

Discrete Gauging of 6d SCFTs and Wreathed 3d $\mathcal{N} = 4$ Quivers

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Based on: 2504.03830 w/ A. Mininno and T. Lepper

Motivation: Classifications of SCFTs

recent years: myriad top-down and bottom-up constructions and (attempted) classifications of superconformal field theories in various dimensions

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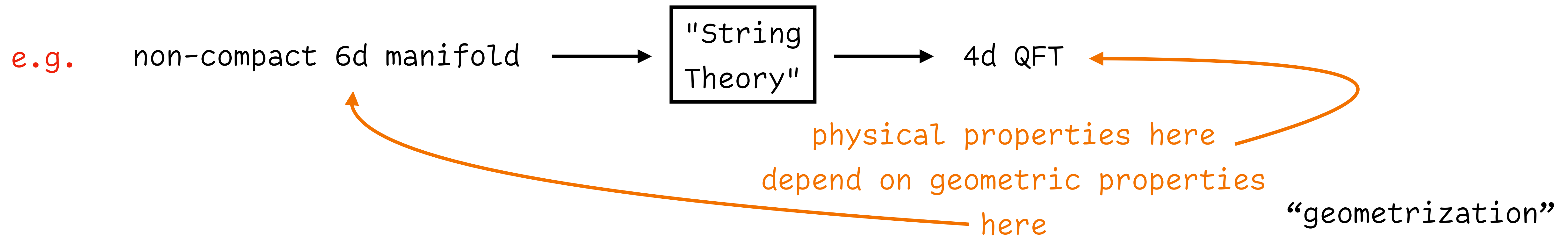
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see talks at this
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e.g.

non-compact elliptically-fibered
Calabi-Yau threefold



"String
Theory"



4d CFT

producing 6d theories is special: highest
dimension for superconformal symmetry



non-compact
elliptically-fibered
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F-theory



6d CFT

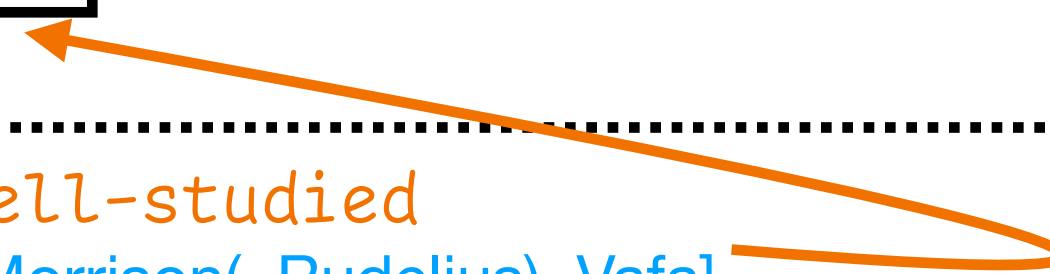


Torus



4d CFT

well-studied
[Heckman, Morrison, Rudelius, Vafa]



A Source of 'Pathology'

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conjecture: $(2a - c)$ is a sum over Coulomb branch operators [\[Shapere, Tachikawa\]](#)

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————— violated when discrete-gauging!

[\[Argyres, Lu, Martone\]](#), [\[Argyres, Martone\]](#), [\[Bourget, Pini, Rodriguez-Gomez\]](#), [\[Bourton, Pini, Pomoni\]](#)

A Magnetic Quiver for the Higgs Branch

interested operators in the 1/2-BPS Higgs branch chiral ring of \mathcal{T}

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cf, Hanany's
"characterization of
symplectic singularities"

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technique: find a 3d $\mathcal{N}=4$ Lagrangian gauge theory \mathcal{T}_M such that

$$\text{HB} [\mathcal{T}] \cong \text{CB} [\mathcal{T}_M]$$

 "magnetic quiver for the Higgs branch of \mathcal{T} "

A Magnetic Quiver for the Higgs Branch

interested operators in the 1/2-BPS Higgs branch chiral ring of \mathcal{T}

1. what are the interacting fixed points on the Higgs branch? how are they related? quiver subtraction/decay and fission [Cabrera, Hanany], [Bourget, Sperling, Zhong]², [CL, Mansi, Sperling, Zhong]
2. what are the half-BPS operators belonging to the Higgs branch chiral ring?
3. is the Higgs branch chiral ring freely generated? monopole formula for Coulomb branch Hilbert series
4. what are the generators (and relations if it is not freely generated)? [Cremonesi, Hanany, Zaffaroni]

technique: find a 3d $\mathcal{N}=4$ Lagrangian gauge theory \mathcal{T}_M such that

$$\text{HB} [\mathcal{T}] \cong \text{CB} [\mathcal{T}_M]$$

use tools to study CB
of Lagrangian quivers!

"magnetic quiver for the Higgs branch of \mathcal{T} "

[Ferlito, Hanany, Mekareeya, Zafrir], [Hanany, Witten], [Hanany, Zaffaroni]

Proposal

let \mathcal{T} be a 6d (1,0) SCFT with discrete symmetry Γ
and magnetic quiver for the Higgs branch \mathcal{T}_M

known for many families of 6d SCFTs

[Cabrera, Hanany, Sperling]², [Fazzi, Giri],
[Hanany, Mekareeya], [Hanany, Zafrir], [CL, Mansi]²,
[CL, Mansi, Sperling, Zhong], [Mekareeya, Ohmori, Tachikawa, Zafrir]

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is the Γ wreathing
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Wreathing?

let G be a (reductive) Lie group, then

$$G \wr S_n = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n G \right) \rtimes S_n$$

wreath product

acts on the G factors by permutation

Wreathing?

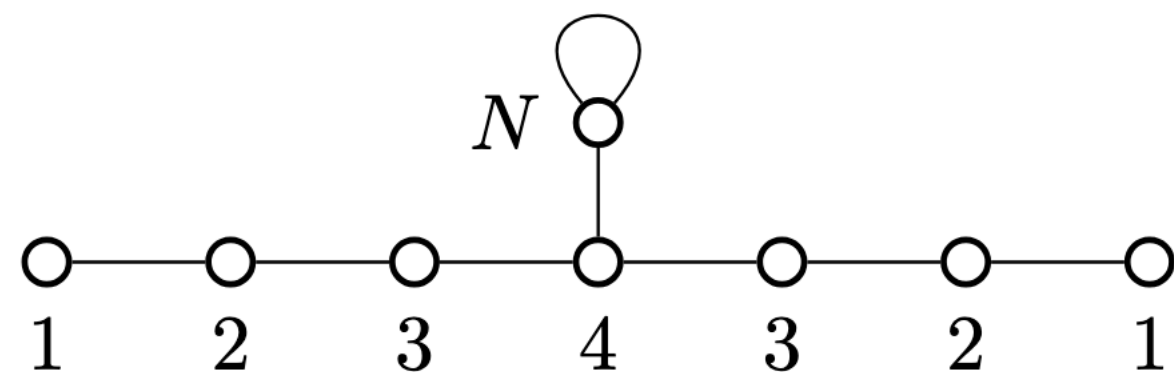
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consider a Lagrangian quiver with gauge group $G \supseteq G_w \times G_w$
and \mathbb{Z}_2 quiver automorphism that exchanges the G_w



