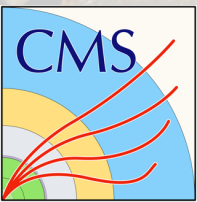


Search for Higgs boson pair production in the $bb\tau\tau$ channel with the CMS experiment

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XXXV International school “Francesco Romano”
on Nuclear, Subnuclear and Astroparticle physics
Monopoli (BA)

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SAPIENZA
UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA

Overview

- The Higgs potential and the Higgs self-coupling
- The di-Higgs production @ LHC
- $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$: CMS analysis with Run-2 dataset and Run-3 perspectives
- My current work: derivation of scale factors for $b\bar{b}$ taggers
- Conclusions



The Higgs boson in the SM

- 1960's** → Theorization of the **Brout-Englert-Higgs mechanism**
Spontaneous Symmetry Breaking (**SSB**) of the **$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$** symmetry
→ the **gauge bosons** acquire mass via their interaction with a new scalar field, the **Higgs field**
→ also the **fermions** acquire mass via their Yukawa interaction with the Higgs field

m_H → free parameter in the Standard Model

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	2/3	2/3	2/3	0	0
spin →	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H Higgs boson
	d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	Z Z boson	
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	

The Higgs boson discovery

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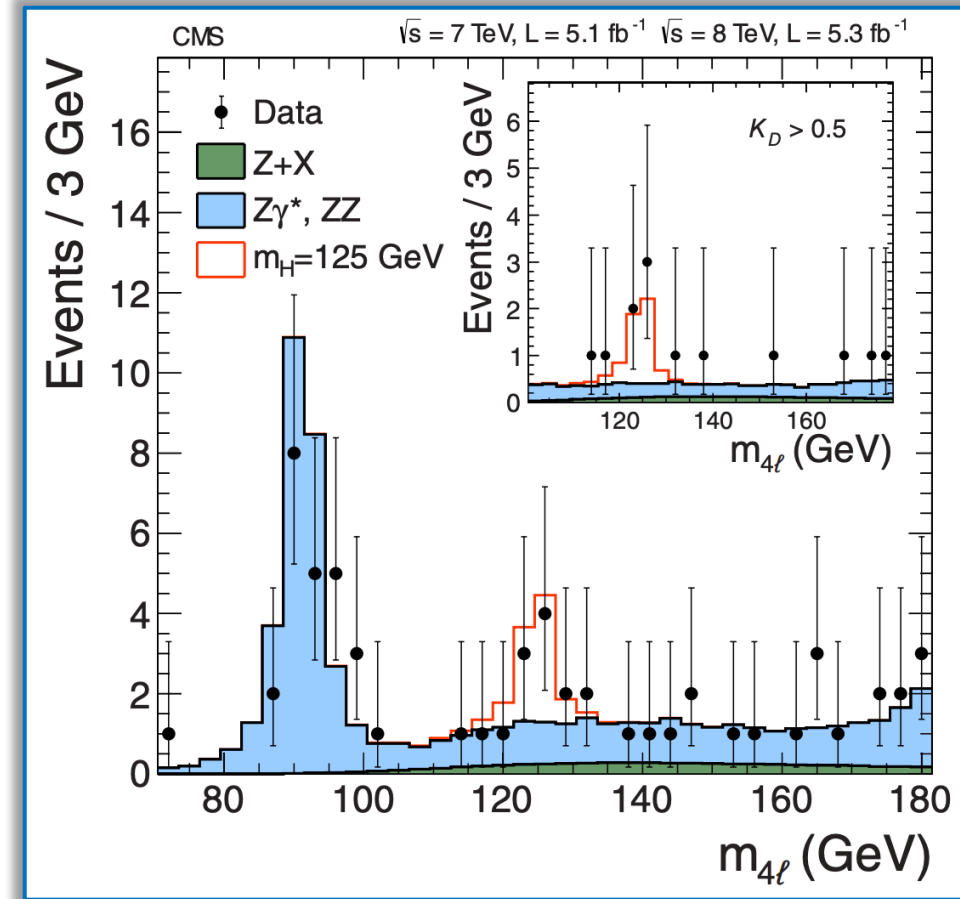
m_H → free parameter in the Standard Model

2012 → The **CMS** and the **ATLAS** experiments
discovered the Higgs boson **@LHC**

