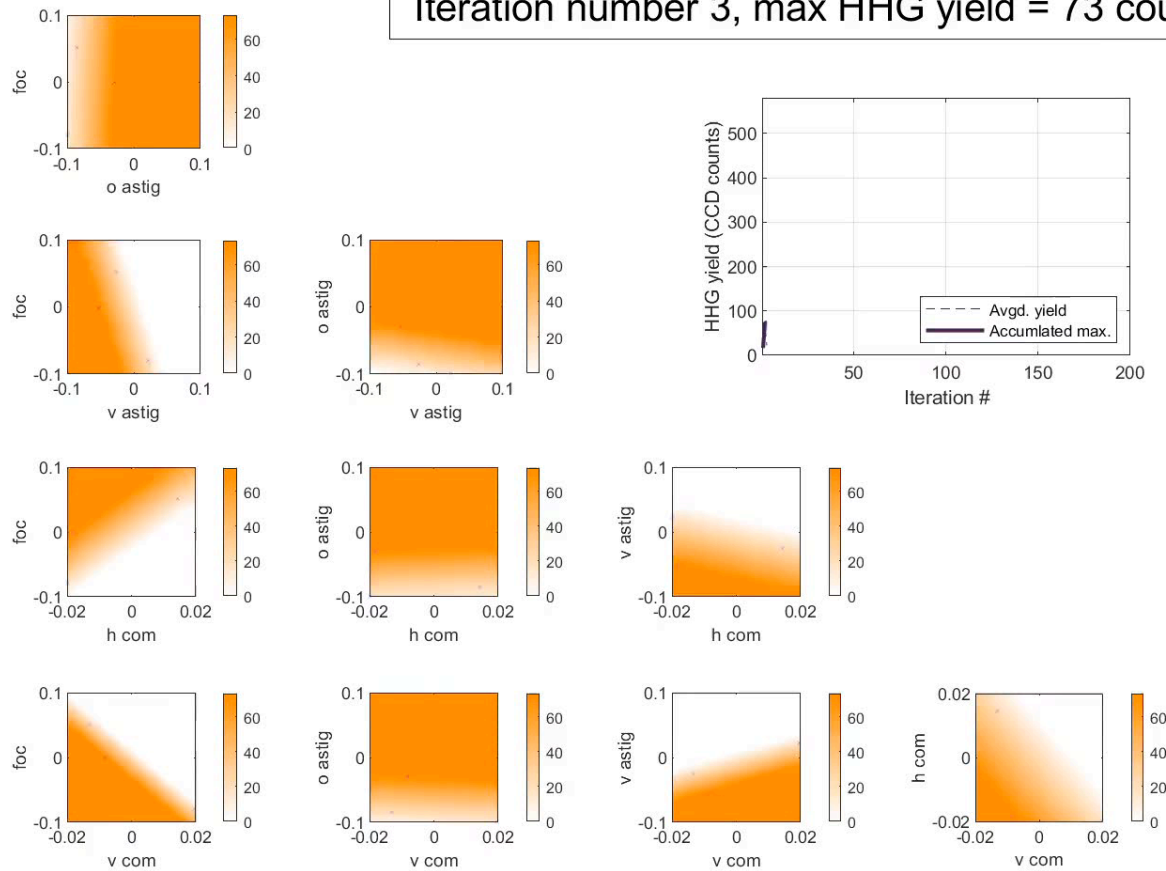


## Experimental set-up



## Bayesian exploration of parameter space - Zernika coefficients

Iteration number 3, max HHG yield = 73 counts



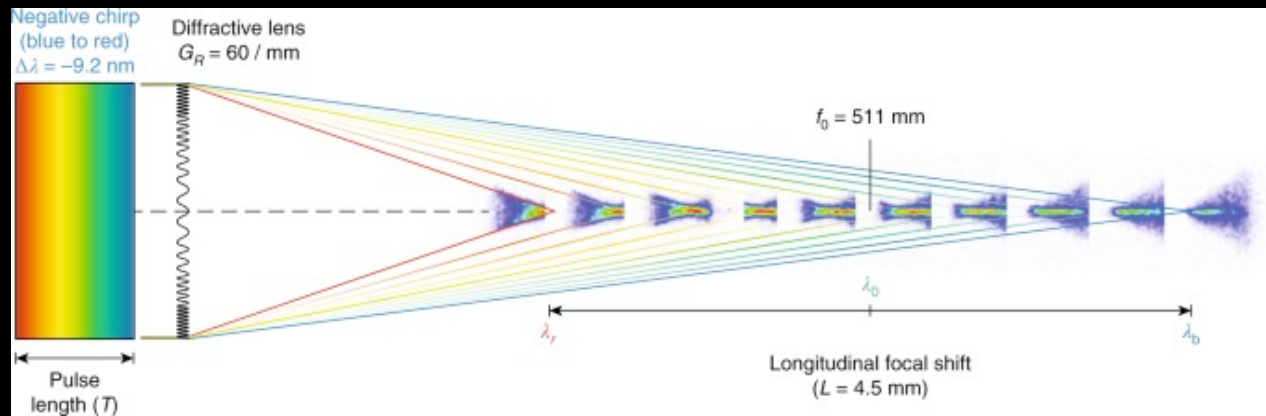
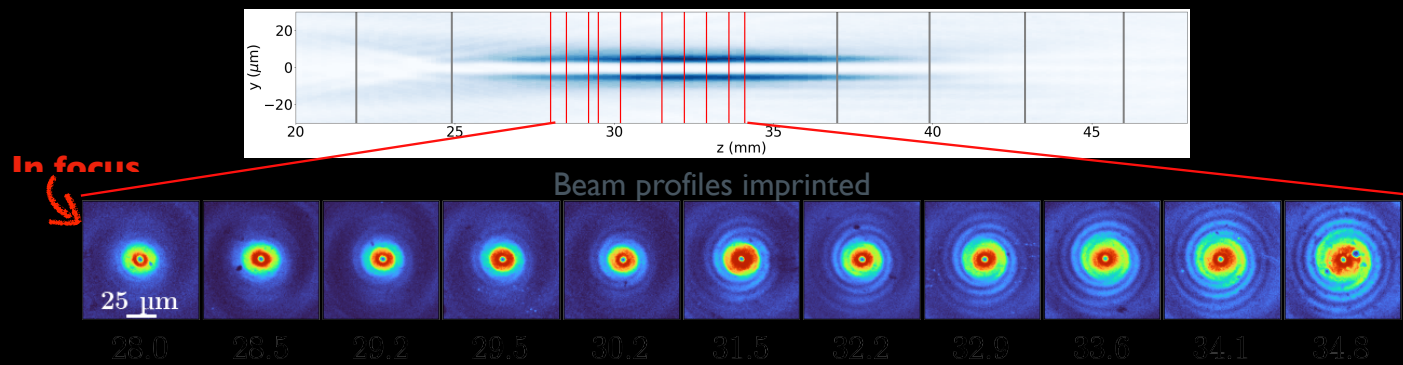
5D bayesian optimisation of HHG yield:

- Defocus
- Vertical astigmatism
- Oblique astigmatism
- Vertical coma
- Horizontal coma

Compared to astigmatism-only optimisation, factor of 2 improvement in HHG average yield



