INFN National Institute for Nuclear Physics Italy



Kubernetes technologies for **ML-based** solutions

Workshop Computing@CNS5 10/2024

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Agenda

Intro: Kubernetes

Inference: KServe

Streaming and Offloading

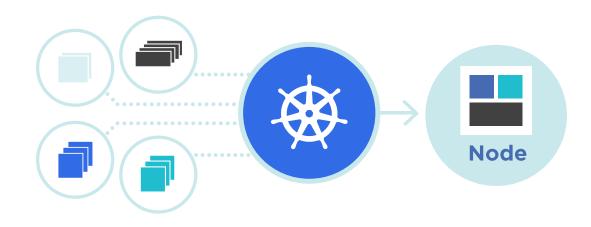
Distributed Training: Kubeflow Training Operator

INFN Cloud Integration





- **Open source** technology (since 2014) for running **containerized** applications **at scale**.
- Kubernetes manage containers in a cluster, providing features such as:
 - Service Discovery: networking layer that allows containers to find and communicate with each other.
 - Load Balancing: distributing traffic between containers.
 - Scaling: automatically scaling the number of running containers based on resources utilization.
 - **Self-Healing**: monitoring and restarting of failed containers.
 - Automated Rollouts and Rollbacks: deploying new versions of applications and reverting to old versions in case of failure.





KServe

- Kubernetes-based **open source** platform for Machine Learning **models serving** at scale (first release 2019).
 - Serving a single model can require multiple GPUs across different nodes. E.g., Meta's Llama 405B requires 11 NVidia H100 80GB GPUs (in 16-bit half-precision).
- KServe supports **multiple ML frameworks**, including TensorFlow, PyTorch, XGBoost, Scikit-Learn, and others.
 - This allows you to serve models built with different frameworks using a unified platform.
- Provide numerous features, e.g.:
 - Uniform APIs across ML frameworks.
 - Handle model versioning.
 - $\,\circ\,$ Scaling to zero and scaling based on concurrent requests.
 - Batching of incoming requests.
 - Canary rollouts.



KServe - Use Cases

Text Classification

Framework: PyTorch

Task: infer the INFN structure name given an author's affiliation string:

- "INFN Frascati Natl Labs, I-00044 Frascati, Roma" -> LNF
- "INFN Sez, Lab Nazl Frascati, Rome" -> LNF
- "Ist Nazl Fis Nucl, LNF, Via E Fermi, Roma" -> LNF
- "INFN Bari, Dept Phys, Bari, Italy" -> BA
- "INFN Natl Inst Nucl Phys, Bari Div, Bari" -> BA

HEP Analysis

Frameworks: TensorFlow/Scikit-learn

• *ttH* analysis in the boosted, all-hadronic final states

This model discriminates ttH(bb) events with all-jets final state, where at least one of the jets of the final state is a boosted jet, and where the Higgs boson decays in a pair of well resolved jets identified as a result of the hadronization of bottom quarks.

• The Higgs boson ML challenge:

This model allows to face the Higgs boson machine learning challenge organized by a small group of ATLAS physicists and data scientists, hosted by Kaggle in 2014.

GenAl

Serving of open-source **LLMs** to implement a ChatBot configured to answer questions (text generation) about a private knowledge base (RAG – Retrieval Augmented Generation)

CHAT BOT

Model Server: LLama3-70B 🕚 🔅

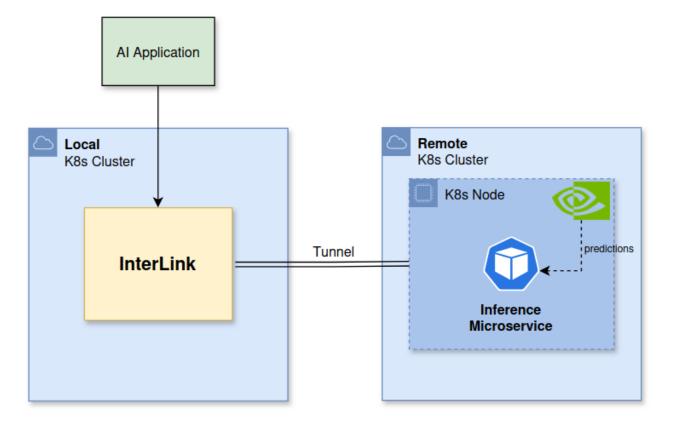


KServe + Offloading (Work In Progress)

- InterTwin: project funded by the EU for the development of an open source platform, called Digital Twin Engine (DTE), to handle "digital twins" of selected scientific communities.
- InterLink: transparent offloading of resources to heterogeneous computing providers

Inference Microservice:

- specify requirements, e.g., n GPUs;
- resources may not be available on local cluster;
- service can be opportunistically offloaded to a remote cluster where resources are available.



