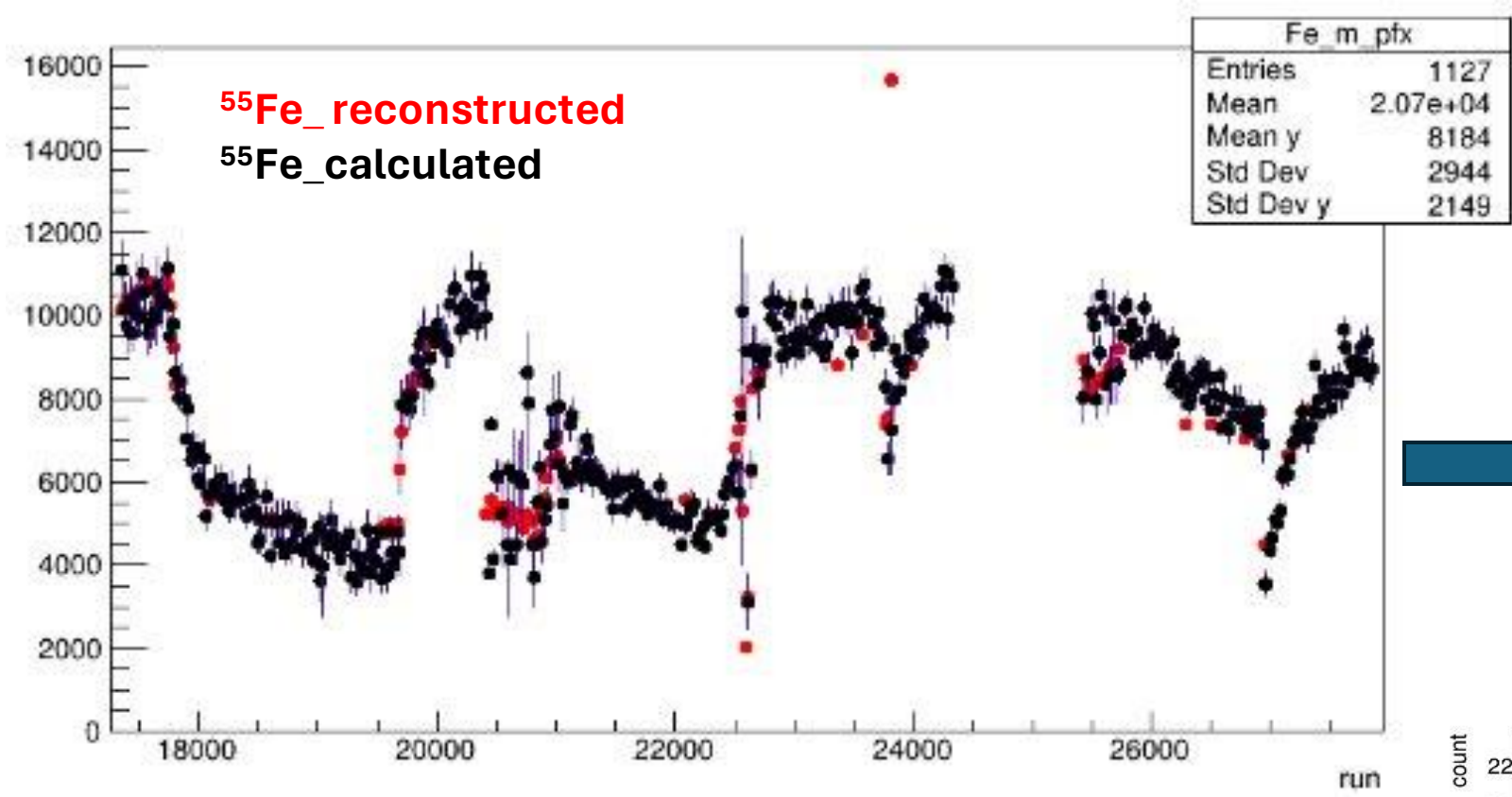


# Run3 equalization

28/03/2024

Rita Antonietti



Taking the difference between the reconstructed and the calculated iron peak and dividing per the reconstructed one:

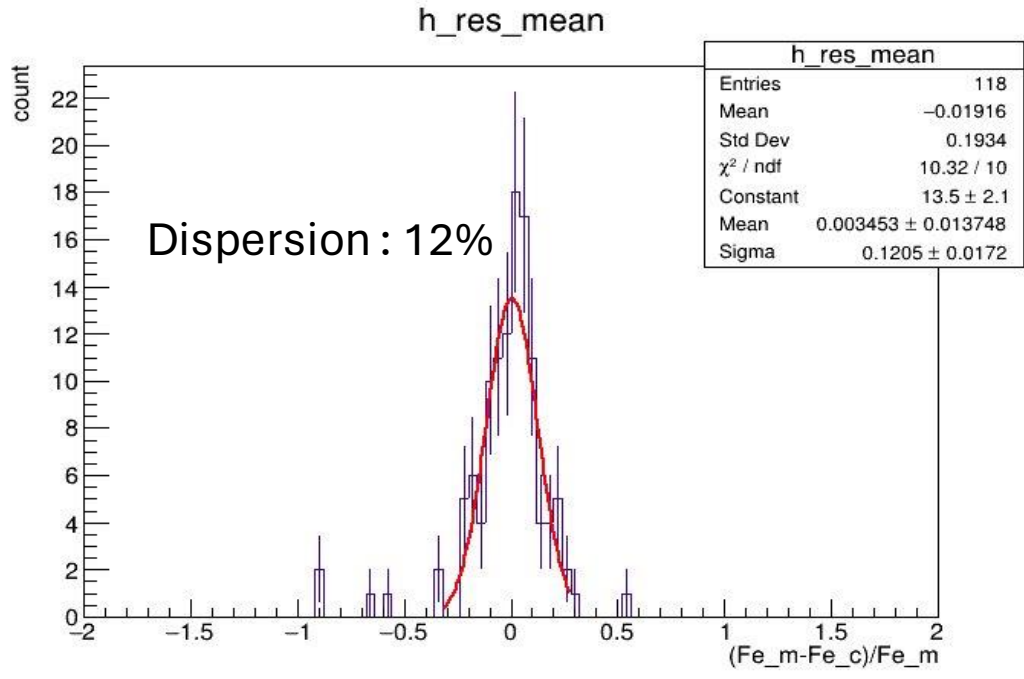


Table:



[link](#) to download the table and the instruction to use it

Run	Fe_peak	Corr	Evaluated
17363	10190.5978879543	10190.5978879543	11100
17364	9963.14914219107	9963.14914219107	11100
17365	10013.0770133558	10013.0770133558	11100
17366	10271.4122962941	10271.4122962941	11100
17368	10155.1950635801	10155.1950635801	11100
17369	10265.0314082141	10265.0314082141	11100

Run = run number

Fe\_peak = if the source is at step 3 --> iron peak evaluated fitting the sc\_integral distributions

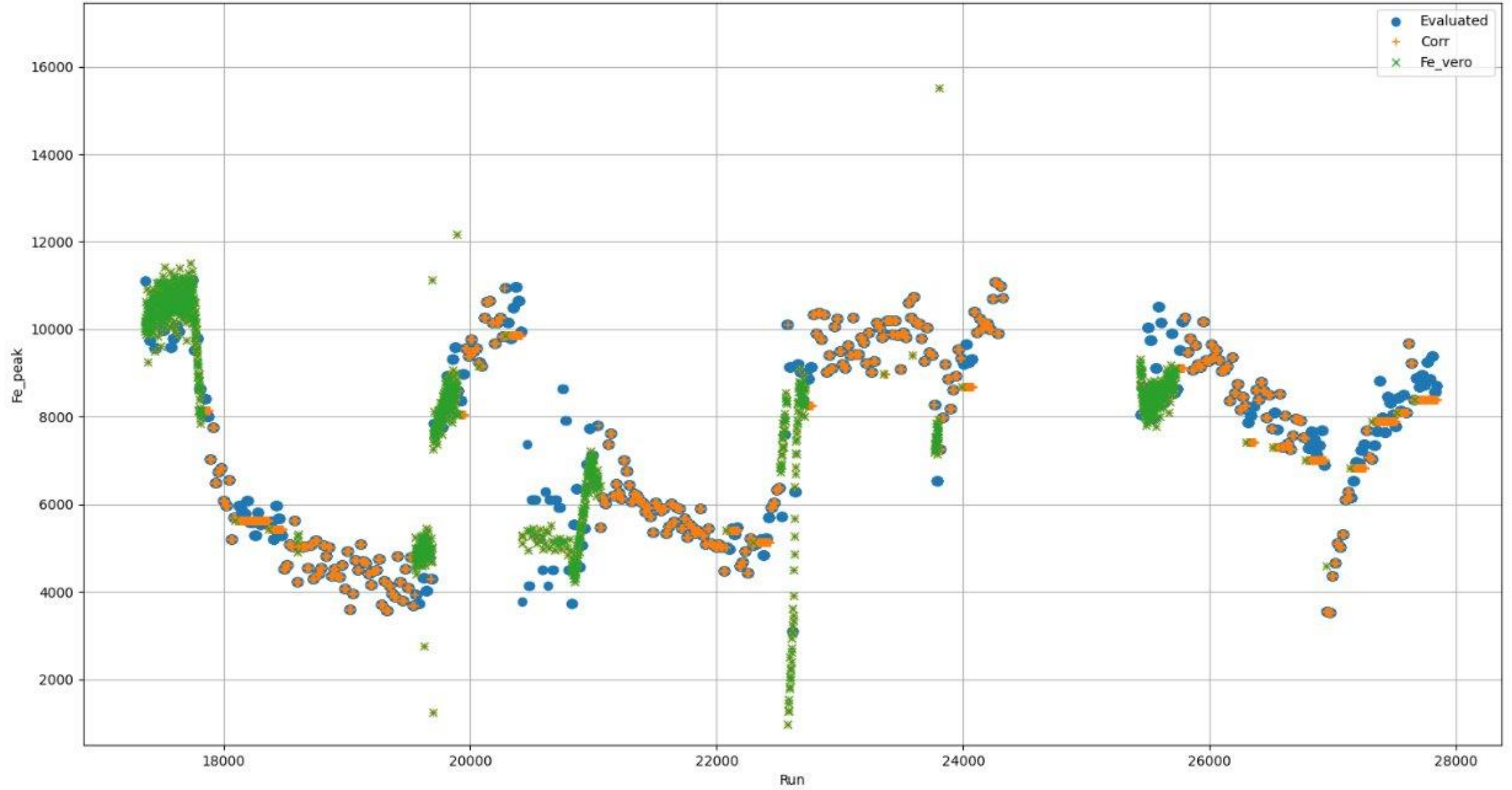
If there is not the source or the position is different from the step 3 --> 0

