

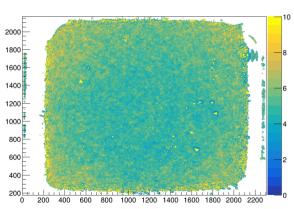




Update of GIN and GEM

Giorgio Dho





Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (INFN-LNF), Frascati (RM), Italy

CYGNO Collaboration meeting

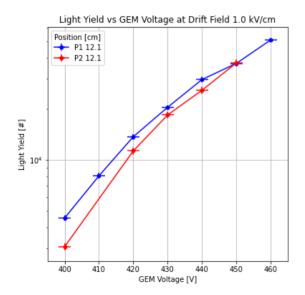
G. Dho, Cagli

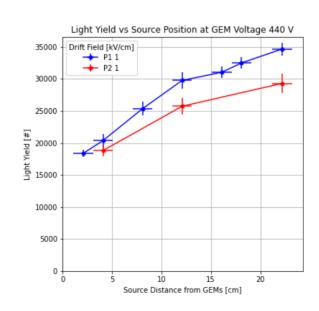
- FIELD CAGE STUDIES
- Mozzarelle Studies on Field Cage Materials
- RADIOACTIVE SOURCE TRANSPARENCY
- OXIDED GEM
- CYGNO-04 GEMs
- EXTRAS

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Previously

- Among the field cages (FC) tried the ethereal looked the best and with the least material
- Delrin pillars, copper and PET sheet field cage (P1 Cu cathode, P2 Al Mylar cathode)

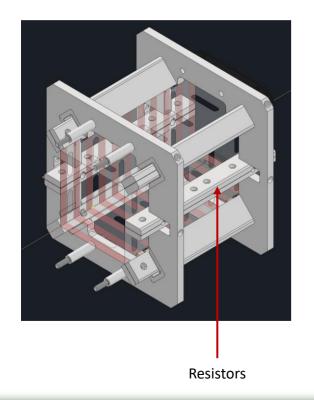


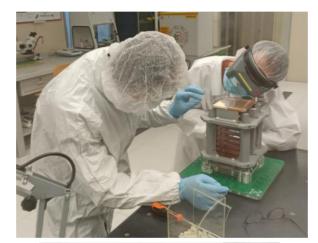




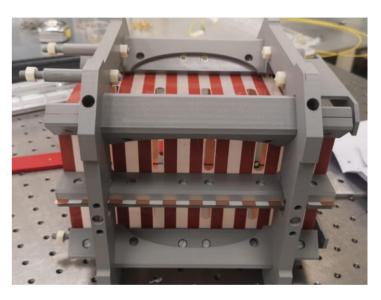
Field Cage V2_0

- Next version designed by Sandro with a structure dimension already capable of lift the CYGNO-04 field cage weight
- FC sheet clipped at the corners and SMD resistors soldered in the middle clip









Made of ABS plastic 3D printed

Turned out to be mildly conductive above 1 kV

Kapton tape to isolate FC sheet was not enough

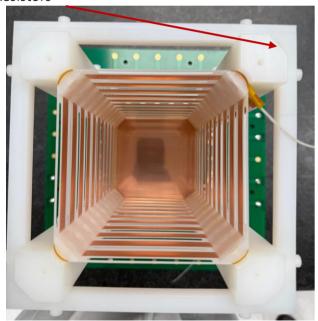
Could not be tested

Field Cage V2_1

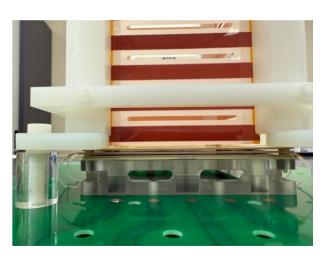
- Slightly different design by Daniele, more similar to ethereal concept.
- Considered able to sustain CYGNO-04 FC
- Made of nylon6 non-3D printed
- Distance copper first ring from GEM 0.5 mm (1 cm from the centre) and 2 cm from cathode to centre of copper strip:

Resistors

Most uniform electric field configuration ever (from resistors and distances point of view)





