

**CHARACTERIZATION OF**

**LOW GAIN AVALANCHE DIODE**

**(LGAD)**

**MEETING**

**25-09-2024**

**EDOARDO ROVATI**

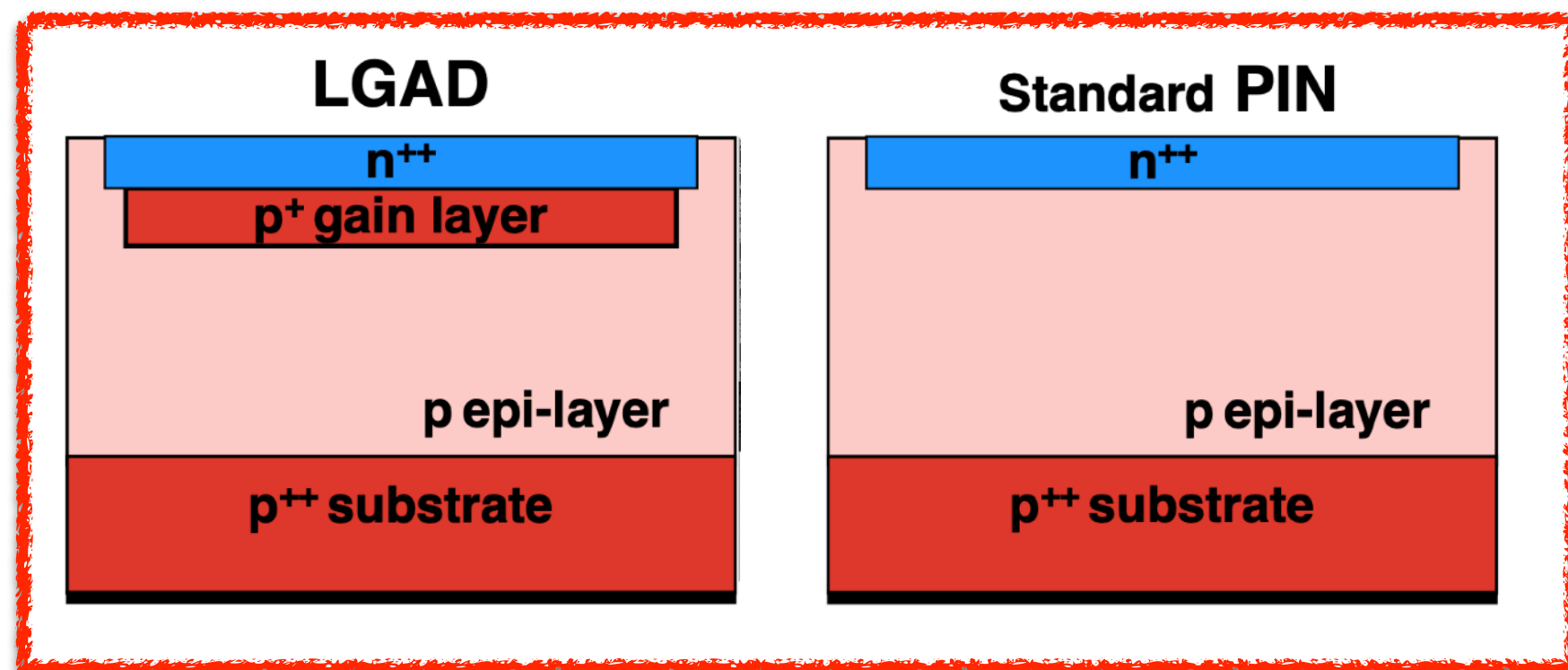


# INTRODUCTION TO DEVICE CONSIDERED

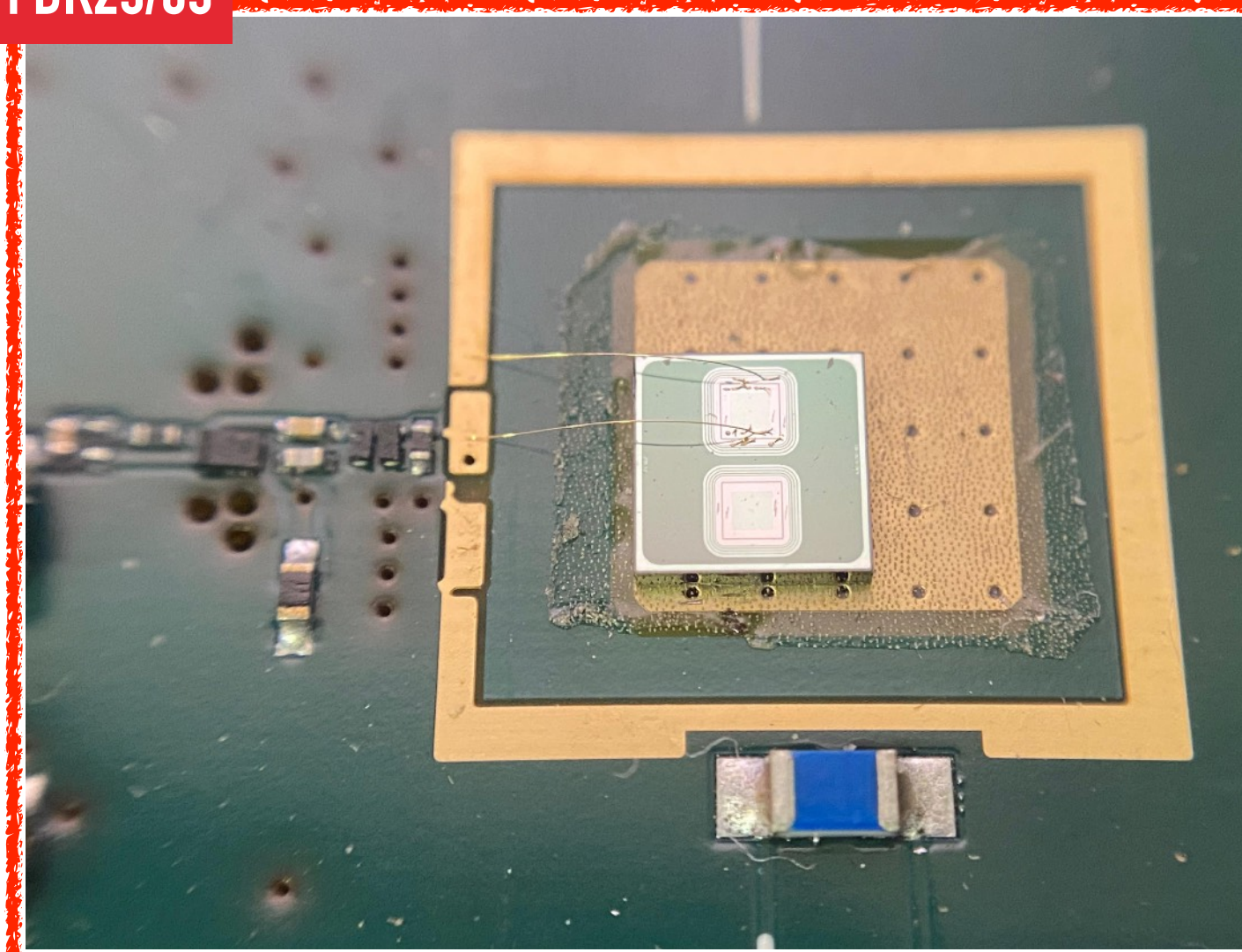
Study and characterization of LGAD:

- Single LGAD concept (sLGAD)
- Double LGAD concept (dLGAD)

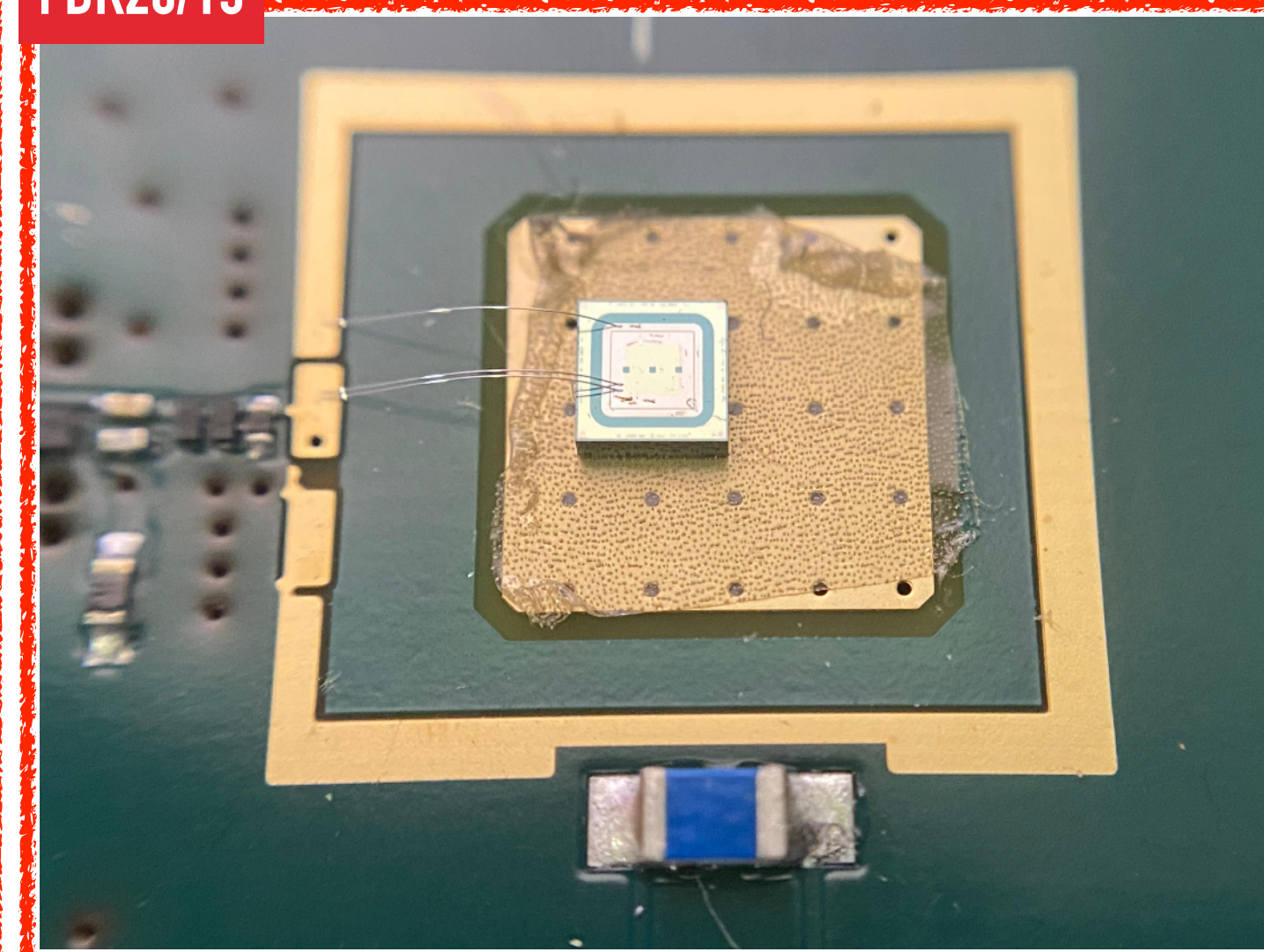
Thickness: 50-35-25-20-15  $\mu\text{m}$