# Spatio-temporal pulse shaping



Dustin H. Froula, University of Rochester  
Froula, D.H., Turnbull, D., Davies, A.S. et al. Spatiotemporal control of laser intensity. *Nature Photon* **12**, 262–265 (2018)

## **Peak brightness control**

Clean beam era

## **Breaking free from the Gaussian pulse**

When Aberration Becomes Design

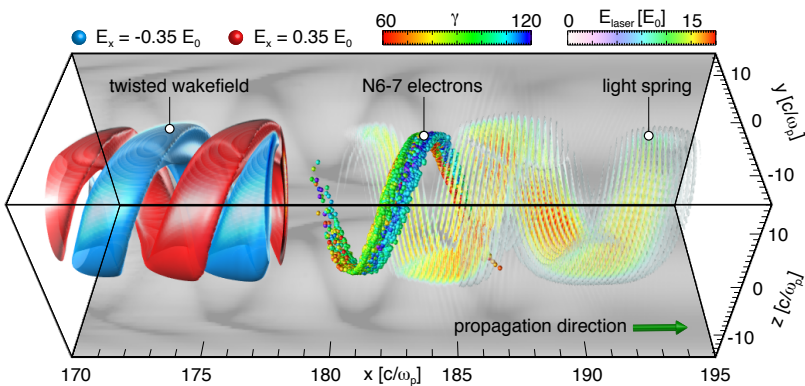
## **Other types of structured pulses**

From Gaussian to Airy, Vortex, and Vector Beams

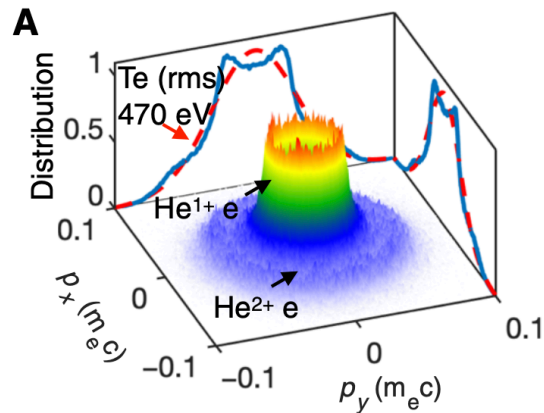
## **Recent results and high power manipulation**

