





Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro - INFN

WP4 - Updates on cellular dosimetry models and simulations

A. Leso, A. Arzenton

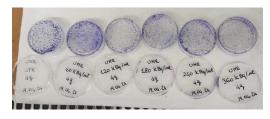


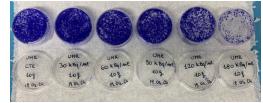
OUTLINE



In vitro experiment

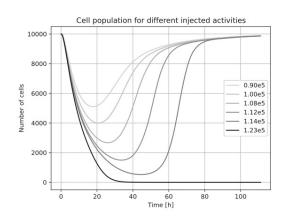
- GEANT4 predictions
- Codes comparison
- Experiment preparation





Model validation

- The model: motivation and assumptions
- Data and Geant4-DNA predictions
- Model validation
- Future applications





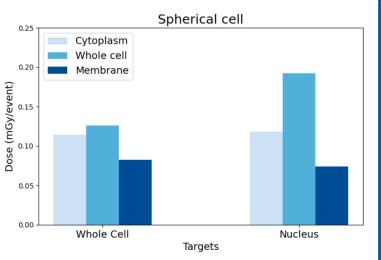


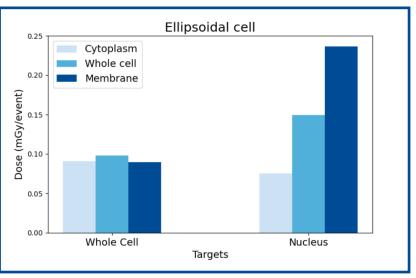
In vitro experiment



GEANT4 PREDICTIONS







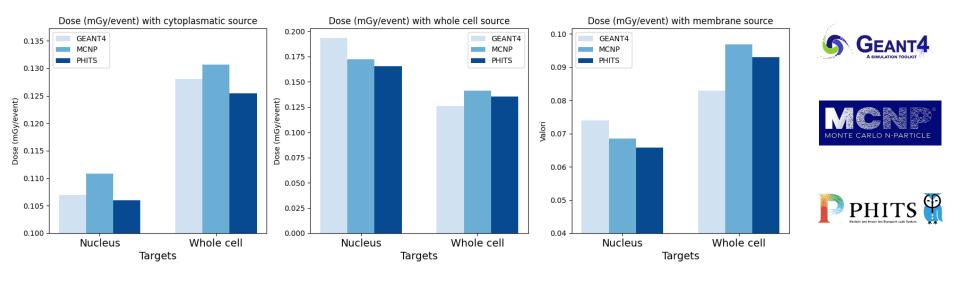
From Emma Reniero's Master thesis

The chosen configuration is the **ellipsoidal** one. In this geometry, the membrane source distribution gives the highest absorbed dose in the nucleus.



CODES COMPARISON



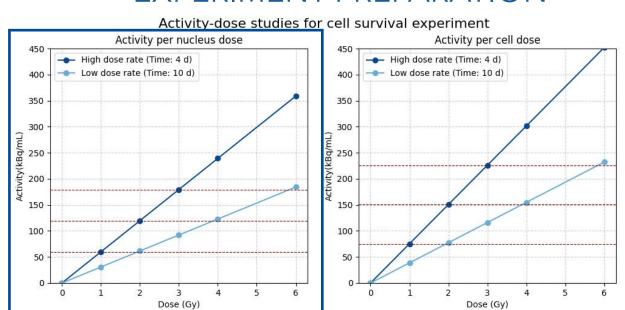


- The 3 MC codes give compatible results;
- Uncertainty lower than 5%.





EXPERIMENT PREPARATION



- 2 dose rates;
- 5 different injected doses;
- o 3 petri dishes for each dose.



Some doses are the same for the 2 dose rates





Model validation



THE MODEL: motivation



External beam radiotherapy

- 1. Dose rate per cell not dependent on cell population.
- 2. Uniform radiation cycles.
- Exposure time shorter than biological processes.

Cell survival as a function of absorbed dose.

Targeted radionuclide therapy

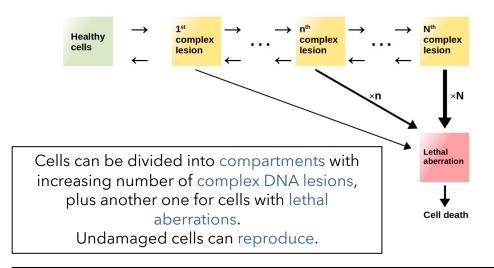
- 1. Dose rate per cell dependent on the amount of cell receptors.
- 2. Radiation decays in time.
- 3. Exposure time comparable with biological processes.

> Time-resolved cell survival and dose rate.