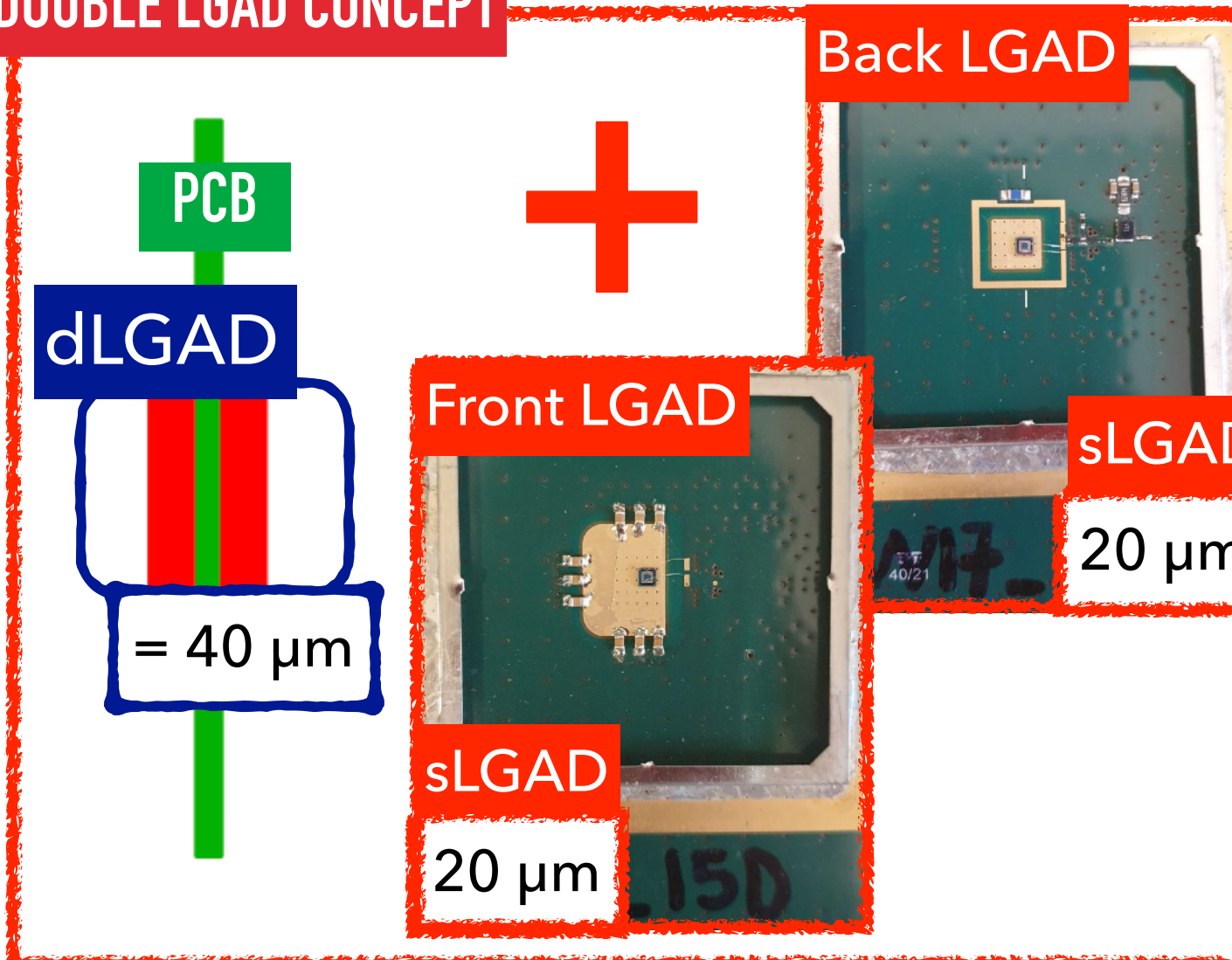
FBK25/35



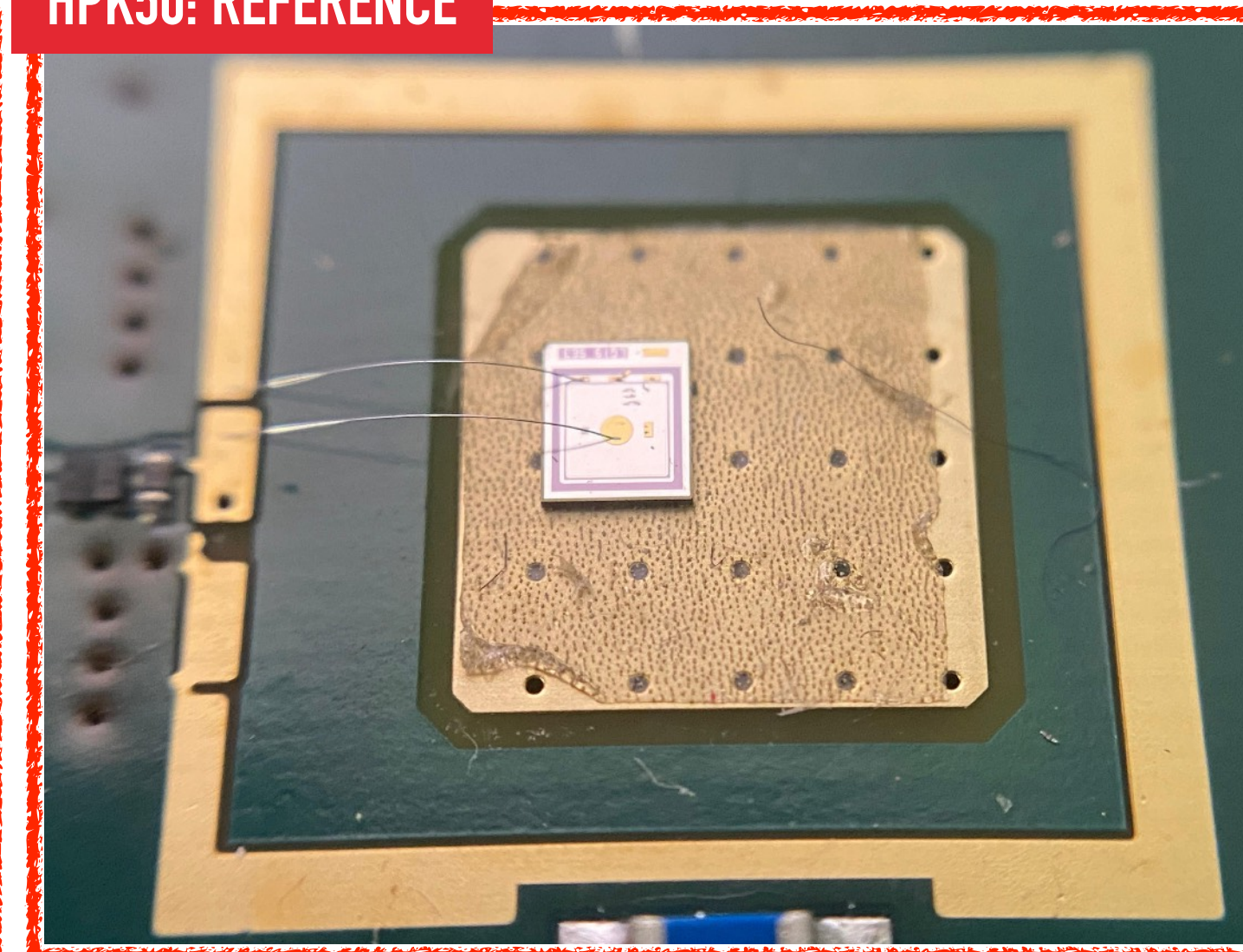
FBK20/15



DOUBLE LGAD CONCEPT



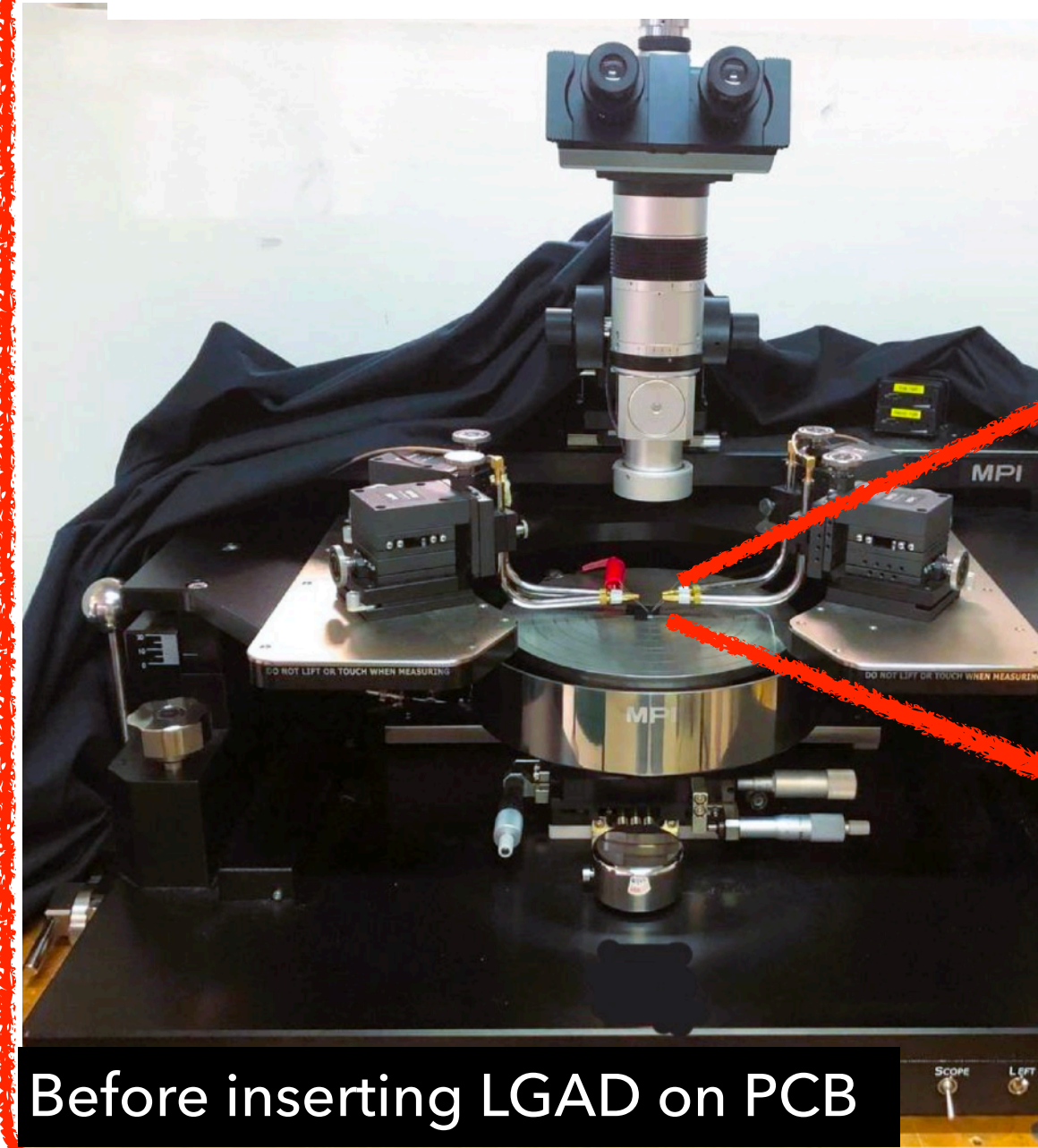
HPK50: REFERENCE



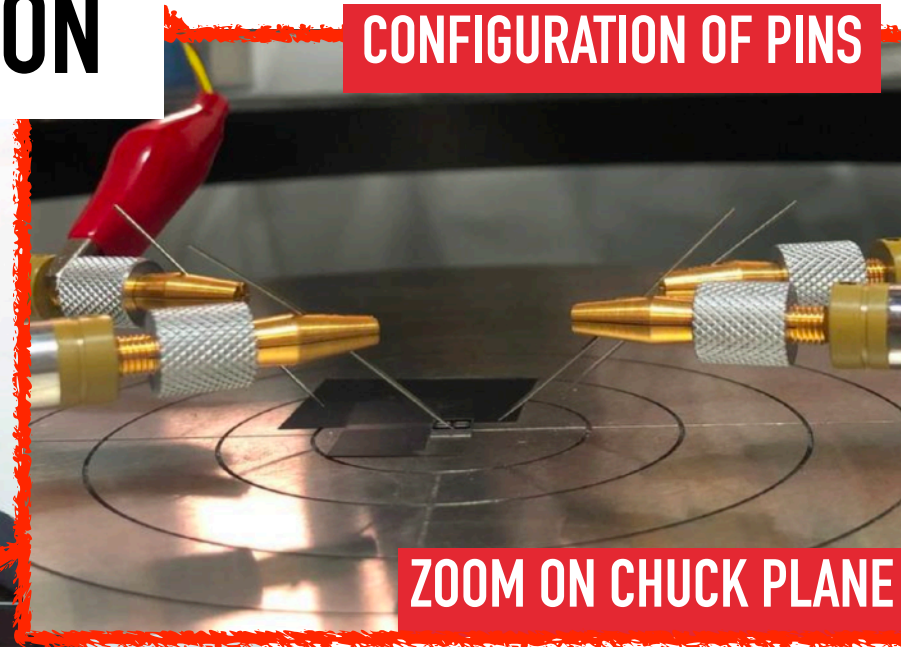


# MY THESIS ACTIVITIES

## 1] SENSOR CHARACTERIZATION



Before inserting LGAD on PCB

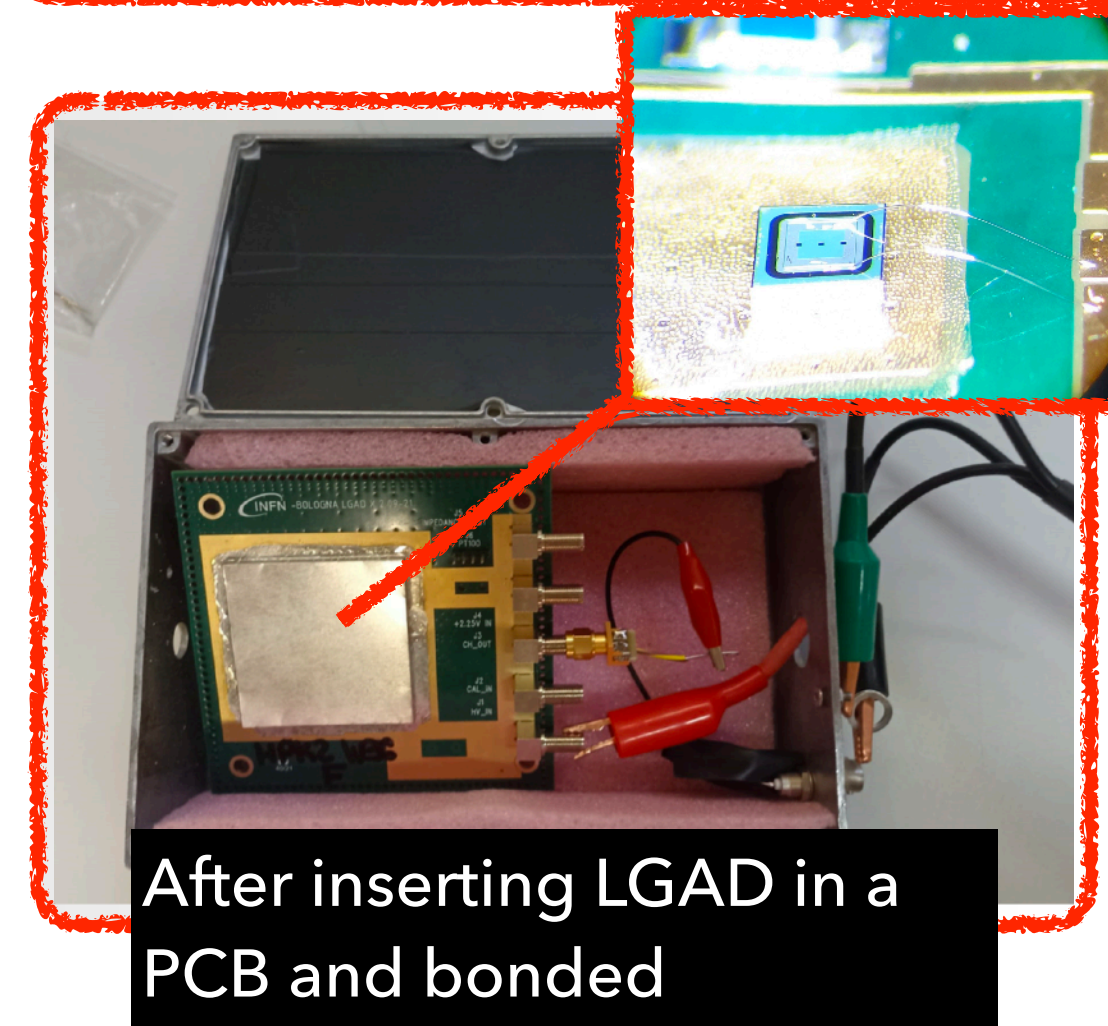


CONFIGURATION OF PINS

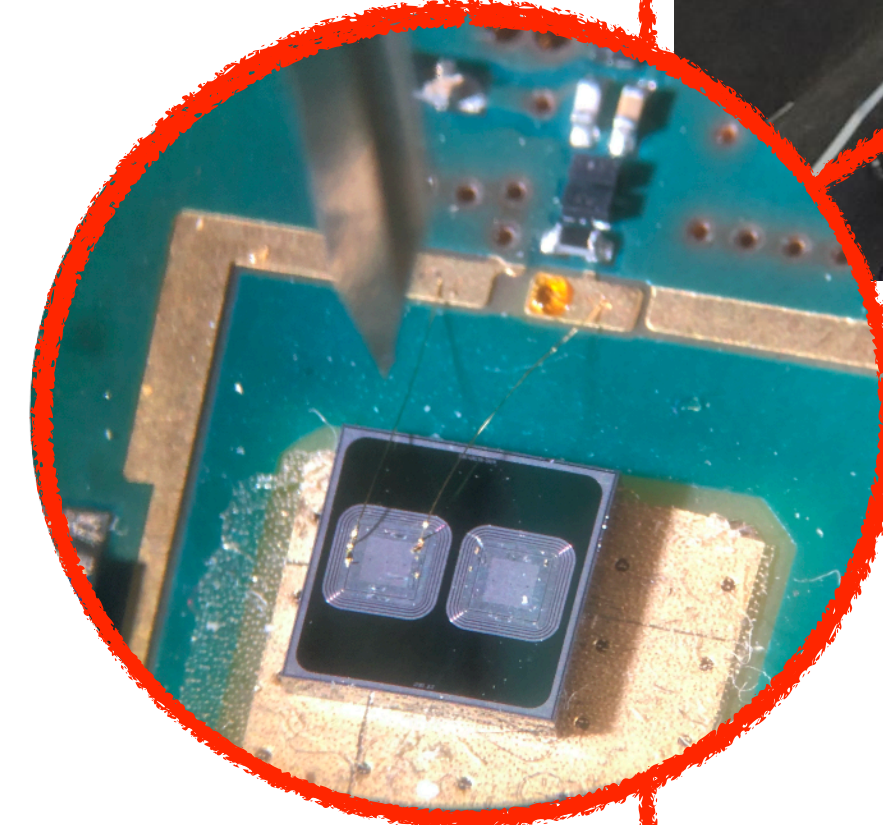
ZOOM ON CHUCK PLANE



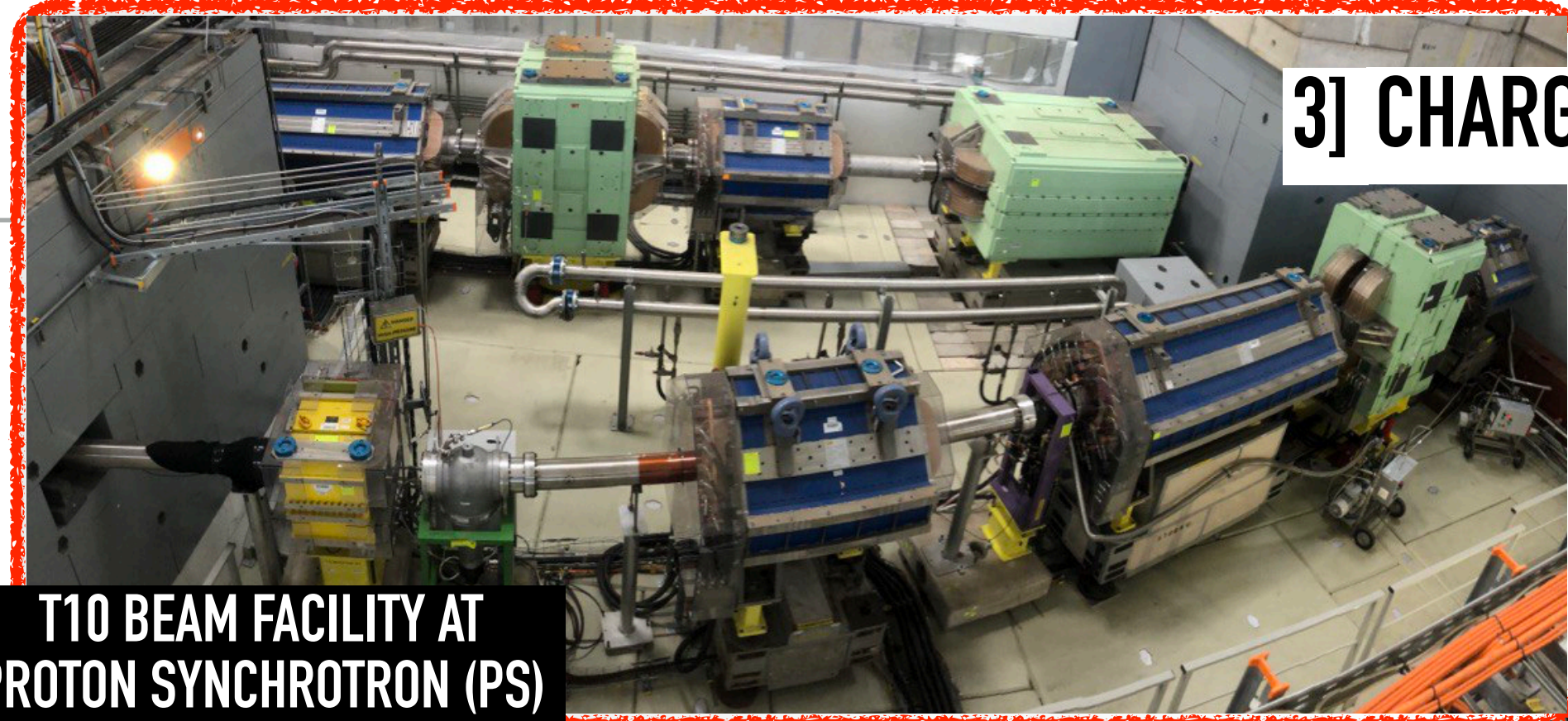
FBK25 LGAD-PIN UNDER THE MICROSCOPE



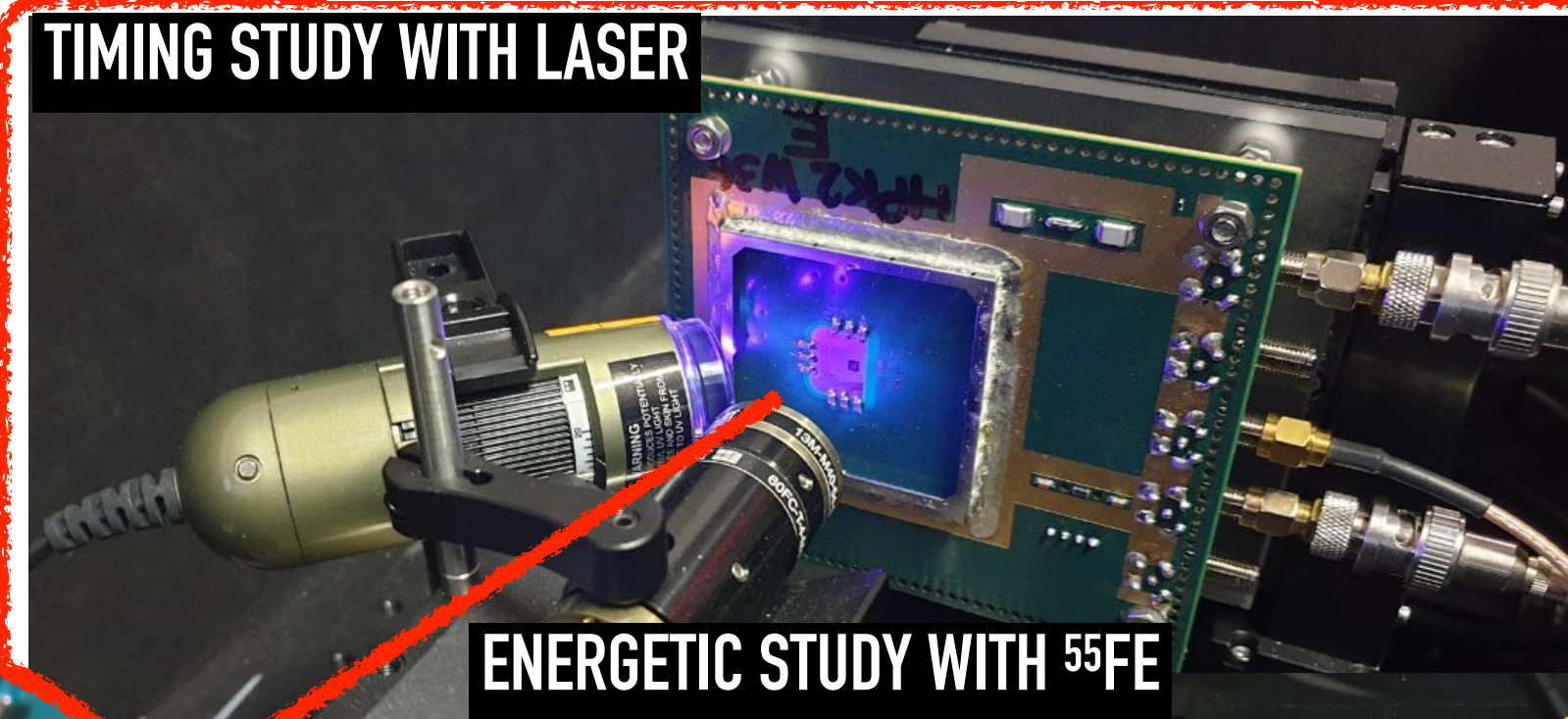
After inserting LGAD in a PCB and bonded



T10 BEAM FACILITY AT PROTON SYNCHROTRON (PS)



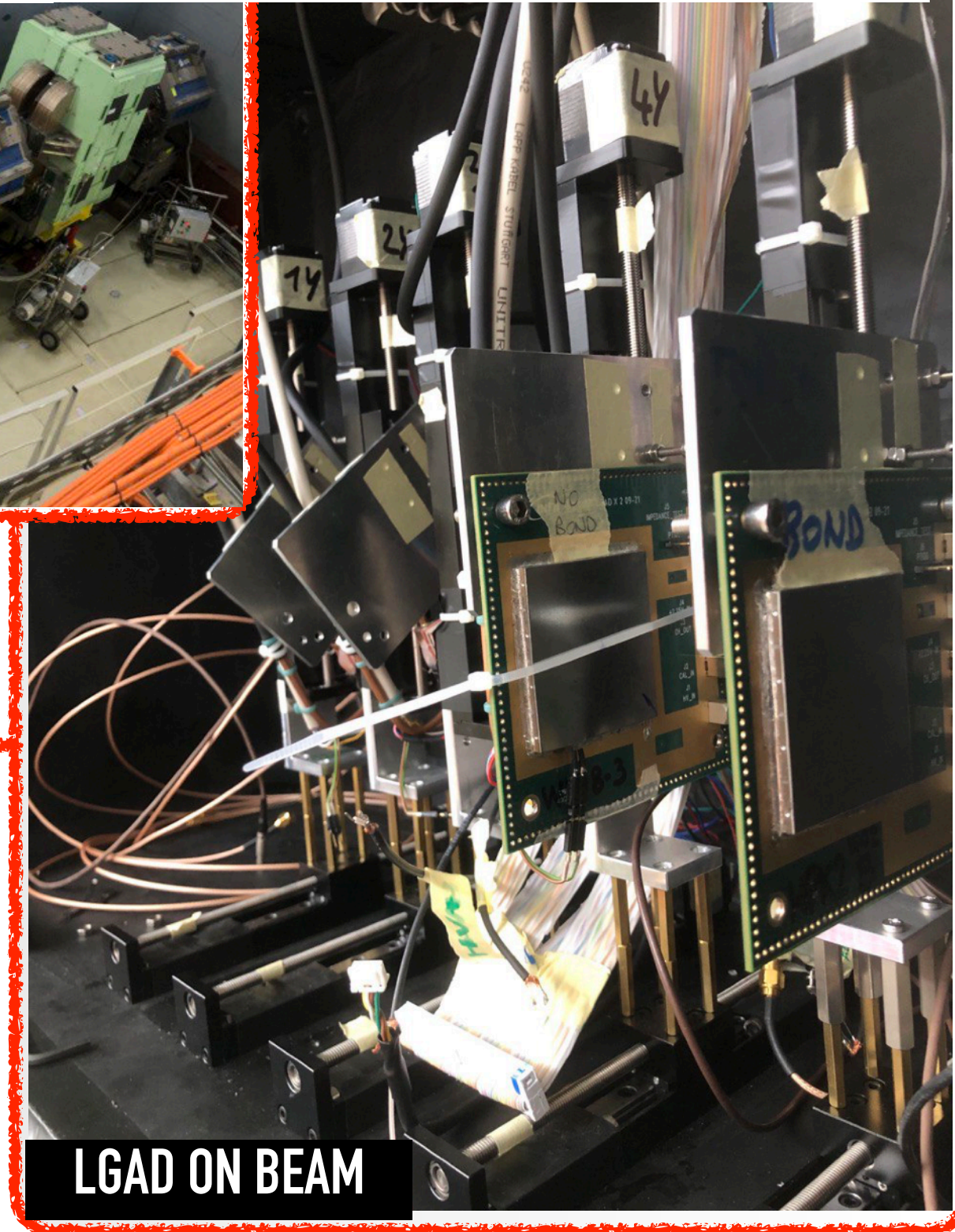
## 2] STUDIES WITH PHOTONS



TIMING STUDY WITH LASER