$$m_H \approx 125 \text{ GeV}$$



prediction of the **Higgs potential** according to the SM



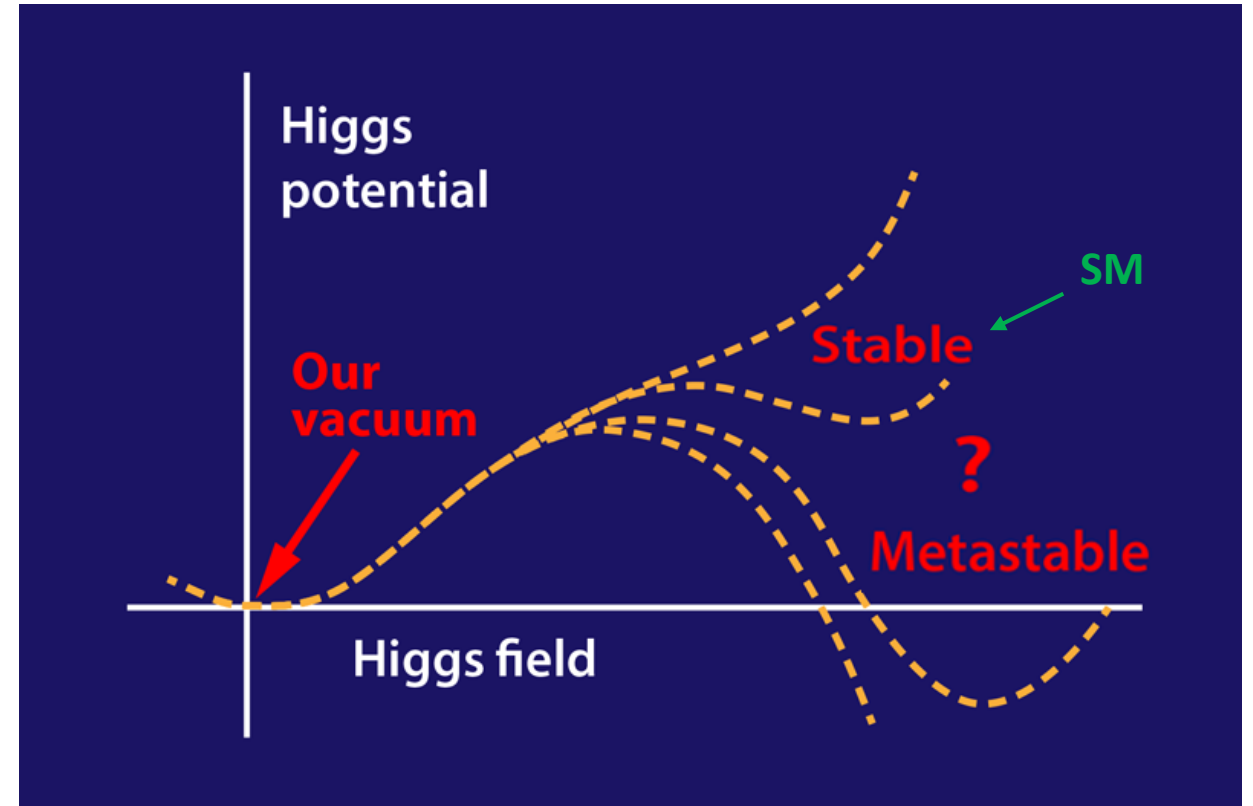
The Higgs potential in the SM

$$V(H) = \frac{1}{2!} m_H^2 h^2 + \frac{1}{3!} \lambda_{HHH} h^3 + \mathcal{O}(h^4)$$

- m_H : measured for the first time in **2012**
- λ_{HHH} : known from the **SM theory**

$$\lambda_{HHH}^{\text{SM}} = \frac{m_H^2}{2v^2} \approx 0.13$$

λ_{HHH} directly accessible via **di-Higgs production @LHC**



The di-Higgs production

Main **production** modes:

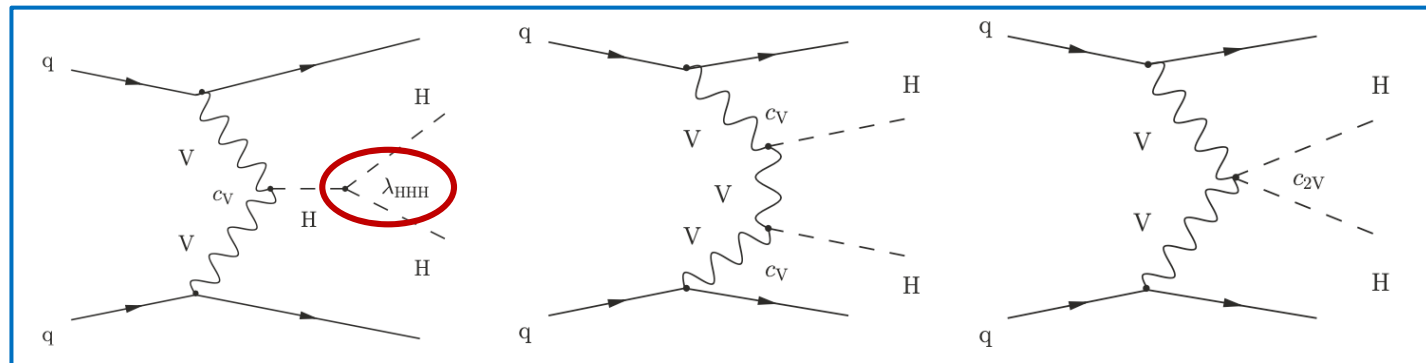
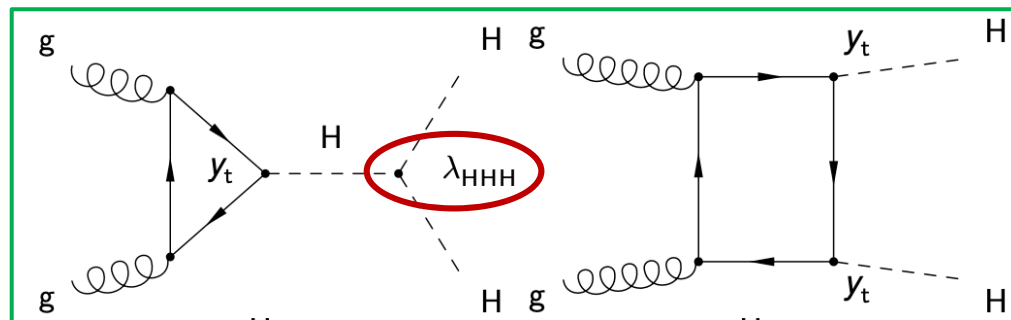
- gluon-gluon fusion (**ggF**)
- vector boson fusion (**VBF**)

