

# Tackling ALP searches in meson decays with ALPaca

A phenomenological approach

Marta Fuentes Zamoro

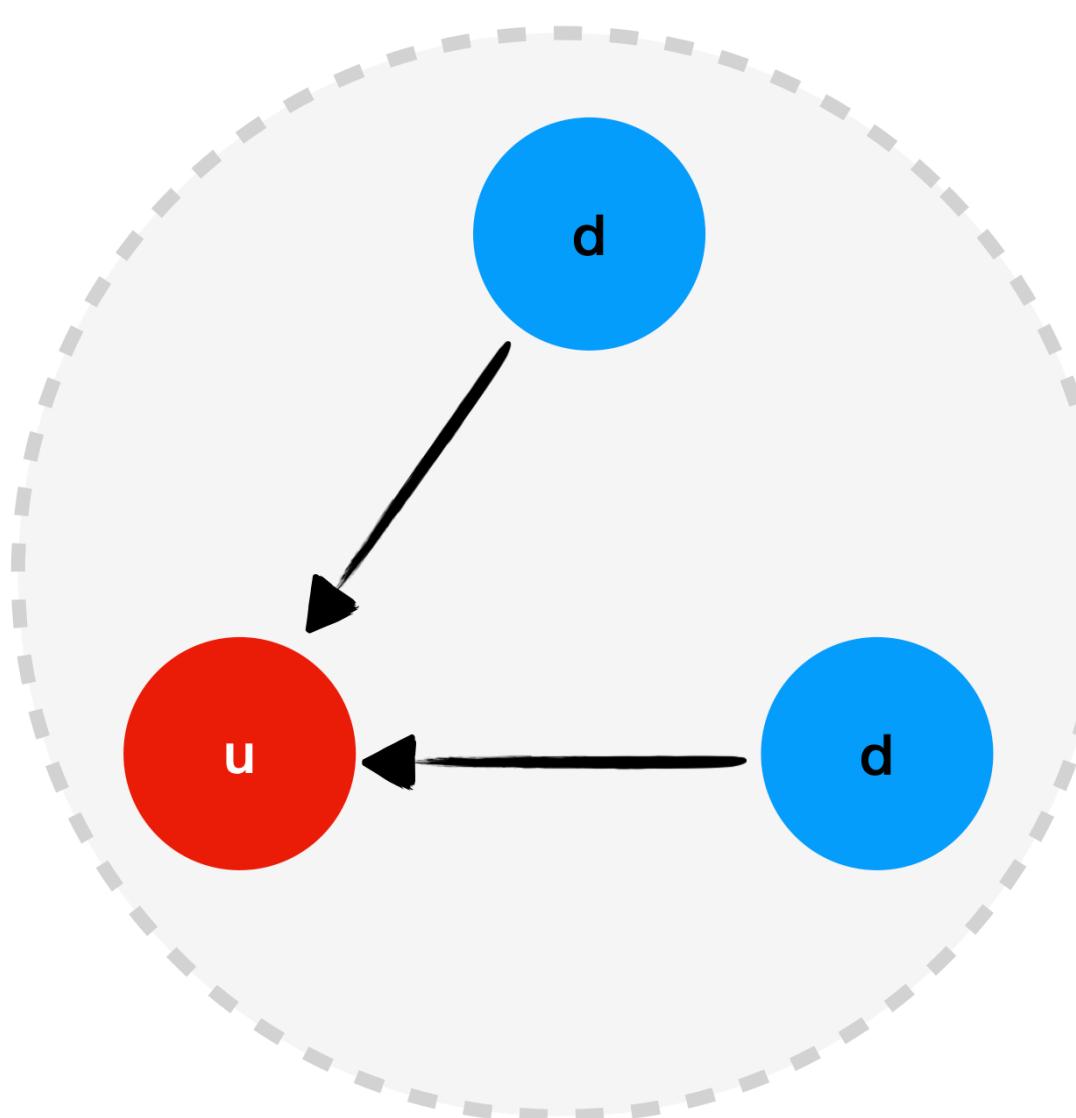
Based on 2507.XXXXXX, in collaboration with Jorge Alda, Luca Merlo, Xavier Ponce Díaz and Stefano Rigolin



# Strong CP problem and ALPs

$$\mathcal{L}_{QCD} \supset \theta_{QCD} \frac{g_S^2}{16\pi^2} \text{tr} \left( G_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu} \right)$$

## Neutron electric dipole moment



$$d_n \simeq 10^{-16} \bar{\theta} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm}$$

$$\bar{\theta} = \theta_{QCD} + \arg(\det(M))$$

$$d_n \lesssim \mathcal{O}(10^{-26})$$

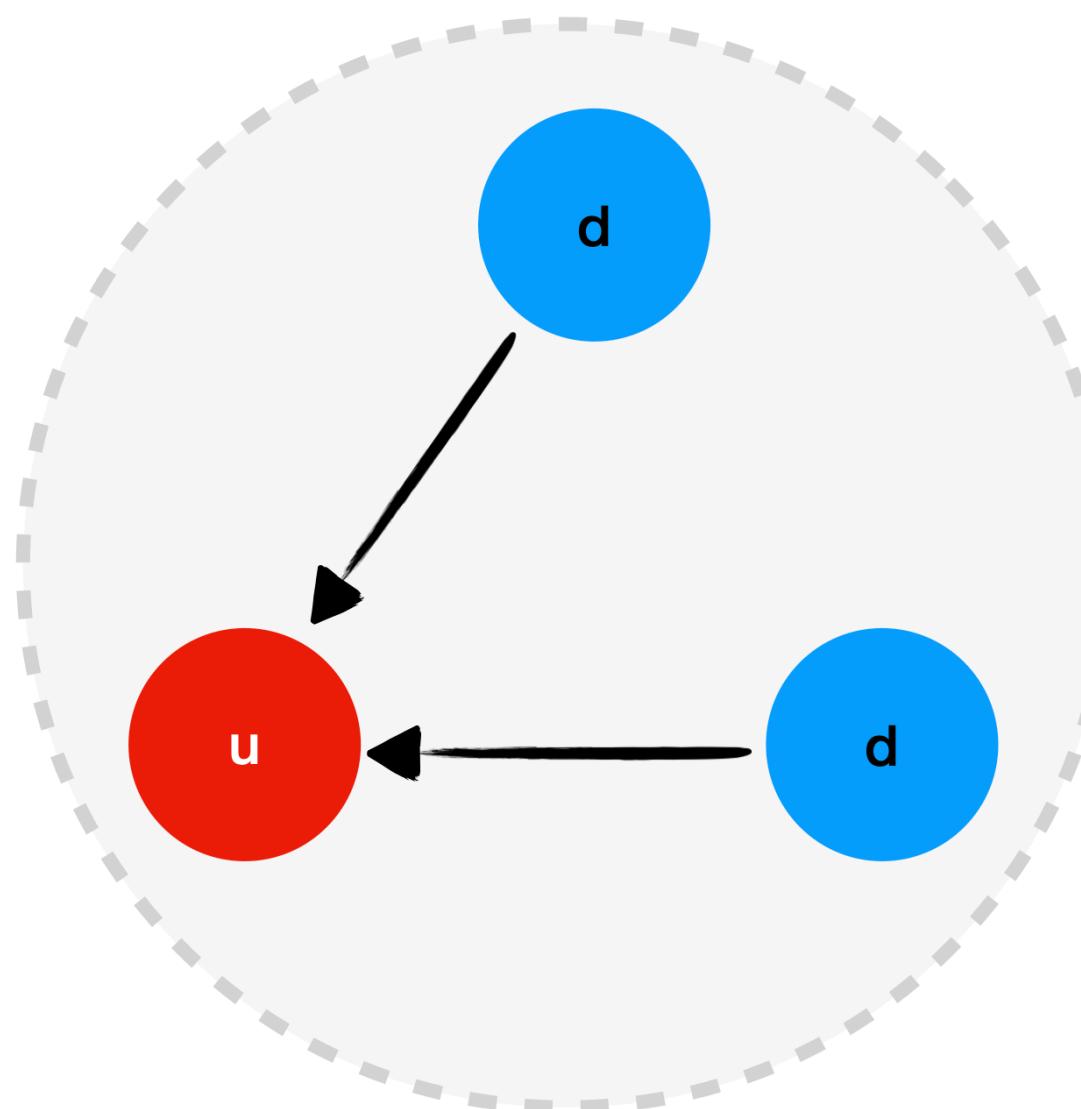
$$\bar{\theta} \lesssim \mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$$

[C. Abel et al., Phys. Rev. Lett., vol. 124, no.8, p. 081803, 2020]

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## Solution

$$\mathcal{U}(1)_{PQ}$$

SSB

Axion

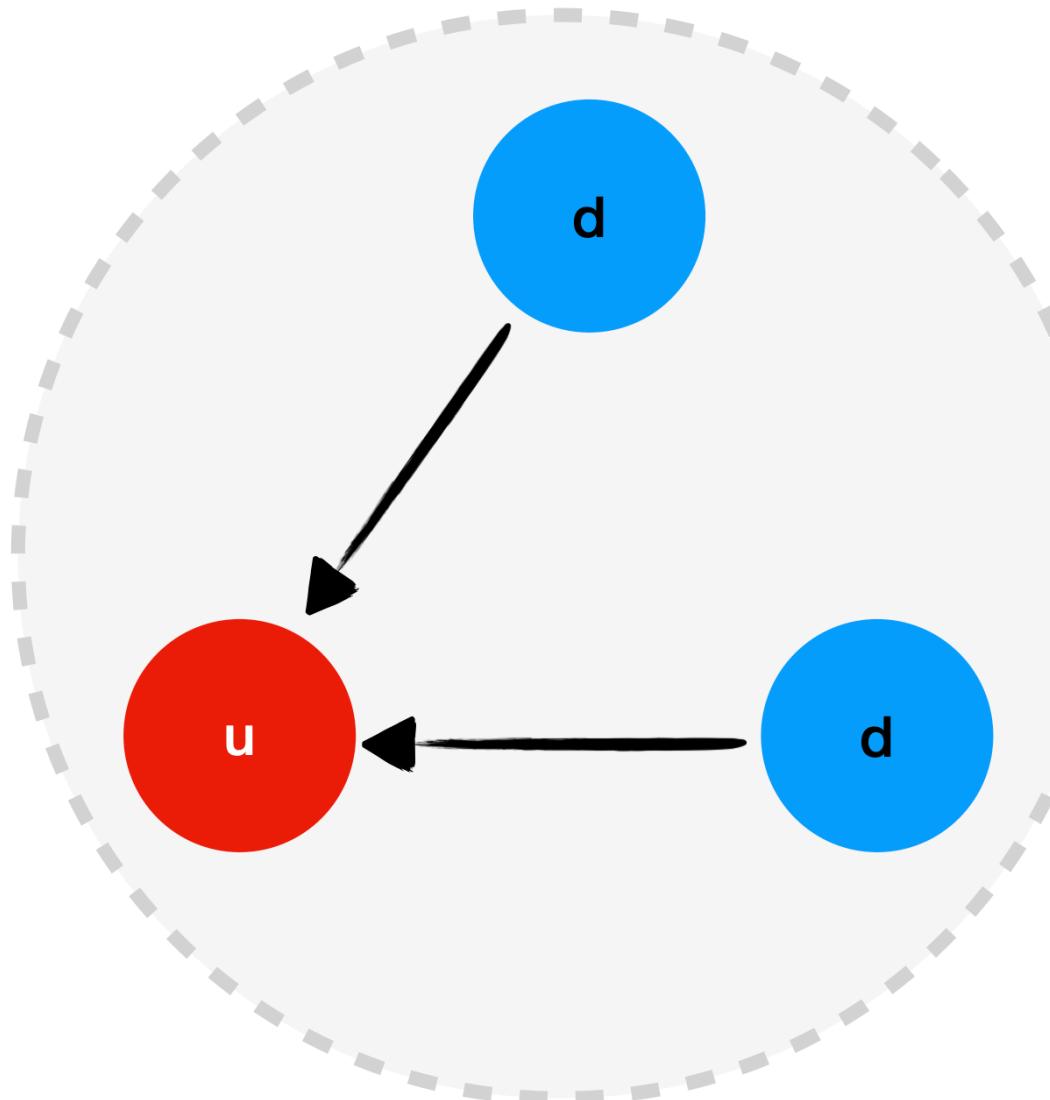
[R. D. Peccei, H. R. Quinn, Phys. Rev. Lett., vol. 38, pp. 1440-1443, 1977]

