HL-LHC: CMS

INFN Trieste in the European Strategy November 20, 2024





Ksenia de Leo for the CMS Trieste group

Centro Nazionale di Ricerca in HPC, **Big Data and Quantum Computing**





Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS)

- General-purpose detector @ LHC
- Different layers of sub-detectors to measure the energy or the trajectory of different particles (electrons, muons, photons, ...)



The CMS experiment

3.8 T solenoid 15 m diameter 28 m length



Trieste in CMS since 2005





The High-Luminosity LHC

searches for new physics



● High-luminosity LHC era (HL-LHC) starting in 2030 → precise measurements of the Standard Model and





The High-Luminosity LHC

- searches for new physics
- Higher integrated luminosity (~4000 fb⁻¹) \rightarrow more statistics \checkmark

- Higher instantaneous luminosity -> more pileup



● High-luminosity LHC era (HL-LHC) starting in 2030 → precise measurements of the Standard Model and



- Increase computing resources
- Improve computing models and software tools
- Speed up simulation and reconstruction





CMS Phase-2 upgrade



he Phase-2 Upgrade of th CMS Tracker

Technical Design Report

Bunch-by-bunch luminosity

Radiation monitoring

DAQ and High-Level Trigger

Full optical readout Heterogeneous architecture 7.5 kHz HLT

Barrel Calorimeters

precise timing for e/γ at 30 GeV

ECAL and HCAL new back-end boards

Muon systems

New GEM/RPC

Extended η coverage

New readout





The Phase-2 Upgrade of the CMS Muon Detectors TECHNICAL DESIGN REPOR







The Phase-2 Upgrade of the CMS Beam Radiation, Instrumentation and Luminosity Detectors Technical Design Report

MTD Precision timing





Pileup @ HL-LHC

- Essential for any physics analysis at HL-LHC
- How? Track-vertex association



Ksenia de Leo

 Higher instantaneous luminosity -> higher number of pileup (PU) interactions <PU>=140-200 • Crucial to isolate interaction of interest and mitigate effects of PU on object reconstruction



~130 pp collisions - recorded by CMS in 2016 during a high PU run





Precision Timing at CMS

- Use timing information to separate vertices that overlap in space
- Modern detector technologies allow ~30 ps time resolution → smaller than the pp collision spread in time of 180-200 ps (longitudinal spread around 5 cm)
- Possible effective separation!
- New detector proposed in 2017





Ksenia de Leo



From 3D to 4D vertex reconstruction → effective PU as in Phase-1





Mip Timing Detector

- Mip Timing Detector (MTD) [<u>CMS MTD Technical Design Report</u> (2019)] to measure time of charged particles
- Placed between tracker and calorimeter
- Almost hermetic coverage with $|\eta| < 3$



BTL

Barrel Timing Layer (BTL)

- LYSO bars + 2 SiPM/bar
- |η| < 1.45, p_T > 0.7 GeV
- Active area ~38 m²

ETL







MTD @ Trieste

software development for the TDR (2019)

Management

- representative in the Institutional Board
- K. de Leo L3 convener of Simulation and Reconstruction in MTD DPG since 2024
- R. Delli Gatti contact person for Validation in MTD DPG since 2024

Software

- Leading role in MTD software development (F. Cossutti, K. de Leo, R. Delli Gatti, M. Casarsa, J. Babbar + in the past G. Sorrentino)
- Essential contributions to geometry, simulation and reconstruction up to high level

Ksenia de Leo

• Trieste group heavily involved in the MTD project since the beginning in 2017, contribution to

• F. Cossutti L2 convener of MTD DPG (Detector Performance group) since 2020 & Trieste group

Hardware

- Participation in BTL test beams @ CERN
- Forthcoming involvement in BTL

assembly @ Milano Bicocca





4D vertex reconstruction

- 4D vertexing important for **pileup rejection**
 - crucial for object reconstruction in HL-LHC
 - primary goal of MTD
- mass hypothesis
- Same vertex constrain provides hypothesis discrimination



- Actively exploring new strategies with **machine learning** techniques

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Trieste group involved in recent **improvement** in **4D vertex** algorithm (<u>CMS-DP/2024-085</u>)



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The group

- Stefano Belforte
- Post-docs: Ksenia de Leo, Jyoti Babbar
- PhD students: Raffaele Delli Gatti, Carlo Giraldin

Data analysis

- High precision measurements of the Standard Model with W/Z bosons
- Searches for new physics

Advanced statistical methods and data analysis with ROOT, C++, python and machine learning techniques: DNN, GNN, tensorflow, PyTorch, Keras, ONNX, ...



Staff members: Giuseppe Della Ricca, Fabio Cossutti, Vieri Candelise, Massimo Casarsa,

MTD

- Studies of **new detectors** for the CMS upgrade: MTD (MIP Timing Detector)
- Heavy involvement in software

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