$$\sigma_{\text{ggF}} > \sigma_{\text{VBF}}$$

Very rare process

$$\rightarrow \sigma_{HH} \sim 10^{-3} \sigma_H$$

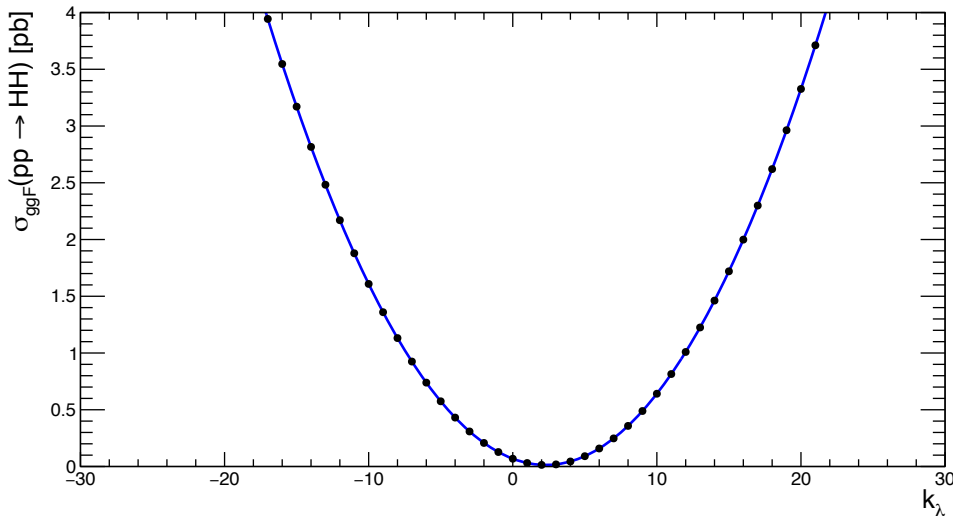
For ggF, the 2 diagrams interfere destructively
→ Difficult observation, we need a **lot of statistics**



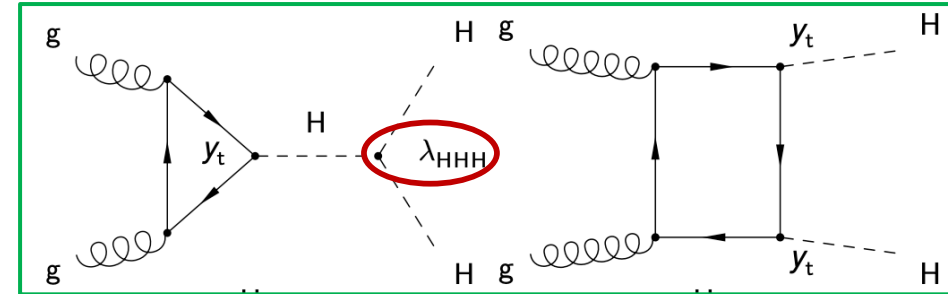
BSM effects

BSM effects incorporated in an **EFT**
(effective field theory)
→ \mathcal{L}_{EFT} with **6-dim operators**

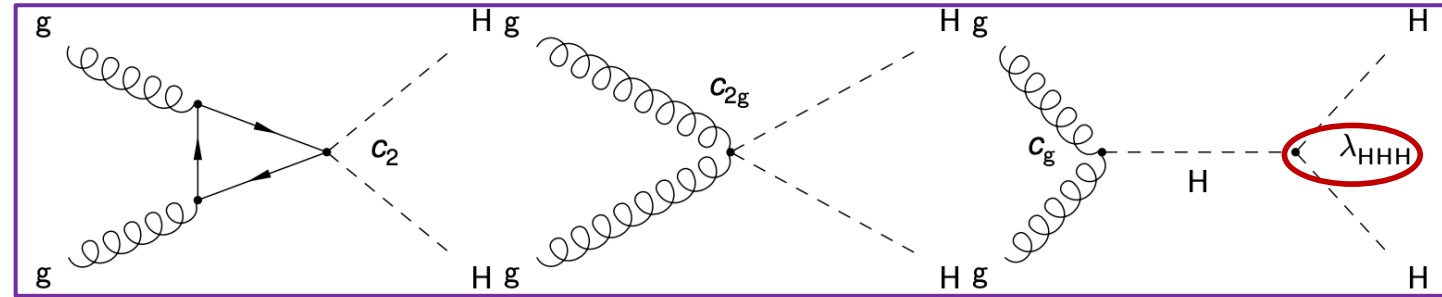
BSM can enhance σ_{HH}



SM



BSM



$$\sigma_{\text{HH}} = 68.5624 - 48.3673 \times k_\lambda + 10.5635 \times k_\lambda^2$$