Corr = Fe\_peak if the source is at step3

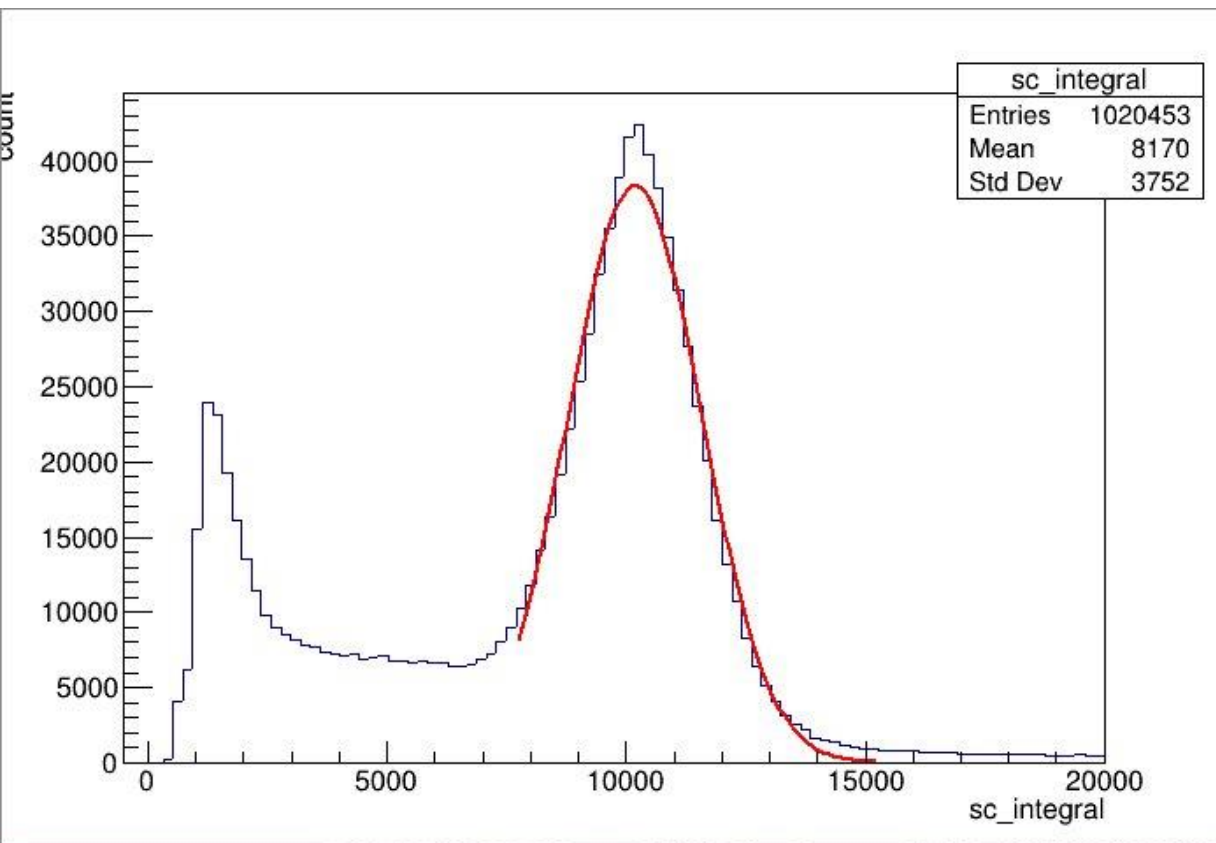
if Fe\_peak = 0 --> I take the last iron peak value, if the difference from the evaluated is less than the 12%, corr is setted equal to the last Fe\_peak value, otherwise equal to the evaluated value. Starting from here, it is setted always equal to the evaluated