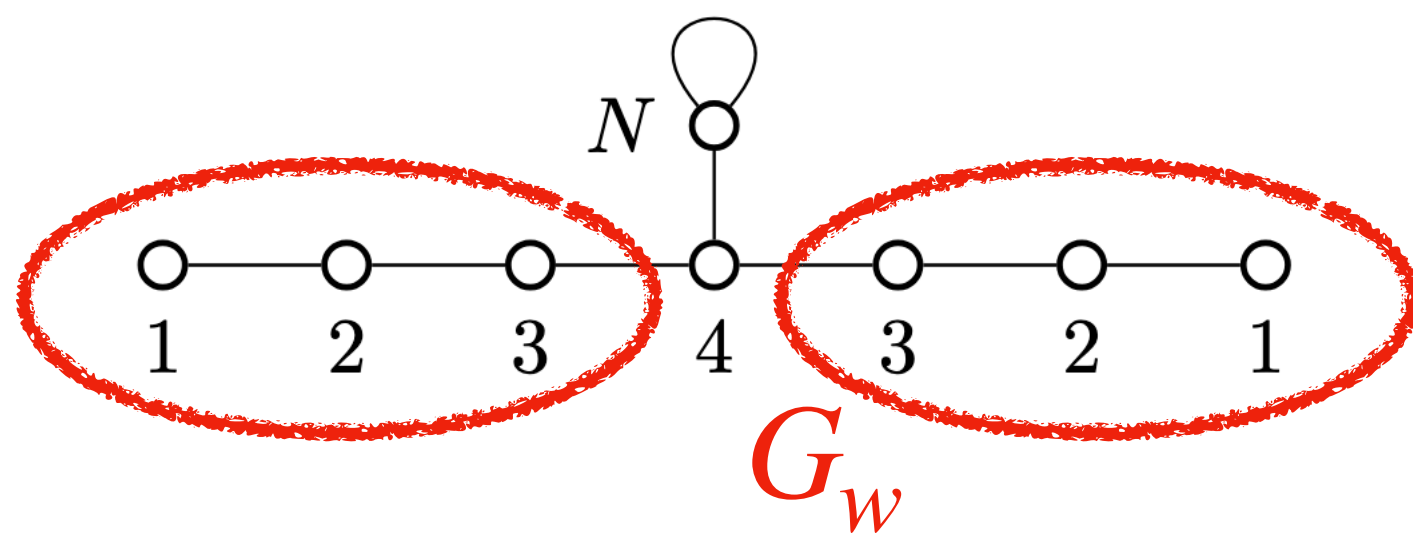
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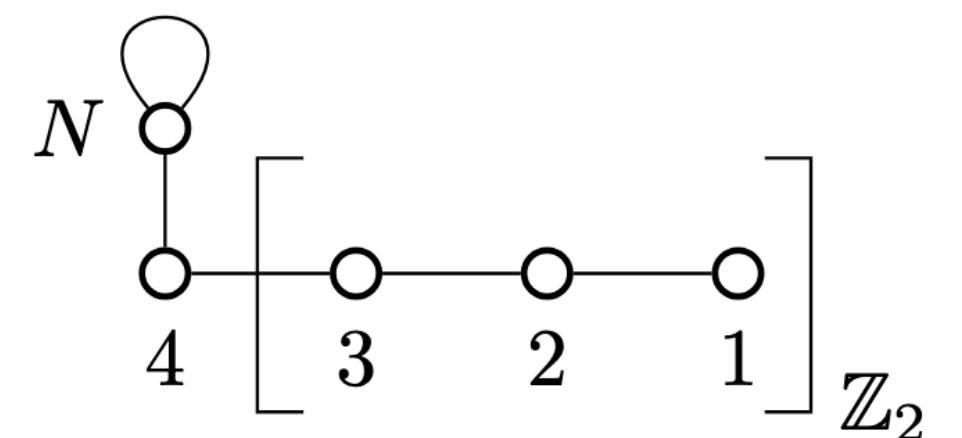
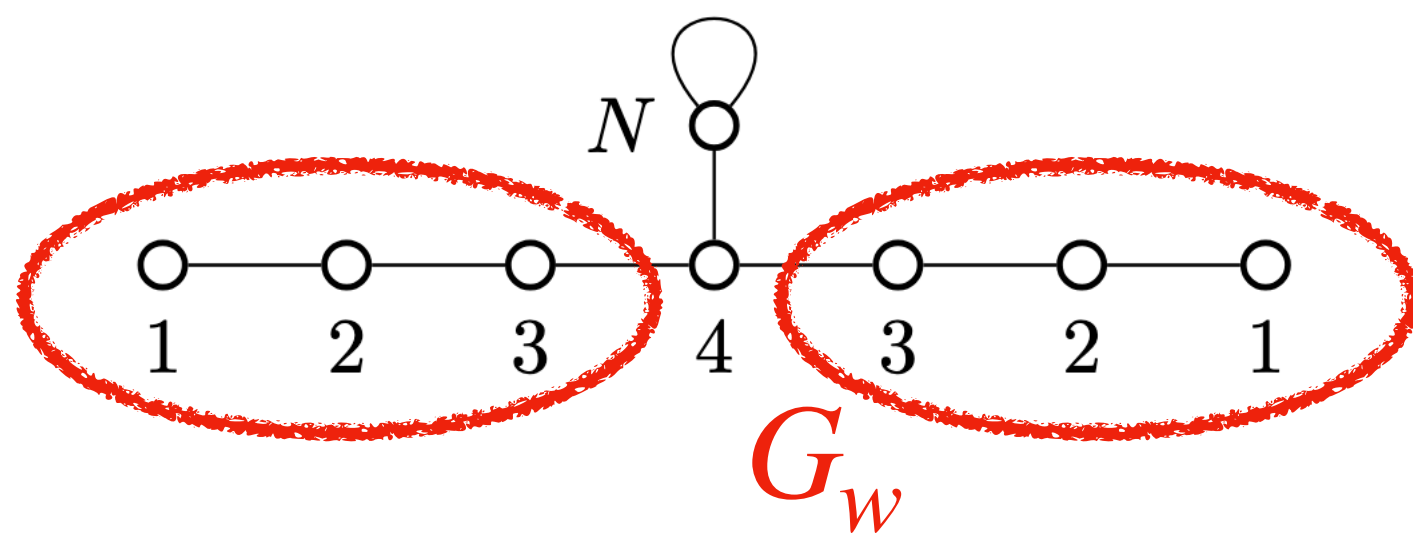
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—————→ quiver admits a \mathbb{Z}_2 wreathing, which replaces

$$G_w \times G_w \rightarrow G_w \wr \mathbb{Z}_2$$



How to Build a 6d SCFT

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In Type IIB/F-theory, a 6d SCFT is associated to

a non-compact elliptically-fibered Calabi-Yau threefold $\pi: Y \rightarrow B$

with

no non-minimal singularities in the fiber

and such that

all compact curves C_i in B can be simultaneously contracted

[Heckman, Morrison, Vafa]

[Heckman, Morrison, Rudelius, Vafa]

$\text{vol}(C_i) > 0 \rightarrow$ tensor branch; $\text{vol}(C_i) = 0 \rightarrow$ origin of tensor branch = where the SCFT lives

How to Build a 6d SCFT

These conditions are very restrictive:

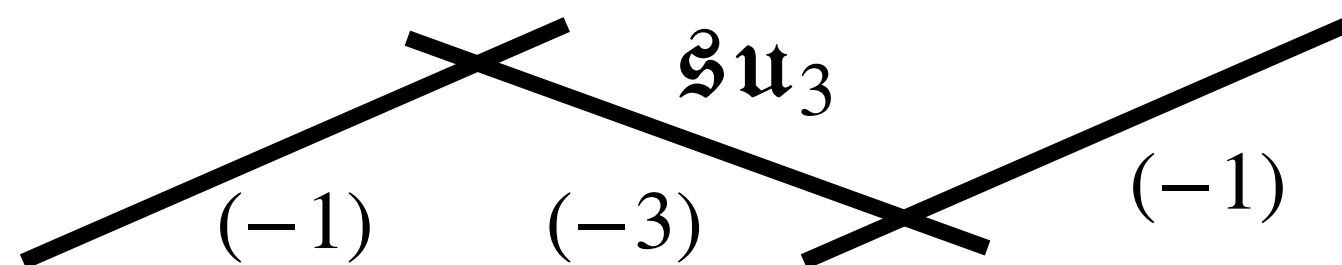
All compact curves are smooth rational: $C_i \cong \mathbb{P}^1$