Toward High-Energy and High-Average Power Applications

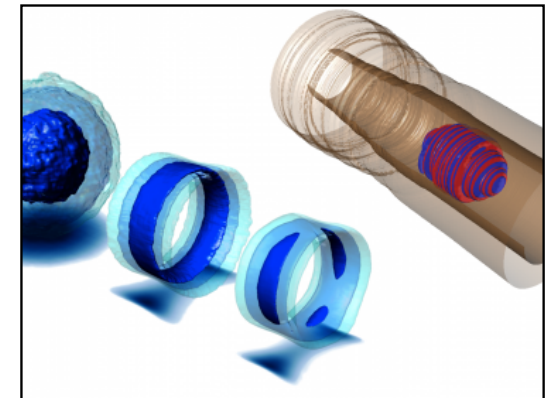
J.Vieira et al PRL **121**, 054801 (2018)



Light spring drives twisted wakefield excitation  
trapped electrons with angular momentum



Ultrafast optical field-ionized gases - A laboratory platform for studying kinetic plasma instabilities  
Chaojie Zhang et al, Science Advances 2019

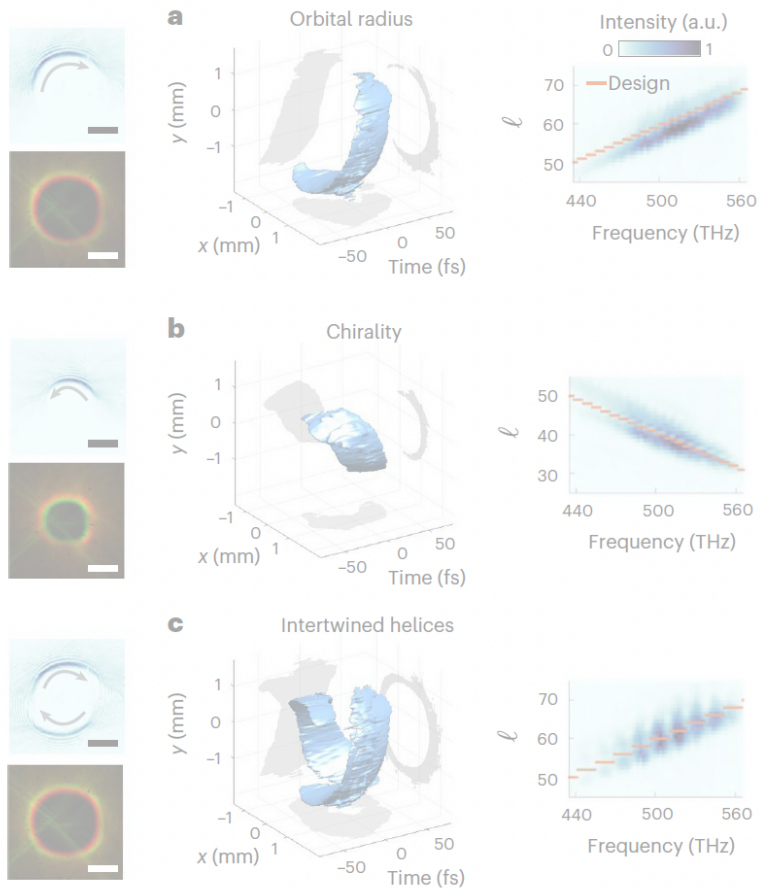


T. Silva et al, Phys Rev E 2021,  
Weibel instability beyond bi-Maxwellian anisotropy

J.P. Bilbao et al, Phys Plasmas  
2024

shape of the anisotropic velocity distribution function,  
non maxwellian, dictating the dynamics of self-generated  
magnetic fields

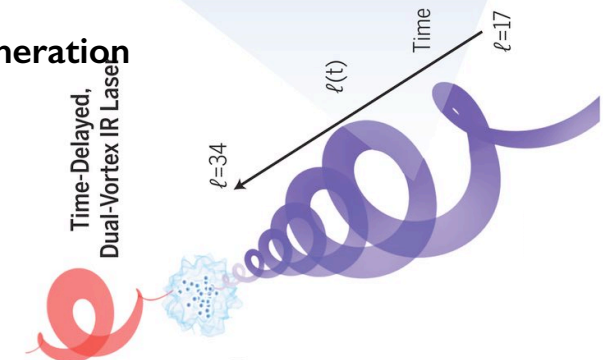
## Topological charge - wavelength correlation



Piccardo, M., et al. Nat. Photon. 17, 822–828 (2023)

