

LISA – Preventivi 2024

Carlo Zanoni

(on behalf of Rita Dolesi and the LISA team)



Questions addressed by GW (AdV+, ET/LISA)

- Fundamental questions in Gravity:
 - New/further tests of GR
 - Exploration of possible alternative theories of Gravity
 - Fundamental questions in particle physics
 - Probing the EOS of neutron stars
 - Cosmology and Cosmography with GWs
 - Accurate Modelling of GW waveforms
 - GW models in alternative theory of gravitation
 - What is the explosion mechanism in Supernovae?
 - What is the history of SuperMassive black holes?
 - GW Stochastic Background? Probing the big bang?
 - Multimessenger Astronomy in 3G?

Credit: M. Punturo 2020

LISA science objectives

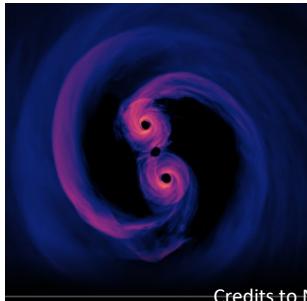
LISA Definition Study Report - ESA-SCI-DIR-RP-002
<https://arxiv.org/ftp/arxiv/papers/2402/2402.07571.pdf>

Science Objectives

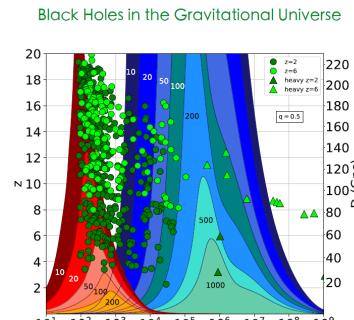
- Study the formation and evolution of **compact binary stars** and the structure of the Milky Way Galaxy
- Trace the origins, growth and merger histories of **massive Black Holes** across cosmic epochs
- Probe the properties and immediate environments of Black Holes in the local Universe using **extreme mass-ratio inspirals** and **intermediate mass-ratio inspirals**
- Understand the astrophysics of **stellar-mass Black Holes**
- Explore the **fundamental nature of gravity** and Black Holes
- Probe the rate of **expansion of the Universe** with standard sirens
- Understand **stochastic gravitational wave backgrounds** and their implications for the early Universe and TeV-scale particle physics
- Search for gravitational wave bursts and **unforeseen sources**



Some of the uniqueness of LISA



Credits to I.

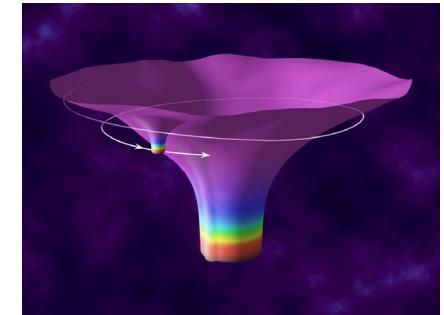


Supermassive Black Holes binaries with high signal to noise

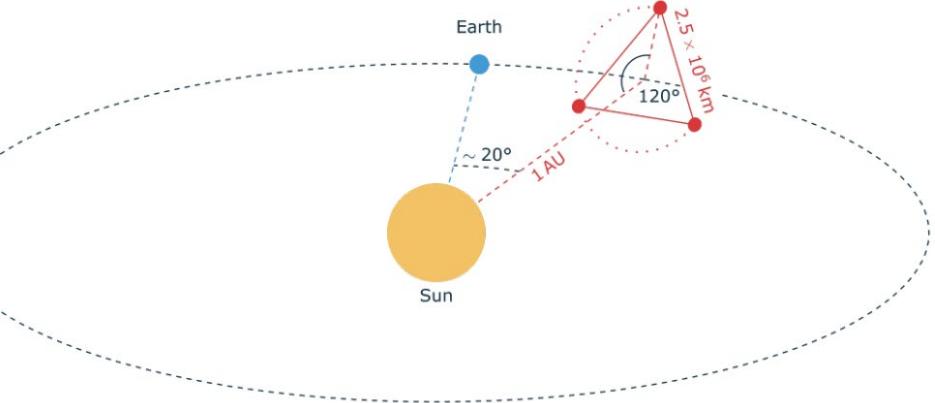
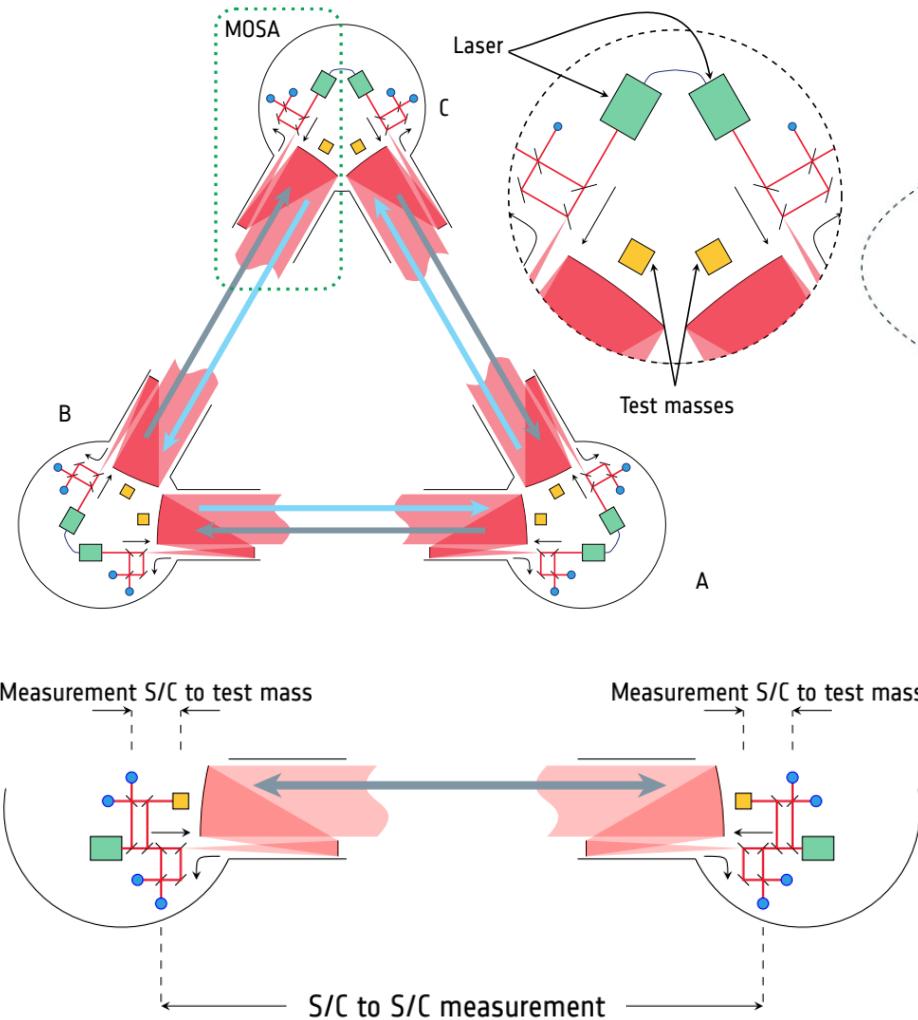
Extreme Mass Ratio Inspirals

Inspiral of stellar-mass compact object into massive black hole. If the compact object is a white dwarf, possible electromagnetic counterpart

Test the properties of the space time around massive dark objects. the presence of dark matter which causes a different phase evolution.



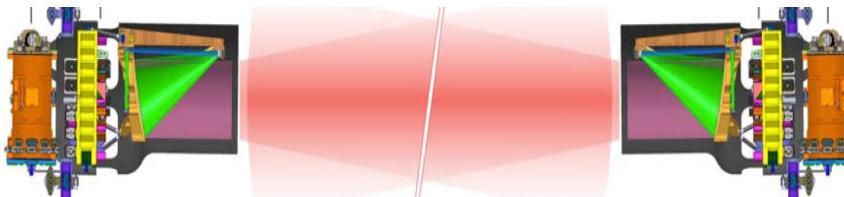
LISA concept



Measurement	
Gravitational waves (GWs) in the Frequency Band of $0.1\text{ mHz} - 1.0\text{ Hz}$ with a GW Strain Spectral Density: $10^{-21} - 10^{-23}$	
Payload	
Lasers	2 per spacecraft • 2 W output power • wavelength 1064 nm • frequency stability $300\text{ Hz}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Optical Bench	2 per spacecraft • double-sided use • high thermal stability (Zerodur)
Interferometry	heterodyne interferometry • $15\text{ pm}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ precision • Inter-spacecraft ranging to $\sim 1\text{ m}$
Telescope	2 per spacecraft • 30 cm off-axis telescope • high thermal stability
Gravitational Reference System	2 per spacecraft • acceleration noise $< 3\text{ fm}/(\text{s}^2\sqrt{\text{Hz}})$ • 46 mm cubic AuPt test mass • Faraday cage housing • electrostatic actuation in 5 degree of freedom
Mission	
Duration	4.5 years science orbit • >82% duty cycle • ~6.25 years including transfer and commissioning
Constellation	Three drag-free satellites forming an equilateral triangle • 2.5×10^6 km separation • trailing/leading Earth by $\sim 20^\circ$ • inclined by 60° with respect to the ecliptic
Orbits	Heliocentric orbits • semimajor axis $\sim 1\text{ AU}$ • eccentricity $e \approx 0.0096$ • inclination $i \approx 0.96^\circ$

LISA Definition Study Report - ESA-SCI-DIR-RP-002
<https://arxiv.org/ftp/arxiv/papers/2402/2402.07571.pdf>

LISA Sensitivity

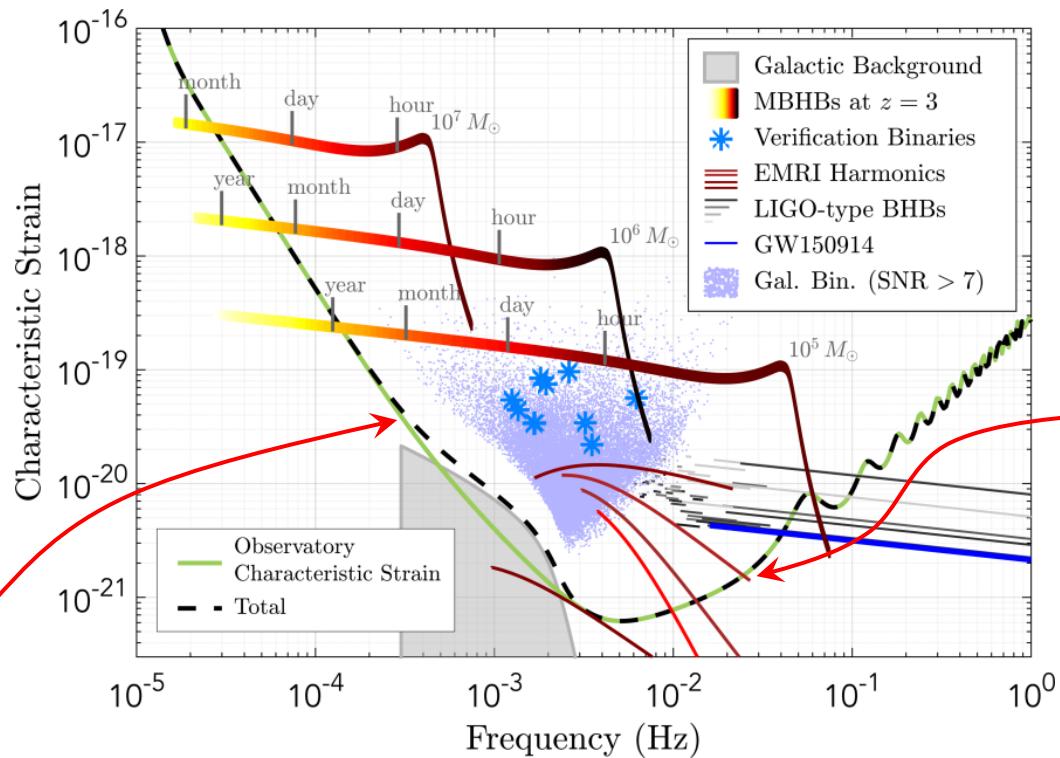


2.5 Million km

Measure acceleration between free-falling test masses (TM) 2.5 million km apart

- 3 parts: TM-SC, SC-SC, SC-TM

Spacecraft controlled to follow TM:
drag-free control (nm/Hz^{1/2} level)



