

Olga Hájková for the STAR Collaboration

Faculty of Nuclear Sciences and Physical Engineering

Czech Technical University in Prague

Hard Probes 2012

27th May – 1st June 2012, Cagliary, Italy



Outline

- Motivation.
- NPE analysis methods.
- NPE spectrum in p+p collisions at 200 GeV.
- NPE hadron correlations in p+p collisions at 200GeV and 500GeV.
- NPE spectrum in Au+Au collisions.
- NPE hadron correlation in Au+Au collisions.
- NPE elliptic flow in Au+Au collisions.
- Future measurement with HFT and MTD.

STAR NPE measurement as a proxy to the heavy flavor

- Due to their large masses heavy quarks are produces mainly during initial parton-parton interactions at RHIC, and they are good probes to study the QCD matter.
- Study of heavy flavor production in nucleon+nucleon collisions is a test of the validity of the pQCD.
- Measurement in p+p collisions can be use as a baseline to study effect of hot and cold nuclear matter to production of heavy flavor quarks in ion-ion and ion-nucleon collisions.



h A good e+/µ+

Today 17:30 (Room T3): Anthony KESICH - Measurements of Upsilon Production and Nuclear Modification Factor at STAR.

STAR NPE measurement as a proxy to the heavy flavor production

• Study of non-photonic electrons is a good way to measure production of bottom and charm hadrons via semi-leptonic decays.

 $b \rightarrow e^{\pm} + anything(10.86\%)$ $c \rightarrow e^{\pm} + anything(9.6\%)$

- Main background in this measurement comes from photonic electrons.
 - → Dalitz decay: $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma + e^+ + e^-$ (BR: ~1.2%)
 - \rightarrow Gamma conversions: $\gamma \rightarrow e^+ + e^-$ (Decay

prob: 7/9*Radiation Length)

Away side heavy quark medium modifications – study via correlation.

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NPE analysis method

$$NPE = N_{Inclusive} * purity_{Inclusive} - \frac{N_{Photonic}}{\epsilon_{Photonic}}$$

TΛ

- Inclusive electrons pass electron identification cuts.
- Photonic electrons identify via small invariant mass cut and spectrum is reconstructed statistically unlike-sign minus like-sign.
- Purity from Inclusive electrons sample.

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- A fraction of electrons from pairs cannot be tracked in the TPC → Photonic electron efficiency = reconstructed photonic electrons over all photonic (i.e. reconstructed and nonreconstructed).
- Same way as yield could be calculated others variables (elliptic flow).





STAR detector at RHIC



Large acceptance: $|\eta| < 1, \ 0 < \phi < 2\pi$

Time Projection Chamber (TPC) – tracking, particle identification, momentum

Time of Flight detector (ToF) – particle identification

BEMC – electron identification, triggering

 $\frac{\text{BSMD} - \text{electron}}{\text{identification at high } p_{_{\text{T}}}}$

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 Different material thickness in years 2005 and 2008 (~10 times more material in run05 because of silicon detectors presence).

 \rightarrow much more gama conversion background in run05.

 \rightarrow leads to the different NPE/PHE ratio.

→ despite of analysis sensitivity to the amount of photonic background, results from years 2005 and 2008 agree with each other well for pT > 3 GeV.



STAR Phys. Rev. D 83 (2011) 052006

STAR NPE spectrum in p+p collisions at $\sqrt{s}=200$ GeV

- Results from years 2005 and 2008 were combined.
- Combined results are consistent with PHENIX results, and with FONLL calculations as well.



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NPE – hadron azimuthal correlation

- Radiative energy loss depends on the quark matter → theoretical prediction of the non-photonic electron suppression rely on the B/D ratio.
- Study of NPE- hadron azimuthal correlations allows determine the B/D ratio of NPE.
- Bottom and charm contributions to the total NPE yields are obtained by the comparision of data with PYTHIA.



STAR: PRL 105, 202301 (2010)

STAR Bottom contribution to the NPE in p+p at 200GeV and 500GeV



STAR: PRL 105, 202301 (2010)

- Contribution of the B mesons decay at 200GeV to the NPE spectra increase with p_T and its comparable to the contribution from D mesons decay at pT>5GeV.
- B contribution to the NPE is about 60% for p+p collisions at 500GeV at high p_{τ} .
- Bottom contribution to the NPE increasing with energy.

STAR Bottom and charm contributions to the NPE at 200 GeV

- Measurement of NPE from bottom decays is consistent with the central value of FONLL, NPE from charm decays are between the central value and upper limit of the FONLL calculation.
- After extrapolating the results to the full kinematics region total bottom production is:

 $\sigma_{b\bar{b}} = 1.34 \,\mu b \,PYTHIA \,MinBias$ $\sigma_{b\bar{b}} = 1.83 \,\mu b \,PYTHIA \,MSEL = 5$

- Results uncertainties are 12.5%(stat.) and 27.5%(syst.)
- Both results are consistent with FONLL calculation.

 $\sigma_{b\bar{b}} = 1.87 \, \mu \, b \, FONLL \, calc.$



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NPE in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ =200GeV



- NPE spectrum in central and semi-central collisions in Au+Au at 200GeV (run10) Minimum bias events.
- Part of a data sample.

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NPE-hadron correlation in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV



0.15-0.5GeV

We observed both – near side and away side correlations.

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NPE elliptic flow

 Electron-event plane correlations → NPE elliptic flow v2.

• Finite v2 for 10-40% central events was observed.



Muon Telescope Detector



 \rightarrow High muon efficiency.

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 \rightarrow Muon to pion (hadron) ratio enhancement by factor ~ 50-100 (100-1000) \rightarrow less hadron contamination.

 \rightarrow e-muon correlation could help distinguish heavy flavor production from initial lepton pair production.

 \rightarrow no bremsstrahlung for muon-muon.

 \rightarrow 43% in run 2013, and complete in run 2014. Hard probes 2012

Visual Server Heavy flavor tracker (HFT) Visual Server Visual Server

• Heavy Flavor Tracker (HFT) - Prototype Year 2013 and complete run in Year 2014.

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d+Au

Au+Au (0-5%)

Phys.Rev.Lett.98:192301,2007; Erratum-ibid.106:159902,2011

SSD at 23 cm

- NPE R_{AA} in central Au+Au collisions shows similar suppression as that of light spectra. Precise calculation of charm and bottom contribution to the NPE is crutial to interpret these results.
- HFT will allow measurement of $B \rightarrow e$ spectrum separately (Current method via NPE-hadron correlation has large systematics uncertainties).

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10

p_T (GeV/c)

8



Conclusions

- Non-photonic spectrum in p+p collisons at 200 GeV was presented. Results are in agreement with FONLL calculations.
- All RHIC measurements in p+p collisons at 200 GeV are consistent with each other.
- Bottom and charm contribution to the NPE in p+p collisions at 200 GeV and 500 GeV was estimated. B meson to the D meson ratio is increasing with p_T. Results are in an good agreement with FONLL calculations.
- Preliminary results in Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV was presented. Finite elliptic flow for 10-40% central events was observed.
- HFT and MTD upgrades extend the area of heavy flavor measurements.



Thank you! :-)