Evaluated = iron peak evaluated using LY\_30

Plot of the table



## All the runs are equalised

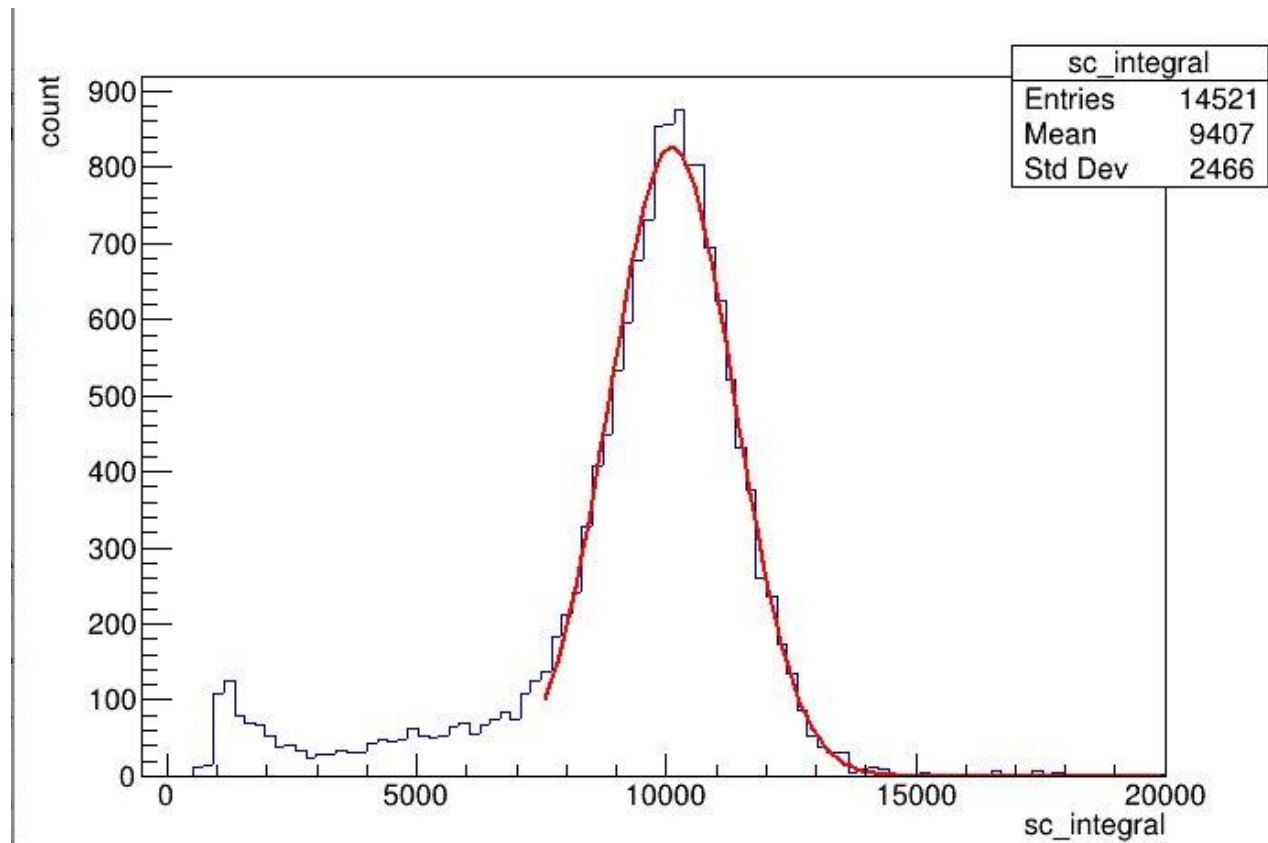


EXT NO.	PARAMETER NAME	VALUE	ERROR	STEP SIZE	FIRST DERIVATIVE
1	Constant	3.83778e+04	6.56320e+01	2.06884e+00	-6.27331e-09
2	Mean	1.01833e+04	2.00760e+00	8.13193e-02	1.12052e-06
3	Sigma	1.38938e+03	1.94082e+00	1.44881e-05	3.60228e-02

```

>>>
>>> 1389/10183
0.136403810272022
    
```

## All the calibration runs at step3 are equalised

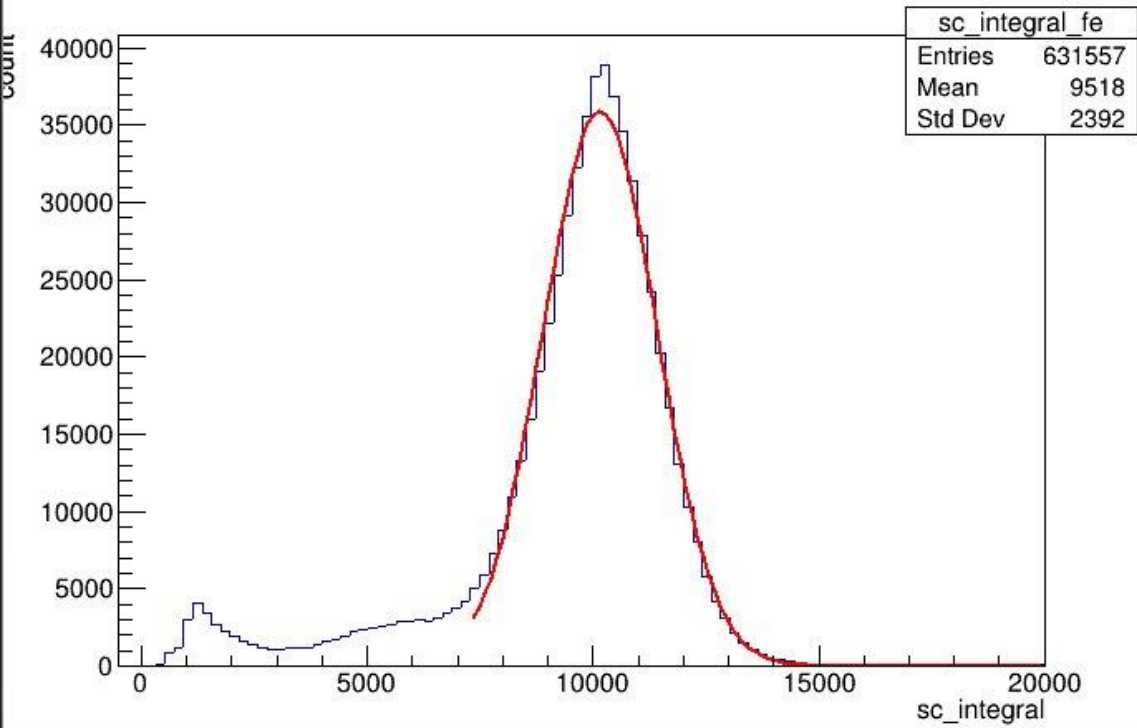


NO.	NAME	VALUE	ERROR	SIZE	DERIVATIVE
1	Constant	8.26423e+02	9.48859e+00	4.03906e-02	5.57308e-09
2	Mean	1.01132e+04	1.22711e+01	6.38260e-02	4.05390e-08
3	Sigma	1.24360e+03	9.92820e+00	1.08326e-05	-1.58509e-03

```

>>> 1243/10113
0.12291110451893603
>>>
    
```

