

Gamma rates for CMS RE1_1 Chamber

(Test beam 2024 –April-Single gap mode)

Prof Marcello Abbrescia
Umesh

1. $ABS_{100_Noise\ gamma\ rate} = ABS_{100_background\ gamm_rate} - Source_off_background\ gamma_rate$

$ABS_{3.3_Noise\ gamma\ rate} = ABS_{3.3_background\ gamma_rate} - Source_off_background\ gamma_rate$

Source_off

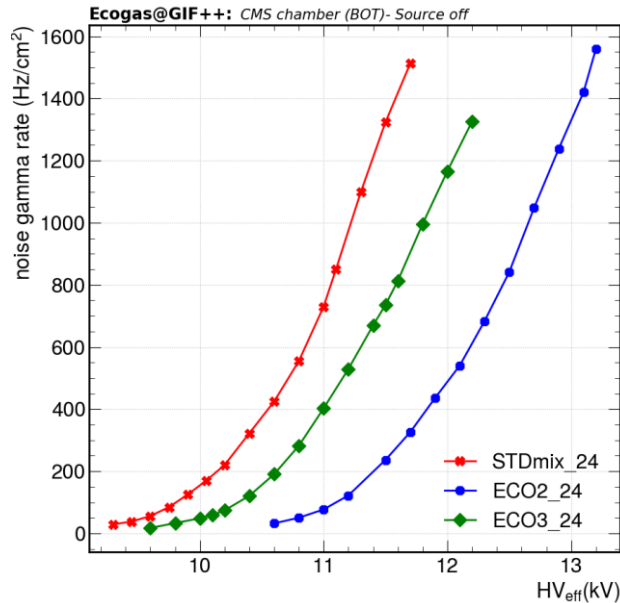


Fig: background gamma rate vs HV_eff (BOT)

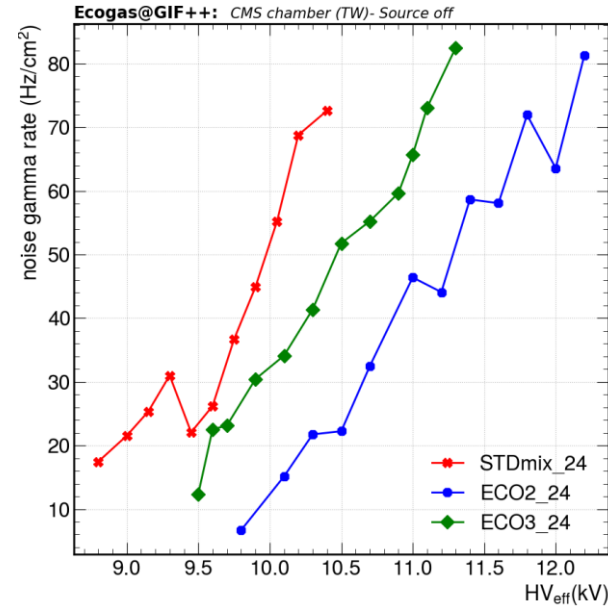


Fig: background gamma rate vs HV_eff (TW)

Source_off:

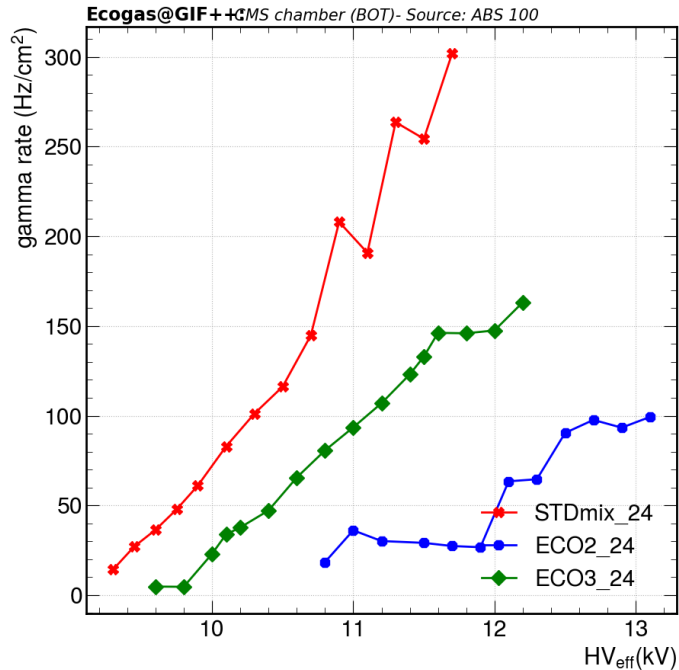
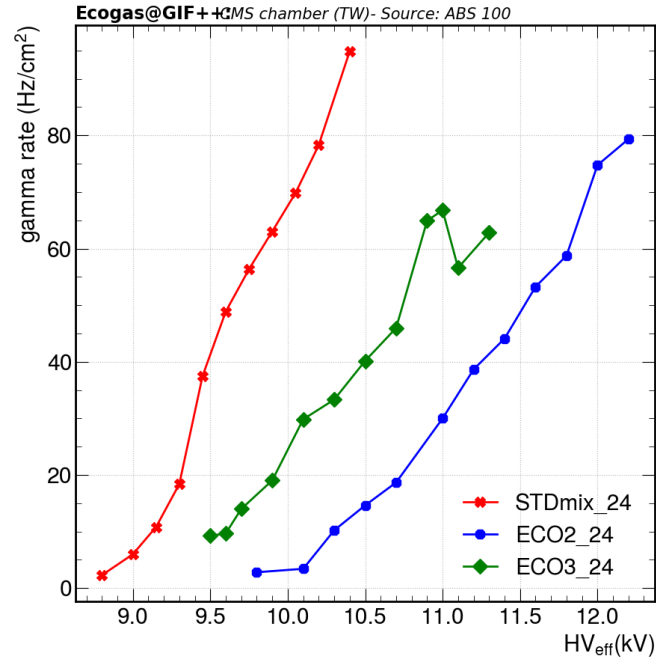
- **Bottom RPC:** background gamma rates for STD , ECO2, and ECO3 gas mixtures is approximately 490, 470 and 800 Hz/cm² respectively at their WP (10.68 kV, 12.00 kV and 11.51 kV).
- **Top Wide RPC:** background gamma for the STD, ECO2 and ECO3 is around 36, 46 and 40 Hz/cm² respectively at their WP (9.73 kV, 11.02 kV and 10.28 kV).

