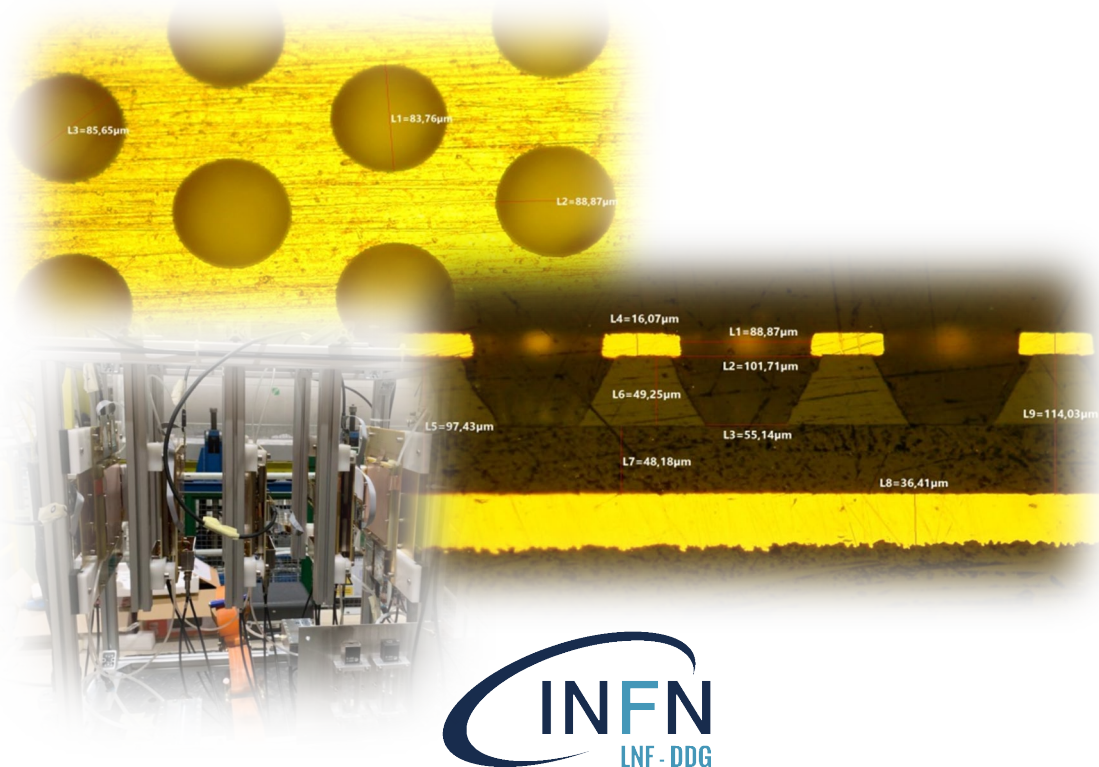


Status of μ -RWELL for FCC_ee: Pre-shower & Muon system



Marco Poli Lener
on behalf of Bo, Fe, LNF, To

IDEA → μ -RWELL for pre-shower and muon apparatus

The **IDEA detector** is a general purpose detector designed for experiments at future e^+e^- colliders. **Pre-shower detector** and the Muon system are designed to be instrumented with μ -RWELL technology.

Pre-shower & Muon requirements:

Tiles: 50x50 cm² with X-Y readout

Efficiency $\geq 98\%$

Space resolution $\leq 100 \mu\text{m}$ (Pre-shower)

$\leq 400 \mu\text{m}$ (Muon)

Particle Flux $< \text{Hz}/\text{cm}^2$ (Pre-shower)

$< 1\text{kHz}/\text{cm}^2$ (Muon)

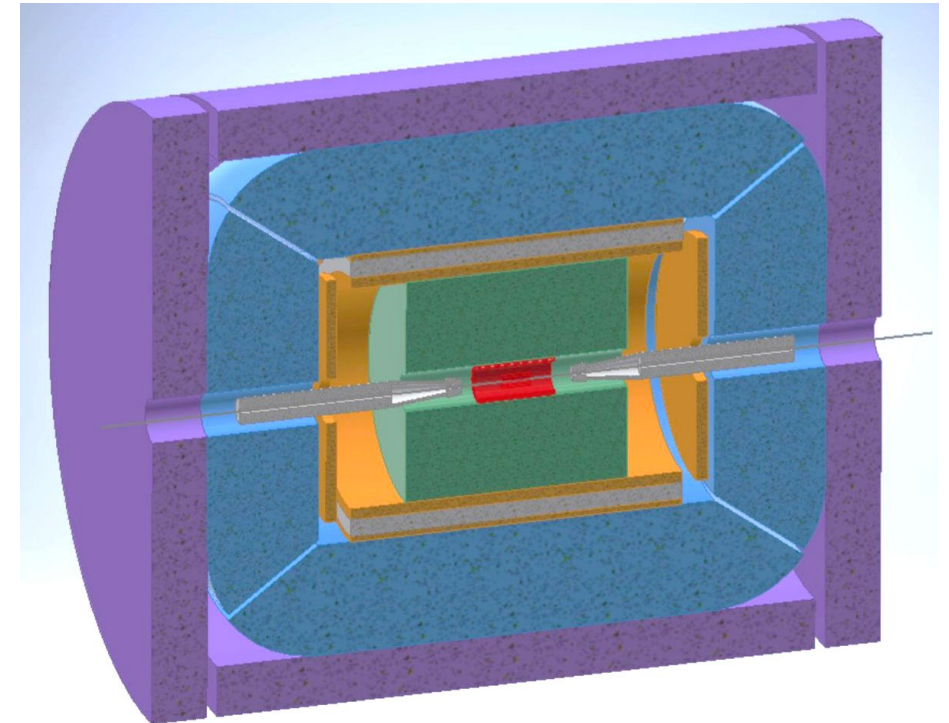
Instrumented Surface/FEE:

130 m², 520 det., 3×10^5 ch. (0.4 mm strip pitch)

1500 m², 6000 det., 5×10^6 ch. (1.2 mm strip pitch)

Mass production → Technology Transfer to Industry

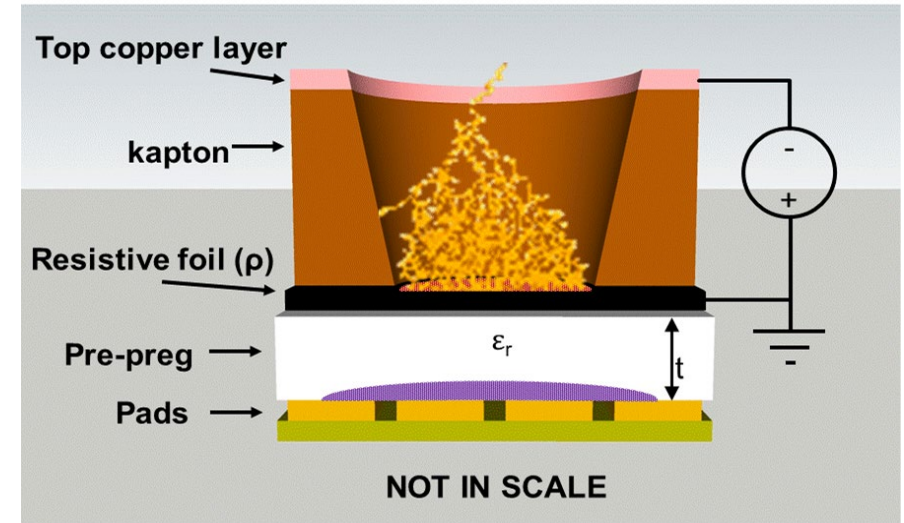
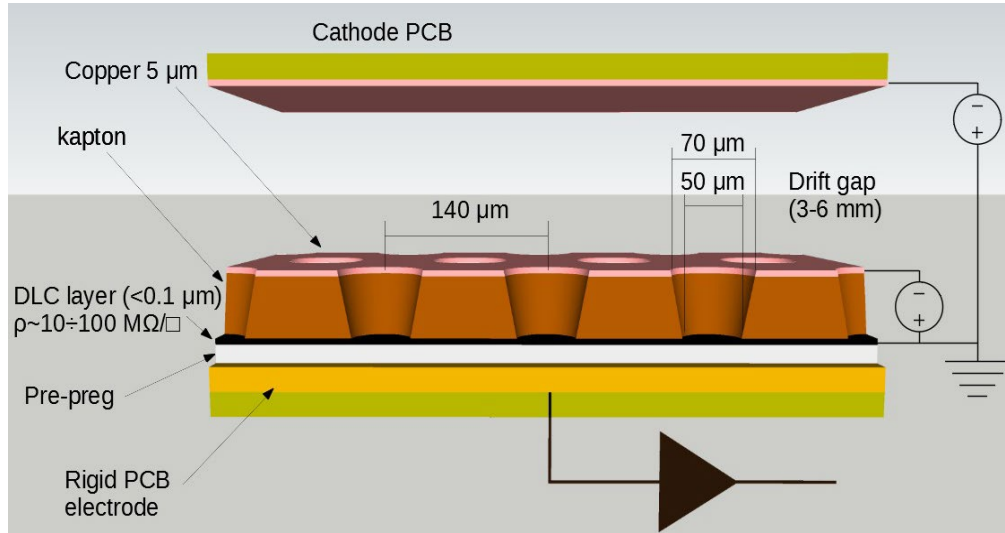
FEE Cost reduction → custom made ASIC (TIGER,



Italian Institute involved: Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Bologna, Ferrara, Torino

