



# Simulation of CNAO23 run with Al target

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# Introduction

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During CNAO2023 run we took some data using an Al target 2 cm thick (run 6064. Magnet up)

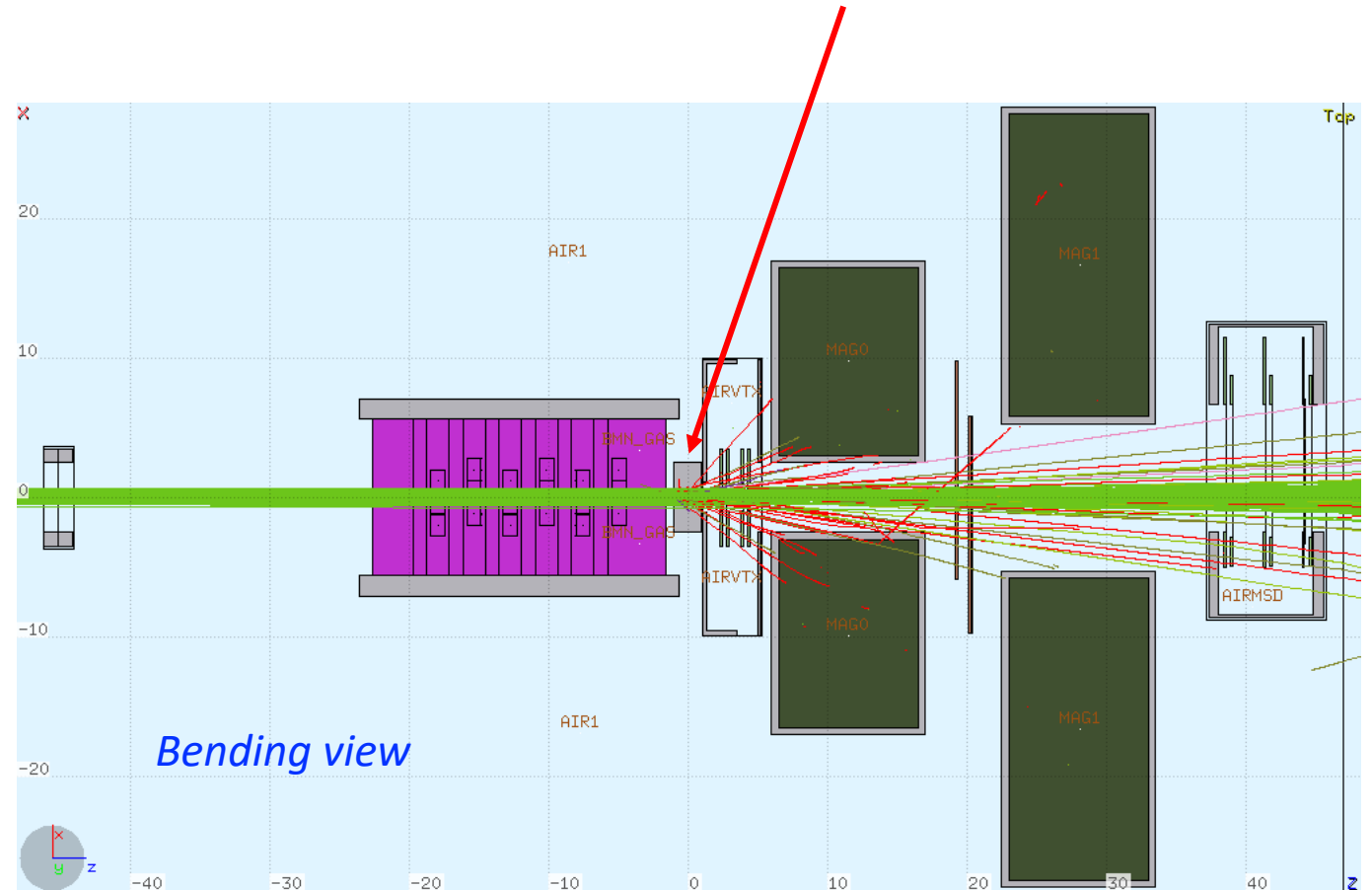
The purpose was to widen as much as possible the primary beam by means of multiple scattering so to allow a better study of IT (and also VT)

A dedicated simulation was requested

# Additional Simulation

In the CNAO23PS\_MC campaign a new run for the 2 cm Al target was created: [run 203](#)