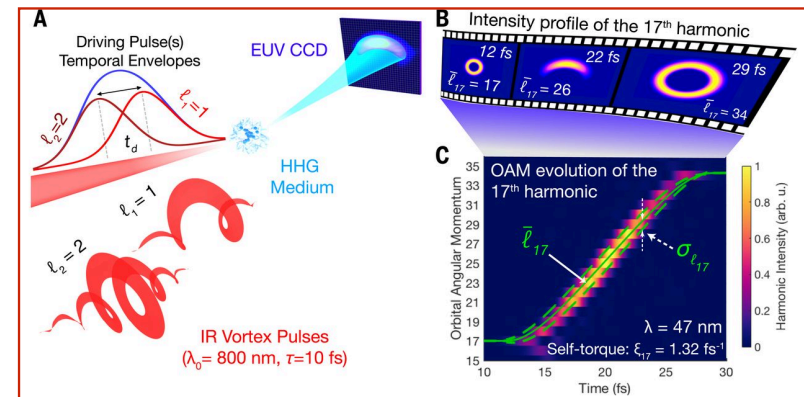
## At high power laser facilities

- High Harmonic Generation

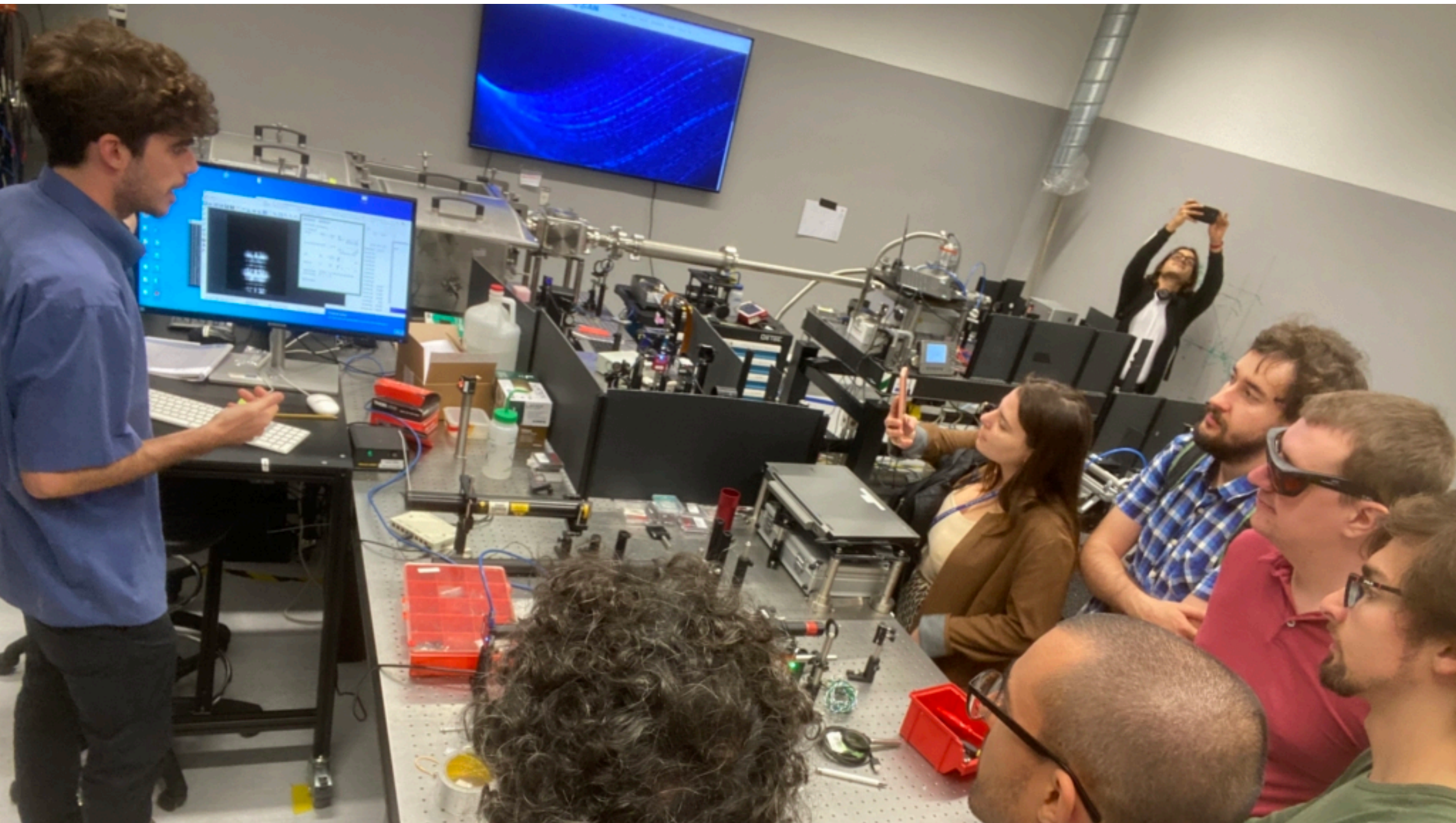


Laura Rego et al. Science (2019).