[R. D. Peccei, H. R. Quinn, Phys. Rev. D, vol. 16, pp. 1791-1797, 1977]

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## Solution

Axion  $m_a \propto \frac{1}{f_a}$

ALP  $\rightarrow$  Free parameters

Possible to work with  
**lower scales for ALPs  $\Rightarrow$**   
Not solve Strong CP

[C. Abel et al., Phys. Rev. Lett., vol. 124, no.8, p. 081803, 2020]

# ALP EFT

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{ALP} = & \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu a \partial^\mu a - \frac{m_a^2}{2} a^2 \\ & + C_{\tilde{B}} O_{\tilde{B}} + C_{\tilde{W}} O_{\tilde{W}} + C_{\tilde{G}} O_{\tilde{G}} \\ & + C_u O_u + C_d O_d + C_e O_e + C_Q O_Q + C_L O_L\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}O_{\tilde{B}} &= \frac{a}{f_a} B_{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}^{\mu\nu}, \\ O_{\tilde{W}} &= \frac{a}{f_a} W_{\mu\nu}^i \tilde{W}^{i\mu\nu}, \quad O_{f,ij} = \frac{\partial^\mu a}{f_a} (\bar{f}_i \gamma_\mu f_j) \\ O_{\tilde{G}} &= \frac{a}{f_a} G_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{G}^{a\mu\nu},\end{aligned}$$

[H. Georgi, D. Kaplan, L. Randall, PLB 169B(1986)73]

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 Pure ALP  
 Gauge fields  
 Fermions

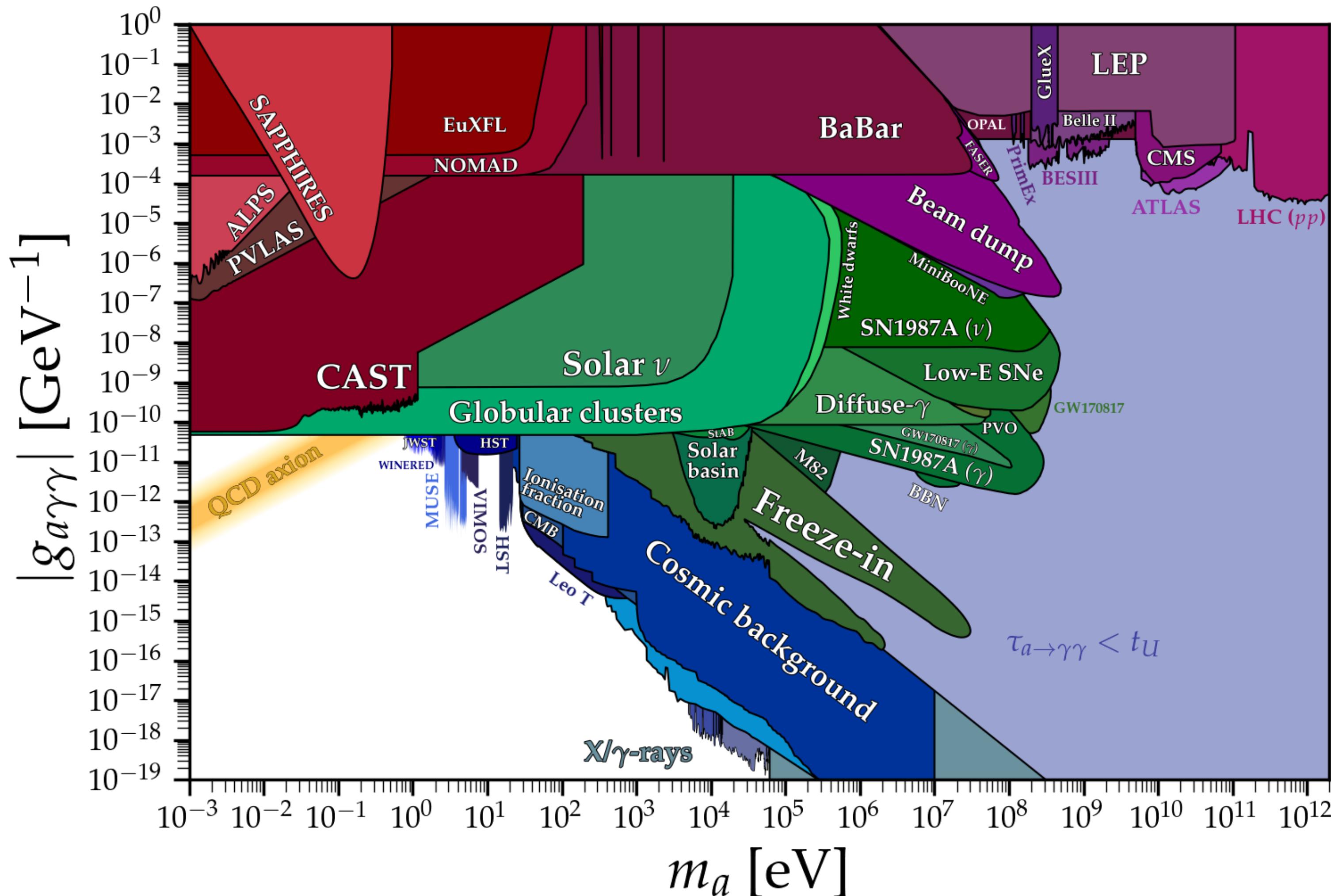
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**Shift-invariant**  $a \rightarrow a + C$

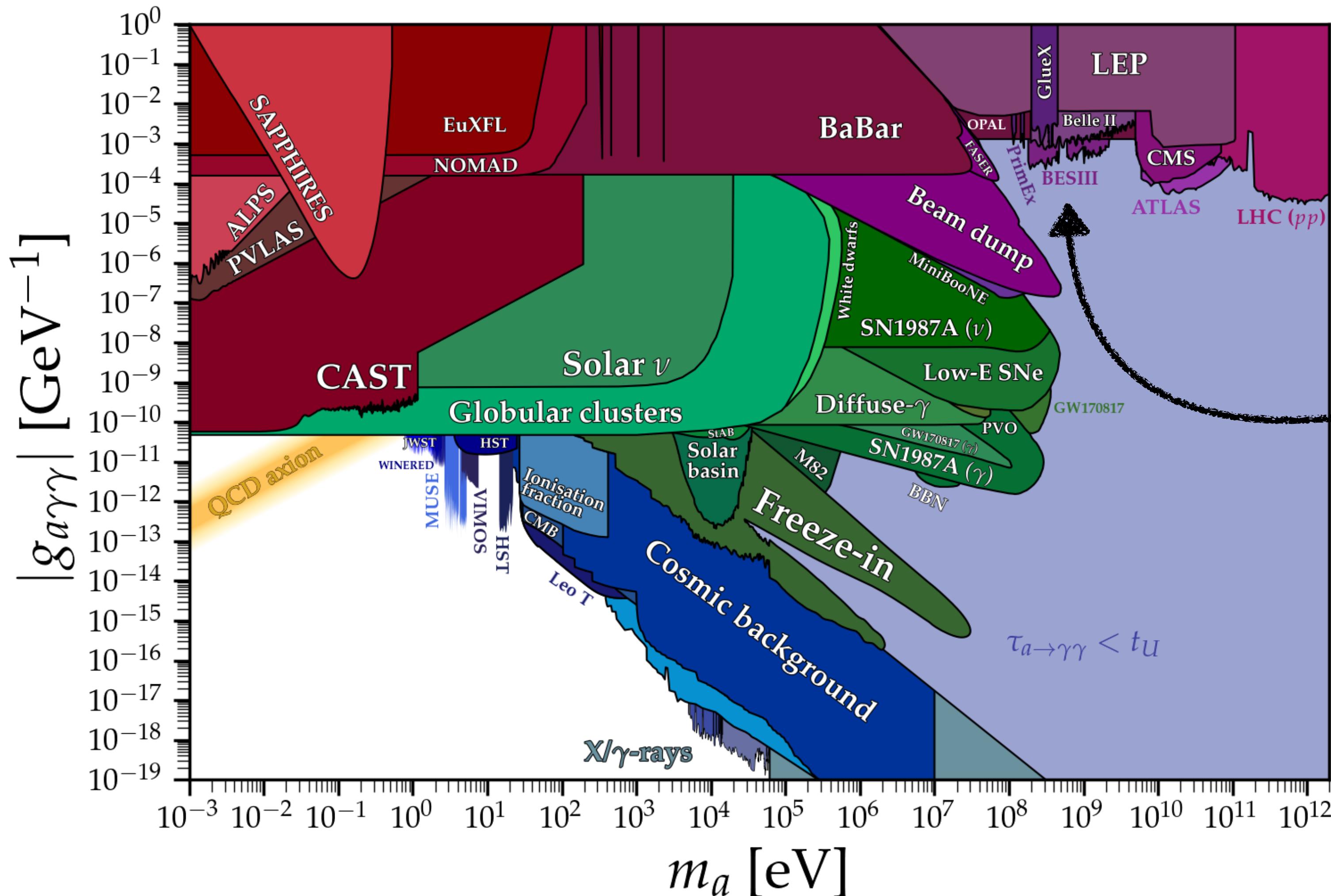
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# Why meson searches?