In order to avoid complications and create a new campaign, in this run we left the magnet in place, but the field was “switched off”



# Availability

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A first batch of  $10^6$  events is available on Tier1 at:

[/storage/gpfs\\_data/foot/shared/SimulatedData/CNAO23PS\\_MC](#)

The file is [12C\\_AI\\_200\\_1.root](#)

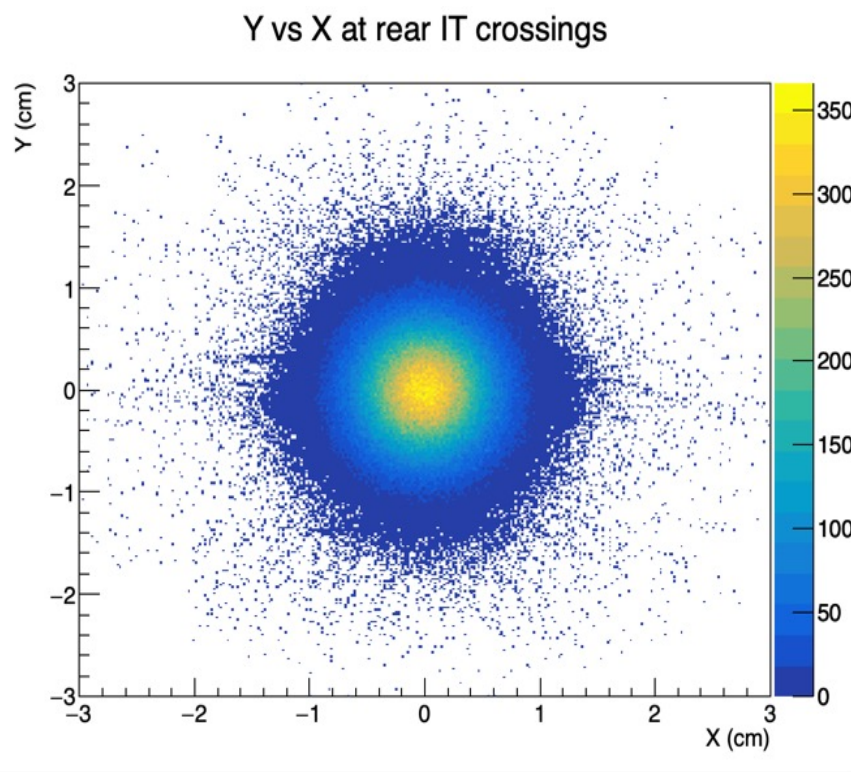
*(remind: to be processed using `-exp CNAO23PS_MC -run 203`)*