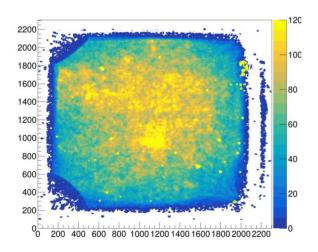


Field map

- No source and 8000 images per Drift field
- Regular triple thin GEM
- Tested fields: 0.15, 0.5, 1 kV/cm
- 2 different maps created. Remember Up is Down in these maps

Occupancy

Map of the number of times each pixel was in a cluster



GIN relevant parameters:

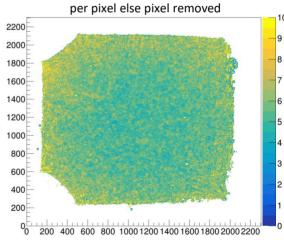
1 pixel = 50 um

Drift: variable

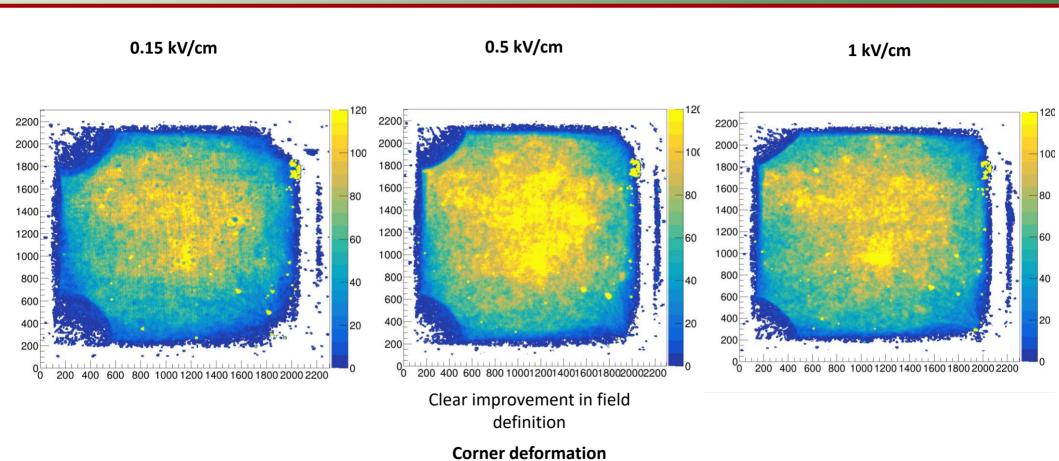
VGEM= 440 V

Intensity

Map of the light intensity of each pixel summing on all clusters and divided by the occupancy. More than 10 clusters required



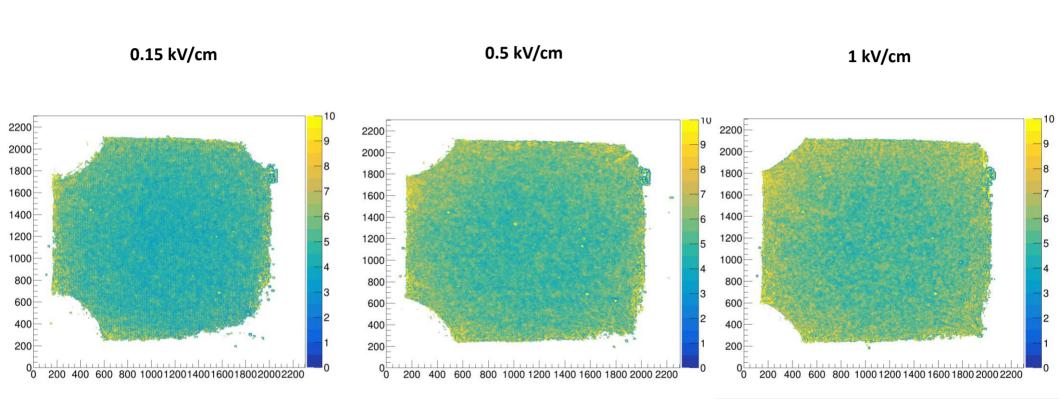
Field Map Occupancy



6

Intensity

Intensity maps confirm previous hints about deformation



Intensity Projection

- To try to address the corner deformations, the Kapton tape was removed from the corners
- New test yielded better results