[Extracted from Ciaran O'Hare, <https://cajohare.github.io/AxionLimits/> ]

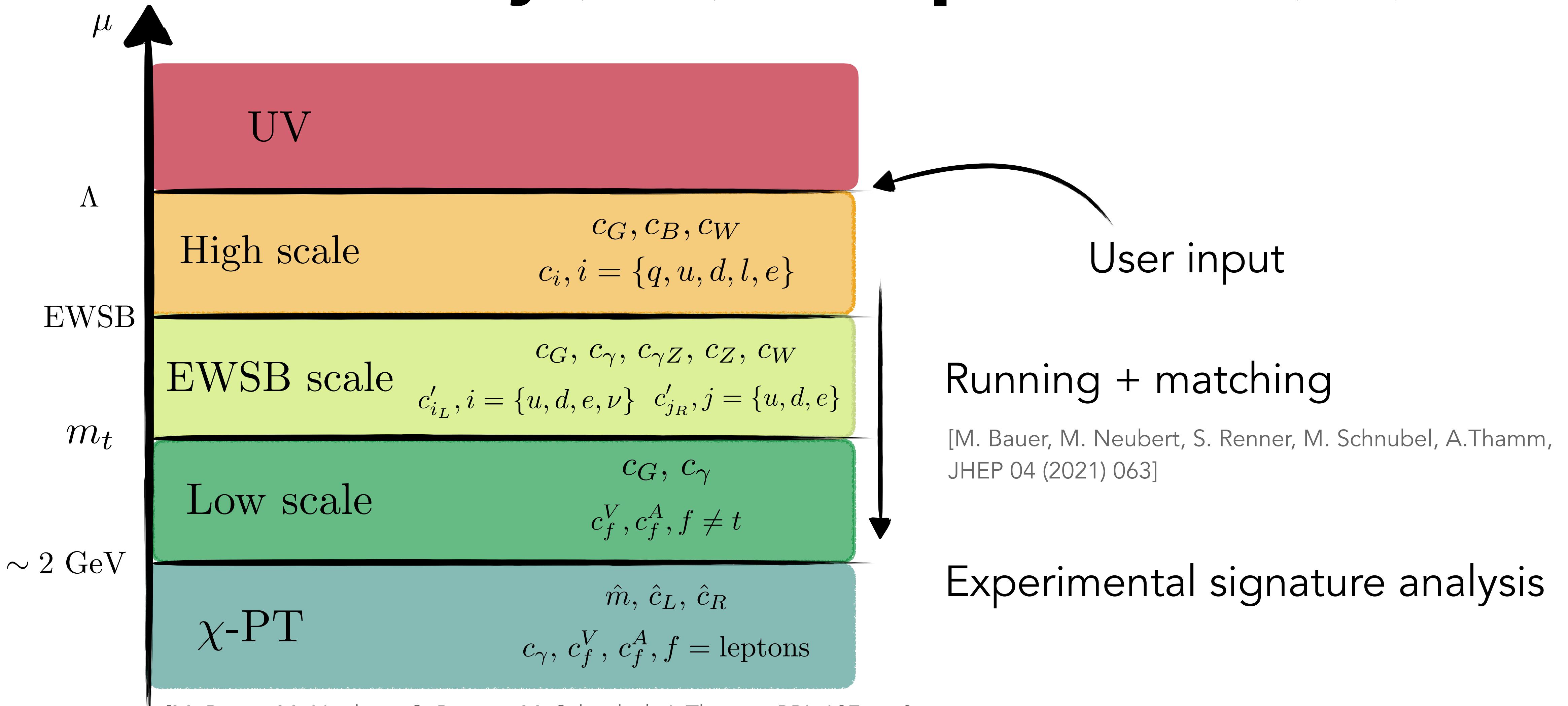
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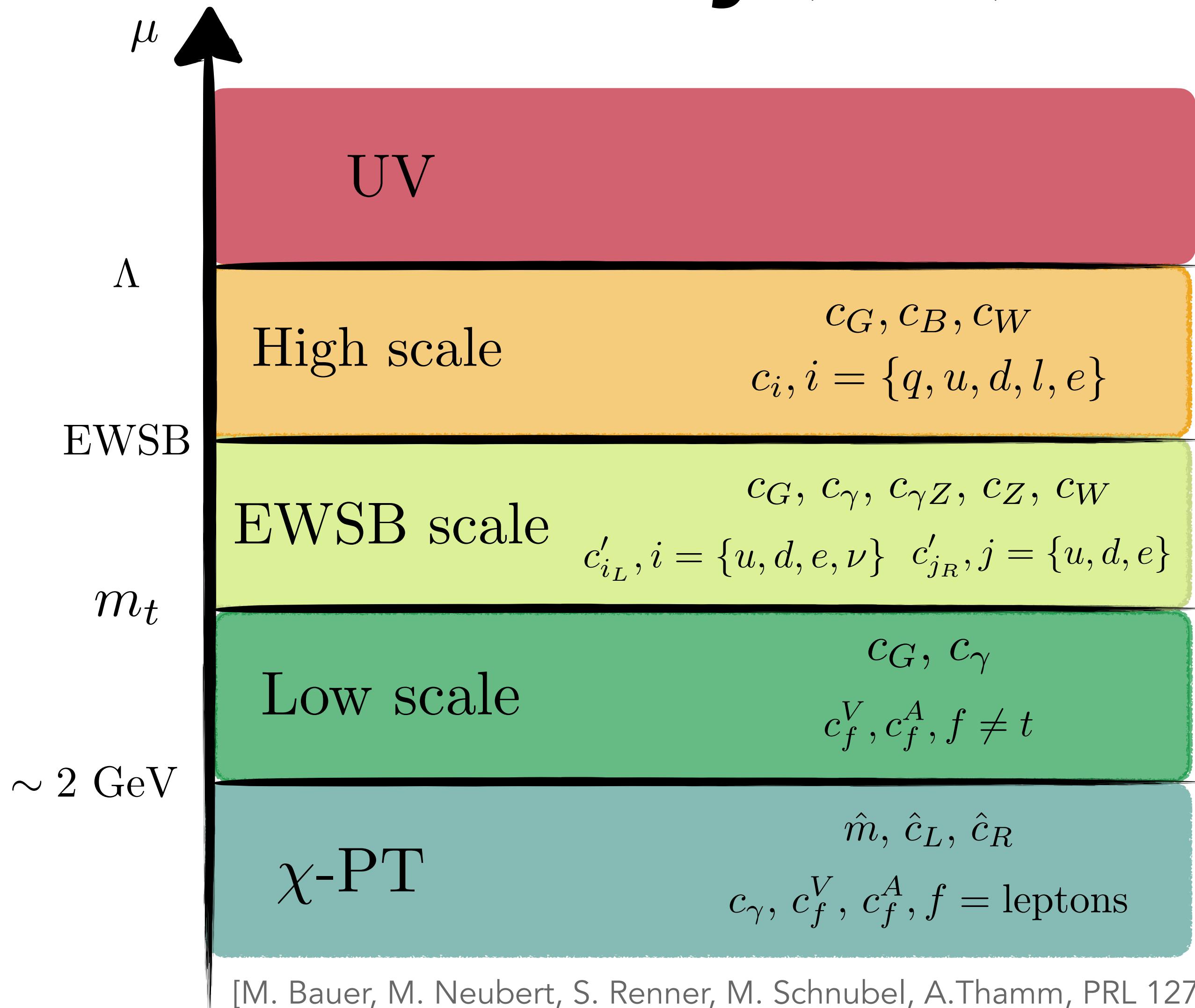
Too heavy for astrophysics,  
too light for colliders

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# From theory (UV) to experiment (IR)



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[M. Bauer, M. Neubert, S. Renner, M. Schnubel, A. Thamm, PRL 127 no.8  
(2021) 081803]



# ALPaca



[Extracted from <https://cottoncreekfarms.com/alpaca-behavior/>]

# ALP-automated computing algorithm



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Benchmark models or  
coefficients at High scale

```
1 couplings_1000 = alpaca.ALPCouplings(  
2     {'cqL': 1.0},  
3     scale=1000,  
4     basis='derivative_above'  
5 )
```

User input:



Fed with



$\Gamma(B \rightarrow K a)$ ,  $\Gamma(J/\Psi \rightarrow a\gamma)$ , ...

$\Gamma(a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ ,  $\Gamma(a \rightarrow ff)$ , ...

and

a library of >100 low-energy  
searches & observables

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Automatic running and matching



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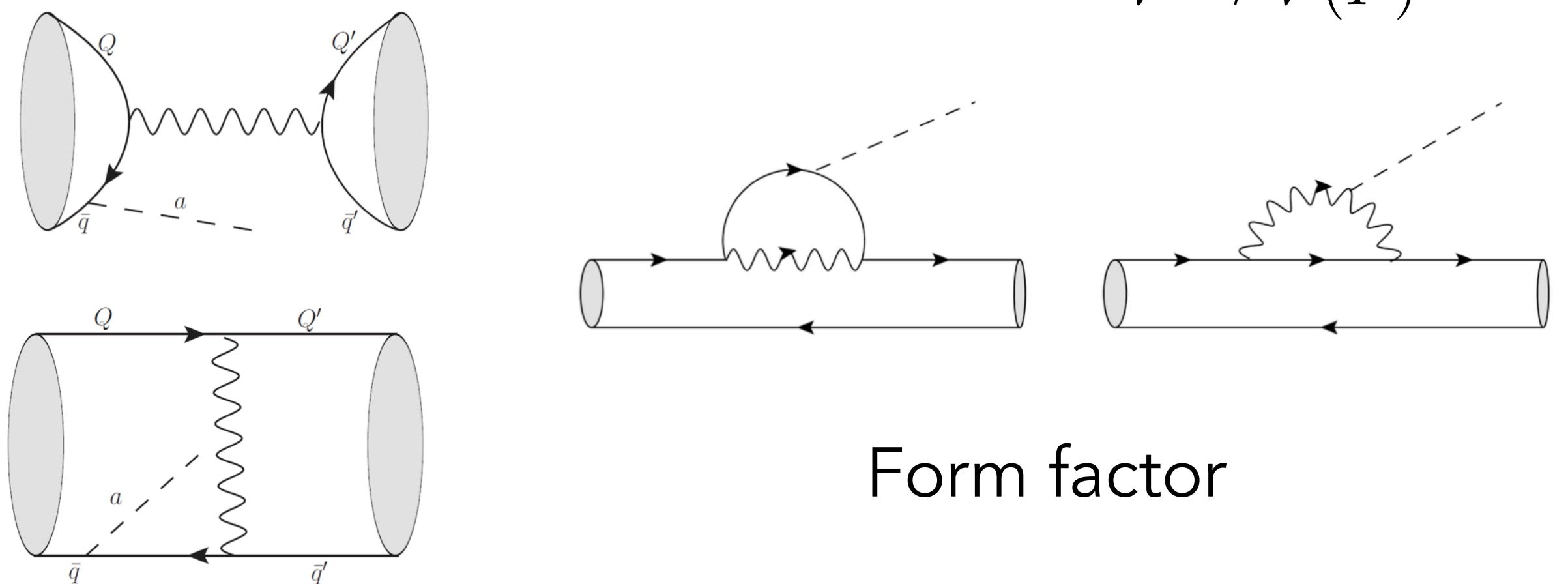
+ simplified syntax and  
many functionalities:  
statistics, plotting,  
benchmark models ...

