



PNN ANALYSIS STATUS AND PROSPECTS

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STATUS OF 2021-2022 PAPER

- Draft v6 is on CDS: <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2915193/>
- Some comments already received and addressed
- Thanks in advance for submitting any more comments! Deadline: 20/11/2024

2021-2022 RESULT CHANGES SINCE PRELIMINARY RESULT

- Contamination from $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0_D$ in normalization sample ($K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0, \pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$): 0.2% from MC studies
 - MC $K_{2\pi}$ (used for acceptance) is only $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$; π^0_D is suppressed in normalization selection by multiplicity criteria
 - Subtract contamination with 100% relative syst uncertainty to $N_{\pi\pi}$
 - Effect on $N(\pi\nu\nu)$: -0.2%, $\sigma(N(\pi\nu\nu))$: negligible
- Random veto correction: $\epsilon_{RV} = \epsilon_{RV,data} / \epsilon_{RV,MC}$ (to account for events rejected by the μ^+ activity)
 - Previously: $\epsilon_{RV} = \epsilon_{RV,data} + (1 - \epsilon_{RV,MC})$
 - Correction now correctly takes into account coincidence of μ^+ activity and accidental activity
 - Effect on $N(\pi\nu\nu)$: -0.6%, $\sigma(N(\pi\nu\nu))$: negligible

- Overall change on BR:

$$BR_{2021-22} \quad (16.0^{+5.0}_{-4.5}) \times 10^{-11} = \left(16.0 \begin{matrix} (+4.8) \\ (-4.2) \end{matrix} \text{stat} \begin{matrix} [+1.4] \\ [-1.3] \end{matrix} \text{syst} \right) \times 10^{-11} \longrightarrow (16.2^{+5.1}_{-4.5}) \times 10^{-11} = \left(16.2 \begin{matrix} +4.9 \\ -4.3 \end{matrix} \Big|_{\text{stat}} \begin{matrix} +1.4 \\ -1.4 \end{matrix} \Big|_{\text{syst}} \right) \times 10^{-11}$$

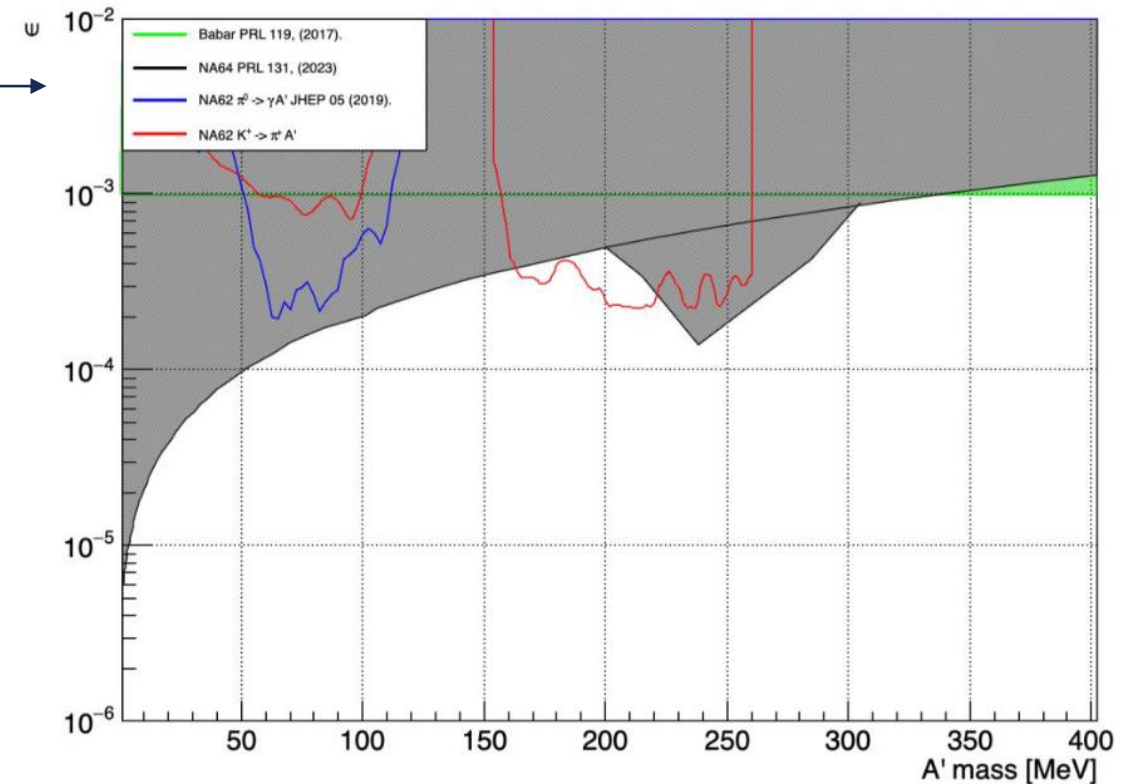
$$BR_{2016-22} \quad (13.0^{+3.3}_{-2.9}) \times 10^{-11} = \left(13.0 \begin{matrix} (+3.0) \\ (-2.7) \end{matrix} \text{stat} \begin{matrix} [+1.3] \\ [-1.2] \end{matrix} \text{syst} \right) \times 10^{-11} \longrightarrow (13.0^{+3.3}_{-3.0}) \times 10^{-11} = \left(13.0 \begin{matrix} +3.0 \\ -2.7 \end{matrix} \Big|_{\text{stat}} \begin{matrix} +1.3 \\ -1.3 \end{matrix} \Big|_{\text{syst}} \right) \times 10^{-11}$$