ENERGETIC STUDY WITH  $^{55}\text{Fe}$

## 3] CHARGED PARTICLES STUDIES



LGAD ON BEAM



# CHARACTERIZATION

- ◀ Extraction of Breakdown value (BD)
- ◀ Identification of Working Range (WR)

Typical BD values per thickness

50  $\mu\text{m}$  •••◀  $\approx 240\text{ V}$

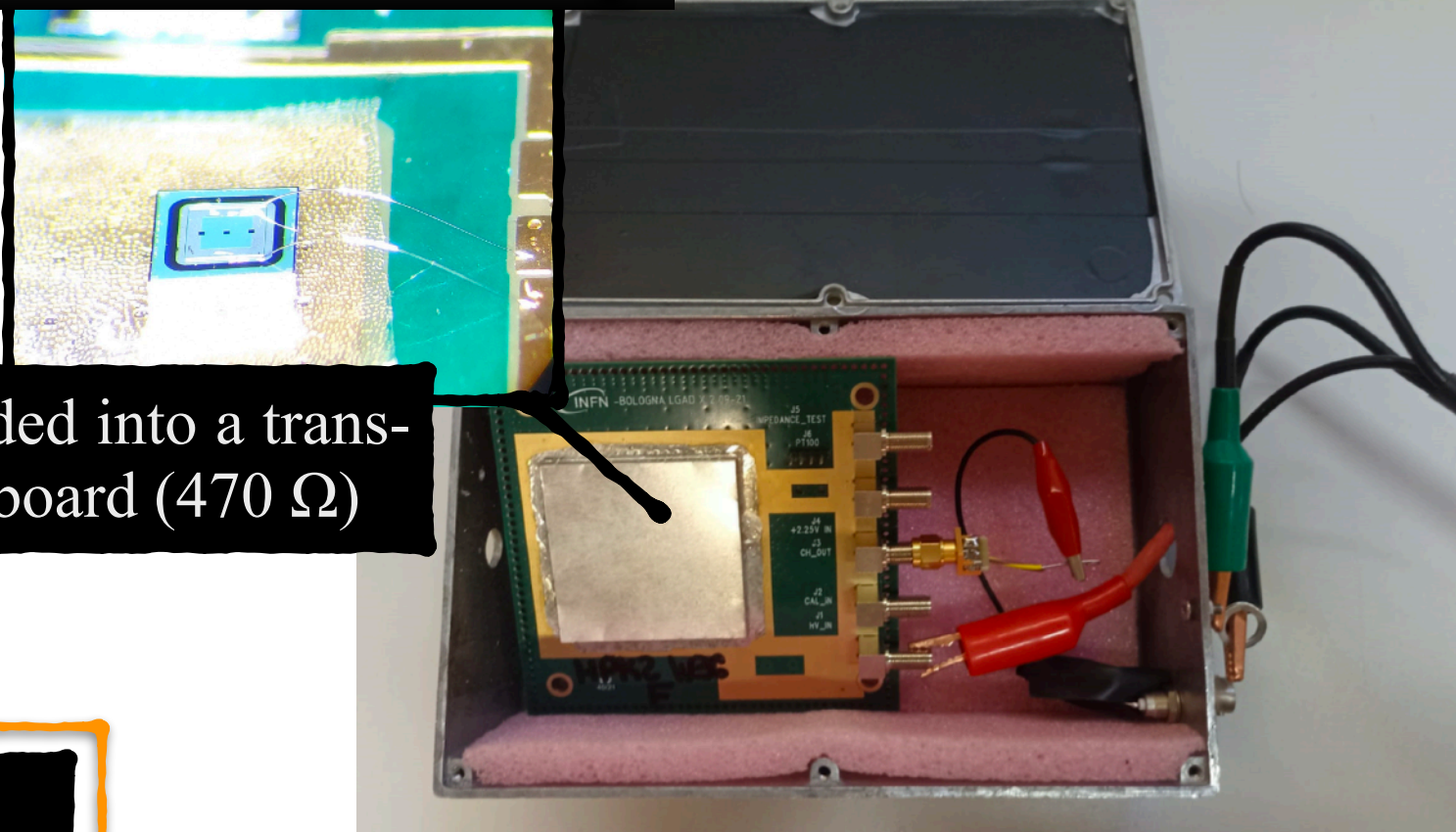
35  $\mu\text{m}$  •••◀  $\approx 260\text{ V}$

25  $\mu\text{m}$  •••◀  $\approx 120\text{ V}$

15  $\mu\text{m}$  •••◀  $\approx 140\text{ V}$

20  $\mu\text{m}$  •••◀  $\approx 150\text{ V}$

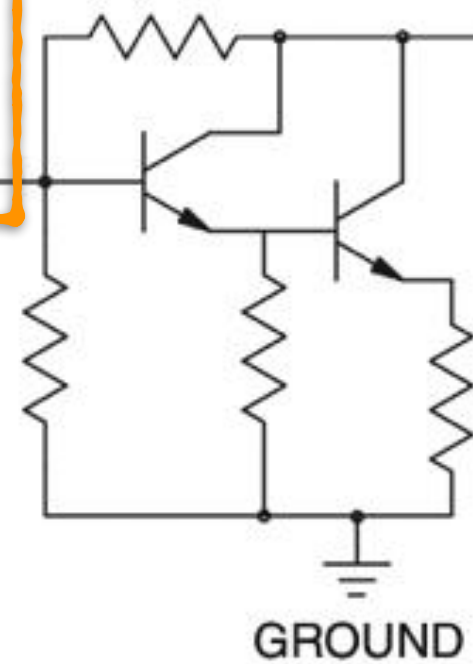
## Experimental setup



Sensor bonded into a trans-impedance board ( $470\ \Omega$ )

Current (INPUT)

RF IN



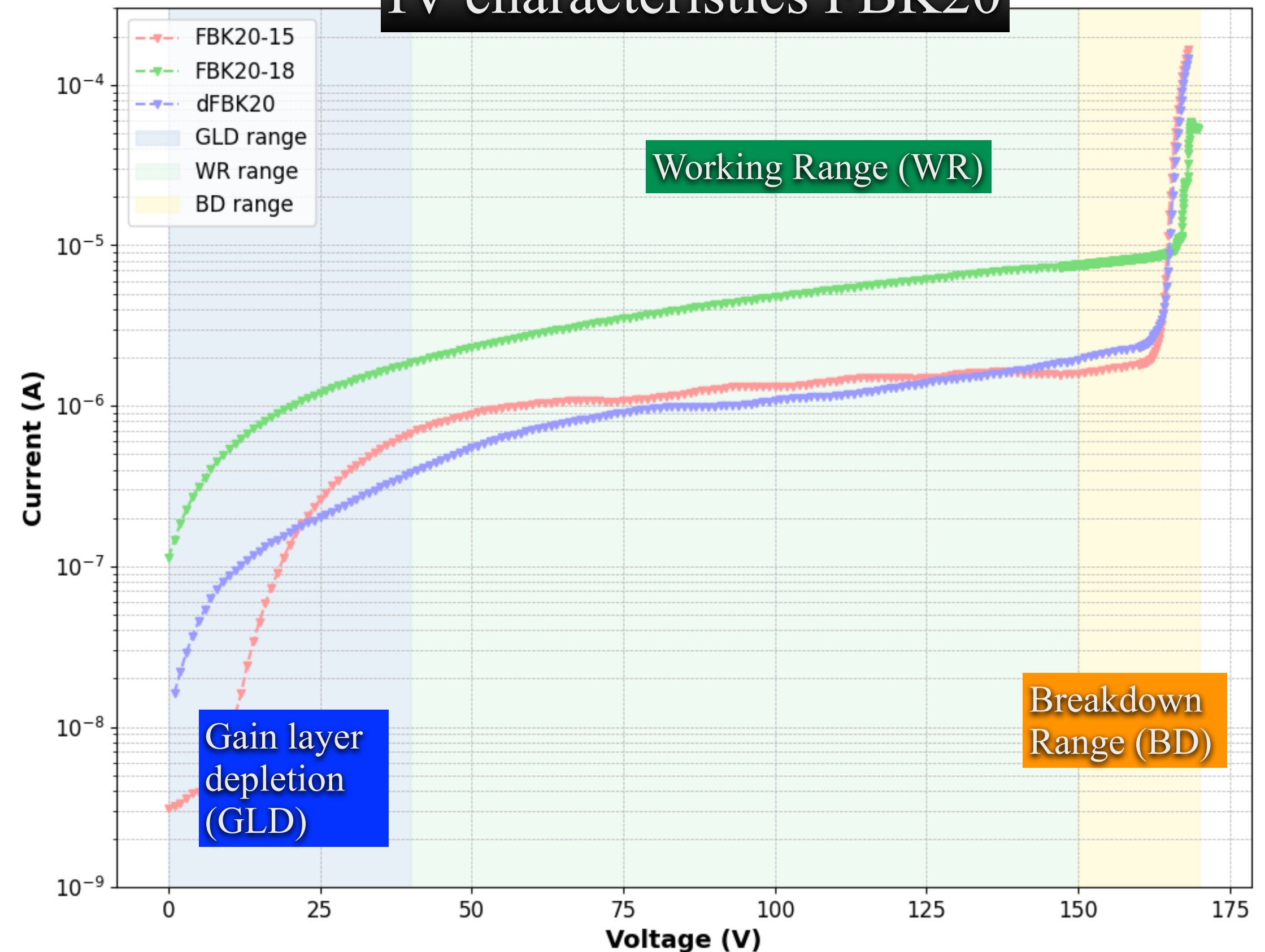
GROUND

RF-OUT and DC-IN

Voltage (OUTPUT)