Soon to be public

# ALP production

## FCNC meson decays

### Tree level vs Loop level



Form factor

Lepage-Brodsky,  $\chi$  PT

[G. P. Lepage and S. J. Brodsky, Phys. Rev. D, 22:2157, 1980]

[A. Guerrera, S. Rigolin, Fortsch.Phys. 71 (2023) 2-3, 2200192]

[C. Cornella, A. M. Galda, M. Neubert, D. Wyler, JHEP 06 (2024) 029]

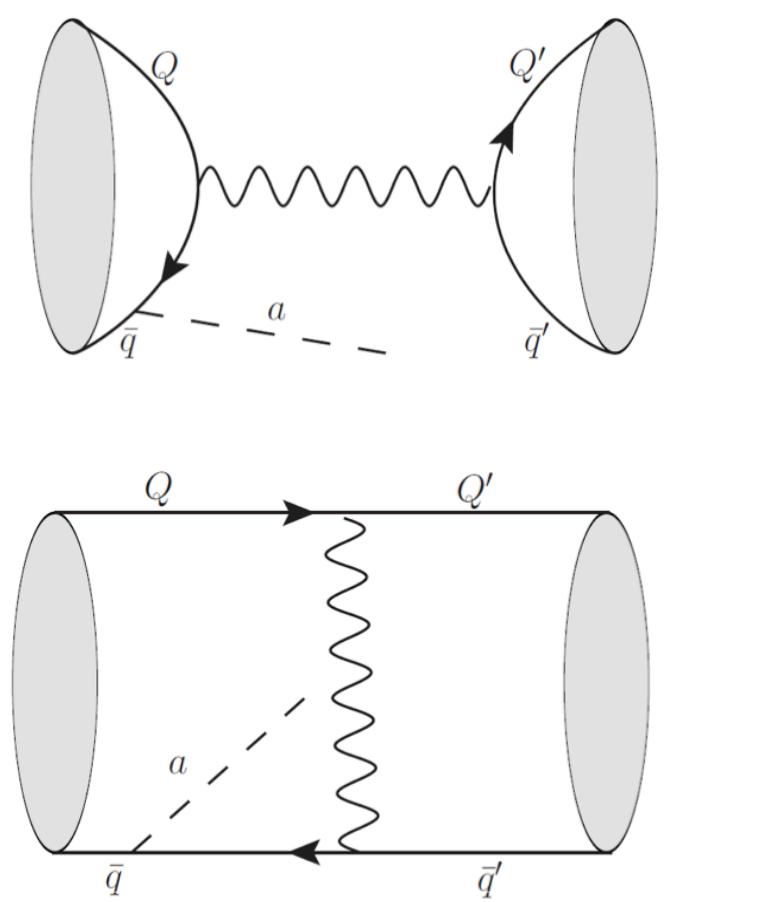
$$R_{T/L} = \left| \frac{\mathcal{M}_T^{(s,t)}}{\mathcal{M}_L} \right| \approx 2\pi^2 \frac{f_I f_F}{m_f^2} \left| \frac{V_T^{\text{CKM}}}{V_L^{\text{CKM}}} \right|$$

Need to consider both contributions

# ALP production

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Form factor

$$P \rightarrow P(V)$$
$$V \rightarrow V(P)$$

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Need to consider both contributions

### Other observables:

- Neutral meson mixing
- Radiative quarkonia decays
- Off-shell ALP  $M^0 \rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  ( $\ell\ell$ )
- Lepton flavour violation

# ALP decays

Three main decay channels: photons, hadrons, fermions

**Photons**  $\Gamma(a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = \frac{\alpha_{\text{EM}}^2 m_a^3}{(4\pi)^3 f_a^2} |c_\gamma + \mathcal{C}_\gamma^\ell + \mathcal{C}_\gamma^\chi + \mathcal{C}_\gamma^{\text{VMD}} + \mathcal{C}_\gamma^{\text{pQCD}} + \mathcal{C}_\gamma^W|^2$

[M. Bauer, M. Neubert, S. Renner,  
M. Schnubel, A. Thamm, JHEP 09  
(2022) 056]

[D. Aloni, Y. Soreq, M. Williams, PRL 123  
no.3 (2019) 031803]



Tree level



Loop level



Hadronic

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## Hadrons

ALP mixing with mesons:  $\pi, \eta, \eta' \dots \rightarrow$  Mixing  
matrix with pseudo scalar and vector  
mesons relevant

[D. Aloni, Y. Soreq, M. Williams, PRL 123 no.3 (2019) 031803]

[M. Ovchynnikov, A. Zaporozhchenko, 2501.04525]

$$a \rightarrow 3\pi$$

$$a \rightarrow VV (VV = \omega\omega, \pi\pi\gamma)$$

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## Fermions

$$\Gamma(a \rightarrow f\bar{f}) = N_c^f \frac{m_a m_f^2}{8\pi f_a^2} |c_f^{\text{eff}}|^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_f^2}{m_a^2}}$$

 Tree level

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Possible decay to DM



Tree level



Loop level



Hadronic

# ALP decays

$$\text{BR}(X \rightarrow YZ)_{\text{NWA}} \approx \text{BR}(X \rightarrow Ya) \times \text{BR}(a \rightarrow Z)$$

ALP decay length + experiment characteristics

# ALP decays

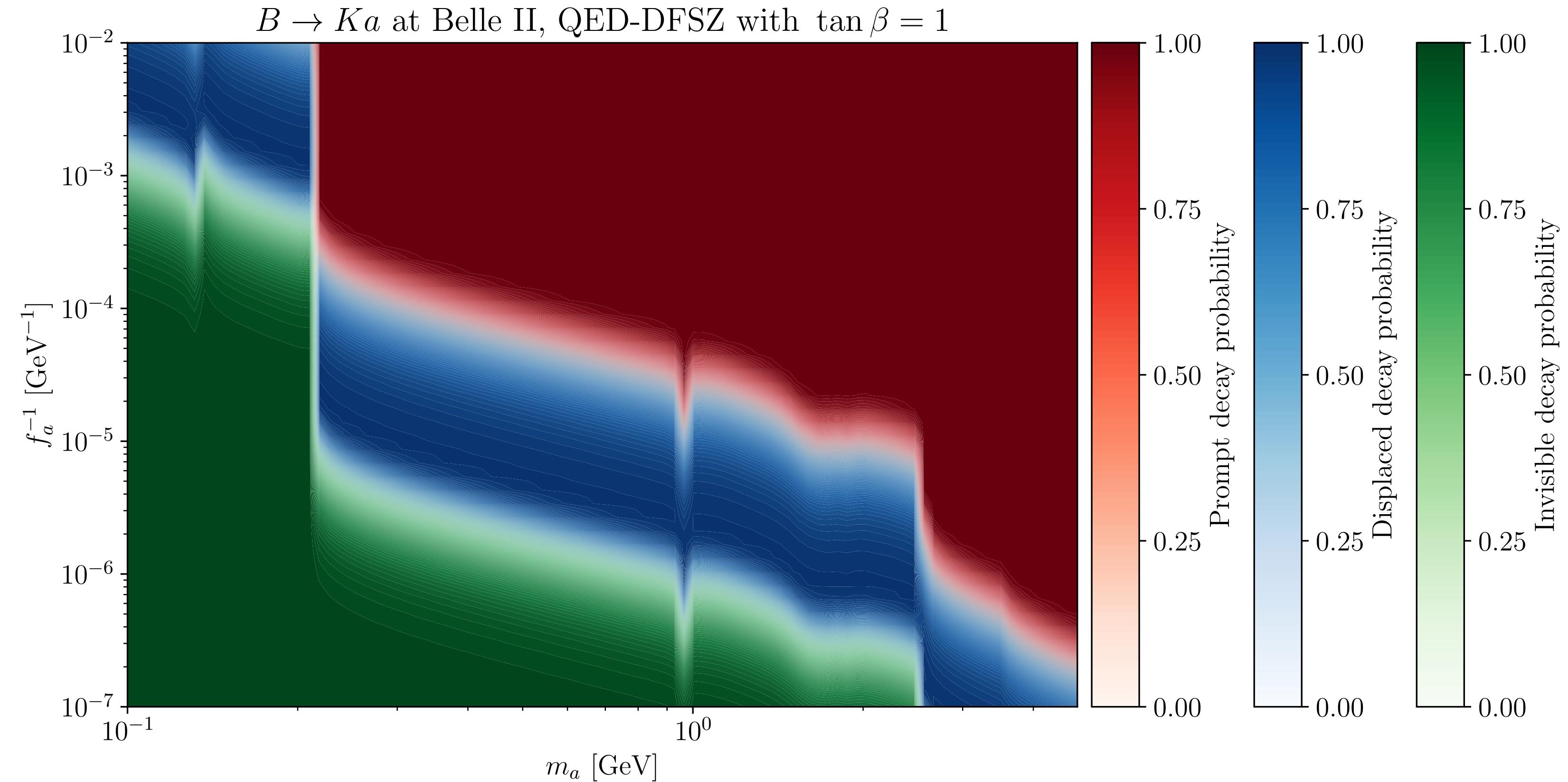
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ALP decay length + experiment characteristics

Prompt	Displaced	Invisible
Short-lived ALP  Decay products “originate” at IP	Decay length comparable resolution  Displaced vertex	Long-lived ALP  Escape detector → Missing energy