2. Cluster rate calculated for ABS_100 and ABS_3.3 by

$$\text{Cluster rate} = \frac{\text{Noise gamma rate}}{\text{gamma cluster size}}$$

3. Gamma rate calculated by normalizing the cluster rate with muon efficiency of the chamber (for respective gas mixtures).

$$\text{Gamma rate} = \text{CLR} \times \frac{\text{effi_wp_muon}}{100}$$

Gamma rate vs HV_{eff} Fig: gamma rate vs HV_{eff} (BOT)Fig: gamma rate vs HV_{eff} (TW)

ABS_100:

- **Bottom RPC:** gamma rates for STD , ECO2, and ECO3 gas mixtures is approximately 140, 90 and 130 Hz/cm² respectively at their WP (10.68 kV, 12.46 kV and 11.49 kV).
- **Top Wide RPC:** gamma for the STD, ECO2 and ECO3 is around 60, 35 and 36 Hz/cm² respectively at their WP (9.84 kV, 11.15 kV and 10.40 kV).
- In the bottom RPC the **higher gamma rates** are observed mainly due to high noise rates in the gap.

ABS_3.3

Gamma rate vs HV_{eff}

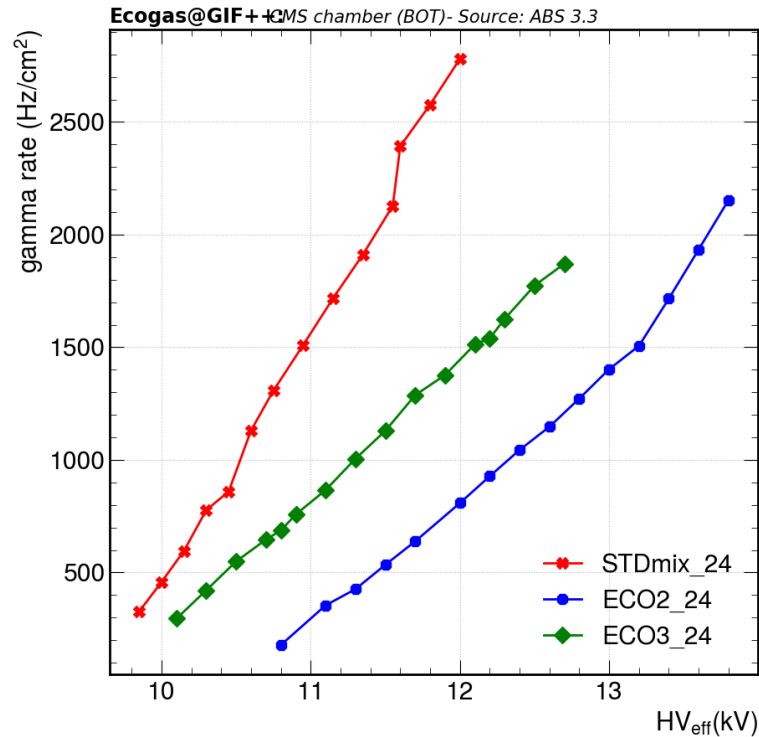


Fig: gamma rate vs HV_{eff} (BOT)