The μ -RWELL

G. Bencivenni et al., *The micro-Resistive WELL detector: a compact spark-protected single amplification-stage MPGD*, 2015 JINST 10 P02008



The μ -RWELL is a **resistive MPGD** composed of two elements:

- **Cathode**
- **μ -RWELL_PCB:**
 - a **WELL** patterned **kapton foil** (w/**Cu-layer on top**) acting as **amplification stage**
 - a **resistive DLC layer**^(*) w/ $\rho \sim 10\text{--}100 \text{ M}\Omega/\square$
 - a standard **readout PCB** with **pad/strip** segmentation

^(*) DLC foils are currently provided by the Japan Company – BeSputter

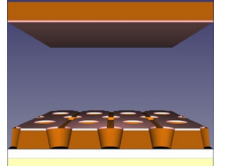
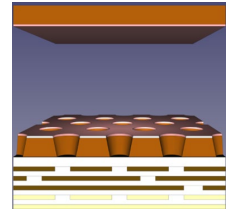
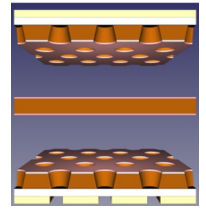
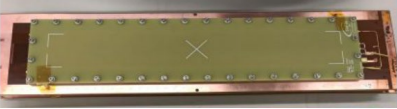
The “**WELL**” acts as a **multiplication channel** for the ionization produced in the drift gas gap.

The **resistive stage** ensures the **spark amplitude quenching**. **Drawback:** capability to stand high particle fluxes reduced, but **largely recovered** with appropriate **grounding schemes** of the **resistive layer**

u-RWELL R&D History

1D Layout optimization

2D layouts optimization

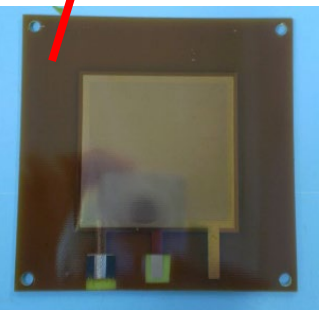
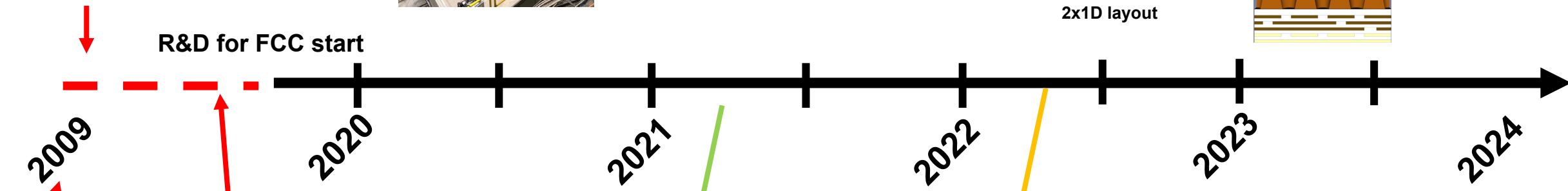


2x1D layout

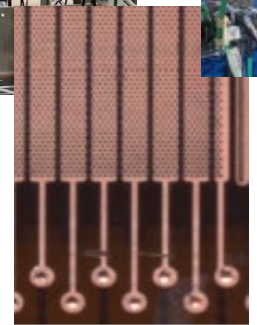
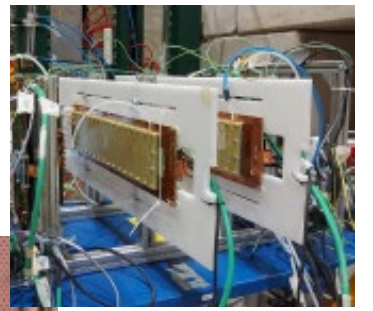
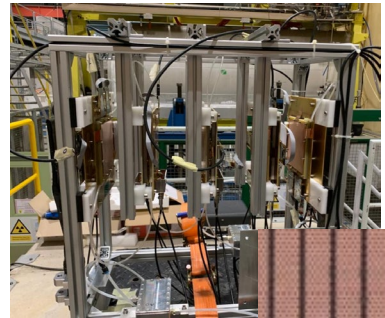
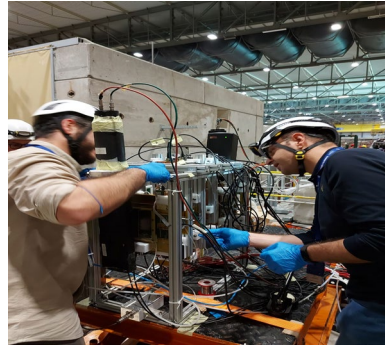
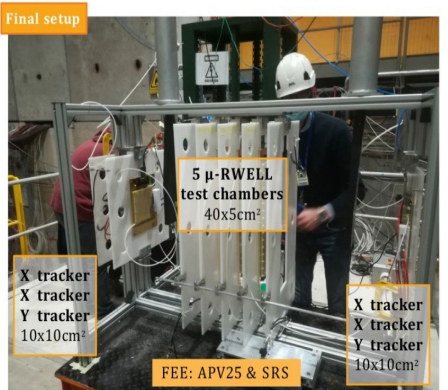
Capacitive Sharing layout