Negative-definite intersection matrix: $C_i \cdot C_j < 0$

Singular fiber over $C_i \rightarrow$ simple Lie algebra \mathfrak{g}_i

gauge algebra
with coupling
 $\propto \frac{1}{\text{vol}(C_i)}$

Example: three curves with $\mathfrak{g}_1 = \mathfrak{g}_3 = \emptyset$, $\mathfrak{g}_2 = \mathfrak{su}_3$



$$C_i \cdot C_j = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}_{ij}$$

	\mathfrak{su}_3	
1	3	1

How to Build a 6d SCFT

Tuned non-Higgsable clusters

All configurations satisfying these conditions can be built from “building blocks”

“non-Higgsable clusters”

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccc} \mathfrak{su}_3 & \mathfrak{so}_8 & \mathfrak{f}_4 & \mathfrak{e}_6 & \mathfrak{e}_7 & \mathfrak{e}_7 & \mathfrak{e}_8 & \mathfrak{su}_2 & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}_2 & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}_2 & \mathfrak{so}_7 & \mathfrak{su}_2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 12 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ \hline \underbrace{2 \cdots 2}_{N-1} & , & \underbrace{2 \cdots 2}_{N-3} & \overset{2}{2}2, & \overset{2}{2}2222, & \overset{2}{2}22222, & \overset{2}{2}222222 \end{array}$$

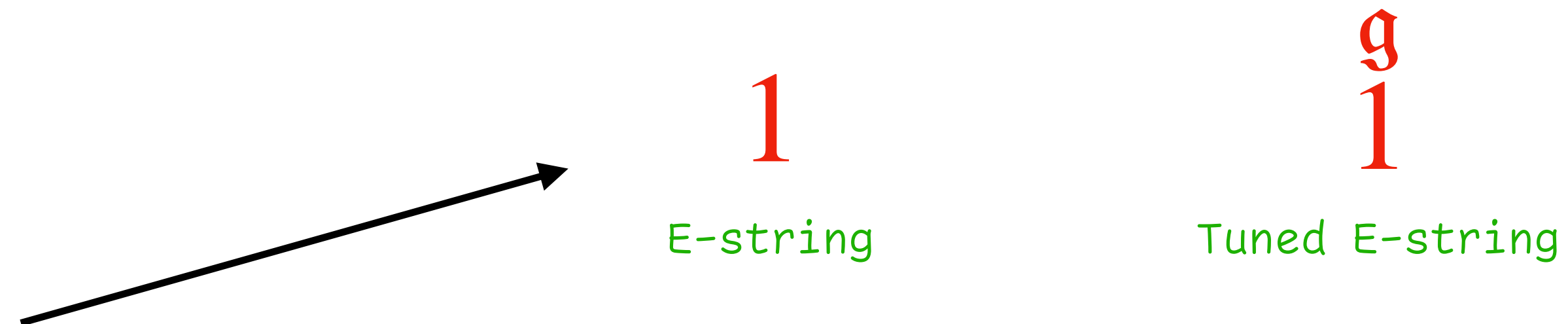
[Morrison, Vafa]
[Morrison, Taylor]

- Can tune the gauge algebra $\mathfrak{g} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathfrak{g}} \supset \mathfrak{g}$
- Only specific combinations of $n = -C \cdot C$ and \mathfrak{g} are allowed
- Anomaly cancellation + pair (n, \mathfrak{g}) almost always fixes hypermultiplet spectrum

How to Build a 6d SCFT

E-strings + tuning + gauging

- Non-Higgsable clusters can be gauged via E-strings



E_8 flavor symmetry: gauging a subalgebra joins together non-Higgsable clusters

Example:

$$\begin{matrix} \mathfrak{su}_3 \\ 3 \end{matrix} + 1 + \begin{matrix} \mathfrak{su}_3 \\ 3 \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} \mathfrak{su}_3 & \mathfrak{su}_3 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{matrix}$$

- $\mathfrak{su}_3 \oplus \mathfrak{su}_3 \subset e_8$ ✓
- Intersection matrix is negative definite ✓
- Fibers are minimal ✓

How to Build a 6d SCFT

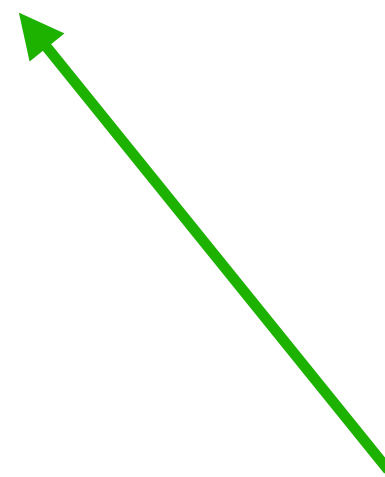
Summary

[Heckman, Morrison, Vafa]

[Heckman, Morrison, Rudelius, Vafa]

Combinatorics of combining building blocks via gauging


→ algorithmic to write down billions of 6d (1,0) SCFTs



In fact, they are all arranged into
a small number of infinite families

[Heckman, Rudelius, Tomasiello]

Families of 6d SCFTs: Higgs Branch RG-flows

- Complicated tensor branch configurations
 can be neatly ordered via Higgs branch
flows from progenitor theories


[Heckman, Morrison, Rudelius, Vafa], [Heckman, Rudelius, Tomasiello], ...

- The rank N (g, g) conformal matter theories [del Zotto, Heckman, Tomasiello, Vafa]

$$\underbrace{\overset{g}{2} \cdots \overset{g}{2}}_{N-1}$$

← Worldvolume of N M5-branes
probing a \mathbb{C}^2/Γ_g orbifold

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- Theories have an $\mathfrak{g} \oplus \mathfrak{g}$ flavor symmetry
- Each \mathfrak{g} can be Higgsed by a choice of nilpotent orbit of \mathfrak{g}

$$A_{N-1}^{\mathfrak{g}}(O_L, O_R)$$

Green-Schwarz Automorphisms

6d $(1,0)$ SCFTs have discrete global symmetry Γ if Γ is a "Green-Schwarz automorphism" of the corresponding Calabi-Yau

[\[Apruzzi, Heckman, Rudelius\]](#)

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$A_{N-1}^{\mathfrak{g}}(O_L, O_R)$ is

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \text{su}(k_1) & \text{su}(k_2) & & \text{su}(k_K) & \text{su}(K) & & \text{su}(K) & \text{su}(k'_K) & & \text{su}(k'_2) & \text{su}(k'_1) \\
 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 \\
 [m_1] & [m_2] & & [m_K] & & & & [m'_K] & & [m'_2] & [m'_1]
 \end{array}$$