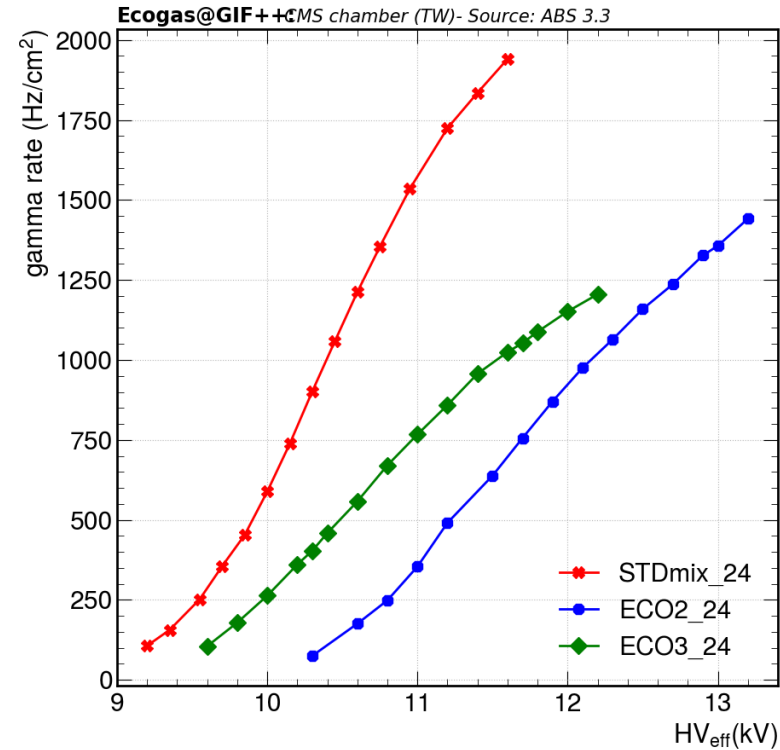


Fig: gamma rate vs HV_{eff} (TW)

ABS_3.3:

- **Bottom RPC:** gamma rates for STD , ECO2, and ECO3 gas mixtures is approximately **2390, 1400 and 1870 Hz/cm²** respectively at their WP (**11.58 kV, 12.96 kV and 12.68 kV**).
- **Top Wide RPC:** gamma for the STD, ECO2 and ECO3 is around **1590, 1060 and 1080 Hz/cm²** respectively at their WP (**11.06 kV, 12.26 kV and 11.86 kV**).

Conclusions: (Test beam 2024 –April-Single gap mode)

- **Working points of Bottom RPC** for STD gas are approximately 600 to 800 Volts **higher** than the working point of the TW RPC. For ECO2: 800 – 1000 Volts, For ECO3: 800 – 1200 Volts.
- **Background noise gamma rates** (source off condition) for Bottom RPC for **STD** are roughly **14 times** higher than background noise rates of the TW RPC. For **ECO2: 10 times**, For **ECO3: 20 times**.
- ABS_3.3: Gamma rates are higher for BOT RPC, roughly 1/3 times higher than the TW RPC.
- ABS_100: Gamma rates are higher for BOT RPC, approximately 2 to 4 times higher than the TW RPC.
- Chamber efficiency when operated with ECO3 gas mixtures is less compared with STD and ECO2 gas mixtures.
- Since the **Readout electronics partitions (A&B) are same for both the TOP and BOT RPC, the problem lies with the BOT RPC itself**, in terms of low efficiency (less than 80%). Current density rates are 3-5 times are higher and also the noise gamma rates.

Comparison of Test beam 2024 vs 2023 for
CMS RE1_1 Chamber
(Double gap mode results)