# Some checks at the level of MC-truth:

## Y vs X after IT

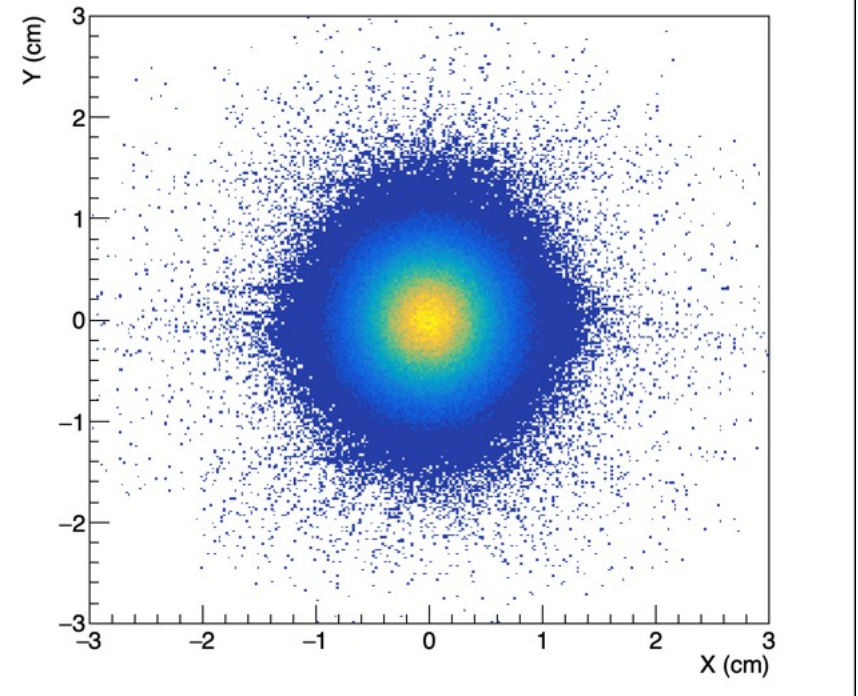
2 cm Al target

Y vs X at rear IT crossings



0.5 cm C target

Y vs X at rear IT crossings

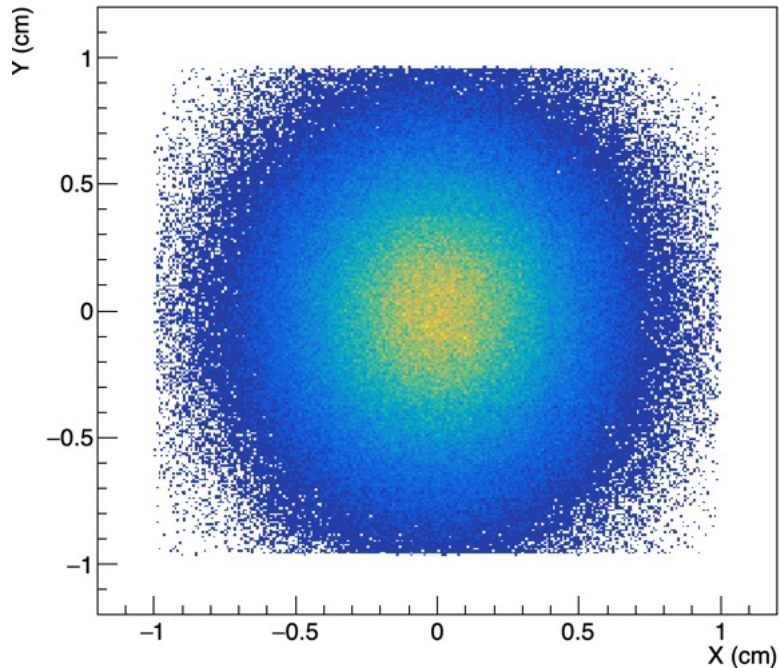


Actually it's hard to find any difference...

