

# Geometric Approach to Symmetries at Finite Temperature

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University of Pennsylvania

# Based On

hep-th/2503.16427 w/ Hübner and Murdia

hep-th/2501.17911 w/ Cvetič, Hübner and Murdia

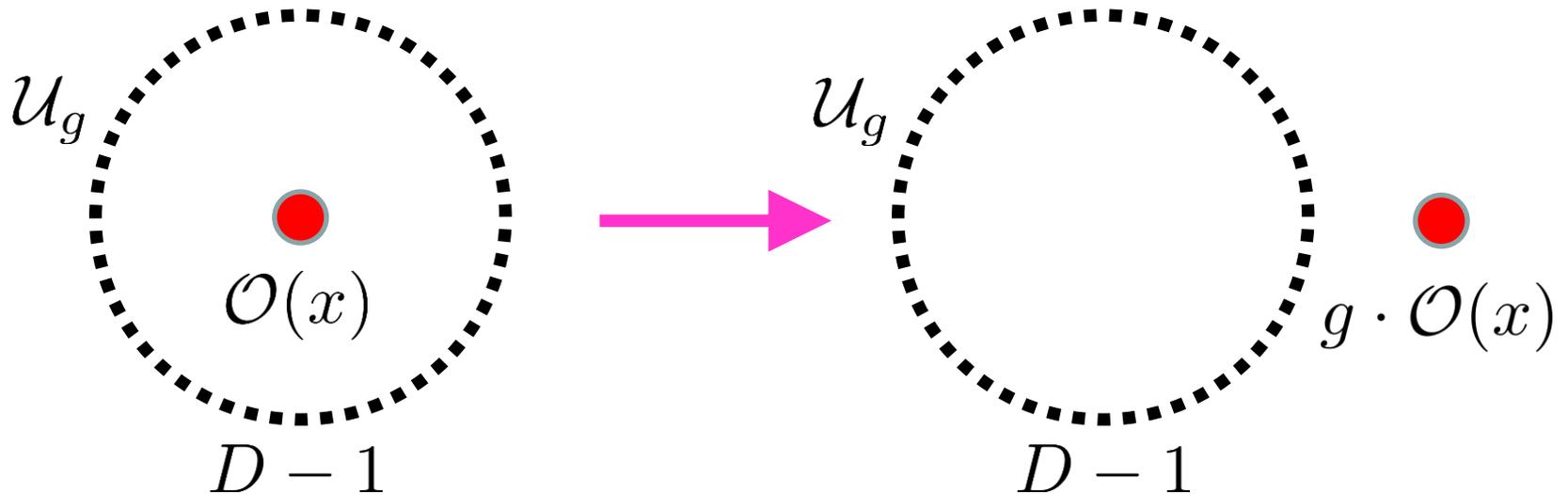
# Gen<sup>ed</sup> Symms in QFT

Gaiotto Kapustin Seiberg Willett '14

Main Idea: Global Symms are *Topological*

Consider  $D$ -dim <sup>$l$</sup>  QFT & Charged Local Op:

“Zero-Form Symmetry”



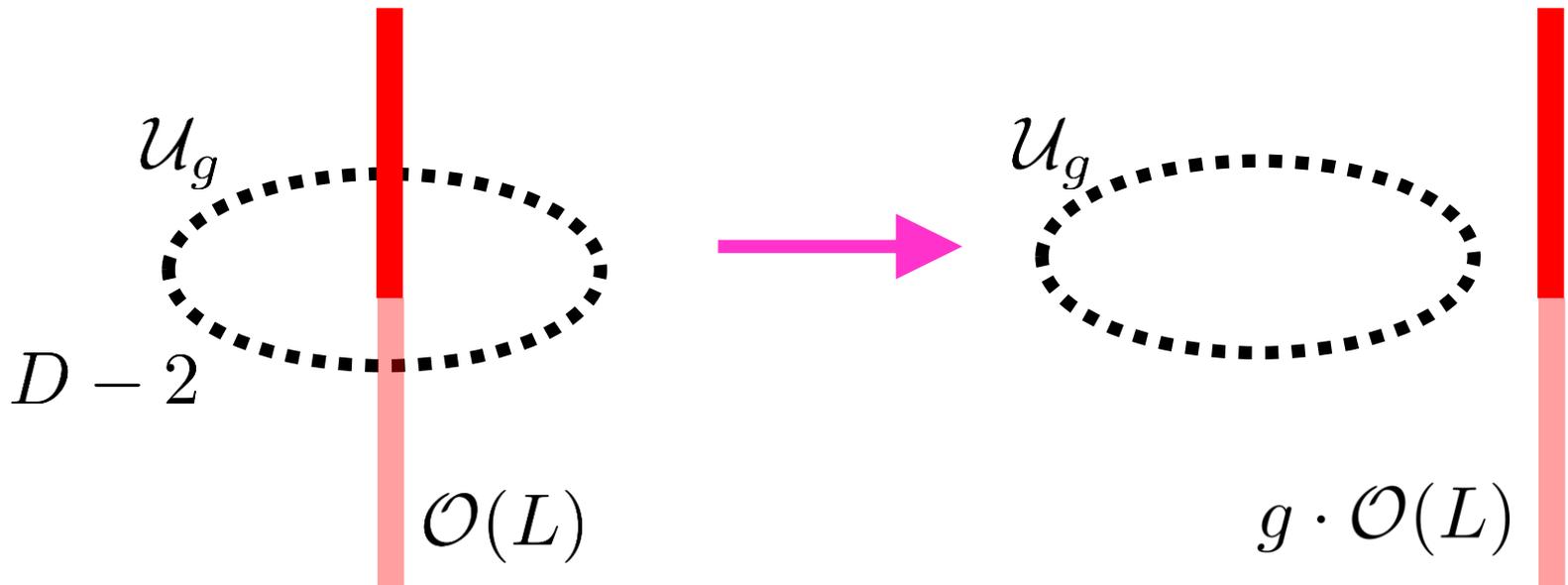
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Main Idea: Global Symms are *Topological*