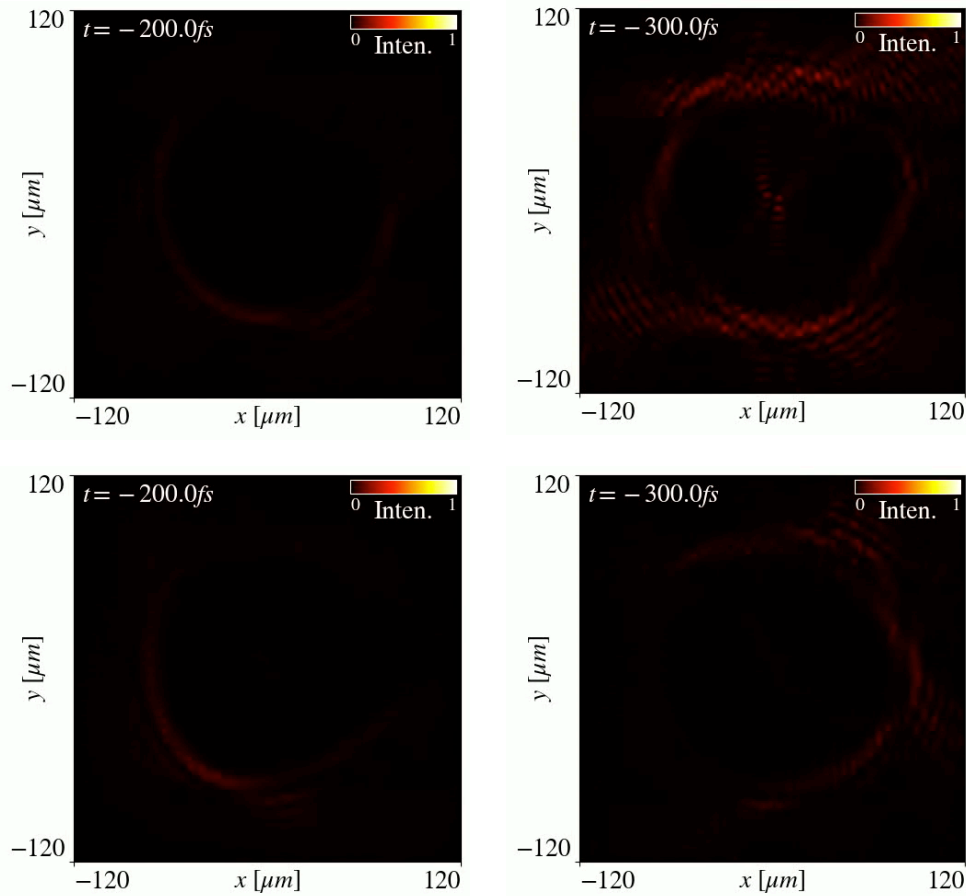
Introduces a new property of light beams with time-varying OAM along the light pulse: **the self-torque of light**