$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ X$ REINTERPRETATION

Dedicated paper on limits on $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ X$ based on 2016-2018 data, including all interpretations:

- BC2: dark vector decaying to DM fermions (new) →
- BC10: ALP coupling to fermions (update from 2017 data)
- BC11: ALP coupling to gluons (existing in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \gamma \gamma$ paper)
- BC4: dark scalar (existing in PNN paper)

90% C.L. exclusion in the $m_{A'}, \epsilon$ plane

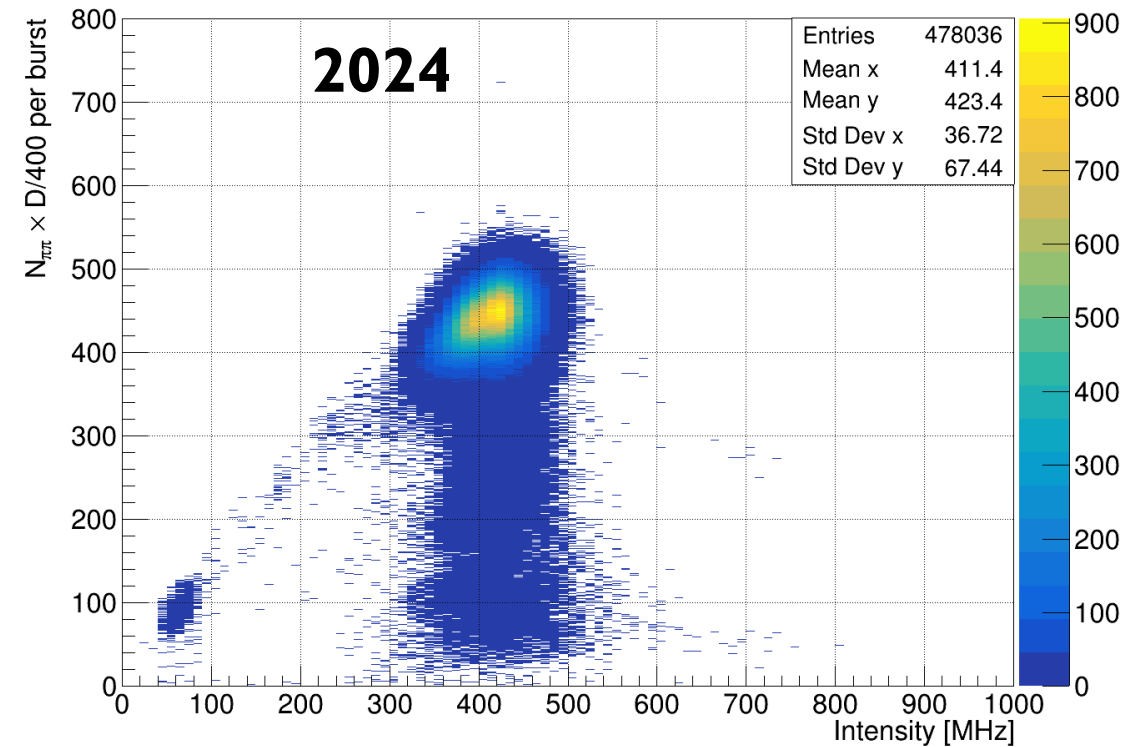
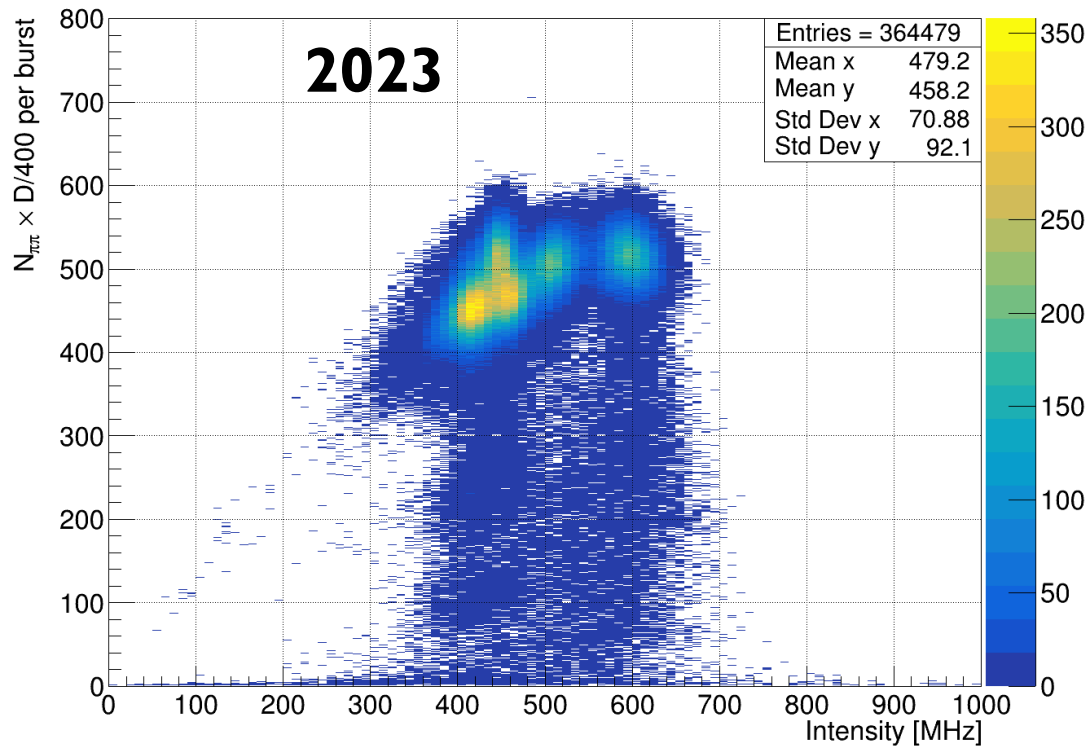