Study the probability of each case

# Type of signal: prompt, displaced, invisible?



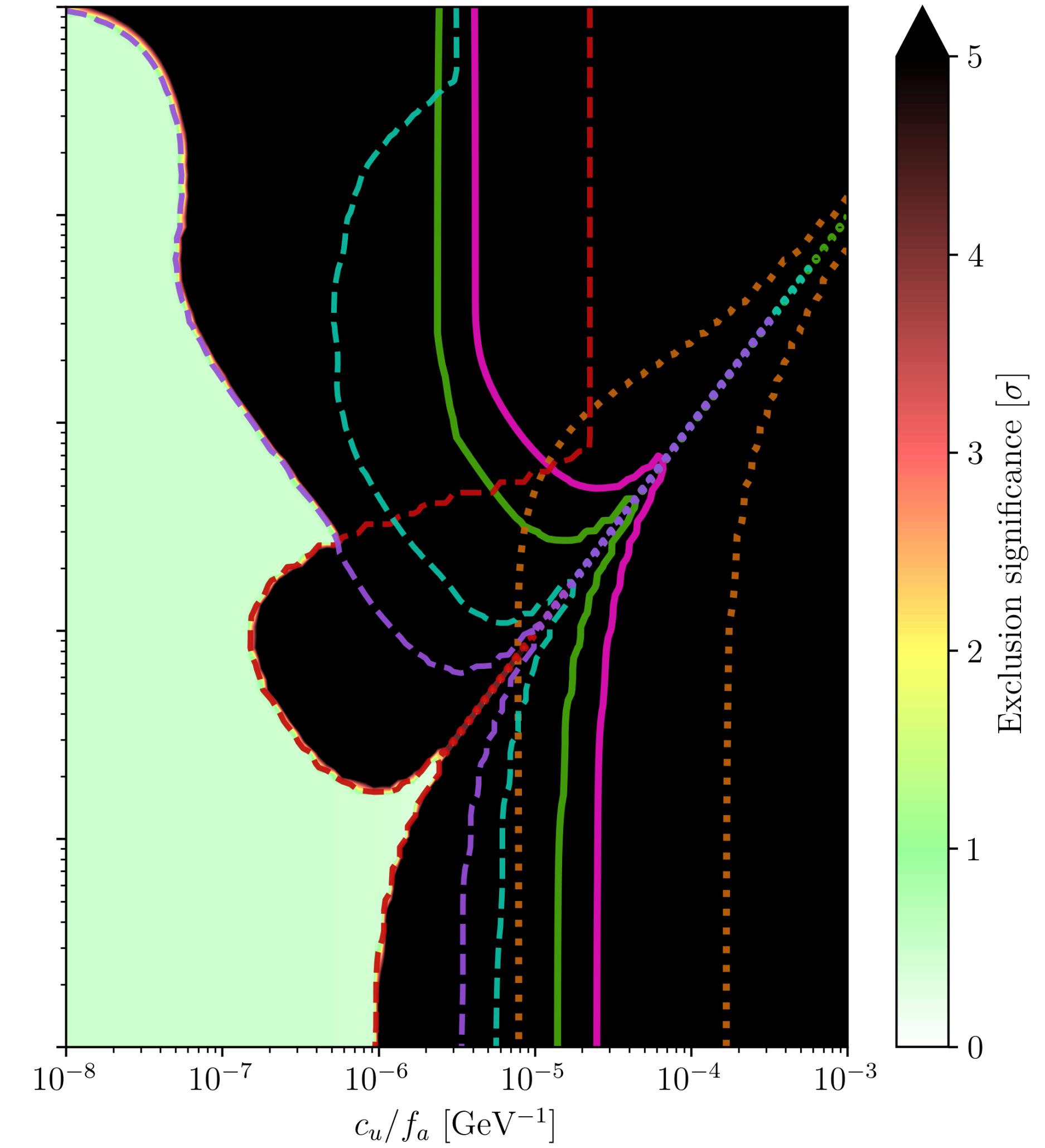
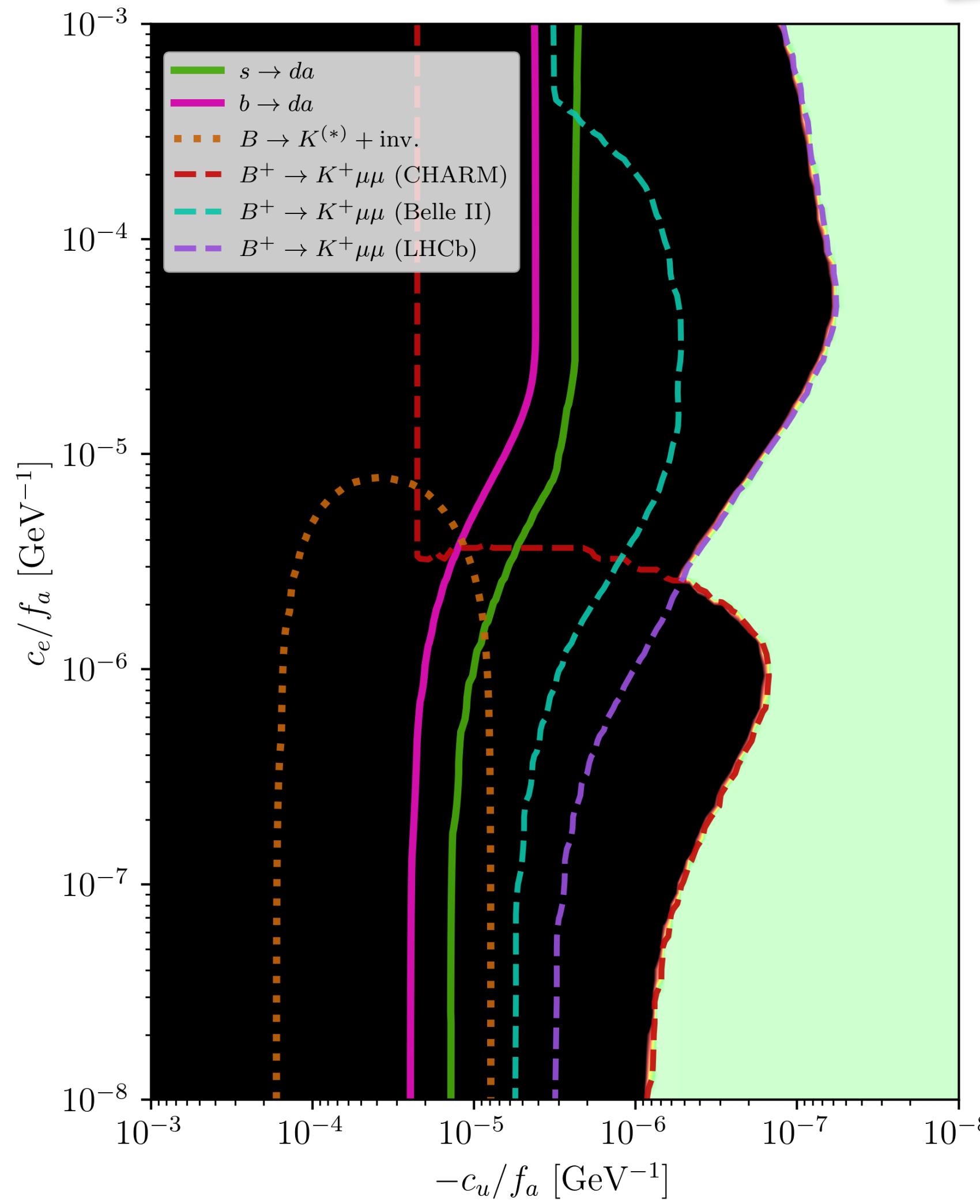
$$P(r_1, r_2) = \exp\left(-\frac{r_1}{c\tau_a \beta_a \gamma_a}\right) - \exp\left(-\frac{r_2}{c\tau_a \beta_a \gamma_a}\right)$$

$r_1, r_2$  : characteristic lengths of the detector  
 $\beta_a, \gamma_a$  : determined by the kinematics

# **Phenomenology**

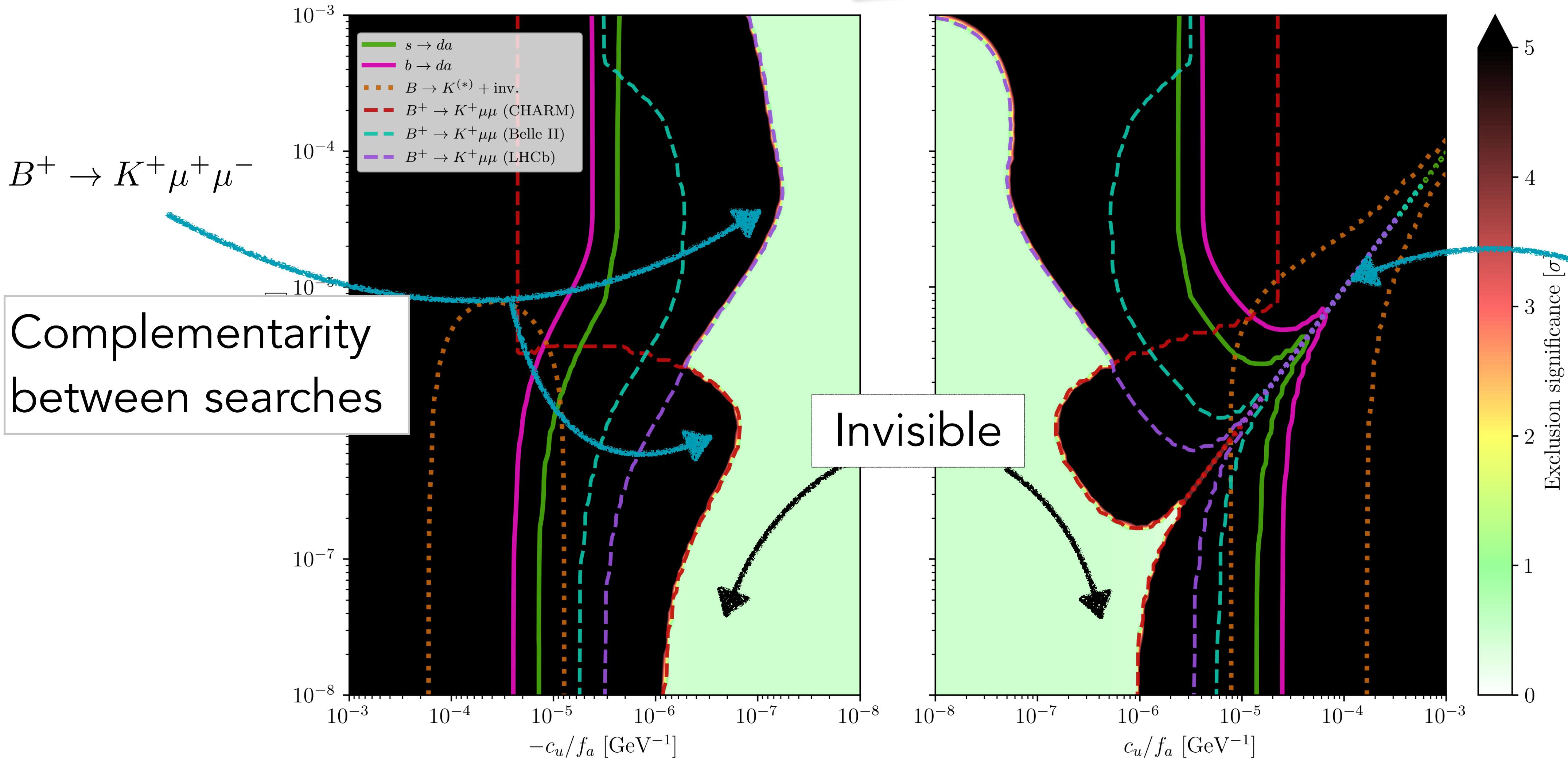
# B physics

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{\partial^\mu a}{f_a} (\bar{\ell}_L \gamma_\mu c_e \ell_L) + \frac{\partial^\mu a}{f_a} (\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu c_u u_R)$$



# B physics

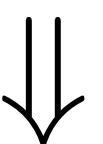
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# Belle II anomaly

$$\mathcal{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \bar{\nu}\nu) = [2.3 \pm 0.5(\text{stat})^{+0.5}_{-0.4}(\text{syst})] \cdot 10^{-5}$$

[Belle II, *Phys.Rev.D* 109 (2024) 11, 112006]