TM acceleration noise,
 $3 \text{ fm/s}^2/\text{Hz}^{1/2}$

(Low freq limit - crucial for SMBH)

Interferometer readout noise,
 $15 \text{ pm}/\text{Hz}^{1/2}$
(High freq limit)

LISA is an adopted mission (Jan-24)

On the trail of the:

- LPF success,
 - GW observations on-ground and
 - intense preparatory work since 2017
- and recognizing:
- a robust scientific case and
 - the technical feasibility (TRL > 5)
- the LISA study becomes a project and starts its implementation.**

HOME PAGE ▶ COMUNICAZIONE ▶ COMUNICATI STAMPA ▶

SEMAFORO VERDE DALL'AGENZIA SPAZIALE EUROPEA ALLE MISSIONI LISA E ENVISION

Si tratta del più importante osservatorio spaziale per le onde gravitazionali e di una sonda che studierà i tanti misteri ancora nascosti del pianeta Venere. I due progetti vedono una forte partecipazione italiana con l'Agenzia Spaziale Italiana, l'Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare e l'Università di Trento

▶ NEWS

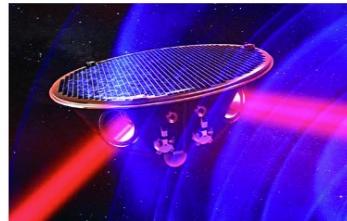
INFN Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare

HOME ISTITUTO ▾ STRUTTURE ▾ ESPERIMENTI ▾ COMUNICAZIONE ▾ PNRR ▾ OPPORTUNITÀ

Comunicati stampa

25 GENNAIO 2024

SEMAFORO VERDE DALL'AGENZIA SPAZIALE EUROPEA ALLE MISSIONI LISA E ENVISION



Il Comitato del Programma Scientifico (SPC) dell'Agenzia Spaziale Europea (ESA) ha adottato oggi le missioni LISA e EnVision. Essere adottati significa che la fase di studio è completata e l'ESA si impegna ora ad attuare le missioni. Si tratta del più importante osservatorio spaziale per le onde gravitazionali e di una sonda che studierà i tanti misteri ancora nascosti del pianeta Venere. I due progetti vedono una forte partecipazione italiana con l'Agenzia Spaziale Italiana, l'Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare e l'Università di Trento. LISA verrà lanciata a metà degli anni '30 mentre la partenza verso Venere di EnVision è al momento prevista per il 2031.

MISSIONE LISA

SCIENCE & EXPLORATION

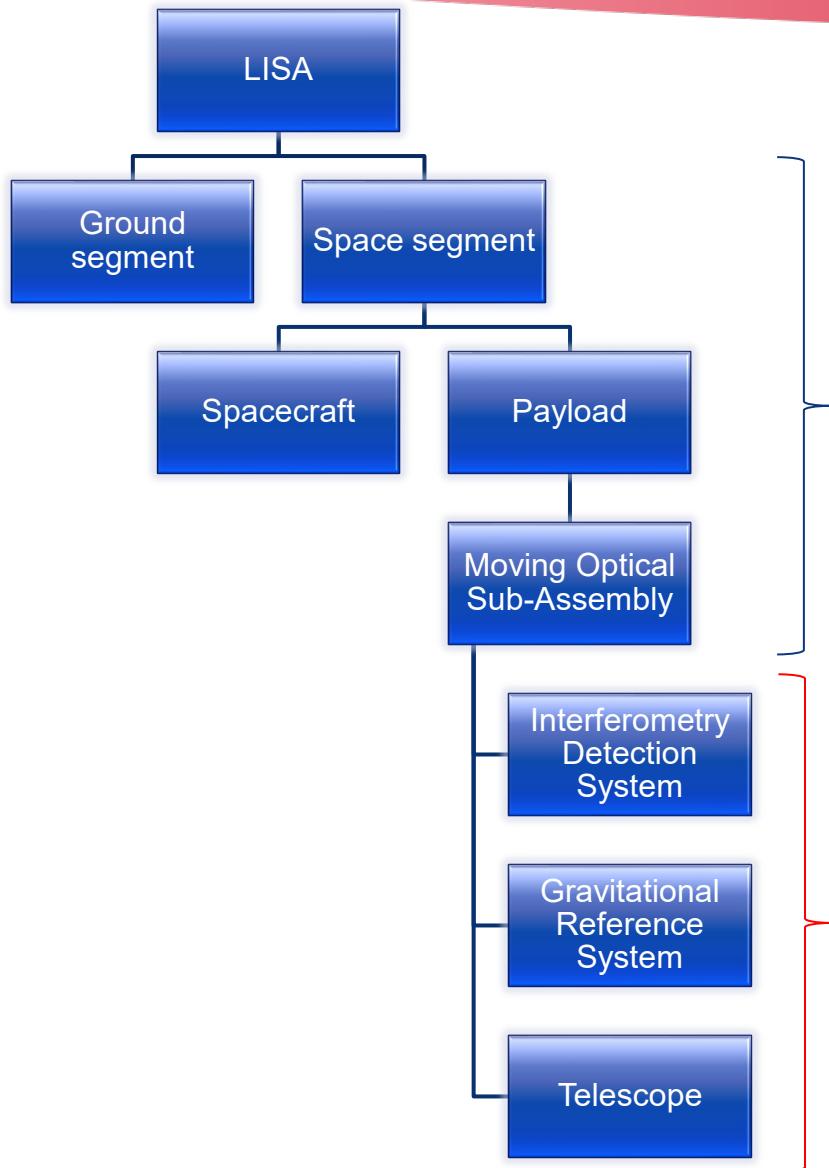
LISA mission moves to final design phase

04/05/2022 7668 VIEWS 104 LIKES

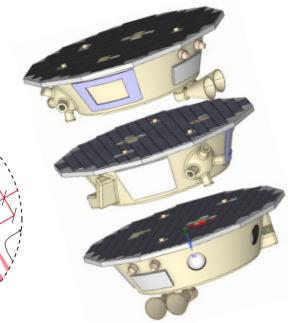
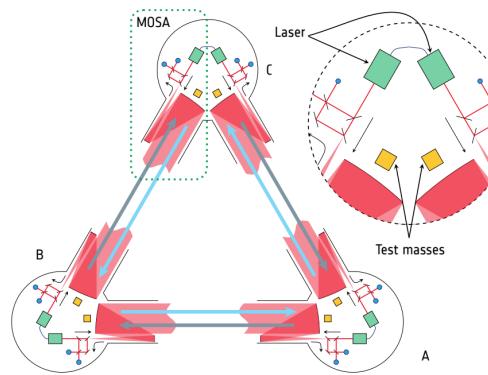
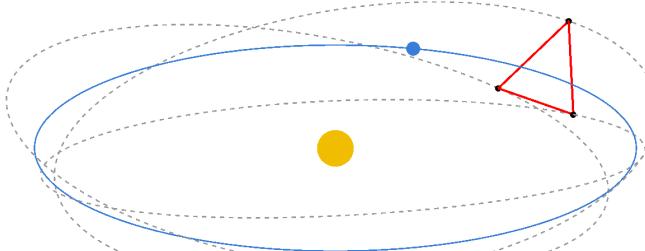
ESA / Science & Exploration / Space Science

ESA's Laser Interferometer Space Antenna (LISA) passed an important review that marks the mission as feasible for final technology development and design before adoption.

LISA Product Breakdown (notional)

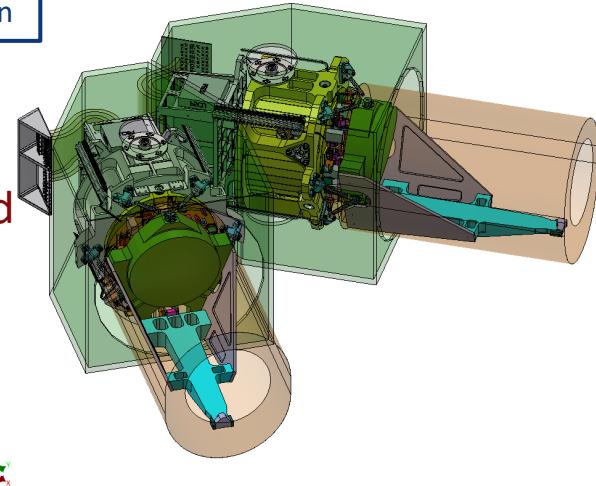
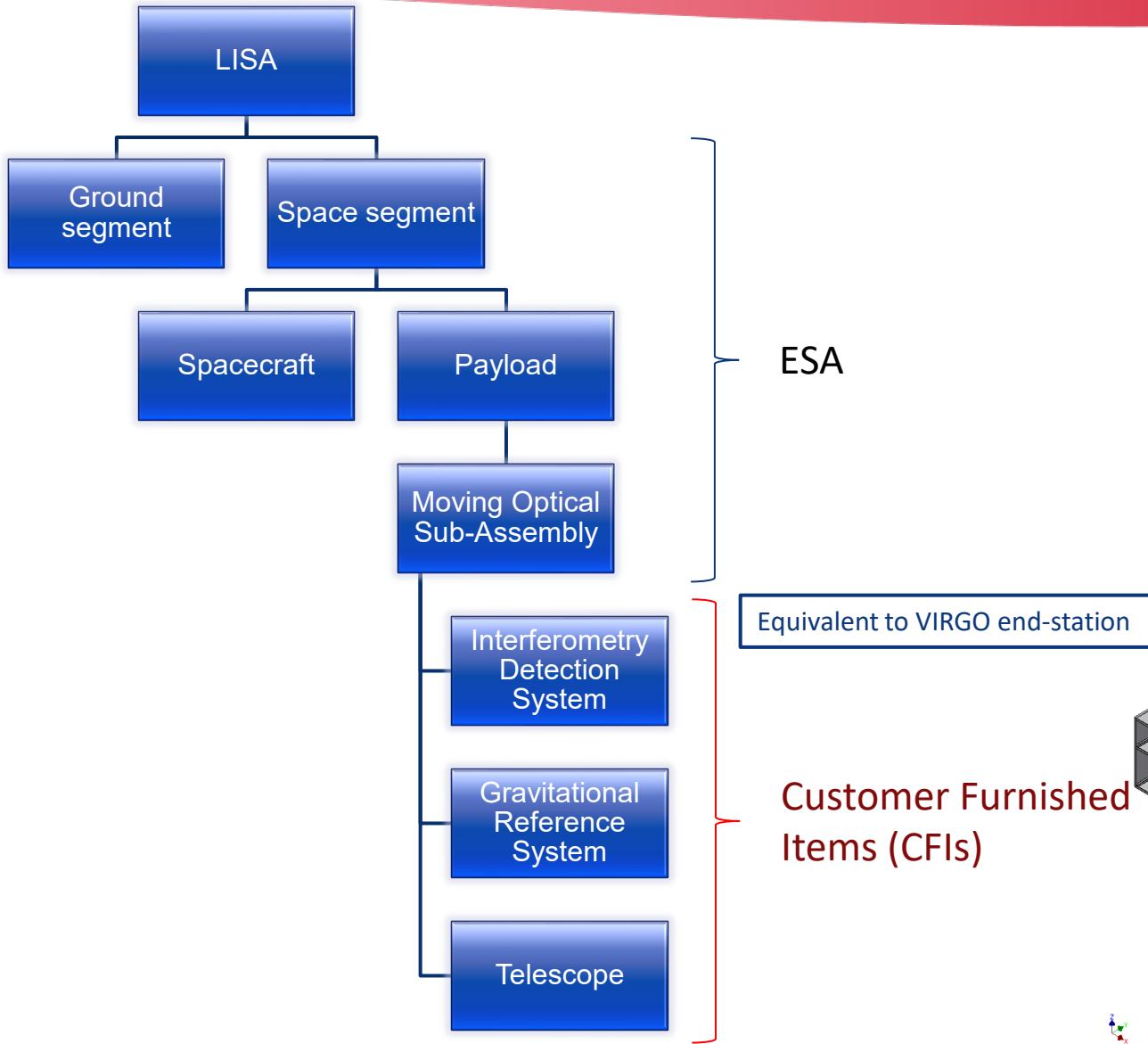