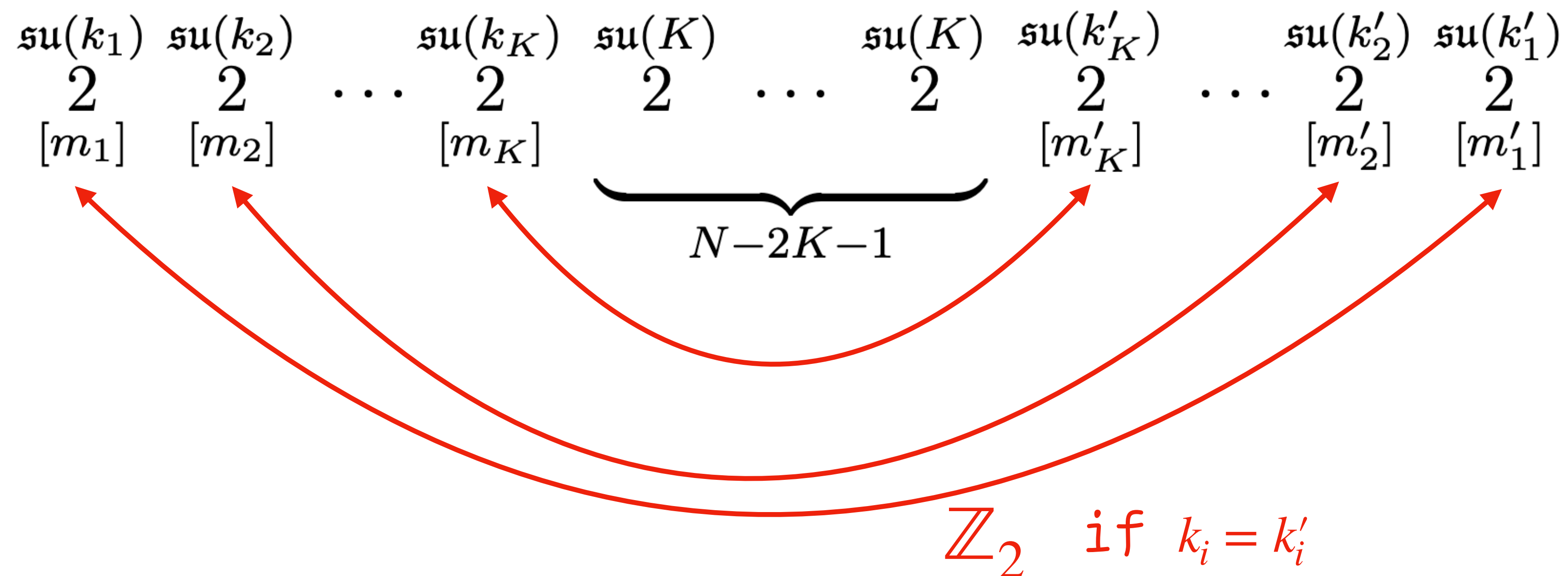
$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{N-2K-1}$

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Green--Schwarz Automorphisms

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the magnetic quivers for the Higgs branch of conformal matter are

$$\text{HB} \left[A_{N-1}^{\mathfrak{su}(K)}(O_L, O_R) \right] \cong \text{CB} \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{loop } N \\ \text{---} \text{O} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \text{O} \text{---} \\ \text{---} K \text{---} \\ T_{O_L}[\mathfrak{su}(K)] \quad T_{O_R}[\mathfrak{su}(K)] \end{array} \right] \quad \text{HB} \left[A_{N-1}^{\mathfrak{so}(2K)}(O_L, O_R) \right] \cong \text{CB} \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{loop } 2N \\ \text{---} \text{O} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \text{O} \text{---} \\ \text{---} 2K \text{---} \\ T_{O_L}[\mathfrak{so}(2K)] \quad T_{O_R}[\mathfrak{so}(2K)] \end{array} \right]$$

[Hanany, Sperling], [Hanany, Zafrir]

first hint: \mathbb{Z}_2 GS automorphism $\Rightarrow O_L = O_R$

\Rightarrow magnetic quiver admits \mathbb{Z}_2 wreathing

Proposal

let $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}$ be obtained from conformal matter, \mathcal{T} , via gauging \mathbb{Z}_2

proposal: $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$

check this proposal by:

- 1) conjecture flavor symmetry of $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}$ by acting with \mathbb{Z}_2 on Higgs branch chiral ring generators
- 2) compute Coulomb branch Hilbert series of $\mathcal{T}_M \wr \mathbb{Z}_2$

————→ they are consistent!

Flavor Algebras of a 6d SCFT

- Two origins:

“E-string flavor”

“Classical flavor”

Flavor Algebras of a 6d SCFT

Classical flavor

k hypermultiplets in representation \mathbf{R} rotated by flavor algebra

$$\mathfrak{f} = \begin{cases} \mathfrak{su}_k & \text{if } \mathbf{R} \text{ is complex} \\ \mathfrak{so}_{2k} & \text{if } \mathbf{R} \text{ is quaternionic} \\ \mathfrak{usp}_{2k} & \text{if } \mathbf{R} \text{ is real} \end{cases}$$

Example:

Anomaly cancellation \rightarrow $\overset{\mathfrak{su}_2}{1}$ has 10 fundamental hypermultiplets
 $\longrightarrow \mathfrak{f} = \mathfrak{so}_{20} \quad \frac{1}{2}(2, 20)$

Flavor Algebras of a 6d SCFT

E-string flavor

Tensor branch:

$$\cdots \mathfrak{g}_L^{n_L} 1 \mathfrak{g}_R^{n_R} \cdots$$

Subalgebra $\mathfrak{g}_L \oplus \mathfrak{g}_R$ of E-string flavor symmetry is gauged:

$$\rho : \mathfrak{g}_L \oplus \mathfrak{g}_R \rightarrow \mathfrak{e}_8$$

Residual flavor symmetry: $\mathfrak{f} \supseteq \text{Commutant}(\rho, \mathfrak{e}_8, \mathfrak{g}_L \oplus \mathfrak{g}_R)$

Example: $1 \overset{\mathfrak{su}_3}{3} 1$ has $\mathfrak{f} = \mathfrak{e}_6 \oplus \mathfrak{e}_6$

Flavor Algebras of a 6d SCFT

E-string flavor: a subtlety

[Distler, Kang, CL]

- Consider the tensor branch:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathfrak{so}_7 & & \mathfrak{so}_7 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{array}$$

- There are two inequivalent embeddings $\mathfrak{so}_7 \oplus \mathfrak{so}_7 \subset \mathfrak{e}_8$

- They have different commutants!

$$\text{Commutant}(\rho_1, \mathfrak{e}_8, \mathfrak{so}_7 \oplus \mathfrak{so}_7) = \mathfrak{u}_1$$

$$\text{Commutant}(\rho_2, \mathfrak{e}_8, \mathfrak{so}_7 \oplus \mathfrak{so}_7) = \emptyset$$

- $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathfrak{so}_7 & & \mathfrak{so}_7 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{array}$ is **TWO** 6d (1,0) SCFTs with different flavor symmetry

On T^2 both are in class \mathcal{S} of type \mathfrak{so}_8
with pairs of very even punctures

Flavor Algebras of a 6d SCFT

Example

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} & & \mathfrak{su}_2 & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 \end{array}$$

Flavor Algebras of a 6d SCFT

Example

$$[e_8] \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad \overset{\mathfrak{su}_2}{2} \quad \overset{\mathfrak{g}_2}{3} \quad 1 \quad \overset{\mathfrak{g}_2}{3} \quad [\mathfrak{usp}_2]$$

$$[\mathfrak{su}_2]$$

E-string flavor

Anomaly cancellation:
1 fundamental hyper of \mathfrak{g}_2
→ classical flavor

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging

we need to conjecture the flavor symmetry in \mathcal{T}

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we need to conjecture the flavor symmetry in $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}$

$$(A, A) \quad \begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{su}(k_1) & \text{su}(k_2) & & \text{su}(k_q) & \text{su}(k_{q+1}) & \text{su}(k_q) & & \text{su}(k_2) & \text{su}(k_1) \\ 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 \\ [m_1] & [m_2] & & [m_q] & [m_{q+1}] & [m_q] & & [m_2] & [m_1] \end{array}$$

classical flavor symmetry: $\mathfrak{su}(m_{q+1}) \oplus \bigoplus_{i=1}^q \mathfrak{su}(m_i)^2 \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^\ell$

don't discuss $\mathfrak{u}(1)$ s today
due to ABJ anomalies

[Apruzzi, Fazzi, Heckman, Rudelius, Zhang]

[Lee, Regalado, Weigand]

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\mathbb{Z}_2 identifies left and
right moment maps

$$\mathfrak{su}(m_{q+1}) \supset \mathfrak{su}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{su}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right)$$

$$\bigoplus_{i=1}^q \mathfrak{su}(m_i)$$


\mathbb{Z}_2 identifies these
moment maps

what happens to the additional moment
maps in the adjoint of $\mathfrak{su}(m_{q+1})$?