2024 (April) vs 2023 (Oct) Efficiency vs HV_eff

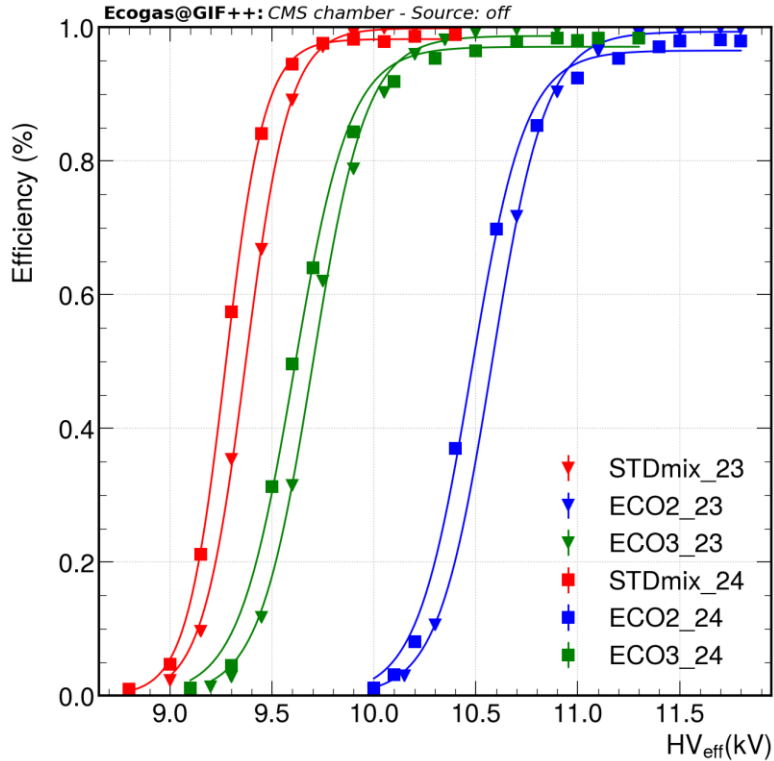


Fig: Efficiency vs HV_eff: **S_off**

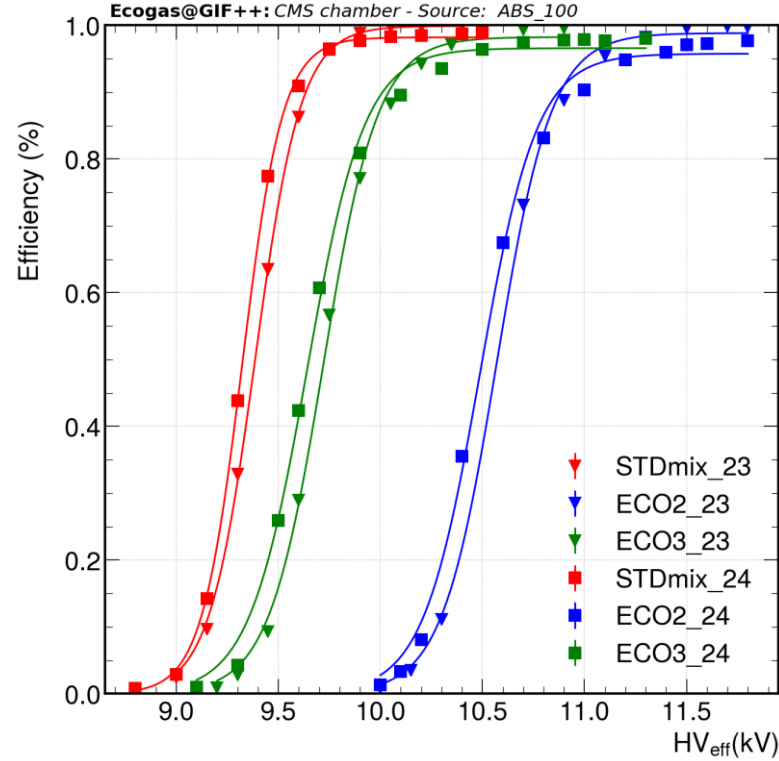


Fig: Efficiency vs HV_eff: **ABS_100**

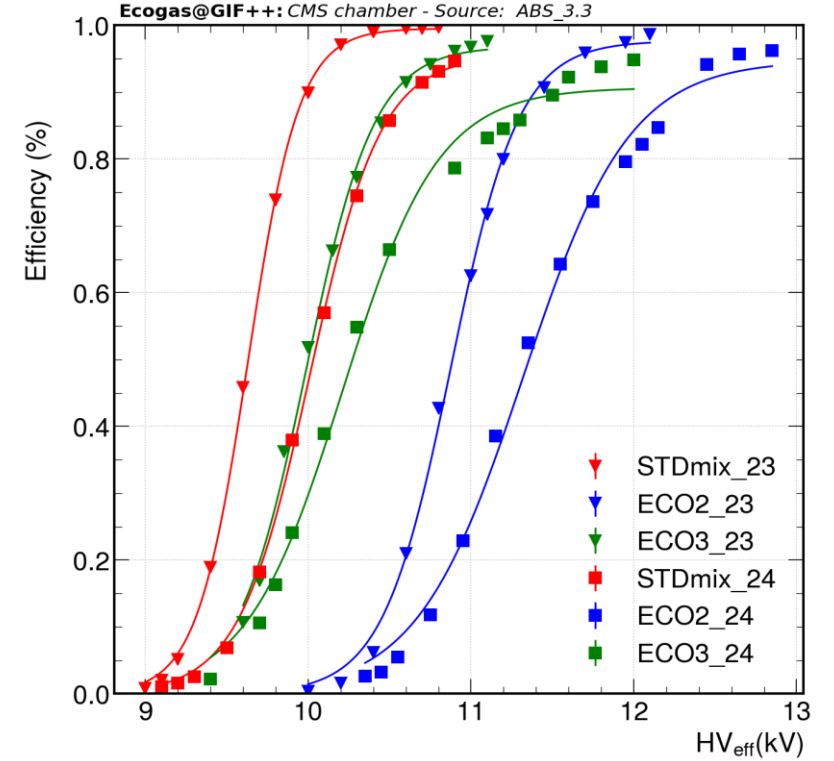


Fig: Efficiency vs HV_eff: **ABS_3.3**

- In Source off and ABS_100: In 2024, **Efficiency and working points reduced** for all the gas mixtures (STD, ECO2, and ECO3), compared with 2023 data.
- ABS_3.3: In 2024, efficiency reduced around 5%. WP increased around 500 V for all the gas mixtures.
- For source off: There is a **100 V shift** of HV_50 towards **negative** side.
- For ABS_100: There is a **60 -80 V shift** of HV_50 towards **negative** side.
- For **ABS_3.3**: There is a **positive side shift** of 380 V for STD mix, 450 V for ECO2 and 280 V shift for ECO3.