ESA

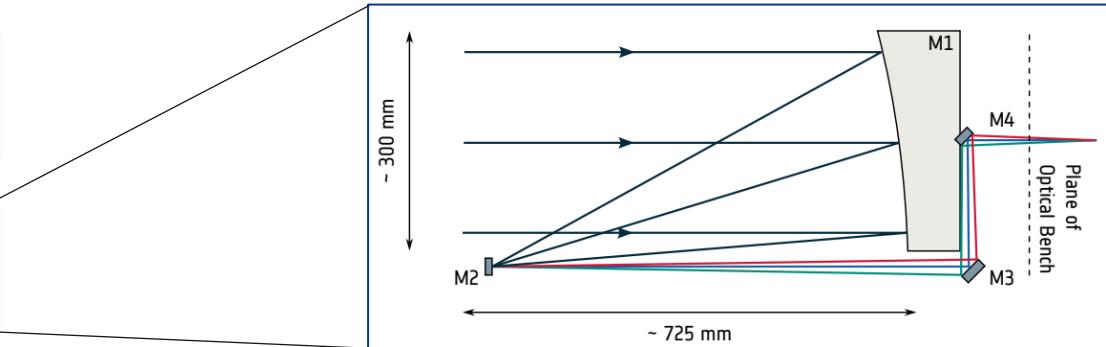
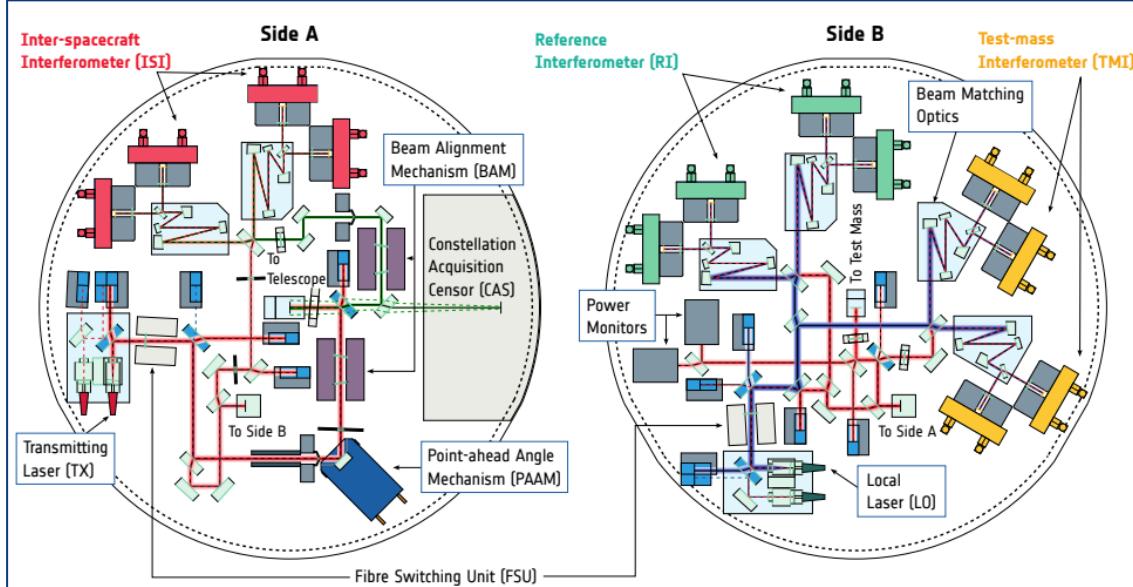
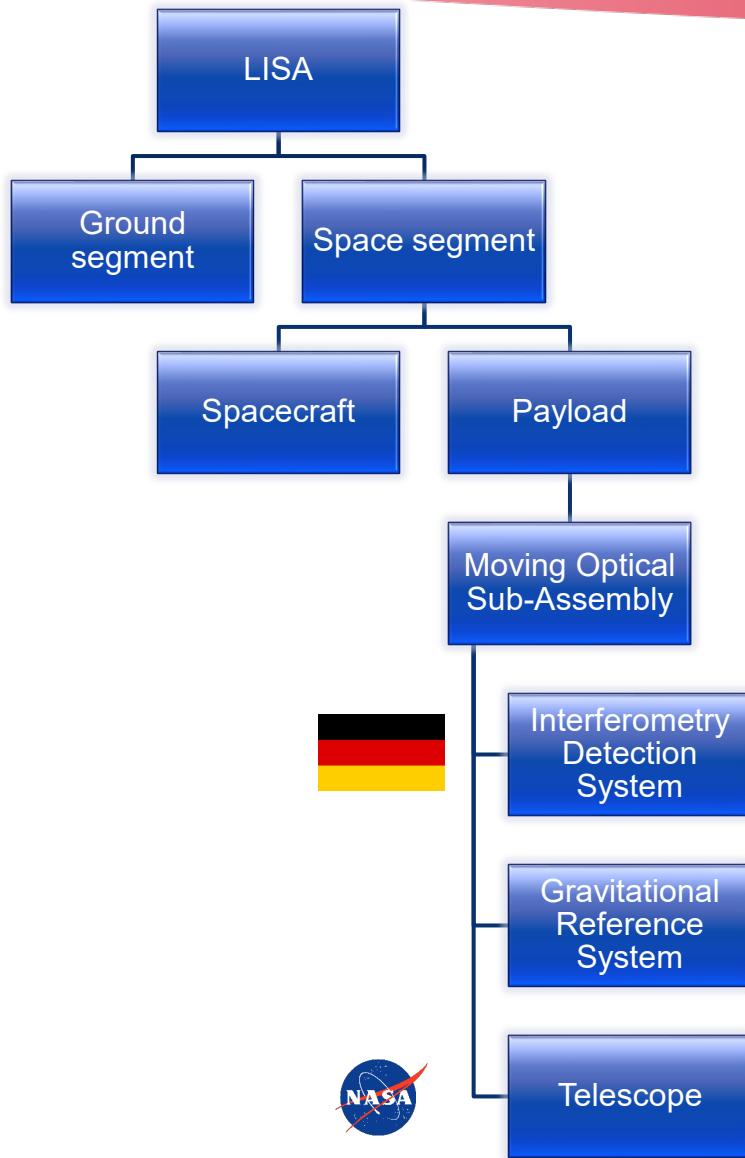


Customer Furnished
Items (CFIs)

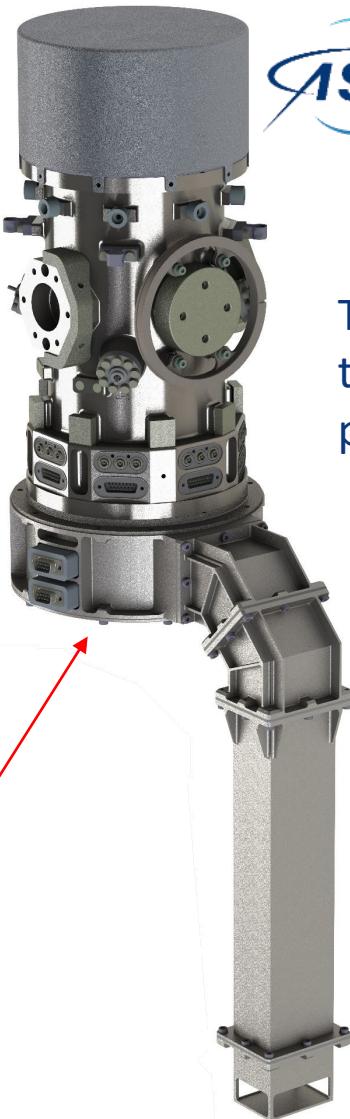
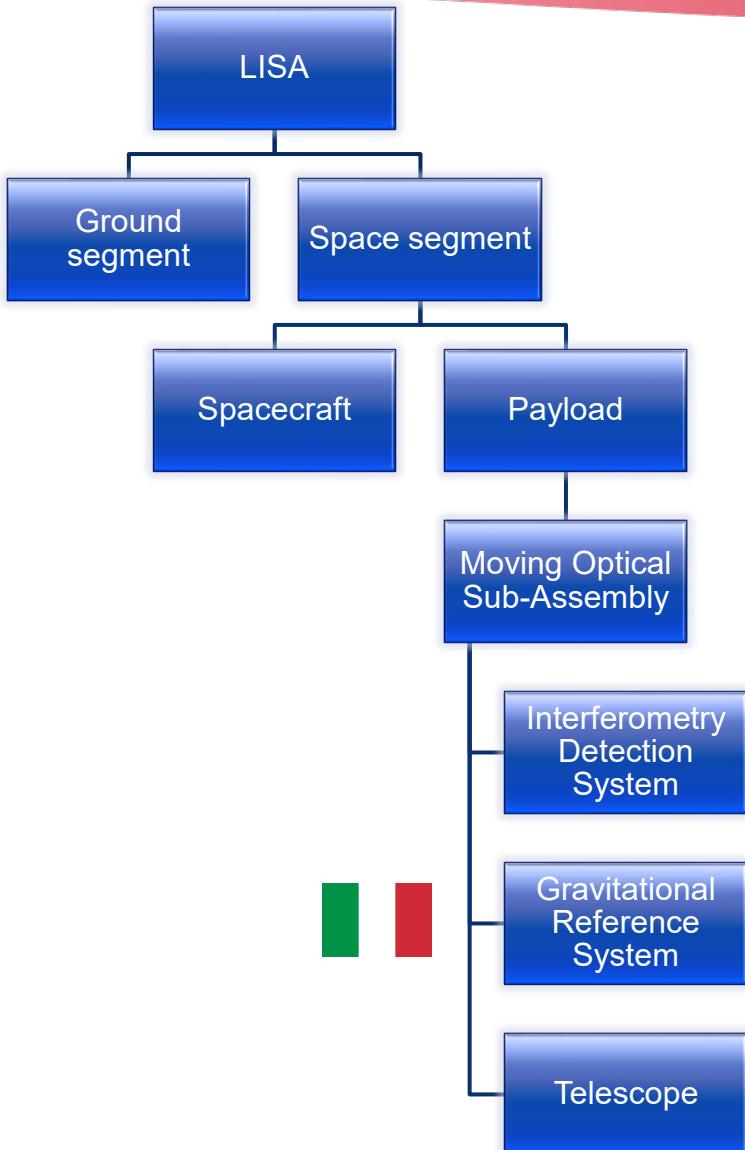
LISA Product Breakdown (notional)