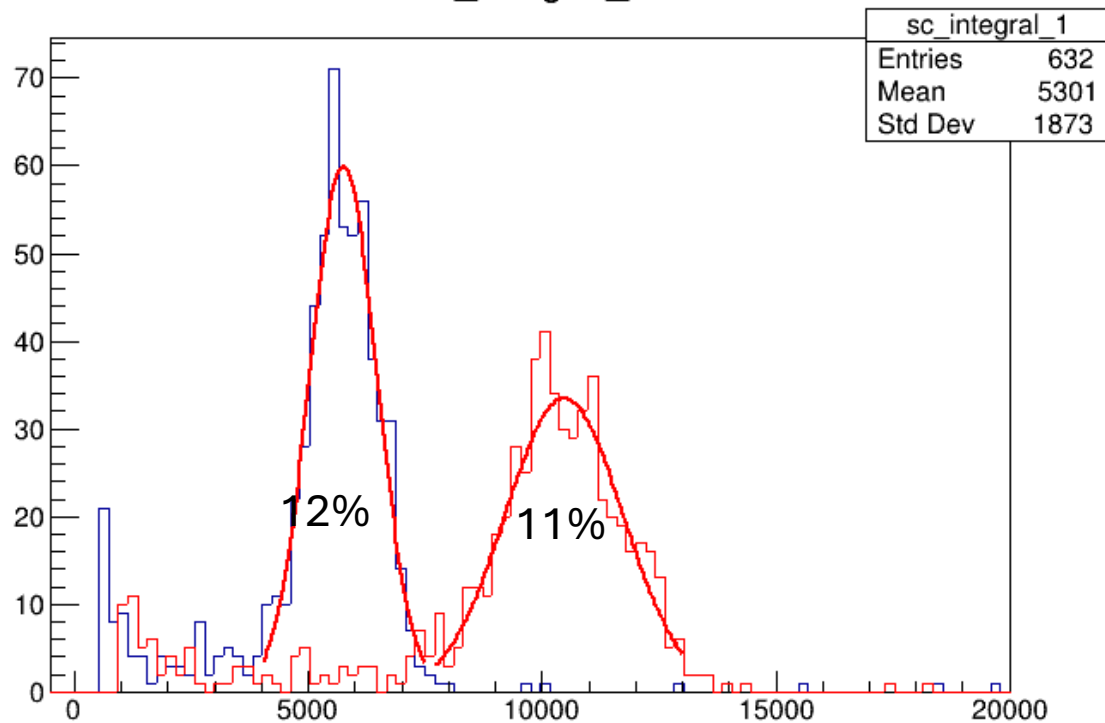
All the runs with the source at step3 are equalised



```
EXT PARAMETER
NO.  NAME      VALUE      ERROR      STEP      FIRST
      NAME      VALUE      ERROR      SIZE      DERIVATIVE
1  Constant  3.58809e+04  6.28187e+01  1.69294e+00  3.76734e-06
2  Mean      1.01564e+04  1.82352e+00  6.18188e-02  -1.71940e-04
3  Sigma     1.26368e+03  1.52589e+00  1.04208e-05  -2.95455e-01

>>> 1263/10156
0.12435998424576605
>>> 
```

sc\_integral\_1



One calibration run with iron source at step3 (run 18096):

**Original distribution (resolution 12%)**

**Equilized distribution (resolution 11%)**

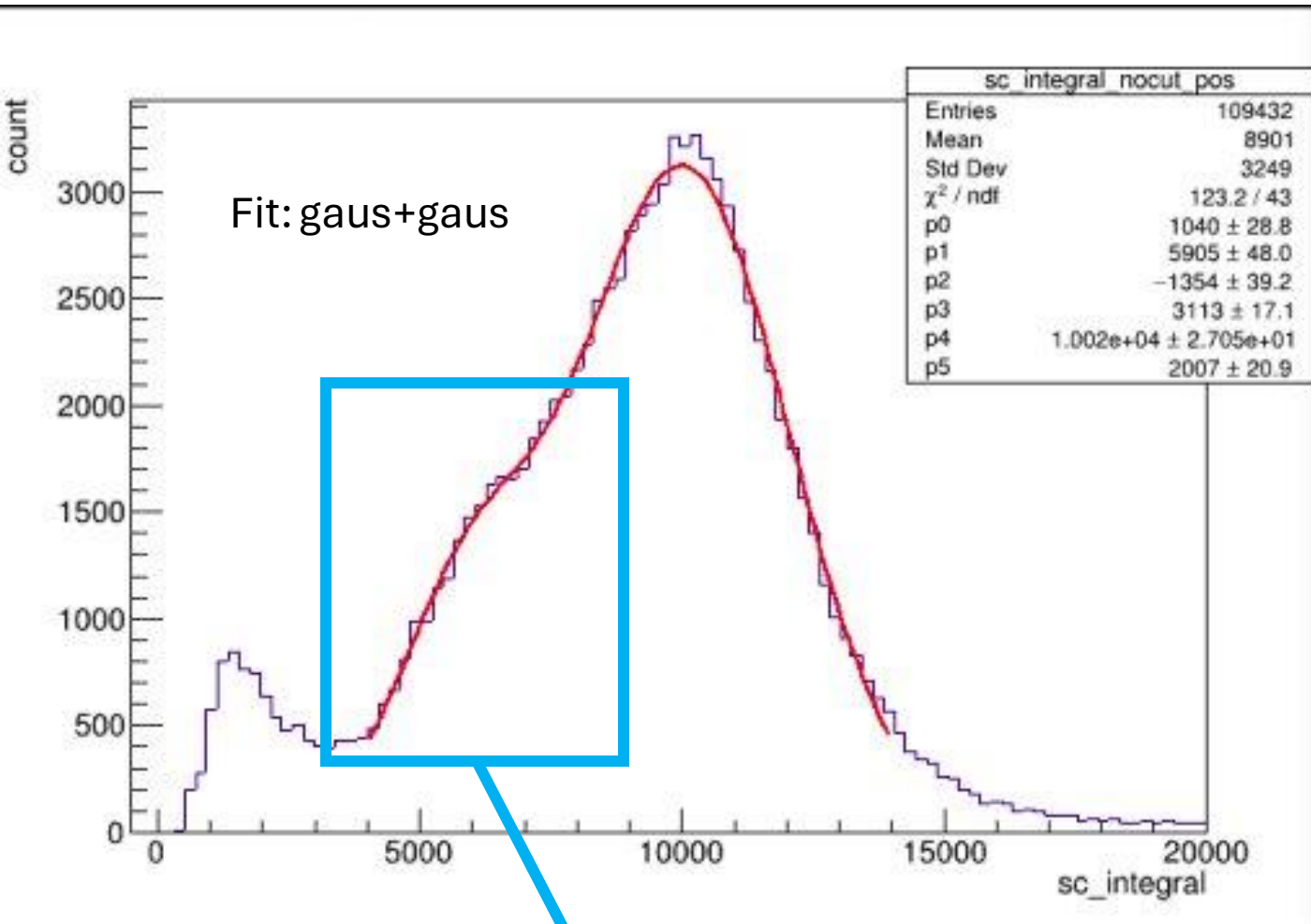
```

EXT PARAMETER          STEP          FIRST
NO.  NAME      VALUE      ERROR      SIZE      DERIVATIVE
 1 Constant  5.99150e+01  3.36958e+00  5.03505e-03 -1.19318e-04
 2 Mean     5.74720e+03  3.34949e+01  6.37497e-02 -7.77895e-07
 3 Sigma    7.18705e+02  2.81480e+01  1.97956e-05 -3.80121e-02
FitEditor::DoFit - using function PrevFitTMP 0xbc2b640
    
```