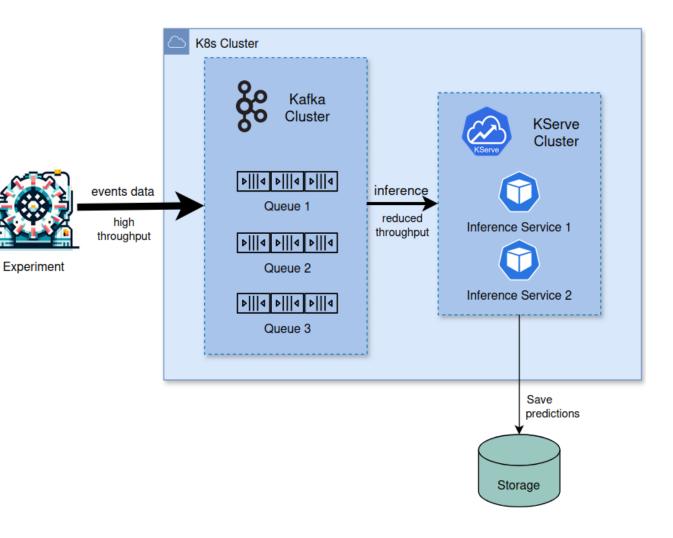
KServe + Kafka (Natively supported)

Apache Kafka

• **Open source** distributed **event streaming** platform designed to handle large volumes of real-time data feeds

Use Case:

- a running experiment produces a stream of events;
- we setup a data ingestion pipeline through which events are delivered to Kafka topics (queues);
- KServe natively integrates with Kafka: fetch data from queues and invoke Inference Services to get predictions;
- Inference is slow, but data is not lost, as it's stored in Kafka topics waiting to be processed.



Kubeflow Training Operator (KTO)

- Kubernetes-based **open source** platform for **distributed training/fine-tuning** of Machine Learning models **at scale** (first major release 2021).
- KTO supports **multiple ML frameworks**, including TensorFlow, PyTorch, XGBoost, MPI, and others.

○ KTO offers a uniform API across ML frameworks to submit your training jobs.

- Provide numerous features, e.g.:
 - Automated deployment of training jobs across nodes.
 - $\circ~$ Handle monitoring and fault-tolerance.
 - Scalability: easily scale model training from single machine to large-scale distributed Kubernetes cluster.







Text Classification

Framework: PyTorch

Task: infer the INFN structure name given an author's affiliation string

Training dataset:

- ~6k positive samples
 - "INFN Frascati Natl Labs, I-00044 Frascati, Roma" -> LNF
 - "INFN Bari, Dept Phys, Bari, Italy" -> BA
- ~6k negative samples
 - "Univ Siena, Dipartimento Fis, Pisa, Italy" -> [Unknown]
- dataset augmented to **~400k samples** by adding "smart" typos

Training evaluation:

• 97% accuracy on test set

Cluster configurations – thanks to **AI_INFN** for resources:

- 1 x NVidia T4 single node training: ~2 hours training
- **1 x NVidia T4 x 2 nodes** two nodes training: ~5 hours training
- 2 x NVidia T4 single node training: ~1.5 hours training (25% saved time)

What's next INFN Cloud integration

INFN

- **INFN Cloud** is the INFN cloud computing infrastructure.
- The infrastructure is based on a core **backbone** connecting the large data centers of CNAF and Bari, and on a set of loosely coupled distributed and **federated sites** connected to the backbone.
- Backbone sites are high speed connected and host the INFN Cloud core services.
- Federated clouds: Cloud@CNAF, CloudVeneto, Cloud@ReCaSBari, Cloud-CT, Cloud-IBISCO-Na. Coming soon: LNGS, Milano, HTC in Tier-2s, HPC bubbles.
- The INFN Cloud Dashboard allows users to:
 - access centralized services;
 - Instantiate PaaS services,
 e.g., Virtual Machines,
 Docker Compose, etc.



