

The future of cosmological inference

Alessio
Spurio Mancini

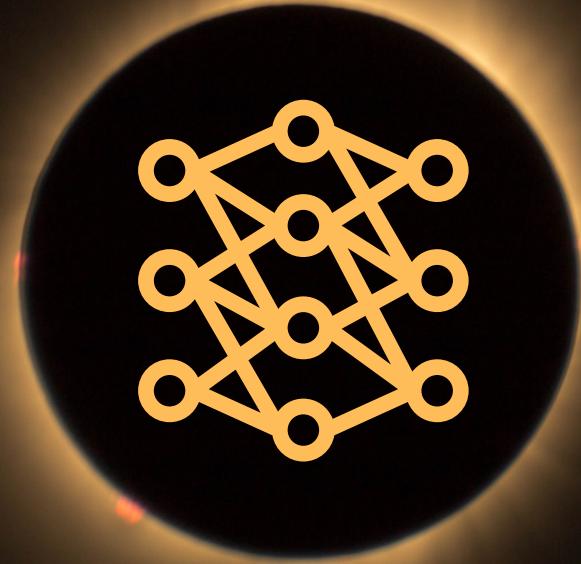


Challenges for cosmological inference

- Accelerating parameter estimation
- Beyond LCDM modelling
- Systematics modelling
- Beyond 2pt statistics

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COSMOPOWER

MACHINE LEARNING-ACCELERATED
BAYESIAN INFERENCE

The future of cosmological inference

- Emulation
- Differentiable and probabilistic programming
- Gradient-based sampling
- Model selection decoupled from sampling

The future of cosmological inference

Piras, Polanska, Price, **ASM**, McEwen 24

- Emulation



COSMOPOWER-JAX
(Piras & **ASM** 23)

- Differentiable and probabilistic programming



JAX (Bradbury+ 18)



NUMPYRO (Phan+ 19)

- Gradient-based sampling

NUTS (Hoffman+ 14)

- Model selection decoupled from sampling



HARMONIC
(Polanska, Price, Piras,
ASM, McEwen 24)

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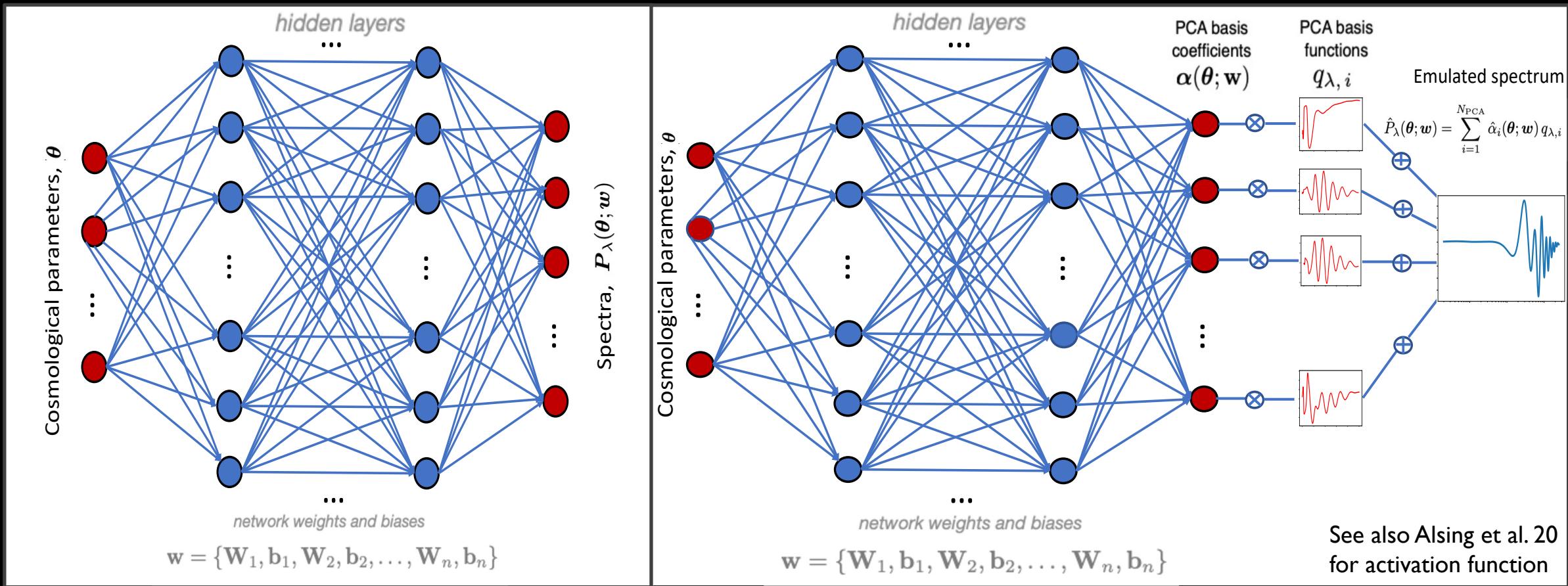


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HARMONIC
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COSMOPOWER