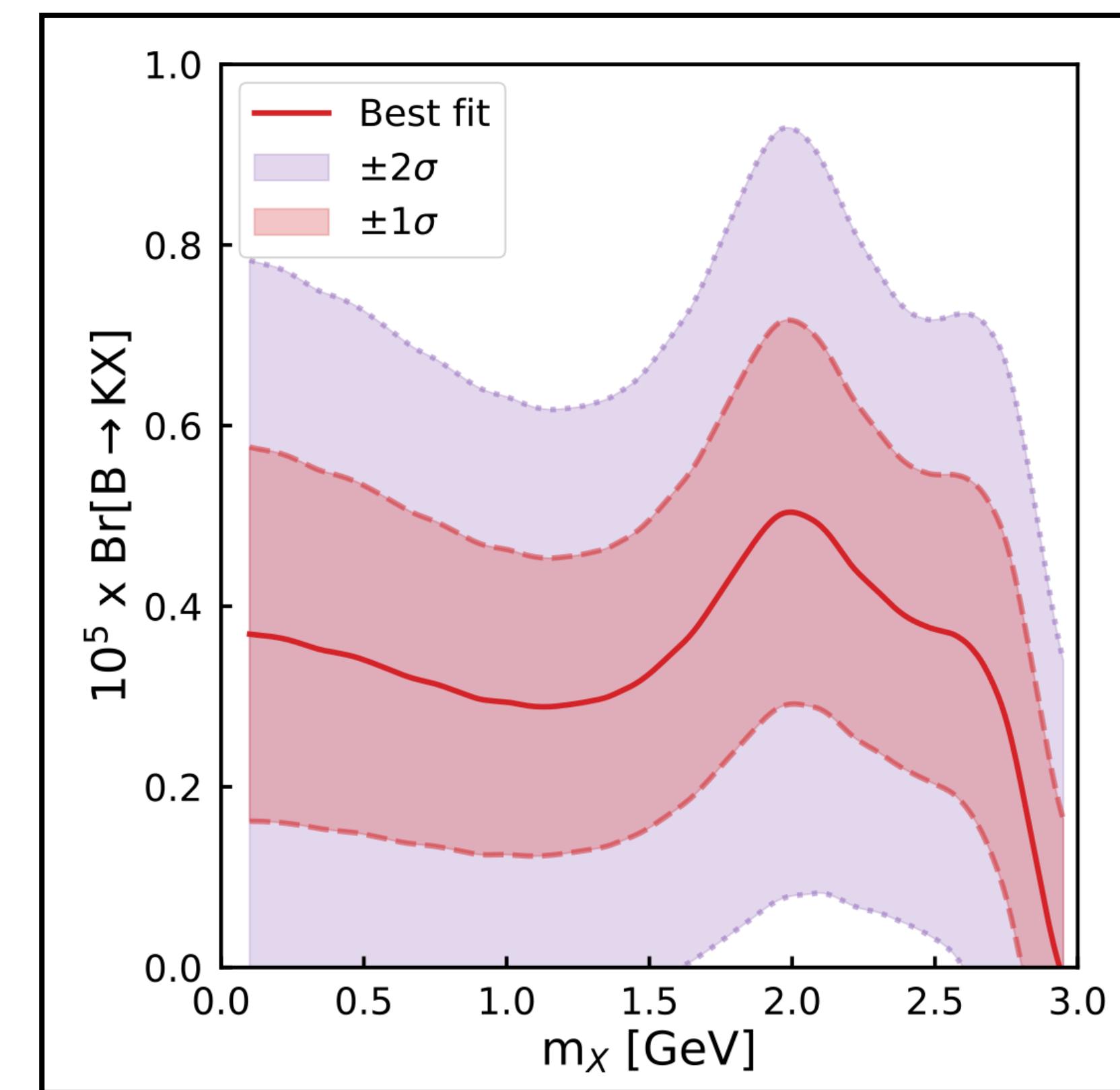
2.7 $\sigma$  discrepancy!

Possible solution:

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{\partial_\mu a}{f_a} (c_{sb}^V \bar{s} \gamma^\mu b + c_{sb}^A \bar{s} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 b) + \text{h.c}$$

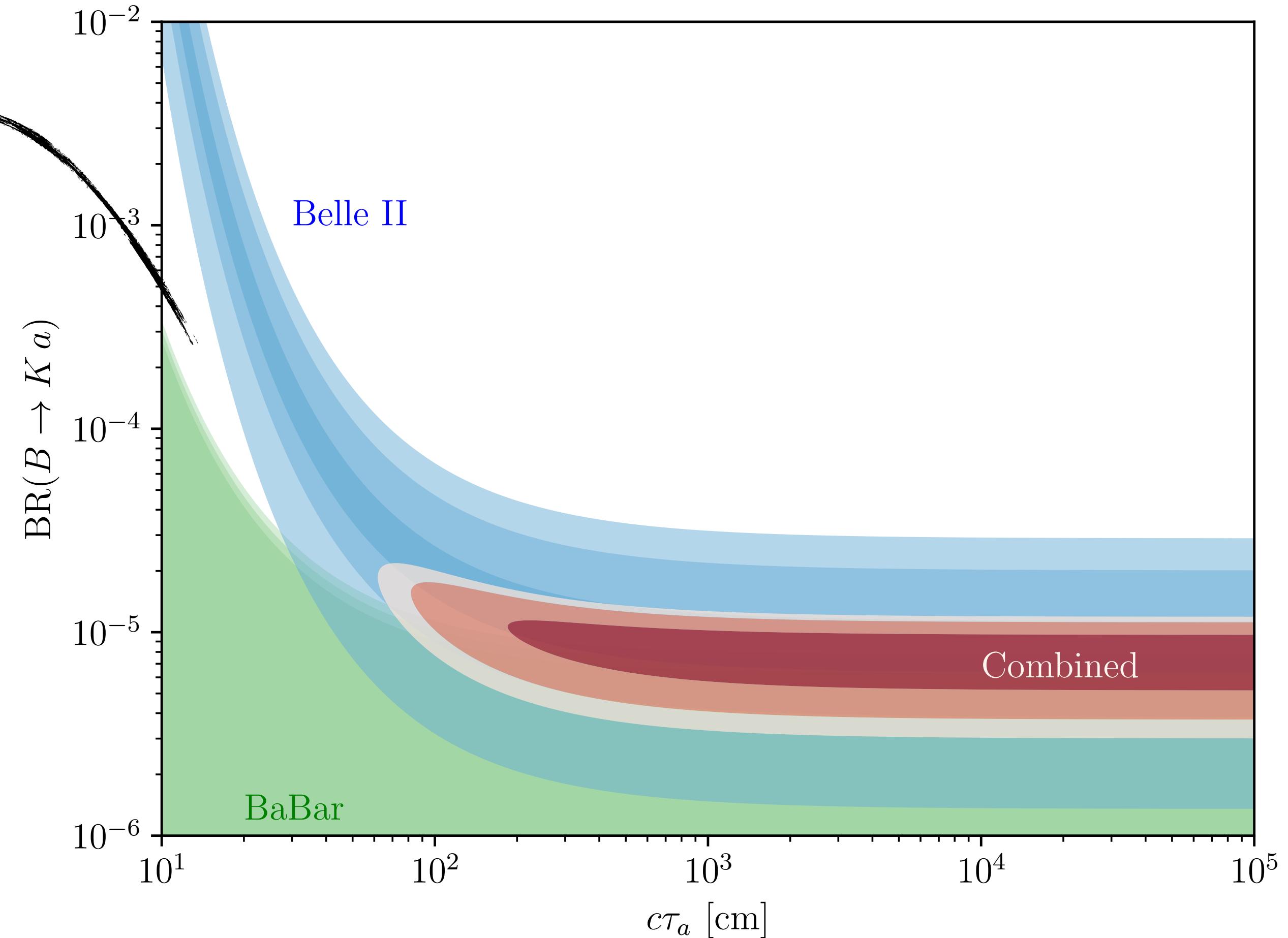
ALP mass  $m_a = 2 \text{ GeV}$

[W. Altmannshofer, A. Crivellin, H. Haigh, G. Inguglia, J. Martin Camalich, *Phys.Rev.D* 109 (2024) 7, 075008]