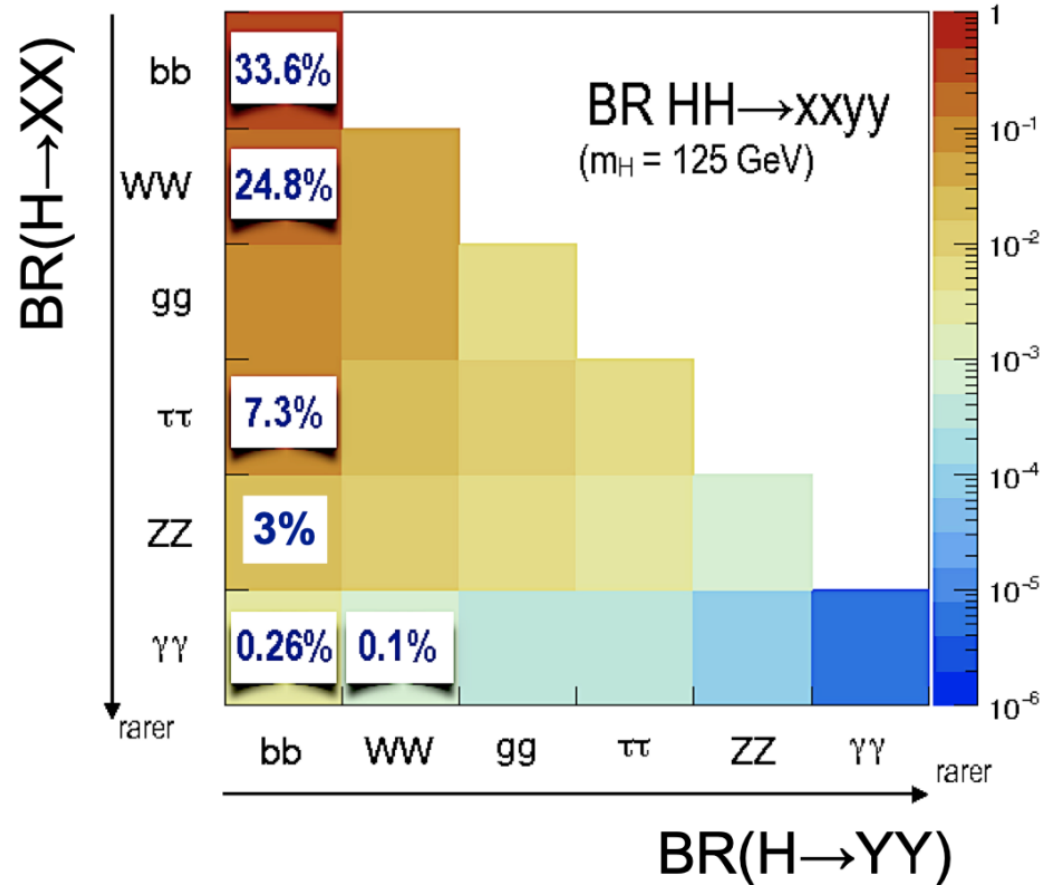
$$k_\lambda = \lambda_{\text{HHH}} / \lambda_{\text{HHH}}^{\text{SM}}$$

