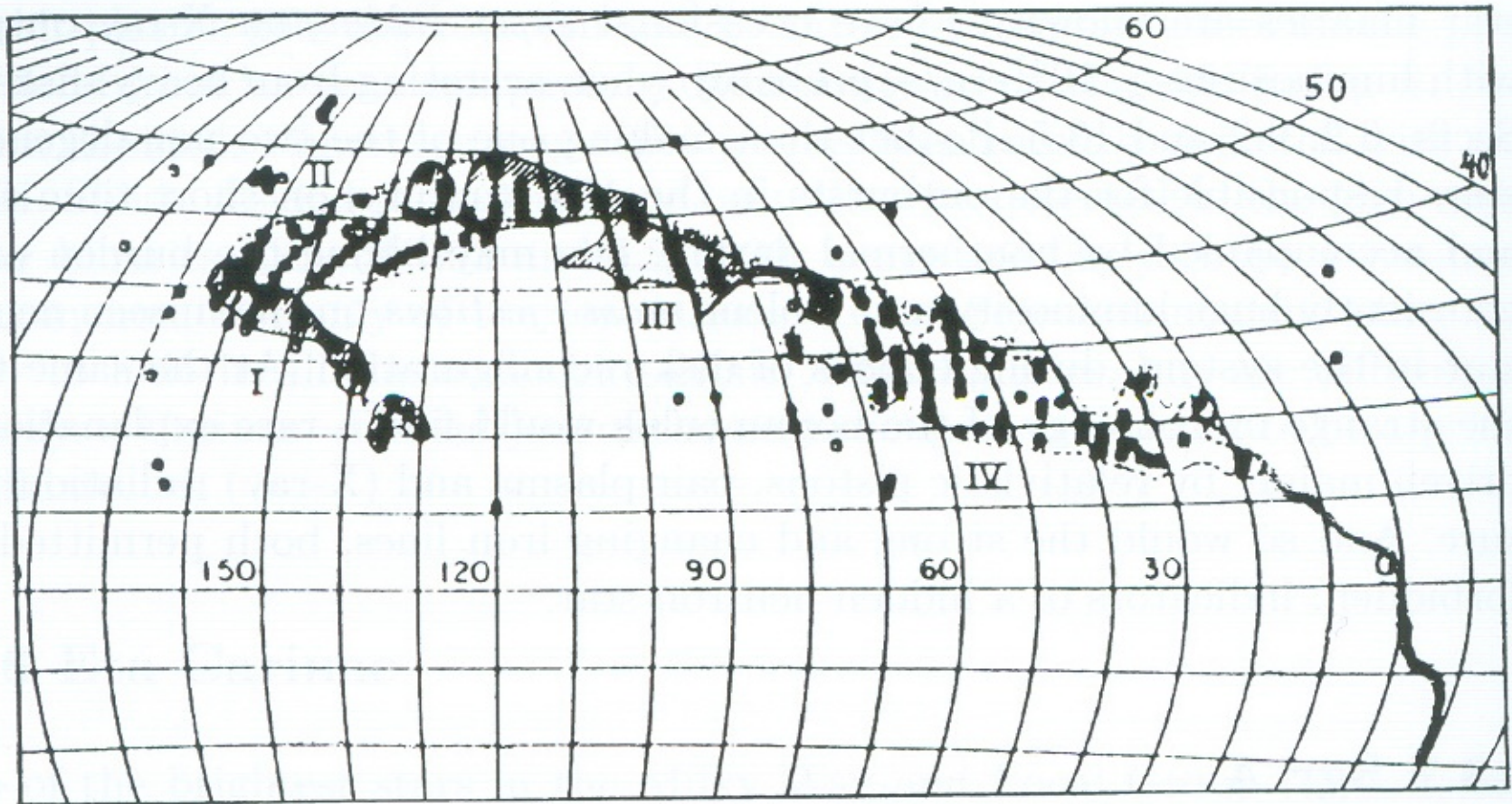
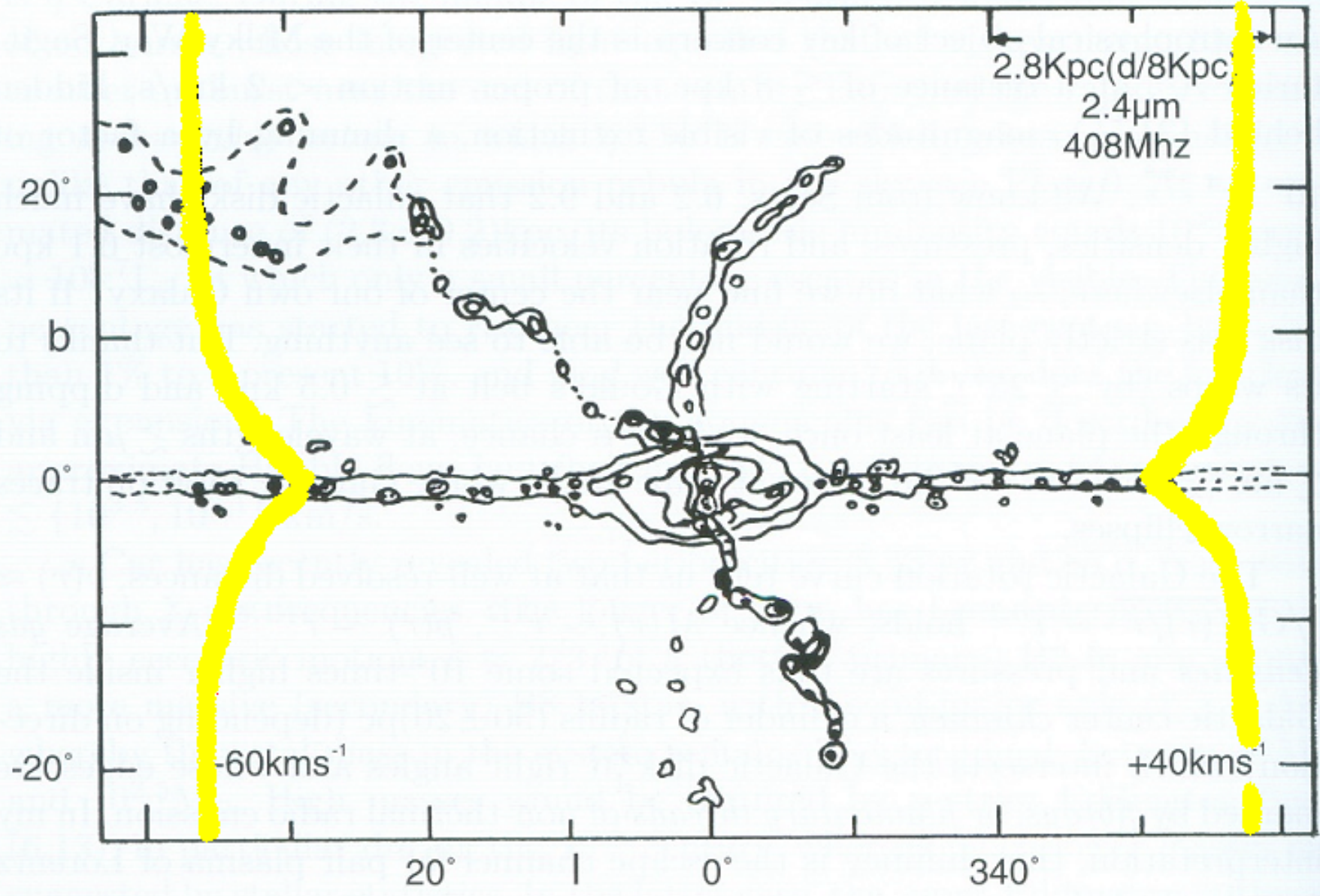