TOP layout

New u-RWELL ideas
(in collaboration
with RD51)



IDEA slice test:
DC + pre-shower +
dual_calor + muon



Layout 1D optimization

R&D for FCC: 1D R/out

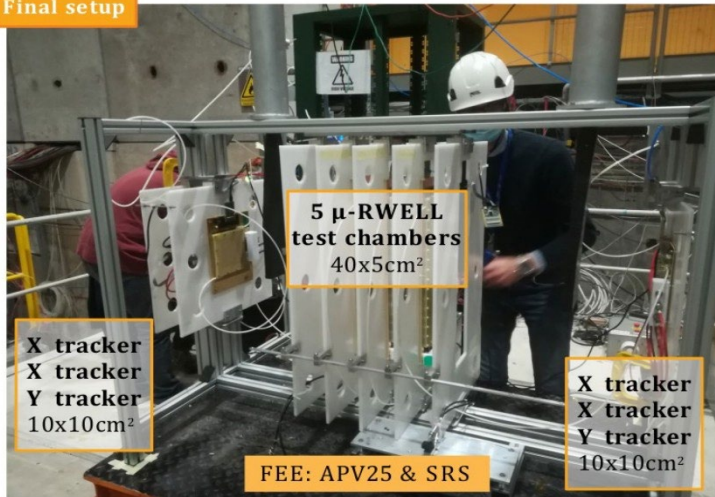
TB with DC + pre-shower + CALO+

↓ Muon

2020

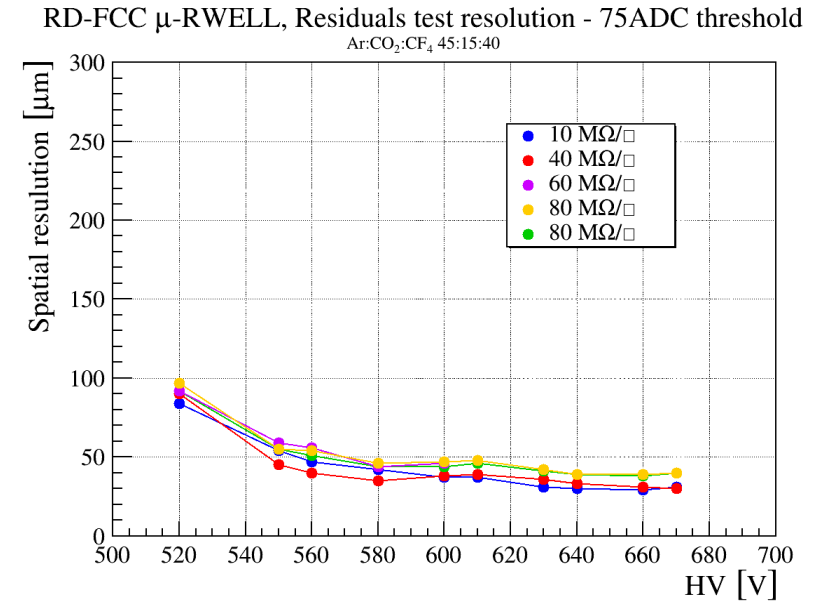
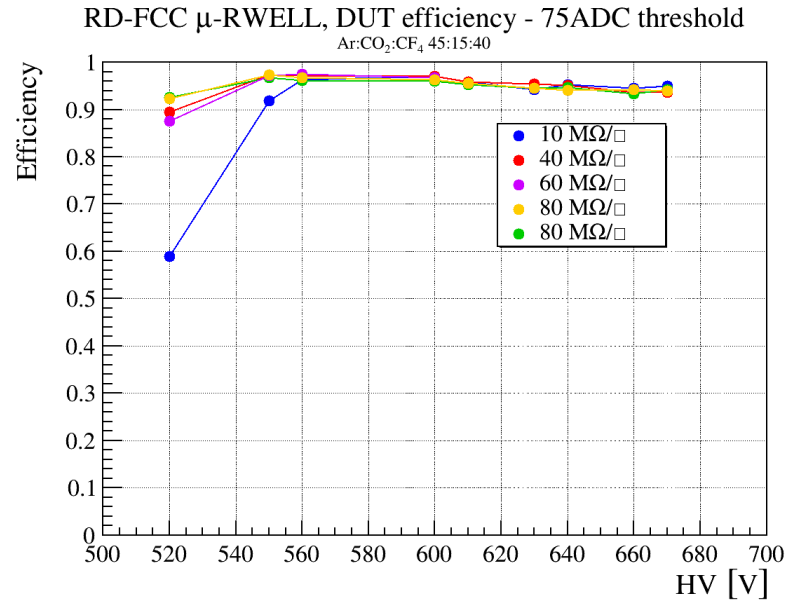
2021