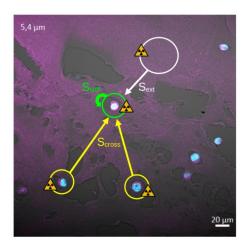


THE MODEL: assumptions





- o z_n : cells with n complex lesions, each one with repair rate ρ ;
- Repair implies recovery of lethal aberration with probabilities $\mathbf{k_r + k_a = 1}$;
- O Aberrant cells z_a die with rate η.



DNA damage will have 3 components:

- Self-absorbed;
- o Crossfire;
- Culture medium.

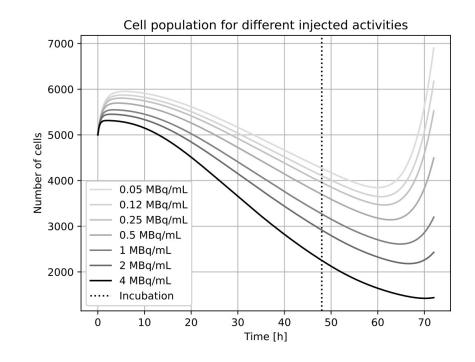


DATA PREDICTION



Ref.: joint measurement of **clonogenic survival** and **uptake** using ¹²⁵I-loaded antibodies [Pouget et al. (2008)].

- o A-431 and SK-OV-3 cells irradiated for 48 h.
- Model curve minimum (minus the aberrating cells at the same time) associated to the surviving fraction.





GEANT4-DNA PREDICTIONS



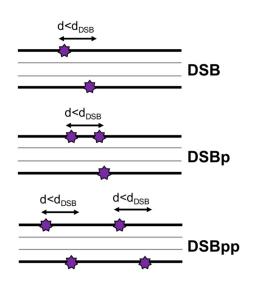
The δ parameter in the model represents the number of lesions per dose unit.

$$\delta = (9.7 \pm 0.9) \,\mathrm{Gy}^{-1}$$

Estimated by running 10⁵ decay events of ¹²⁵I in a simplified ellipsoidal human cell geometry and counting DSB+ and DSB++.

- \circ **DSB+**: at least one DSB and an additional lesion within $d_{dsb} = 10$ bp;
- DSB++: at least two DSBs within 100 bp.





The algorithm of the **moleculardna** example was used. [Chatzipapas et al. (2023); Sakata et al. (2020)]

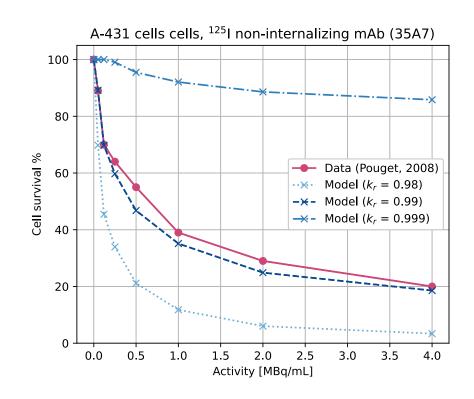




MODEL VALIDATION: k_r variation

- o The model was applied considering the parameters given in the article.
- δ was chosen as described in the previous slide.
- k_r (i.e. the correct repair probability of a damage) is varied in order to get the best agreement between model outcomes and data.

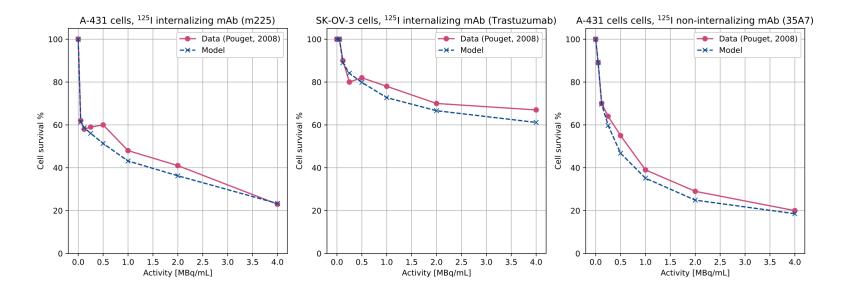
The slope of the model curve is very sensitive to slight variations of k_r .





MODEL VALIDATION





- o **kr = 0.99** reproduced the measured slopes.
- o Discrepancies < 10%.



FUTURE APPLICATIONS



- In July more dose points will be added to the high dose rate (4 days) test.
 - Which dose points will we consider?
- In September the low dose rate (10 days) test will be redone due to the overpopulation of cells observed in the latest experiment.
 Moreover, a clonogenic assay will be performed.

- Validate the model with ¹¹¹Ag
- \circ Study the possible effect of low-dose hyper-radiosensitivity on ρ and $k_{\rm r}.$







Thank you for your kind attention