Source_off

Current density vs HV_eff

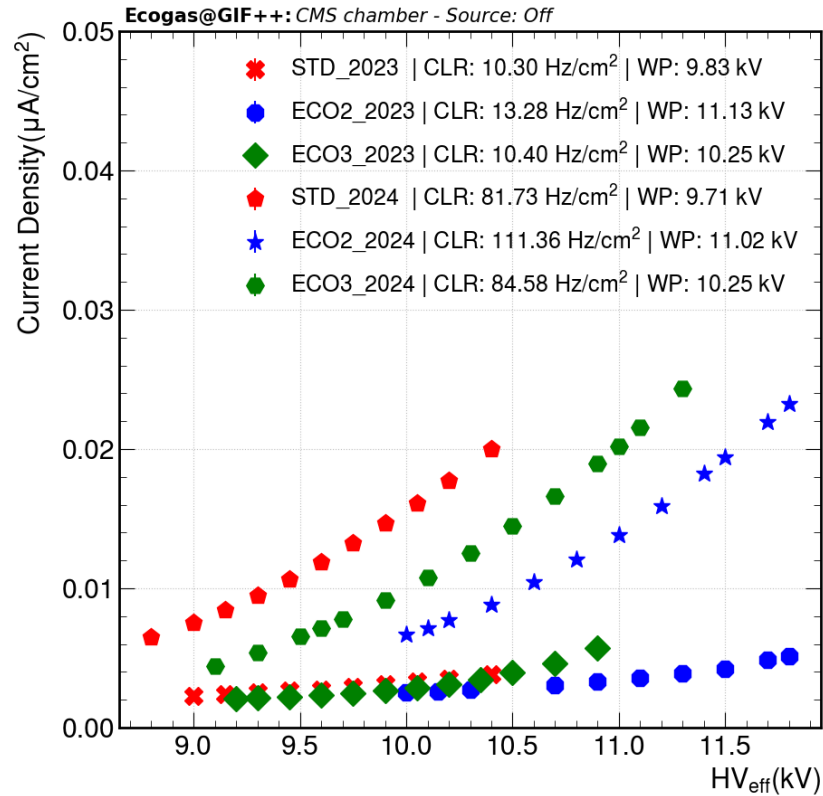


Fig: Current density vs HV_eff (BOT)

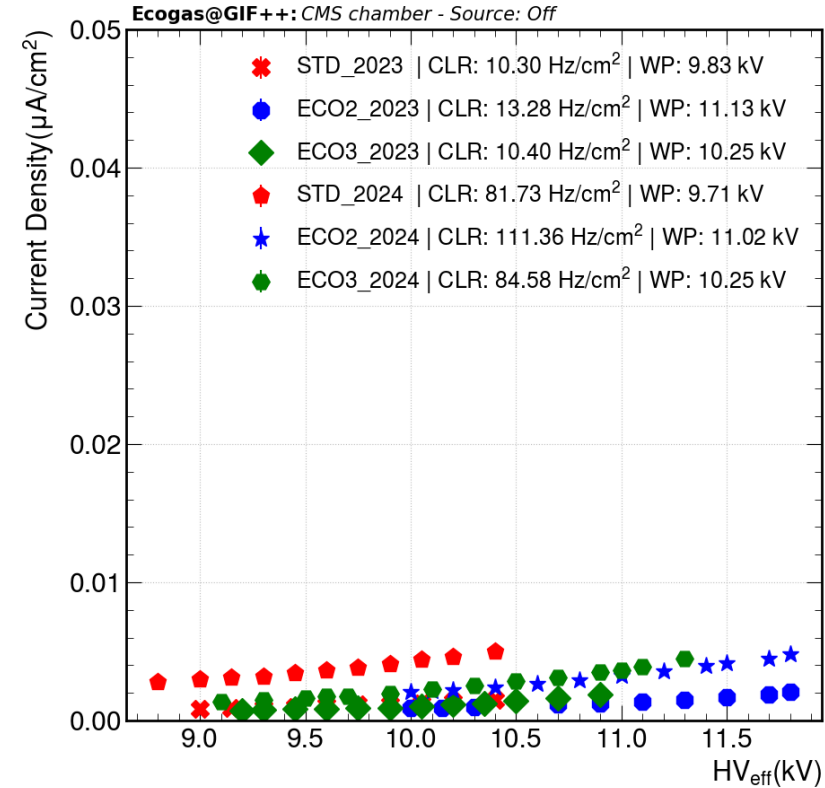


Fig: Current density vs HV_eff (TW)

Source off:

- **Bottom RPC:** In 2023, the current densities for **STD**, **ECO2**, and **ECO3** gas mixtures is approximately **2 - 3 nA/cm²** at their WP. In 2024 the current densities are increased to approximately **12-13 nA/cm²** at their WP.
- **Top Wide RPC:** In 2023, the current densities for **STD**, **ECO2**, and **ECO3** gas mixtures is approximately **0.5 - 1 nA/cm²** at their WP. In 2024 the current densities are increased to approximately **1 - 2 nA/cm²** at their WP.