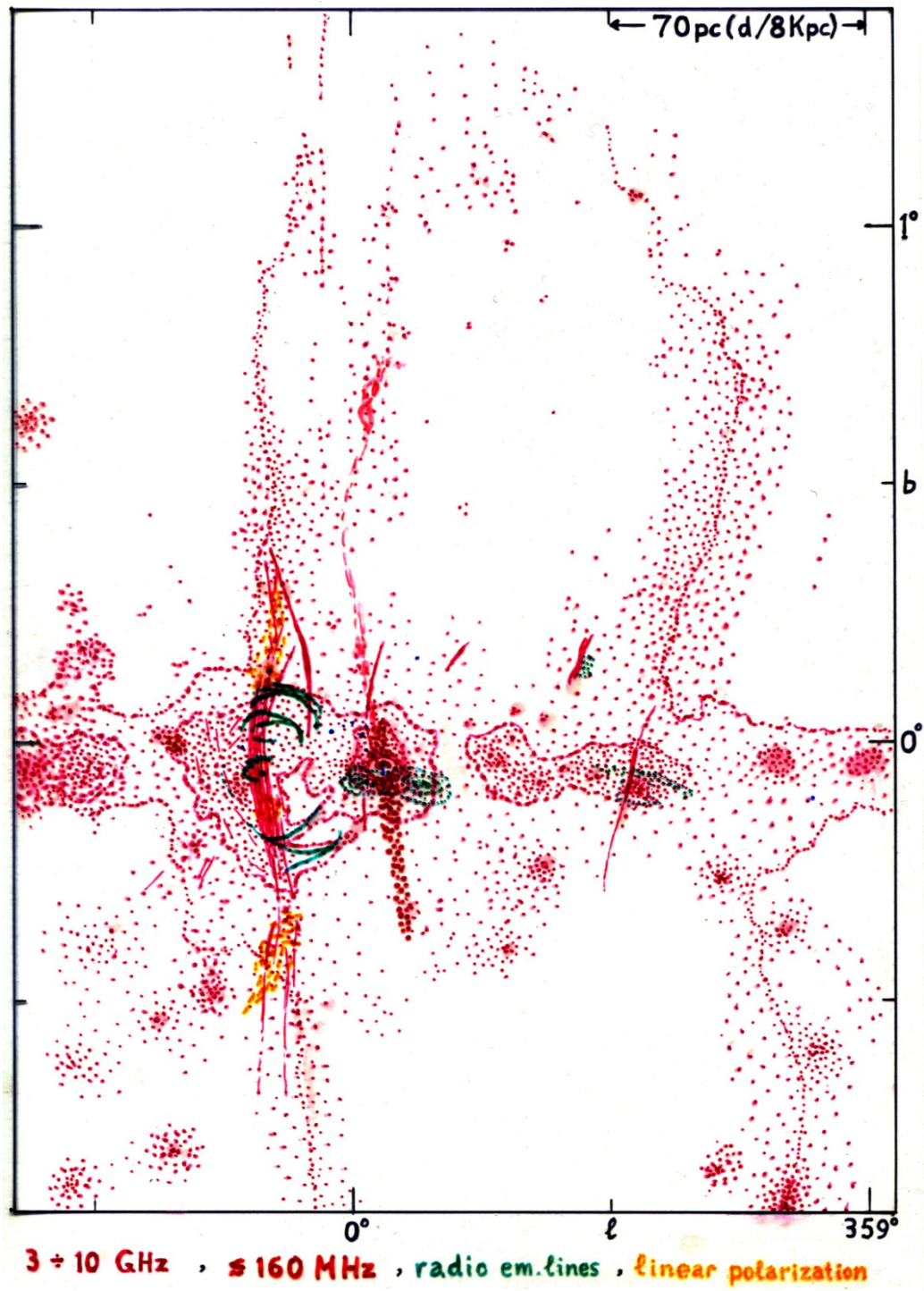
OUR GALACTIC CENTER

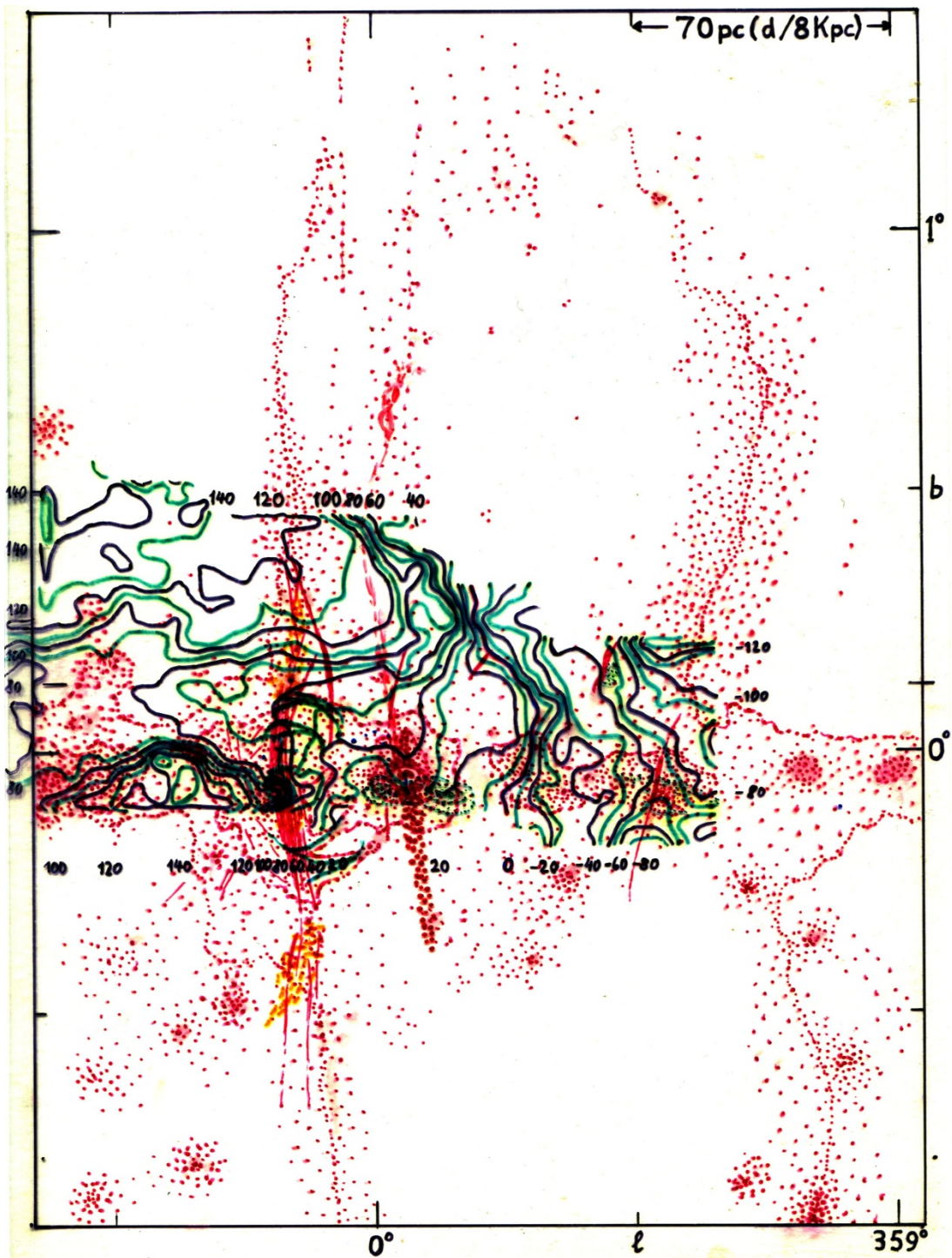
Wolfgang Kundt

Vulcano, 28 May 2012