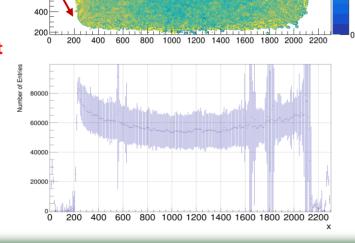
2000

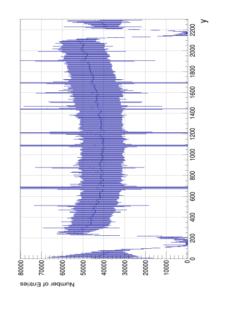
1400

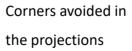
600

1 kV/cm map
 Blind corners
 recovered

Pillow effect on all corners still present







Flat response of the field:

- Vignette used not calibrated on GIN (overcorrection)
- Underpopulation of the borders (overcorrection)
- Deviation from flat line below 15% (but within errors)
- → Asimmetry top-bottom < 5%
 </p>
- → Asymmetry left-right < 7%
 </p>

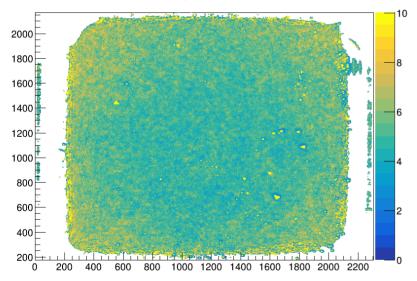
Distortion

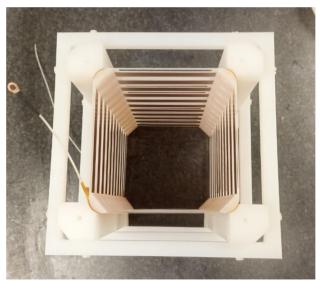
- The pillow effect ruins borders and distorts the tracks (iron looks oval)
- Idea:

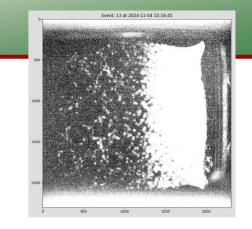
The presspillar is in the active area of the GEM and blocks electrons;

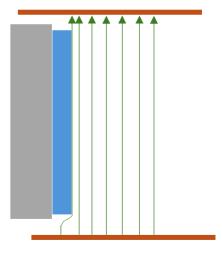
But the electric field closes on the slightly wider GEM dragging electrons along

This happens only when the field cage is inscripted in the GEM: at the corners
 hmap_intensity



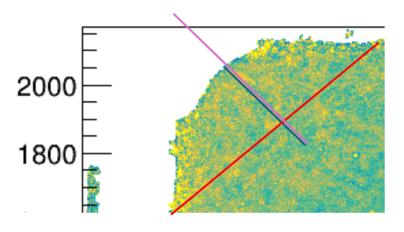


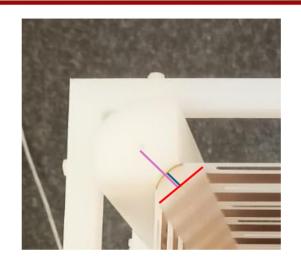


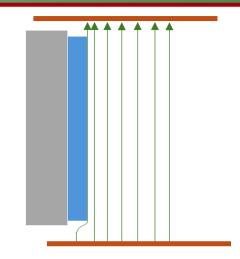


Distortion II

Measurements suggest this is reasonable







Measured by camera

Blue line 5 mm

Red Line 13 mm

Purple line 13 mm

Measured by caliber

16 mm 15 mm

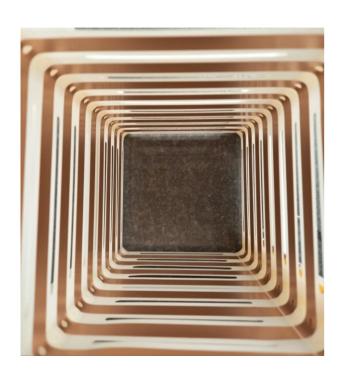
5 mm

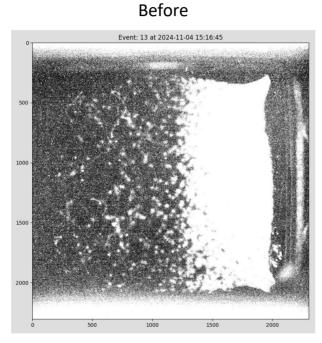
- In GIN this effect riuns the field for 6% of the active area
- In CYGNO-04 the same pillar dimension will ruin the field for 0.1% of the area in the corners