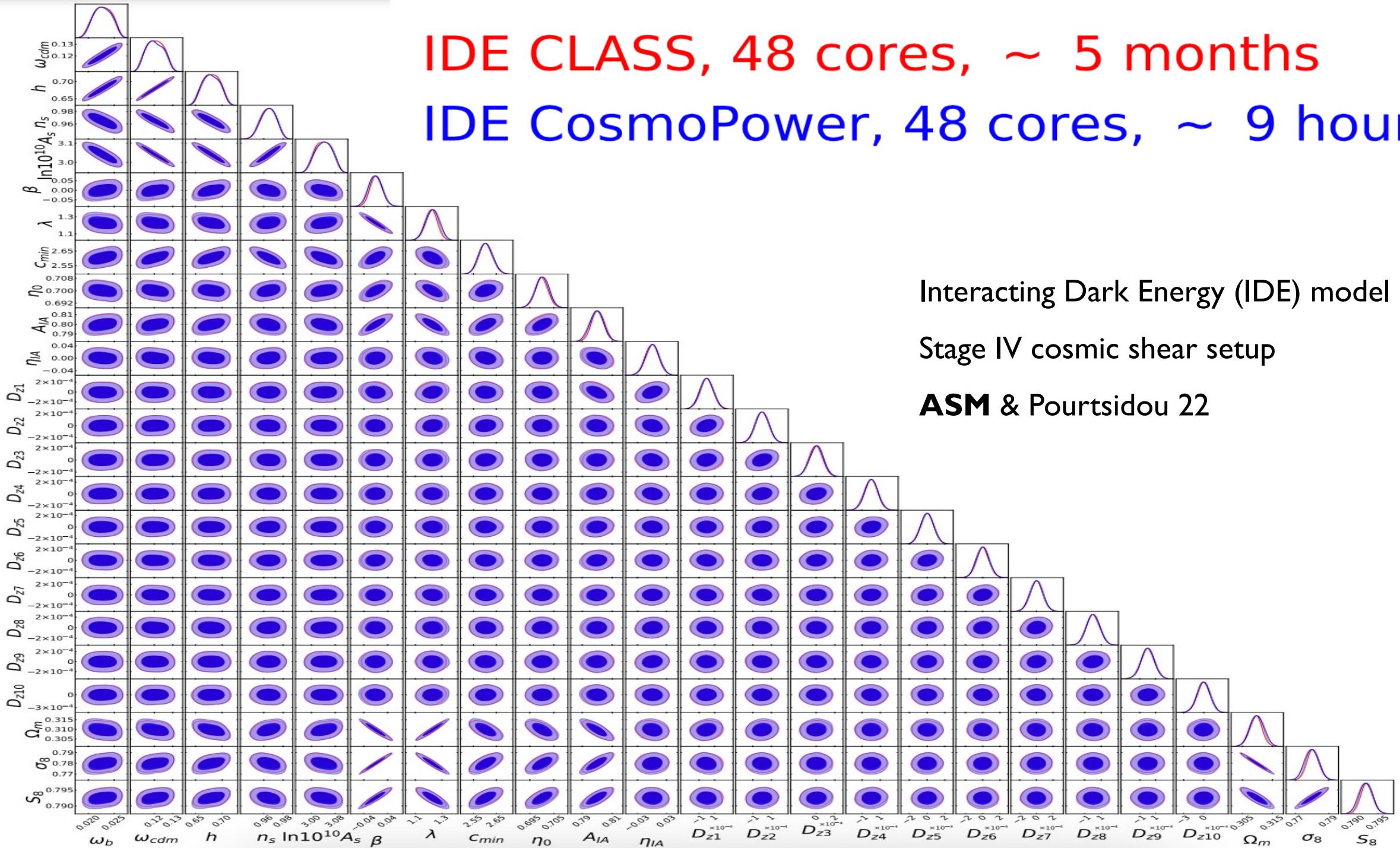
ASM+ 22



alessiospuriomancini/cosmopower

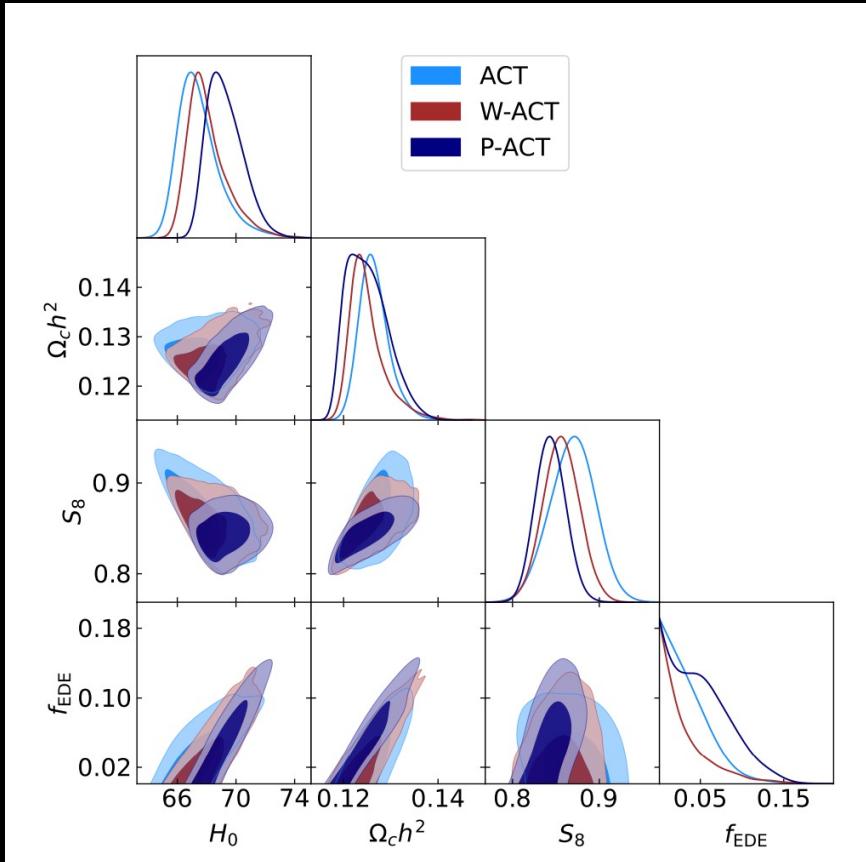
IDE CLASS, 48 cores, \sim 5 months

IDE CosmoPower, 48 cores, \sim 9 hours

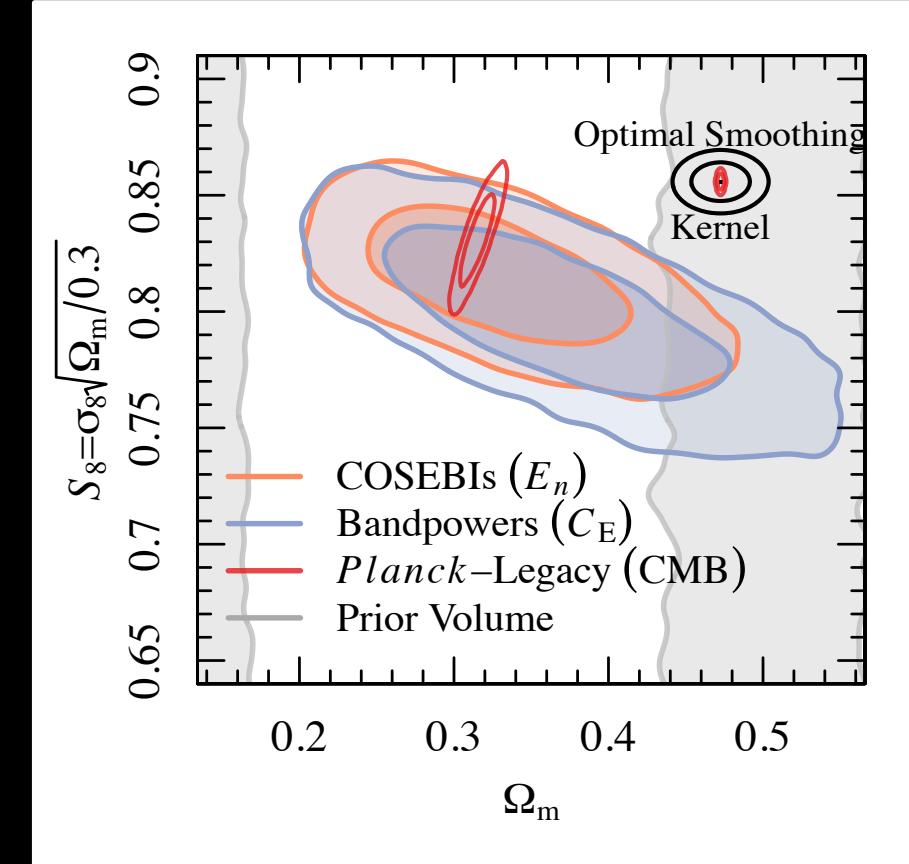


Interacting Dark Energy (IDE) model
Stage IV cosmic shear setup
ASM & Poutsidou 22

Hot off the press: COSMOPOWER in action

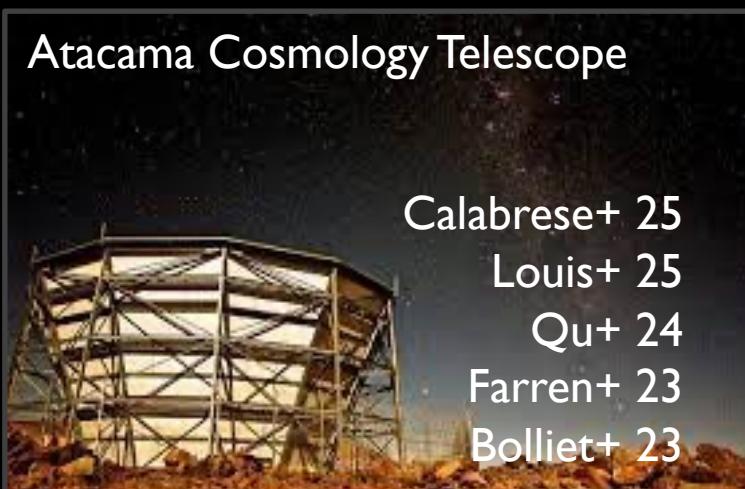
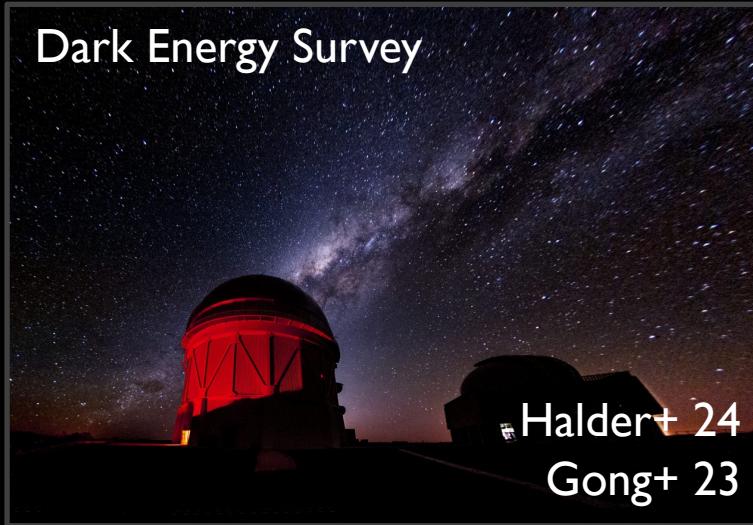
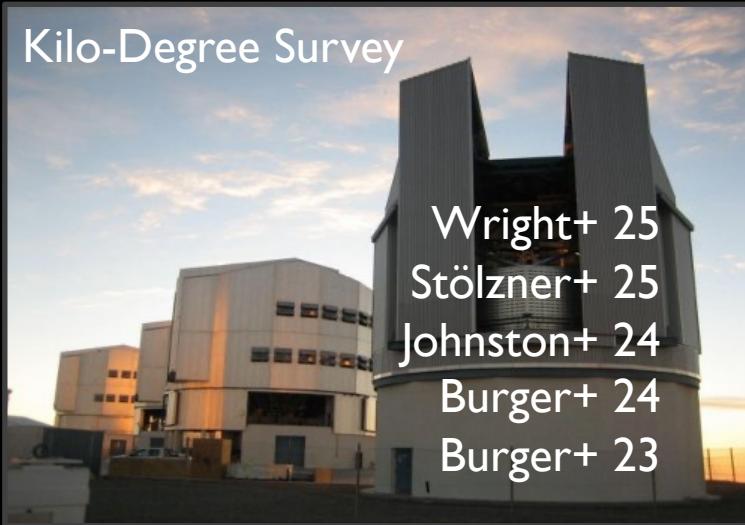