Wide-Field Radio Image of the Galactic Center

$\lambda = 90 \text{ cm}$

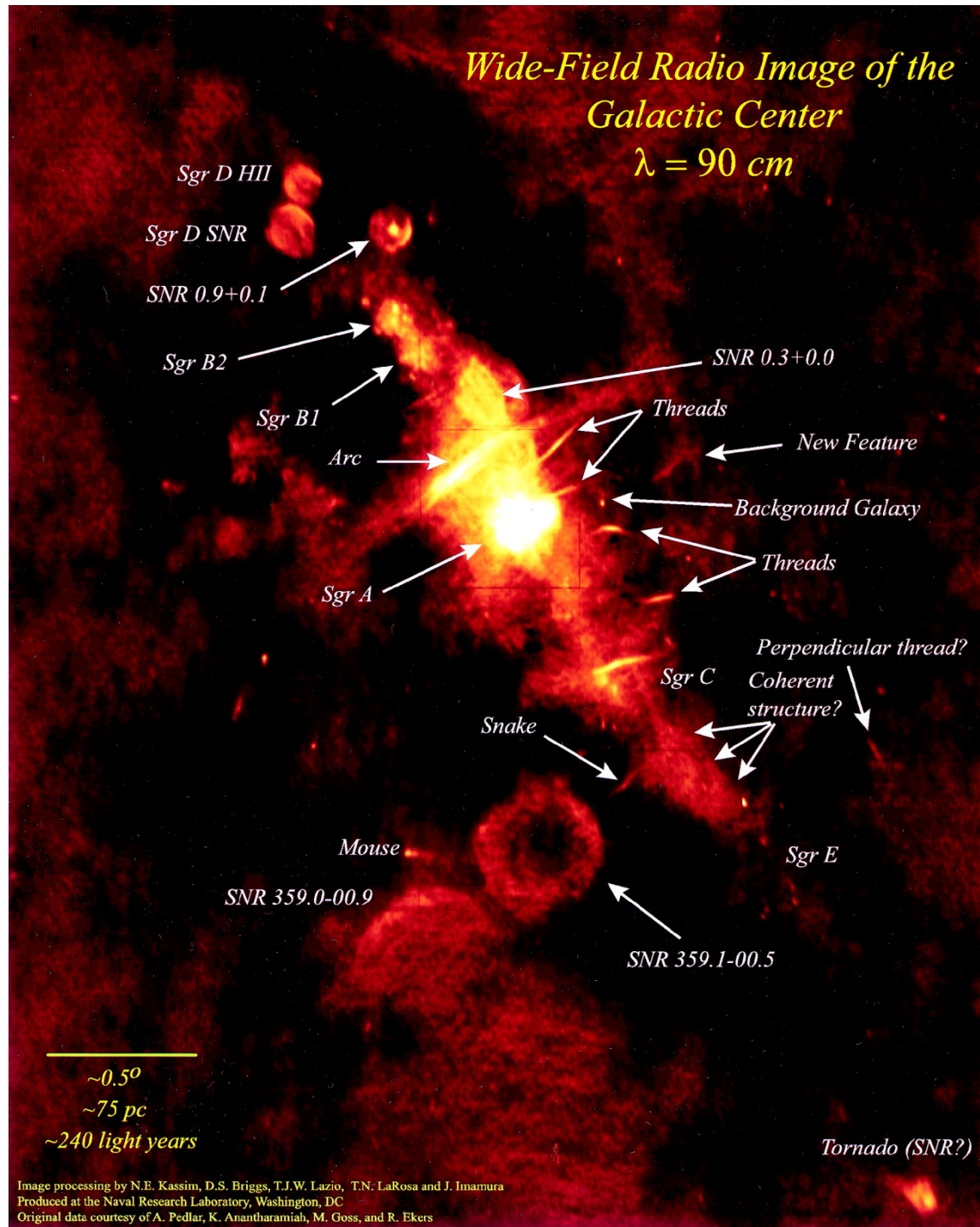
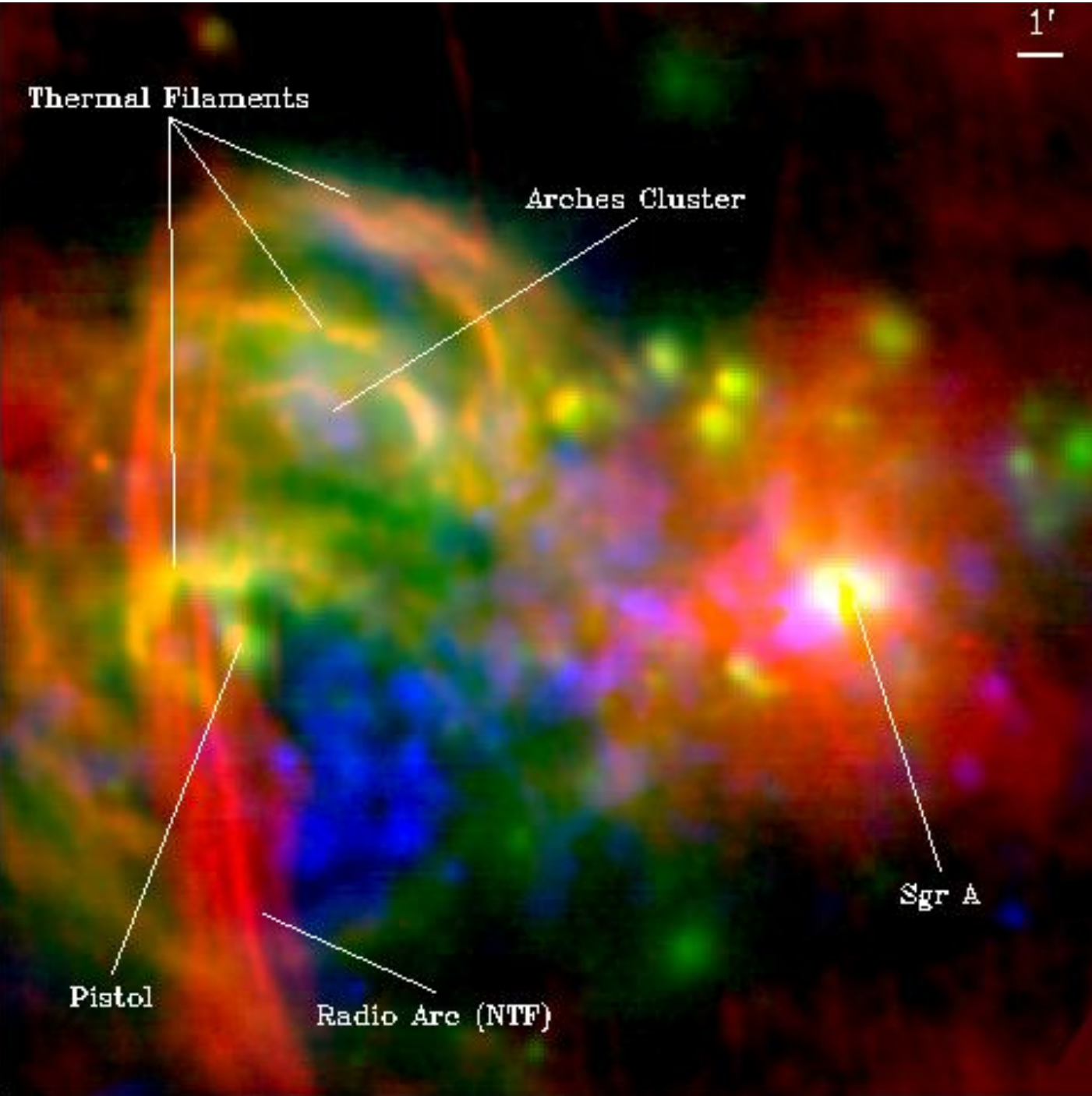