Consider  $D$ -dim <sup>$l$</sup>  QFT & Charged Line Op:

“One-Form Symmetry”



# Top Down Questions

- Symmetries of Non-Lagrangian Theories?  
6D SCFTs, 5D SCFTs, Some 4D SCFTs,...
- Coupling to Gravity?
- Computing properties of symmetries  
 $\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U}) = ???$

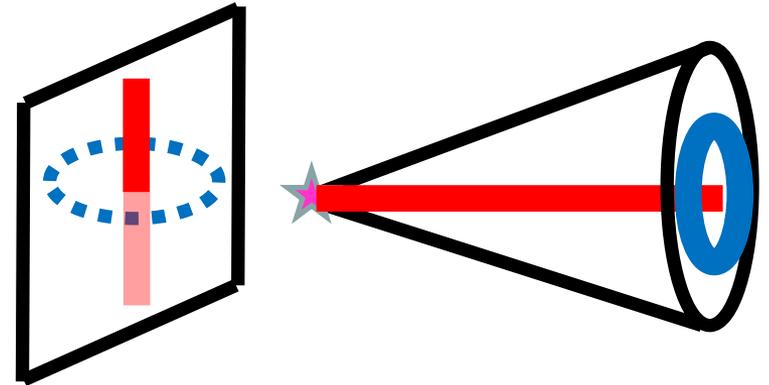
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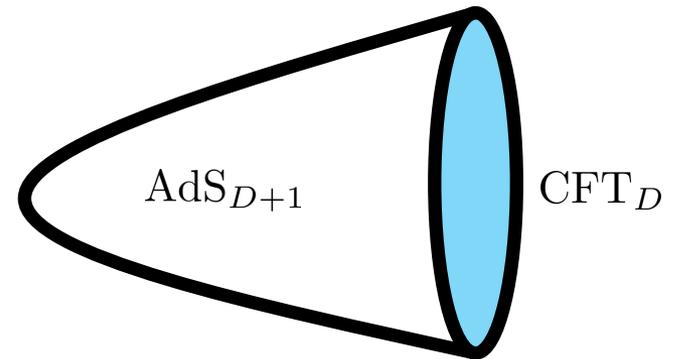
- Computing properties of symmetries  
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# Branes and Symmetries

Symmetries from Branes  
(Top Down)



Branes from Symmetries  
(Bottom Up)