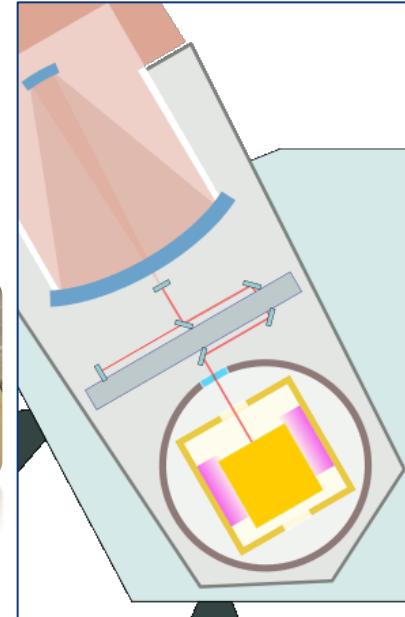
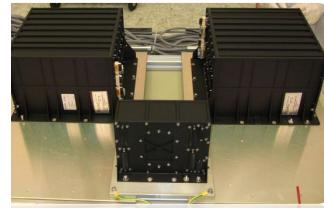
LISA Product Breakdown (notional)



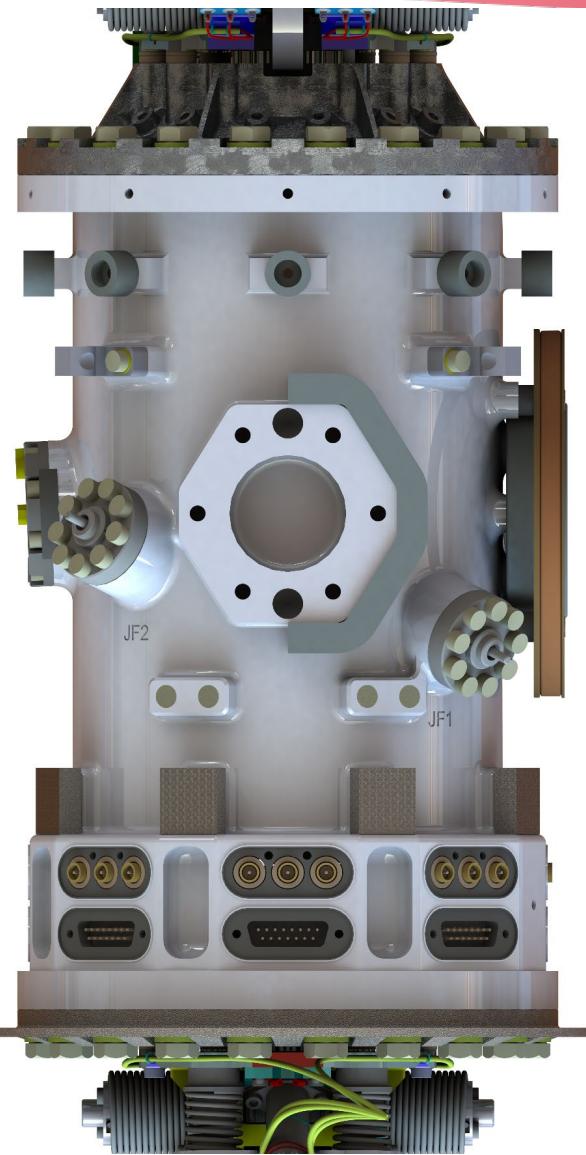
LISA Product Breakdown (notional)



The GRS is the system that impacts the most the acceleration noise performance of the free-falling TM.



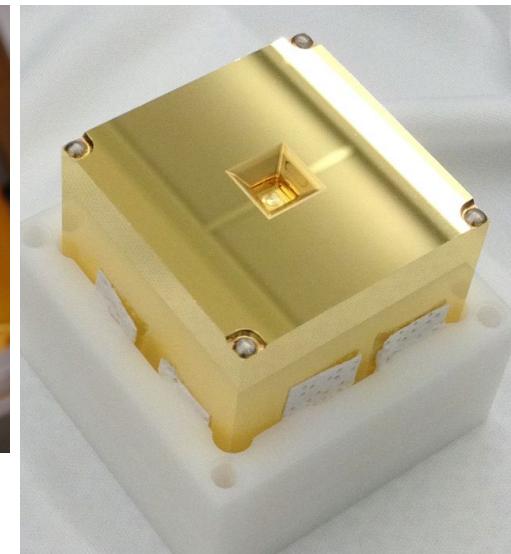
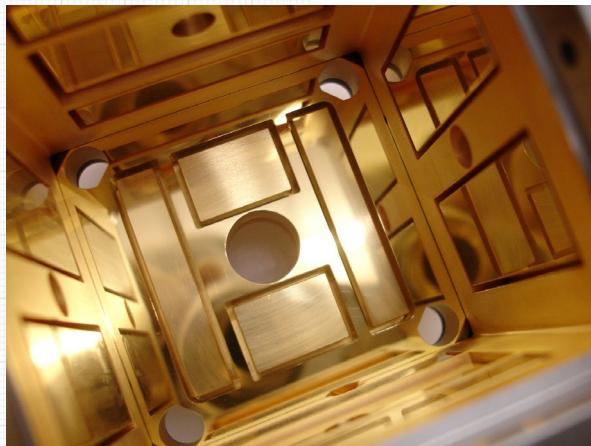
Gravitational Reference System



Design and testing done for LPF,
with support from **INFN**. 

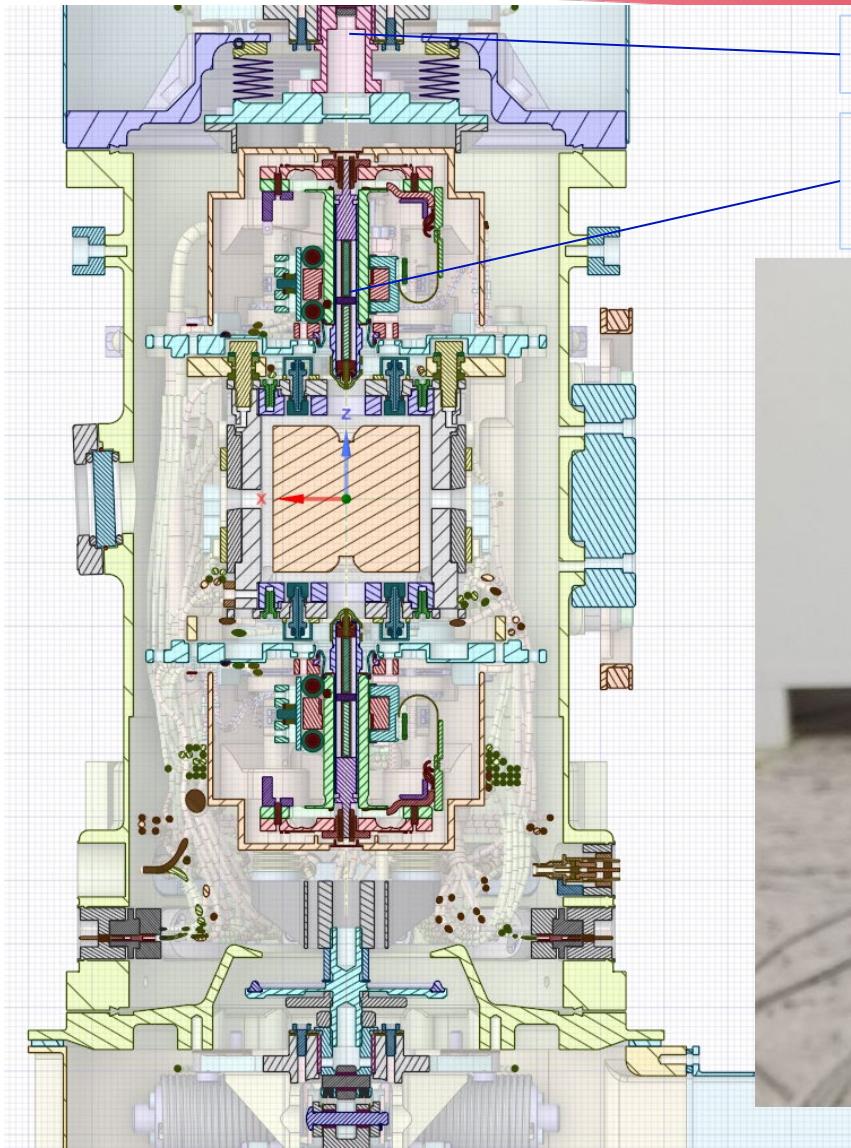
Electrode Housing (EH)
Mb electrodes coated in Au