Trans-impedance circuit

## IV characteristics FBK20

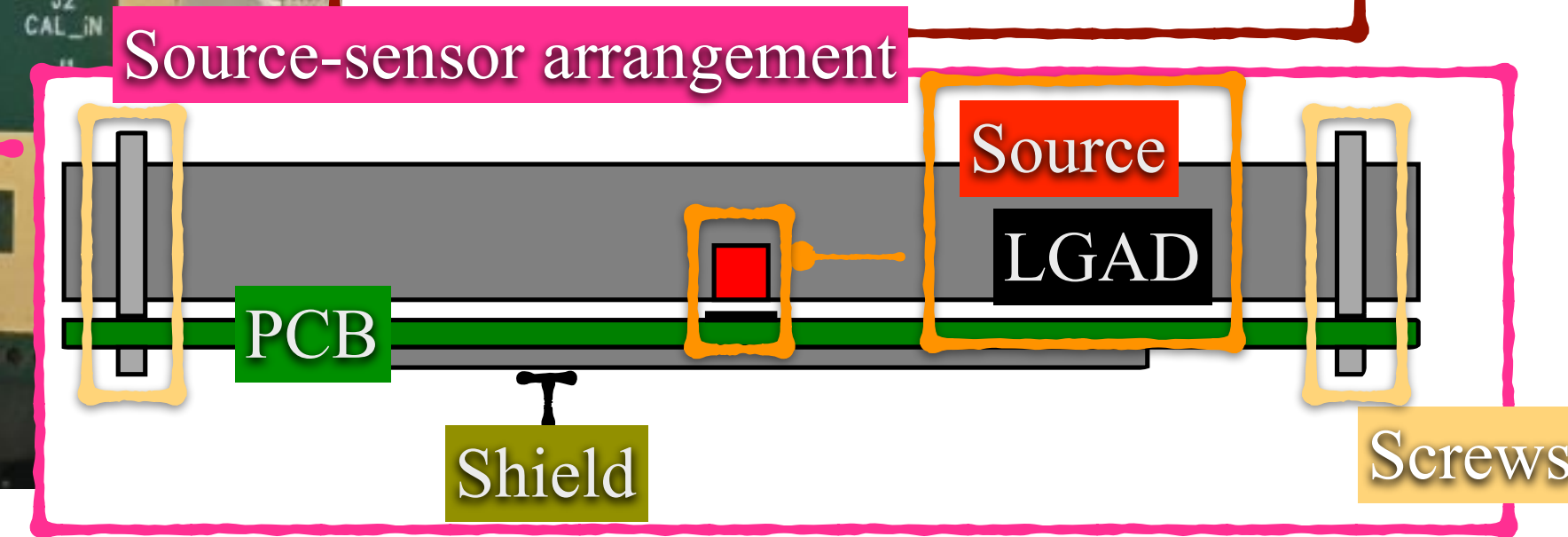
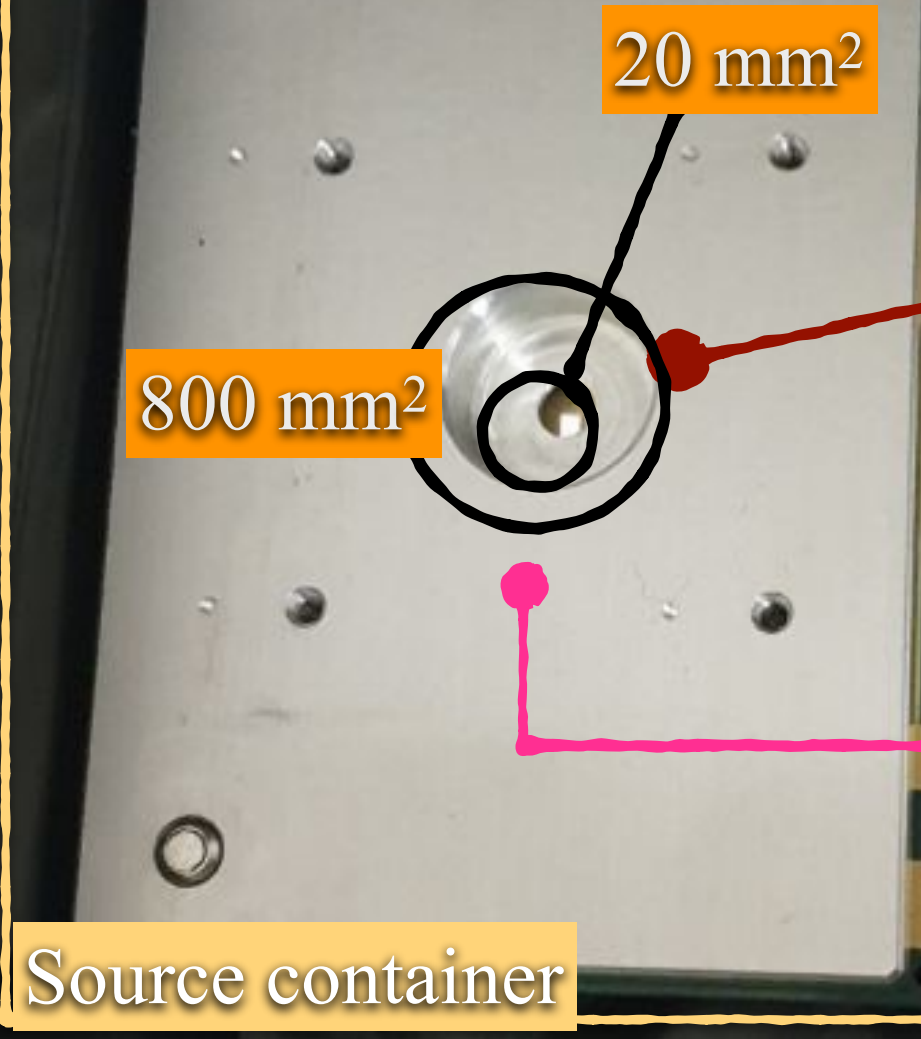
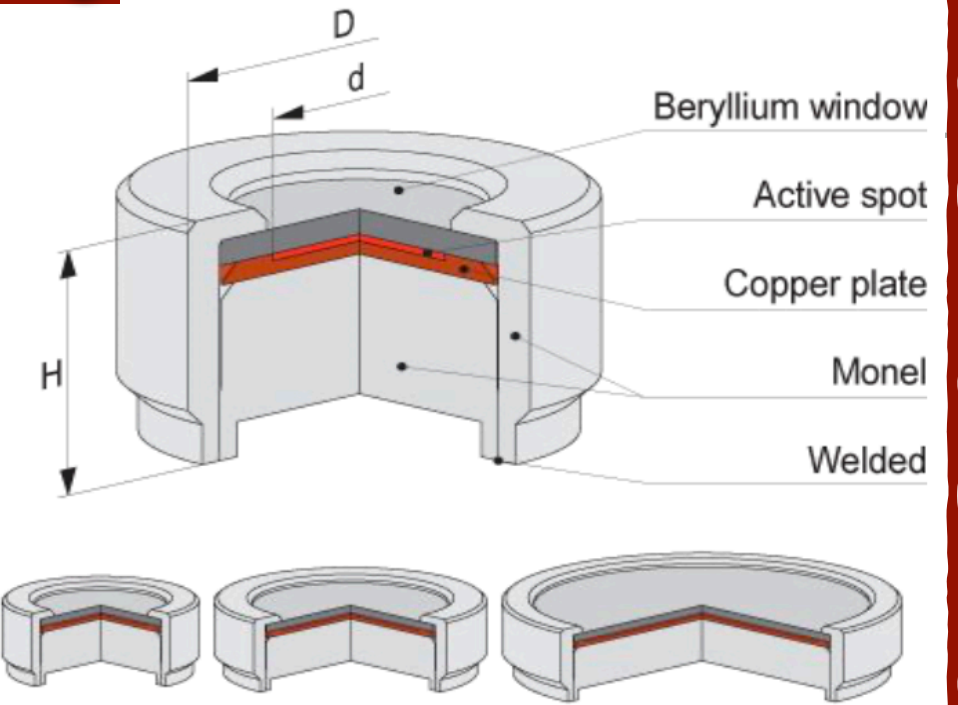




# STUDY WITH $^{55}\text{Fe}$

## Experimental setup

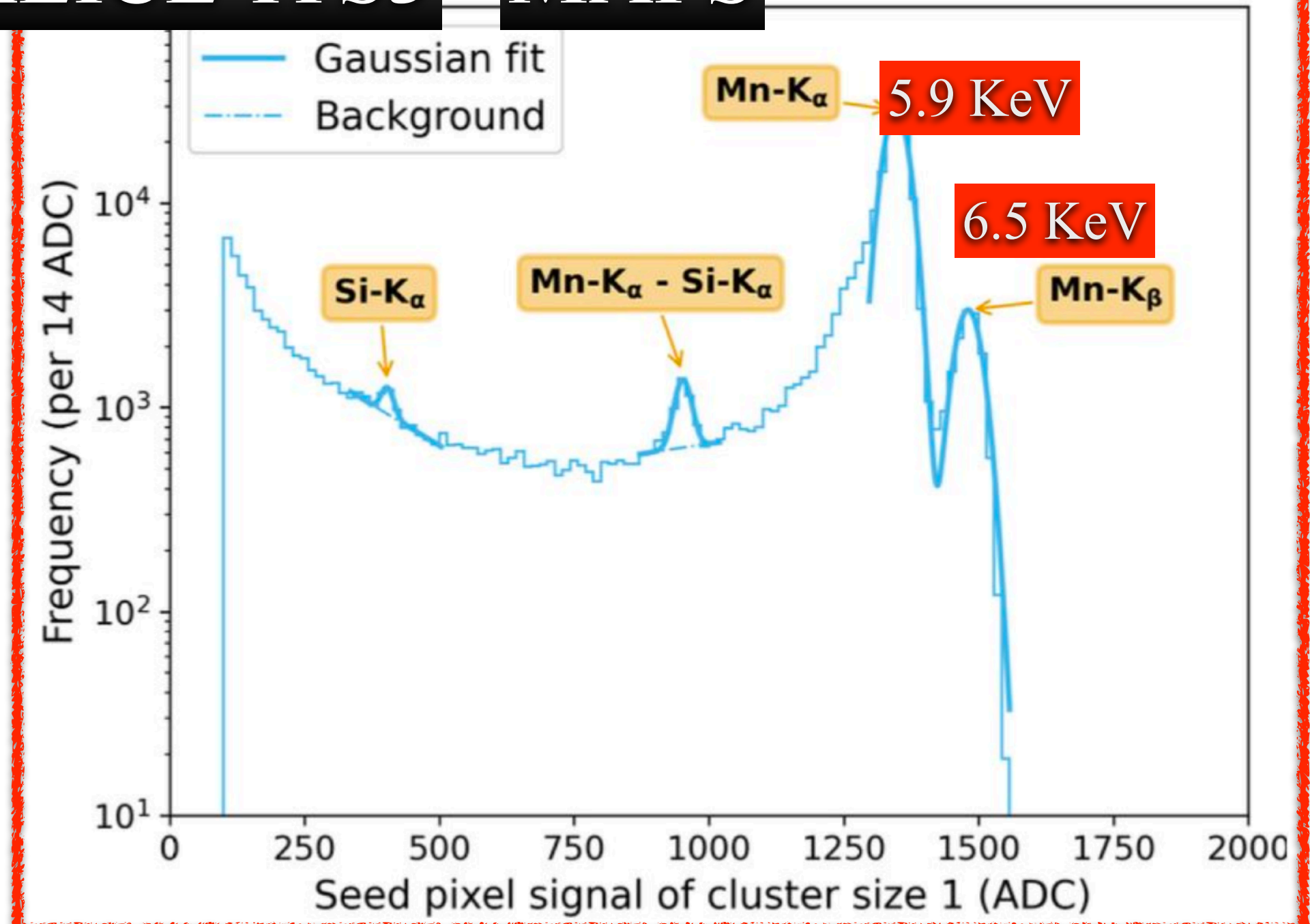
## Source housing



- ◀ Extract peak resolution
- ◀ Determine charge deposited
- ◀ Determine  $N_{eh}$
- ◀ Extract S/N