ACT DR6, Calabrese+ 25



KiDS Legacy, Wright+ 25

Collaborations using COSMOPOWER



<https://github.com/alessiospuriomancini/cosmopower>

README.md

COSMOPOWER
MACHINE LEARNING-ACCELERATED
BAYESIAN INFERENCE

Python Tensorflow License: GPLv3 Author: Alessio Spurio Mancini Installation: pip install cosmopower

Overview · Documentation · Installation · Getting Started · Training · Trained Models · Likelihoods · Support · Citation

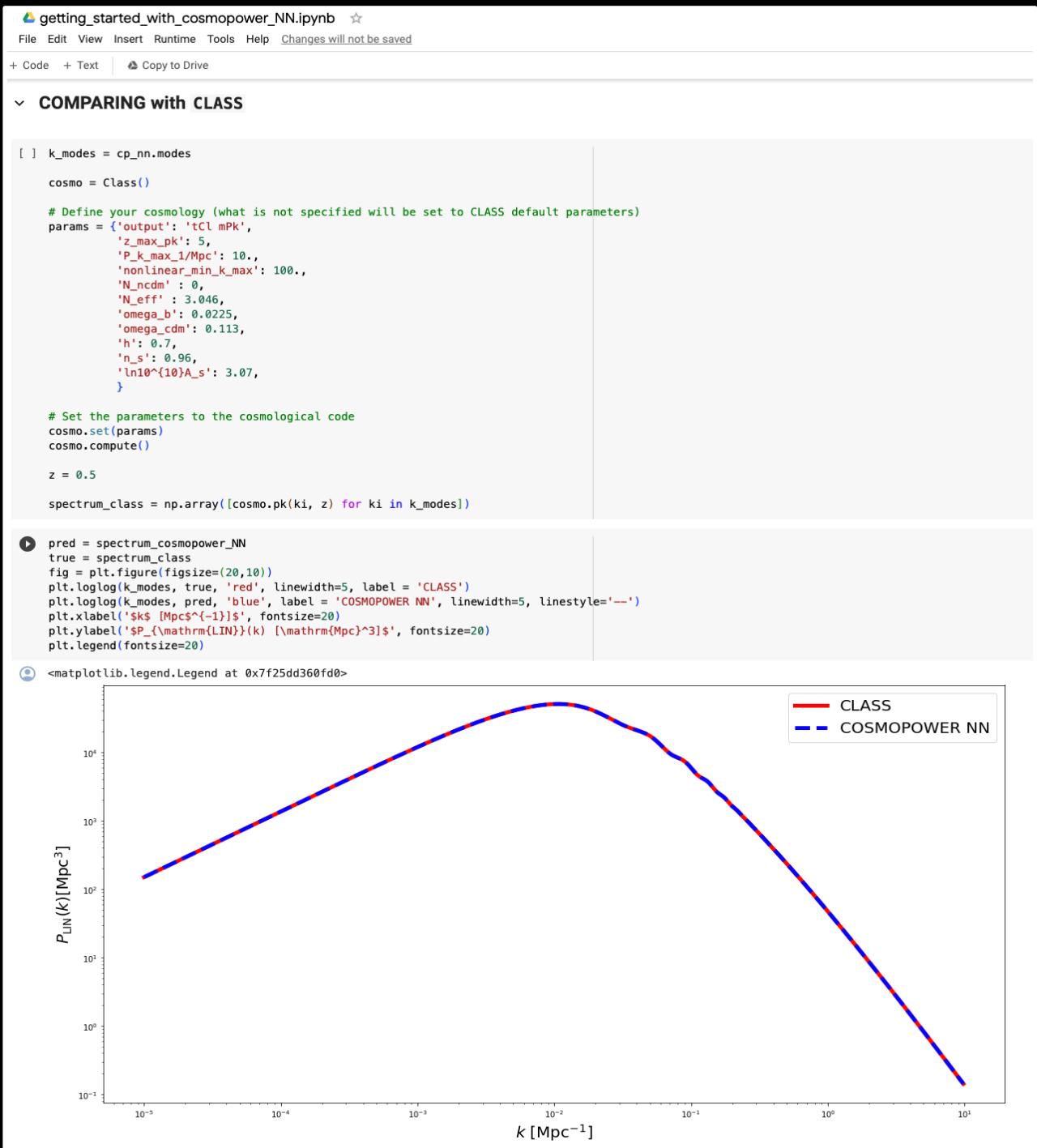
pip install cosmopower

```
import cosmopower as cp

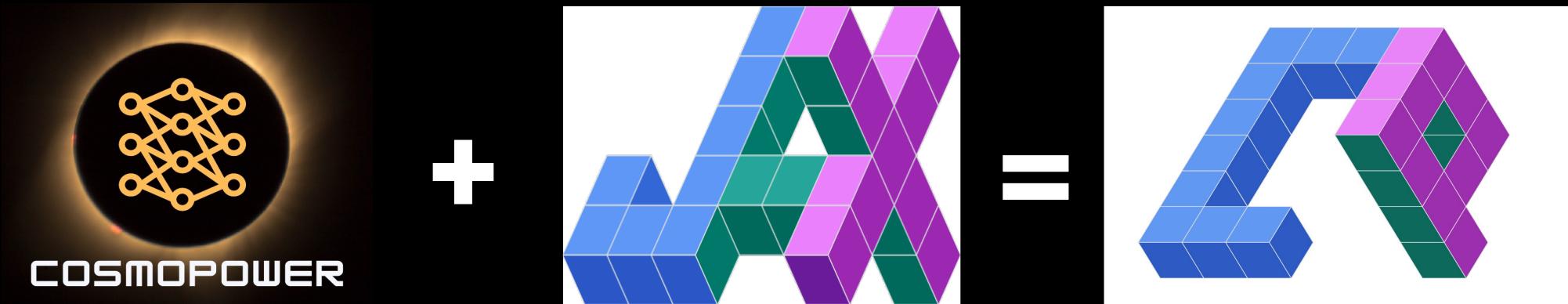
# load pre-trained NN model: maps cosmological parameters to CMB TT log-C_ell
cp_nn = cp.cosmopower_NN(restore=True,
                         restore_filename='/path/to/cosmopower'\
                           +'cosmopower/trained_models/CP_paper/CMB/cmb_TT_NN')

# create a dict of cosmological parameters
params = {'omega_b': [0.0225],
          'omega_cdm': [0.113],
          'h': [0.7],
          'tau_reio': [0.055],
          'n_s': [0.96],
          'ln10^{10}A_s': [3.07],
          }

# predictions (= forward pass through the network) -> 10^predictions
spectra = cp_nn.ten_to_predictions_np(params)
```