Test Mass (TM)
1.96 kg in Au-Pt



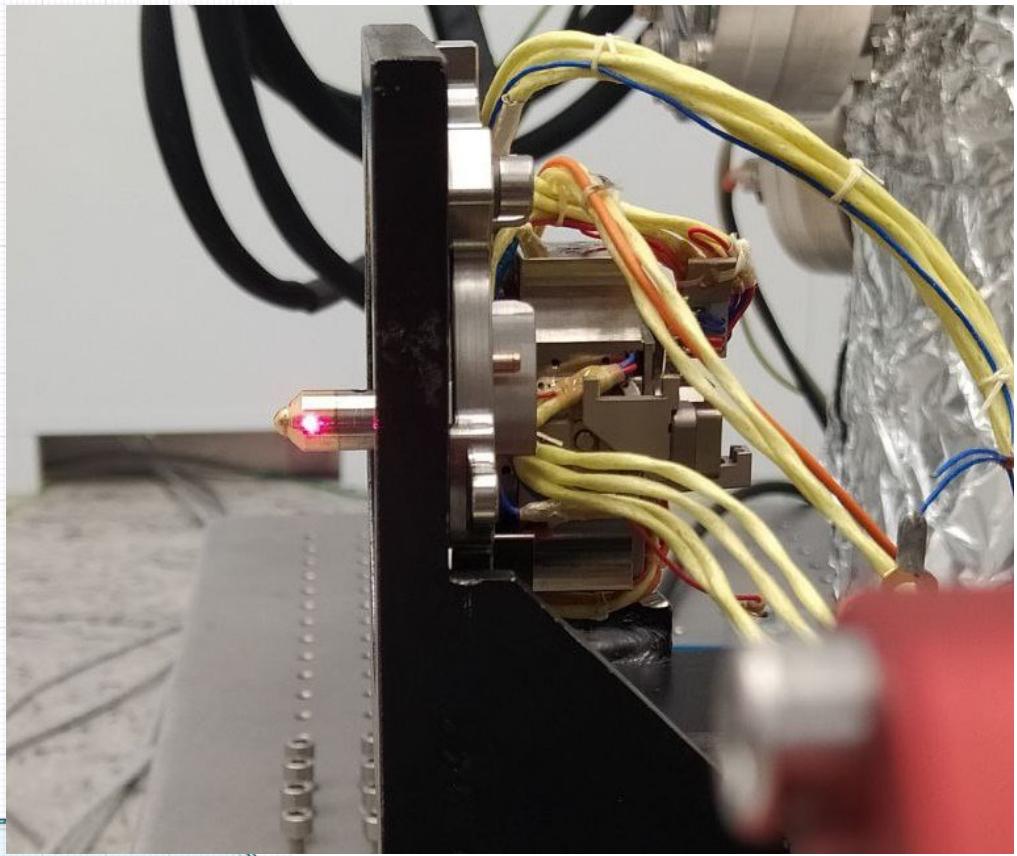
Gravitational Reference System

12



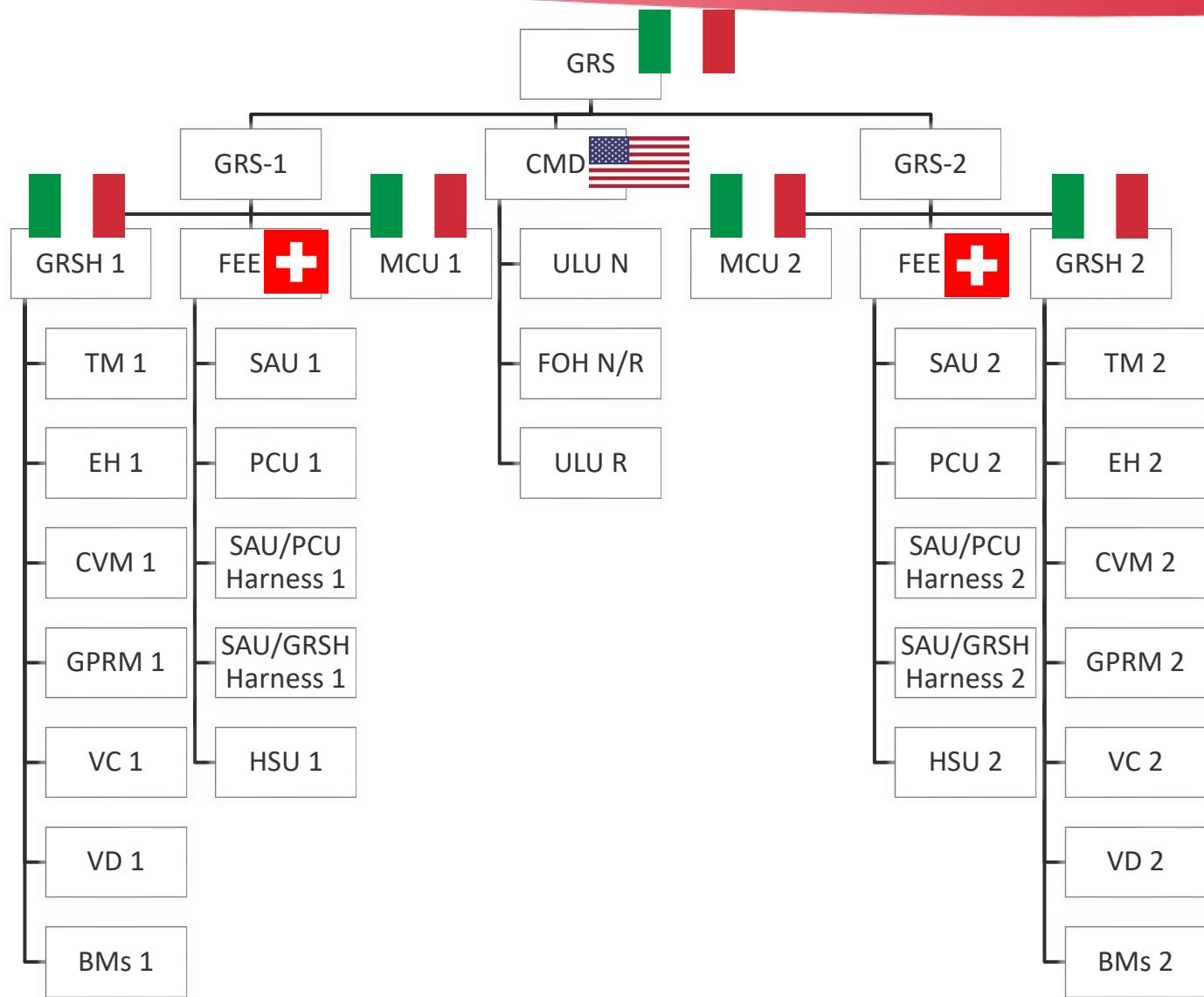
Launch lock (CVM)

Grabbing positioning and release mechanism (GPRM)



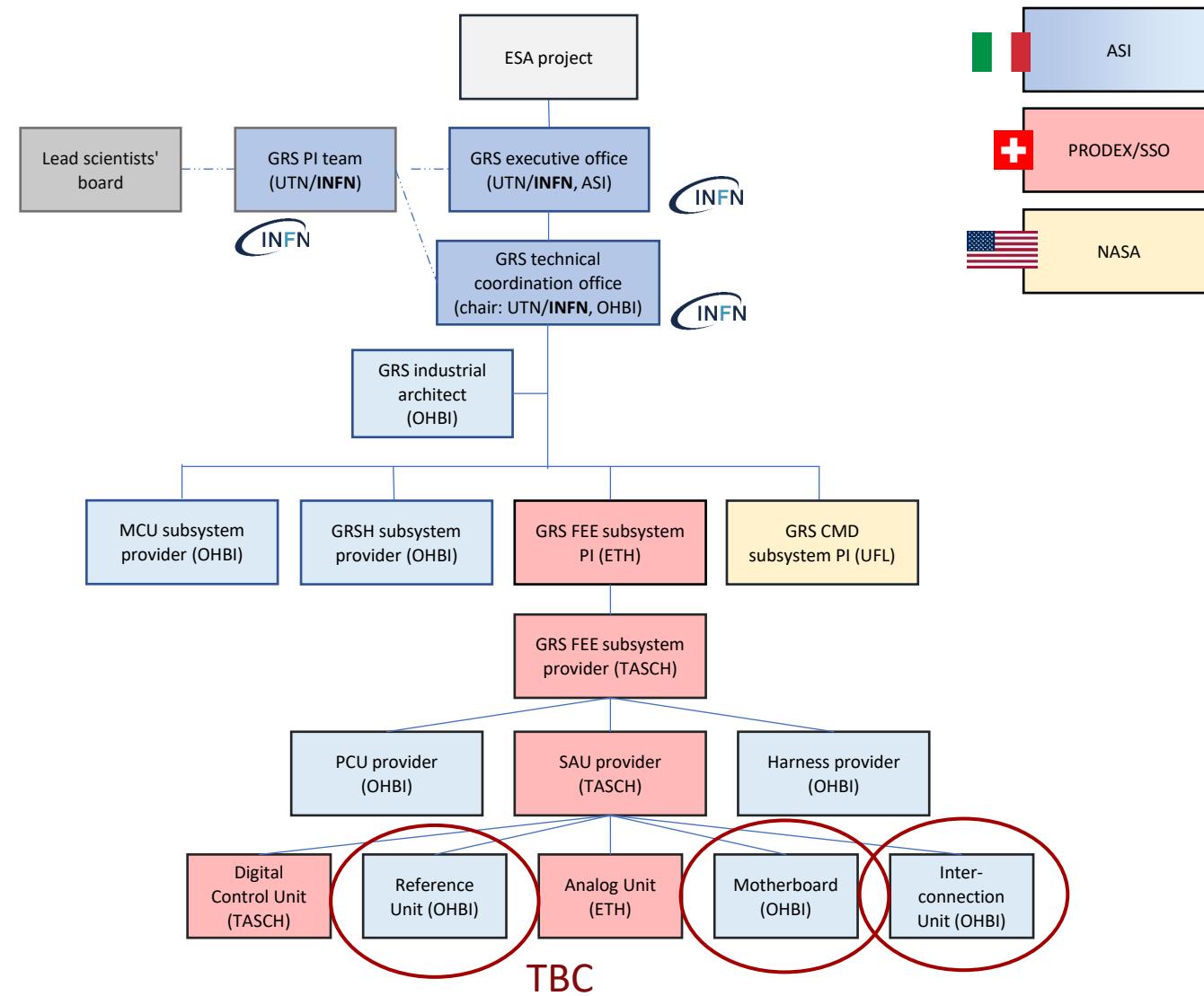
GRS Avionics and Architecture

13



GRS Procurement and Management Scheme

14



Ruolo INFN in LPF e LISA

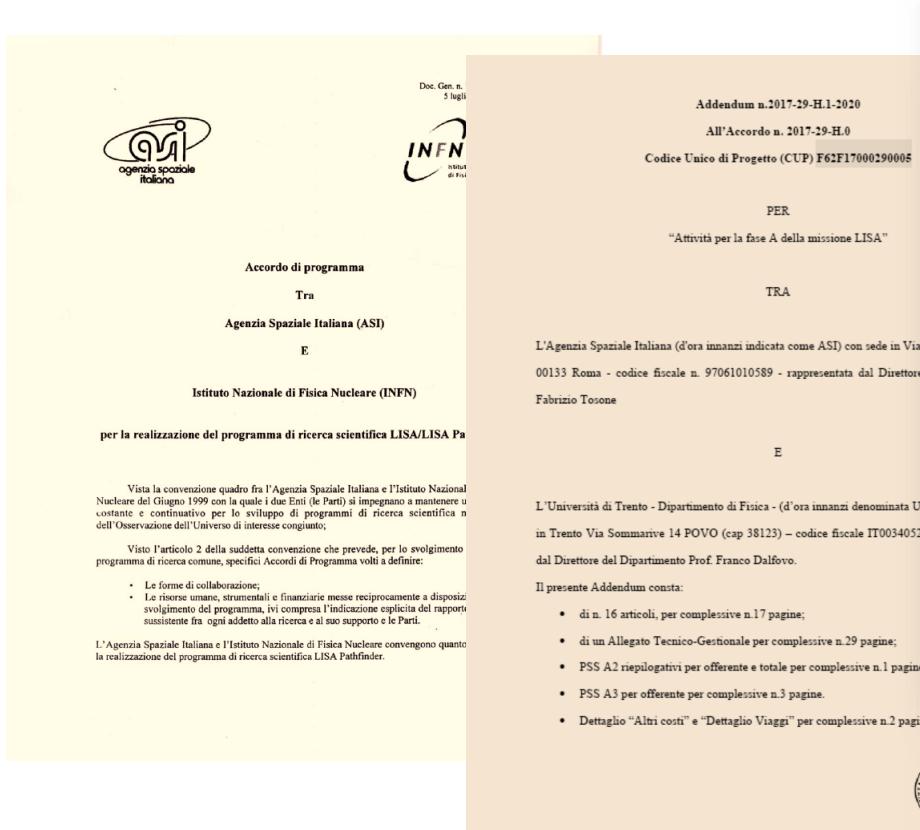
- Al progetto di un osservatorio di onde gravitazionali dallo spazio, **INFN** ha partecipato con grande lungimiranza fin dalla proposta iniziale di **LISA Pathfinder**.
- Ha sostenuto i gruppi scientifici nella fase di **definizione e prototipazione del sensore inerziale** con masse in caduta libera indispensabile alla rivelazione delle onde gravitazionali, e **nello sviluppo dell'innovativa strumentazione di verifica a terra**.
- I test con pendoli di torsione supportati dalla CSN2 sono l'unica occasione per la verifica a terra di performance di caduta libera
- Tali contributi sono stati **cruciali** per il **successo della missione LISA Pathfinder e lo saranno per LISA**, confermando e estendendo allo spazio il ruolo **INFN** come istituto di ricerca di riferimento per la comunità scientifica italiana impegnata nella realizzazione di osservatori di onde gravitazionali.
- Analoga partecipazione è stata rilanciata per **LISA**, in stretta sinergia con ASI, rafforzata da un importante supporto al **Systems Engineering**