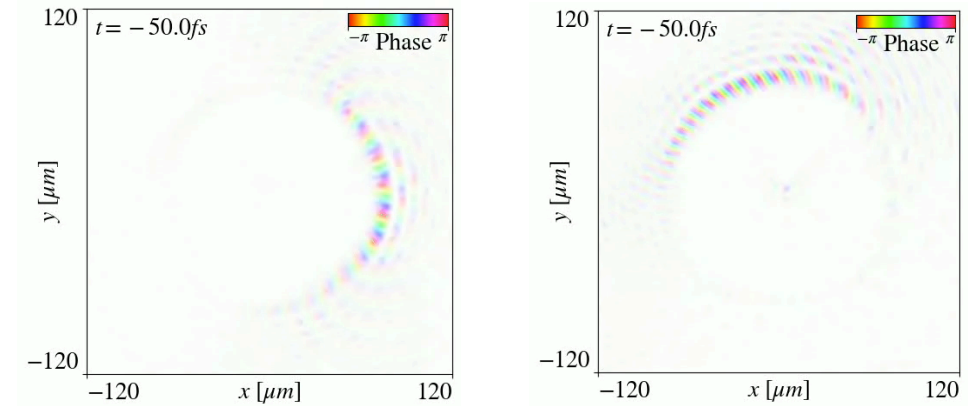




## LightSprings movies



## Orbital Group Velocity



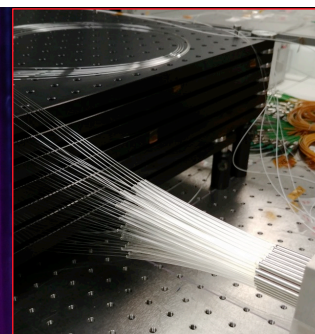
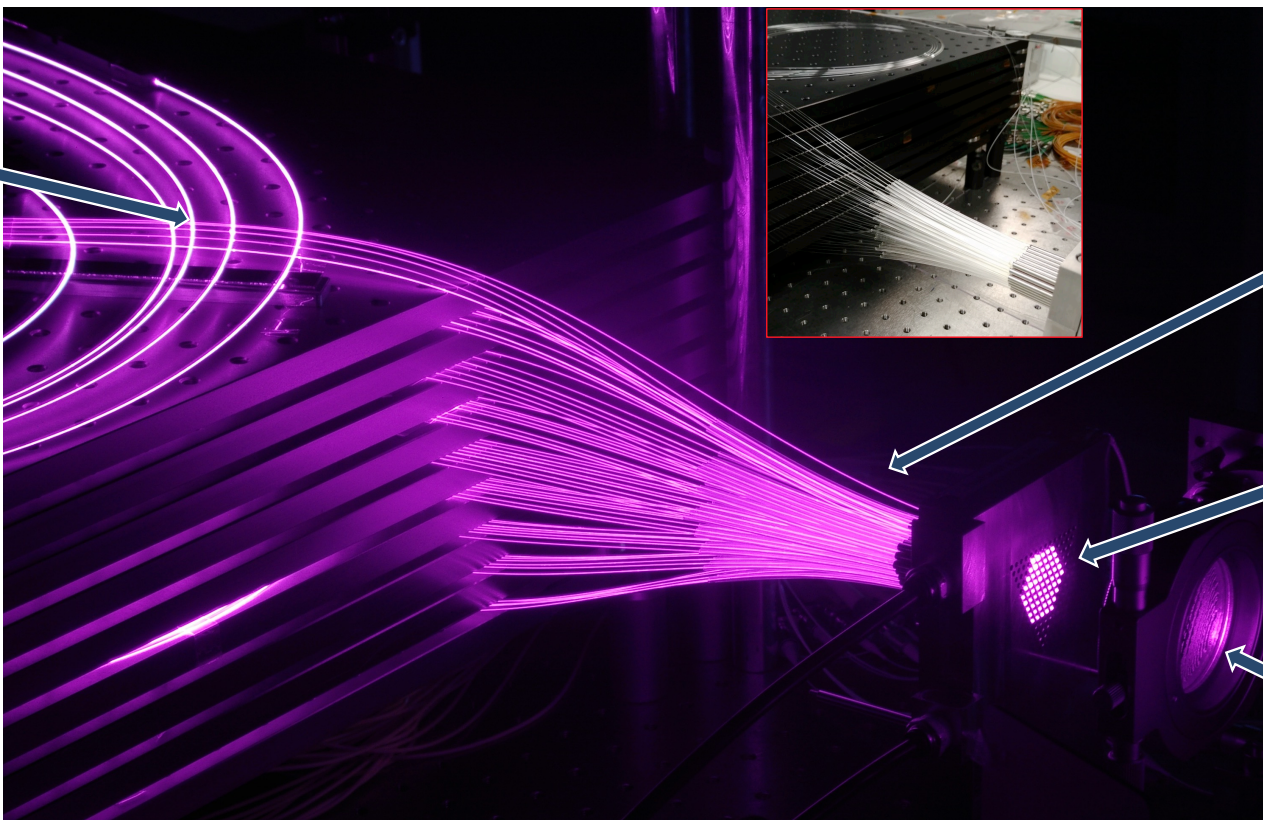


