# Status of the MUonE experiment

Eugenia Spedicato, MUonE Collaboration

INFN Bologna







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## MUONE PROPOSAL



#### EXPERIMENTAL APPARATUS



Letter of Intent: The MUonE Project, SPSC-I-252

CMS 2S module: 2 coupled silicon strip sensors (CMS-Phase2 upgrade)

Muon chamber

µ chamber

muon filter

40

ECAL

## TEST RUN 2023

- 160 GeV muons of M2 beam line at CERN North Area;
- Max asynchronous rate at 50 MHz ( $2 \times 10^8 \mu$  per spill);
- <u>Setup</u>: 2 tracking stations (6 modules each) + ECAL;
- **Triggerless** DAQ at 40 MHz  $\rightarrow$  Large data volumes processed *offline*.



Plan is to have data filter on FPGA; <u>now</u> an offline <u>skimming</u> algorithm has been implemented to <u>preselect candidate events</u> from <u>target interaction</u>: base on number of hits in the two stations
 On ~12 B merged events, the skimming procedure reduced the output at ~ *few*%.

Different *classes* of candidate events are well separated:

1. Single muon interactions:

compatible with *1 incoming muon* in station0 + some *interaction* in station1

2, 3,4 pile-up muons with interaction
compatible with *N incoming muons* in station0 + some *interaction* in station1



*Fig*: Fraction of different event multiplicities, in 2023 data, after skimming *based on hits patterns*.

SOME RESULTS WITH DATA COLLECTED IN 2023

- 1. Tracking efficiency as a function of selected <u>golden</u> muon's angle :
  - Average module efficiency ~ 98%;

- Given passing muons with 6 hits in first station, look for reconstructed muon in the second station.

Result: *flat* efficiency at  $\sim 90\% \rightarrow$  consistent with <u>combinatorial result</u> of individual module efficiency.

2. Angular resolution as a function of selected golden muon's angle for different target sizes:

-  $\Delta \theta = \theta_{st1} - \theta_{st0} \rightarrow$  Sensitive to: intrinsic resolution, residual misalignment, **multiple scattering (MS)** 

 $\rightarrow$  Estimate of **MS** consistent with calculation with <u>PDG</u> MS prediction.



#### SEARCHING FOR ELASTIC EVENTS

Data 2023

3000

2500

500

**Before selection cuts** 

80

Max angle [mrad]

70

90 100

Analysis of one run of TB2023  $\rightarrow$  Data taken with 2 and 3 *cm* target First studies done on sample compatible with single muon interactions



50

60

**MUonE** preliminary

Min angle [mrad]

3⊨

2.5

2

1.5

0.5



7

2D distribution of scattering angles in candidate events of the run before and after a basic elastic selection

# DATA/MC COMPARISON USING TR 2023 DATA: FIRST STUDIES

- 1. Run of  $97 \times 10^6$  filtered events (single mu interaction) compared with MC sample of  $10.5 \times 10^6$  weighted elastic events
- 2. Fiducial and elastic selections (details in backup) are applied
- 3. To compare the **shapes** of the angular distributions, **normalization is to the number of real data events**.



For the running of  $\alpha(t)$  to be observed, the MC description of angular <u>shapes must be</u> <u>accurate to within at least</u>  $\pm 0.5\% \rightarrow \text{work}$  in progress to improve the comparison. Next months important developments are attended!

## CONCLUSIONS

- **MUonE** proposes an **innovative and independent method** for the <u>evaluation</u> of the hadronic vacuum polarization term at LO  $a_{\mu}^{HLO}$  which is **alternative** with the *previous ones*. Great possibility to *shade some light* on this intriguing **puzzle**!
- First results and data/MC comparisons have been done with 2023 TR data;
- Shapes comparisons of <u>electron angle distributions</u> stands within  $\pm 3\%$ . However, for the running of  $\alpha(t)$  to be observed, the MC description of angular shapes *must be accurate* to within at least  $\pm 0.5\%$ . Several improvements are attended next months;
- Next important step:

2025 Phase 1: we presented a technical proposal to the SPSC in June for 4 weeks of running time in 2025 to study the expected systematic errors and background under realistic conditions and make preliminary measurements of  $\Delta \alpha$  (*t*).