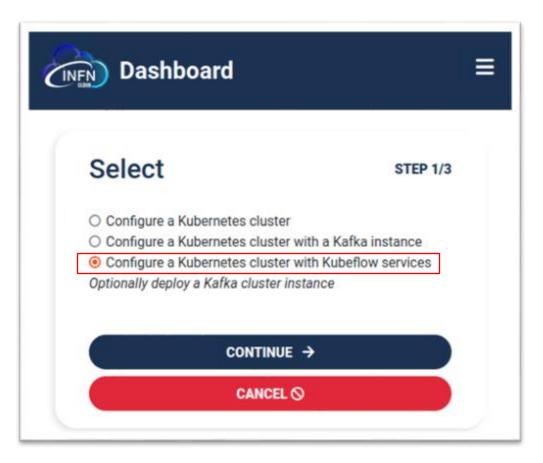


What's next INFN Cloud integration



- Kubernetes belongs to INFN Cloud PaaS portfolio
- What to do:
 - package KServe + KTO in a suitable "installer"
 - add option to configure and install these services on top of a Kubernetes cluster



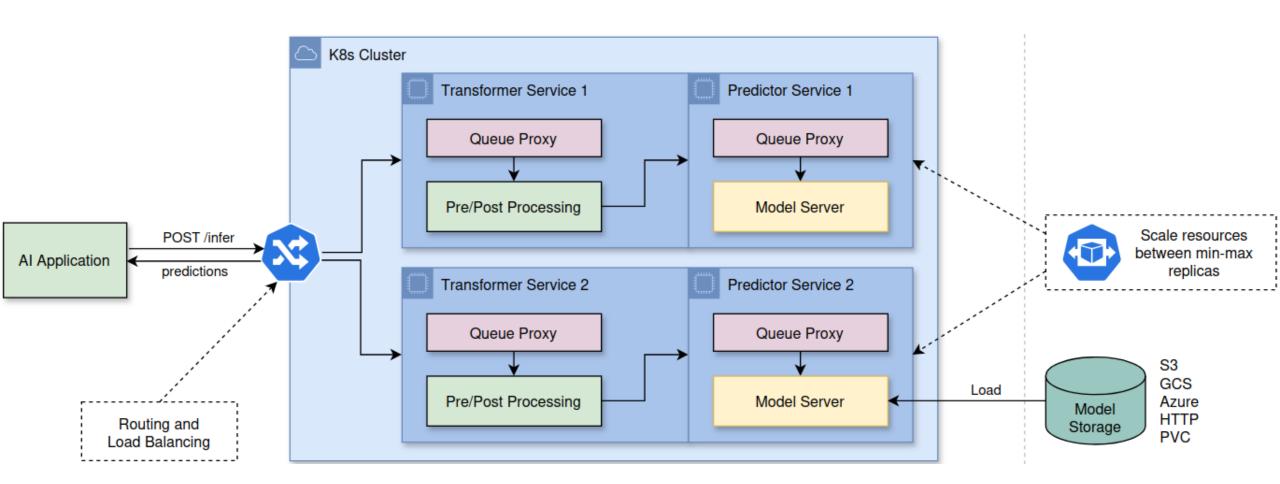




Thank You

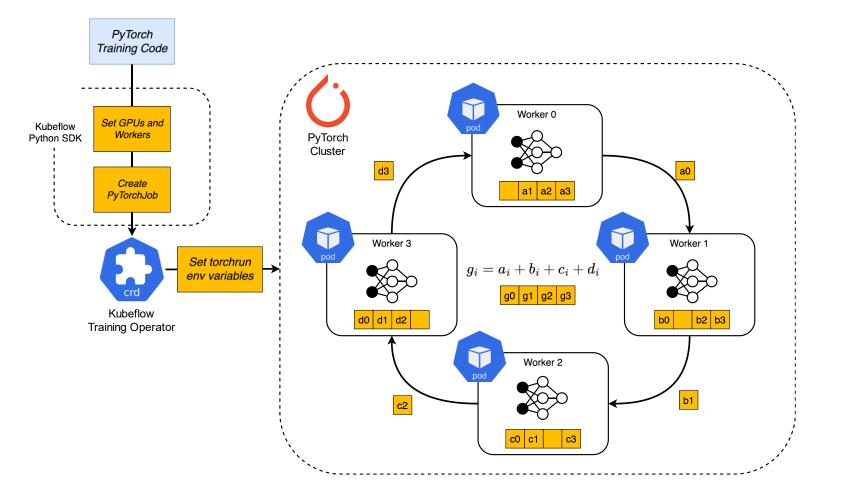
INFN

KServe Architecture



PyTorch Distributed Training

- You write the training code and submit the training job to KTO
- KTO creates PyTorch workers and enables communication among them for the ring allreduce algorithm.