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$$\mathfrak{su}(m_{q+1}) \rightarrow \mathfrak{su}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{su}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right)$$

$$\text{adj} \rightarrow (\text{adj}, 1) \oplus (1, \text{adj}) \oplus (1, 1) \oplus \left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}, \overline{\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}}\right) \oplus \left(\overline{\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}}, \frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathfrak{su}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right) \text{ with moment maps in the } \text{adj} \oplus \text{Sym}^2 \oplus \overline{\text{Sym}^2} \oplus 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathfrak{usp}(m_{q+1}) \text{ enhanced flavor!}$$

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging

we need to conjecture the flavor symmetry in $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}$

$$(A, A) \quad \begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{su}(k_1) & \text{su}(k_2) & & \text{su}(k_q) & \text{su}(k_{q+1}) & \text{su}(k_q) & & \text{su}(k_2) & \text{su}(k_1) \\ 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 & 2 & \cdots & 2 & 2 \\ [m_1] & [m_2] & & [m_q] & [m_{q+1}] & [m_q] & & [m_2] & [m_1] \end{array}$$

classical flavor symmetry: $\mathfrak{su}(m_{q+1}) \oplus \bigoplus_{i=1}^q \mathfrak{su}(m_i)^2 \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^\ell$

classical flavor symmetry
after discrete gauging: $\mathfrak{usp}(m_{q+1}) \oplus \bigoplus_{i=1}^q \mathfrak{su}(m_i)$

(ignoring $\mathfrak{u}(1)$ s)

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging

we can do the same thing for (D, D) conformal matter

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \text{usp}(2k_1) & \text{so}(k_2) & \text{usp}(2k_3) & \dots & \text{so}(k_{q-1}) & \text{usp}(2k_q) & \text{so}(k'_{q-1}) & \dots & \text{usp}(2k_3) & \text{so}(k_2) & \text{usp}(2k_1) \\
 1 & 4 & 1 & & 4 & 1 & 4 & & 1 & 4 & 1 \\
 [m_1] & [m_2] & [m_3] & & [m_{q-1}] & [m_q] & [m_{q-1}] & & [m_3] & [m_2] & [m_1]
 \end{array}$$

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging

we can do the same thing for (D, D) conformal matter

\mathbb{Z}_2 identifies these
moment maps

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \dots & \mathfrak{so}(k_{q-1}) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_q) & \mathfrak{so}(k'_{q-1}) & \dots & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & & 4 & 1 & 4 & & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ [m_1] & [m_2] & [m_3] & & [m_{q-1}] & [m_q] & [m_{q-1}] & & [m_3] & [m_2] & [m_1] \end{array}$$

$$\bigoplus_{i=1}^{q-1} \mathfrak{f}_i(m_i)^{\oplus 2} \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i=1}^{q-1} \mathfrak{f}_i(m_i)$$

$$\mathfrak{f}_i(m_i) = \begin{cases} \mathfrak{so}(m_i) & \text{if } i \text{ odd,} \\ \mathfrak{usp}(m_i) & \text{if } i \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging

we can do the same thing for (D, D) conformal matter

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \dots & \mathfrak{so}(k_{q-1}) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_q) & \mathfrak{so}(k'_{q-1}) & \dots & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) \\
 1 & 4 & 1 & & 4 & 1 & 4 & & 1 & 4 & 1 \\
 [m_1] & [m_2] & [m_3] & & [m_{q-1}] & [m_q] & [m_{q-1}] & & [m_3] & [m_2] & [m_1]
 \end{array}$$

the only subtle case is

what happens on the central (-1) -curve?

$$\mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \rightarrow \mathfrak{so}(m_q)$$

\mathbb{Z}_2 identifies these
moment maps

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging


we can do the same thing for (D, D) conformal matter

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \dots & \mathfrak{so}(k_{q-1}) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_q) & \mathfrak{so}(k'_{q-1}) & \dots & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & & 4 & 1 & 4 & & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ [m_1] & [m_2] & [m_3] & & [m_{q-1}] & [m_q] & [m_{q-1}] & & [m_3] & [m_2] & [m_1] \end{array}$$

the only subtle case is

what happens on the central (-1) -curve?

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \mathfrak{so}(m_{q+1}) & \rightarrow & \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \\ \text{adj} & \rightarrow & (\text{adj}, 1) \oplus (1, \text{adj}) \oplus \left(\frac{m_q}{2}, \frac{m_q}{2}\right) \end{array}$$

$\mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \rightarrow \mathfrak{so}(m_q)$


\mathbb{Z}_2 identifies these moment maps

$\Rightarrow \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right)$ with moment maps in the $\text{adj} \oplus \text{Sym}^2 \oplus 1$

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging


we can do the same thing for (D, D) conformal matter

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \dots & \mathfrak{so}(k_{q-1}) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_q) & \mathfrak{so}(k'_{q-1}) & \dots & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_3) & \mathfrak{so}(k_2) & \mathfrak{usp}(2k_1) \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & & 4 & 1 & 4 & & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ [m_1] & [m_2] & [m_3] & & [m_{q-1}] & [m_q] & [m_{q-1}] & & [m_3] & [m_2] & [m_1] \end{array}$$

the only subtle case is

what happens on the central (-1) -curve?

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \mathfrak{so}(m_{q+1}) & \rightarrow & \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \\ \text{adj} & \rightarrow & (\text{adj}, 1) \oplus (1, \text{adj}) \oplus \left(\frac{m_q}{2}, \frac{m_q}{2}\right) \end{array}$$

$\mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \oplus \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_q}{2}\right) \rightarrow \mathfrak{so}(m_q)$


\mathbb{Z}_2 identifies these moment maps

$\Rightarrow \mathfrak{so}\left(\frac{m_{q+1}}{2}\right) \text{ with moment maps in the } \text{adj} \oplus \text{Sym}^2 \oplus 1$

$\Rightarrow \mathfrak{u}(m_{q+1}) \text{ enhanced flavor!}$

Flavor Symmetry after Discrete Gauging

in this way: we propose the flavor symmetry for **almost**
all discretely-gauged Higgsed (A, A) and (D, D)
conformal matter

(there are precisely 3 examples which require a more subtle analysis)



Higgsed
conformal
matter where
the magnetic
quiver is
"sufficiently
small"

#	Conformal Matter	Tensor Branch	\mathfrak{f}	$\mathfrak{f}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$
1	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3, 1^3], [3, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(4)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(4)$
2	$A_1^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([1^6], [1^6])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(4) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(8)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(8)$
3	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3^2], [3^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
4	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([3^2, 1^2], [3^2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(3)^{\oplus 2}$?
5	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 1^3], [5, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
6	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 3], [5, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$?
7	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([4, 2, 1^2], [4, 2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(8) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 4}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$
8	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([3^3, 1], [3^3, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(6)$	$\mathfrak{u}(3)$
9	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5, 3, 1^2], [5, 3, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 3}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$
10	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(4)$	$\mathfrak{u}(2)$
11	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([4, 3, 2, 1], [4, 3, 2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$
12	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)$
13	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 1^3], [7, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
14	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 3], [7, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$
15	$A_1^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([1^3], [1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(6)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(6)$
16	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([2, 1], [2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
17	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(4)}([2, 1^2], [2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 3} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$

Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

Given a 3d quiver \mathcal{X} , the Coulomb branch Hilbert series is

[Cremonesi, Hanany, Zaffaroni]

$$\text{HS}[\text{CB of } \mathcal{X}](t) = \frac{1}{|W|} \sum_{\mathbf{m}} \sum_{\gamma \in W(\mathbf{m})} \frac{t^{2\Delta(\mathbf{m})}}{\det(\mathbb{1} - t^2 \gamma)}$$

Weyl group of gauge group

conformal dimension of
monopole operator with
magnetic flux \mathbf{m}

$$\Delta(\mathbf{m}) = - \sum_{\alpha \in \Delta_+} |\alpha(\mathbf{m})| + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} \sum_{\rho_i \in \mathcal{R}_i} |\rho_i(\mathbf{m})|$$

vectors hypers

prefactor

$$P_G(t, \mathbf{m}) = \frac{1}{|W|} \sum_{\gamma \in W(\mathbf{m})} \frac{1}{\det(\mathbb{1} - t^2 \gamma)}$$

counts gauge-invariant
operators of gauge group
unbroken by \mathbf{m}

Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

Given a wreathed 3d quiver $\tilde{\mathcal{X}}$, the Coulomb branch Hilbert series is