sLGADs  
dLGADs **!?**

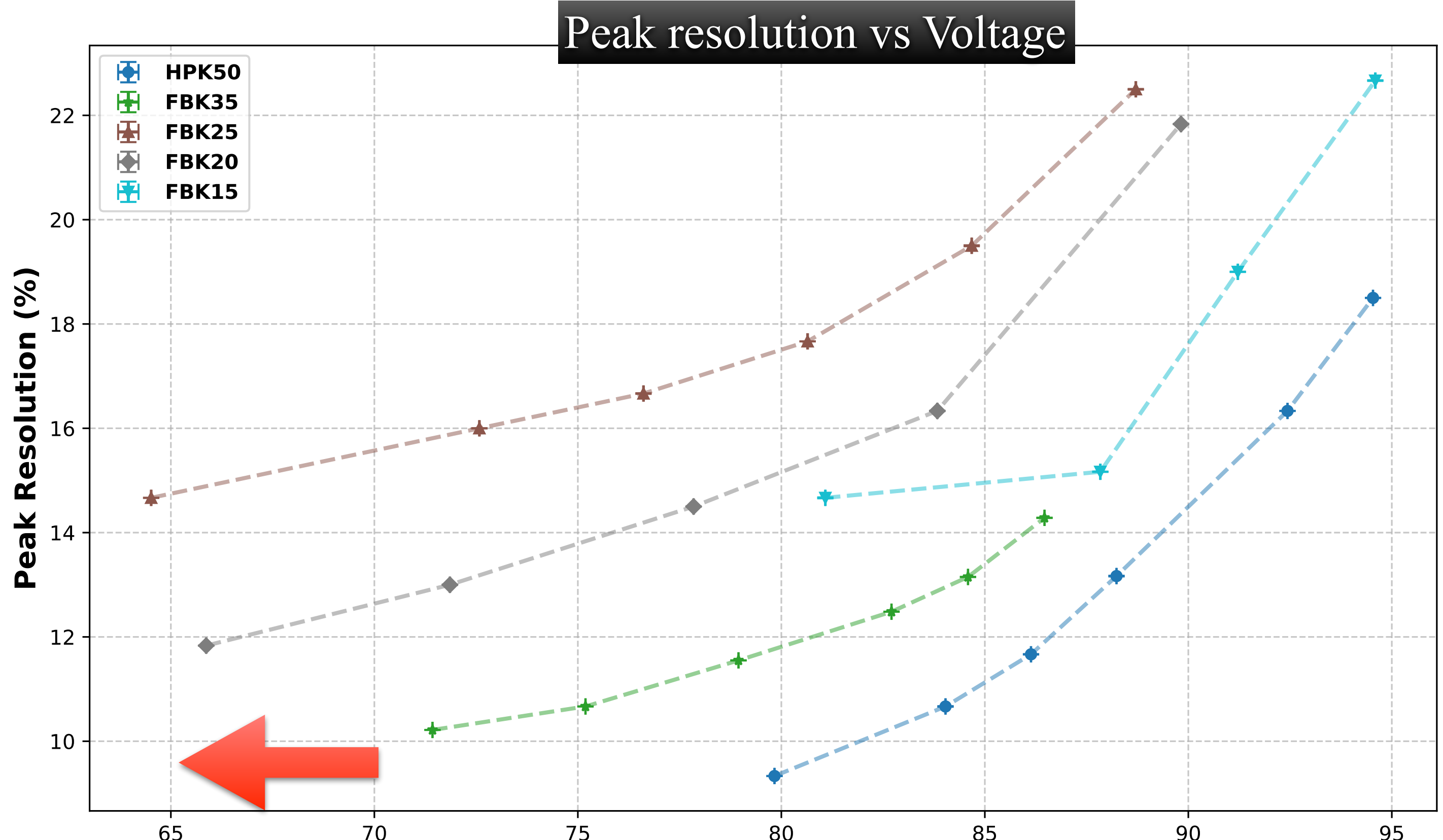
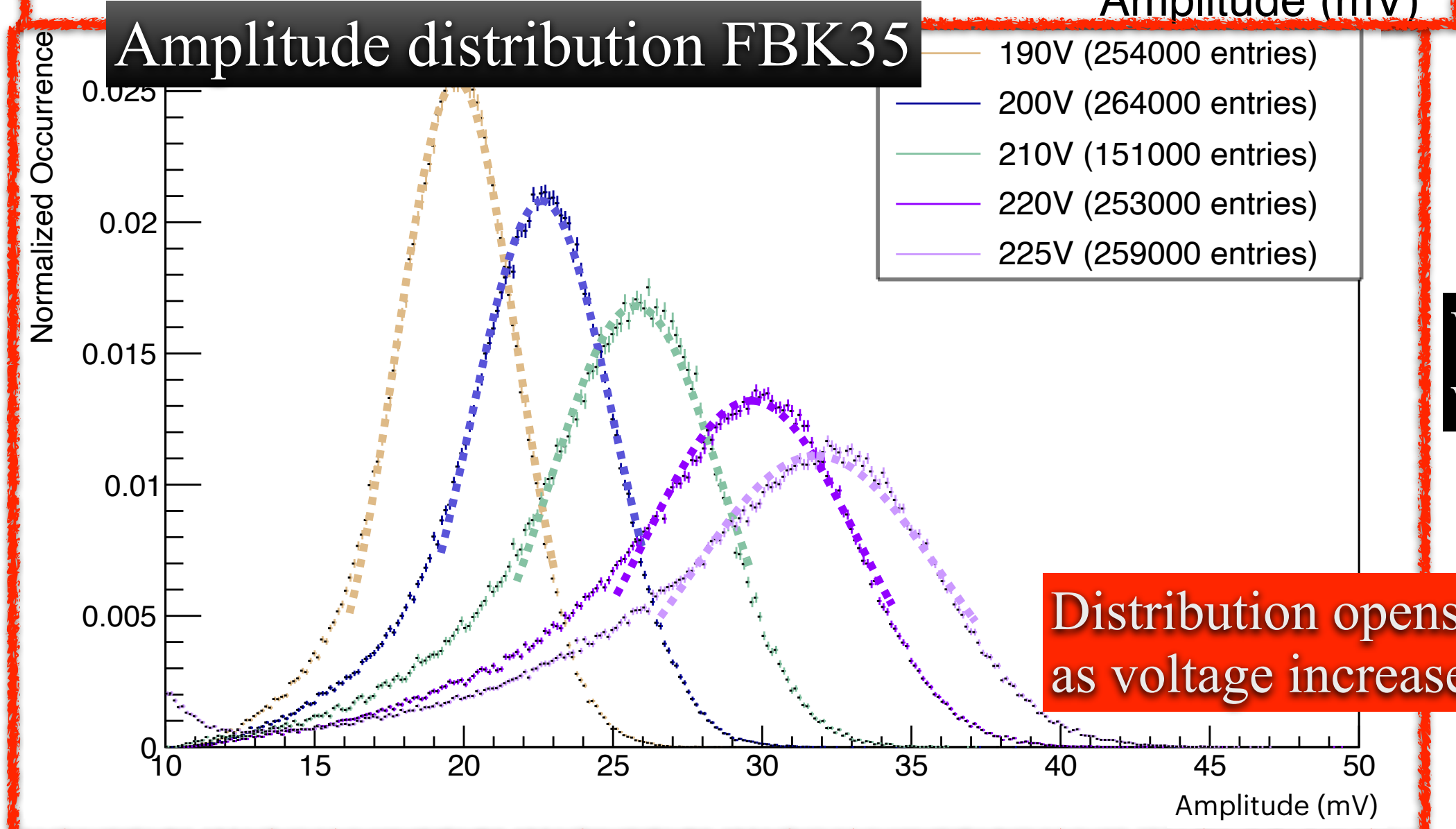
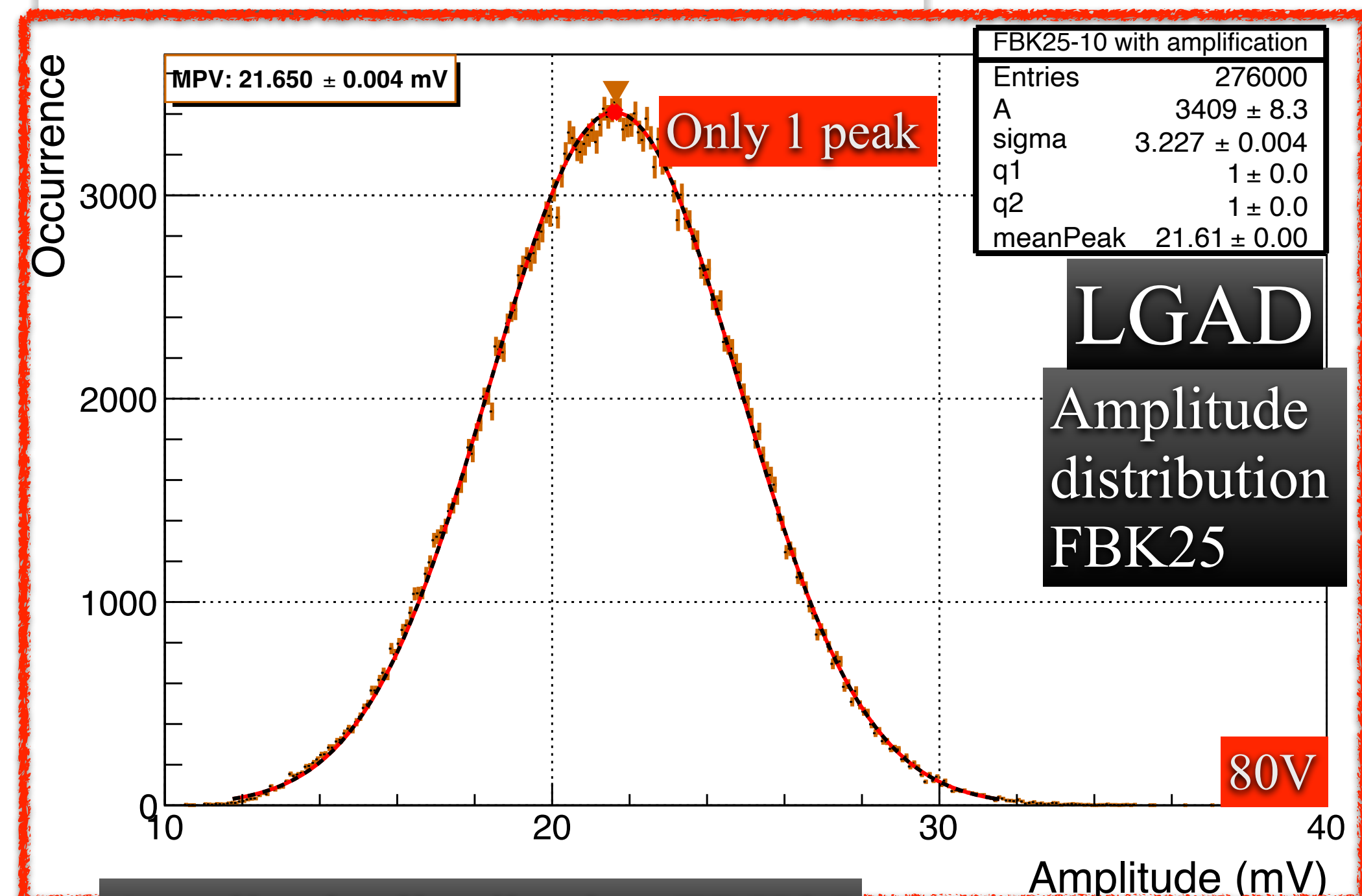
## ALICE-ITS3 MAPS



$^{55}\text{Fe} + e^- \rightarrow ^{55}\text{Mn} + \nu$	Energy (keV)	Emissions per 100 disint.
Auger electrons	0.47 - 0.67	140.2 (8)
	4.95 - 6.53	60.1 (5)
	0.56 - 0.72	0.524 (21)
	5.888	8.45 (14)
X-rays	5.899	16.57 (27)
	6.490	3.40 (7)
	6.535	
$\gamma$	125.959	$1.3 (1) \times 10^{-7}$



# STUDY WITH $^{55}\text{Fe}$ [1]



How low does it go? Percentage of Breakdown Voltage (%)

Worsening as voltage increases

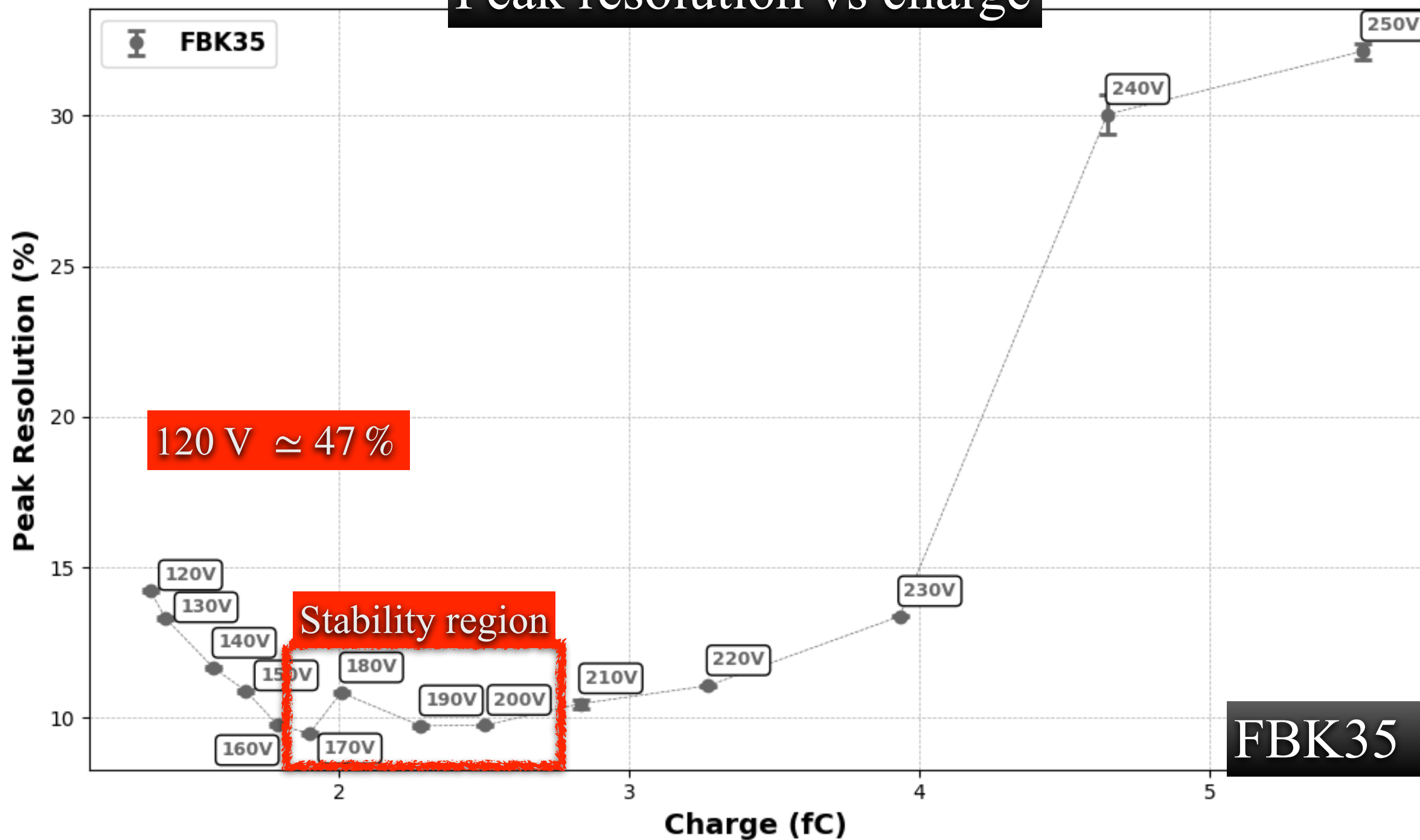
Voltage	Mean (mV)	Sigma (mV)
190	$(19.76 \pm 0.03)$	$(2.00 \pm 0.06)$
200	$(22.62 \pm 0.02)$	$(2.35 \pm 0.04)$
210	$(25.76 \pm 0.02)$	$(2.85 \pm 0.05)$
220	$(29.64 \pm 0.03)$	$(3.52 \pm 0.08)$
225	$(31.88 \pm 0.04)$	$(4.11 \pm 0.02)$



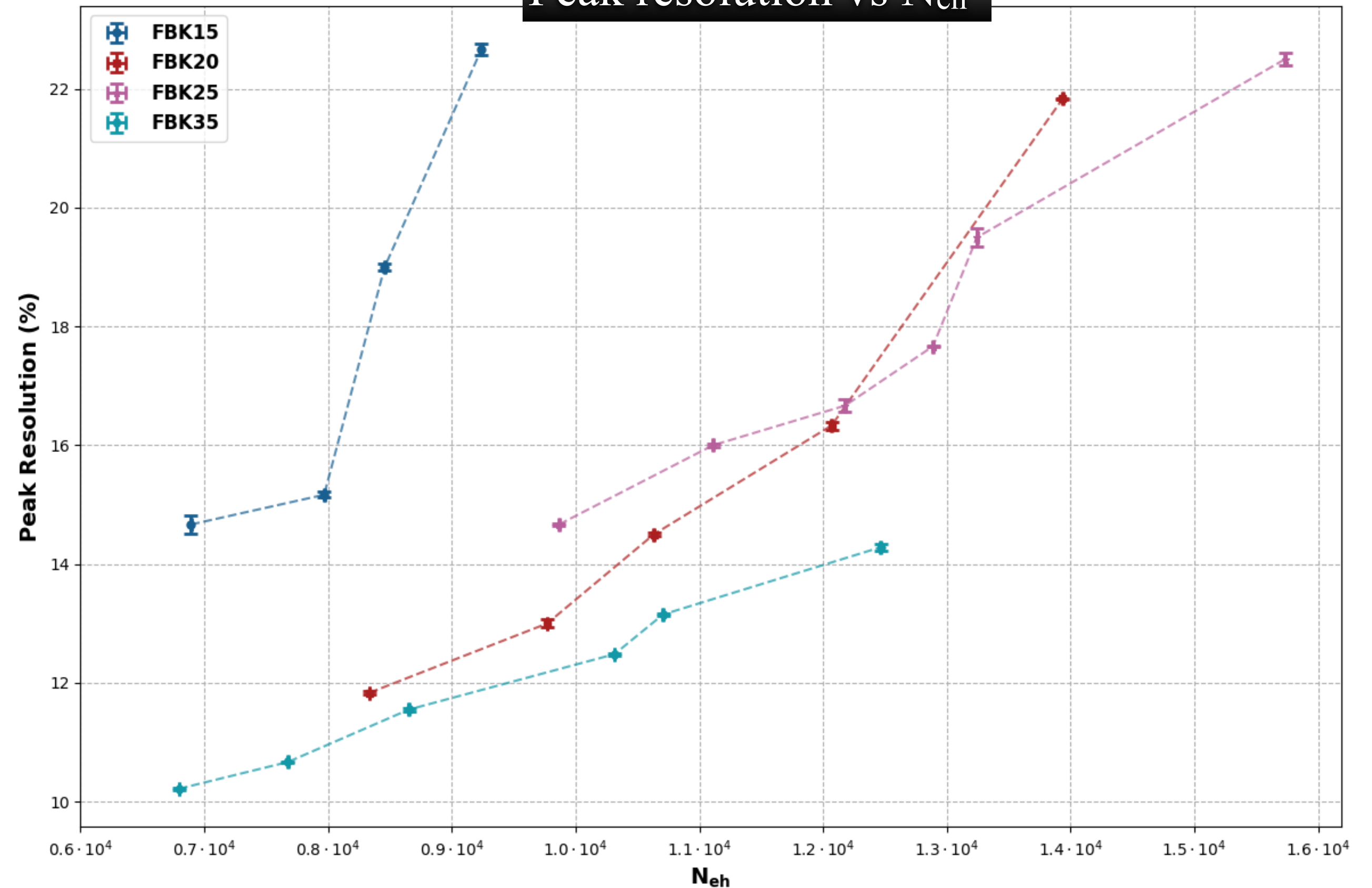
# STUDY WITH $^{55}\text{Fe}$ [2]