Direct measurement of λ_{HHH}

→ measurement of σ_{HH}

→ **SM validation or BSM evidence**

The HH observation channels



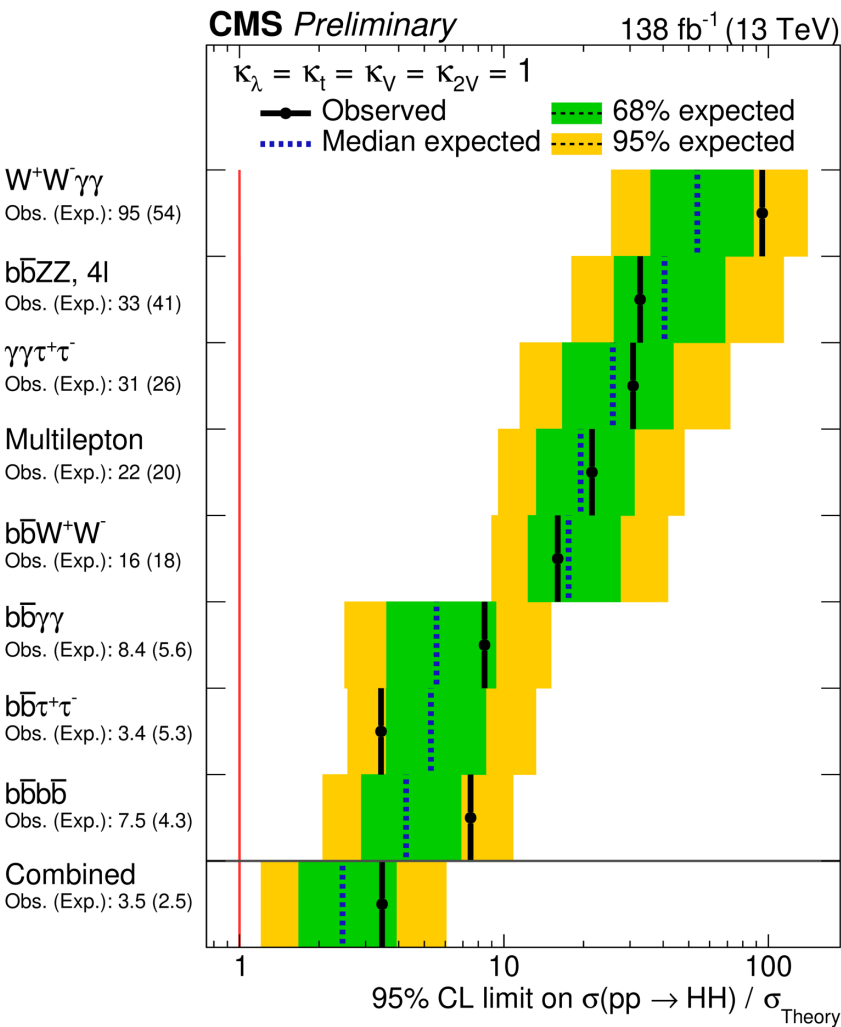
Rare process

→ best channels: **high BR** and **clean final state**

- $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ → the highest BR
- $b\bar{b}\tau\tau$ → quite high BR and leptonic decays
- $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ → low BR but very clean final state

CMS Run-3 analyses

CMS Run-2 limits



Rare process

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← CMS Run-2 results

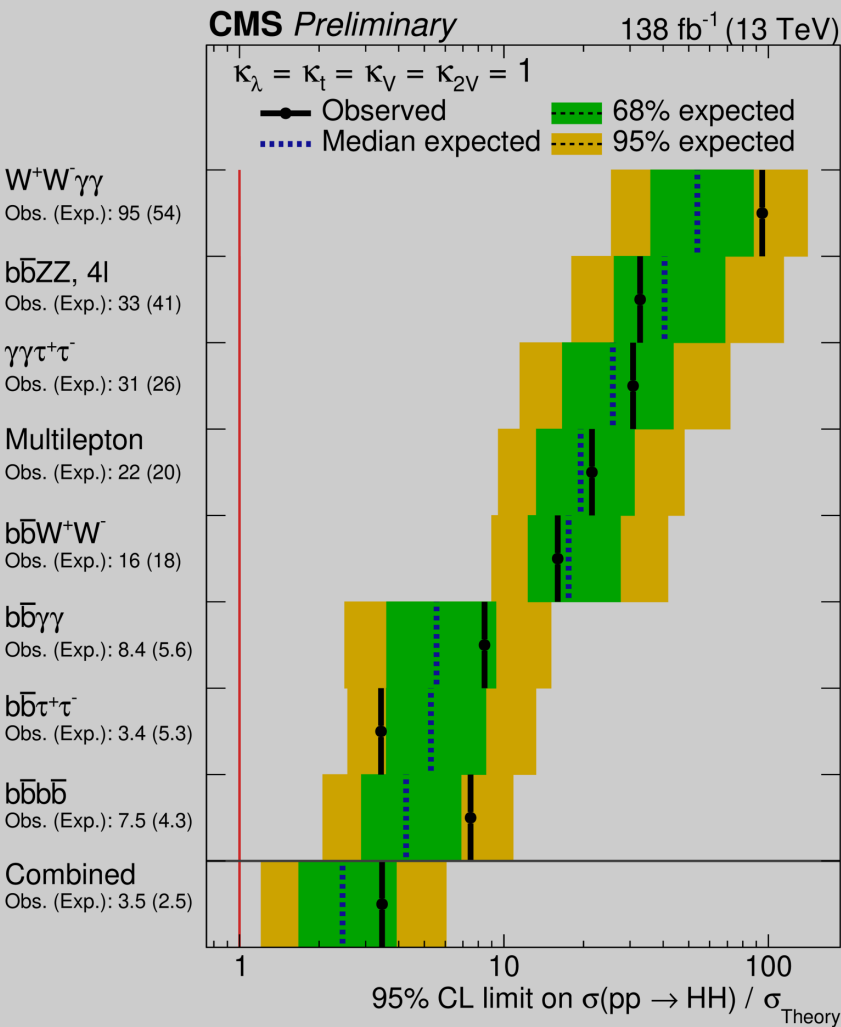
$$\sigma_{\text{obs}} \sim 3\sigma_{\text{SM}}$$

No evidence of HH production,
upper and lower limits

→ with **Run-3** we will approach the **SM prediction**
→ **HL-LHC direct observation** of HH production



CMS Run-2 limits



Rare process

→ best channels: **high BR** and **clean final state**

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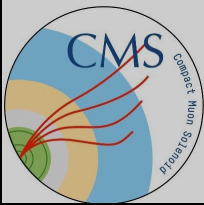