NanoXCAN

XCAN Experimental setup



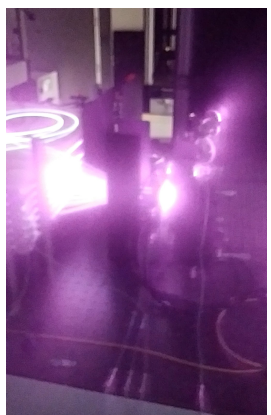
NKT 40/200  
Yb doped  
fiber amplifier



61 channels  
bundle

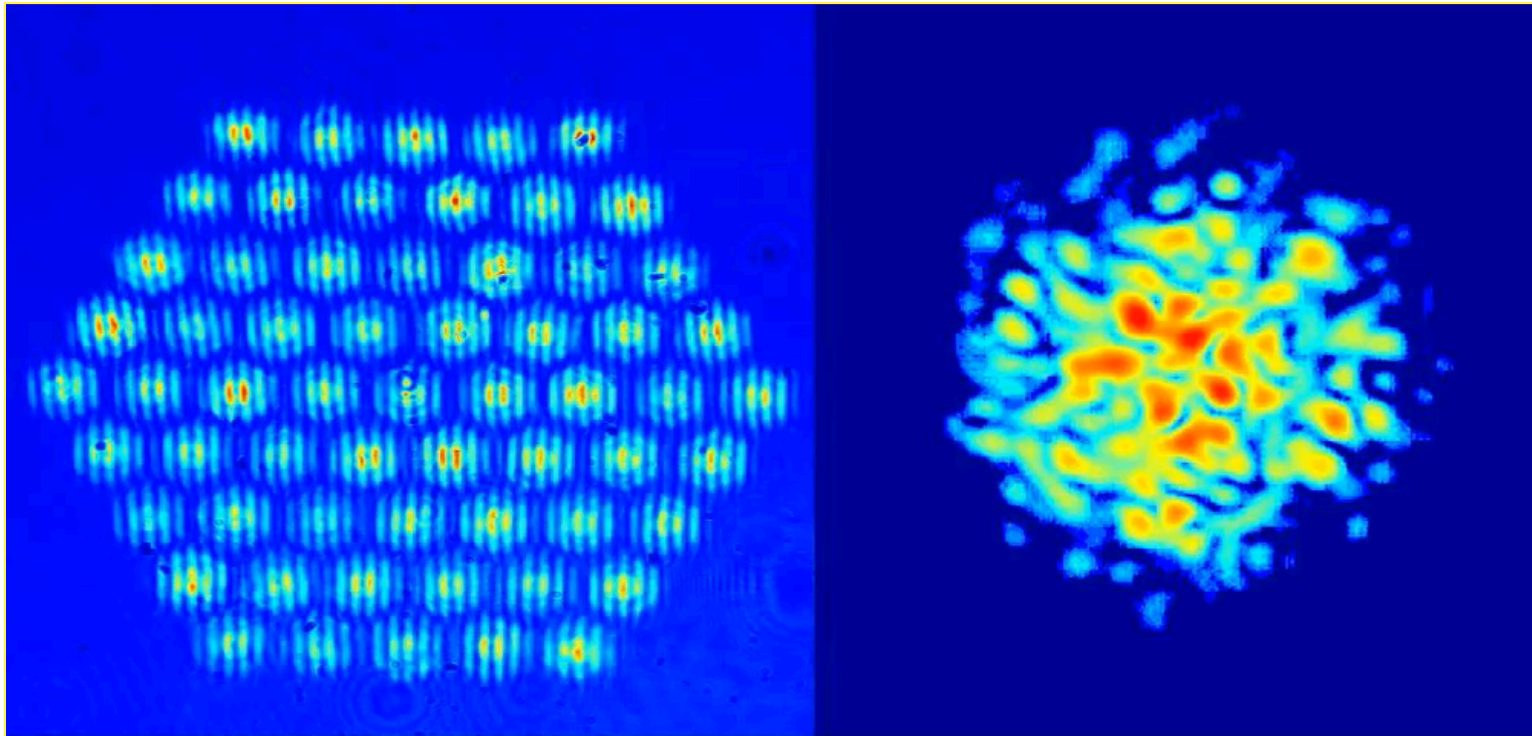
Laser head

Microlenses  
array



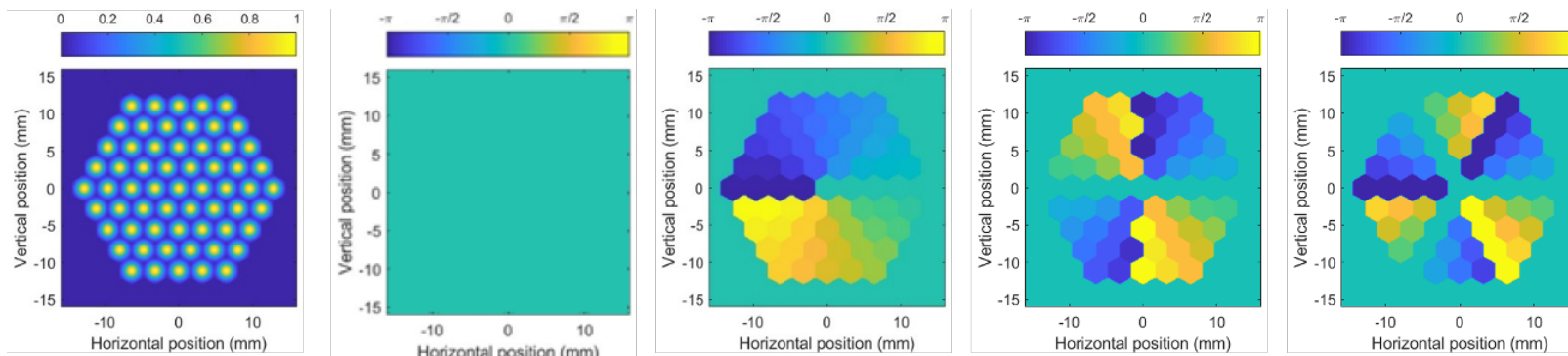
JEAN-CHRISTOPHE CHANTELOUP

# Full 6l channels phasing sequence

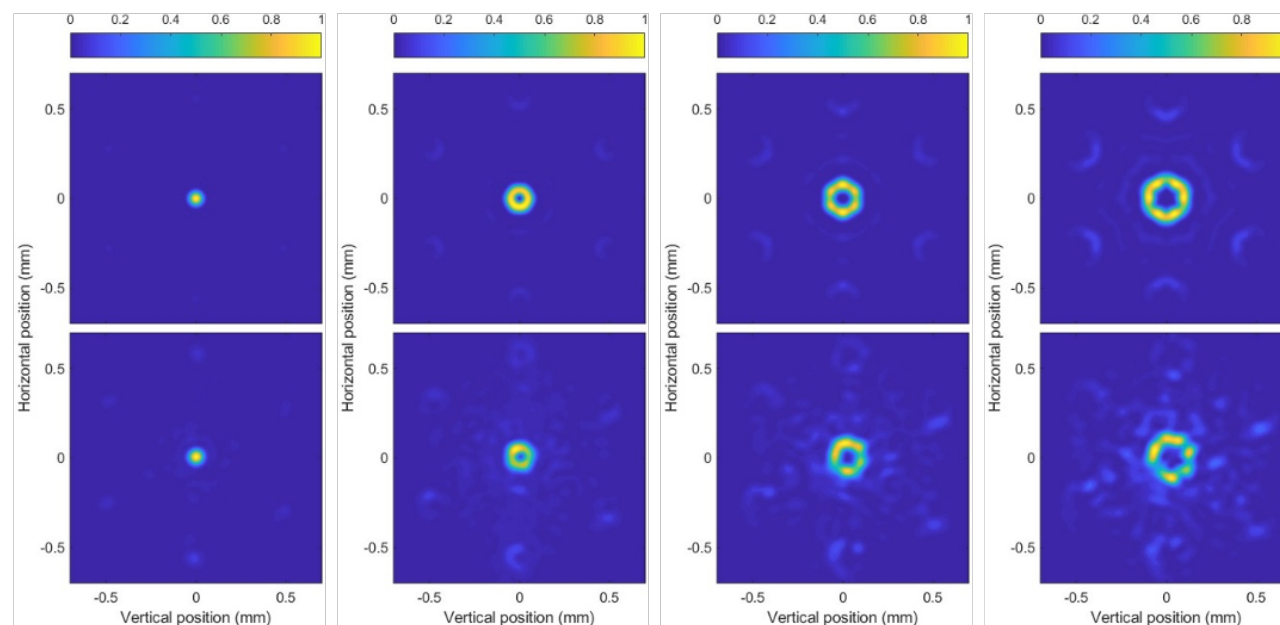


# Digital pulse shaping

High average power, high peak power

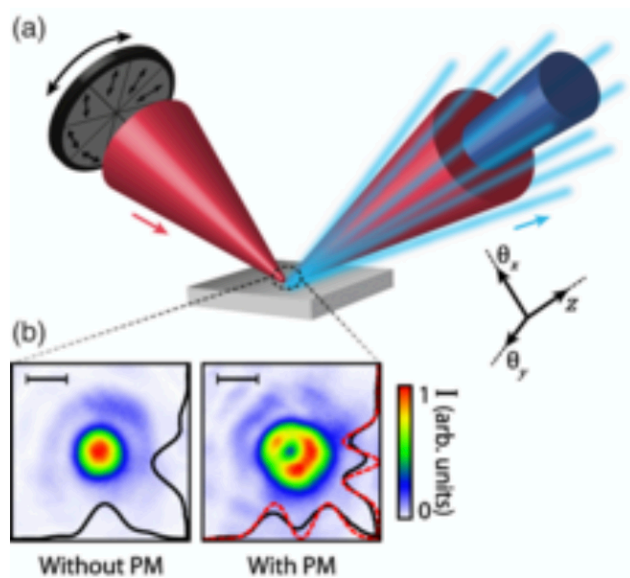


61 control pixels



C. Lechevalier, C. -A. Ranély-Vergé-Dépré, I. Fsaifes, R. Becheker, G. Boer and J. -C. Chanteloup,  