Current density vs HV_eff

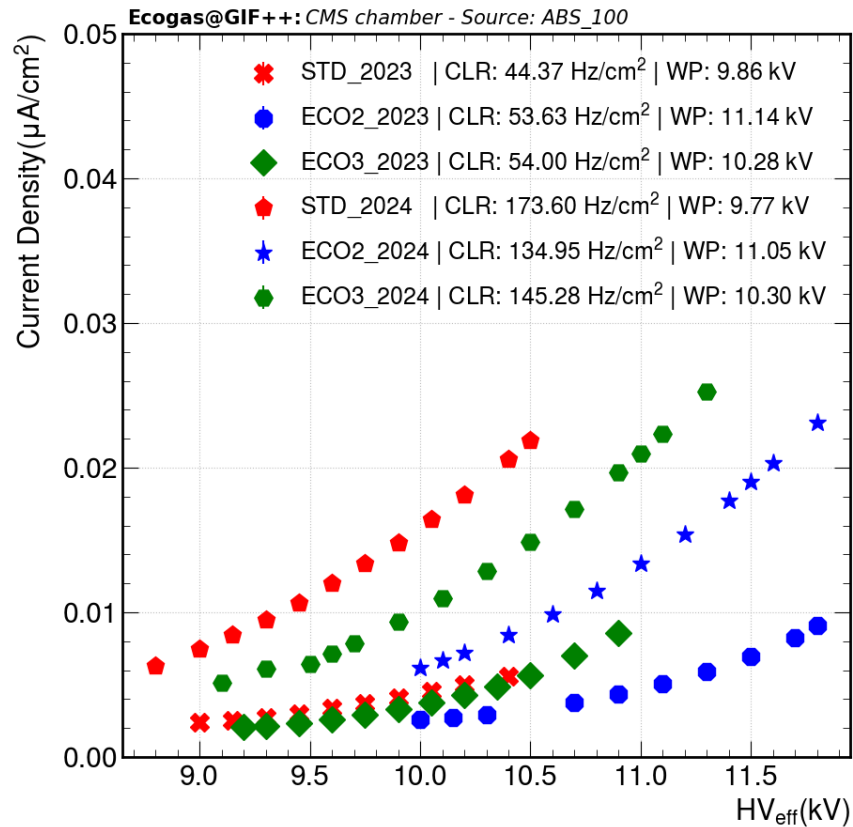


Fig: Current density vs HV_eff (BOT)

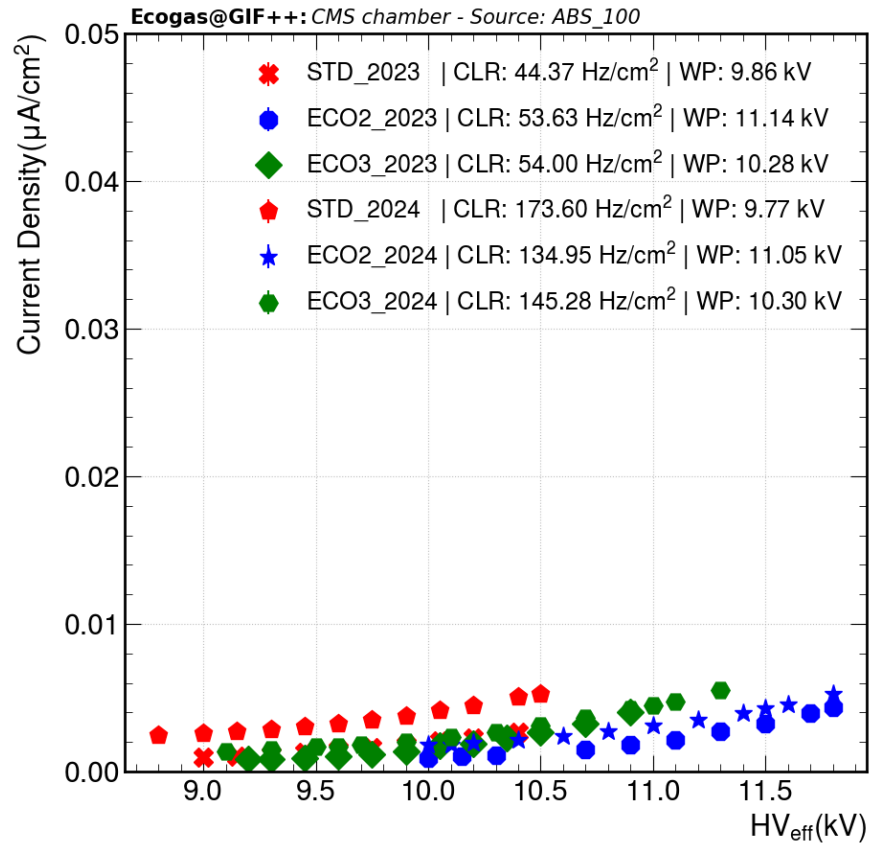


Fig: Current density vs HV_eff (TW)

ABS_100:

- **Bottom RPC:** In 2023, the current densities for **STD**, **ECO2**, and **ECO3** gas mixtures is approximately **3 - 4 nA/cm²** at their WP. In 2024 the current densities are increased to approximately **12 - 13 nA/cm²** at their WP.
- **Top Wide RPC:** In 2023, the current densities for **STD**, **ECO2**, and **ECO3** gas mixtures is approximately **0.5 - 1 nA/cm²** at their WP. In 2024 the current densities are increased to approximately **1 - 2 nA/cm²** at their WP.