Accordi INFN-ASI

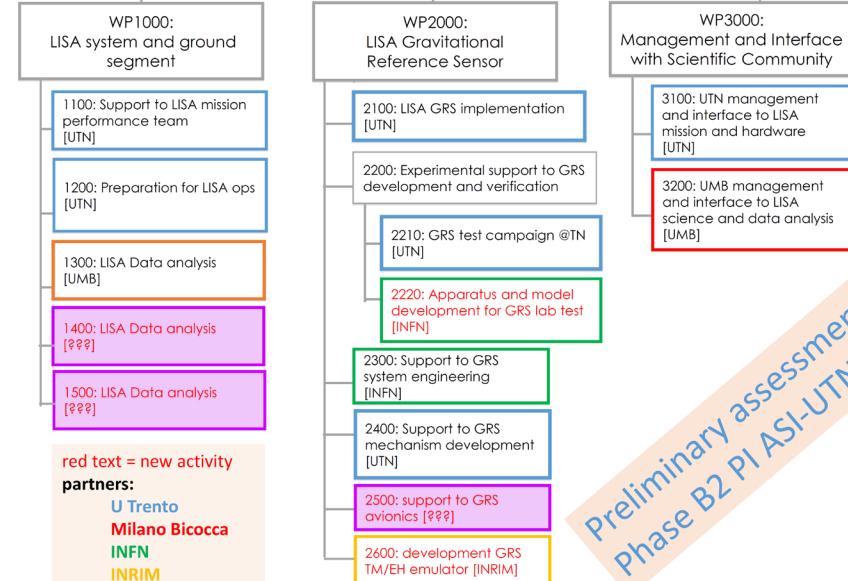
Accordo di programma INFN/ASI
Per LISA Pathfinder

Accordo ASI/UniTN/INFN/MiB
Per LISA fase A/B1
(fino giugno luglio 2024)

In progress:
Rinnovo Accordo ASI/UniTN/INFN/MiB....
Per LISA fase B2



LISA GRS and Free-fall Measurement Science possible phase B2 WBS



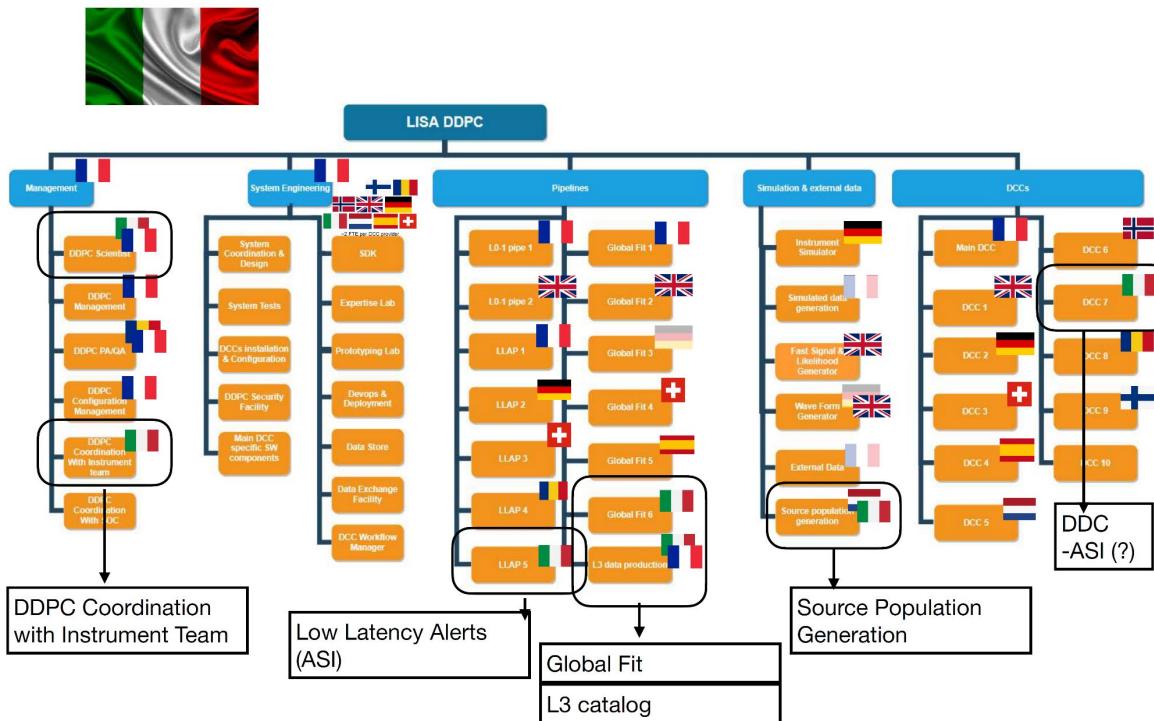
Estensione del coinvolgimento INFN in LISA

Tavolo negoziale 8 luglio 2024

Riunione Preventivi TIFPA 2024

LISA Distributed Data Processing Centre DDPC

17



Nel MLA, ASI supporta il DDPC con attività specifiche → necessità di stabilire un piano e delle risorse e come saranno distribuite tra ASI, università e istituti (INFN, INAF...).

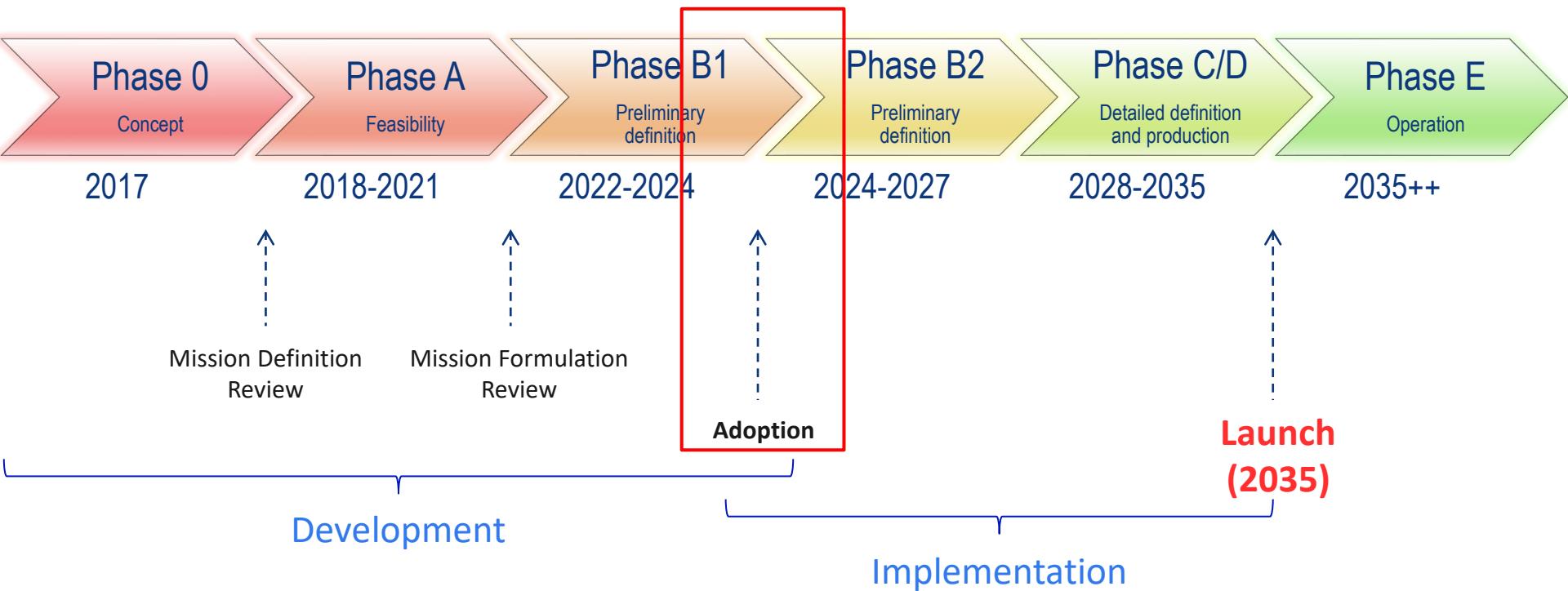
Gruppi teorici italiani sono già coinvolti, e.g. Milano Bicocca nell'accordo ASI e PI di un PRIN.

Kick off meeting del DDPC in giugno 2024



<https://sites.google.com/unimib.it/lisa-phase-a/home>

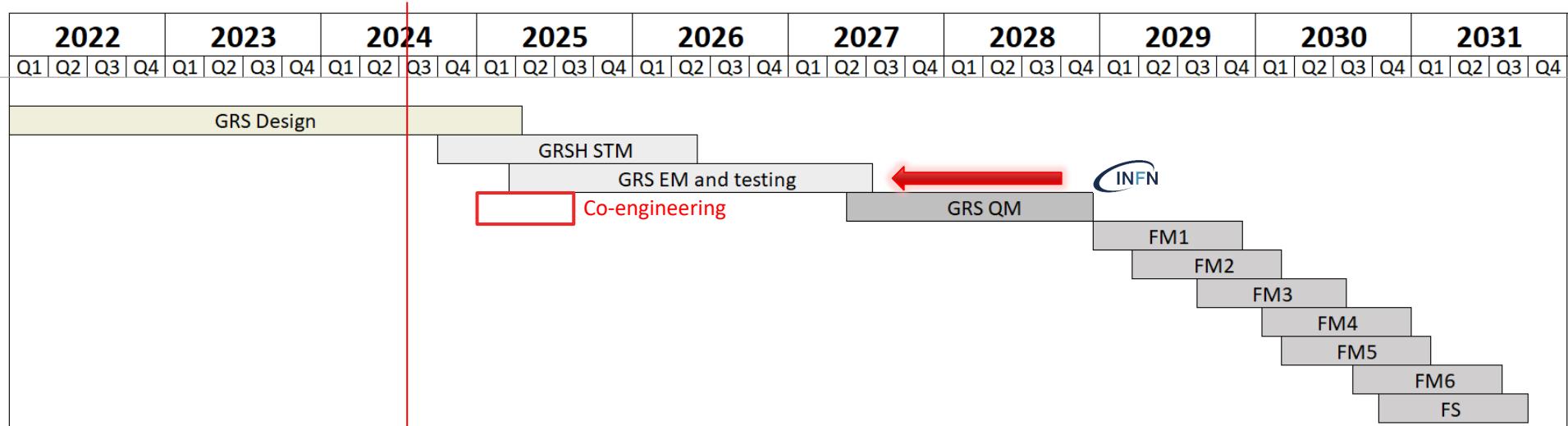
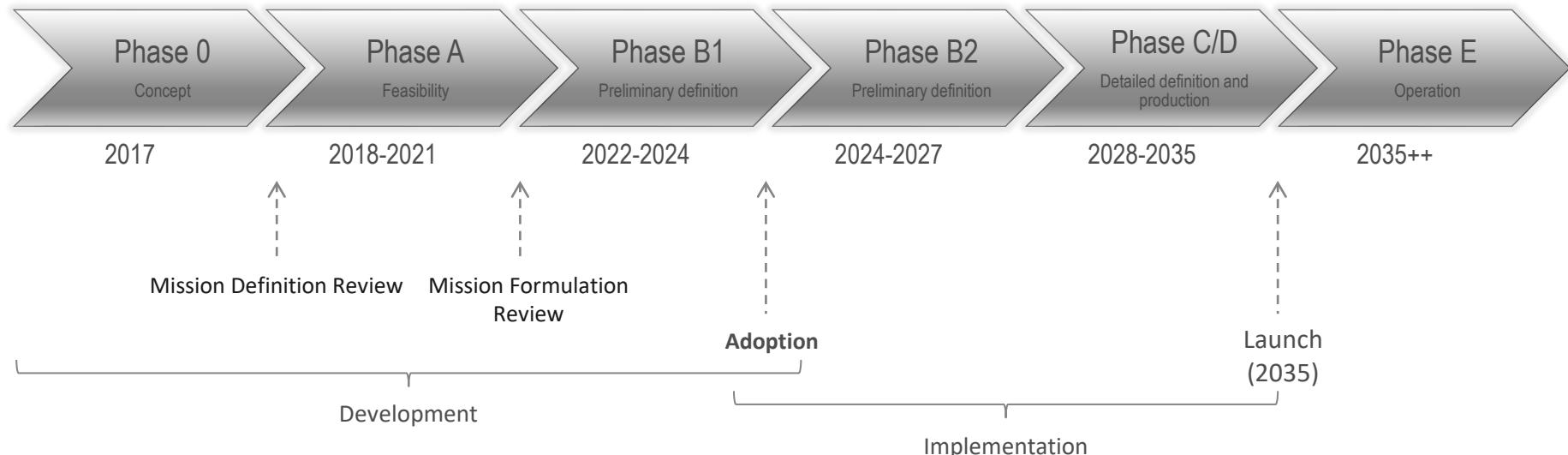
LISA is an adopted mission