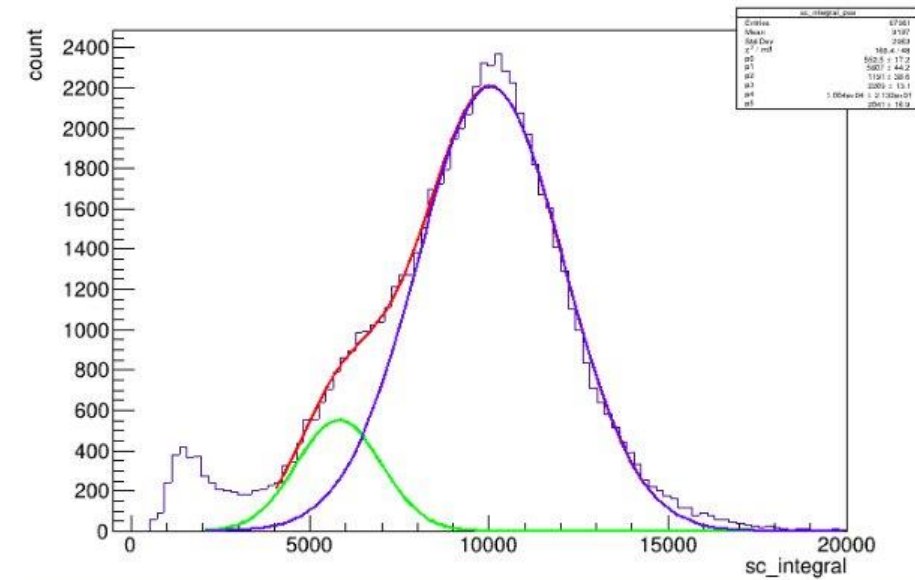
```

EDM=2.05138e-08  STRATEGY= 1  ERROR MATRIX ACCURAT
EXT PARAMETER          STEP          FIRST
NO.  NAME      VALUE      ERROR      SIZE      DERIVATIVE
 1 Constant  3.35218e+01  1.98085e+00  3.35252e-03 -6.30872e-05
 2 Mean     1.04676e+04  6.34323e+01  1.39128e-01  8.09289e-07
 3 Sigma    1.25587e+03  5.94766e+01  2.75999e-05  4.94985e-03
    
```