[Bourget, Hanany, Miketa]

$$\text{HS} [\text{CB of } \tilde{\mathcal{X}}] (t) = \frac{1}{|W_\Gamma|} \sum_{\mathbf{n}} \sum_{\gamma \in W_\Gamma(\mathbf{n})} \frac{t^{2\Delta(\mathbf{n})}}{\det(\mathbb{1} - t^2 \gamma)}$$

wreathed Weyl group W_Γ

conformal dimension of
monopole operator with
magnetic flux \mathbf{n}

wreathed prefactor

$$P_{G \wr \Gamma}(t, \mathbf{n}) = \frac{1}{|W_\Gamma(\mathbf{n})|} \sum_{\gamma \in W_\Gamma(\mathbf{n})} \frac{1}{\det(\mathbb{1} - t^2 \gamma)}$$

prefactors for \mathbb{Z}_2 wreathing involving $U(K)$, $SO(K)$, and $USp(2K)$ nodes

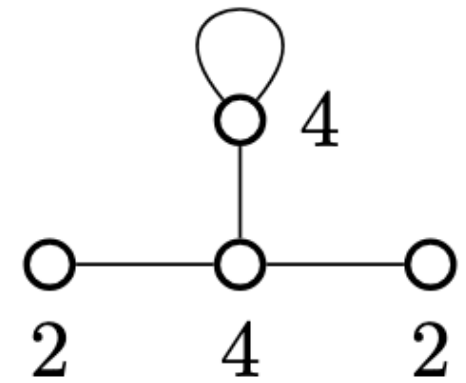
[CL, Lepper, Mininno]

Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

let's consider a unitary example [\[CL, Lepper, Mininno\]](#)

Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

let's consider a unitary example [\[CL, Lepper, Mininno\]](#)



has

$$\text{HS}(t, x, y, z) =$$

$$\text{PE} \left[t^2 \left(1 + \chi_{[2]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(x) + \chi_{[2]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(y) + \left(z^2 + \frac{1}{z^2} \right) \chi_{[1]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(x) \chi_{[1]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(y) \right) + \mathcal{O}(t^4) \right]$$

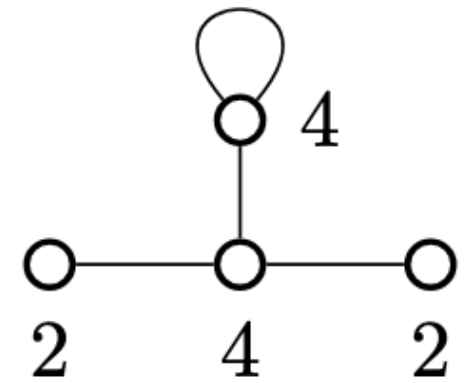
this is the adjoint representation of $\mathfrak{su}(4)$ under

$$\mathfrak{su}(4) \rightarrow \mathfrak{su}(2)_x \oplus \mathfrak{su}(2)_y \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)_z,$$

$$\mathbf{15} \rightarrow (\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{2})_2 \oplus (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1})_0 \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{3})_0 \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_0 \oplus (\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{2})_{-2}$$

Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

let's consider a unitary example [\[CL, Lepper, Mininno\]](#)



has

$$\text{HS}(t, x, y, z) =$$

$$\text{PE} \left[t^2 \left(1 + \chi_{[2]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(x) + \chi_{[2]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(y) + \left(z^2 + \frac{1}{z^2} \right) \chi_{[1]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(x) \chi_{[1]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(y) \right) + \mathcal{O}(t^4) \right]$$

this is the adjoint representation of $\mathfrak{su}(4)$ under

$$\mathfrak{su}(4) \rightarrow \mathfrak{su}(2)_x \oplus \mathfrak{su}(2)_y \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)_z,$$

$$\mathbf{15} \rightarrow (\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{2})_2 \oplus (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1})_0 \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{3})_0 \oplus (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_0 \oplus (\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{2})_{-2}$$

wreathing the
 $\mathfrak{u}(2)$ s gives

$$\text{HS}_{\wr \mathbb{Z}_2}(t, x, z) = \text{PE} \left[t^2 \left(1 + \chi_{[2]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(x) + \left(z^2 + \frac{1}{z^2} \right) \chi_{[2]}^{\mathfrak{su}(2)}(x) \right) + \mathcal{O}(t^4) \right]$$

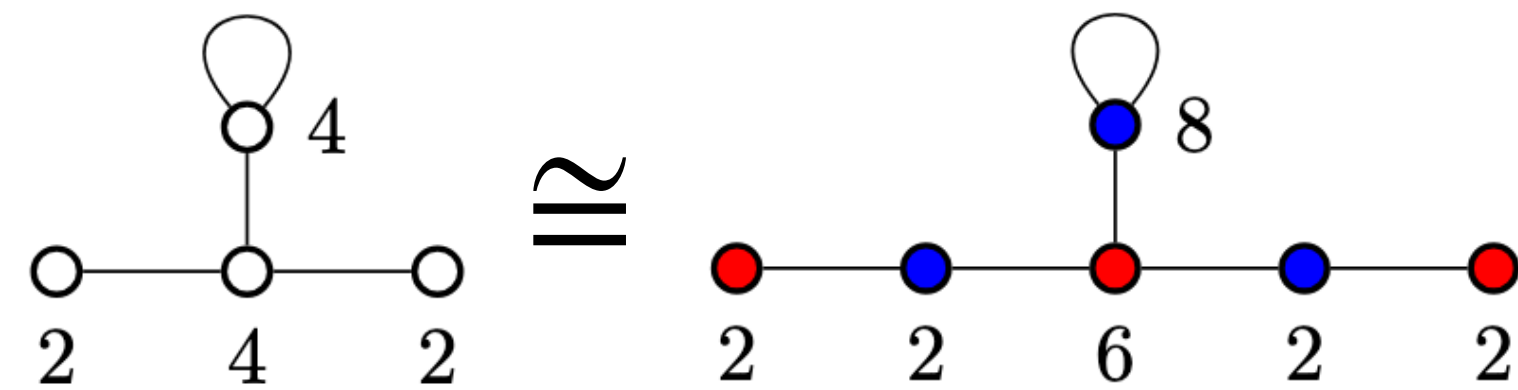
this is the adjoint representation of $\mathfrak{usp}(4)$ under

$$\mathfrak{usp}(4) \rightarrow \mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1),$$

$$\mathbf{10} \rightarrow \mathbf{3}_2 \oplus \mathbf{3}_{-2} \oplus \mathbf{3}_0 \oplus \mathbf{1}_0$$

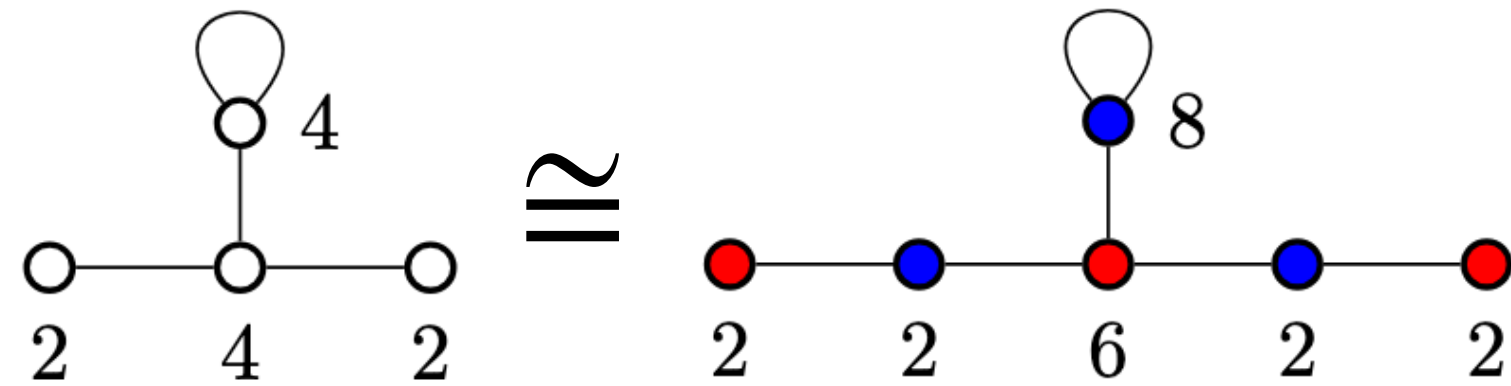
Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

using $\mathfrak{su}(4) \cong \mathfrak{so}(6)$ we also have an orthosymplectic description [\[CL, Lepper, Mininno\]](#)



Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

using $\mathfrak{su}(4) \cong \mathfrak{so}(6)$ we also have an orthosymplectic description [\[CL, Lepper, Mininno\]](#)

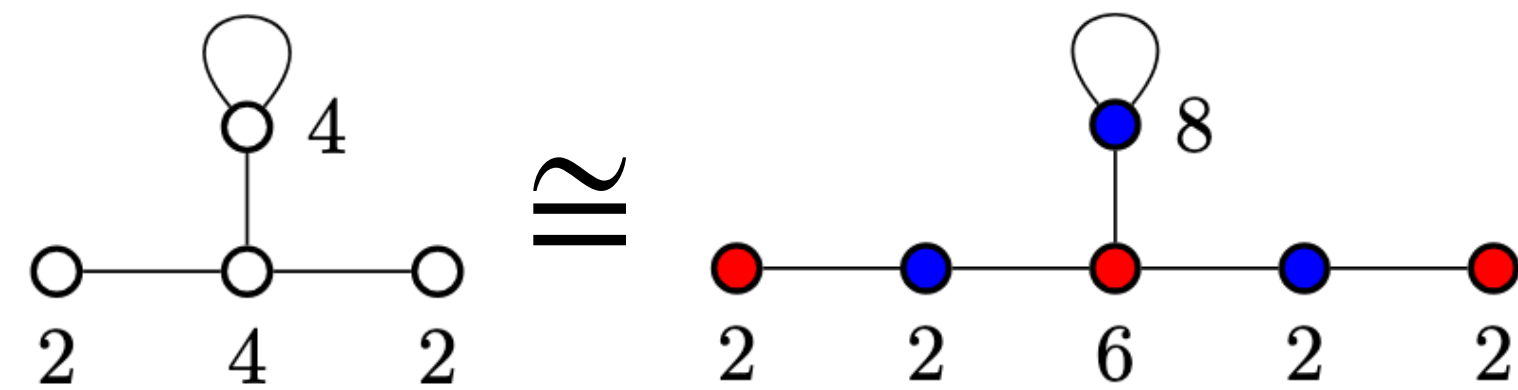


unwreathed Hilbert series: $\text{PE} \left[\underbrace{t^2(7 + 8\omega)}_{\text{dimension of } \mathfrak{su}(4)} + t^4(13 + 16\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^6) \right]$

wreathed Hilbert series: $\text{PE} \left[\underbrace{t^2(4 + 6\omega)}_{\text{dimension of } \mathfrak{usp}(4)} + t^4(19 + 18\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^6) \right]$

Monopole Formula for Wreathed Quivers

using $\mathfrak{su}(4) \cong \mathfrak{so}(6)$ we also have an orthosymplectic description [\[CL, Lepper, Mininno\]](#)





unwreathed Hilbert series: $\text{PE} \left[\underbrace{t^2(7 + 8\omega)}_{\text{dimension of } \mathfrak{su}(4)} + t^4(13 + 16\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^6) \right]$

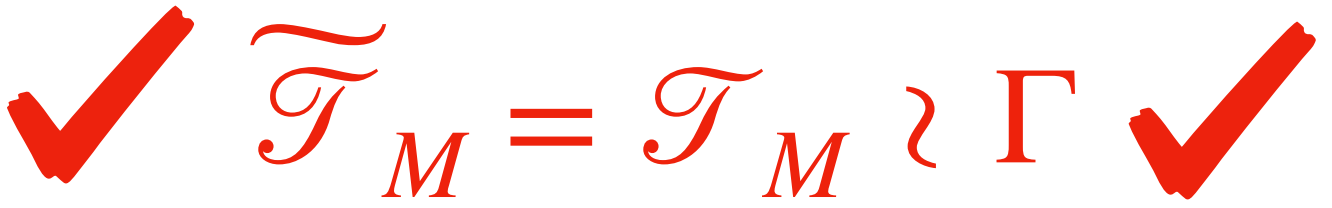
wreathed Hilbert series: $\text{PE} \left[\underbrace{t^2(4 + 6\omega)}_{\text{dimension of } \mathfrak{usp}(4)} + t^4(19 + 18\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^6) \right]$

but this is precisely the magnetic quiver for a conformal
 matter theory: $A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3,1^3],[3,1^3])!$

#	Conformal Matter	Tensor Branch	\mathfrak{f}	$\mathfrak{f}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$
1	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3, 1^3], [3, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(4)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(4)$
2	$A_1^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([1^6], [1^6])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(4) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(8)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(8)$
3	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3^2], [3^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
4	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([3^2, 1^2], [3^2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(3)^{\oplus 2}$?
5	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 1^3], [5, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
6	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 3], [5, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$?
7	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([4, 2, 1^2], [4, 2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(8) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 4}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$
8	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([3^3, 1], [3^3, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(6)$	$\mathfrak{u}(3)$
9	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5, 3, 1^2], [5, 3, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(2) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 3}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$
10	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(4)$	$\mathfrak{u}(2)$
11	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([4, 3, 2, 1], [4, 3, 2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$
12	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)$
13	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 1^3], [7, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
14	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 3], [7, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$
15	$A_1^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([1^3], [1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(6)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(6)$
16	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([2, 1], [2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
17	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(4)}([2, 1^2], [2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 3} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$


 $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$


#	Conformal Matter	Tensor Branch	\mathfrak{f}	$\mathfrak{f}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$
1	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3, 1^3], [3, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(4)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(4)$
2	$A_1^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([1^6], [1^6])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(4) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(8)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(8)$
3	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3^2], [3^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
4	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([3^2, 1^2], [3^2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(3)^{\oplus 2}$?
5	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 1^3], [5, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
6	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 3], [5, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$?
7	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([4, 2, 1^2], [4, 2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(8) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 4}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$
8	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([3^3, 1], [3^3, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(6)$	$\mathfrak{u}(3)$
9	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5, 3, 1^2], [5, 3, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 3}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$
10	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(4)$	$\mathfrak{u}(2)$
11	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([4, 3, 2, 1], [4, 3, 2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$
12	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)$
13	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 1^3], [7, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
14	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 3], [7, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$
15	$A_1^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([1^3], [1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(6)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(6)$
16	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([2, 1], [2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
17	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(4)}([2, 1^2], [2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 3} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$



$$\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[4t^2 + t^4(6\omega + 11) + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[2t^2 + t^4(15 + 6\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[9t^2 + 6\omega t^3 + 40t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[2t^2 + 9t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[4t^2 + 2\omega t^3 + 10t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[3t^2 + 22t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[t^2 + 8t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[4t^2 + 9t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[t^2 + 4t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$$

#	Conformal Matter	Tensor Branch	\mathfrak{f}	$\mathfrak{f}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$
1	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3, 1^3], [3, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(4)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(4)$
2	$A_1^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([1^6], [1^6])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(4) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(8)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(8)$
3	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3^2], [3^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
4	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([3^2, 1^2], [3^2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(3)^{\oplus 2}$?
5	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 1^3], [5, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
6	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 3], [5, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$?
7	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([4, 2, 1^2], [4, 2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(8) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 4}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$
8	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([3^3, 1], [3^3, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(6)$	$\mathfrak{u}(3)$
9	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5, 3, 1^2], [5, 3, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 3}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$
10	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(4)$	$\mathfrak{u}(2)$
11	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([4, 3, 2, 1], [4, 3, 2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$
12	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)$
13	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 1^3], [7, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
14	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 3], [7, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$
15	$A_1^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([1^3], [1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(6)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(6)$
16	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([2, 1], [2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
17	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(4)}([2, 1^2], [2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 3} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$