2023-2024 DATA

COPY-PASTING 2021-2022 ANALYSIS...

- 2023: v3.9.10, fully processed and reduced
- 2024: prompt processing → inherently $\pm 10\sim 20\%$ (v3.9.11 processing ongoing!)

NORMALIZATION SAMPLE



2022

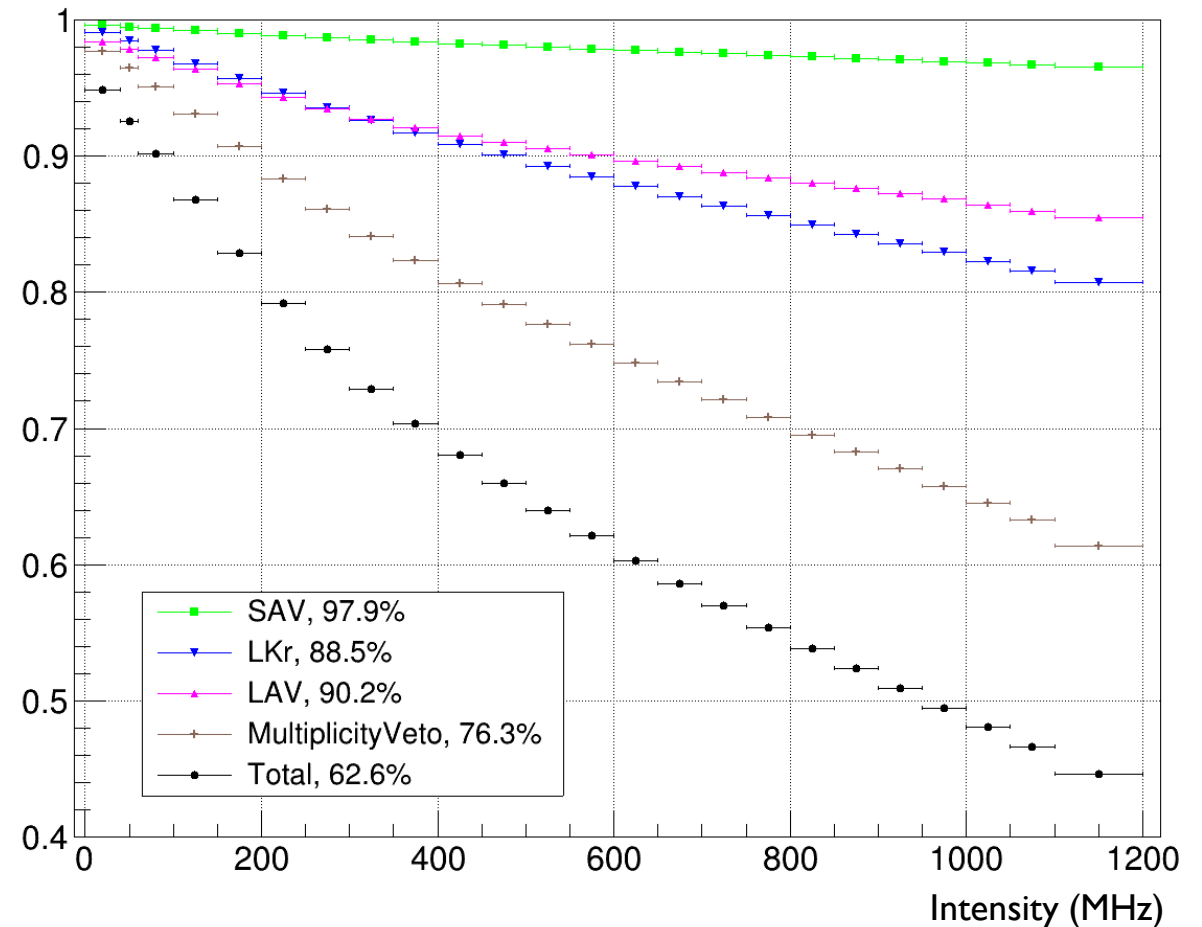
Entries	327100
Mean x	571.7
Mean y	488.8
Std Dev x	41.78
Std Dev y	95.48

- N(good bursts) increases with year!
- More efficient data taking in 2023 and 2024 than in 2022
- On average, wrt 2022,
 - 2023 has -15% intensity, -6% $N_{\pi\pi}$
 - 2024 has -30% intensity, -13% $N_{\pi\pi}$