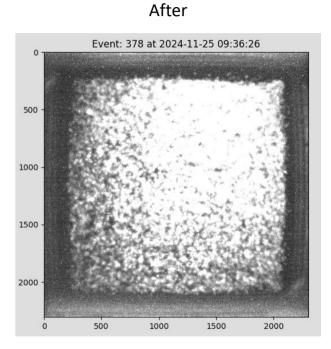
ACCEPTABLE

Distortion III

To try and verify the presspillar idea, the FC was mounted without them (using only screws)



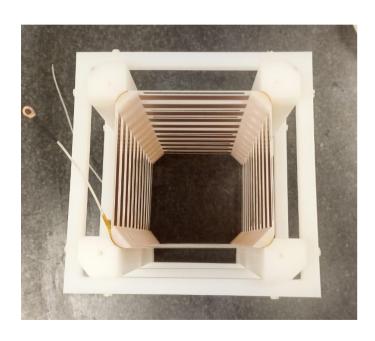


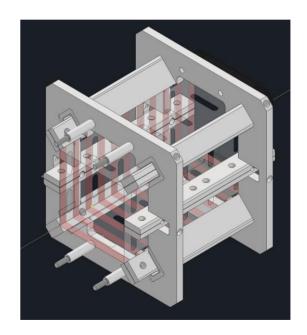


Hypothesis is consistent with data

Field Cage V3

- Next step is to try a hybrid between the two FC
- Using the material and resistor position of of the FC_V2_1, but the clipping angles of FC_V2_0 to try to guarantee better corners and solidify the hypothesis of the deformation

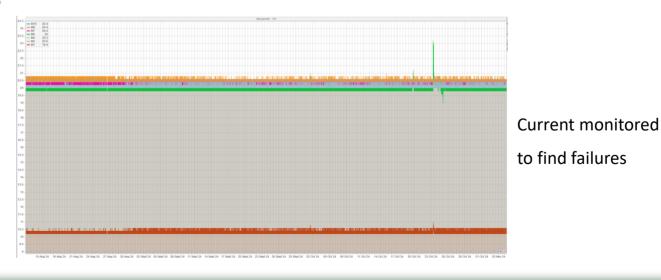




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Mozzarelle Test

- Different samples of FC structure on different support materials were fluxed with He:CF₄ gas and powered to the equivalent of 1 kV/cm
- The test has being carried out since May to test any potential failure
- FC conductive material: copper stips 1 cm wide (35 um thick) separated by 1 cm and connected by resistor
- FC material: PET (75 um) or Kapton foil (50 um)
- Support: PVC, PMMA, nylon6



Mozzarelle Test

No major degradation noticed

Kapton PET (no PET nor kapton) Nylon6 **PMMA PVC**

Robertino extra

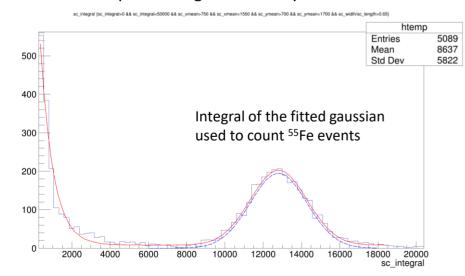
- M1: steady increase in the fluctuation of the current
- M6: had 2 sparks even though it recovered afterwards (PET on PMMA)
- All others have only fluctuations corresponding to 1 bit of the ADC

No clear sign of strong degradation by any sample (apart from M1)

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Source Window Transparency

- CYGNO-04 foresees the use of 2 PET thin windows the calibration radioactive source needs to cross. How much does this attenuates the source?
- 55Fe source in the centre of GIN with collimator with slit parallel to GEM plane (short brass with copper tape source far)
- Runs taken with regular setup: one window of 100-170 um of PET (?) like LIME
- Runs taken positioning a second layer of same thickness on top of the already existing window



GIN relevant parameters:

1 pixel = 50 um

Distance source to gas ~ 9 cm

Spread in z of source at 1.5 cm from field cage 1 cm (sigma)