Final setup



Active area= 400x50 mm²
 Pre-preg thickness= 50 μm
 Resistivity= 10 ÷80 MΩ/□
 Strip pitch= 0.4 mm
 Strip width = 0.150 mm
 Ratio p/w= 2.66

Resistivity Scan @ fixed pitch

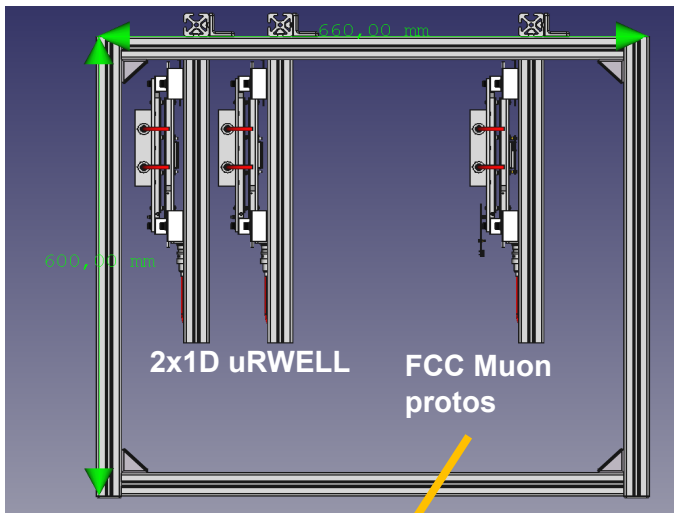


Same performance except the 10 MΩ/□ proto
 Efficiency knee @ 550 V, $\sigma_x < 100 \mu\text{m}$

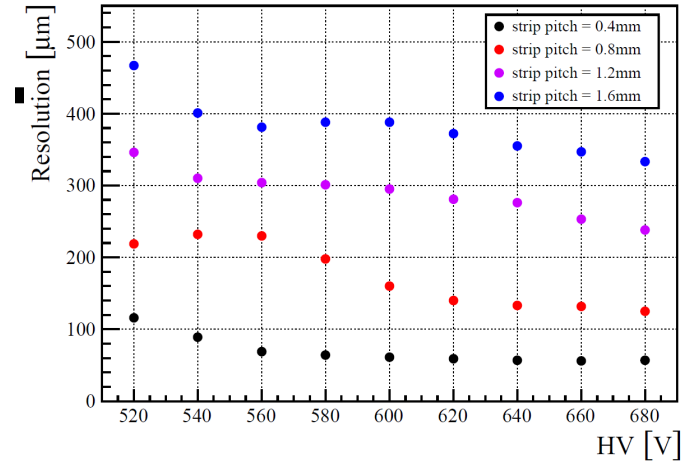
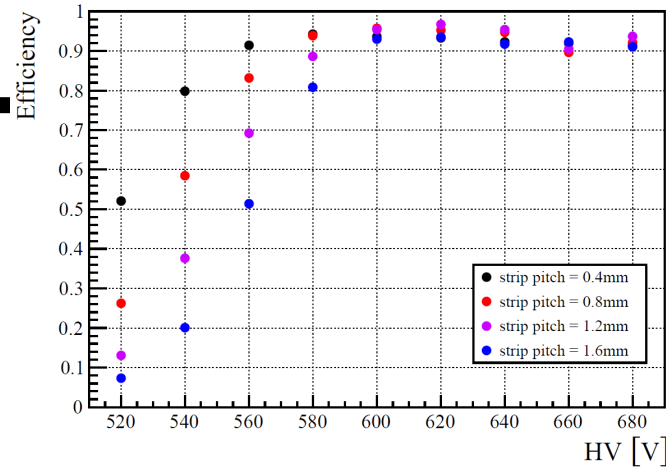
R&D for FCC: 1D R/out

R/O pitch scan @ fixed resistivity

2022



Active area= 400x50 mm²
 Pre-preg thickness= 50 μm
 Resistivity= 30 MΩ/□
 Strip pitch= 0.4-1.6 mm
 Strip width = 0.15 mm
 p/w ratio= 2.66 – 10.66



Larger is the strip pitch, lower is the charge signal requiring a higher gain to reach full efficiency.