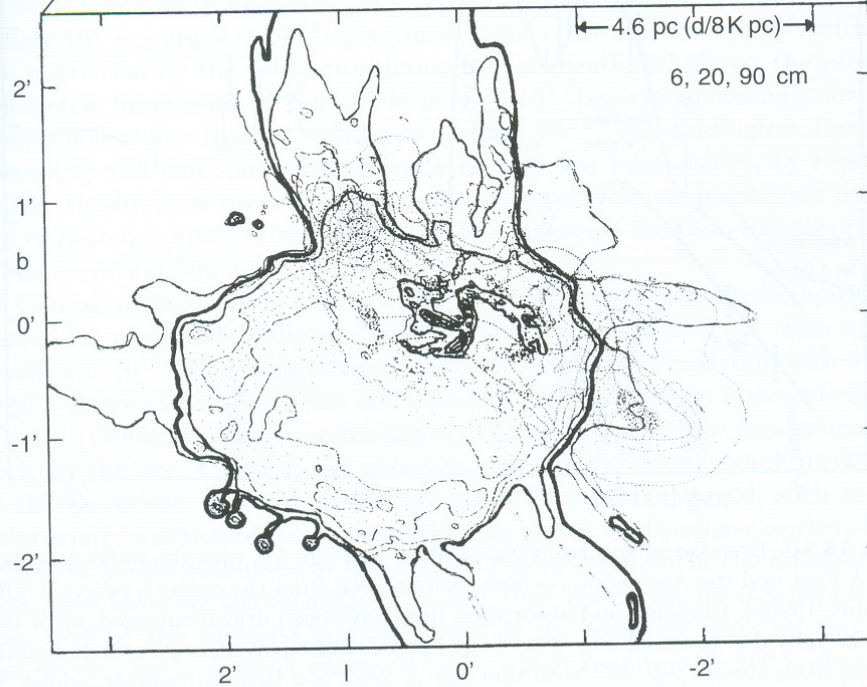
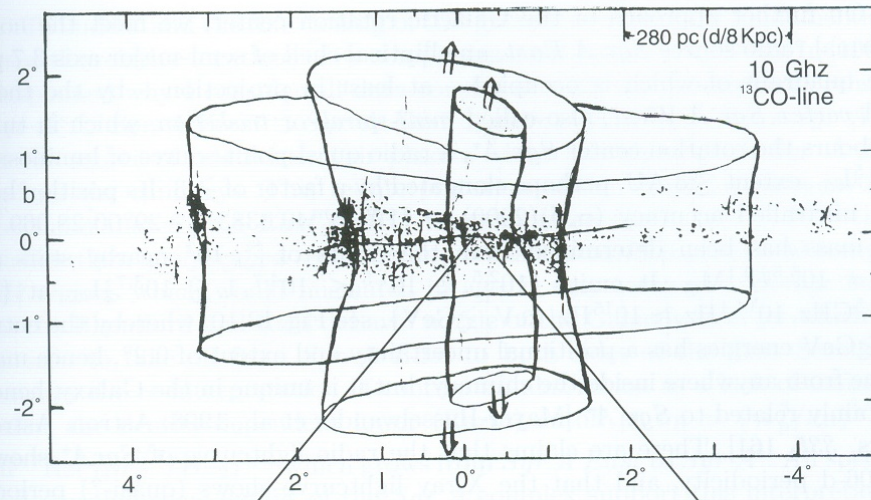
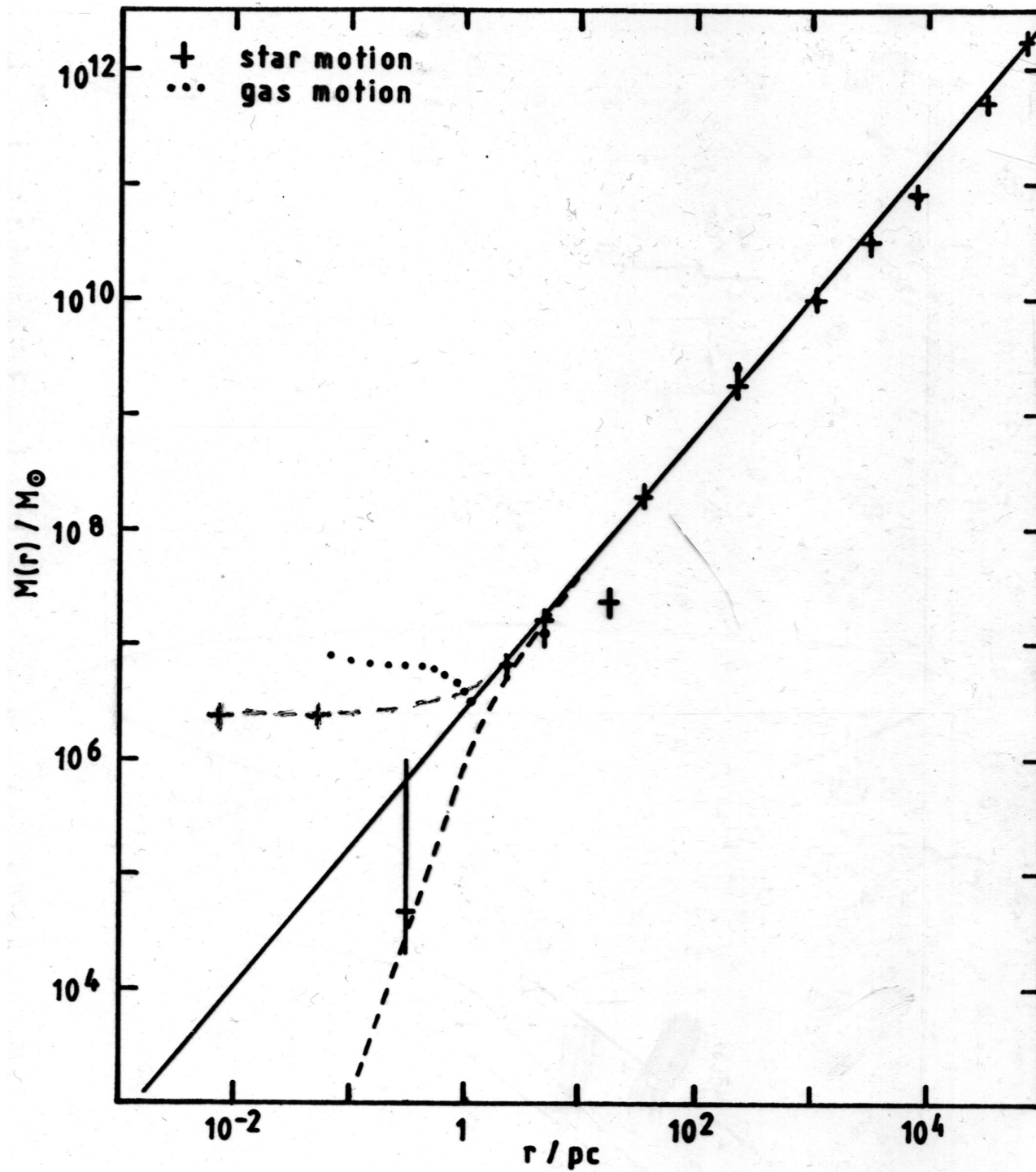