RANDOM VETO

2022

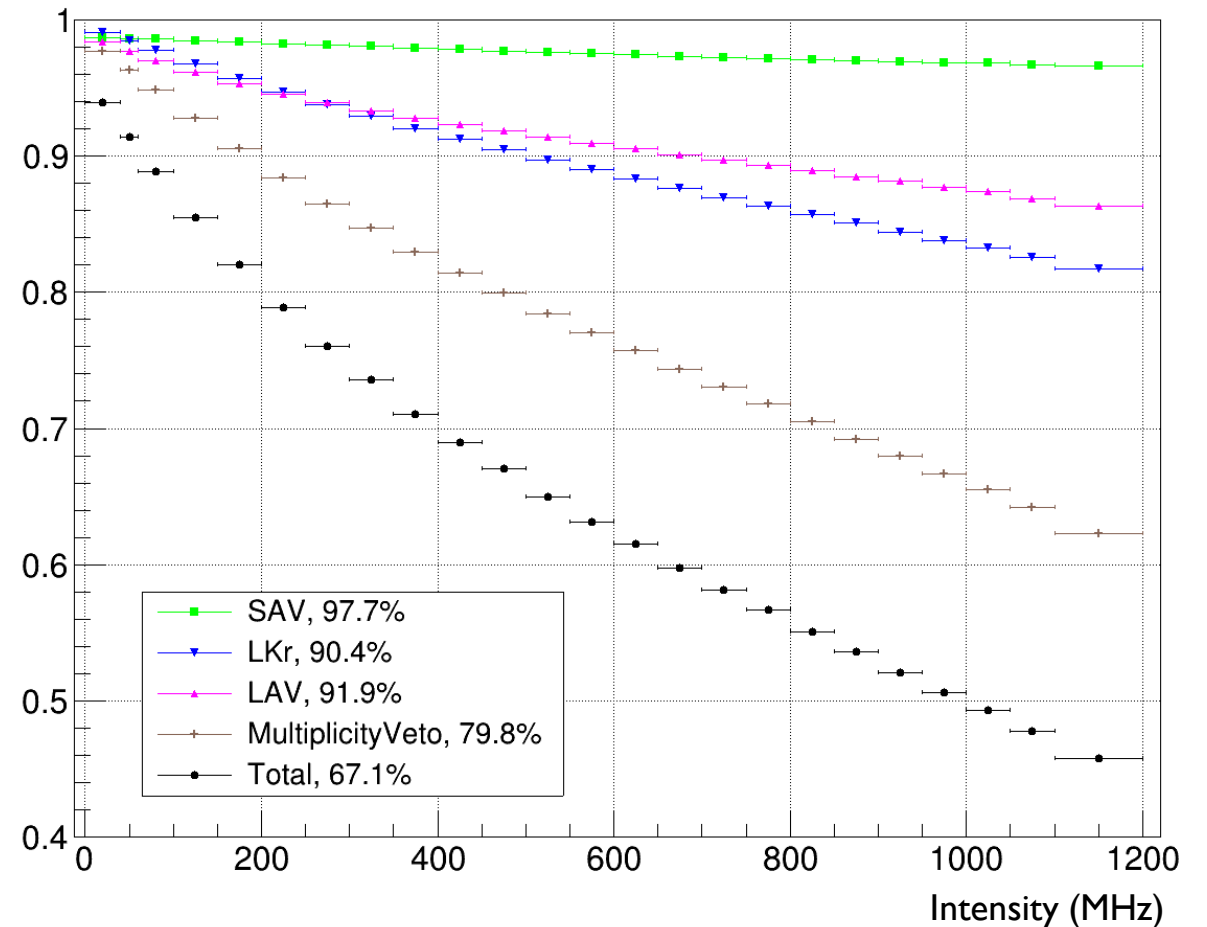
- RV efficiency (uncorrected)
 - 2022: 63%
 - 2023: 67%
 - 2024: 73%
- Extra improvement of RV vs intensity
 - GTK intensity estimator bias?
 - Better beam?
 - Better overall detector performance?