COSMOPOWER-JAX



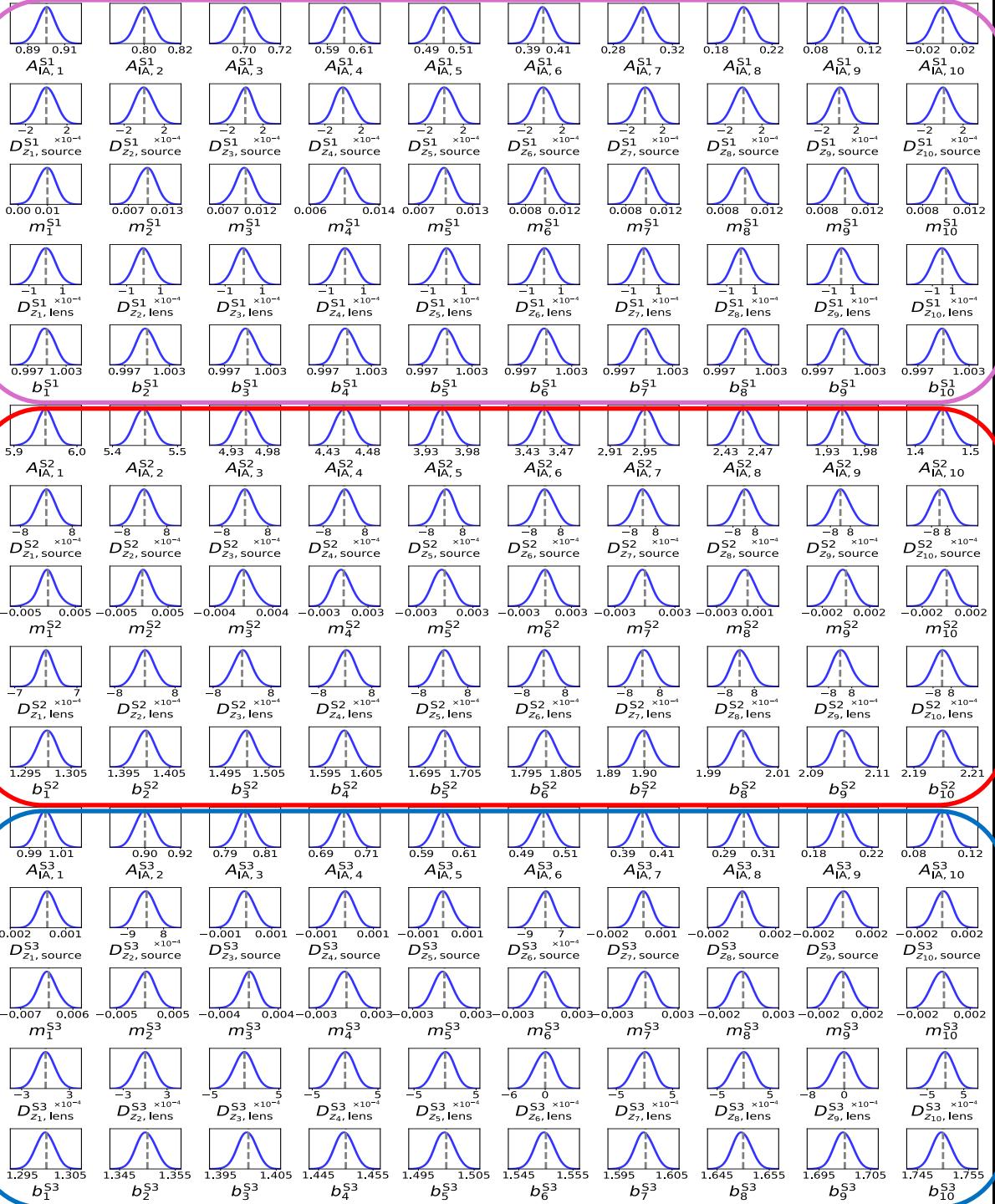
Piras & ASM 23



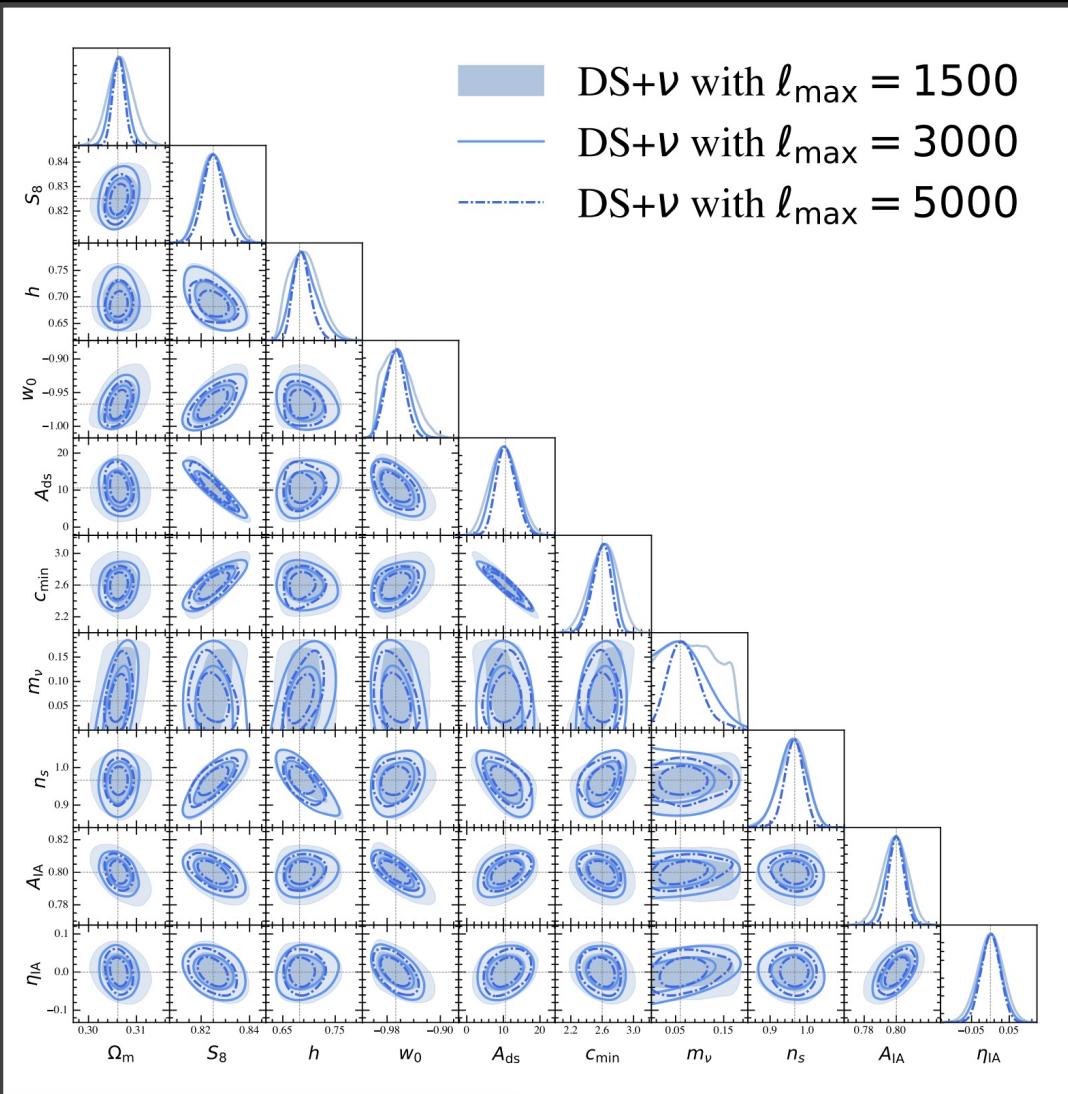
dpiras/cosmopower-jax

Differentiable inference

- COSMOPOWER-JAX + JAX-COSMO
(Campagne+ 23)
- 3 Stage IV surveys → 157 (!) parameters
- 3 days on 3 GPUs with NUTS
- (Optimistic) estimate: 6 years (!!)
on 48 CPUs with PolyChord