Image processing by N.E. Kassim, D.S. Briggs, T.J.W. Lazio, T.N. LaRosa and J. Inamura
Produced at the Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC
Original data courtesy of A. Pedlar, K. Anantharamiah, M. Goss, and R. Ekers

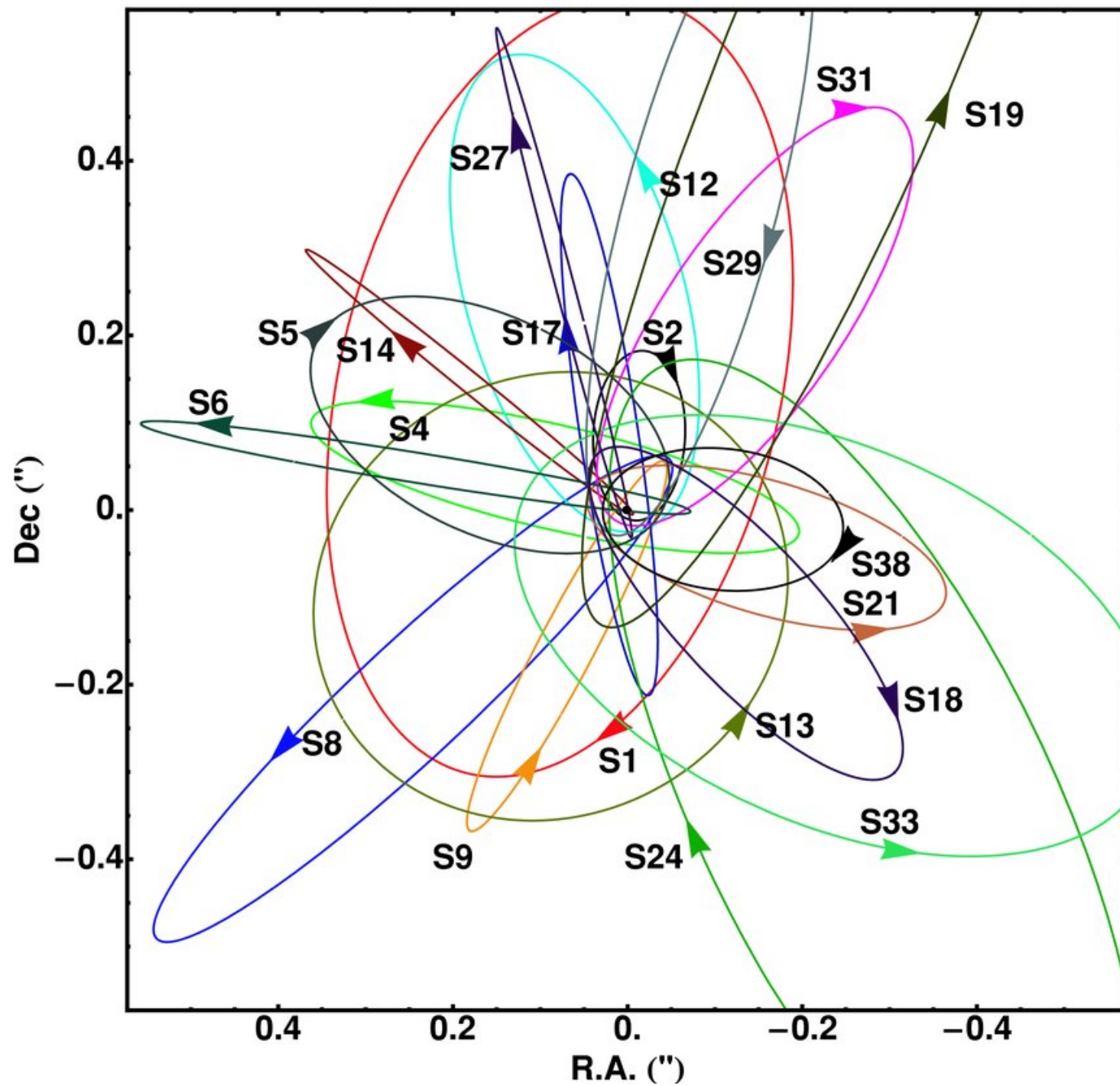


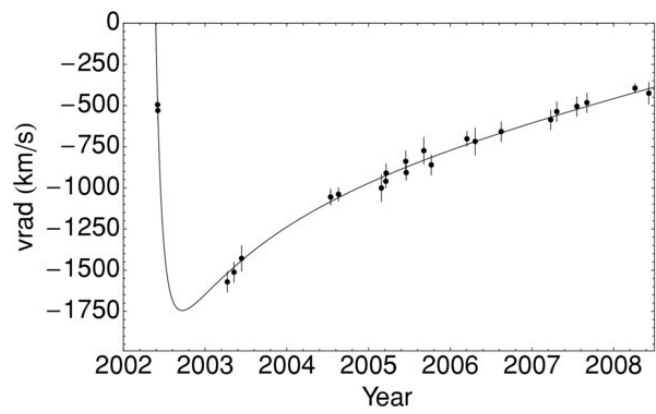
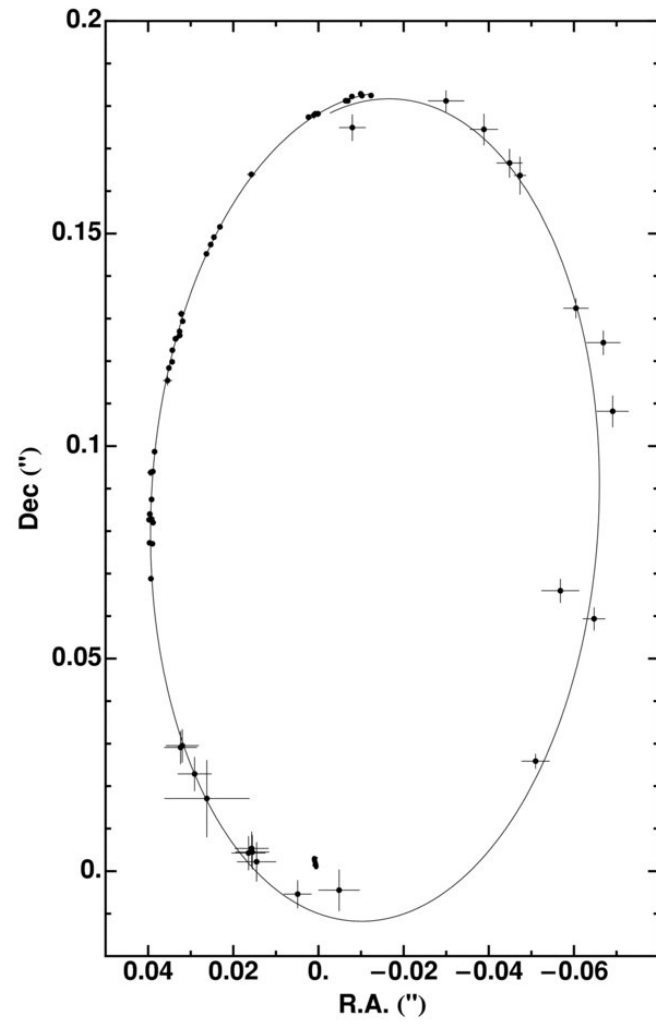




PROPERTIES, 1–3

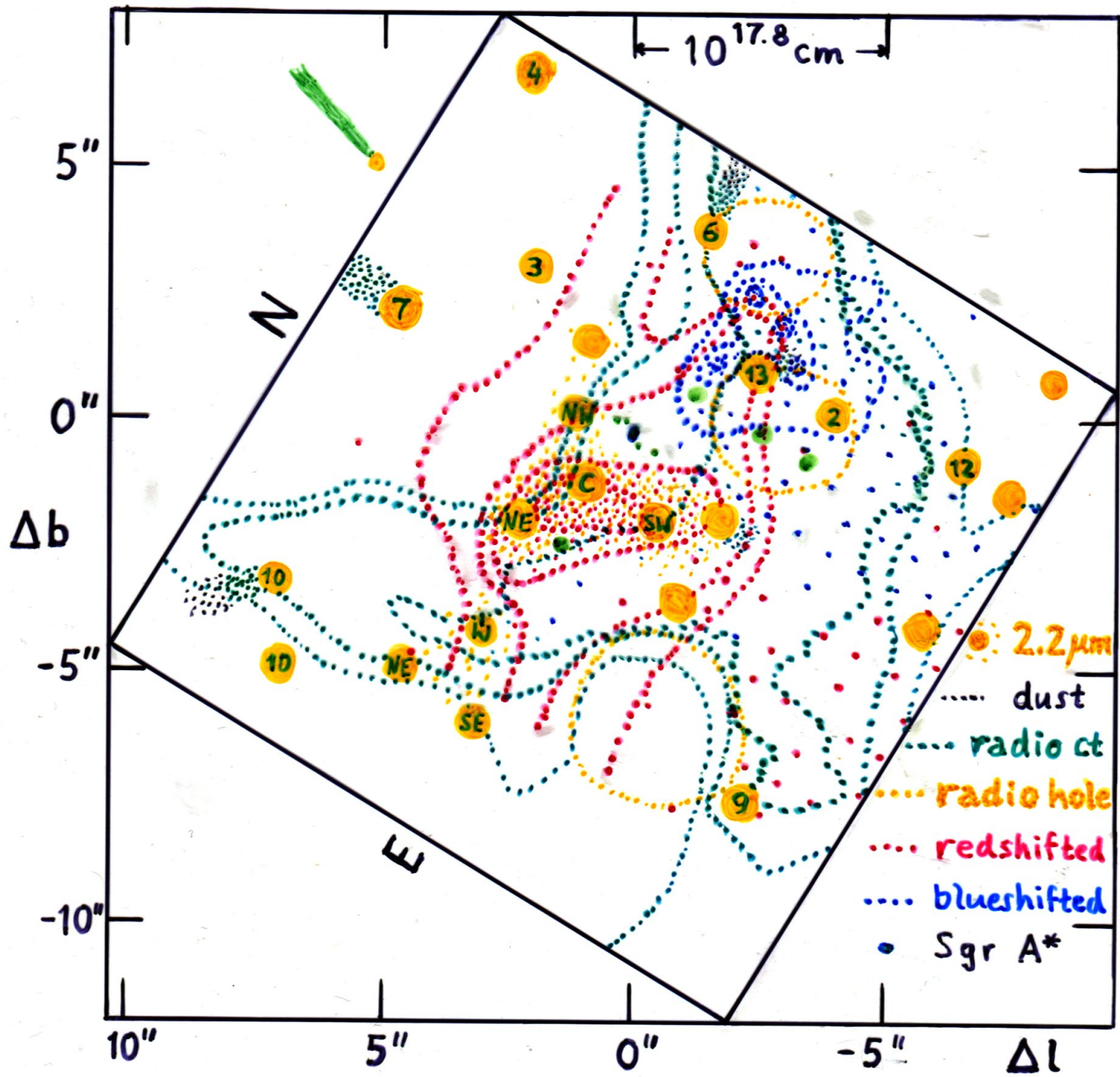
- The (attractive) mass of Sgr A* has grown monotonically, between 2001 and 2007, from $10^{6.41}$ to $10^{6.58} M_{\odot}$ with increasing approach of the stellar orbits, even to $10^{6.63} M_{\odot}$ when the (improved) distance of 7.94 Kpc is used [Ann. Rev. A & A 39 (2001)].
- The distance of Sgr A* has correspondingly grown, towards 8.33 Kpc, in mild conflict with independent estimates yielding ≈ 8.1 Kpc.
- The Kepler ellipse of the star S2 around Sgr A*, with $P_{\text{orb}} = 16$ yr, does not close, (by $\approx 3^\circ$), was stated by Frank Eisenhauer in his Bonn colloquium on 16 Nov 2007.