Drift 1 kV/cm

VGEM 440 V

2 windows

 $R_{2w} = 3030 \pm 60$

1 window

 $R_{w} = 4060 \pm 60$

Ratio

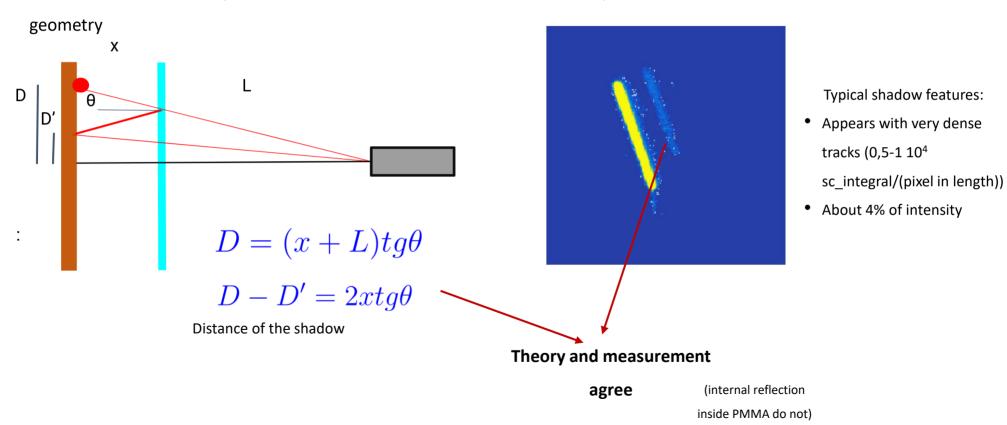
 $A = 0.75 \pm 0.02$

Absorption of a window measured as $(25 \pm 2)\%$

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Reflection in LIME

- The reflection issues found in LIME can spoil intense tracks energy and clusterization algorithm
- The reflection is caused by a combination of the reflectance of the PMMA optical window and of the GEMs, and of the

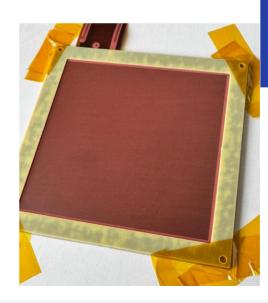


Solutions: Oxided GEM?

- We could use optical windows with >99% reflection (too expensive and radiopure not found) NO
- Place the window 60 cm from the GEM to have the shadow way out of focus. Keeps the noise, complicates the design of

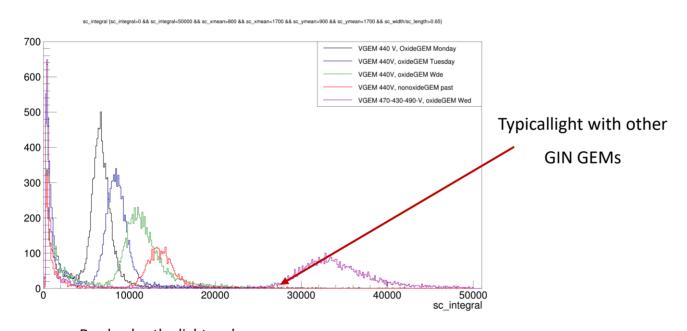
PMMA box

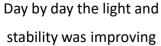
- Use an oxided GEM:
 - Thin conductive layer of copper oxide to make it opaque
 - GEM washed for radiopurity after oxidation
 - Layer very thin (removable by the multimeter pin)
 - Slight resistivity could be present but not at $k\Omega$ levels

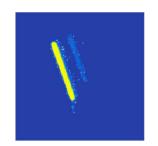


Oxided GEM: alphas

- To test on GIN we need similar light yield
- With new GEMs we struggle a bit in light intensity (also without the oxided one)



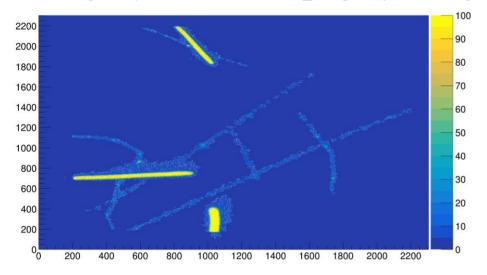




Non oxided GEM: alphas

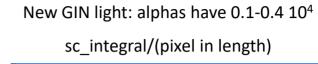
Some alphas

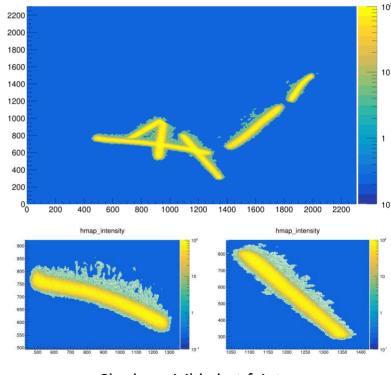
Old GIN light: alphas have 0,5-1 10⁴ sc_integral/(pixel in length)