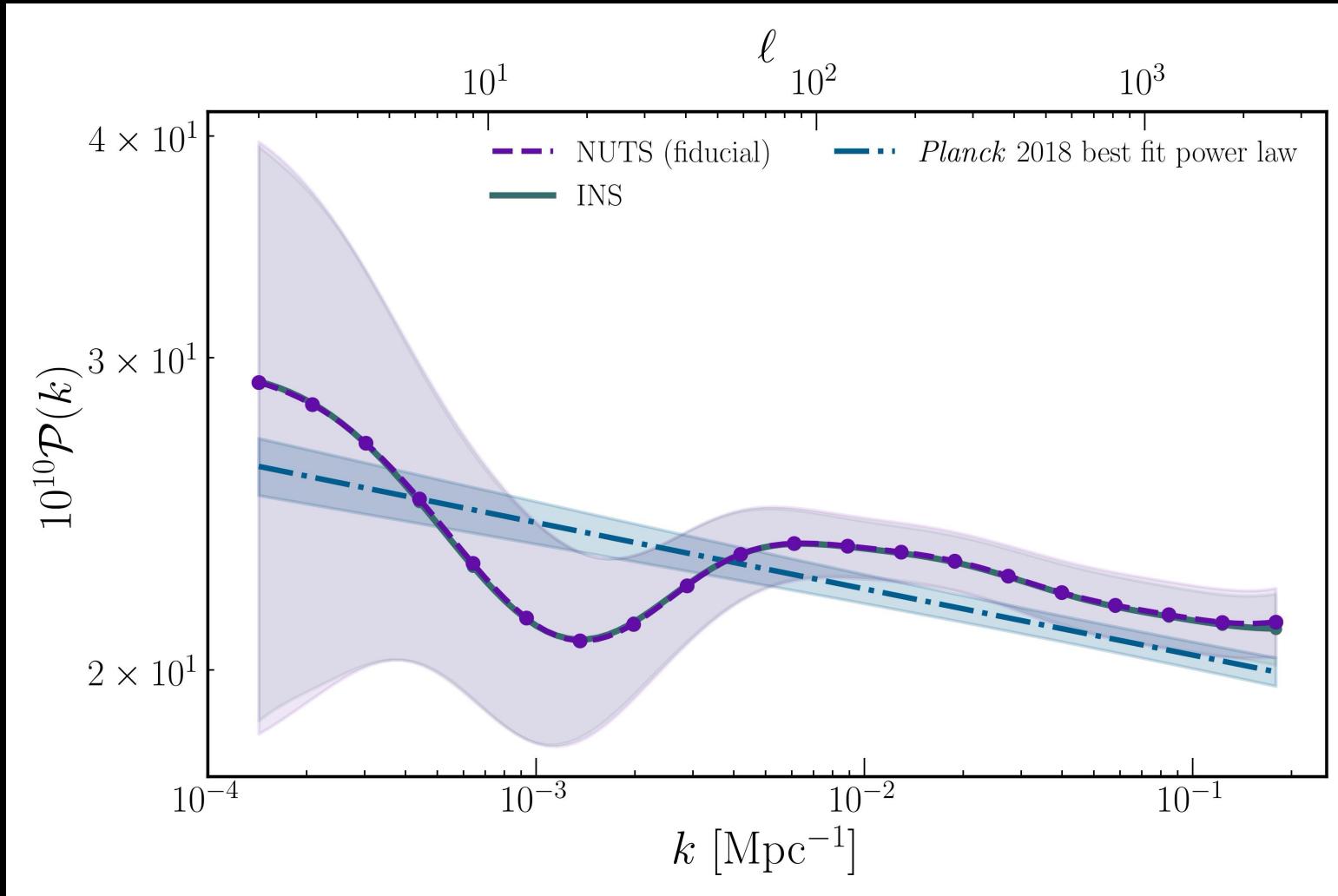


Stage IV Dark Scattering forecasts with differentiable inference



- Stage IV cosmic shear forecast with **differentiable framework**
- **Dark Scattering:** interacting dark energy with pure momentum exchange (Simpson 10, Pourtsidou+ 13)
- Non-linear modelling based on halo model reaction, (ReACT, Cataneo et al. 19, Bose et al. 21) emulated with COSMOPOWER
- Example speed-up: 1000 spectra in 0.19s with differentiable framework, 8.3h with standard approach
- Baryonic parameters absorb a lot of the constraining power → need tight priors on them!

Differentiable reconstructions



Bayesian evidence and model comparison

$$\frac{p(M_1|\mathbf{d})}{p(M_2|\mathbf{d})} = \frac{p(\mathbf{d}|M_1)}{p(\mathbf{d}|M_2)} \frac{p(M_1)}{p(M_2)}$$



BAYES FACTOR

EVIDENCE

$$\mathcal{Z} = p(\mathbf{d}|M) = \int d\boldsymbol{\theta} \mathcal{L}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \pi(\boldsymbol{\theta})$$

Learnt harmonic mean estimator

Learn an approximation of the optimal target distribution: (McEwen, Wallis, Price, **ASM 21**)

$$\varphi(\theta) \xrightarrow{\text{ML}} \varphi^{\text{optimal}}(\theta) = \frac{\mathcal{L}(\theta)\pi(\theta)}{z}$$



agnostic to sampling strategy !



python



astro-informatics/harmonic

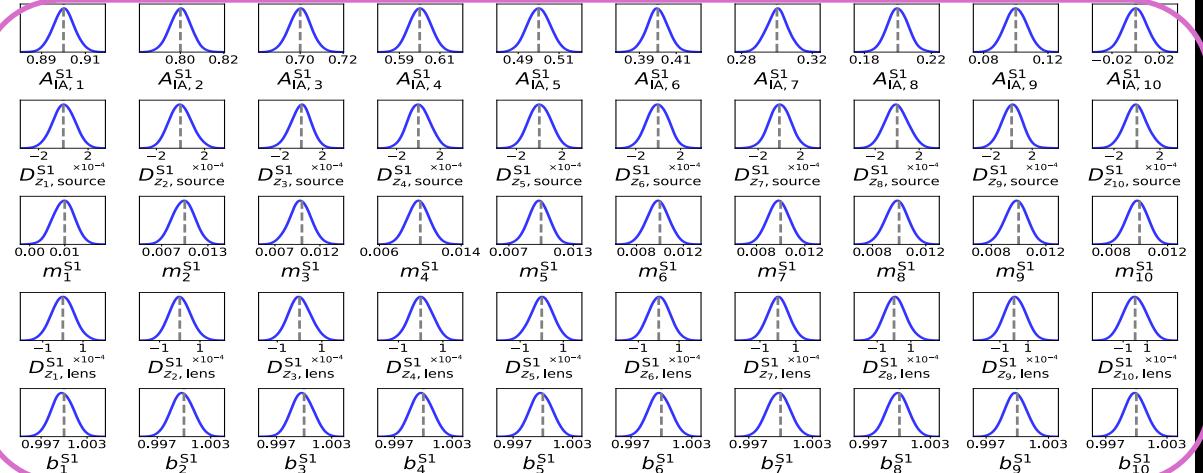
Differentiable inference + decoupled model comparison

Same setup as Piras & **ASM** (23):
3x2pt for 3 Stage IV surveys
LCDM vs w0waCDM (157 / 159 parameters)

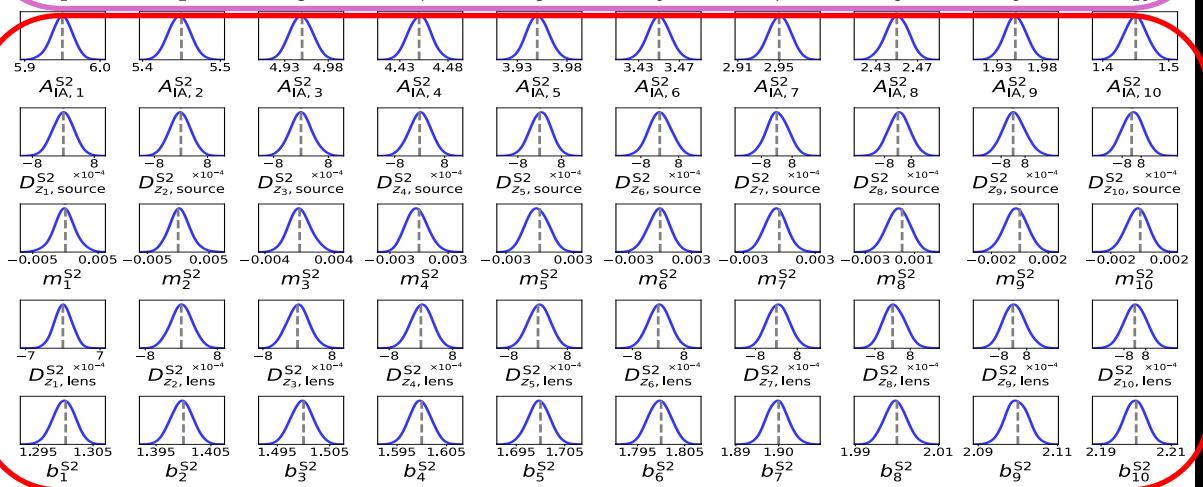
Our estimate:

$$\log \text{BF} = 1.9^{+0.7}_{-0.5} \quad (\text{8 days on 24 GPUs})$$

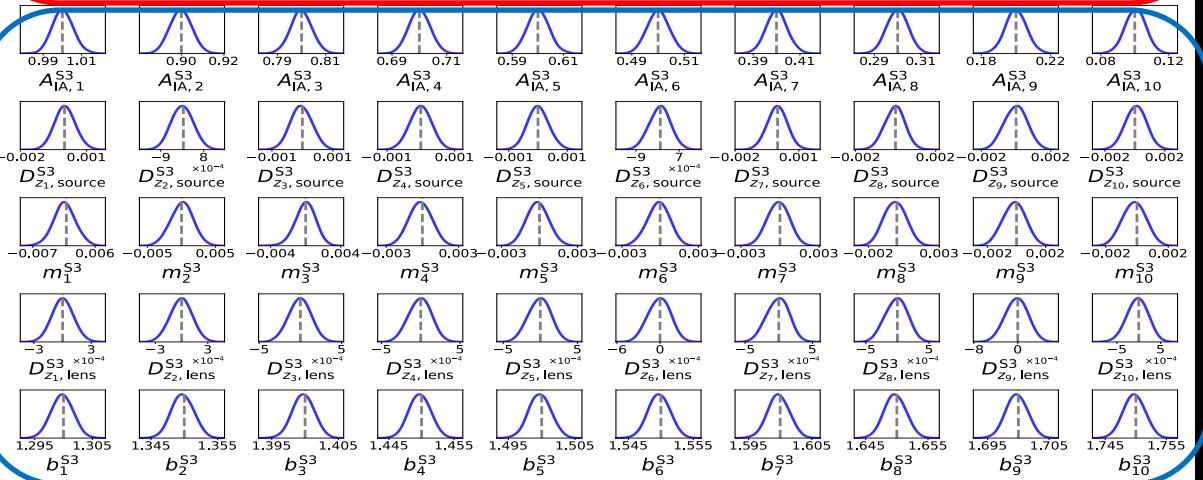
Nested sampling:
Estimated computation time ~ 12 years



Survey 1



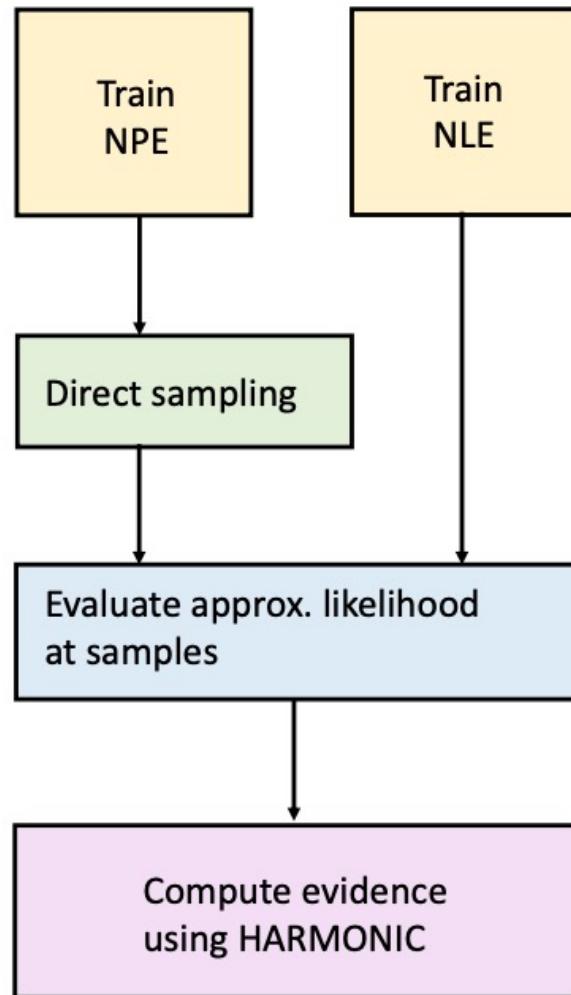
Survey 2



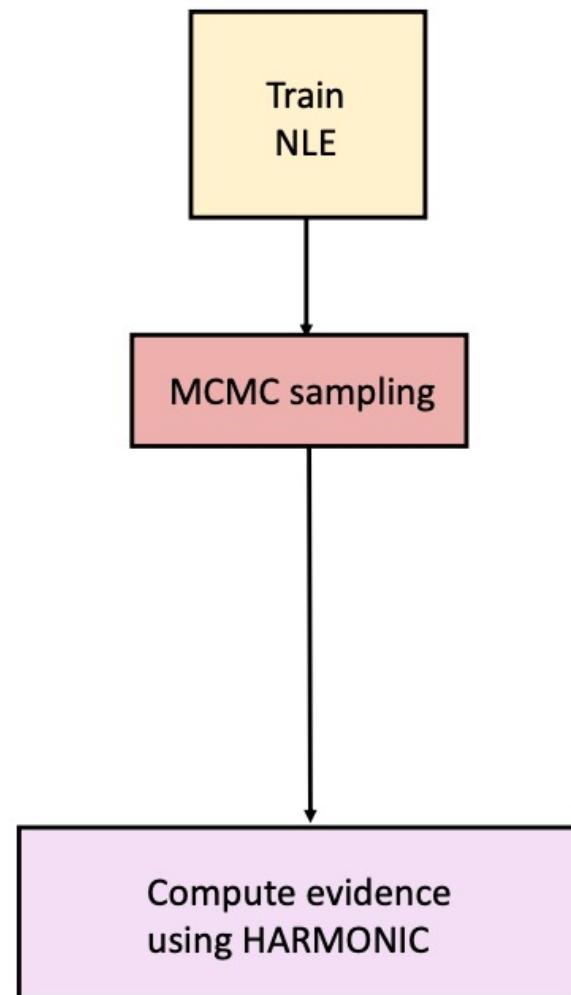
Survey 3

HARMONIC for Simulation-Based Inference

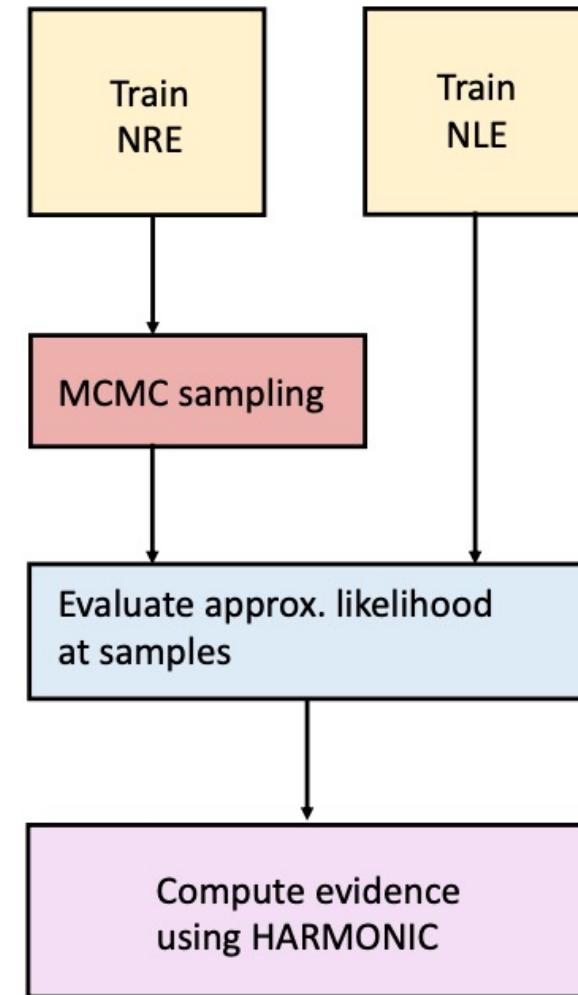
ASM+ 23



(a) Neural posterior estimation (NPE)



(b) Neural likelihood estimation (NLE)