CMS Run-2 results

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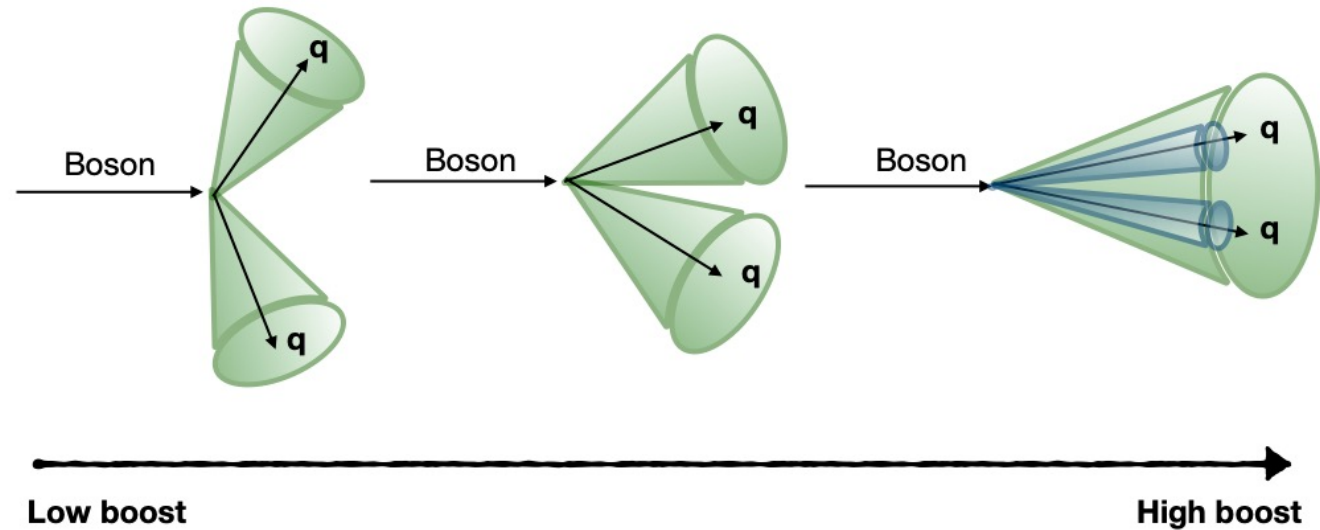
$b\bar{b}\tau\tau$: good compromise between BR and clean final state
→ b-jets
→ hadronic and leptonic taus



Jets reconstruction

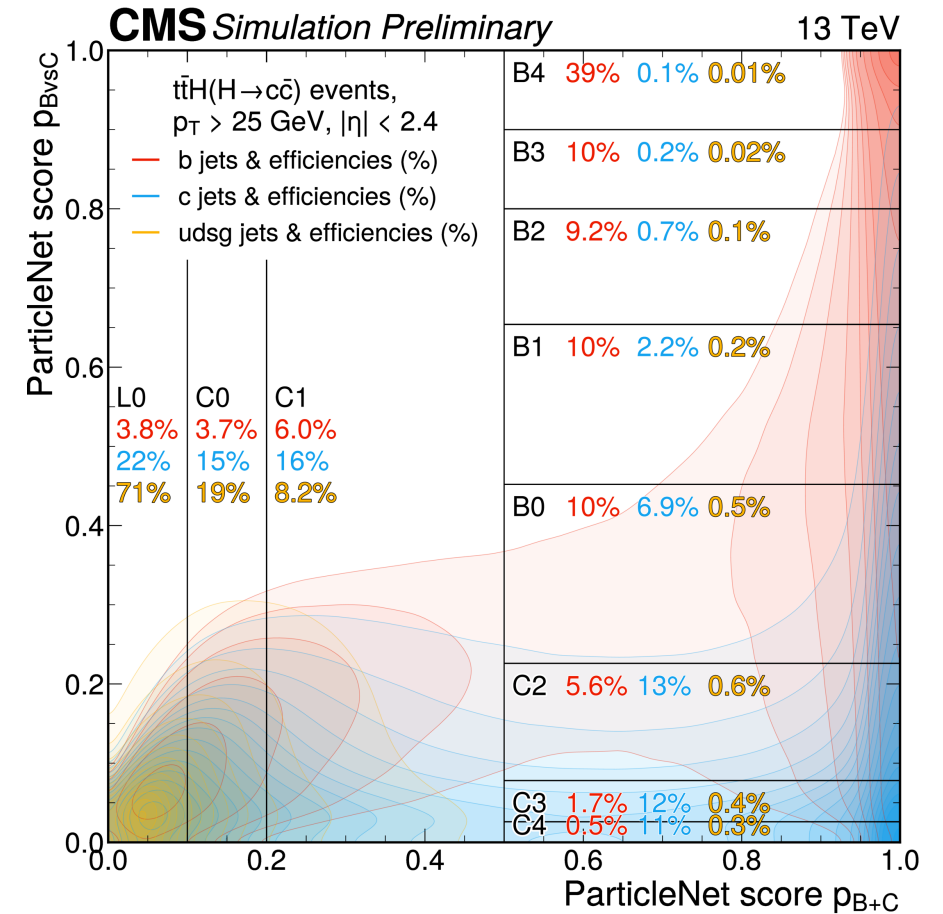
2 categories:

- **resolved** regime → clearly separable jets
- **boosted** regime → one “fat” jet containing two prong jets



b-tagging algorithms

- **Jets** are **produced frequently** in p-p collisions at the **LHC**
- Different particles produce different type of jets
- Many products to be reconstructed
→ **jet-tagging necessary!**