"Controlled Generation of Orbital Angular Momentum Beams With Coherent Beam Combining Digital Laser and Liquid-Crystal q-Plate,"  
*IEEE Photonics Journal*, vol. 16, no. 4, pp. 1-5, Aug. 2024,

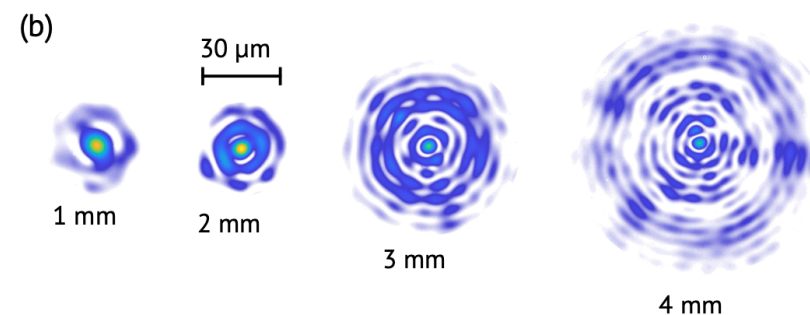
## J. Faure & R. Lopez-Martens, LOA



Interaction of Ultraintense Radially-Polarized Laser Pulses with Plasma Mirrors

N. Zaim et al, Phys. Rev. X 10 (2020)

## V. Malka, Weizmann Institute of Science



First Direct Observation of a Wakefield Generated with Structured Light

Aaron Liberman, Arxiv 2025