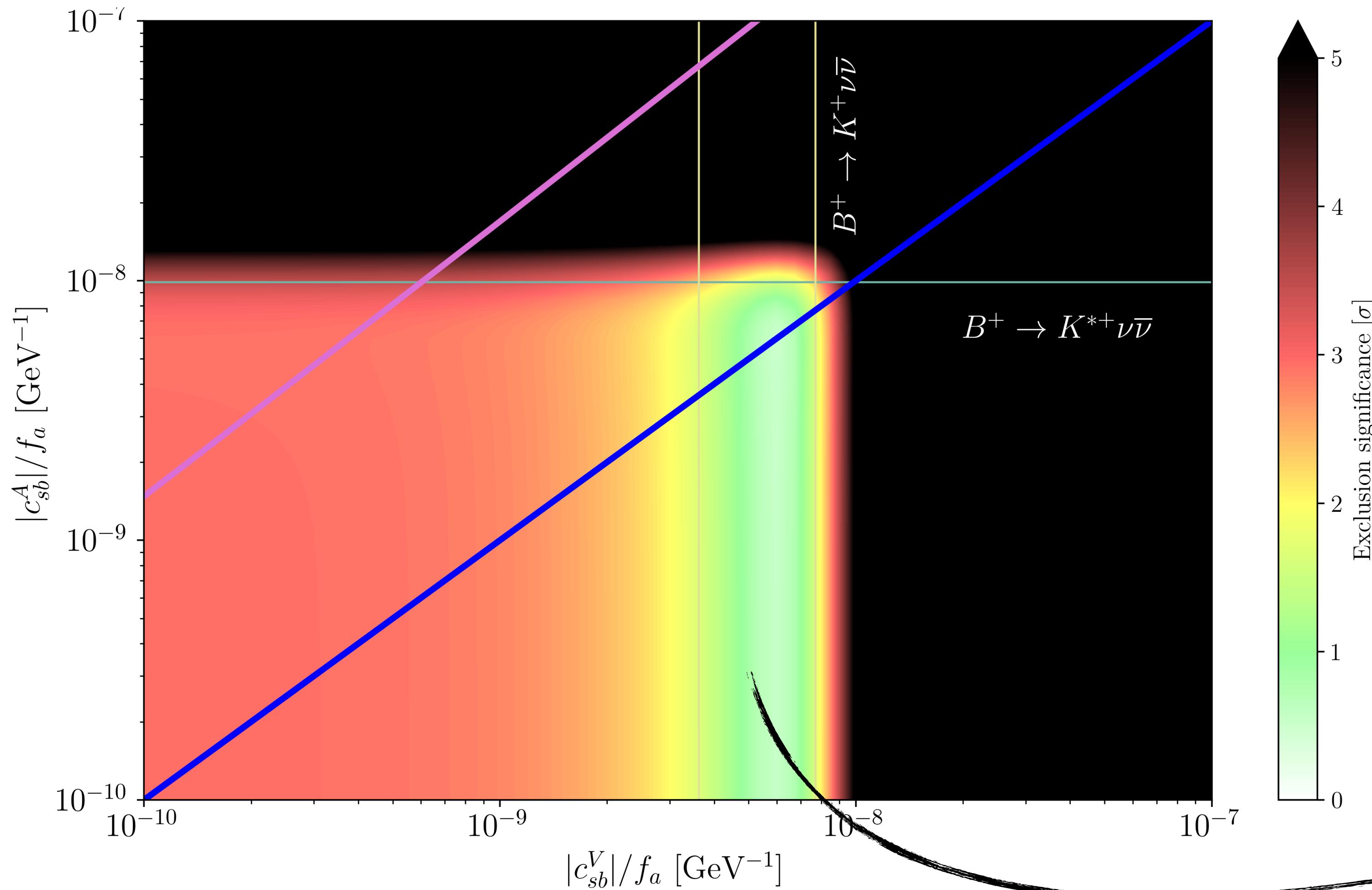


# Belle II anomaly

Different decay lengths  
allow to constrain ALP  
lifetime

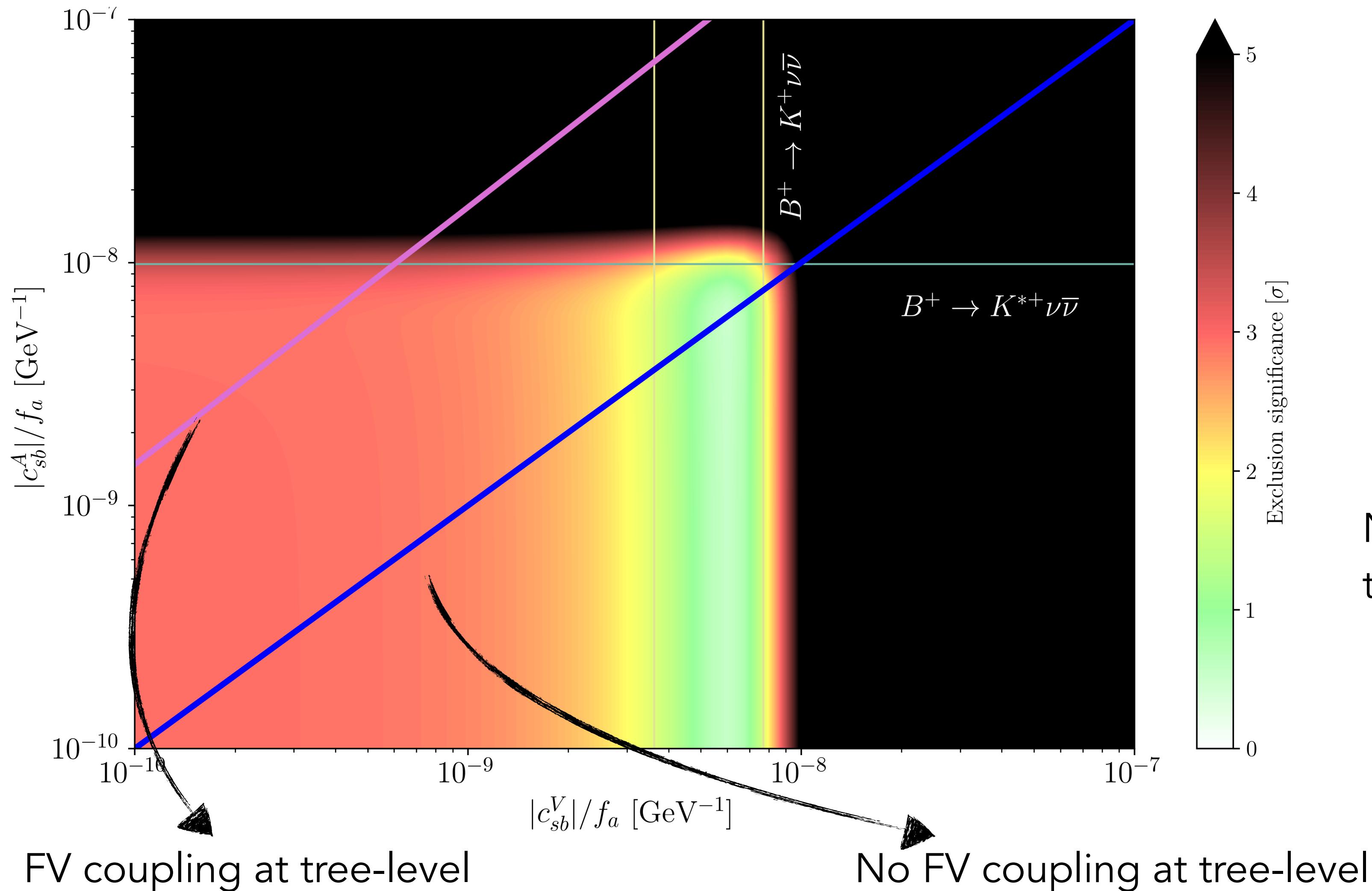


# Belle II anomaly



Agreement with  
Altmannshofer et al.

# Belle II anomaly



**Flaxion**: tree-level flavour violation

[Y. Ema, K. Hamaguchi, T. Moroi, and K. Nakayama, JHEP 01 (2017) 096]

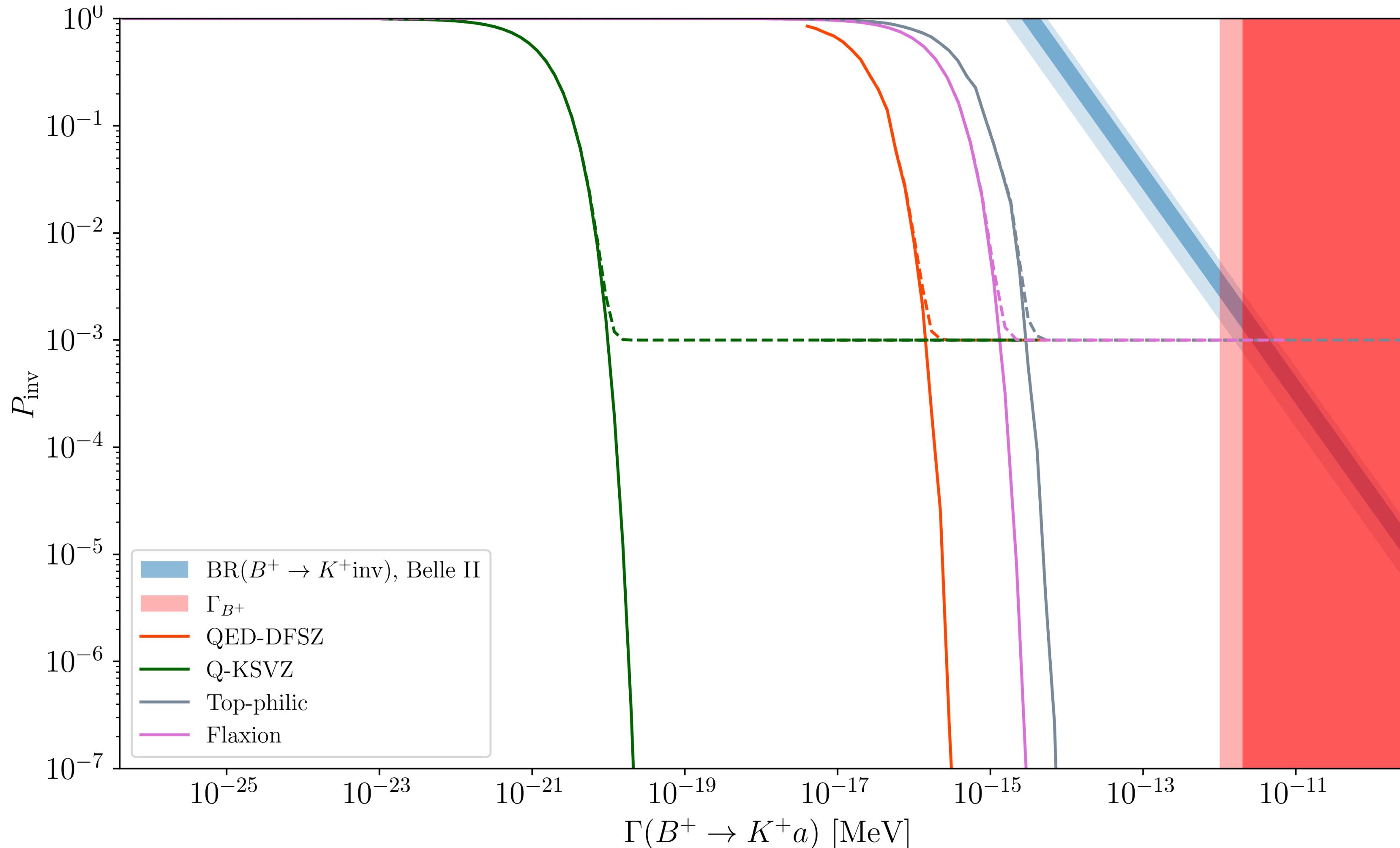
**Top-philic**: only coupling to  $c_{t_R}$