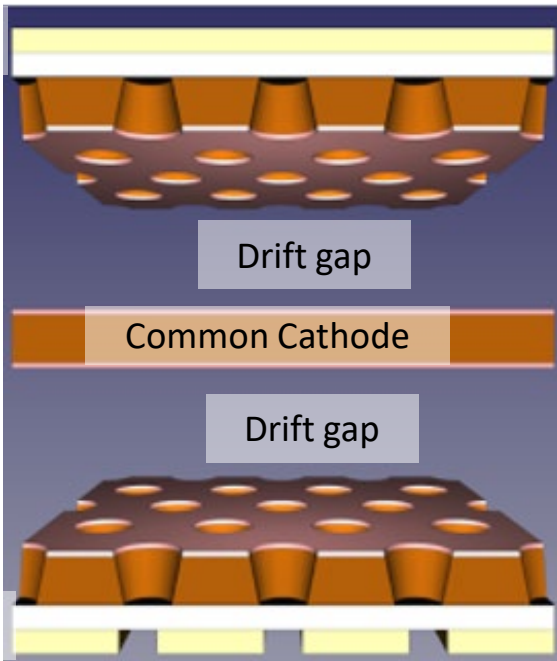
Efficiency knee @ 600 V & $\sigma_x < 400 \mu\text{m}$ for a strip pitch = 1.6 mm
A high p/w ratio implies a worsening of the detector performance

Layout 2D optimization

TB Analysis finalization -2D layouts – 10x10 cm²

n.2 μ -RWELL 1D [2x1D]

Y-strips



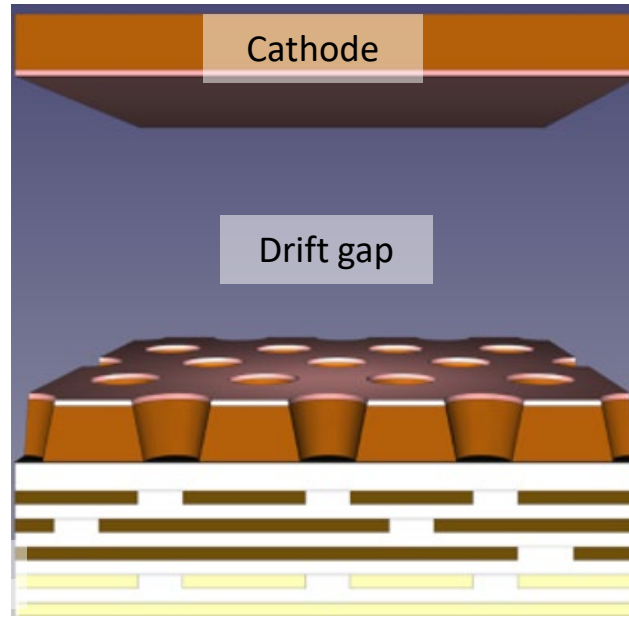
X-strips

- Lower gas gain w.r.t. the “COMPASS R/O” (X / Y are not sharing any charge)
- Tested @ TB2022

Capacitive Sharing [*]

[*] K. Gnanvo et al., NIM A 1047 (2023) 167782

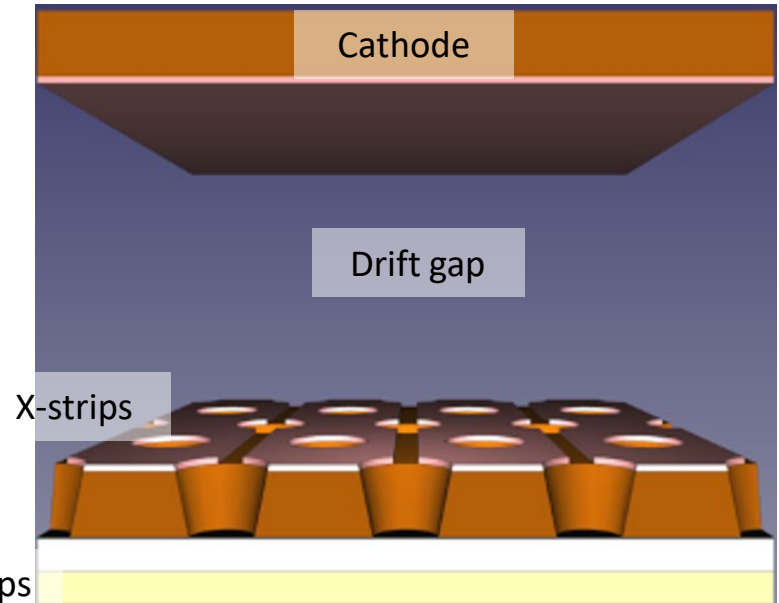
X-strips
Y-strips



- Stack of layers of pad
- Reduce the FEE channels
- The charge is divided between X and Y → Higher gas gain required w.r.t. 1D
- Tested @ TB2023

