



European Strategy for Particle Physics: input from LHCb



The full exploitation of LHC potential for flavour physics received strong support in the Update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics in 2020

Flavor physics all around the world



BSM Physics can be discovered in complementary approaches



The full exploitation of LHC potential for flavour physics received strong support in the Update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics in 2020







LHCb towards Upgrade II:

Run 1-2	9 fb-1
Run 3-4	50 fb-1
Run 5-6	≥300 fb ⁻¹

LHCb



Scoping document currently under LHCC review, aiming at approval in 2025





The Upgrade II LHCb Physics case

				ANNO1244244244244244244	6. C
Observable	Current LHCb	LHCb 2025	Belle II	Upgrade II	
$ \begin{array}{l} {\color{black} \underline{\mathbf{EW \ Penguins}} \\ \overline{R_K \ (1 < q^2 < 6 \ \mathrm{GeV^2}c^4)} \\ R_{K^\star} \ (1 < q^2 < 6 \ \mathrm{GeV^2}c^4) \\ R_\phi, \ R_{pK}, \ R_\pi \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c} 0.1 & 274 \\ 0.1 & 275 \\ \end{array}$	0.025 0.031 0.08, 0.06, 0.18	0.036 0.032 -	$\begin{array}{c} 0.007 \\ 0.008 \\ 0.02, 0.02, 0.05 \end{array}$	·
$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\operatorname{CKM \ tests}} \\ \gamma, \ \text{with} \ B^0_s \to D^+_s K^- \\ \gamma, \ \text{all modes} \\ \sin 2\beta, \ \text{with} \ B^0 \to J/\psi K^0_s \\ \phi_s, \ \text{with} \ B^0_s \to J/\psi \phi \\ \phi_s, \ \text{with} \ B^0_s \to D^+_s D^s \\ \phi^{s\bar{s}s}_s, \ \text{with} \ B^0_s \to \phi \phi \\ a^s_{\rm sl} \\ V_{ub} / V_{cb} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} (^{+17}_{-22})^{\circ} & \boxed{136} \\ \hline 3° & \boxed{167} \\ \hline 0.013 & \boxed{609} \\ \hline 20 mrsd & \boxed{44} \\ \hline 170 mrad & \boxed{49} \\ \hline 154 mrad & \boxed{94} \\ \hline 33×10^{-4} & \boxed{211} \\ \hline 6% & \boxed{201} \end{array}$	4° 1.5° 0.011 14 mrad 35 mrad 39 mrad 10 × 10 ⁻⁴ 3%		1° 0.35° 0.003 4 mrad 9 mrad 11 mrad 3×10^{-4} 1%	CERN-LHCC-2018-027 sdits for current LHCb
$ \begin{array}{l} \displaystyle \frac{B^0_s,B^0\!\rightarrow\!\mu^+\mu^-}{\mathcal{B}(B^0\rightarrow\mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B^0_s\rightarrow\mu^+\mu^-)} \\ \displaystyle \frac{\tau_{B^0_s\rightarrow\mu^+\mu^-}}{S_{\mu\mu}} \end{array} $	90% [264] 22% [264]	34% 8%	- - -	10% 2% 0.2	From With some
$\frac{b \rightarrow c \ell^- \bar{\nu_l} \text{ LUV studies}}{R(D^*)} \\ R(J/\psi)$	$\begin{array}{c c} 0.026 & [215, 217] \\ \hline 0.24 & [220] \end{array}$	0.0072 0.071	0.005	0.002 0.02	
$\label{eq:charm} \begin{split} & \underline{\operatorname{Charm}} \\ & \underline{\Delta}A_{CP}(KK-\pi\pi) \\ & A_{\Gamma} \ (\approx x \sin \phi) \\ & x \sin \phi \ \text{from} \ D^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^- \\ & x \sin \phi \ \text{from multibody decays} \end{split}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.9 \times 10^{-4} \\ 2.8 \times 10^{-4} \\ 13 \times 10^{-4} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 613 \\ 240 \\ 228 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.7\times 10^{-4}\\ 4.3\times 10^{-5}\\ 3.2\times 10^{-4}\\ (K3\pi) \ 4.0\times 10^{-5} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5.4 \times 10^{-4} \\ 3.5 \times 10^{-4} \\ 4.6 \times 10^{-4} \\ (K_{\rm s}^0 \pi \pi) \ 1.2 \times 10^{-4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.0\times 10^{-5}\\ 1.0\times 10^{-5}\\ 8.0\times 10^{-5}\\ (K3\pi) \ 8.0\times 10^{-6}\end{array}$	

Increased precision in flavour physics \Rightarrow indirect probe for NP at high energy scales



The Upgrade II LHCb Physics case: some examples



Unique capability to reach required 10⁻⁵ precision for the understanding of CP violation in charm sector