Thank you for the attention

## BACKUP

## Anomalous magnetic moment of the muon



## Analysis: $\Delta \alpha_{had}$ parametrization and $a_{\mu}^{HLO}$ estimate

G. Abbiendi, <u>Phys. Scr. 97 (2022) 054007;</u> [arXiv: 2201.13177]



- 1. Template fit: generation of a grid of points in the parameters space (K, M);
- 2.  $R_{had}$  distribution as a function of the leptons scattering angle for different templates;
- 3.  $\chi^2$  of the data and templates.

$$R_{had} = \frac{d\sigma_{data} (\Delta \alpha_{had})/d\theta}{d\sigma_{MC} (\Delta \alpha_{had} = 0)/d\theta}$$



### DATA-MC COMPARISON

<u>Data</u> sample: run  $6 \rightarrow 97 \times 10^6$  events after skimming to be reconstructed

<u>MC</u> sample: MESMER signal  $\rightarrow$  10.5×10<sup>6</sup> generated <u>signal</u> events to be reconstructed with realistic geometry (*misalignment* from metrology are introduced)

Fiducial selection:

- $N_{stubs_{so}} = 6 \rightarrow 1$  per module: <u>golden muon</u> (GM);
- GM impinges last 2 modules in S0 within  $\pm 1.5 \ cm$  from centre in X and Y;
- Reconstructed GM with  $\theta < 4 mrad$ ;
- Reconstructed GM track  $\chi^2 < 2$ .

Elastic selection:

- $N_{stubs_{S1}} \leq 15;$
- Reconstructed vertex with  $z_{vrtx} > 906 \ cm$ ;
- $\theta_{\mu} > 0.2 \ mrad + 5 < \theta_{e} < 32 \ mrad;$
- $|A_{\phi}| < 0.4 mrad$
- Elasticity condition:  $|\theta_{\mu}^{rec} \theta_{\mu}^{th}(\theta_{e}^{rec})| \leq 0.2 mrad$



>5 mrad: Avoid ambiguities in PID<32 mrad: geometrical acceptance to have flat efficency</p>

$$\theta_{\mu}(\theta_e) = \arcsin\left\{\sin\theta_e \sqrt{\frac{E_e^2(\theta_e) - m_e^2}{[E_{\mu} + m_e - E_e(\theta_e)]^2 - m_{\mu}^2}}\right\}$$

### DATA/MC COMPARISON USING TR 2023 DATA

1. Run of  $97 \times 10^6$  filtered events (single mu interaction) is compared with a MC sample of  $10.5 \times 10^6$  weighted elastic events

2. Fiducial and elastic selections (details in backup) are applied

3. To have an absolute comparison, normalization of MC to the **absolute luminosity**:

Events passing fiducial selection  
Elastic cross section from MC 
$$\leftarrow$$
  $L_{MC} = \frac{\sum_{j} w_{j}(fiducial)}{\sigma_{el}}$   
 $u_{RD} = N_{\mu oT} \cdot d_{target} \cdot \rho_{target}^{e} \longrightarrow$  Golden muons on target  
Electron density target

4. To compare the shapes of the angular distributions normalization to the number of real data events.

#### DATA/MC COMPARISON USING TR 2023 DATA

Electron scattering angle



#### ABSOLUTE NORMALIZATION

Flat region of 5 mrad <  $\theta_e$  < 20 mrad

2 tracks reconstruction efficiency, given modules efficiency  $\epsilon = 0.980 \pm 0.005$ :

 $\epsilon_{2t} = \epsilon_{1t} \times \epsilon_{1t} = 0.850 \pm 0.035$ where
where  $\epsilon_{1t} = \epsilon^6 + 2(1 - \epsilon)\epsilon^5$