Top R/O

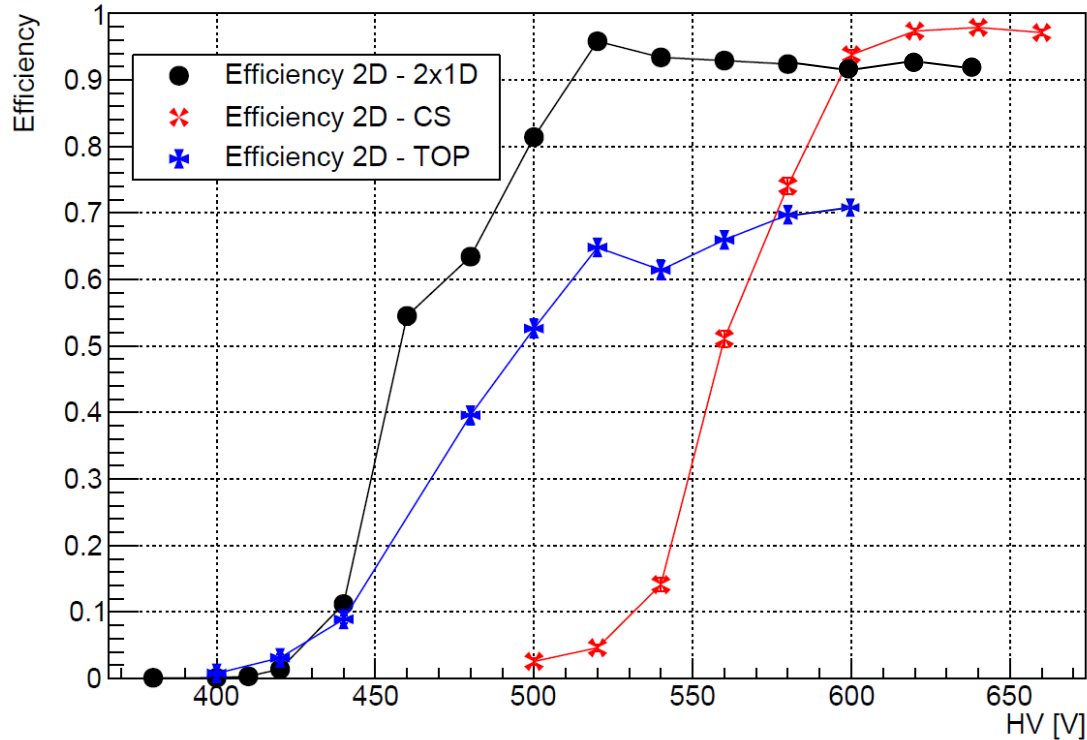
Y-strips



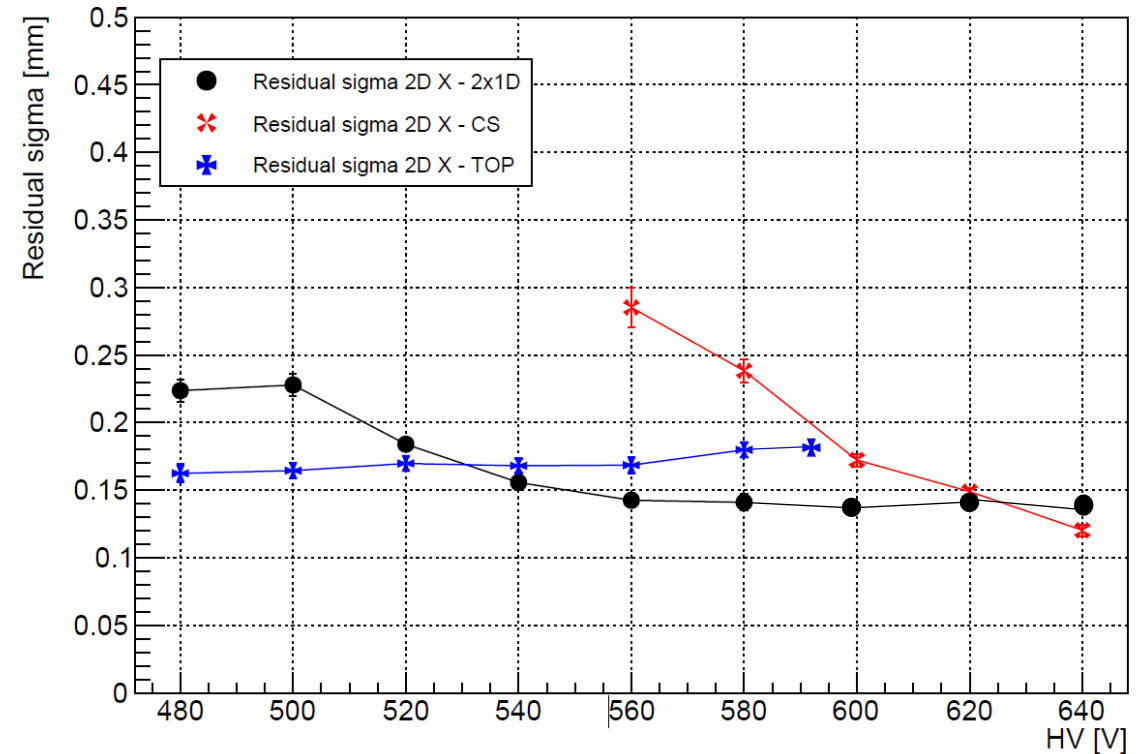
- Lower gas gain w.r.t. the “COMPASS R/O” (X / Y are not sharing any charge)
- The “Top” coordinate introduces dead zone in the active area
- Tested @ TB 2023