The Upgrade II LHCb Physics case

				ANNO 101 AN 2010 AN 2010 AN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	
Observable	Current LHCb	LHCb 2025	Belle II	Upgrade II	
$ \begin{array}{l} {\color{red} {\bf EW \ Penguins} \\ \hline R_K \ (1 < q^2 < 6 \ {\rm GeV}^2 c^4) \\ R_{K^*} \ (1 < q^2 < 6 \ {\rm GeV}^2 c^4) \\ R_{\phi}, \ R_{pK}, \ R_{\pi} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 0.1 \\ 0.1 \\ 275 \\ \end{array}$	0.025 0.031 0.08, 0.06, 0.18	0.036 0.032 -	$\begin{array}{c} 0.007 \\ 0.008 \\ 0.02, 0.02, 0.05 \end{array}$,
$\frac{\mathbf{CKM \text{ tests}}}{\gamma, \text{ with } B_s^0 \to D_s^+ K^-}$ $\gamma, \text{ all modes}$ $\sin 2\beta, \text{ with } B^0 \to J/\psi K_s^0$ $\phi_s, \text{ with } B_s^0 \to J/\psi \phi$ $\phi_s, \text{ with } B_s^0 \to D_s^+ D_s^ \phi_s^{sis}, \text{ with } B_s^0 \to \phi \phi$ a_{sl}^s $ V_{ub} / V_{cb} $ $B_s^0 = B_s^0 \to \mu^+ \mu^-$	$\begin{array}{c c} (^{+17}_{-22})^\circ & \boxed{136} \\ \hline s^* & \boxed{167} \\ \hline 0.013 & \boxed{609} \\ \hline 20 \text{ mrsd} & \boxed{44} \\ 170 \text{ mrad} & \boxed{49} \\ 154 \text{ mrad} & \boxed{94} \\ 33 \times 10^{-4} & \boxed{211} \\ 6\% & \boxed{201} \end{array}$	4° 1.5° 0.011 14 mrad 35 mrad 39 mrad 10 × 10 ⁻⁴ 3%	_ 1.5° 0.005 _ _ _ _ _ 1%	1° 0.35° 0.003 4 mrad 9 mrad 11 mrad 3 × 10 ⁻⁴ 1%	1 CERN-LHCC-2018-027 edits for current LHCb
$\frac{B_s, B^- \to \mu^+ \mu^-}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \to \mu^+ \mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B^0_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-)}$ $\tau_{B^0_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-}$ $S_{\mu\mu}$) 90% [264] 22% [264]	34% 8%	- - -	10% 2% 0.2	From With some
$\frac{b \rightarrow c \ell^- \bar{\nu_l} \text{ LUV studies}}{R(D^*)} \\ R(J/\psi)$	$\begin{array}{c c} 0.026 & \boxed{215}, \boxed{217} \\ 0.24 & \boxed{220} \end{array}$	0.0072 0.071	0.005 _	0.002 0.02	
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Need efficiency tracking, robust

reconstruction of decay vertices,

excellent charged hadrons, leptons ID





The Upgrade II detector





The Upgrade II detector





The Upgrade II detector



Key ingredients:

<u>LHCD</u>

- Higher rate capability
- Increased granularity
- Improved time resolution
- Better radiation hardness







"Problem" complexity with no timing per track "Problem" complexity with 20ps/track resolution



Time resolution ~ tens of ps



The Upgrade II detector



Technologies under R&D – INFN

- PicoCal
- RICH

LHCD

- MUON detector
- VELO with timing
- RETINA





The Upgrade II detector



Technologies under R&D – INFN

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μ RWELL technology for HL-LHC



The micro-Resistive WELL detector: a compact sparkprotected single amplification-stage MPGD Bencivenni et al 2015 JINST 10 P02008

µ-RWELL detector requirements

- Rate up to 1 MHz/cm² on detector single gap
- Rate up to 700 kHz per electronic channel
- Efficiency (4 gaps) > 98% in the single bunch-crossing (25 ns)
- Stability up to 1C/cm² accumulated charge in 10y in M2R1, G=4000



90 m² detector surface (regions R1-R2)





μRWELL technology for HL-LHC

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Performance:

- gas gain up to 10⁴
- rate capability(@ 90% drop) > 10 MHz/cm²



m.i.p. Flux [Hz/cm2]





μRWELL technology for HL-LHC



DLC grounding by conductive DOT Pad R/O = 9×9 mm² Grounding: - pitch = 9mm - rim = 1.3mm



→ 97% geometric acceptance





Performance:

- gas gain up to 10⁴
- rate capability(@ 90% drop) > 10 MHz/cm²

Efficiency along XY expected for LHCb DOT 1 pos 34 7 7.5 3.5 6.5 4 4.5 5 . 5 6 X pos. (cm) 98 % average 0.8 0.6 LINKING A DURING 111.3 242.7 600 V 4933 1000770 157.4 4 129.7 Solid (continue) 0.4 0.2 THR FEE ~1.5 fC 0

5

5.2

5.4

4.6

4.8





μRWELL technology for HL-LHC



Need for eco-gas studies

μRWELL detectors currenly operated with Ar/CO₂/**CF**₄ (45/15/**40**)

Up to now, CF₄ crucial for the time performance of the detector: possible replacements? See Alessandra's talk





- LHCb Upgrade II currently under discussion
- Excellent performance expected in many channels relevant for BSM physics
- Several R&D activities in progress within LHCb-INFN community:
 - possible future interest beyond HL-LHC
 - R&D @ Bari
 - development of fast sensitive electronics
 - studies of eco-friendly gas mixtures