- ... ◀ Difficult explore low voltage regime for thinner sensor
- ... ◀ Unreliable results FBK20-FBK15
- ... ◀ Difficulty in comparing with HPK50 reference

Peak resolution vs charge



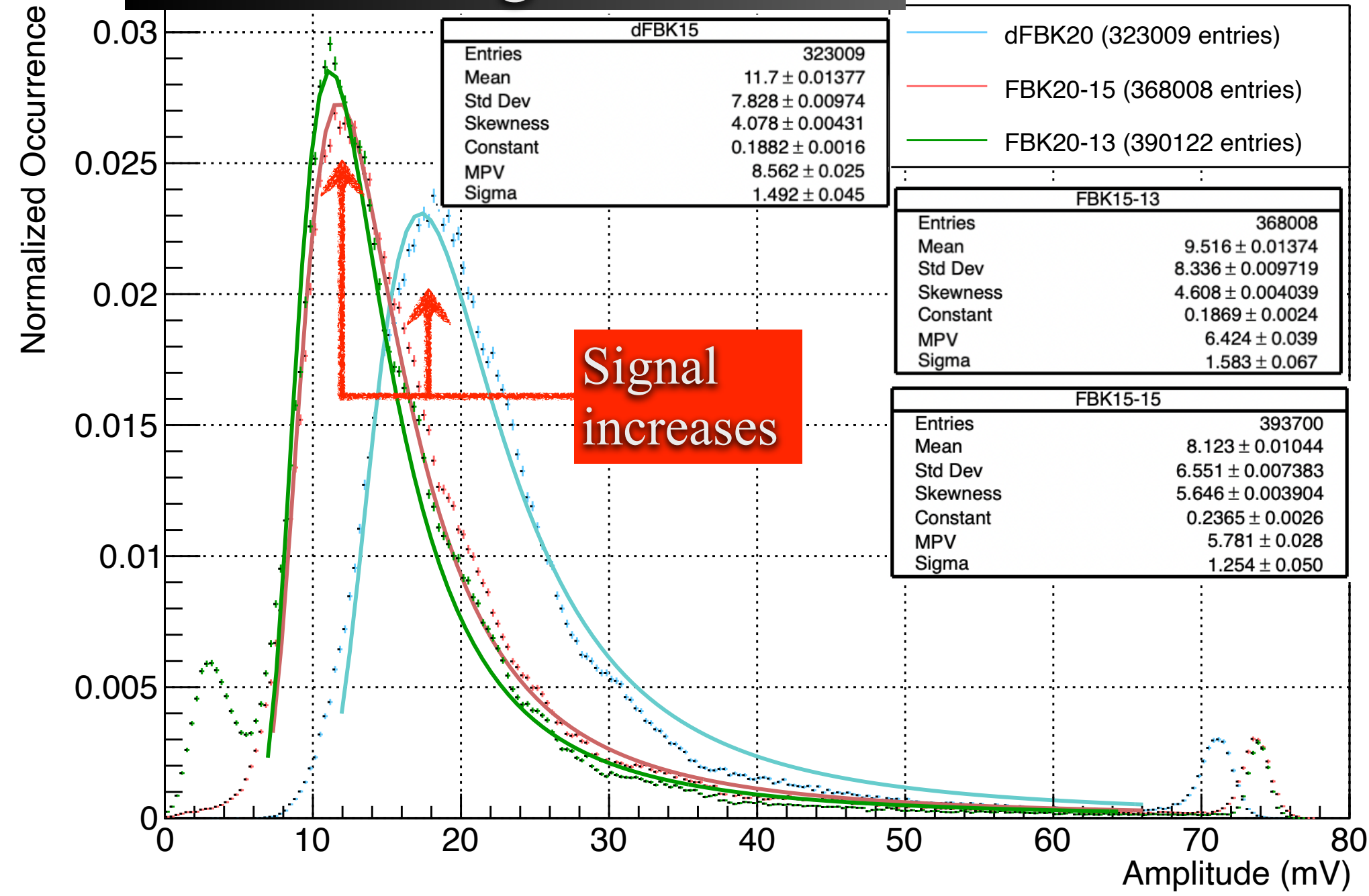
Peak resolution vs  $N_{eh}$



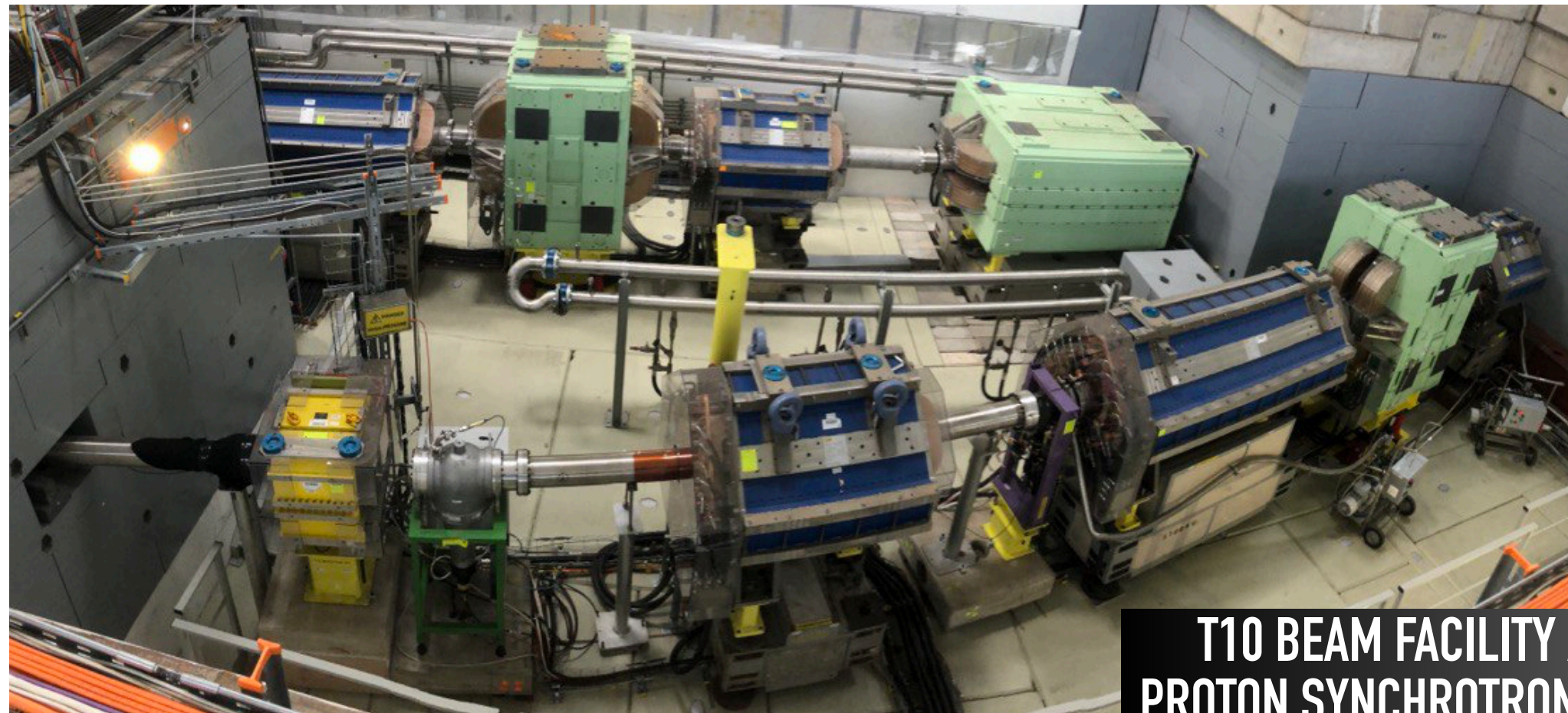
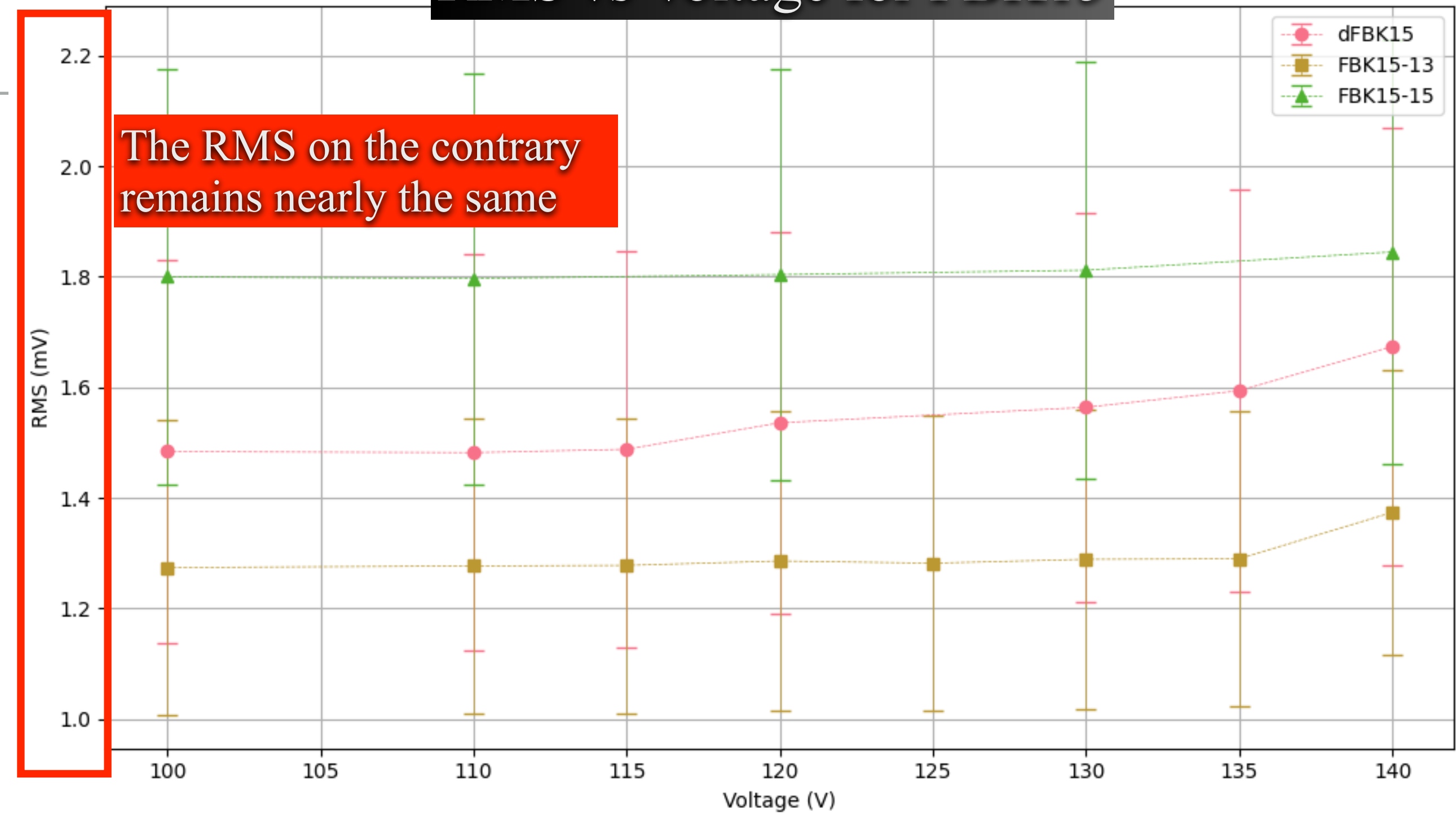


# BEAM FACILITY AT PS T10

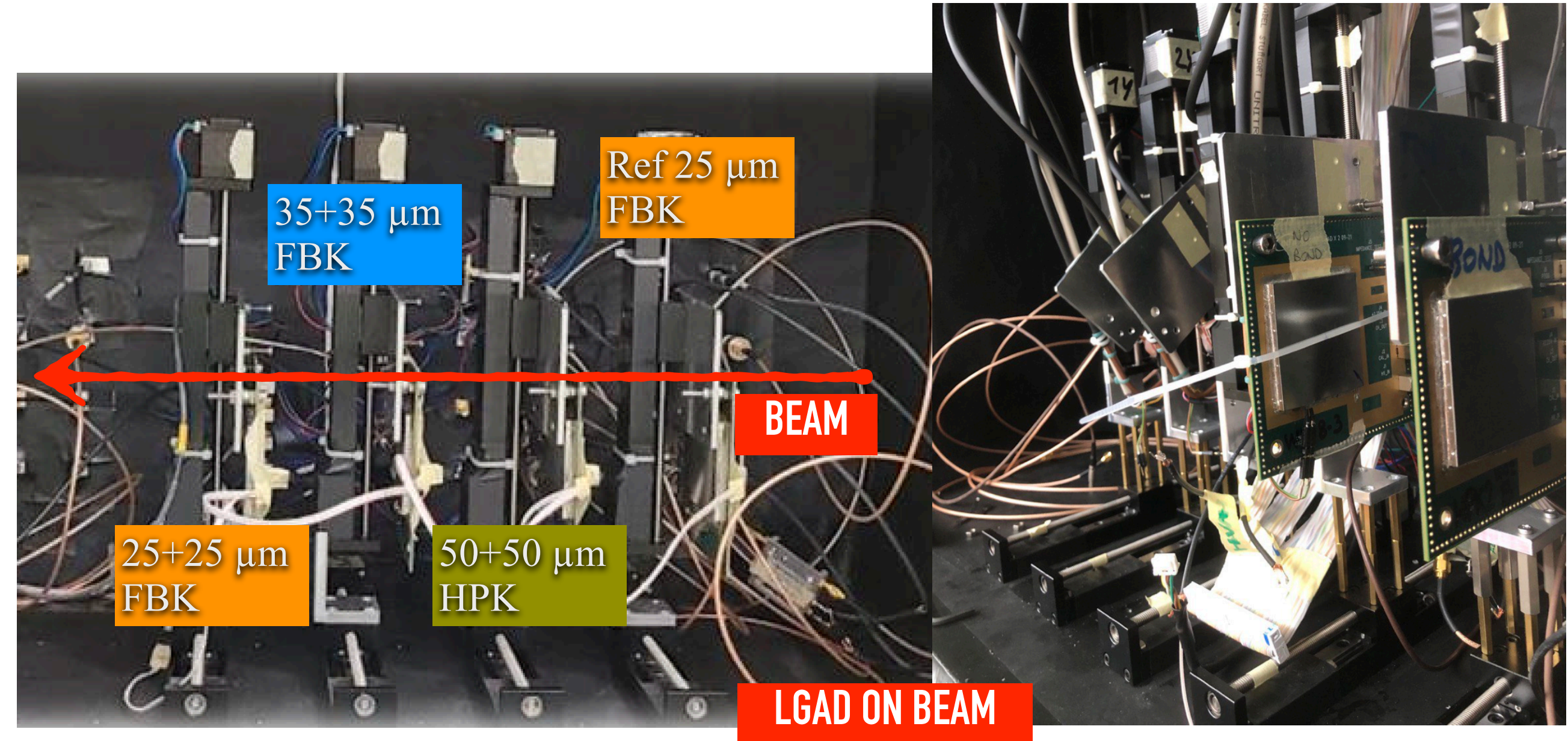
## FBK15 - Single vs Double



## RMS vs Voltage for FBK15



T10 BEAM FACILITY AT PROTON SYNCHROTRON (PS)