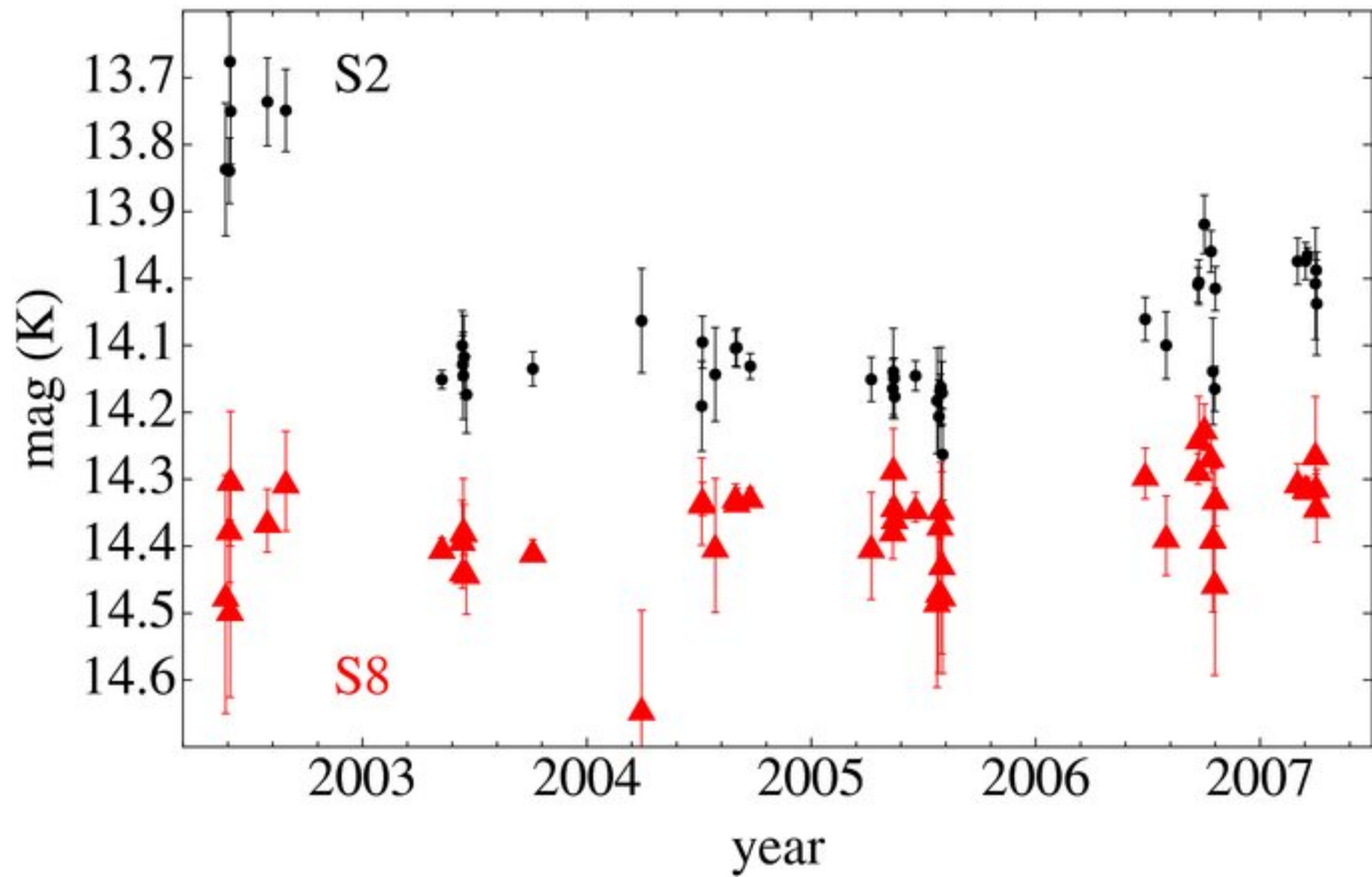


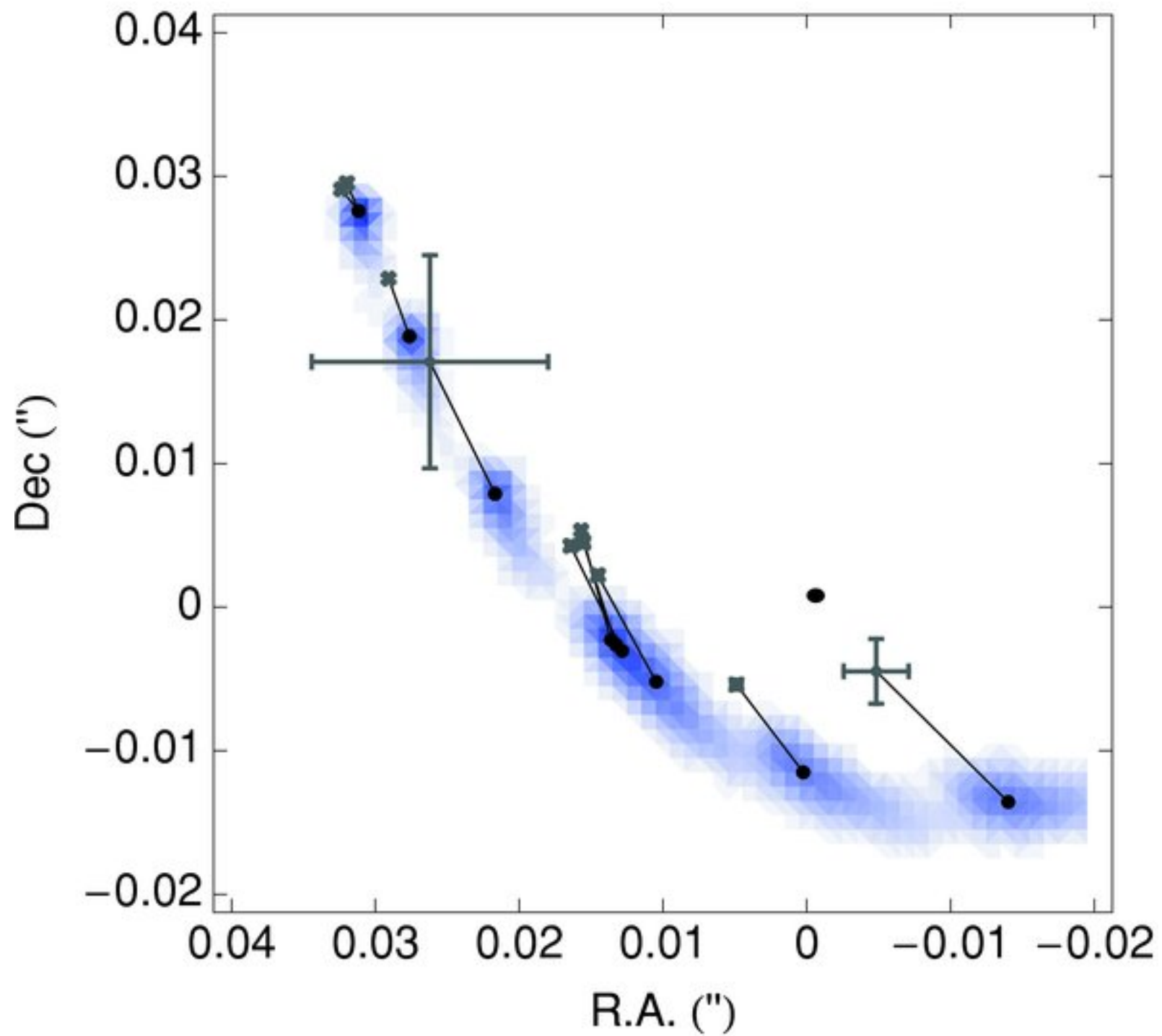


PROPERTIES, 4 – 6

- A strong stellar-like wind from Sgr A* is indicated, both by blown-away windzones of ~ 8 stars at $d \sim 1$ yr, and by mapped blue- and red-shifted Br α, γ -emission: $10^{-2.5} M_{\odot} / \text{yr}$, $\sim 10^3 \text{ km/s}$, [Astrophys. & Sp.Sci.172, 122 (1990)].
- The star S2 flared by ~ 0.5 mag on peri-astron approach (of Sgr A*) in 2002, probably due to an increasing plasma density.
- 6 consecutive position measurements of S2 near peri-astron were offset by ~ 10 mas towards NE, reminiscent of an IR fata morgana by a discal medium, of density $\approx 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-3}$.