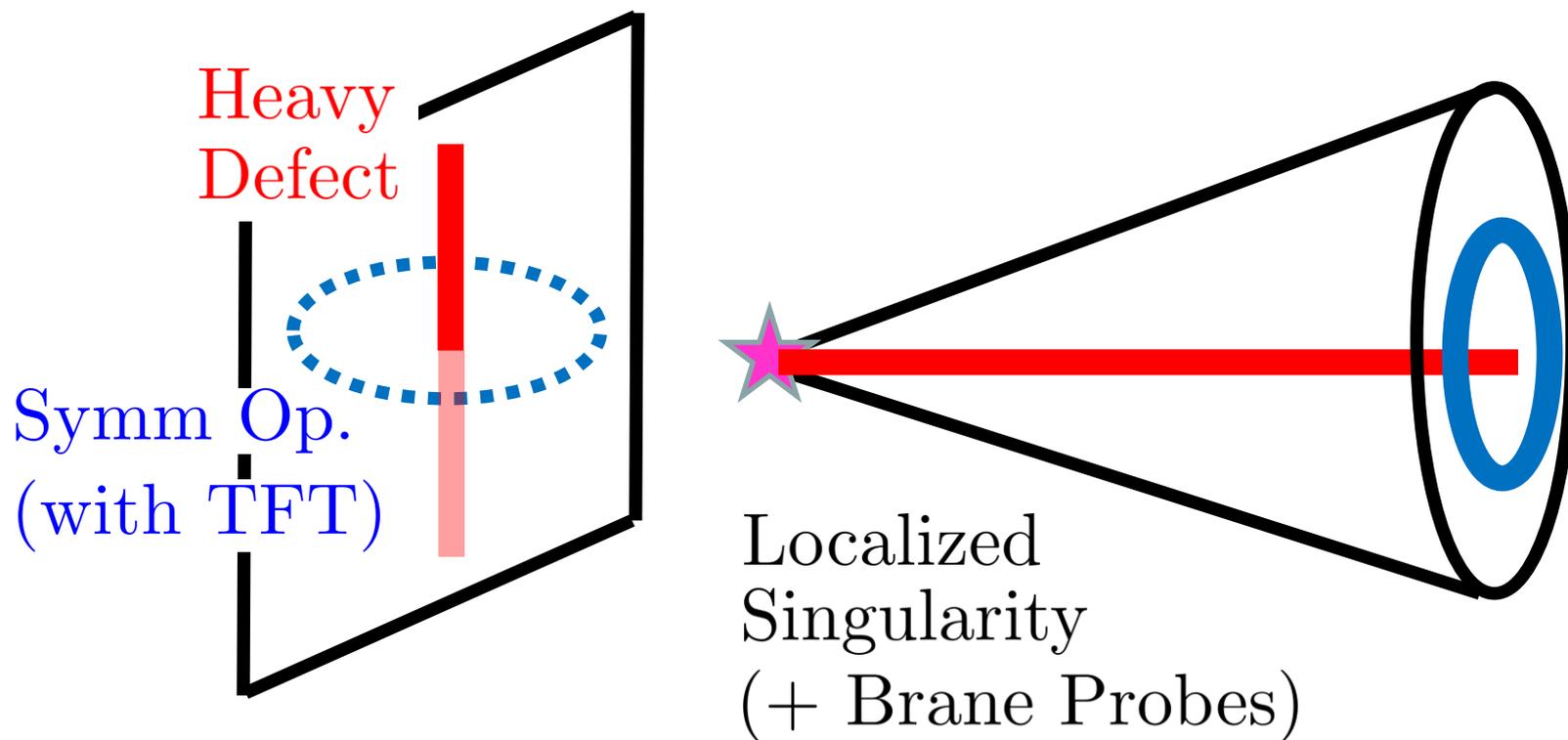


... Many ...

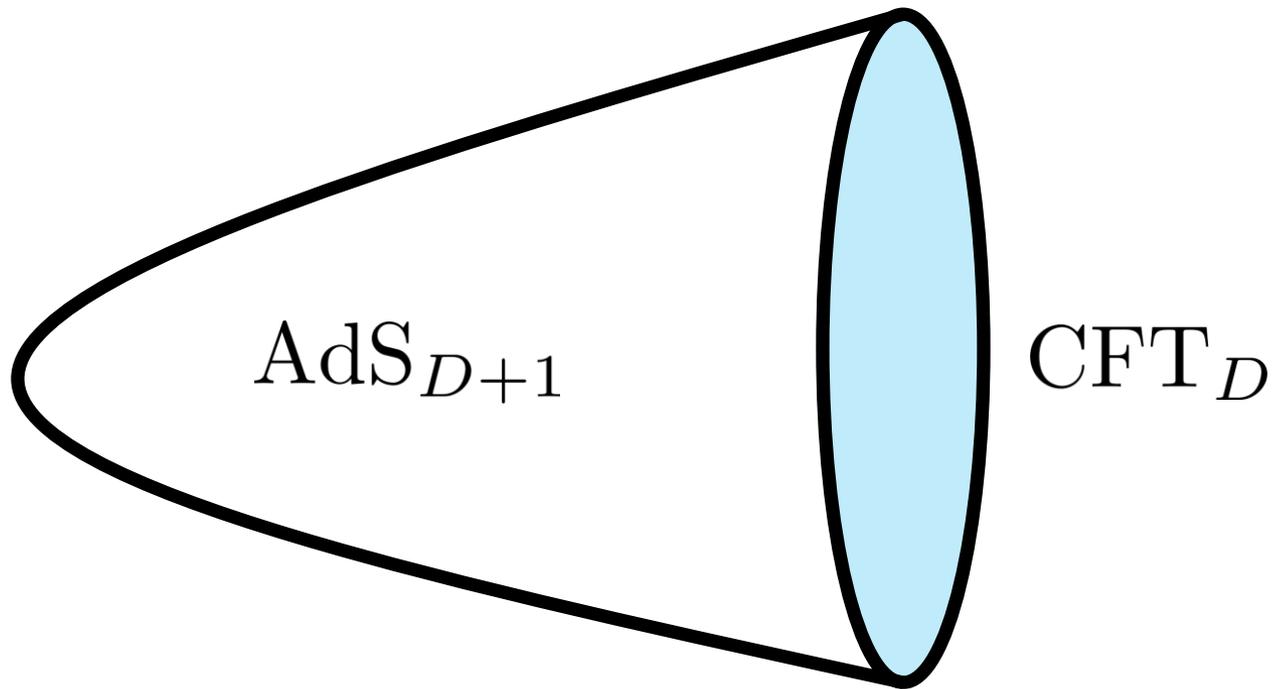
Apruzzi Bah Bonetti Schafer Nameki '22; Garcia Etxebarria '22; JJH Hubner Torres Zhang '22

# Symmetries from Branes

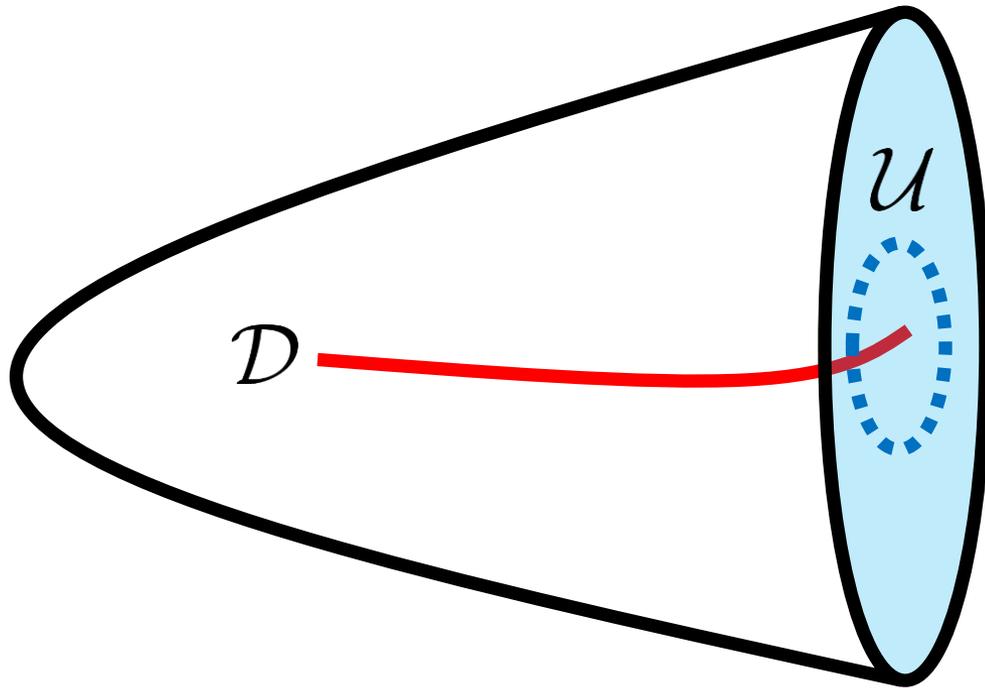
String backgrounds of the form:



# Branes from Symmetries

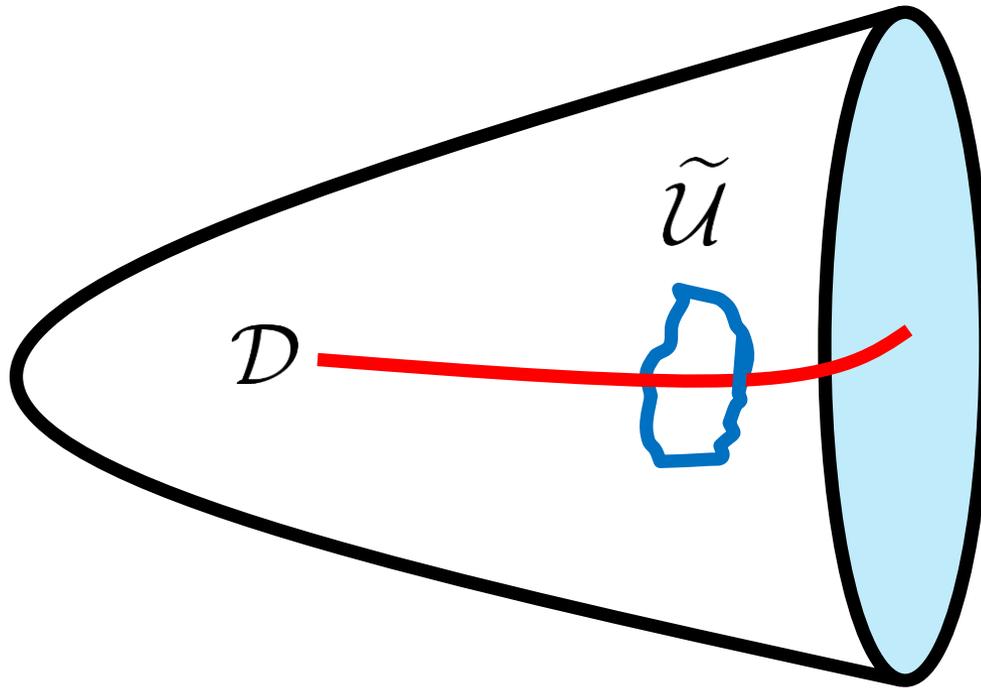


# Branes from Symmetries



# $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$ is a Fluctuating Brane

JJH Hübner Murdia '24



## Corollary: No Global Symmetries

(see also Harlow Ooguri '18)

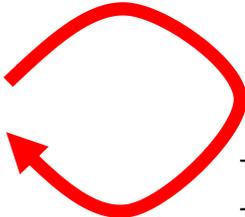
# Symmetries $\Rightarrow$ Branes

Sometimes “known objects” (e.g., D-branes)

Apruzzi Bah Bonetti Schafer Nameki '22; Garcia Etxebarria '22; JJH Hubner Torres Zhang '22

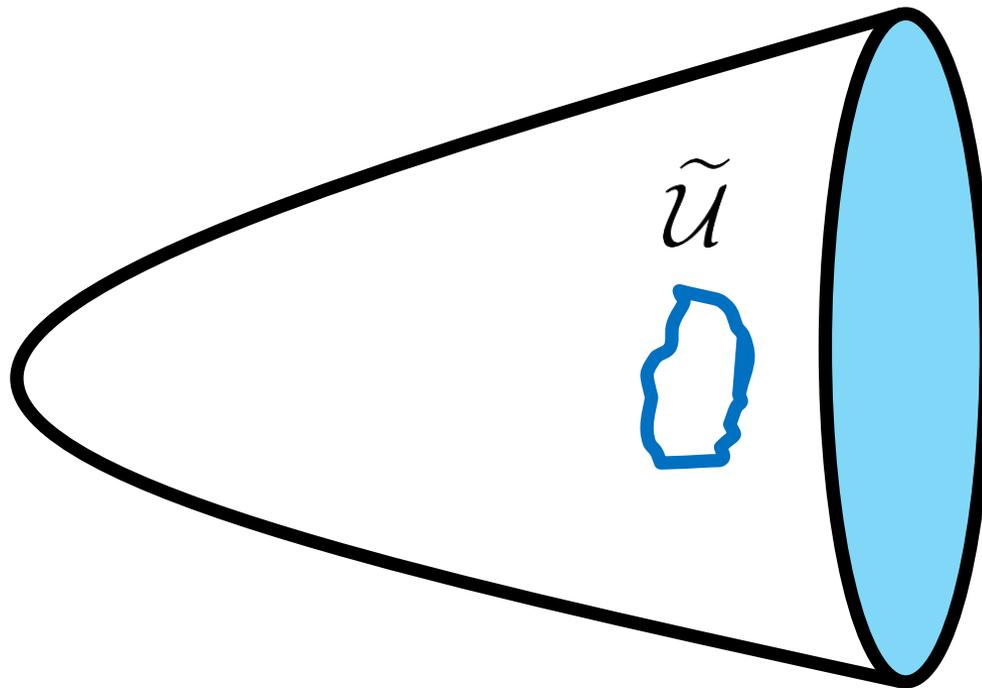
Sometimes “new objects”  
(e.g., R7-Branes / Charge Conjugation)