No FV at tree-level

**QED-DFSZ**: order one coupling to fermions

**Q-KSVZ**:  $c_g = 1$

# Belle II anomaly



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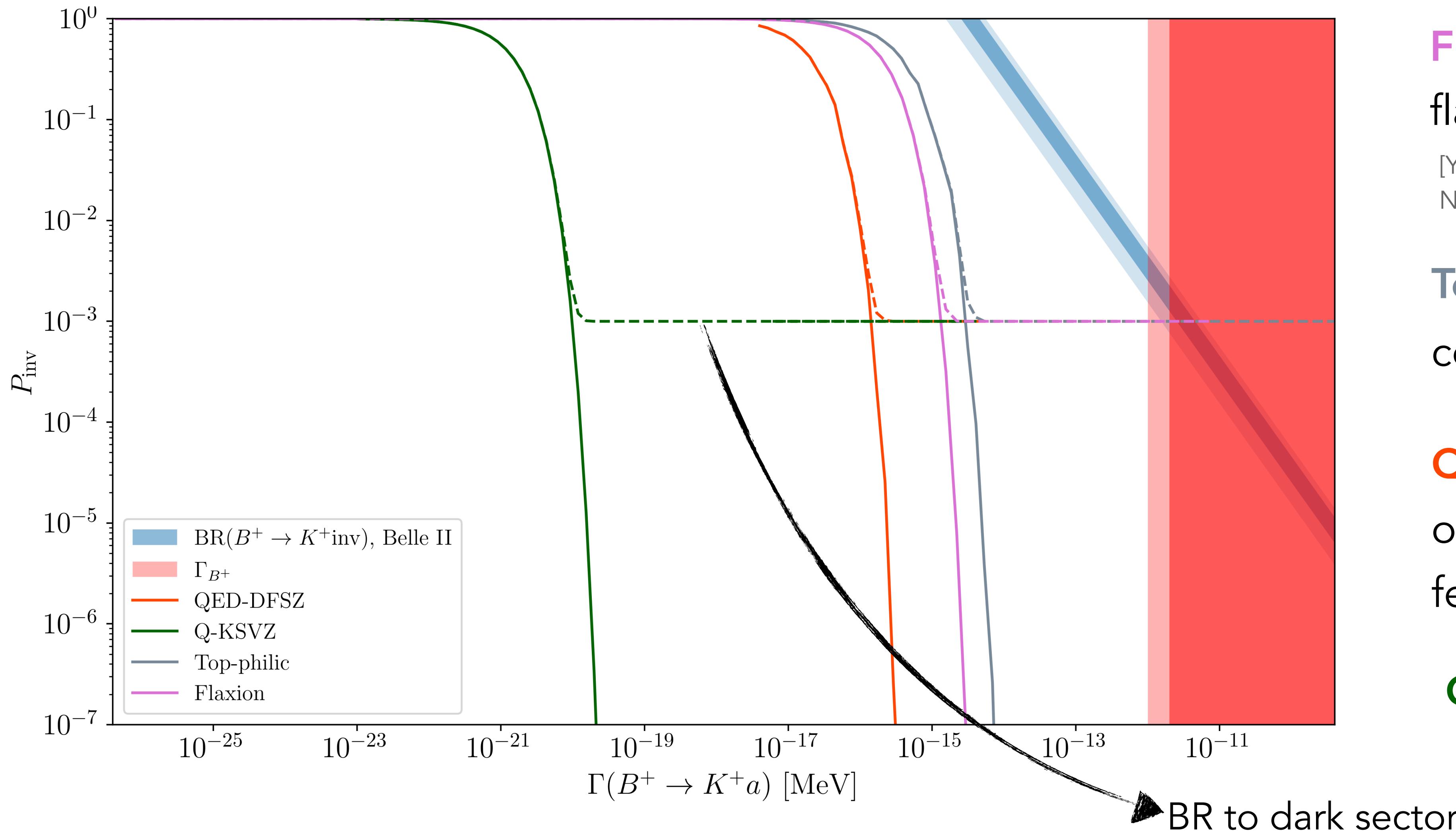
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# Conclusions

**ALPaca**: ALP automated computing algorithm

- User-friendly Python package → Obtain bounds on ALP EFT in automatized way
- **Running** and **matching** of coefficients
- **Production** and **decay** of ALPs, including QCD effects
- **Library** of flavour observables and experimental searches

Phenomenological study on B physics

- Need for **dark sector** to explain Belle II with **benchmark models**

# Thank you for your attention

Work supported by:

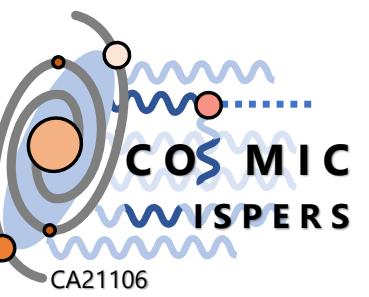
PID2022-137127NB-I00, CEX2020-001007-S, COST Action

COSMIC WISPers CA21106, FPU22/03625

funded by

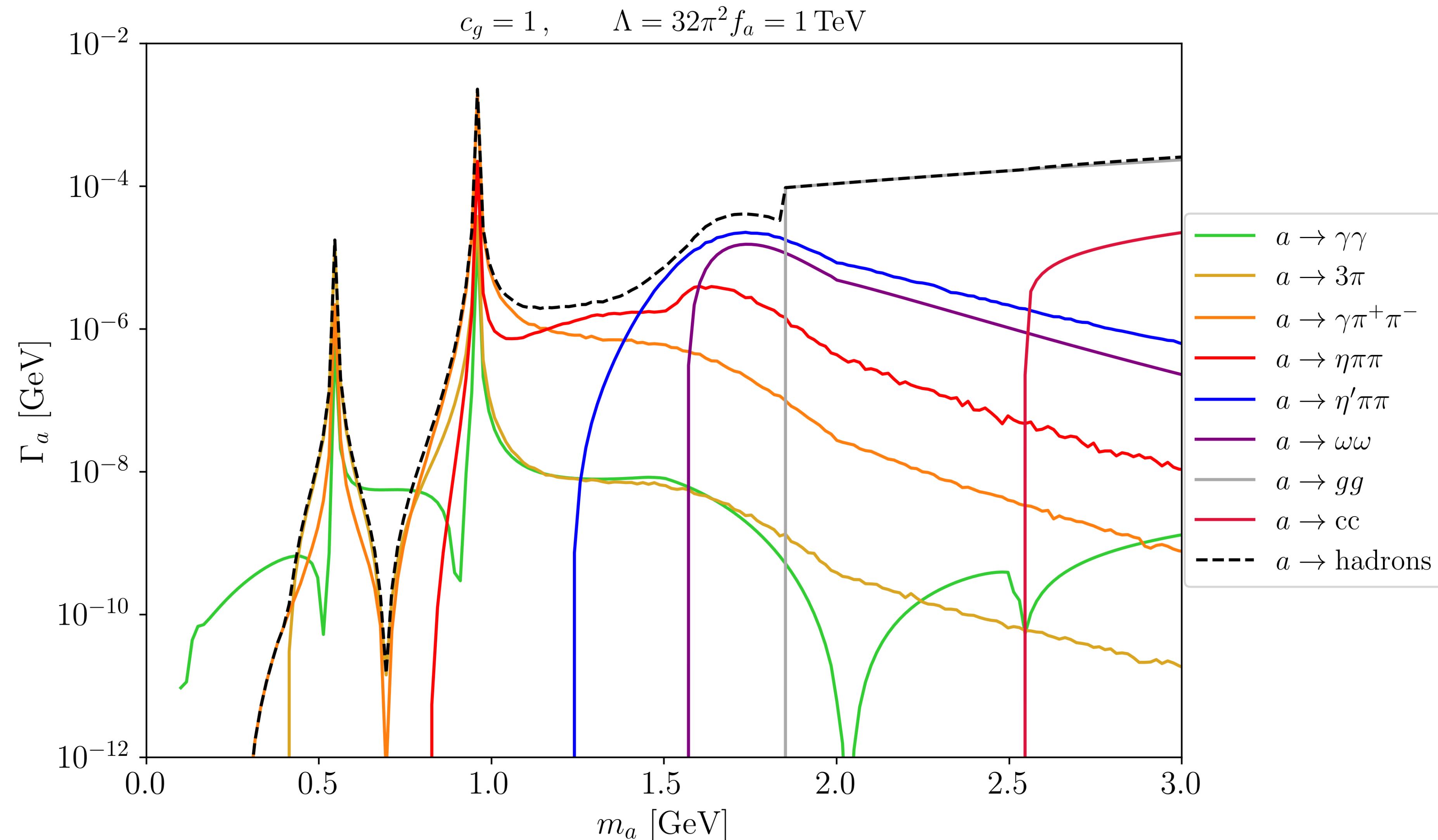


EXCELENCIA  
SEVERO  
OCHOA

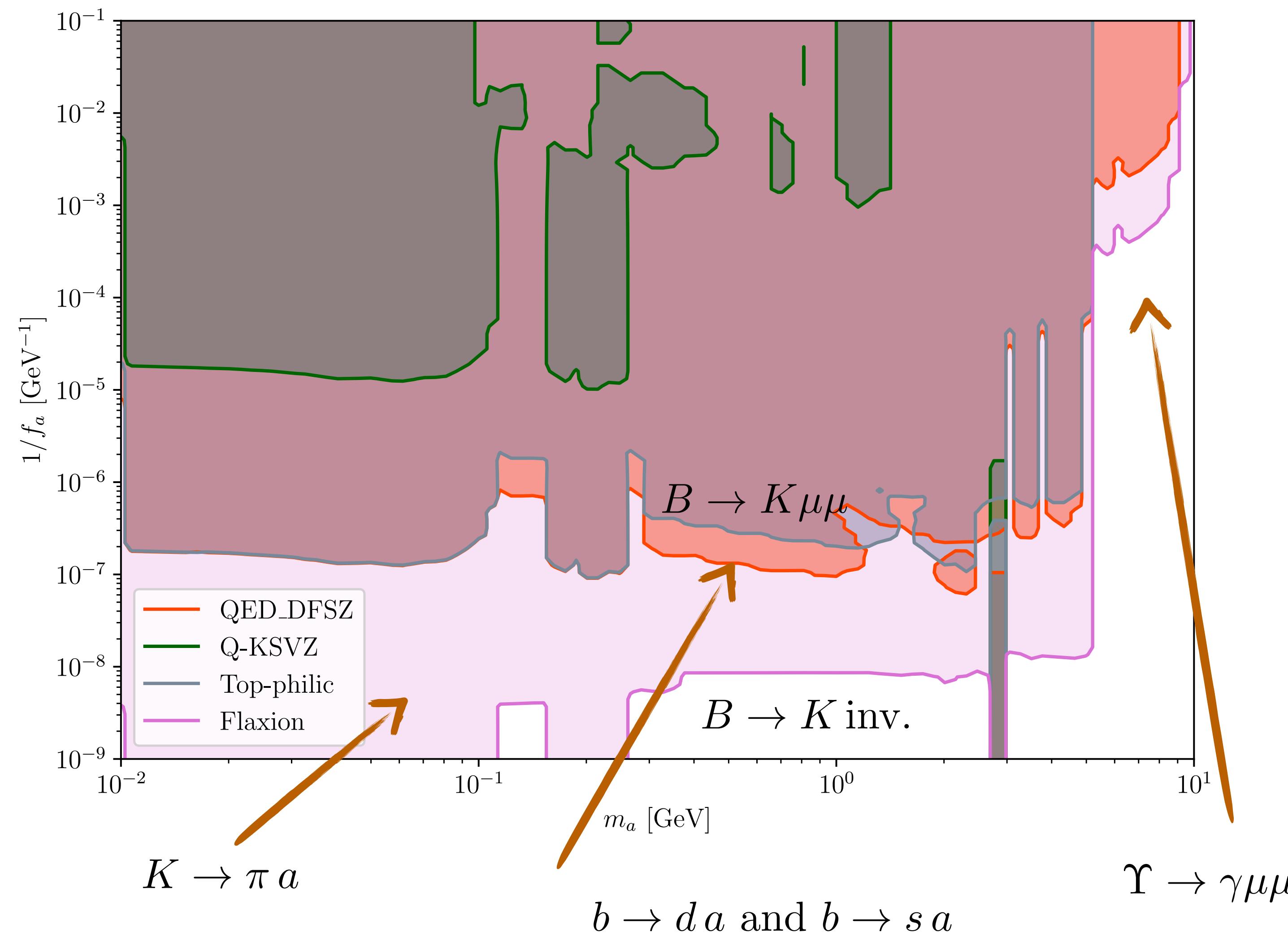


# **Back up slides**

# Hadronic decays



# Benchmark models



**Flaxion**: tree-level  
flavour violation

**Top-philic**: only  
coupling to  $c_{t_R}$

**QED-DFSZ**: order  
one coupling to  
fermions

**Q-KSVZ**:  $c_g = 1$

# Future searches