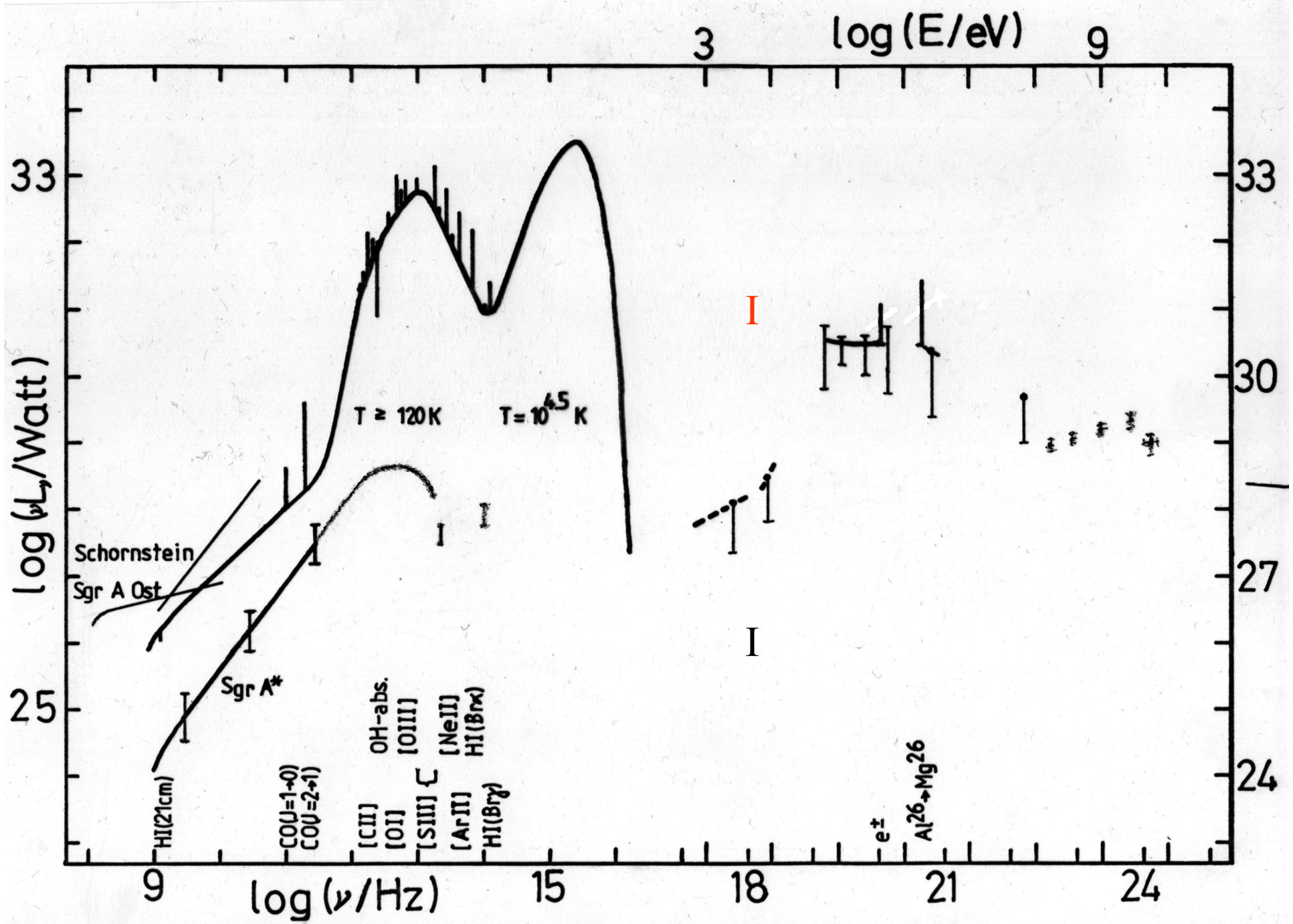






PROPERTIES, 7 – 9

- An observed emission by Sgr A* at TeV energies, by Aharonian et al [A & A **425**, L13-17 (2004)], is in conflict with the BH-emission upper T limit of $\approx 100 \text{ KeV} (M_{\text{BH}}/M_{\text{BH}})^{1/4} = 25 \text{ eV}$, controlled by its Eddington limit.
- A seen structure of Sgr A* at 1.3 cm, on the horizon scale of $4 R_S = 10^{12.6} \text{ cm}$, conflicts with a BH interpretation [Nature 4. 9. 2008].
- Tidal forces exerted by a central BH would conflict with the observed recent star formation in its vicinity $\{10^{-2}, 0.5\} \text{ pc}$ [Hagai Perets & Alessia Gualandris, Ap. J. **719**, 220-228 (2010)].