TB Analysis finalization -2D layouts

2D layouts – 10x10 cm²



2D layouts – 10x10 cm²



The results of TB-22-23, where the 2D layouts have been compared, giving the following results:

2x1D layout: spatial resolution < 200um (pitch 0.8 mm), low voltage operating point ~520V, efficiency ≥98% (large eff. plateau)

CS layout: spatial resolution <200um (with pitch 1.2 mm), very high voltage operating point, ≥ 600V, efficiency ≥98%

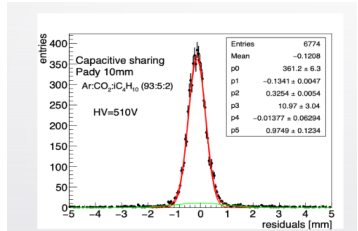
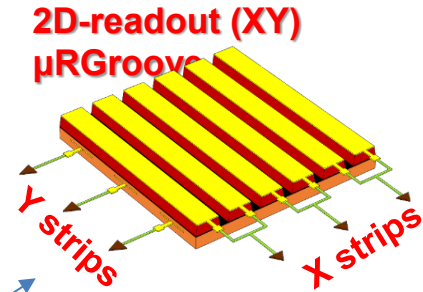
Top layout: spatial resolution < 200um (pitch 0.8 mm), low voltage operating point ~520V, efficiency ~ 70% (dead-zone)

R&D program 2024

The production of the 2023 & 2024 layouts has been delayed due to the increased workload at the Rui's workshop

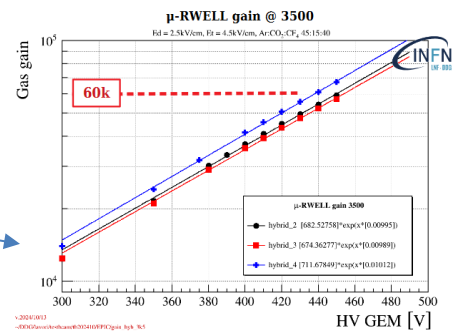
Solutions under study:

- 1. μ -RWELL pitch optimization** → This study was done with GEM detectors but never with μ RWELL → well pitch from 140 μ m to 90 μ m with an increase in gain of about a factor of 2. **Designed at the beginning of 2024 & detector delivery in Sept. 2024.**
- 2. Micro-RGroove layout** → new layout, where the amplification stage is not based on the «wells» but on the «grooves». This facilitates the realization of the strip readout on the top, without introducing dead-zones (introduced by Z. Yi in RD51). **Designed at the end of 2023 & detector delivery in Sept. 2024.**
- 3. CS layout with pad** → new layout, where the readout PCB is not segmented in strips but with pad. This choice allows to collect all the charge on a single readout electrode with a small increase of FFE channels (30%). With pad of few cm² a spatial resolution of \sim 300 μ m has been achieved (introduced by M. Iodice in RD51). **Designed in Sept. 2024.**
- 4. Hybrid CS** → CS + GEM pre-amplification stage, to lower the operating point, greatly improving the RWELL stability and maintaining high spatial performance with millimetric pitches.



large pad resolution \sim 320 μ m
→ factor 1/30 of the pad size

M. Iodice



Call for interest

μ -RWELL

- R&D is on going to optimize the detector layout for FCC_ee. LNF responsible for R&D.
- Considering the huge construction effort, the detector production will be shared among several institute. Collaboration is welcome.

Front-end Electronics & Off-detector

- New chip is needed for this technology. Bo/To responsible for the R&D. Collaboration is welcome.

Software

- Simulation, reconstruction and software is needed. Bo/Fe responsible for the simulation. Collaboration is welcome.

There are multiple options to contribute, with the possibility of leading contributions in many areas.

Call for interest

μ -RWELL

- R&D is on going to optimize the detector layout for FCC_ee. LNF responsible for R&D.
- Considering the huge construction effort, the detector production will be shared among several institute. Collaboration is welcome.

Front-end Electronics & Off-detector

- New chip is needed for this technology. Bo/To responsible for the R&D. Collaboration is welcome.

Software

- Simulation, reconstruction and software is needed. Bo/Fe responsible for the simulation. Collaboration is welcome.

There are multiple options to contribute, with the possibility of leading contributions in many areas.

Thanks for your attention