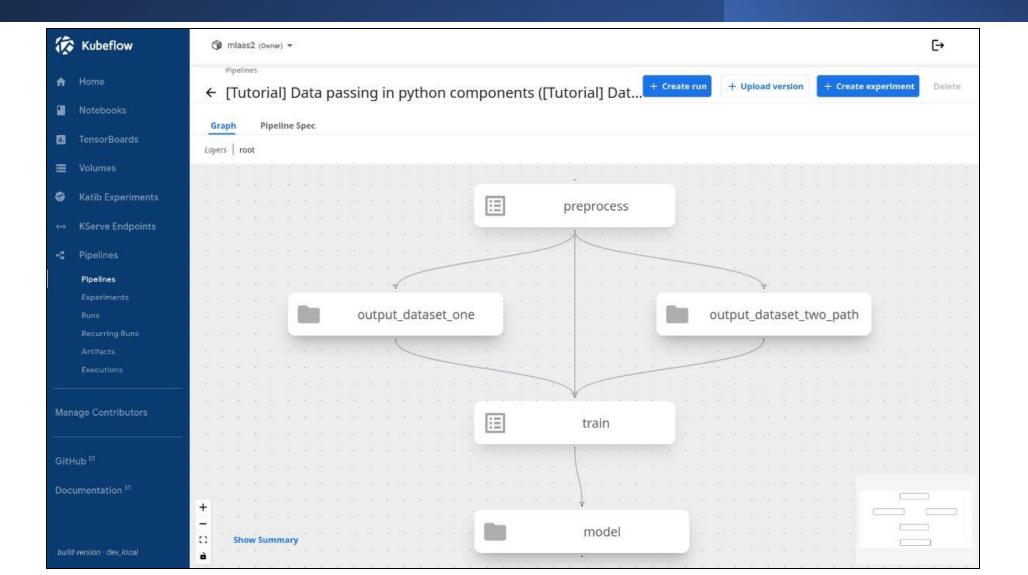
Kubeflow Dashboard



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ML Pipelines Kubeflow Dashboard





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🕀 Catalog	Format: sklearn Host: http://localhost:4200/iris (KServe/v1)	Format: sklearn Host: http://localhost:4200/hep-2 (KServe/v1)	Format: tensorflow Host: http://localhost:4200/hep (KServe/v1)
Q Chat ☆ Inference	Scikit-learn model trained with the Iris dataset. This dataset has three output class: Iris Setosa, Iris Versicolour, and Iris Virginica.	This challenge focuses on one particular decay topology of the Higgs boson among the many possible ones: events H \rightarrow π where one tau	This model discriminates ītH(bb) events with all- jets final state, where at least one of the jets of the
⇒ Train		decays into an electron or a muon and two	final state is a boosted jet, and where the Higgs boson decays in a pair of well resolved jets
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	TinyLlama is pretrained 1.1B Llama model on 3 trillion tokens. TinyLama adopts the same architecture and tokenizer as Llama 2. Besides, TinyLlama is compact with only 1.1B parameters.	Gemma is a family of lightweight, state-of-the-art open models from Google, built from the same research and technology used to create the Gemini models. They are text-to-text, decoder-only large	The Mixtral-8x7B Large Language Model (LLM) is a pretrained generative Sparse Mixture of Experts.
	Q unsloth/llama-3-70b-Instruct-bnb-4bit	Q unsloth/llama-3-8b-Instruct-bnb-4bit	
	Objective: text-generation Format: ModelServer Host: http://131.154.98.96:30080 (KServe/v2)	Objective: text-generation Format: ModelServer Host: http://131.154.98.72:30080 (KServe/v2)	+ Add
	Meta developed and released the Meta Llama 3 family of large language models (LLMs), a collection of pretrained and instruction tuned generative text models in 8 and 70B sizes. The	Meta developed and released the Meta Llama 3 family of large language models (LLMs), a collection of pretrained and instruction tuned generative text models in 8 and 70B sizes. The	

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