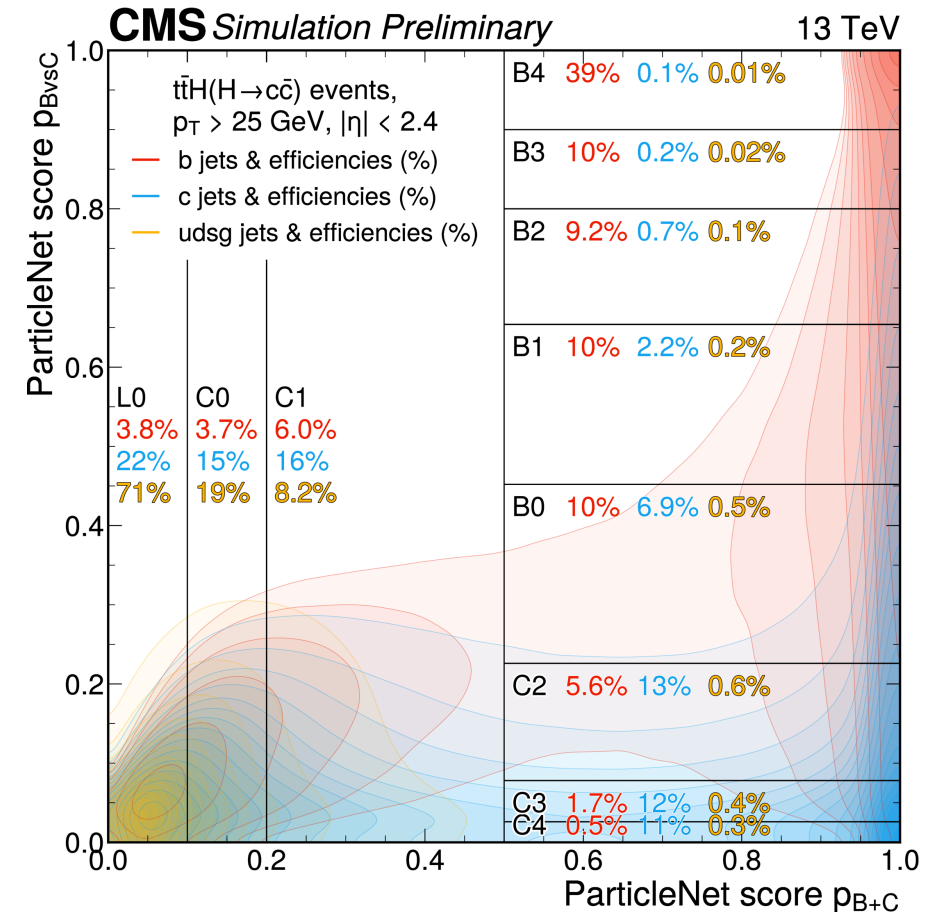
b-tagging algorithms

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My current work on behalf of the CMS $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$ group:

Evaluation of **tagging efficiency** for $b\bar{b}$ taggers

- improves the according of MC simulation and data
- extraction of scale factors to apply to MC simulations
- reduces **systematic uncertainties** and improves **results reliability**



Conclusions

- Measurement of λ_{HHH} crucial for characterizing the Higgs potential shape
- CMS (and also ATLAS) Run-2 results \rightarrow no evidence, $\sim 3\sigma_{SM}$
- Run-3 perspectives \rightarrow approaching SM prediction
- HL-LHC \rightarrow direct observation of di-Higgs production

My work

- Complete the study on scale factors, fundamental effort for the final result \rightarrow end of October
- Starting the Run-3 analysis on $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$
 \rightarrow **Goal:** full Run-3 study during my PhD (2022-2026 dataset)



Conclusions

- Measurement of λ_{HHH} **crucial** for characterizing the **Higgs potential** shape
- CMS (and also ATLAS) **Run-2 results** → **no evidence**, $\sim 3\sigma_{SM}$
- **Run-3 perspectives** → approaching **SM prediction**
- **HL-LHC** → **direct observation** of di-Higgs production

My work

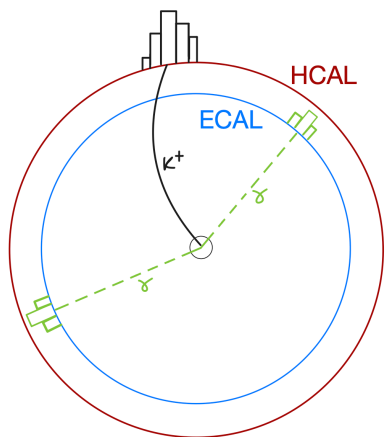
- Complete the study on scale factors, fundamental effort for the final result
→ end of October
- **Analysis goal**: full Run-3 study during my PhD (2022-2026 dataset)



Thank you!