Dierigl JJH Montero Torres '22; Debray Dierigl JJH Montero '23; Dierigl JJH Montero Torres '23

$AdS_7 \times S^4$   Internal Reflection

# Symmetries $\Rightarrow$ Branes

¿What is the tension of  $\tilde{u}$ ?



$$\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})$$

QFT<sub>D</sub> on  $S^1 \times S^{D-1}$

$$\mathcal{U} = \exp \left( i\nu \int_{S^{D-1}} J_{D-1} + \dots \right)$$

$$\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U}) = \text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} e^{i\nu Q})$$

“Complexified Chemical Potential”

# Main Idea

(Euclidean Gravity Throughout)

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

# Main Idea

(Euclidean Gravity Throughout)

Asymptotic  $\text{AdS}_{D+1}$

$$\partial X_{D+1}^{(j)} = S_{\beta}^1 \times S^{D-1}$$

Codim-2 Brane  $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$

Boundary  $\text{CFT}_D$

$$S_{\beta}^1 \times S^{D-1}$$

Codim-1 Symm  $\mathcal{U}$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_{\beta} = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

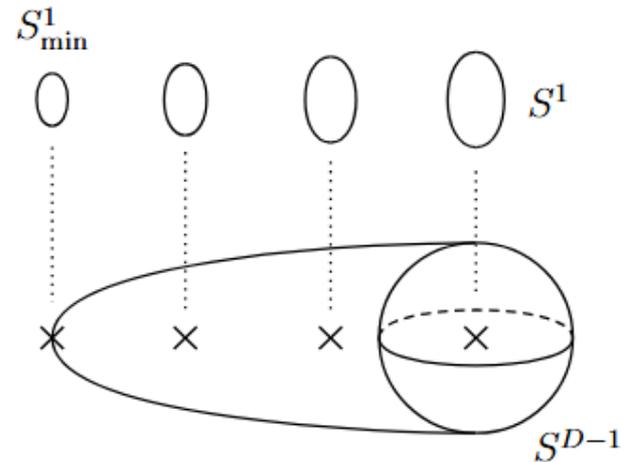
# Gravitational Saddles

Hawking Page '82

Witten '98

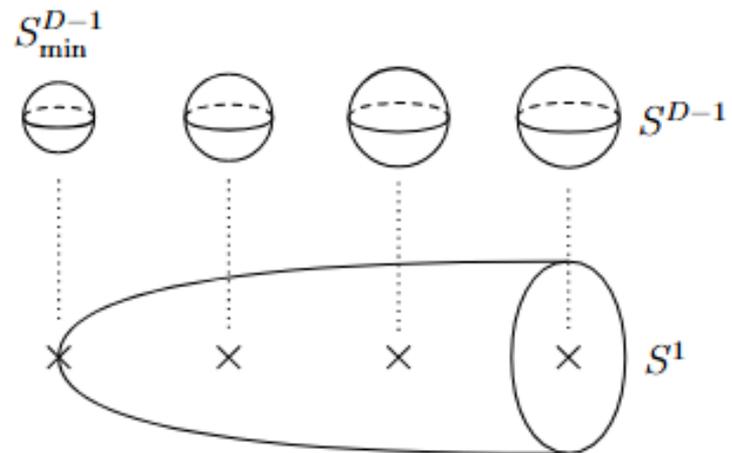
Thermal AdS:

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$



AdS-Schwarzschild:

$$S^{D-1} \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^1)$$



# Gravitational Saddles

Hawking Page '82

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Thermal AdS:

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$

AdS-Schwarzschild:

$$S^{D-1} \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^1)$$

$$\frac{e^{-I_{\text{bh}}}}{e^{-I_{\text{th}}}} = \exp \left( \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \times \frac{r_+^2 - \ell_{\text{AdS}}^2}{Dr_+^2 + (D-2)\ell_{\text{AdS}}^2} \right)$$

# On-Shell Action + $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

Wrap Brane on minimal cycle of  $X_j$ ;

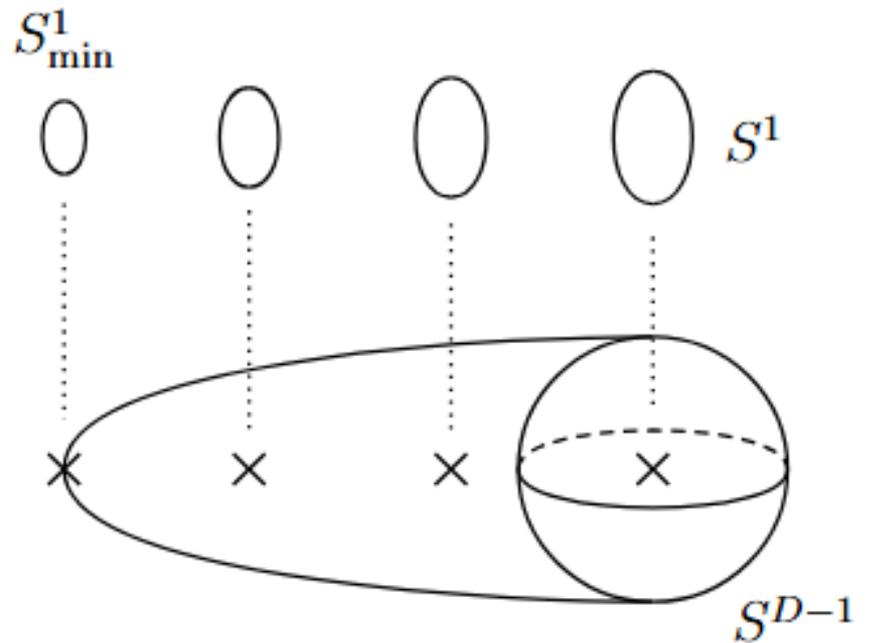
$$\partial X^{(j)} = S_\beta^1 \times S^{D-1}$$