Next year is dedicated to:

- Finalization and release of technical specifications (systems engineering)
→ ITT for prime selection (ESA)
- Co-engineering with selected prime and ESA

GRS Schedule



GRS EM Test Plan
at the University of Trento/INFN TIFPA



LISA-UTN-INST-TP-001
Issue/Rev. 1.0

	Name	Date	Signature
Prepared by	Rita Dolesi	10/05/2023	
Checked by	William J. Weber Rita Dolesi	10/05/2023 10/15/2023	 
Approved by	William J. Weber	12/05/2023	

Summary

1 SCOPE	6
2 Reference Documents	7
3 Abbreviations and Acronyms	8
4 INTRODUCTION	9
4.1 ASSUMPTIONS AND APPROACH	9
4.2 THE ROLE OF TORSION PENDULUM FACILITIES	9
5 ITEMS UNDER TEST	13
5.1 EH EM	13
5.2 Hollow Test Mass	13
5.3 CMD TRU6	14
5.4 GRS FEE SAU Elegant Breadboard and GRS FEE SAU EM Lite	14
6 TESTING FACILITIES CONFIGURATIONS	17
6.1 Torsion pendulum facilities	17
6.2 On bench tests with EM GRS hardware before 4TM integration	21
6.2.1 The Micro-Manipulator Bench	21
6.2.2 Testing configuration for relative phase stability between FEE and CMD	22
6.2.3 UV light cone profiling test bench	23
7 GRS SUBSYSTEM EH EM TESTING	25
7.1 TEST OBJECTIVE AND REQUIREMENTS	25
7.1.1 Capacitive Position Sensor Performances	25
7.1.2 Capacitive Sensor Actuation Performances	27
7.1.3 Stiffness	29
7.1.4 Stray Voltages	30
7.1.5 Thermal effects	32
7.1.6 Test Mass linear damping Factor	32
7.1.7 Force Noise	33
7.1.8 Charge Management System performances	35
7.1.9 Other tests on bench	39
7.2 TESTS DESCRIPTION	40
8 TESTING ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE AND DOCUMENTATION	41
8.1 TEST PROCEDURE	41
8.2 TEST REPORT	41
8.3 TEST DOCUMENTATION FLOW	41
8.3.1 REVIEWS	41
8.3.2 TEST READINESS REVIEW (TRR)	41
8.3.3 ACCEPTANCE TEST REVIEW (AR)	42
9 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS	43

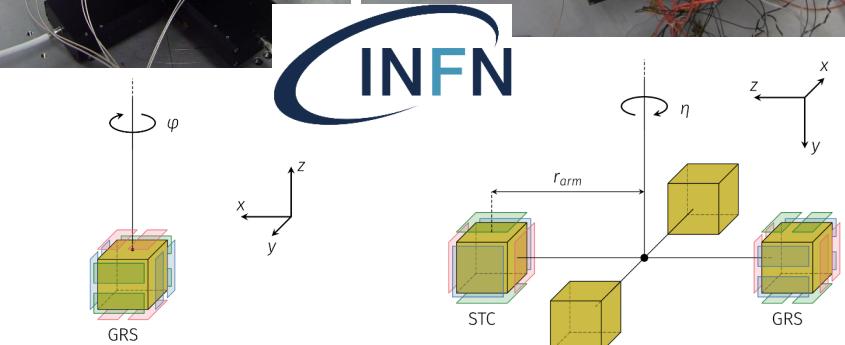
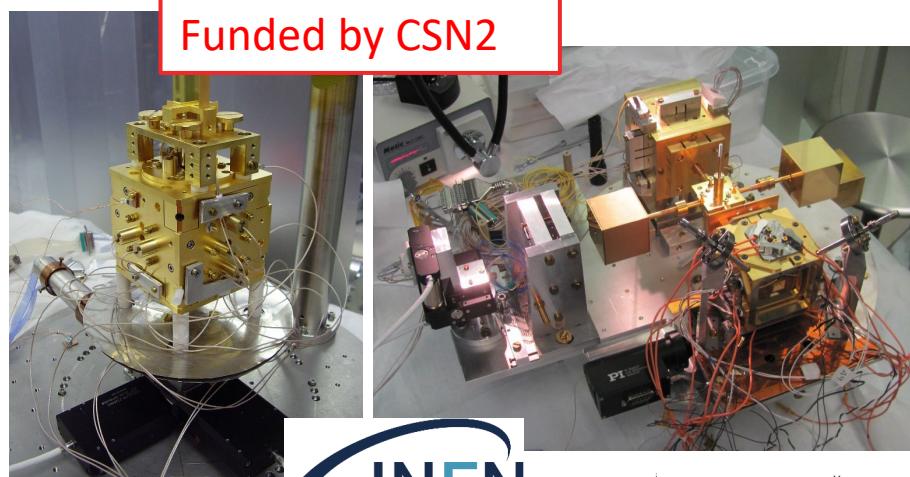
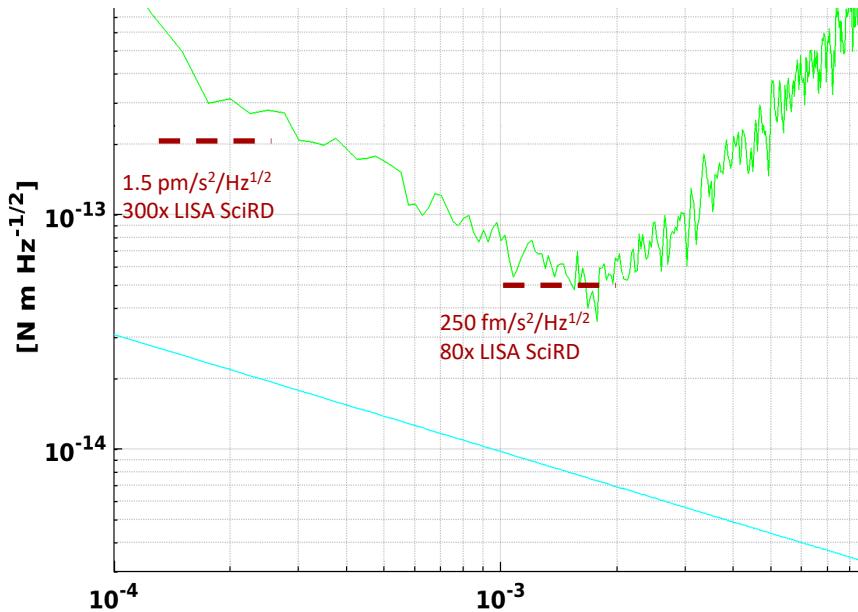
This document cannot be reproduced without the authorization of its author(s).

- Preliminary description of the individual test campaigns
- List of requirements whose compliance is demonstrated or supported by these tests
- Description of facilities
- Test configuration

Torsion pendula

Torsion pendula can measure small forces and are the **only tools** to test the LISA **free-fall** on ground:

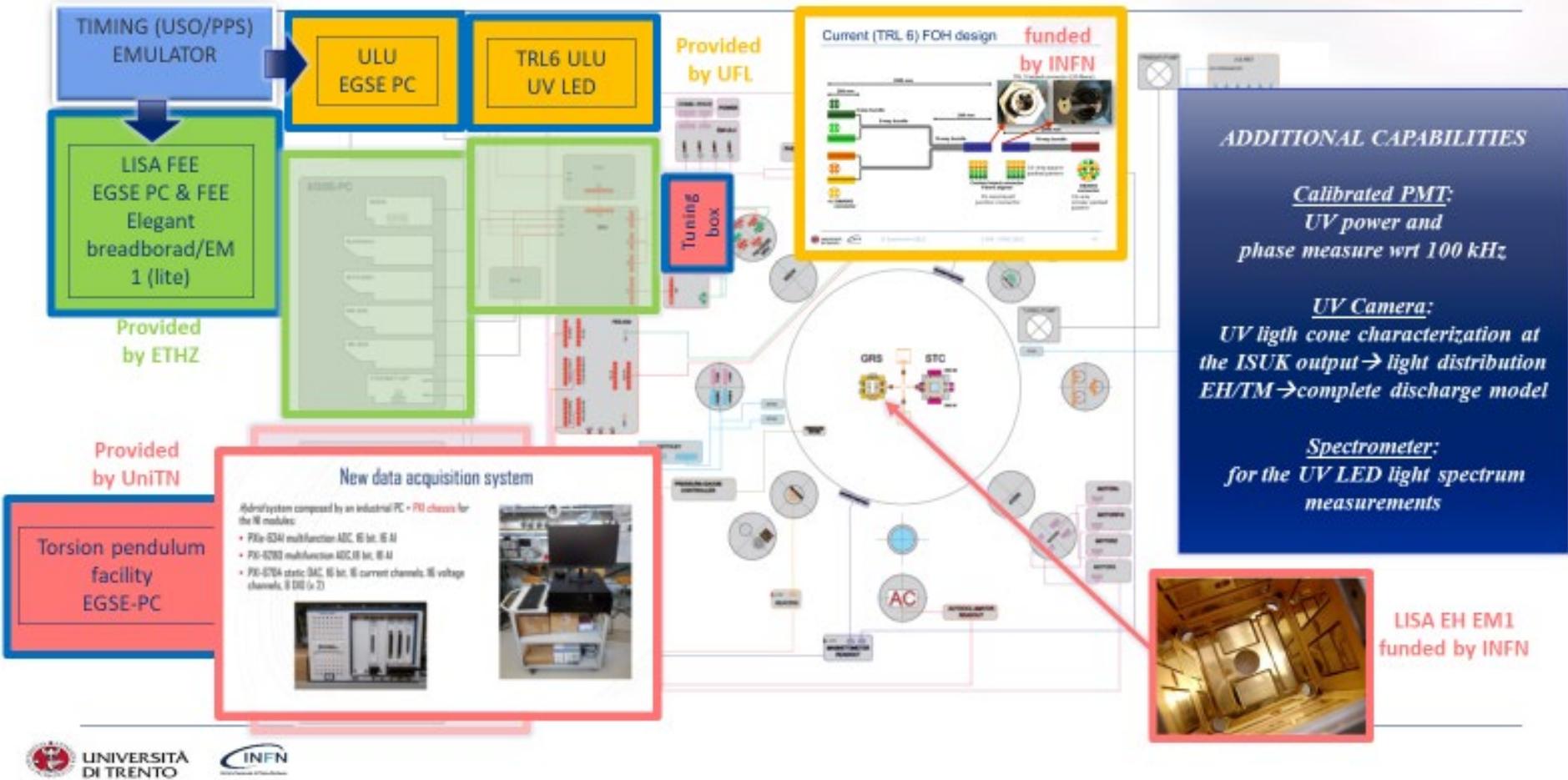
1. *1TM torsion pendulum*: more sensitive, but to torques only
2. *4TM torsion pendulum*: directly sensitive to forces as TM is mounted off-center (~ 10 cm arm)