BACKUP

Objects reconstruction with CMS



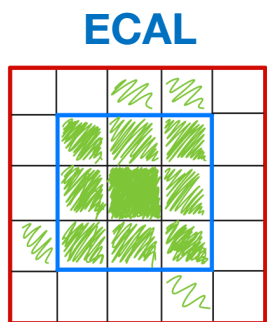
Tracker

→ curvature of the charged particles

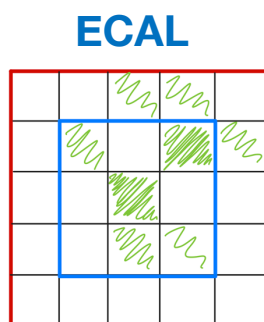
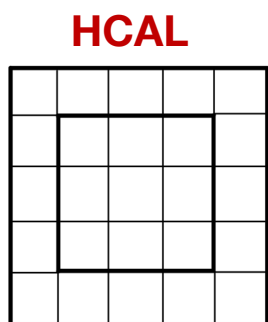
$$\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{q} \times \mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{R}$$

Calorimeters

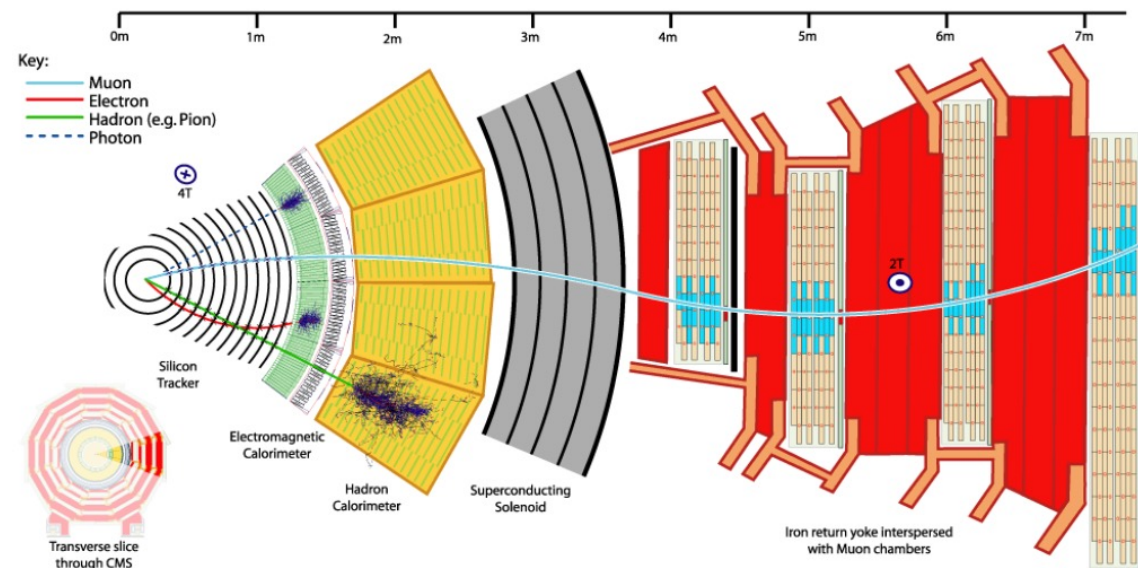
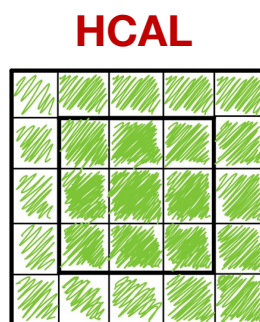
→ energy released by the particles



γ/e

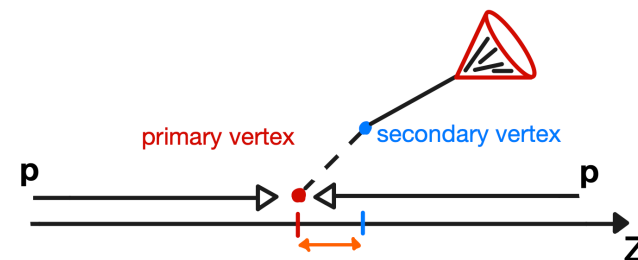


hadrons/jets



Primary and secondary vertex

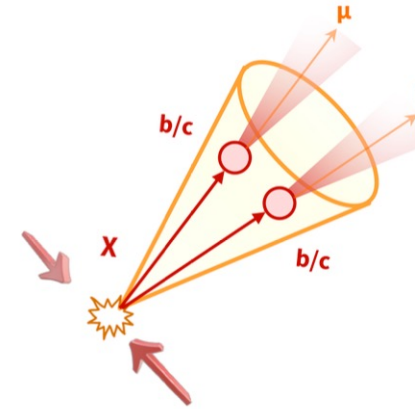
→ τ , b , c , etc... travel different distances before decaying



μ -tagged method in a nutshell

❖ Idea

- 20% (10%) of jets originated from b (c) quarks contain an e/μ
- Select the $g \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ($c\bar{c}$) QCD proxy requiring a **soft muon** inside the **AK8 jet (“fat” jet)** to enhance the $b\bar{b}$ ($c\bar{c}$) component



❖ Signal-proxy similarity

- Select two prong jets with an extra requirements on τ_{21}
- Vary the cut on τ_{21} to extract a systematic uncertainty for the SF

❖ Pros

- **Orthogonal** phase space
- Suitable for **calibration** of **taggers** not using the muon information

N-subjettiness ratio

$$\tau_{MN}^h = \frac{\sum_{i \in \{\text{had.}\}} p_{T,i} \min_{j=1}^M \{\Delta R_{i, \hat{n}_{M,j}}\}}{\sum_{i \in \{\text{had.}\}} p_{T,i} \min_{j=1}^N \{\Delta R_{i, \hat{n}_{N,j}}\}}$$

$$\tau_{21} \in [0,1]$$

τ_{21} near 0 \rightarrow 2 prong jets inside the AK8

τ_{21} near 1 \rightarrow 1 prong jet inside the AK8