# Some differences may be spotted on VT

2 cm Al target

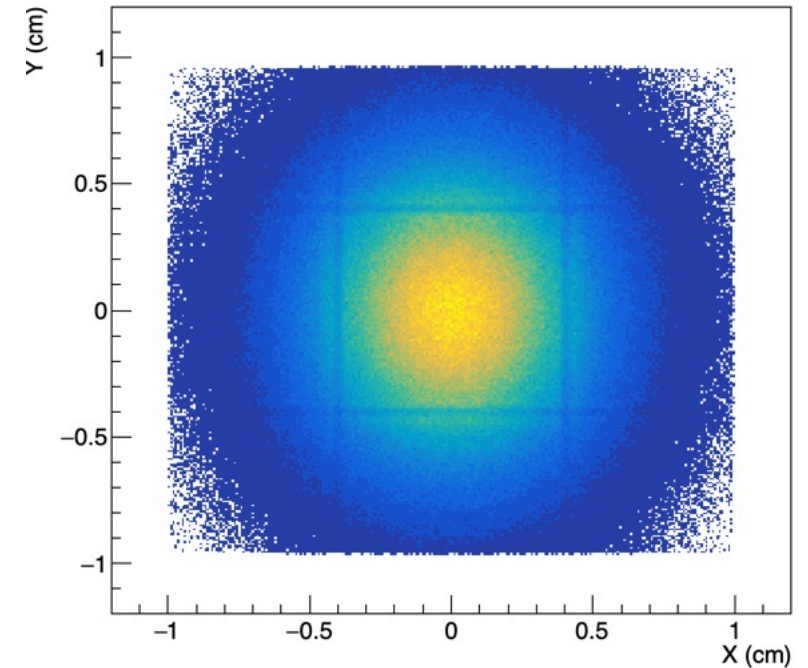
Y vs X at front VT crossings



Y vs X after VT

0.5 cm C target

Y vs X at front VT crossings



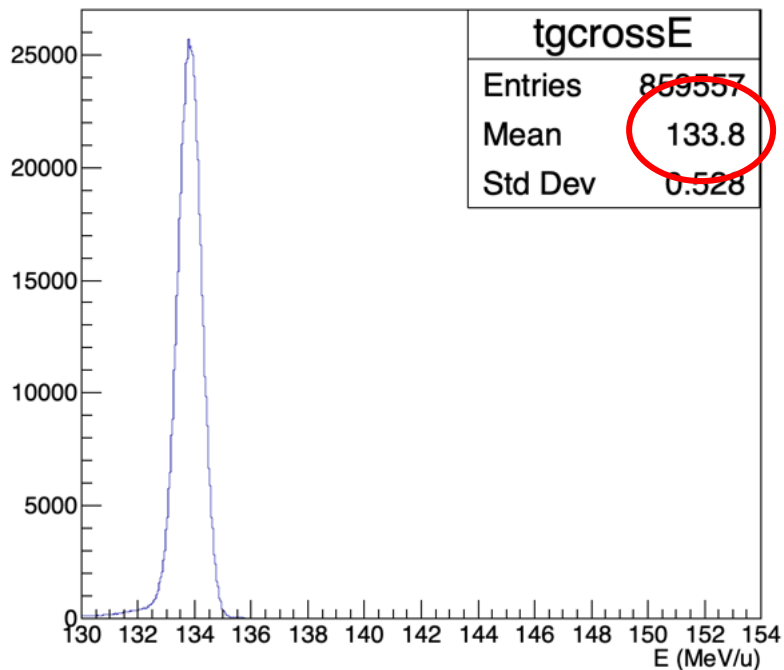
With the Al target the BM wire shadow should be smoothed out by MS  
(confirmed by looking at X or Y projections)

Of course there is a significant energy loss in target

## Residual E after Target

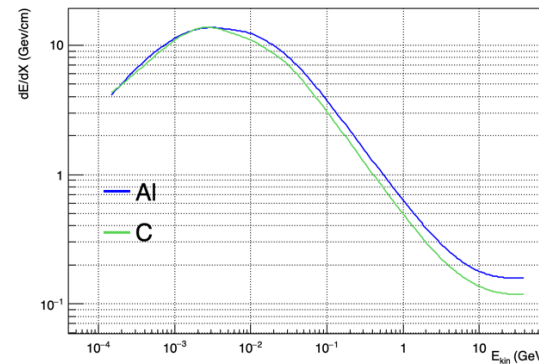
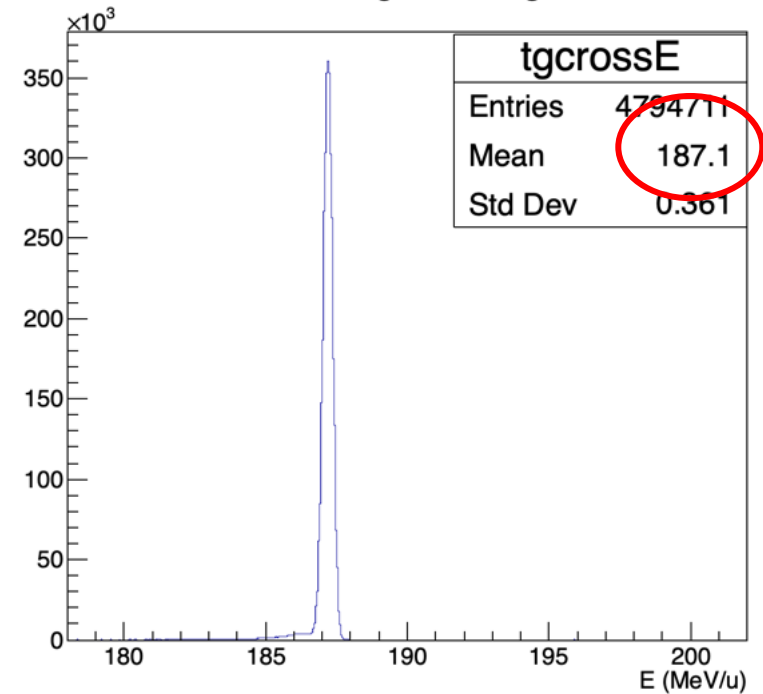
2 cm Al target

E after tgt crossings



0.5 cm C target

E after tgt crossings



$^{12}\text{C}$  @ 200 MeV/u  $\rightarrow$   $E_{\text{tot}} = 2.4$  GeV:

Eloss in Al = 0.343 GeV/cm

Eloss in C = 0.266 GeV/cm

# Conclusions

- We are anyway curious to see if there is a correspondence with exp. data
- Among other things: does the BM wire shadow change?
- Let us know if more events are needed