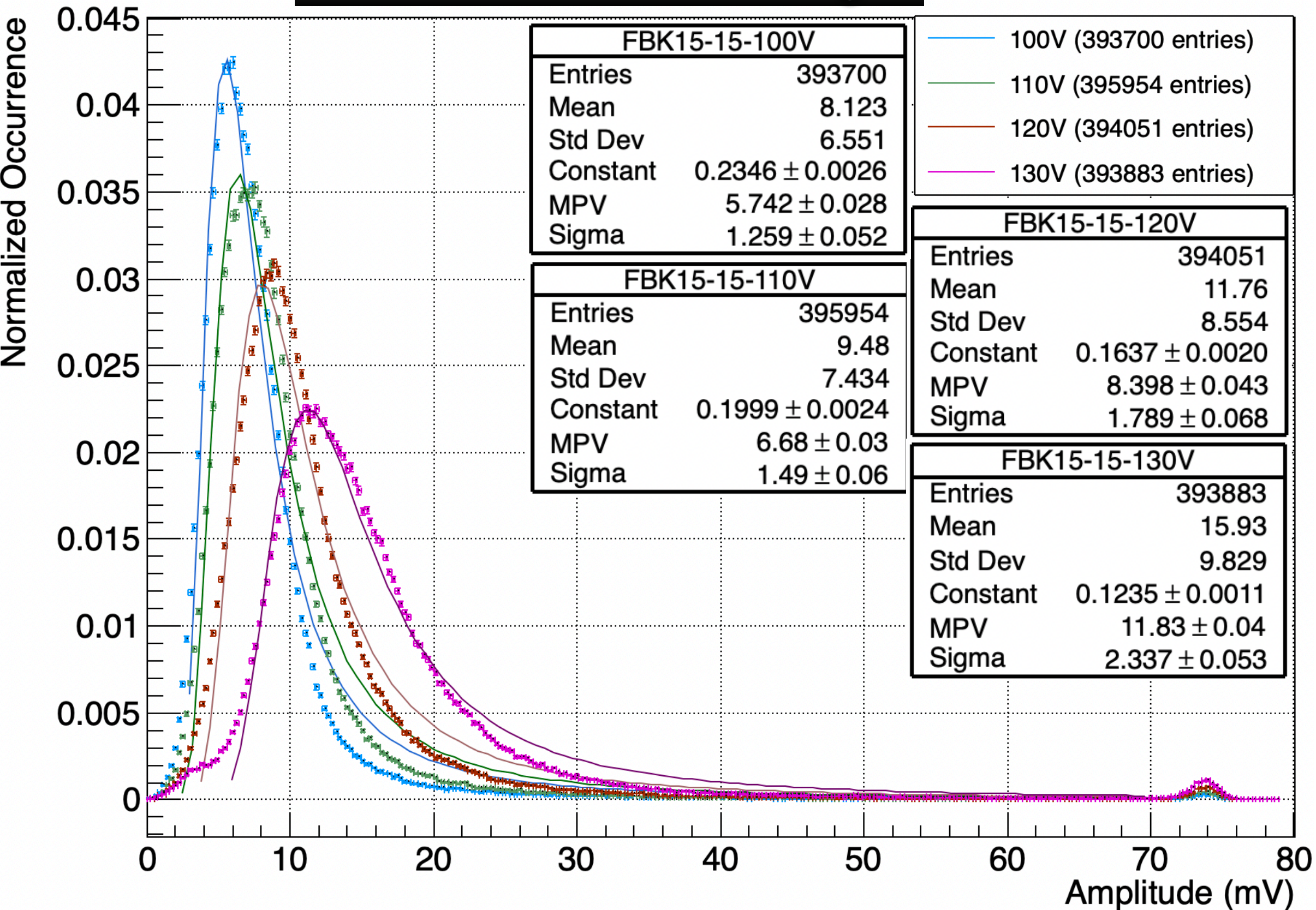


# BEAM FACILITY AT PS T10 [1]

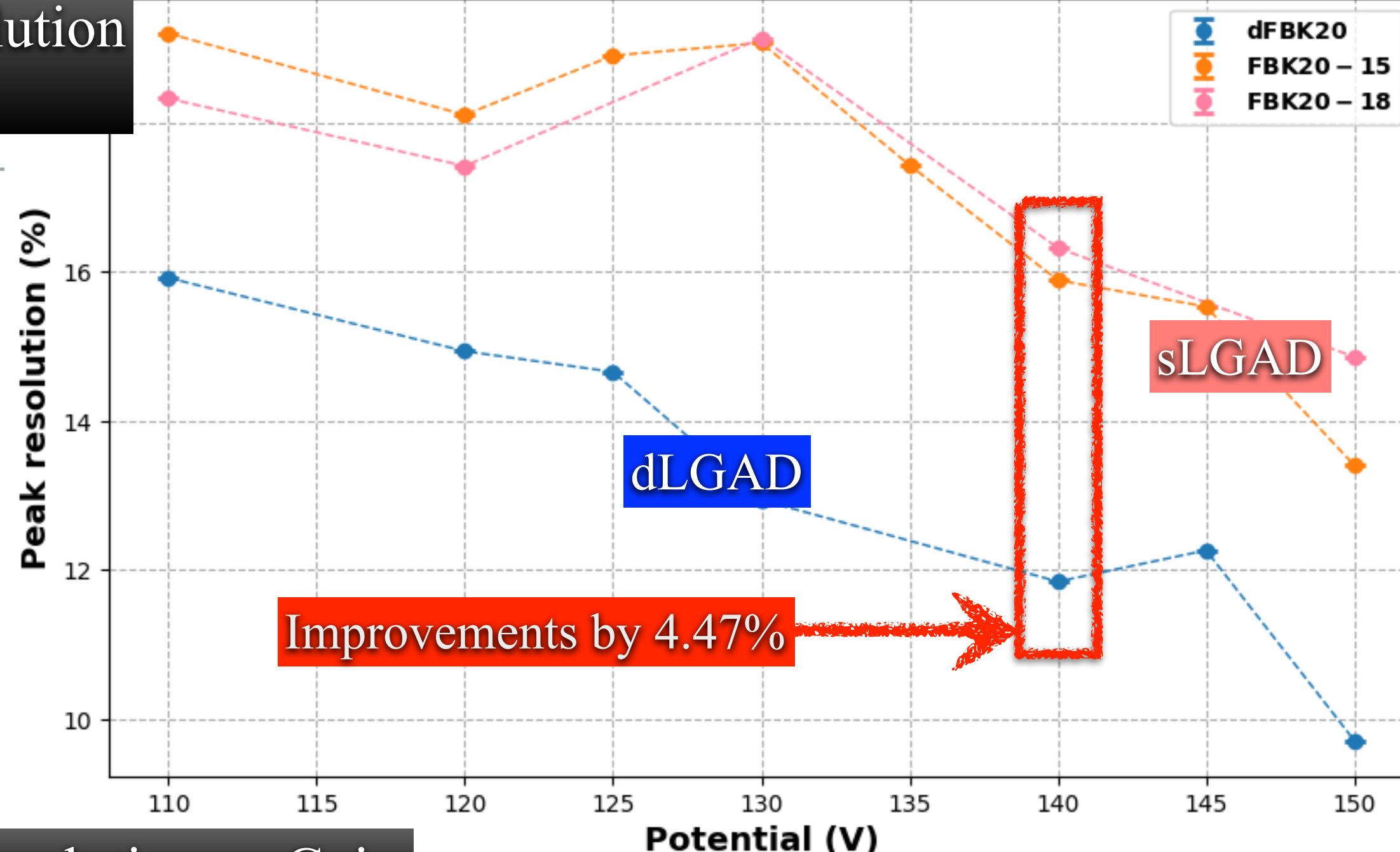
FBK20-15

- Timing resolution studies (Yet to be completed)
- Peak resolution studies

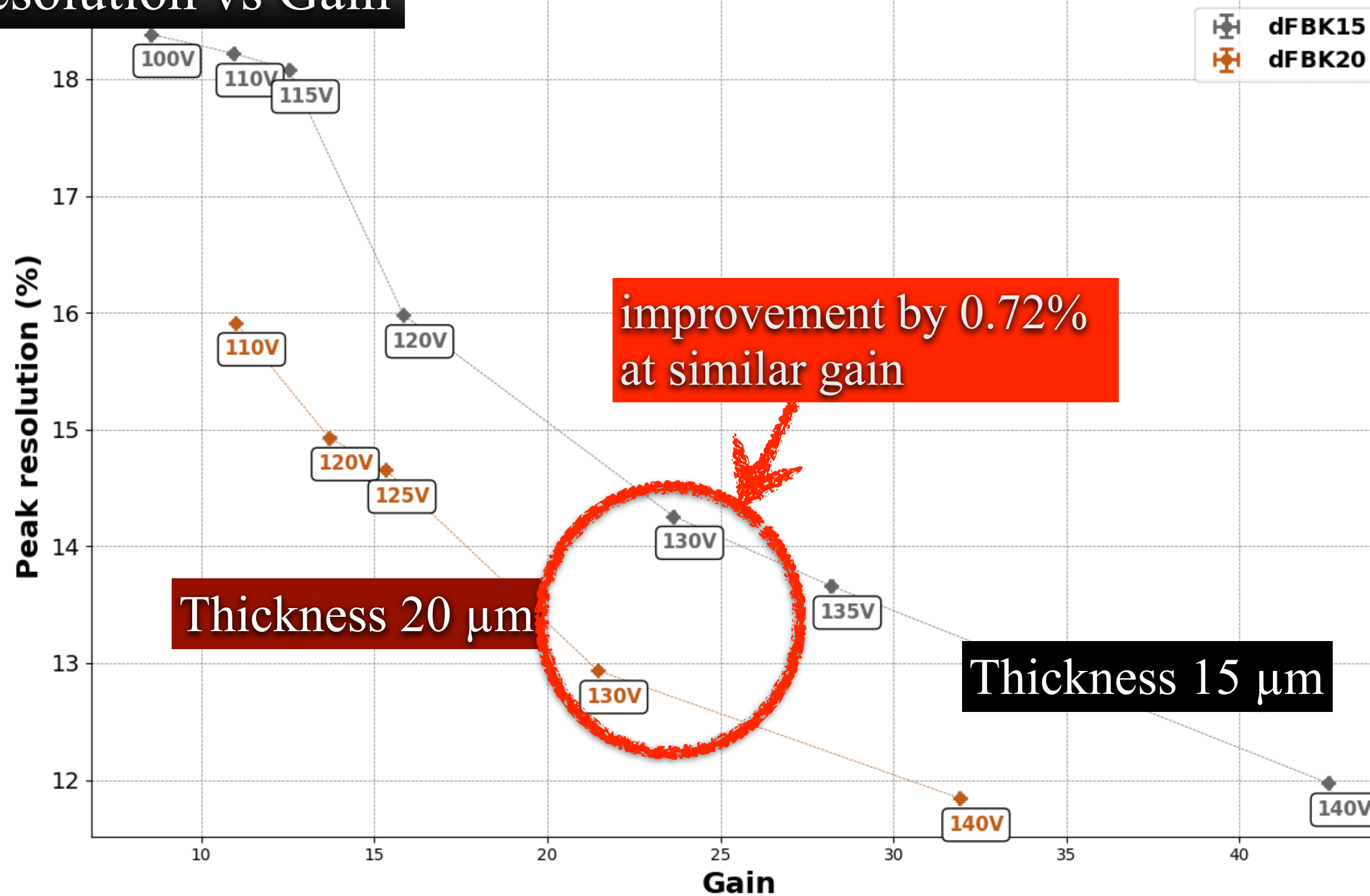
FBK15-15 - various voltages



Peak resolution  
FBK20



Peak resolution vs Gain

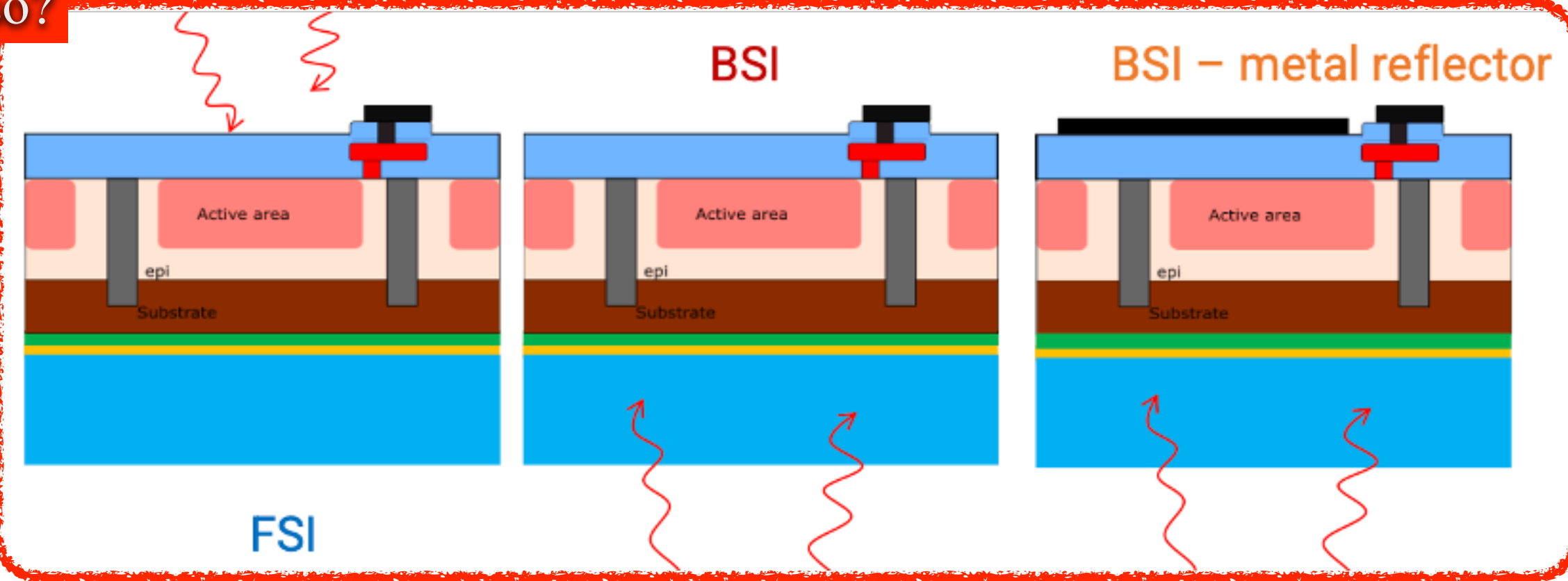




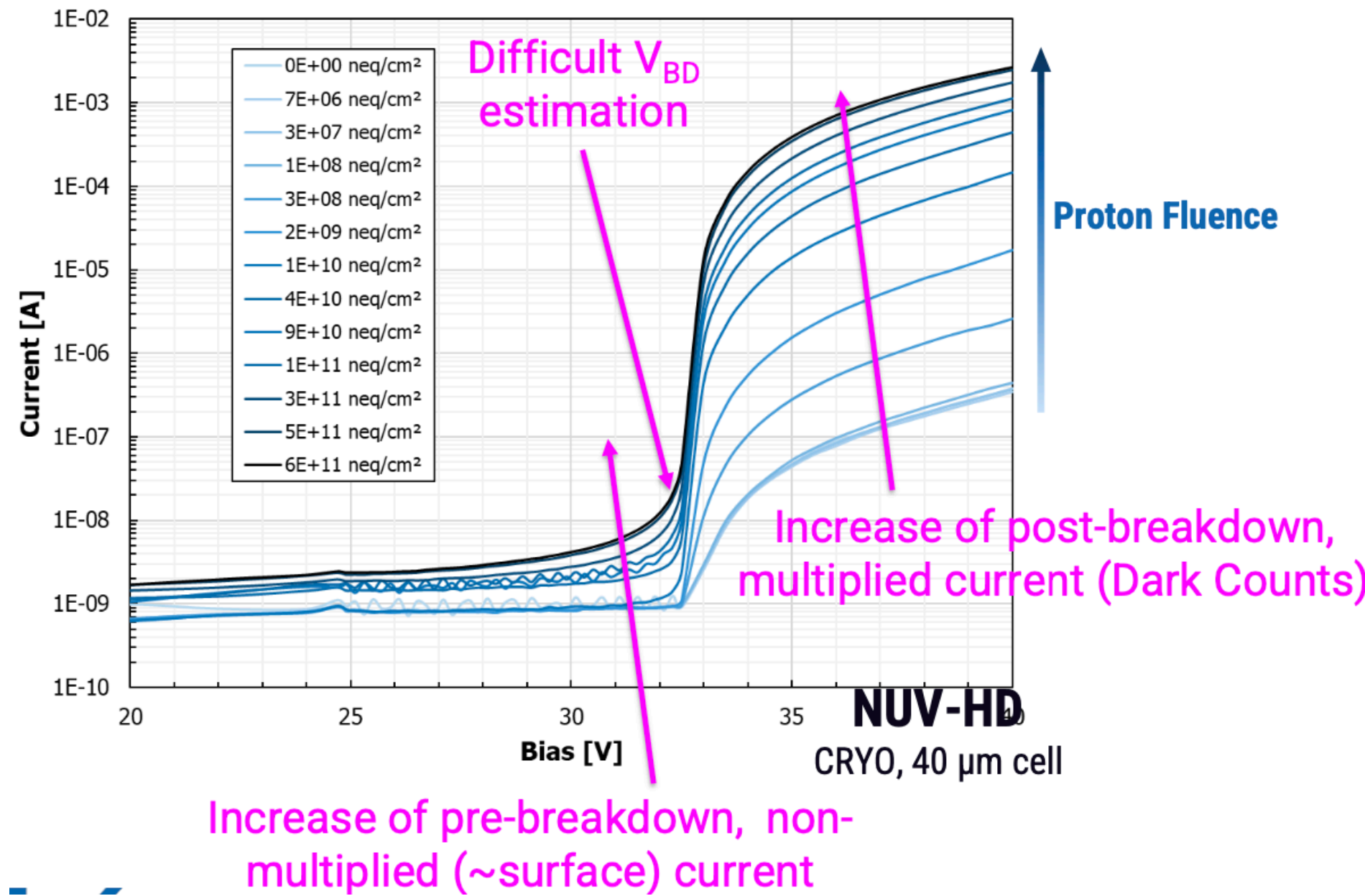
# THEME OF MY PHD

- ◀ Working on Silicon PhotonMultipliers (SiPM) and radiation damage
- ◀ R&D for a radiation tolerant device for imaging application !