Current density vs HV_eff

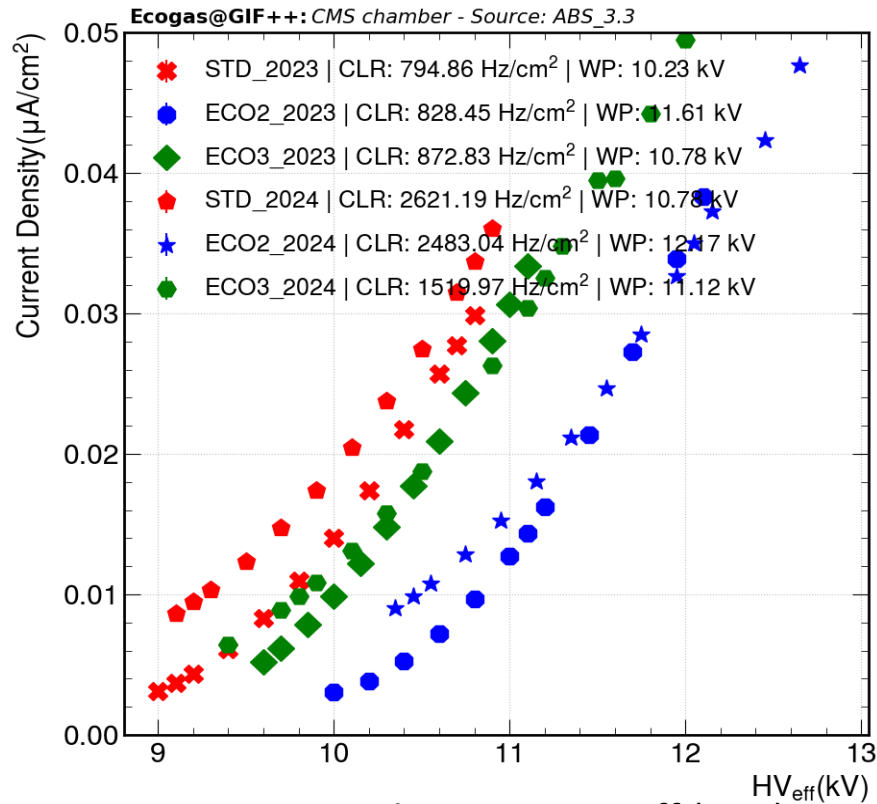


Fig: Current density vs HV_eff (BOT)

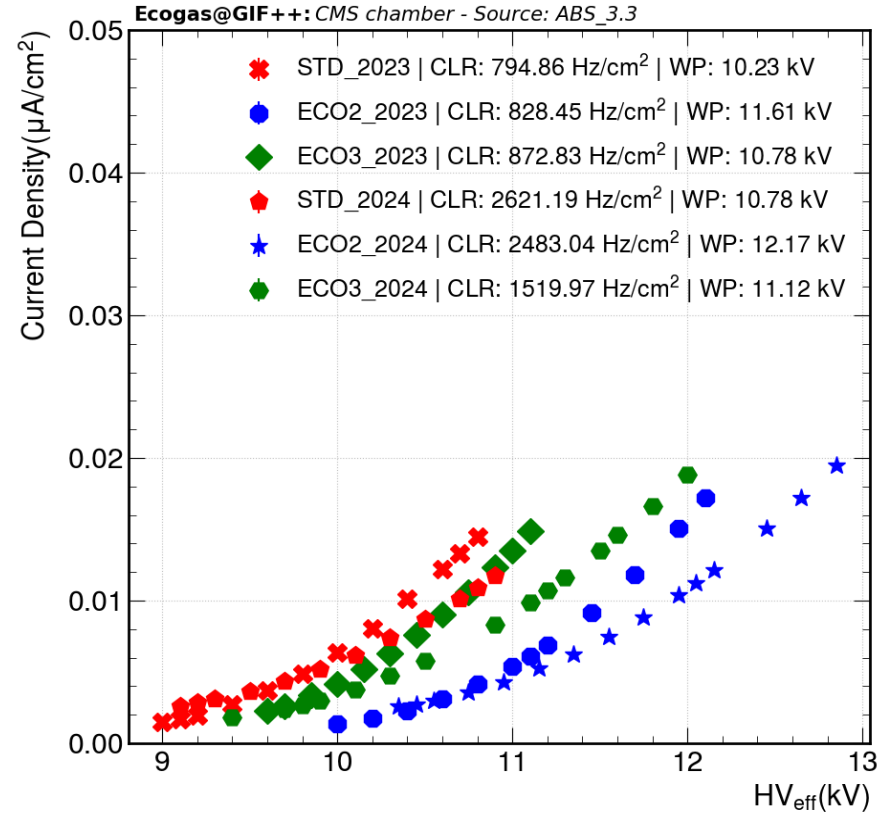


Fig: Current density vs HV_eff (TW)

ABS_3.3:

- **Bottom RPC:** In 2023, the current densities for **STD**, **ECO2**, and **ECO3** gas mixtures is approximately **24 - 28 nA/cm²** at their WP. In 2024 the current densities are increased to approximately **32 nA/cm²** at their WP.
- **Top Wide RPC:** In 2023, the current densities for **STD**, **ECO2**, and **ECO3** gas mixtures is approximately **8 - 11 nA/cm²** at their WP. In 2024 the current densities are increased to **11 - 12 nA/cm²** at their WP.