# Thermal AdS

$$S^1 \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^{D-1})$$

$$\text{Vol}(\gamma_{\min}) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-I_{\text{th}}[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]} \simeq e^{-I_{\text{th}}}$$

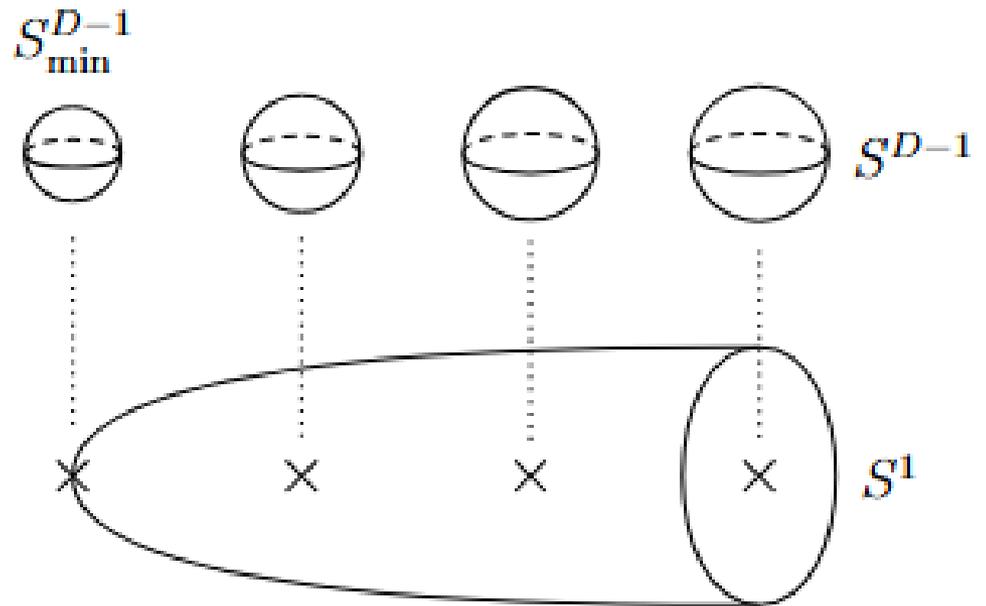


# AdS-Schwarzschild + $\tilde{U}$

$$S^{D-1} \rightarrow \text{Cone}(S^1)$$

$\Rightarrow \tilde{U}$  on outer horizon

$$\text{Vol}(\gamma_{\min}) = \text{Area}(\text{Hor})$$



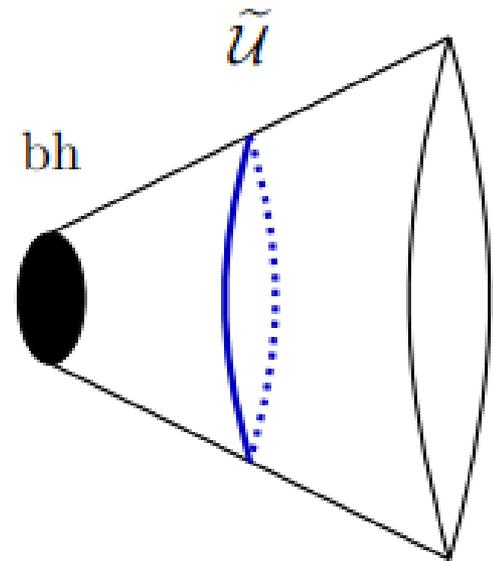
# On-Shell Action + $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$

$$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

$$\frac{e^{-I_{\text{th}}} + e^{-I_{\text{bh}}[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{e^{-I_{\text{th}}} + e^{-I_{\text{bh}}}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

# AdS-Schwarzschild + $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}$ : Probe Approximation

$$\begin{aligned} I_{\text{bh}}[\tilde{\mathcal{U}}] - I_{\text{bh}} &= \frac{\chi}{8\pi G_N} \times \text{Area} \\ &= \frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \end{aligned}$$



Deficit Angle:  $0 \leq \chi < 2\pi$

Bekenstein-Hawking Entropy:  $\mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}$

# Examples

# Symmetries of $\mathcal{N} = 4$ SYM

- Duality / Triality Defects

Constant  $\tau_{\text{IIB}}$   $[p, q]$  7-branes @ infinity

JJH Hübner Torres Zhang Yu '22

- R-symmetries

KK monopoles from metric isometries

Cvetič JJH Hübner Murdia '25

Example:

Duality / Triality Defects

4D  $\mathcal{N} = 4$   $\mathfrak{su}(N)$  SYM

# Duality Defect: $\text{CFT}_4$ Picture

Global Form:  $G = (SU(N)/\mathbb{Z}_K)_m$

$$\tau_{\text{IIB}} = \tau_{\text{YM}} = \frac{4\pi i}{g^2} + \frac{\theta}{2\pi}$$

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Kaidi Ohmori Zheng '21; Choi Cordova Hsin Lam Shao '21;