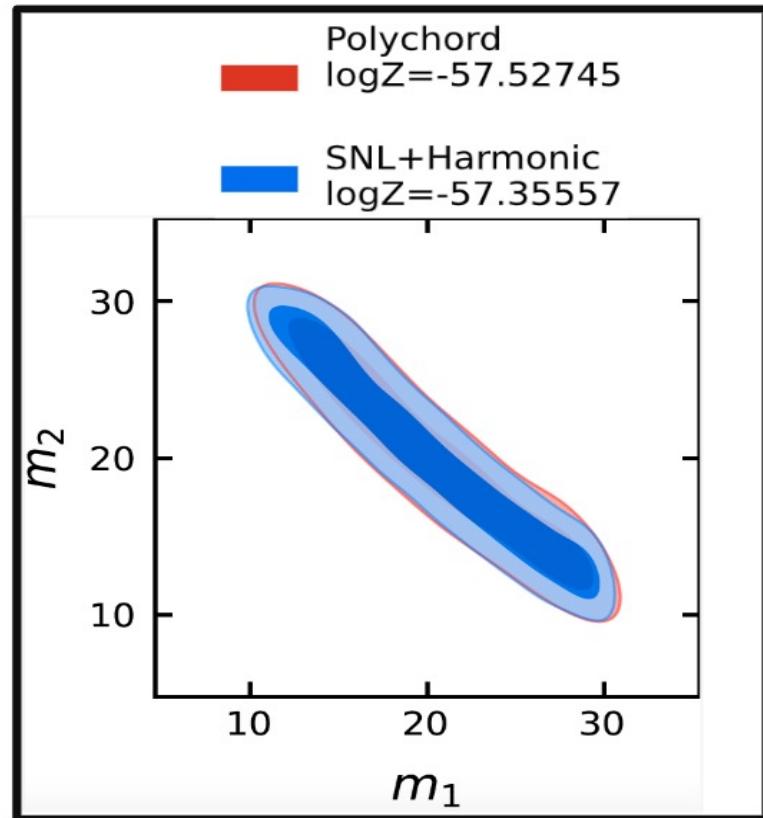


(c) Neural ratio estimation (NRE)

Application to Gravitational Waves

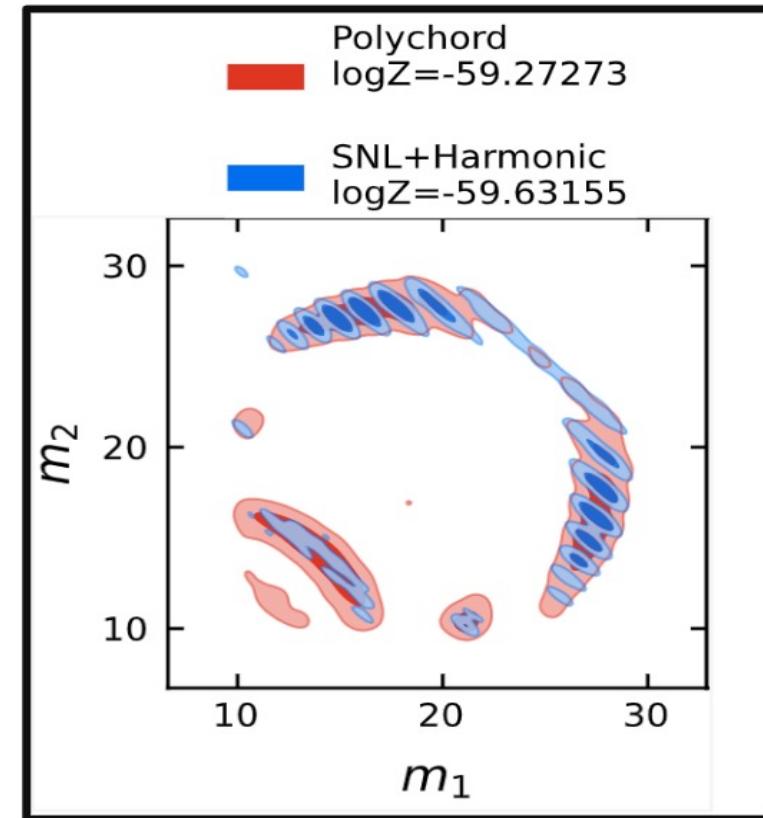
“correct” model → favoured by model comparison

Waveform Model 1



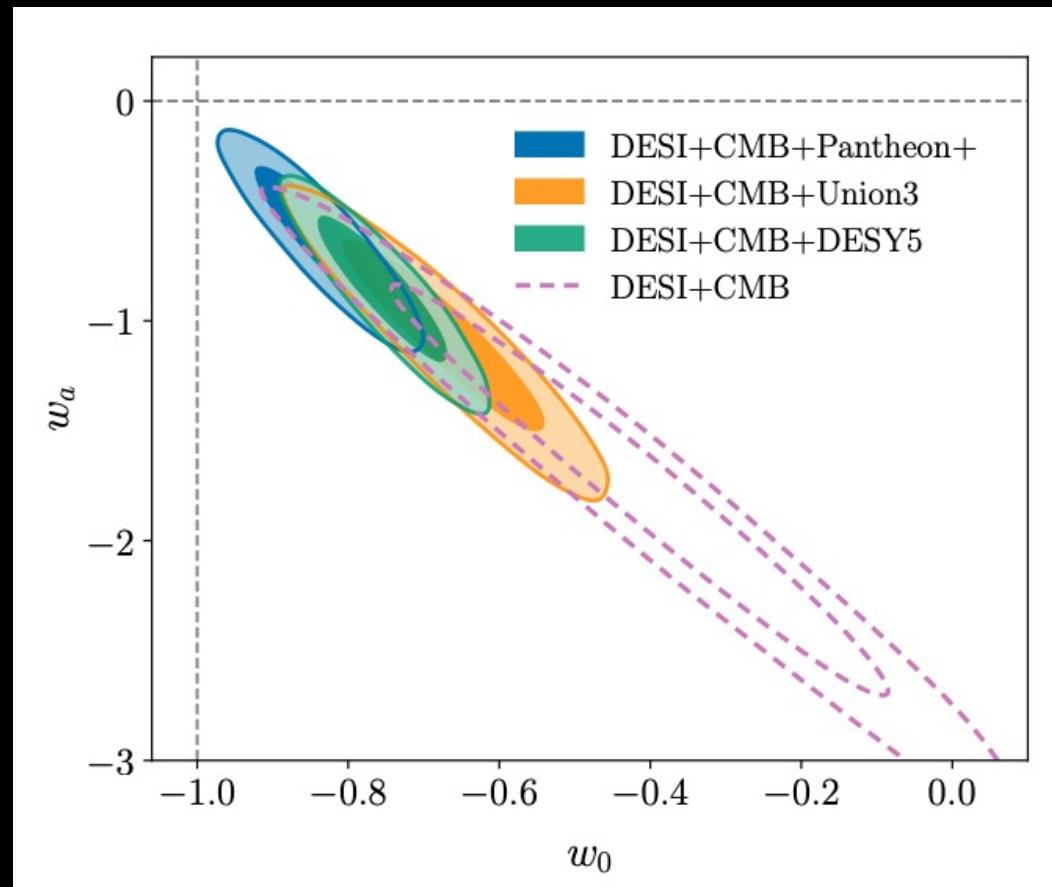
“incorrect” model → disfavoured by model comparison

Waveform Model 2



Can field-level SBI distinguish dynamical dark energy?

If dark energy really was not a cosmological constant, could a map-level, simulation-based inference (SBI) analysis of Stage IV cosmic shear distinguish dynamical dark energy definitively?

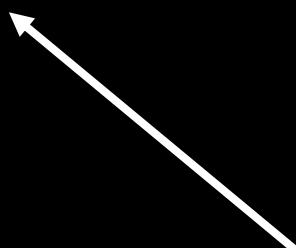


Can field-level SBI distinguish dynamical dark energy?