In GIN we have PET foil window

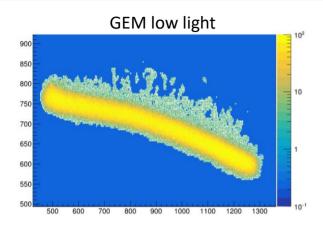
Different type of reflection: blur

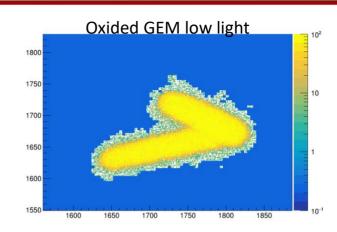




Shadow visible but fainter

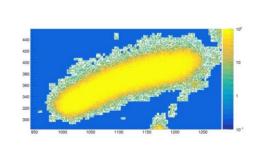
Oxided GEM: alphas

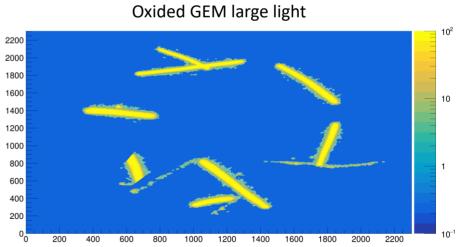




GEM large light

1000 120



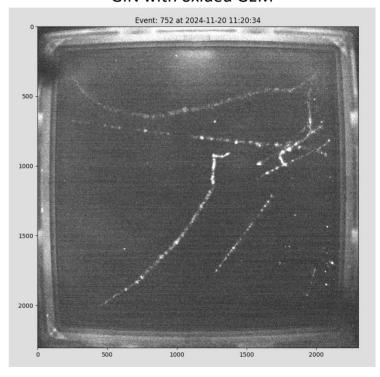


Oxided GEM: alphas

• Images with lots of photons entering the sensitive volume show oxided GEM do not have reflection

MANGO with regular GEM

GIN with oxided GEM

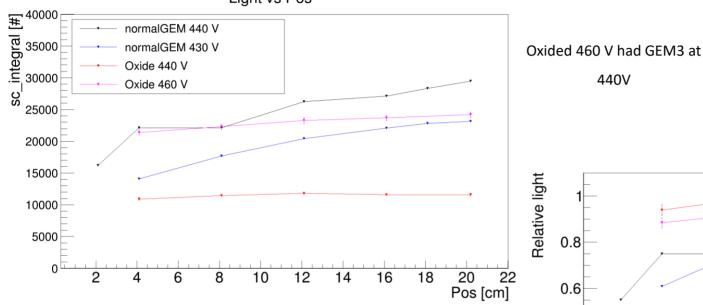


Oxided GEMs do not have

shadows

Oxided GEM: saturation

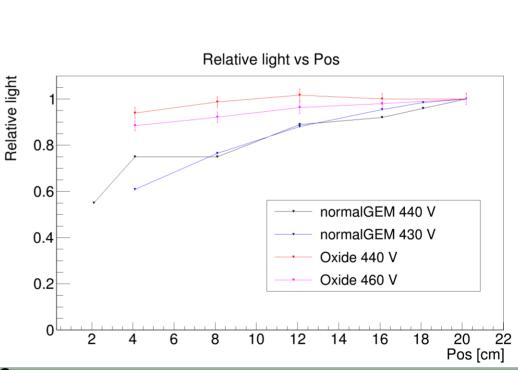
Checking with regular GEM data we can crosscheck the saturation behaviour Light vs Pos



With same lights even

less saturation

Oxided GEM works!!!