Force @ 2 mHz	
1 TM	$7 \times 10^{-16} \text{ N in 1 hour}$
4 TM	$10^{-15} \text{ N in 1 hour}$

Torsion pendula

LISA 4TM pendulum facility schematic overview



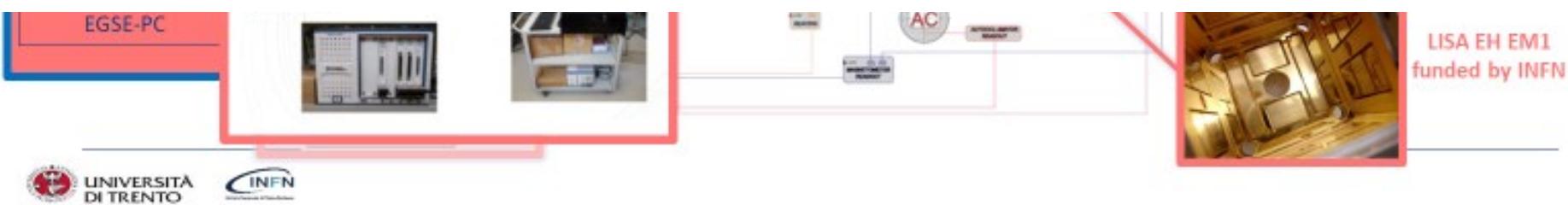
Torsion pendula

LISA 4TM pendulum facility schematic overview



Nano-Newton electrostatic force actuators for femto-Newton-sensitive measurements: System performance test in the LISA Pathfinder mission
M Armano, H Audley, J Baird, M Bassan, P Binetruy, M Born, D Bortoluzzi, ...
Physical Review D 109 (10), 102009

In-depth analysis of LISA Pathfinder performance results: time evolution, noise projection, physical models, and implications for LISA
M Armano, H Audley, J Baird, P Binetruy, M Born, D Bortoluzzi, E Castelli, ...
arXiv preprint arXiv:2405.05207



E2E Discharge Tests



Measure directly the charge on a TM,
with a variety of discharge strategies.

Tests started in late 2023.

Similar (or same) apparatus to be used
at **proton-therapy** for a representative
charging experiment.

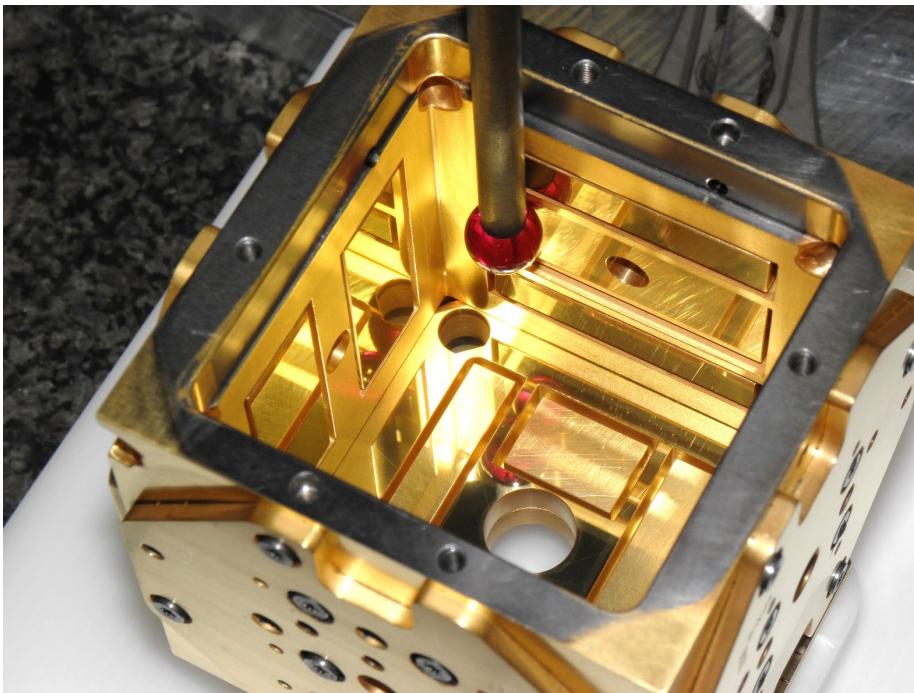
Procurement Engineering Model Electrode Housing



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
AMMINISTRAZIONE CENTRALE
Direzione Amministrazione, Finanza e Controllo
Servizio Gare e Contratti
Ufficio Bandi e Contratti



Funded by CSN2



OGGETTO: *Lettera di trasmissione del Contratto per la fornitura di modello EM (engineering model) dell'Electrode House per la missione spaziale LISA _ CIG n. 9892677F4D.*

p. c.: **Prof. Francesco PEDERIVA**
Direttore del TIFPA dell'INFN

Dr. Carlo ZANONI
Responsabile Unico del progetto

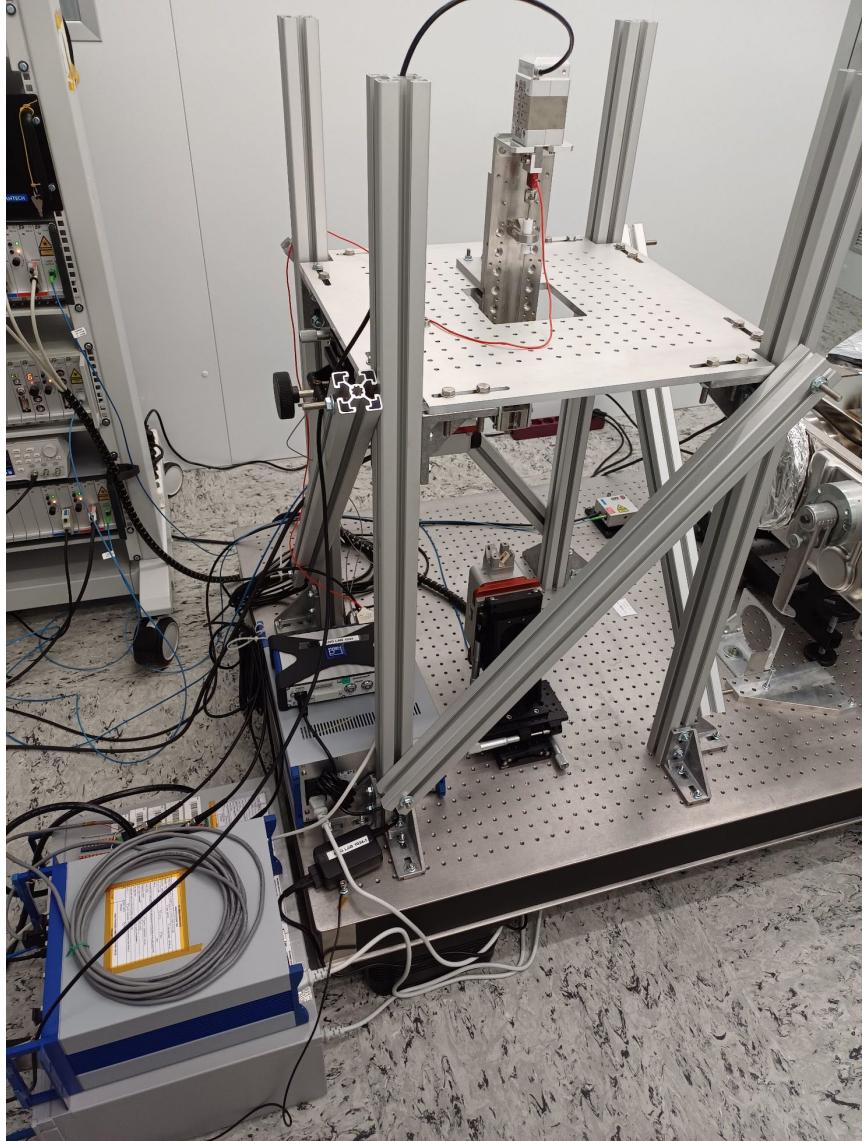
Procurement Engineering Model Electrode Housing

- Kick-off: 04 March 2024
58k EUR of pre-payment
- 1st milestone: 08 May 2024
58k EUR transfer

	MINUTA <i>MINUTE</i>	Programma-Contratto / Program-Contract: Fascicolo n. 2024_XI/2.2.640 “fornitura di modello EM (engineering model) dell’Electrode Housing per la missione spaziale LISA” CIG n. 9892677F4D RUP: Carlo Zanoni
		Oggetto della riunione / Meeting subject: Milestone 1
Num. Documento / Document # :		Pagina/Page 1 <i>di/of</i> 4

Luogo di riunione <i>Meeting Place</i>	Teleconferenza	Data <i>Date</i>	08/05/2024
--	----------------	----------------------------	------------

Scritto da <i>Written by</i>	Carlo Zanoni
--	--------------



Funded by CSN2

- Tests concluded in March 2024
- Basis for the definition of the new GPRM baseline (Apr-24)
- Interesting R&D outputs on friction between titanium and Teflon
- Getting ready for comprehensive GPRM EM tests towards the end of 2024

NEW:

- Caging Mechanism Modeling

- **Missioni**

- esaurita quota LISA su Dotazioni Gr 2, con luglio esauriti anche fondi LISA (chiederemo anche sblocco di 1K€ SJ)

- **Acquisti:**

- 64 k€ +35 k€ SJ da spendere
- Principalmente destinati a costruzione di masse di test rappresentative di quelle di volo per i pendoli di torsione; per contenere i costi siamo in attesa di definizione/accordi tra OHB e fornitori delle TM di volo.
- Stiamo elaborando piano B alternativo di spesa da proporre se necessario alla CSN2 di settembre.

Richieste 2025 (preliminare)

- Richieste di missione per partecipazione a incontri CSN2/referee, congressi e workshop internazionali: 25k EUR
- Attività di laboratorio: aggiornamento delle facility con pendolo di torsione per aumentarne le performance e la rappresentatività: 30-60k EUR
- Richieste di strumenti software (già in uso con licenze INFN): ANSYS, MatLab, COMSOL, Solidworks

Personale

- 16 ricercatori/tecnologi, circa 13.5 FTE

Cognome	Nome
Bortoluzzi	Daniele
Cavalleri	Antonella
Ciani	Giacomo
Chiavegato	Vittorio
Dal Bosco	Davide
Dalla Ricca	Edoardo
Dimiccoli	Francesco
Dolesi	Rita
Ferroni	Valerio
Marzari	Francesco
Mezzena	Renato
Sala	Lorenzo
Vetrugno	Daniel
Venturelli	Francesco
Weber	William
Zanoni	Carlo

Support to ground-based GW

Charges for the external Virgo technical review

Stan Bentvelsen, Massimo Carpinelli, Gianluca Gemme,

Marco Pallavicini, Vincent Poireau, Alessio Rocchi

May 2024

PEOPLE

- Committee
 - Lisa Barsotti
 - GariLynn Billingsley
 - Peter Fritschel
 - Paul Fulda
 - Hartmut Grote
 - Brian Lantz
 - Joseph Martino
 - Peter Wolf
 - Carlo Zanoni

Role of the external committee

The role of the external committee is to perform a review on the technical choices proposed by the collaboration, including the strategy to address, identify, and solve known unknowns such as the mystery noise. This review committee should be a **permanent committee**, meeting typically twice a year, and ensuring a close monitoring of the technical choices made by the collaboration along the entire duration of the project (including the organizational and managerial aspects related to the technological proposal).