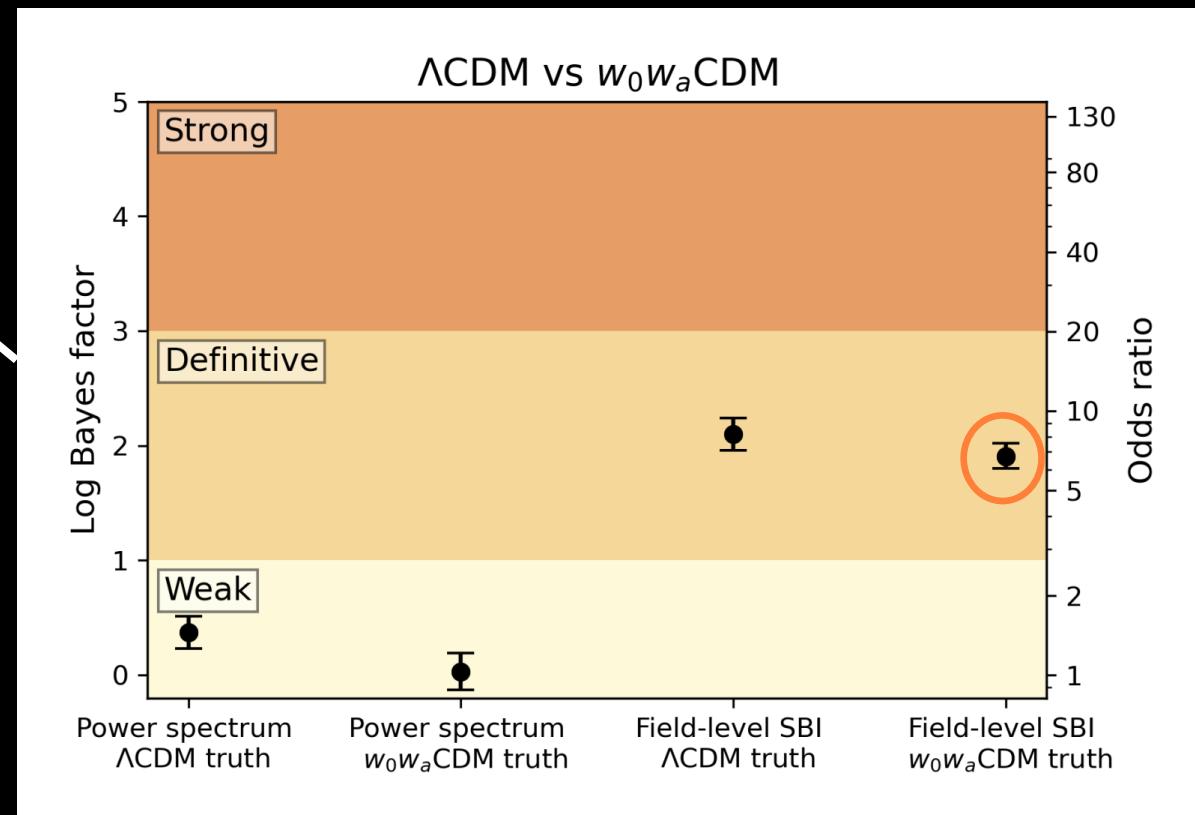
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YES.

Obtained using HARMONIC



Differentiable lognormal field
with COSMOPOWER-JAX +
SBI-LENS (Zeghal et al. 24)



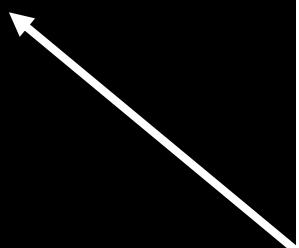
ASM, Lin & McEwen 24

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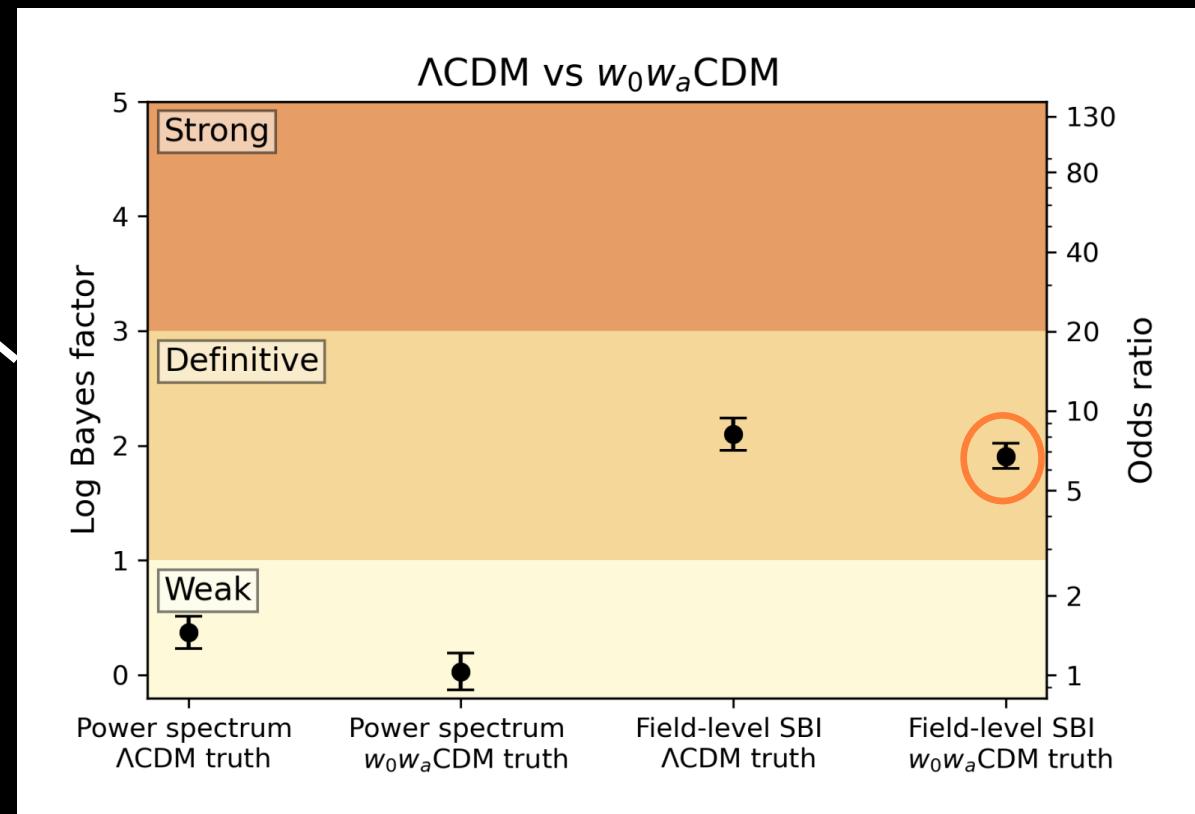
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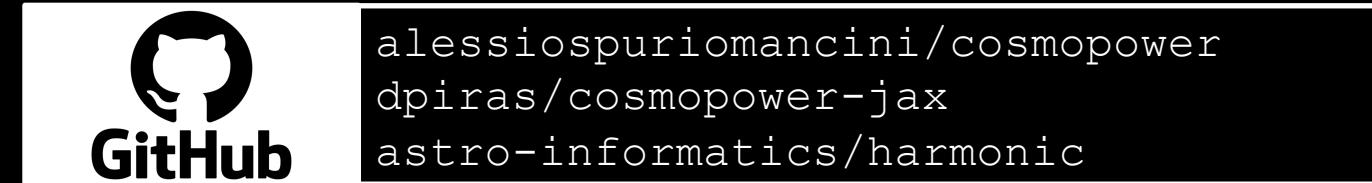
Differentiable lognormal field
with COSMOPOWER-JAX +
SBI-LENS (Zeghal et al. 24)



- Can now obtain same answer from field-level likelihood-based inference
- HARMONIC with Savage-Dickey density ratio (Lin, Polanska, Piras, **ASM**, McEwen 25)

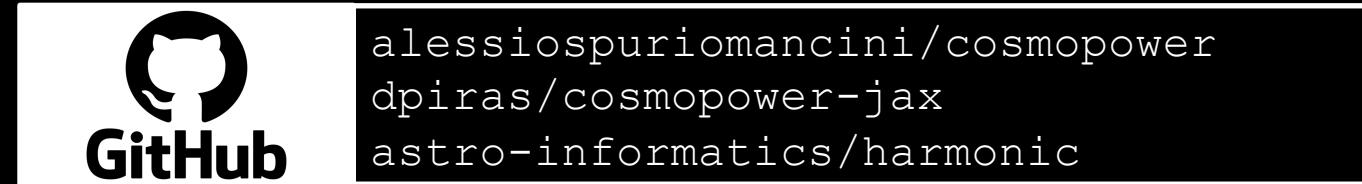
A differentiable future for cosmology

- COSMOPOWER: orders-of-magnitude speed up to parameter estimation pipeline
- HARMONIC: sampling-agnostic method for likelihood-based and –free evidence estimation
- COSMOPOWER + HARMONIC: high-dimensional, differentiable parameter estimation + model comparison



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Thank you!



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