All the calibration runs at different step



Due to the saturation



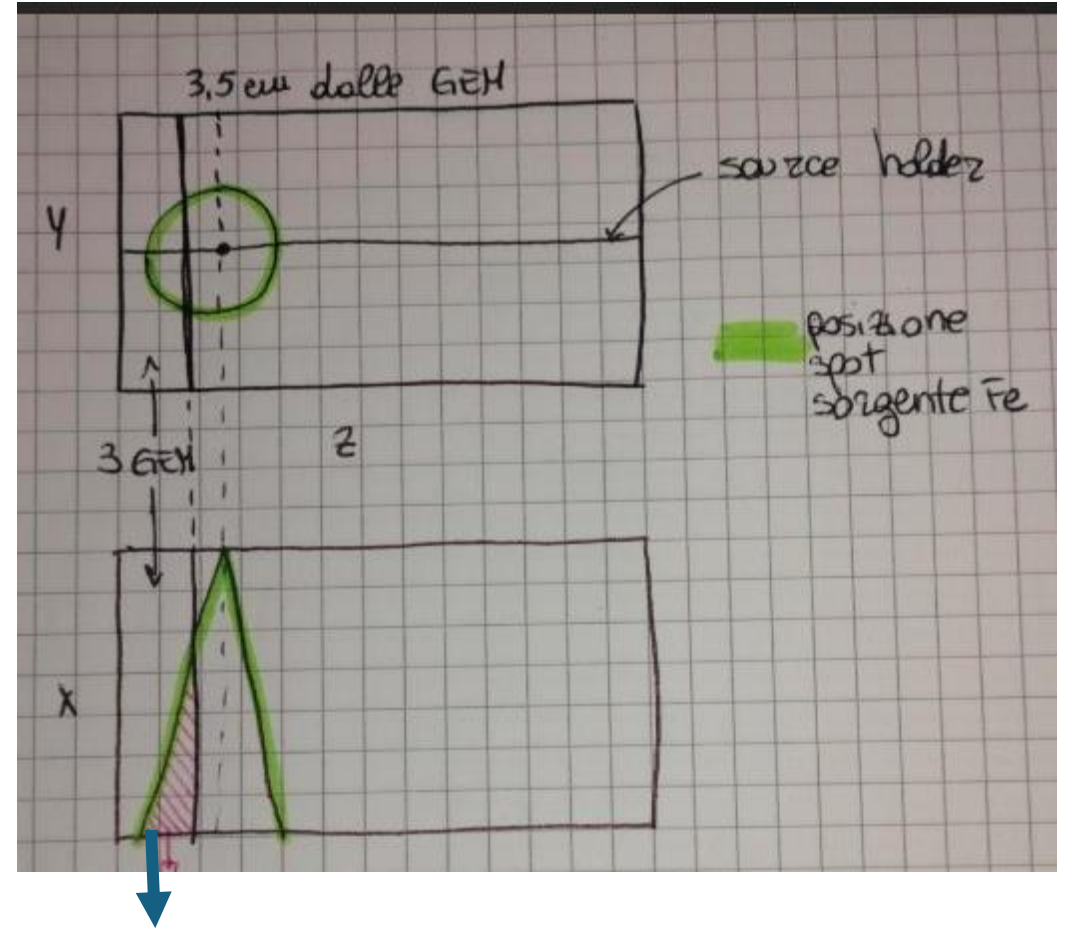
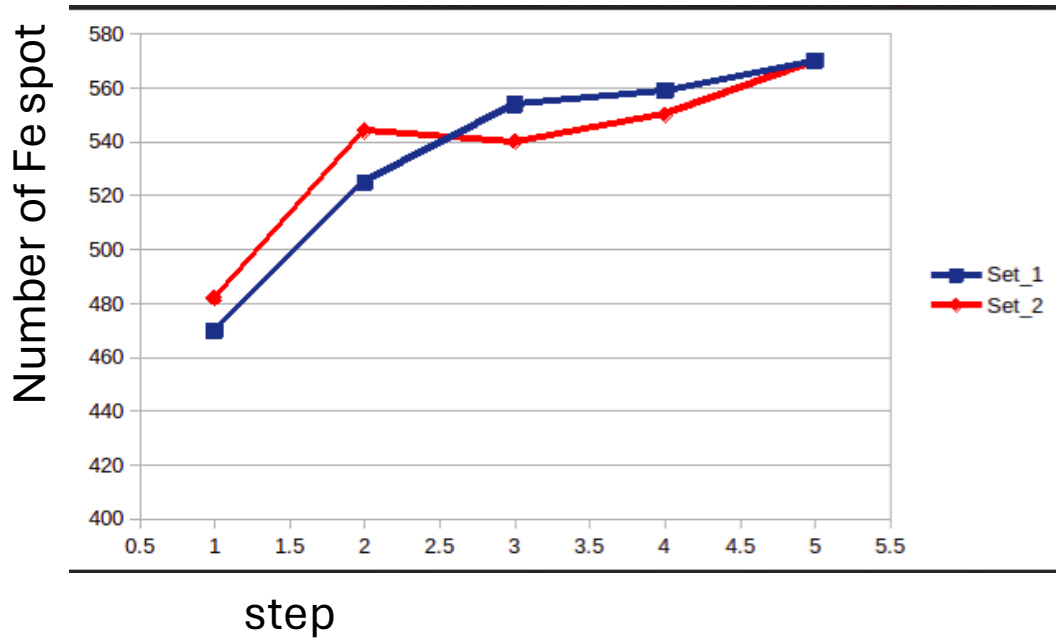
Green = contribution given by the step1  
Blu = contribution given by step2, 3, 4, 5

It is expected that the blu gassian area should be 4 times the green one  
But: blu gassian area = 7 green gaussian area



How many spot at each step?