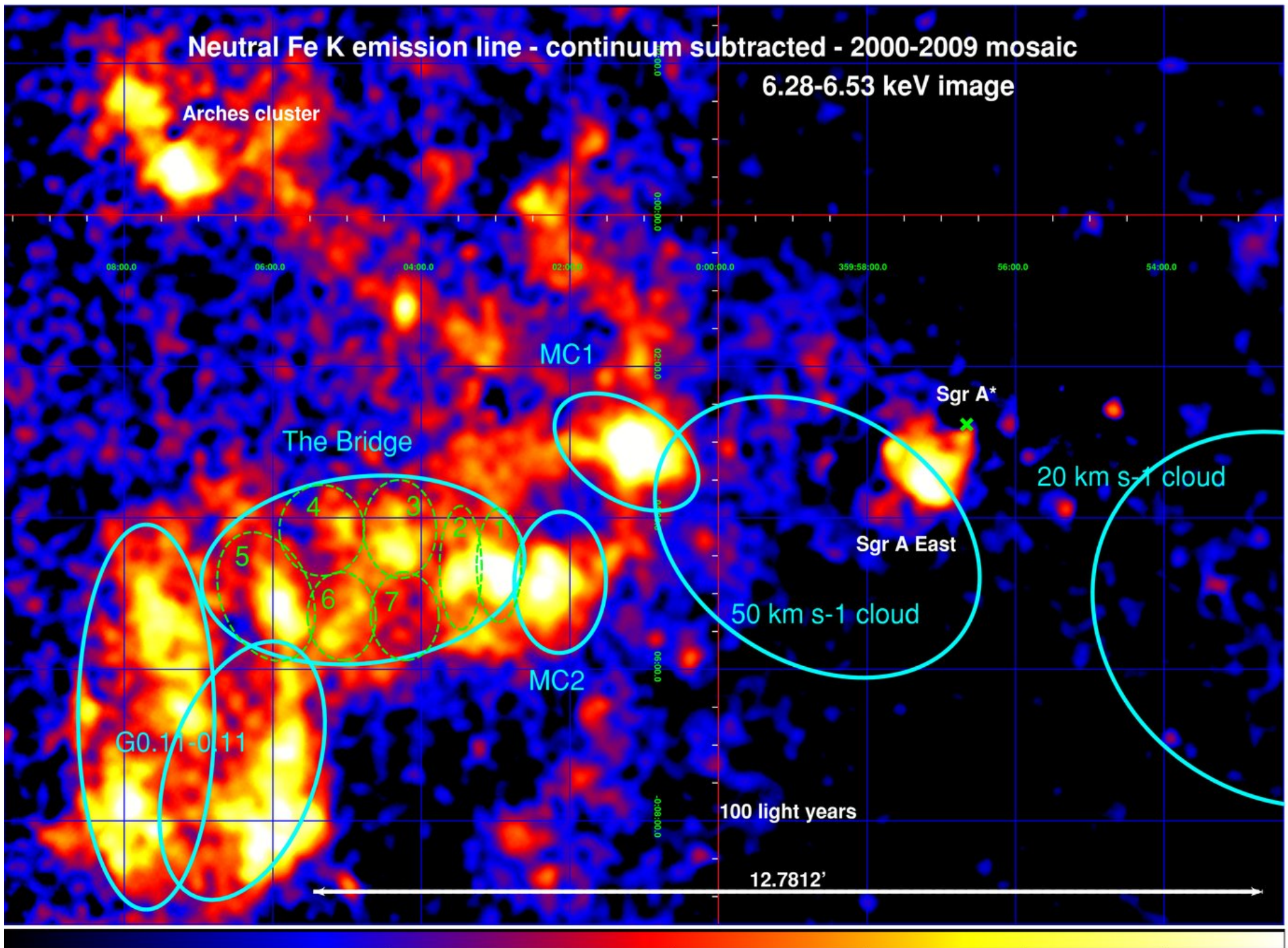


PROPERTIES, 10–12

- A twin-jet from SgrA*, mapped within $\pm\{1,100\}$ pc at W 160 MHz, X-rays, and 24 W m respectively, reveals its present activity [Yusef-Zadeh et al, Kassim et al, Baganoff et al, Morris et al].
- SgrA* flared at hard X-rays, $\times 10^5$, W 10^2 yr ago, evidenced by a superluminal light echo [Terrier et al, Ap. J. **719**, 143-150 (2010)].
- Iron has been violently ejected by SgrA*, recently, mapped at K W , W absorption, an evidence of extreme nuclear burning at the GC [Predehl et al, Astron. Nachr. **324**, 73-76 (2003)].

Neutral Fe K emission line - continuum subtracted - 2000-2009 mosaic

6.28-6.53 keV image



Arches cluster

MC1

Sgr A*

The Bridge

20 km s⁻¹ cloud

Sgr A East

50 km s⁻¹ cloud

MC2

G0.11-0.11

100 light years

12.7812'

2E-07

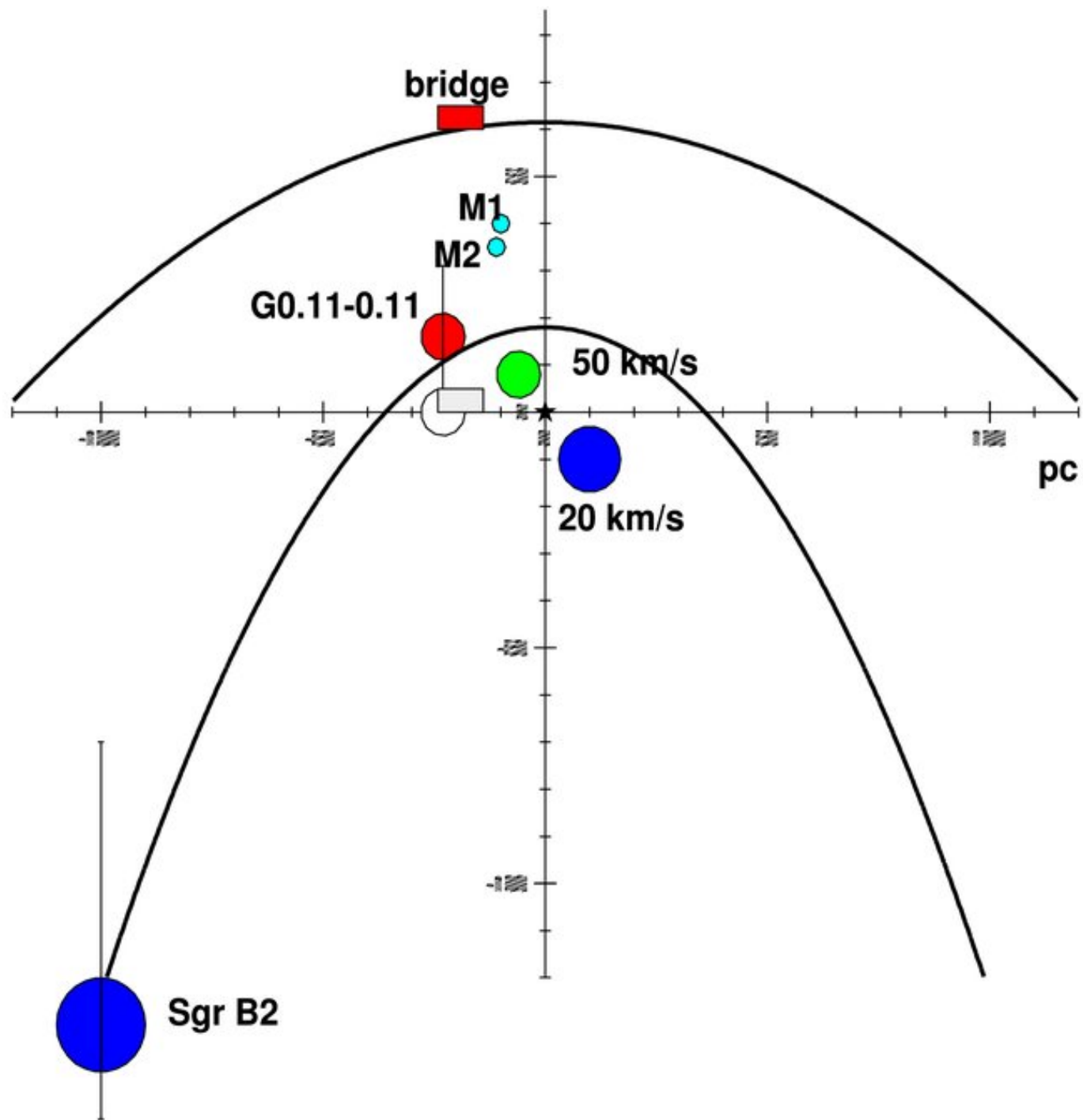
4E-07

6E-07



8E-07

1E-06

1.2E-06



PROPERTIES, 13 – 15

- Sgr A East = transient storage bubble for relativistic pair plasma, (differs from a SNR).
- The powerful, broad, and highly variable spectrum of SgrA*, between 60 MHz and TeV, even PeV energies, with flares down to  17 min, cannot be emitted by a BH.
- Two Galactic bipolar hypershells, or plasma bubbles, centered on the GC, of angular radius  60° , from radio through X-rays to 10GeV energies [Y.Sofue:Ap.J.**540**, 224-235 (2000) , FERMI 2010].

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