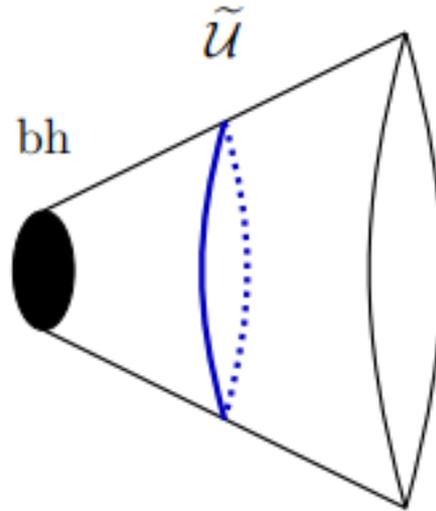
JJH Hübner Torres Yu Zhang '22 + Many...

$$G$$
$$\tau = i$$



$$G' = G$$
$$\tau' = -1/\tau = i$$

# Gravity Picture



Const.  $\tau_{\text{IIB}}$  7-brane on  $S^3 \times S^5 \subset \text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

$$\exp\left(-\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}\right) \simeq \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_{\beta}$$

# Gravity Picture

$\tau_{\text{IIB}}$	Lie Algebra	Kodaira Fiber	7-branes	$\chi$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{e}_8$	$II^*$	$A^7 BC^2$	$10 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/4)$	$\mathfrak{e}_7$	$III^*$	$A^6 BC^2$	$9 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{e}_6$	$IV^*$	$A^5 BC^2$	$8 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{su}_3$	$IV$	$A^3 C$	$4 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/4)$	$\mathfrak{su}_2$	$III$	$A^2 C$	$3 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$
$\exp(2\pi i/6)$	$\mathfrak{su}_1$	$II$	$AC$	$2 \times \frac{2\pi}{12}$

Const.  $\tau_{\text{IIB}}$  7-brane on  $S^3 \times S^5 \subset \text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

$$\exp\left(-\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}\right) \simeq \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_{\beta}$$

Example:

R-Symmetries

4D  $\mathcal{N} = 4$   $su(N)$  SYM

JJH Hübner Murdia '25

JJH Hübner Murdia Cvetič '25

# Isom( $S^5$ ) & R-Symmetries

10D Picture:  $\text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$

Focus on Cartan:  $U(1)^3 \subset SO(6)$

$\text{CFT}_4$ :  $\mathcal{U}_\alpha = \exp(2\pi i(\alpha_1 Q_1 + \alpha_2 Q_2 + \alpha_3 Q_3))$

$\text{AdS}_5$ :  $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_\alpha = \text{KK monopole for } U(1)^3$

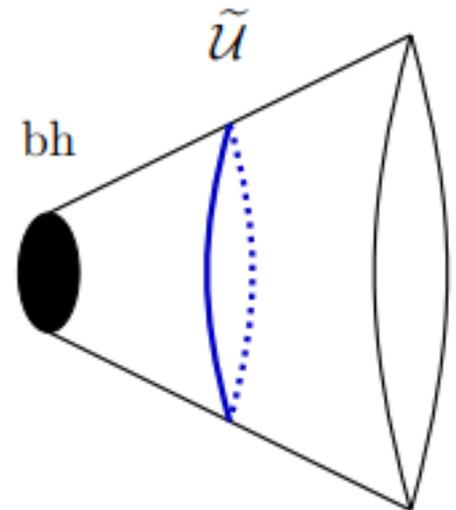
# Tension of $\tilde{\mathcal{U}}_\alpha$

$$\text{Tension: } T = \frac{\chi}{8\pi G_N} = \frac{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3}{4G_N}$$

Arav Gauntlett Jiao Roberts Rosen '24; Bomans Tranchedone '24

Cvetič JJH Hübner Murdia '25

$$e^{-(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3)} \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \simeq \langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_\beta$$



# Cross-Check: 5D BPS Black Holes

JJH Hübner Murdia '25

# Black Holes in AdS<sub>5</sub>

R-charges:  $Q_1, Q_2, Q_3$   
Ang. Momenta:  $J_1, J_2$

Chong Cvetic Lu Pope '04;  
Kunduri Lucietti Reall '05;  
Hosseini Hristov Zaffaroni '17;  
Cabo-Bizet Cassani Martelli Murthy '18;  
Choi Kim Kim Nahmgoong '18;  
Benini Milan '18;  
.....

Entropy Function:  $\Gamma_{\text{crit}} = \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}$  Sen '05  
Hosseini Hristov Zaffaroni '17

$$\Gamma = I - 2\pi i(\sum_a Q_a \varphi_a + \sum_j J_j \omega_j) \\ - 2\pi i \Lambda(\sum_a \varphi_a - \sum_j \omega_j + 1)$$

$$\text{On-Shell Action: } I = -\pi i N^2 \frac{\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \varphi_3}{\omega_1 \omega_2}$$

# CFT<sub>4</sub> Index

R-charges:  $Q_1, Q_2, Q_3$   
Ang. Momenta:  $J_1, J_2$

Cabo-Bizet Cassani Martelli Murthy '18;  
Choi Kim Kim Nahmgoong '18;  
Benini Milan '18;  
.....