RANDOM VETO

2023

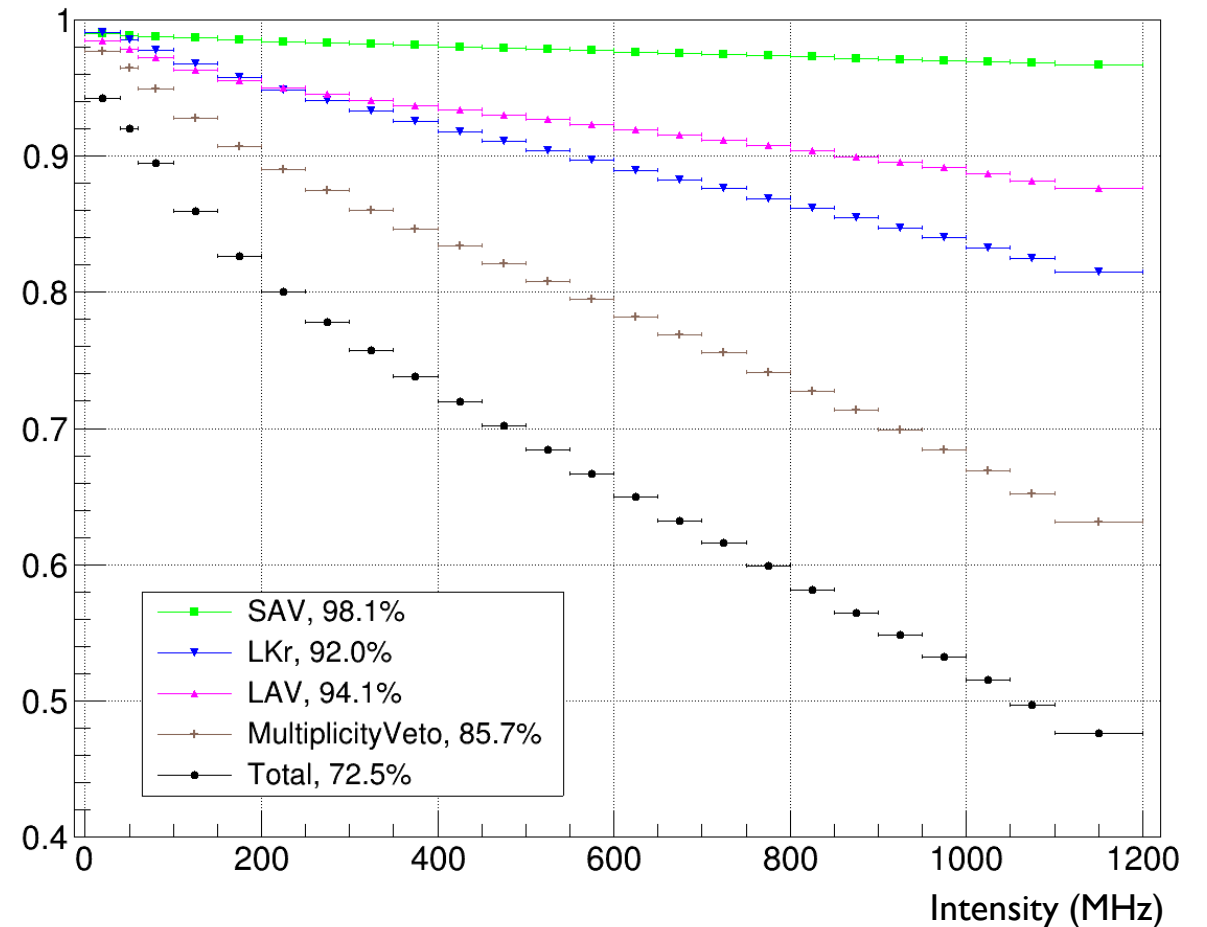
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RANDOM VETO