✓ $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[4t^2 + t^4(6\omega + 11) + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[2t^2 + t^4(15 + 6\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[9t^2 + 6\omega t^3 + 40t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[2t^2 + 9t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[4t^2 + 2\omega t^3 + 10t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓



$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[3t^2 + 22t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[t^2 + 8t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[4t^2 + 9t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \mathrm{PE} \left[t^2 + 4t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5) \right]$ ✓

#	Conformal Matter	Tensor Branch	\mathfrak{f}	$\mathfrak{f}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$
1	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3, 1^3], [3, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(4)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(4)$
2	$A_1^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([1^6], [1^6])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(4) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(8)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(8)$
3	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3^2], [3^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
4	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([3^2, 1^2], [3^2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(3)^{\oplus 2}$?
5	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 1^3], [5, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
6	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 3], [5, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$?
7	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([4, 2, 1^2], [4, 2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(8) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 4}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$
8	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([3^3, 1], [3^3, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(6)$	$\mathfrak{u}(3)$
9	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5, 3, 1^2], [5, 3, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(2) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 3}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$
10	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(4)$	$\mathfrak{u}(2)$
11	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([4, 3, 2, 1], [4, 3, 2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$
12	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)$
13	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 1^3], [7, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
14	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 3], [7, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$
15	$A_1^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([1^3], [1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(6)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(6)$
16	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([2, 1], [2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
17	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(4)}([2, 1^2], [2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 3} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$


 $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$


$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[t^2(6\omega+5)+t^4\left(26\omega+29\right)+\mathcal{O}\left(t^5\right)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[4t^2+t^4(6\omega+11)+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[t^2(2\omega+1)+t^4(6\omega+8)+\mathcal{O}\left(t^5\right)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[2t^2+t^4(15+6\omega)+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[9t^2+6\omega t^3+40t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[2t^2+9t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[4t^2+2\omega t^3+10t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[3t^2+22t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[t^2+8t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[4t^2+9t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

$$\mathrm{HS}_{\mathfrak{sl}\,\mathbb{Z}_2}(t,\omega)=\mathrm{PE}\left[t^2+4t^4+\mathcal{O}(t^5)\right]$$

#	Conformal Matter	Tensor Branch	\mathfrak{f}	$\mathfrak{f}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$
1	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3, 1^3], [3, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(4)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(4)$
2	$A_1^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([1^6], [1^6])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(4) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(8)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(8)$
3	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(6)}([3^2], [3^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
4	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([3^2, 1^2], [3^2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(3)^{\oplus 2}$?
5	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 1^3], [5, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
6	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([5, 3], [5, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$?
7	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(8)}([4, 2, 1^2], [4, 2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(8) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 4}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$
8	$A_2^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([3^3, 1], [3^3, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(6)$	$\mathfrak{u}(3)$
9	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5, 3, 1^2], [5, 3, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(2) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 3}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$
10	$A_4^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(4)$	$\mathfrak{u}(2)$
11	$A_3^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([4, 3, 2, 1], [4, 3, 2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)$
12	$A_5^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([5^2], [5^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(10) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{so}(2)$
13	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 1^3], [7, 1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(7) & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{so}(7) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
14	$A_6^{\mathfrak{so}(10)}([7, 3], [7, 3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{g}_2 & & \mathfrak{so}(9) & \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{so}(9) & & \mathfrak{g}_2 & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$	$\mathfrak{u}(1)$
15	$A_1^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([1^3], [1^3])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(6)$	$\mathfrak{usp}(6)$
16	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(3)}([2, 1], [2, 1])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(2) & \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(2) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2) \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$
17	$A_3^{\mathfrak{su}(4)}([2, 1^2], [2, 1^2])$	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathfrak{su}(3) & \mathfrak{su}(4) & \mathfrak{su}(3) \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 3} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)^{\oplus 2}$	$\mathfrak{su}(2)^{\oplus 2} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(1)$

✓ $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$ ✓

prediction!

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [t^2(6\omega + 5) + t^4(26\omega + 29) + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [4t^2 + t^4(6\omega + 11) + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [t^2(2\omega + 1) + t^4(6\omega + 8) + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [2t^2 + t^4(15 + 6\omega) + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [9t^2 + 6\omega t^3 + 40t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [2t^2 + 9t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [4t^2 + 2\omega t^3 + 10t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [3t^2 + 22t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [t^2 + 8t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

$\text{HS}_{\mathfrak{l}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}}(t, \omega) = \text{PE} [4t^2 + 9t^4 + \mathcal{O}(t^5)]$

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Conclusion

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————→ prediction for flavor after \mathbb{Z}_2 discrete gauging

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they agree! $\widetilde{\mathcal{T}}_M = \mathcal{T}_M \wr \Gamma$

Quiver Subtraction Algorithms and Hasse Diagrams?

we now know a magnetic quiver for the Higgs branch of
discretely-gauged conformal matter

can we extract the foliation structure of the symplectic singularity?

generalize quiver subtraction/decay and fission to wreathed quivers

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from complex structure deformations of Calabi--Yau geometry in F-
theory, we expect certain Higgs branch RG flows to exist

geometry hints at such algorithms

(similarly to [\[CL, Mansi\]²](#))

[\[CL, Mansi, Sperling, Zhong\]](#)

Non-invertible Symmetries

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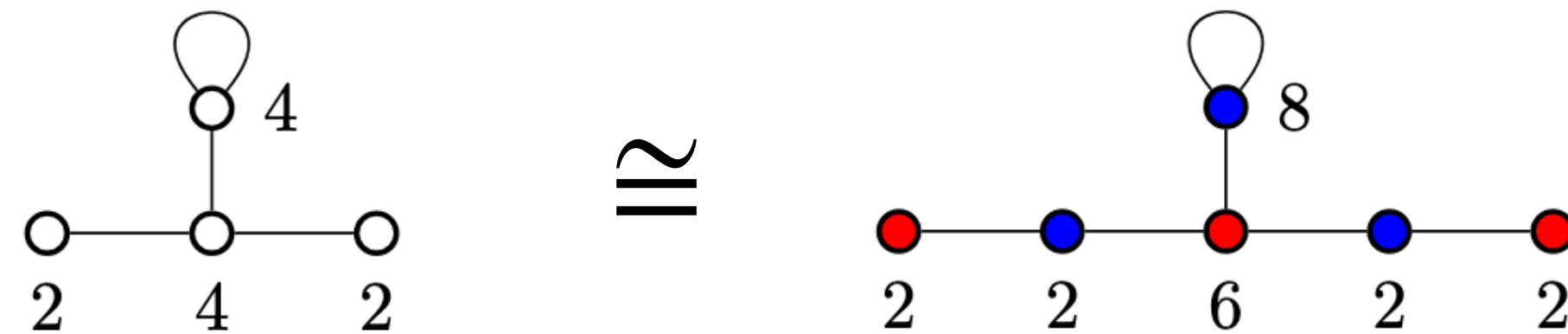
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is non-invertible 2-form symmetry reflected
 in the wreathed magnetic quiver?

(similar to [\[Mekareeya, Sacchi\]](#) ?)

Thank you!

Flavor algebras of a 6d SCFT

How do we know these flavor symmetries persist at the origin of the tensor branch?

- Not obvious from explicit Weierstrass models 
[Bertolini, Merkx, Morrison]
- Torus compactification and duality with class \mathcal{S} 
[Baume, Kang, CL]

Orbi-instantons, Stiefel--Whitney Twists, and All That