440V

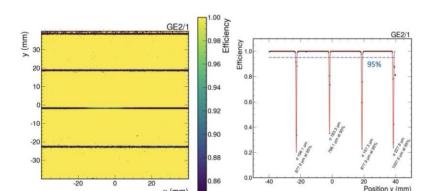
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CYGNO-04 GEM

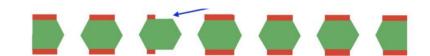
• We have ordered 8 GEM foils for CYGNO04 with 80x50 cm² active area

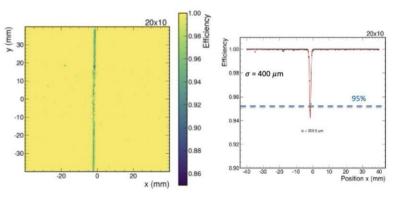
4 standard GEM foils (standard hole pattern) produced in 2022





4 GEM foils with Random Segmented Pattern (RSP) to be produced November 2024





Ref. A. Pellecchia et al 2023 JINST 18 C07001

RSP provides much higher efficiency in the region go HV sectorization and smaller dead area

CYGNO-04 GEM

- In spring 2024 we tried to assembly the first GEM stack but we had issues with HV stability with three foils.
- Inspection of the foils shown defects on the active areas coming from production which prevented the operation of the GEM.
- The three GEMs have been sent back to MPGD lab@CERN for deeper inspection and retrofitting or newly produced.
- If as expected the option to use oxidated GEM3 is effective the plan is to have one standard GEM foils and one RSP GEM oxidated.





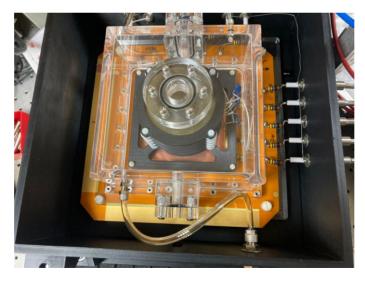


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MetalMango

- As part of the requirements for the measurements of the polarized X-ray beam available at INAF, Mango digievolved again in MetalMango
- Aluminum structure to hold it vertical
- Hole in the plastic and PMMA vessel to allow X-rays to reach the sensitive area through the cathode side
- New plastic field cage holder and field cage adapter 3D printed







MetalMango

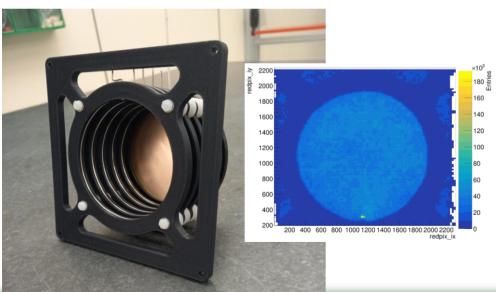
- 2 new cathodes to test
- They were required to be extremely thin to allow X-rays to pass

Kapton + Cu sheet (45+35 um) provided by ELTOS

Tested, works very nicely

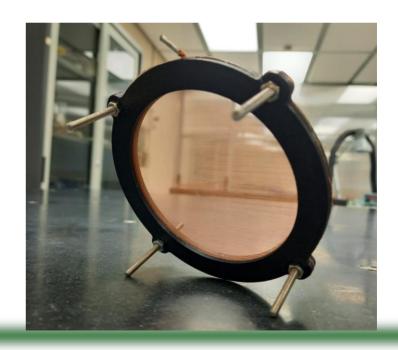
Issues with the soldering required on the active

Cu part. Cause of coronas



Cu mesh with 50 um wires

To be tested



26

GIN 2 Brazil

- As part of the agreement with Brazilian group a copy of GIN was sent there
- Now Luigi and Robertino are installing it in Juiz de Fora (as soon as it passes customs)

Conclusions

- The development and test of the field cage for CYGNO-04 via GIN prototype showed promising results
- With the latest version a uniformity of the field at 1 kV/cm with below 7% asymmetries and a projected corner deformation of 0.1% of the redout area of CYGNO-04
- Stability tests of the support material for the field cage demonstrated no significant damaging of the materials for PET and kapton
- To solve the reflection issues, the oxided GEM under test demonstrating the removal of the shadow
- Longer stability tests of the GEM in operation in the gas will be undertaken
- Defects in some of the CYGNO-04 GEMs was found.
 They are already at CERN for repair
- Special thanks to
 - Robertino, Emiliano, Luigi, Giovanni, Robertone,
 - Daniele, Sandro, Alessandro, Filippo