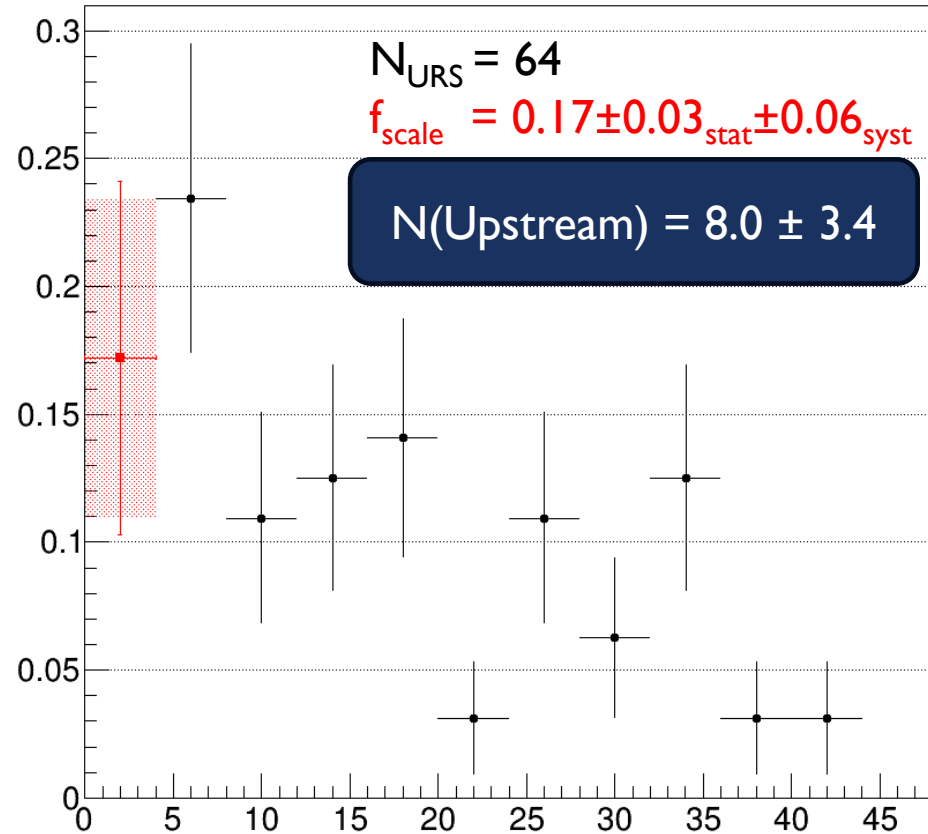
2024

- RV efficiency (uncorrected)
 - 2022: 63%
 - 2023: 67%
 - 2024: 73%
- Extra improvement of RV vs intensity
 - GTK intensity estimator bias?
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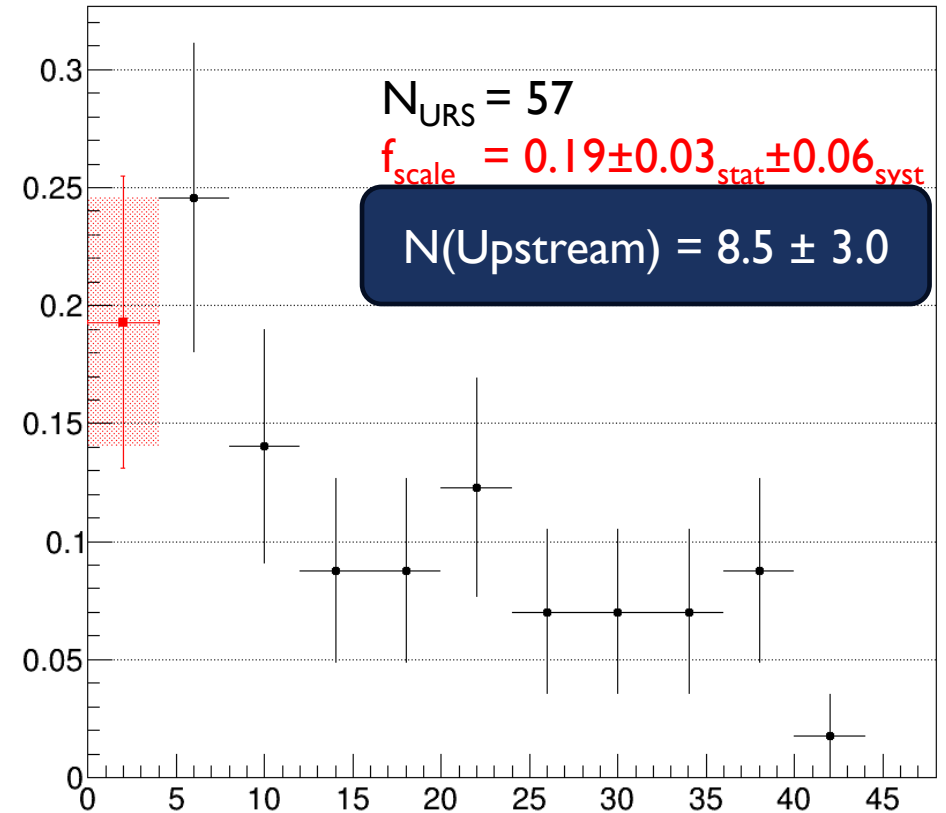


UPSTREAM BACKGROUND

2023



2024



2022

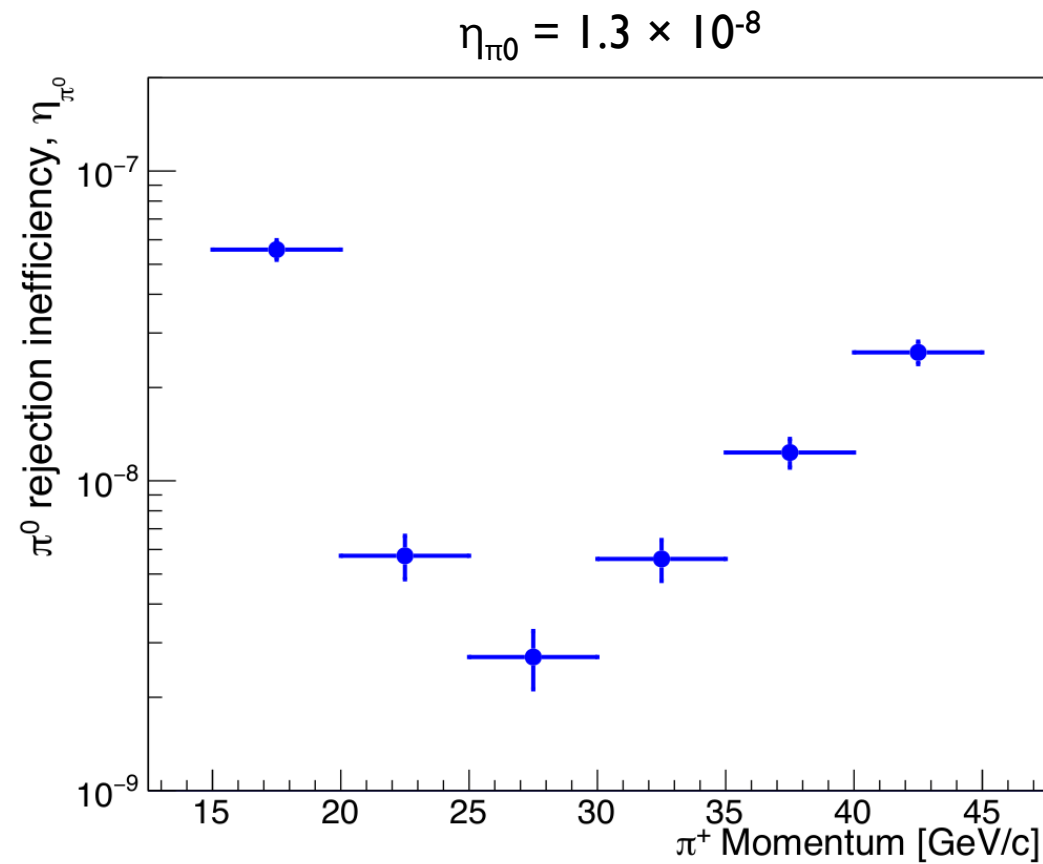
$N_{\text{URS}} = 51$
 $f_{\text{scale}} = 0.20 \pm 0.03$
 $N(\text{Upstream}) = 7.4 \pm 2.0$