Muon cluster size vs HV_eff

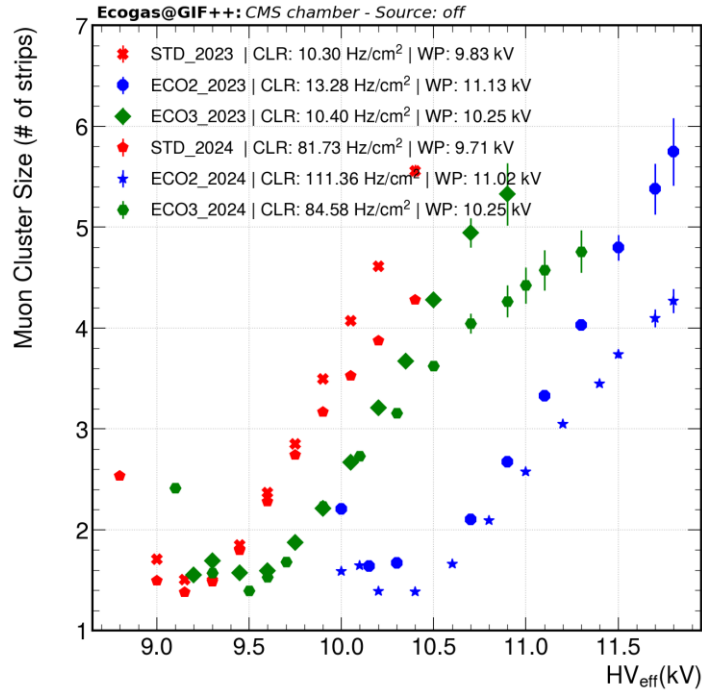


Fig: MCS vs HV_eff: S_off

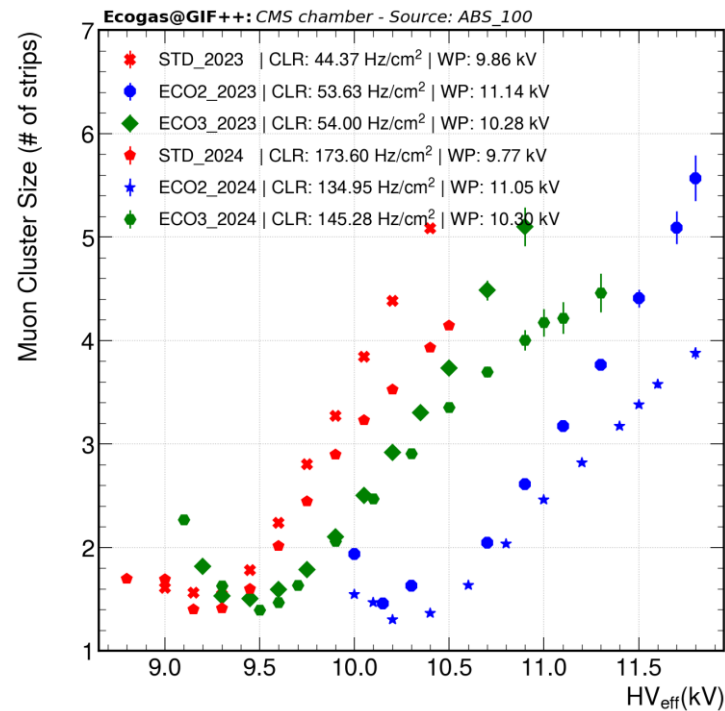


Fig: MCS vs HV_eff: ABS_100

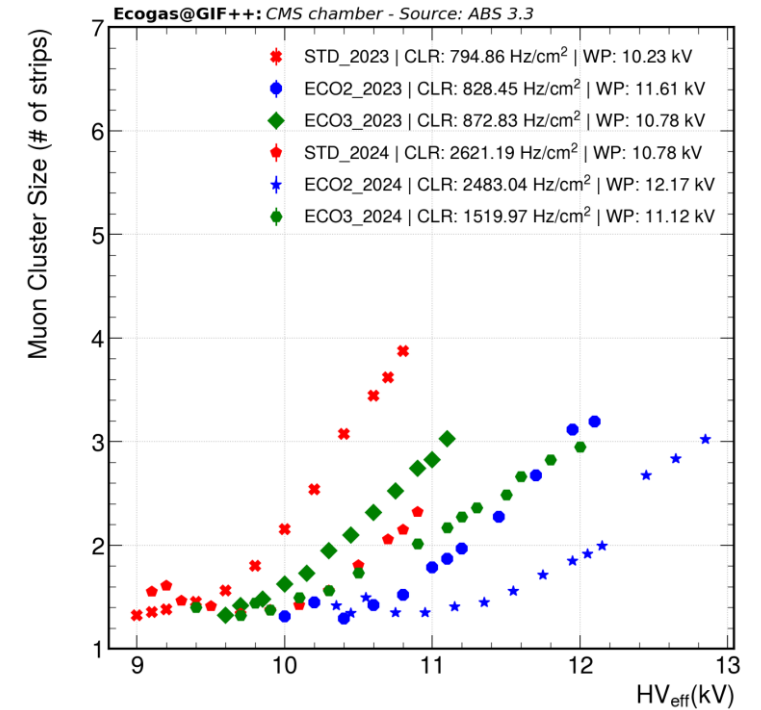


Fig: MCS vs HV_eff: ABS_3.3

- The data showed that the **muon cluster size decreased** as the cluster rate increased .
- For **S_off** and **ABS_100** there is a **modest decrease in cluster size** between the data from 2023 and 2024 at their working points for all gas mixtures. In 2024 **WP decreased** is an additional information.
- For **ABS_3.3** there is a **decrease in cluster size** between the data from 2023 to 2024 about 2.2 to 2 strip units for STD mix, 2.3 to 2.1 strip units for ECO2 and 2.4 to 2.2 strip units for ECO3 though there was an **increase in WP (500 V)** from 2023 to 2024

Conclusions(double gas mode):

- In 2024, the efficiency dropped for all the gas mixtures for source off and ABS_100 and ABS_3.3
- For ABS_3.3 the steepness of the efficiency curves dropped drastically.
- For ABS_3.3, ECO3 gas mixture efficiency is decreased comparing with STD and ECO2.
- From 2023 to 2024, for bottom RPC, the current densities increased about 4-5 times for s_off, 3 times for ABS_100.
- In 2024, Muon Cluster size decreased for all the ABS.
- In 2024 cluster rate increased for all the ABS.