FRONTIER DETECTORS FOR FRONTIER PHYSICS



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X-ray spectroscopic performance of a matrix of silicon drift diodes

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Using 55 Fe and 241 Am sources we characterized the spectroscopic performance of a matrix of Silicon Drift Diodes (SDD). The matrix consists of a completely depleted volume of silicon wafer subdivided into 5 identical hexagonal cells. The back side is 5 implanted arrays of increasingly negatively biased concentric p+ rings. The front side, common to all 5 cells, is a shallow and uniformly implanted p⁺ entrance window. Ionizing radiation impinging the detector bulk generates electrons that drift towards small readout n⁺ pads placed on the back side in the center of each cell. The total sensitive area of the matrix is

 135 mm^2 , the wafer thickness is $450 \mu m$. We report on the layout of the experimental set-up, as well as the spectroscopic performance measured at different temperatures and bias conditions.

Primary author: RACHEVSKI, Alexandre (INFN - Trieste)

Co-authors: VACCHI, Andrea (TS); CICUTTIN, Andres (I.C.T.P.); TUNIZ, Claudio (I.C.T.P.); ZAMPA, Gianluigi

(TS); RASHEVSKAYA, Irina (TS); CRESPO, Maria Liz (I.C.T.P.); ZAMPA, Nicola (TS)

Presenter: RACHEVSKI, Alexandre (INFN - Trieste)

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