BACKGROUND FROM K^+ DECAYS

	2022	2023	2024
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0(\gamma)$, tot	0.83 ± 0.04	0.57 ± 0.05	0.62 ± 0.06
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+\nu(\gamma)$, tot	1.7 ± 0.5	1.3 ± 0.4	1.7 ± 0.4
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	0.11 ± 0.03	0.10 ± 0.03	0.13 ± 0.04
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+\nu$	0.9 ± 0.3	0.8 ± 0.3	1.0 ± 0.3
Other	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Total	3.5 ± 0.6	2.8 ± 0.5	3.4 ± 0.5

- Absolute yields are ~stable between years
- Since "discovery" of $K_{\mu 2\gamma}$, the $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+\nu(\gamma)$ line is the largest in the table
- $K_{\mu 2}$, $K_{\mu 2\gamma}$, $K_{2\pi}$, K_{e4} all contribute ~comparably
- Overall, K^+ decays are kept under control

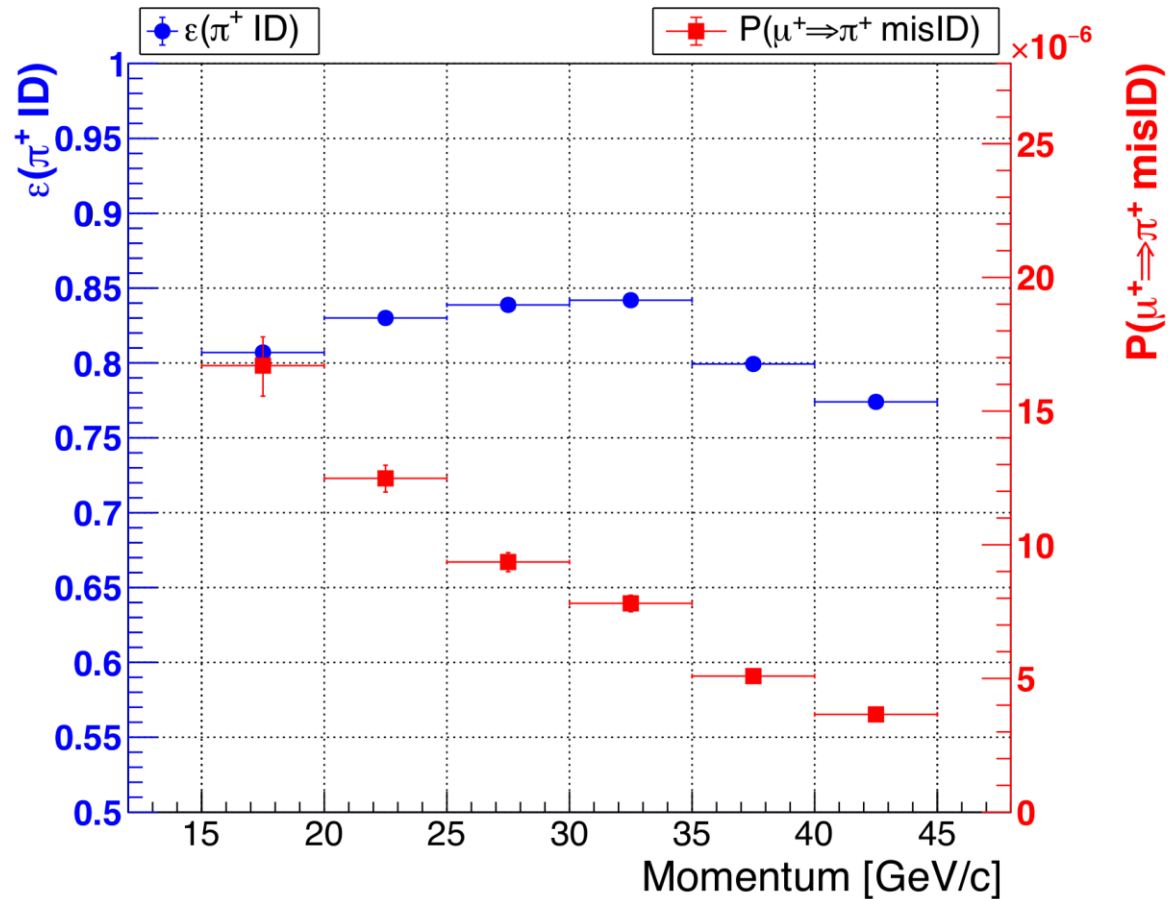
π^0 REJECTION



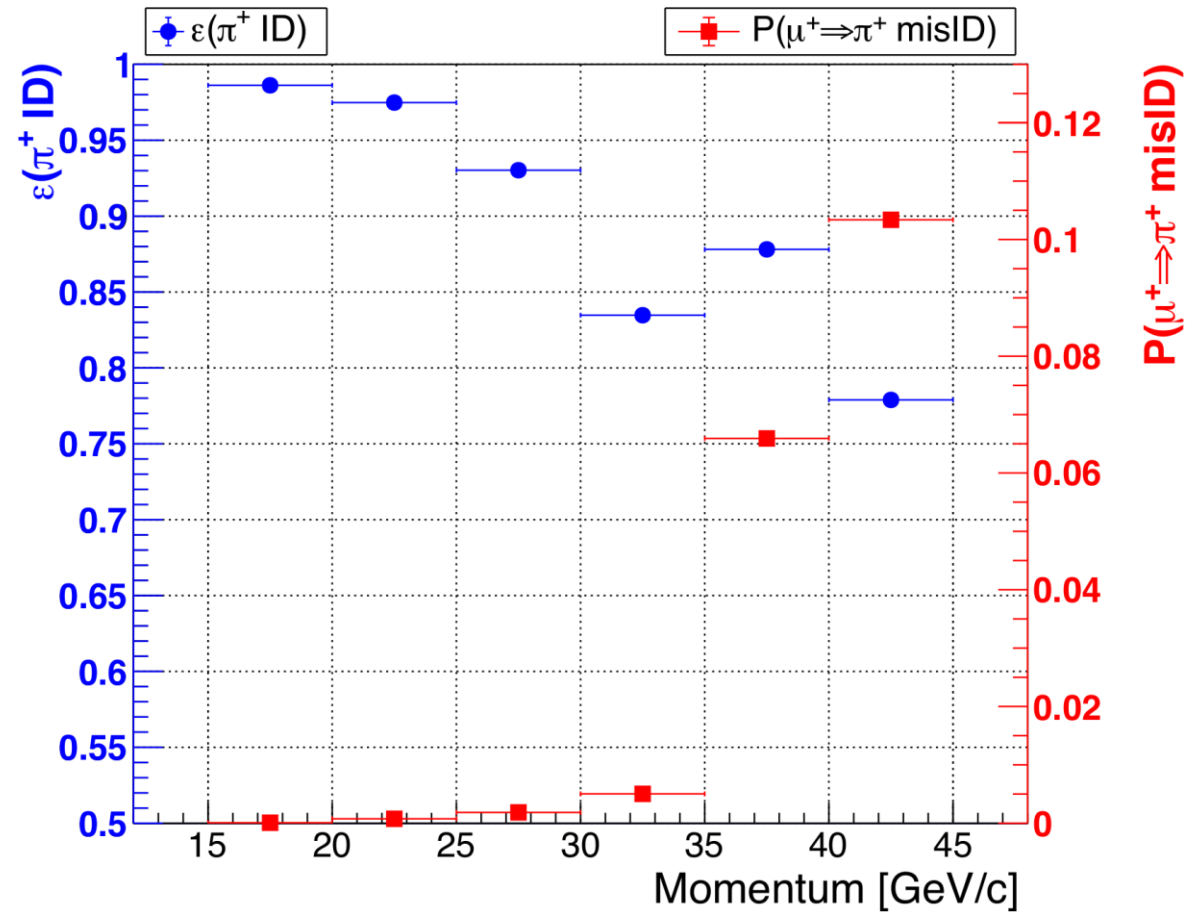
Not much dependence on intensity or year...

MUON REJECTION

Calorimetric (+ MUV3)



RICH





SUMMARY



RUN2 DATASET SUMMARY

	2021	2022	2023	2024
$N_{\pi\pi} \times D / 400 \times 10^{-8}$	0.4	1.6	1.7	2.0
Trigger efficiency	84%	87%	86%	86%
Random Veto efficiency	63%	64%	68%	74%
$N(\pi\nu\nu)$ SM expected	~2	~8	~9	~11
$\sqrt{(S+B)} / S$	0.94	0.37	0.35	0.32

- On target for 10 SM $\pi\nu\nu$ per year
- 2024 looks like the best dataset so far
 - Largest yield per year
 - Better $\varepsilon(\text{RV})$
 - Best sensitivity
- 2023 – 2024 has similar yield as 2016 – 2022:
next result is going to double the statistics again!
- Still improvements to be made!

IDEAS WE ARE EXPLORING, WORK IN PROGRESS...

Against the upstream background

- Improve BDT for upstream veto (XGBoost)
- Revise cuts on low-level STRAW reconstruction quality parameters: Δ slope(before vs after fit), track quality
- Timing improvements: KTAG (likelihood-based timing), maybe apply same to RICH?

Better PID

- Finer RICH cut momentum dependence (maybe use machine learning?)
- Improve calorimetric ML-based PID, use CNN

Reconstruction

- Improve GTK reconstruction (ML, but not only)
- Account for LKr HV update in 2023

Analysis improvements

- Include $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0_D$ in MC for acceptance
- Study upstream from simulations (in-time component)
- Improve LKr trigger efficiency measurement
- Shape analysis for better background subtraction
- Shape analysis to understand nature of our signal (see [Joel's](#) presentation)