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left( 2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \right)$$

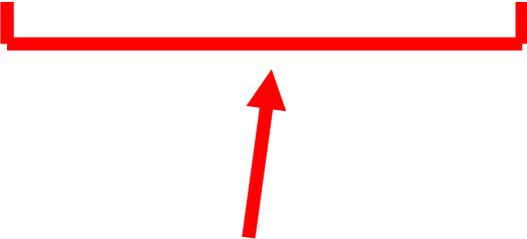
JJH Hübner Murdia '25

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \frac{\text{Tr} \left( (-1)^F e^{-\beta \{ \mathcal{Q}, \bar{\mathcal{Q}} \}} p^{J_1 + \frac{1}{2} R} q^{J_2 + \frac{1}{2} R} y_1^{q_1} y_2^{q_2} \mathcal{U}_\alpha \right)}{\text{Tr} \left( (-1)^F e^{-\beta \{ \mathcal{Q}, \bar{\mathcal{Q}} \}} p^{J_1 + \frac{1}{2} R} q^{J_2 + \frac{1}{2} R} y_1^{q_1} y_2^{q_2} \right)}$$

# CFT<sub>4</sub> Index

R-charges:  $Q_1, Q_2, Q_3$

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$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left( 2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \right)$$


Horizon Wrapping

$$\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \frac{\text{Area}}{4G_N}$$

# CFT<sub>4</sub> Index

R-charges:  $Q_1, Q_2, Q_3$

Ang. Momenta:  $J_1, J_2$

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left( \underbrace{2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a}_{\text{Topological Linking}} - \underbrace{(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}}}_{\text{Horizon Wrapping}} \right)$$

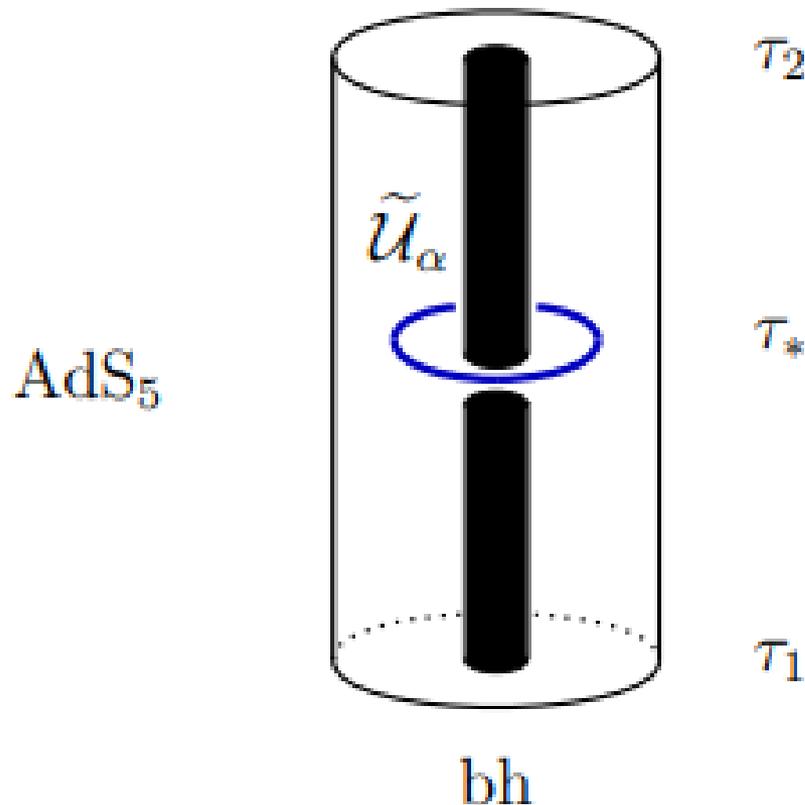
Topological Linking

Horizon Wrapping

$$\frac{\chi}{2\pi} \times \frac{\text{Area}}{4G_N}$$

# Linking / Wrapping

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_{\text{Index}} = \exp \left( 2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \right)$$

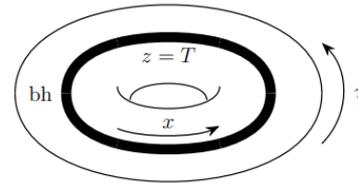
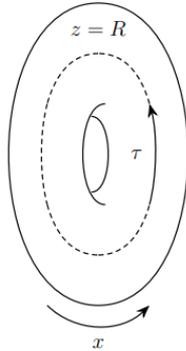


# More Examples

# Further Examples

JJH Hübner Murdia '25

- $\text{AdS}_3 / \text{CFT}_2$



- 4D  $\mathcal{N} = 1$  SCFTs via D3's at  $\text{Cone}(SE_5)$   
Symmetry Ops via wrapped Dp-branes

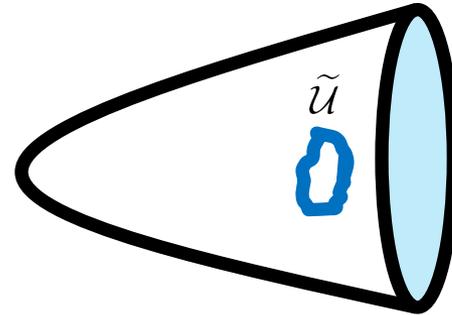
- R-Charged Black Holes

$$\langle \mathcal{U}_\alpha \rangle_\beta = \exp \left( 2\pi i \sum_a \alpha_a Q_a - (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3) \mathcal{S}_{\text{BH}} \right)$$

Summary / Future

# What Was This Talk About?

- Symmetries  $\Rightarrow$  Branes



- $$\frac{\sum_j e^{-I_j [\tilde{\mathcal{U}}]}}{\sum_j e^{-I_j}} = \langle \mathcal{U} \rangle_\beta = \frac{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H} \mathcal{U})}{\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})}$$

- Tensions & Thermal Expectation Values

# Future Directions

- Other gravitational saddles?
- Phase Structure of R-Charged Black Holes?

- Lorentzian Signature?