Could working for timing also?



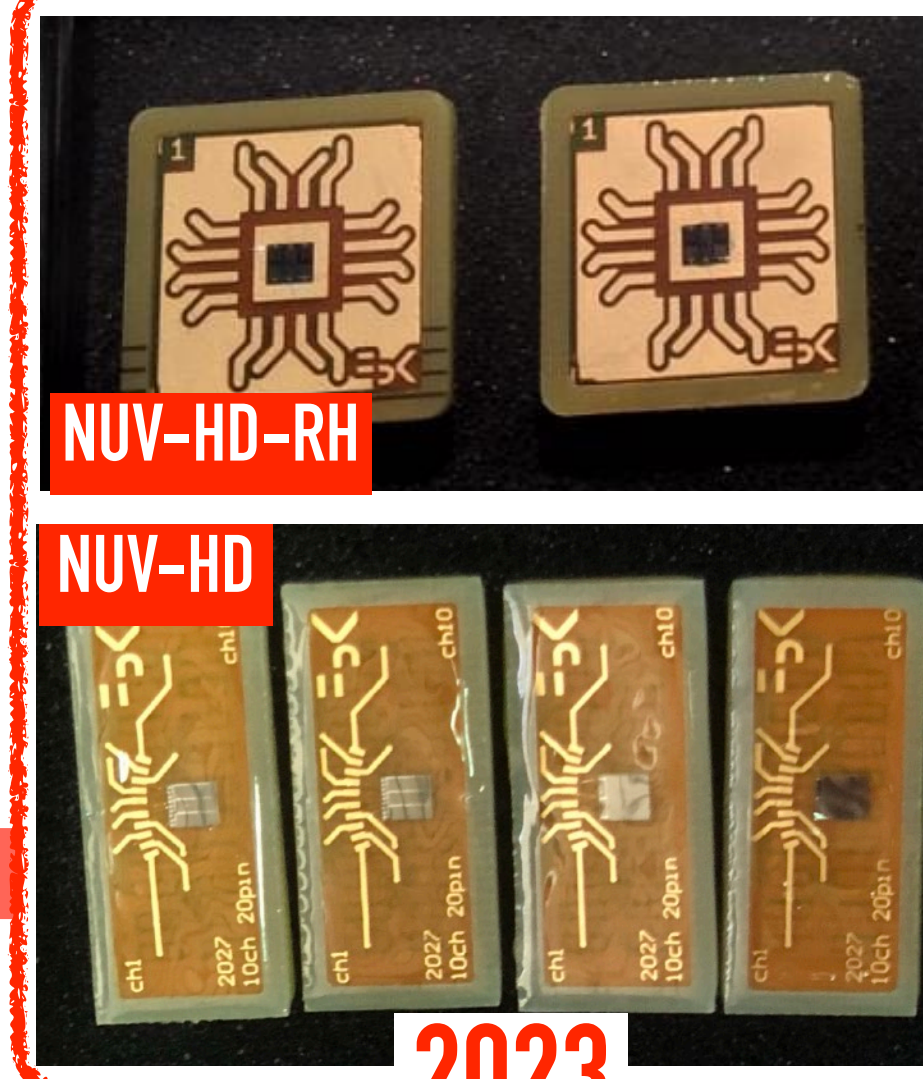
Effects of irradiation on reverse IVs



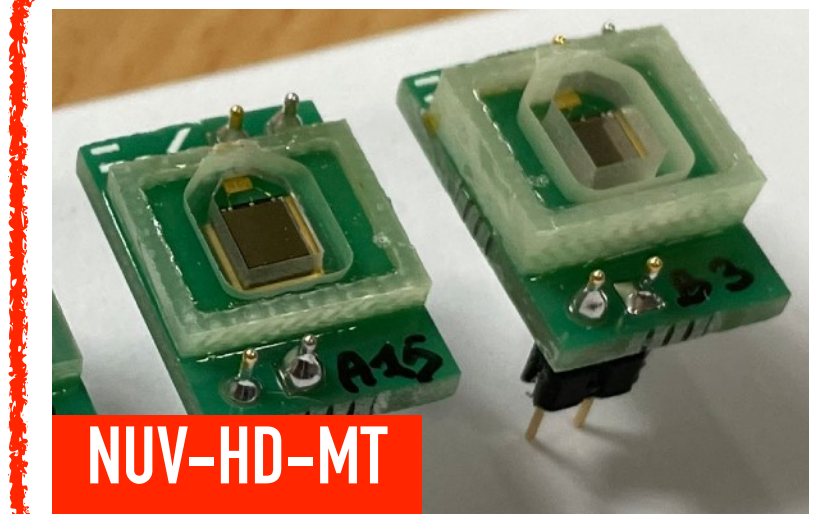
## SIPM



2022



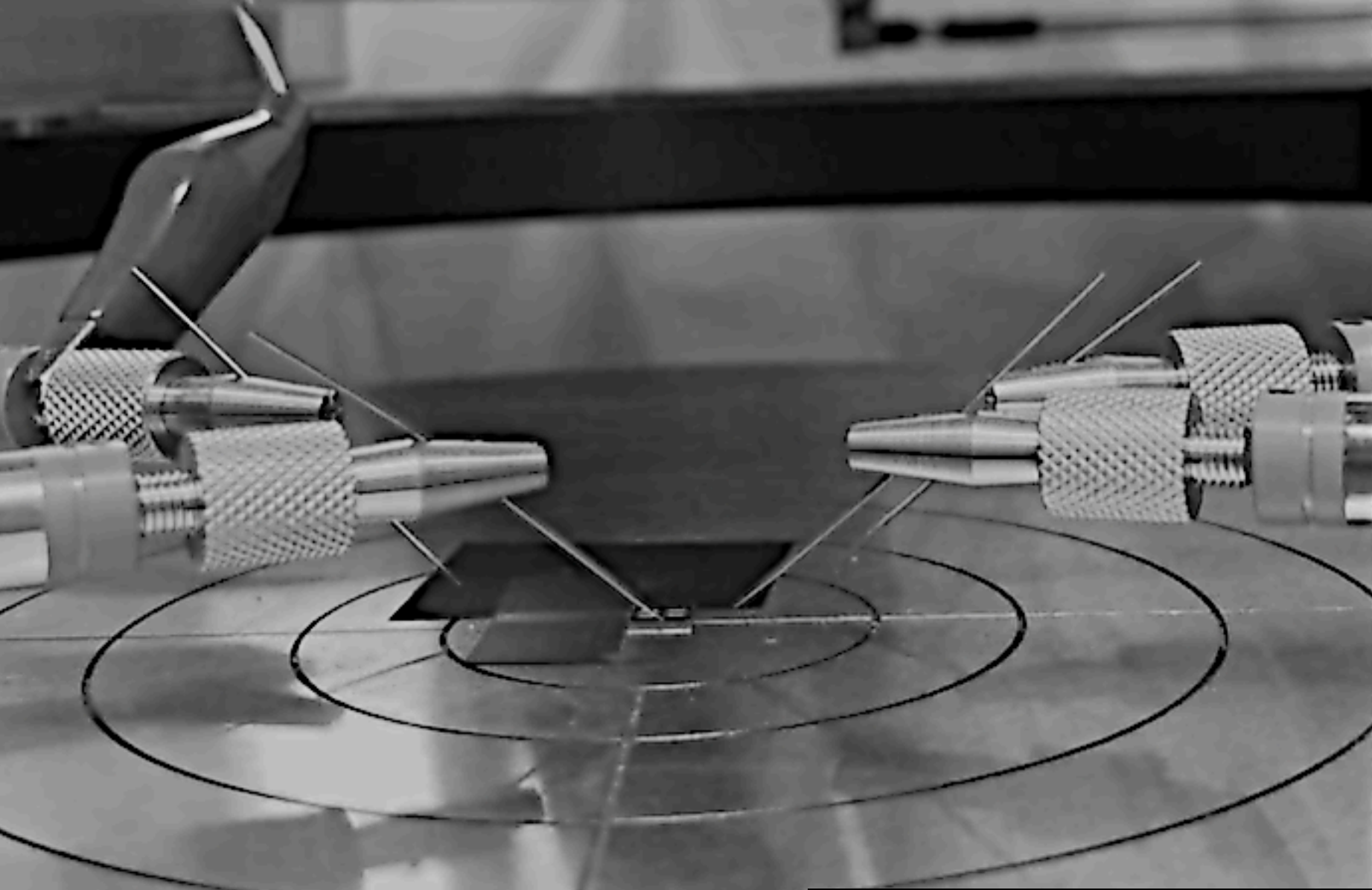
2023



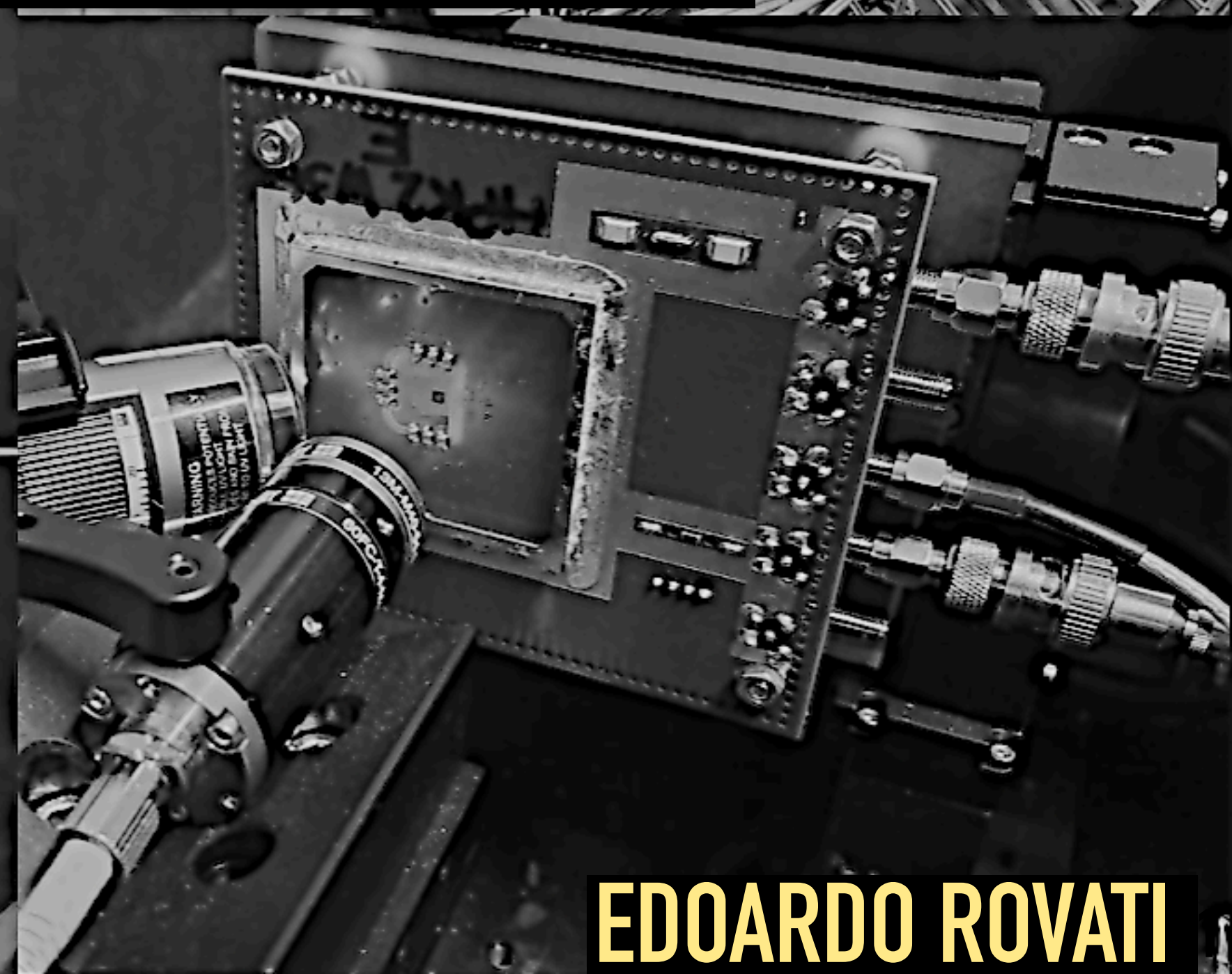
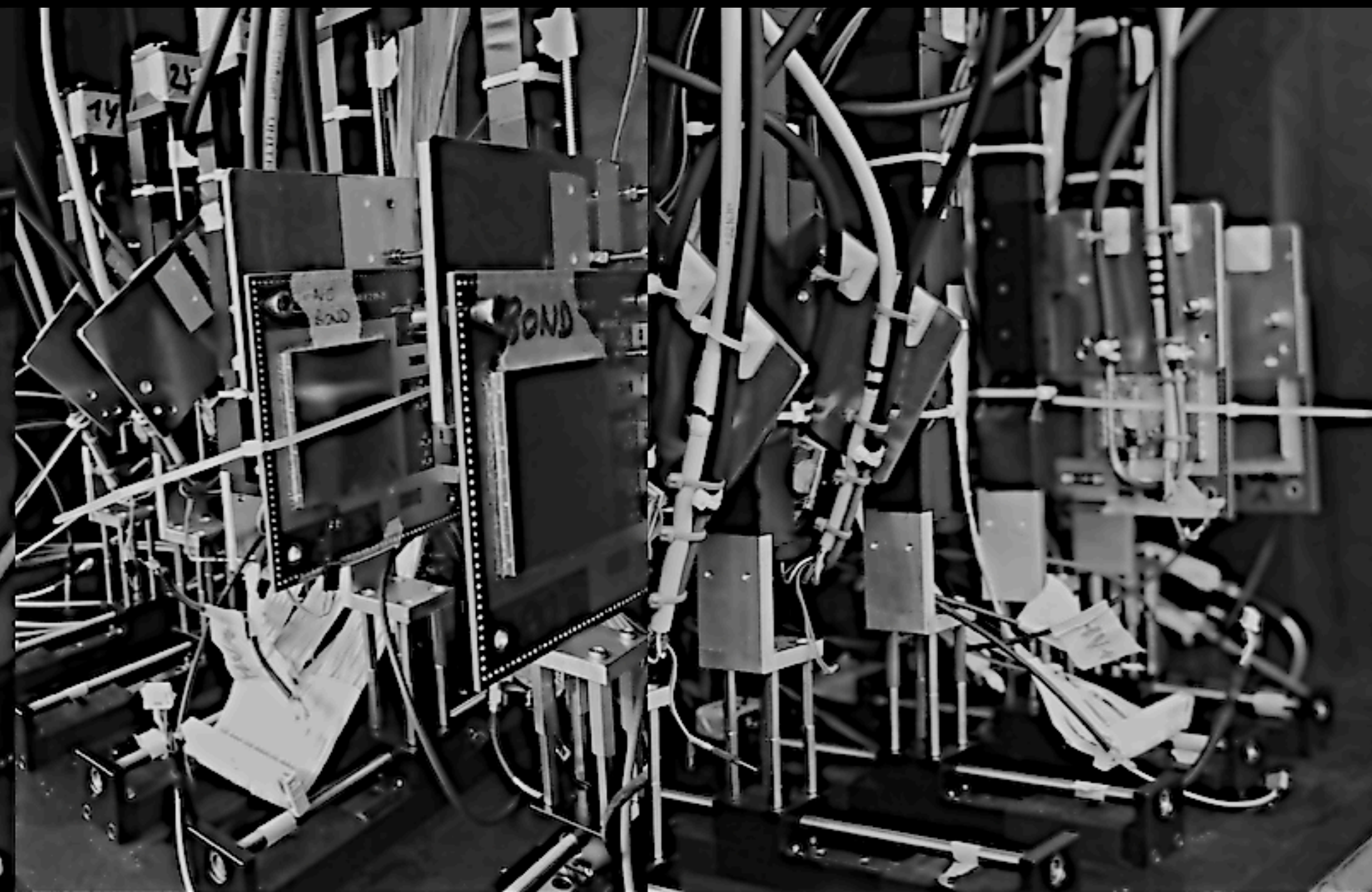
2024

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**THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION**



**EDOARDO ROVATI**