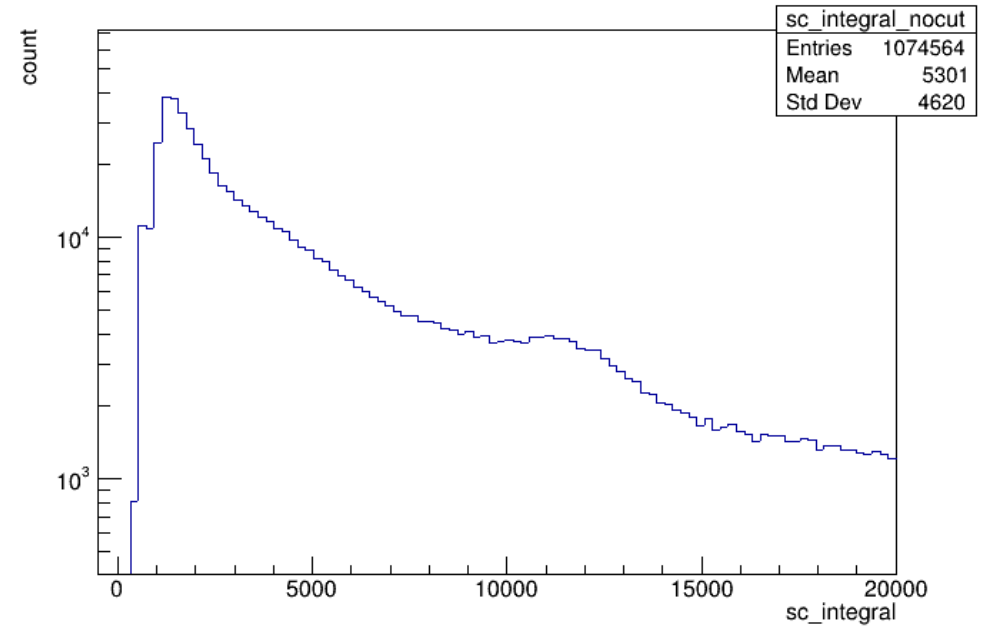
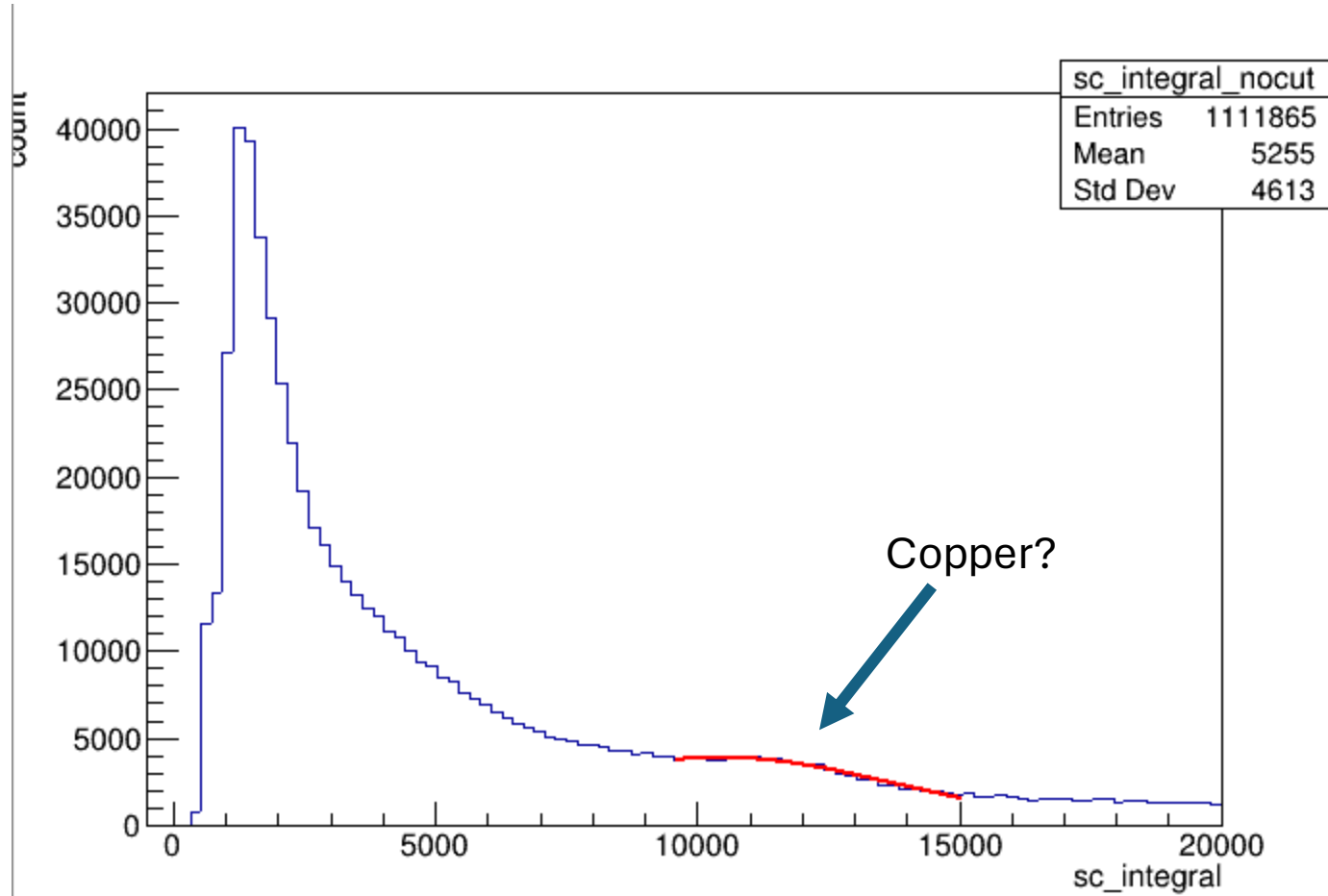
I took 2 set of calibration, evaluating the numer of iron spot, I found:



Maybe when the source is at step1, some spot happens in the GEMs area

All the runs without the iron source equalised

Cuts: fiducial area & noise



Log scale

EXT NO.	PARAMETER NAME	VALUE	ERROR	STEP SIZE	FIRST DERIVATIVE
1	Constant	3.88791e+03	1.93015e+01	7.45435e-02	6.53548e-06
2	Mean	1.04344e+04	6.79057e+01	1.03412e-01	-3.38438e-06
3	Sigma	3.38240e+03	6.33874e+01	1.67658e-05	-7.52325e-03