The BESIII Experiment and the CGEM-IT Project

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Outline

- The BESIII Experiment and the Physics@BESIII
- The CGEM-IT project



The BESIII Experiment

BESIII (Beijing Spectrometer III) is an experiment located at BEPCII (Beijing Electron Positron Collider II) at IHEP (Institure of High Energy Physics)

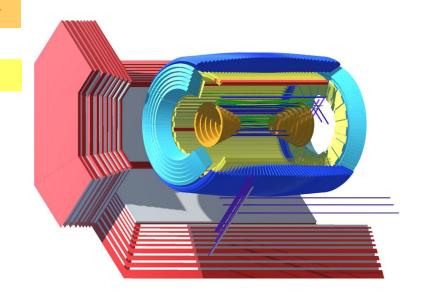
Multi-layer Drift Chamber

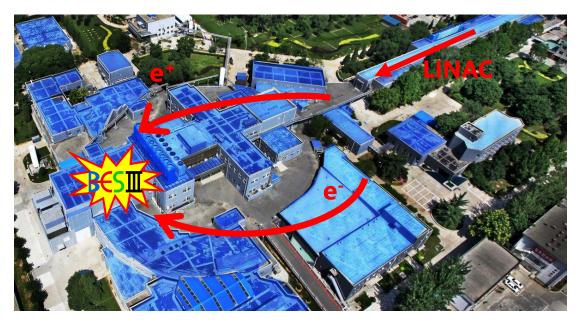
Time of Flight Detector

EM Calorimeter

1T Solenoidal Magnet

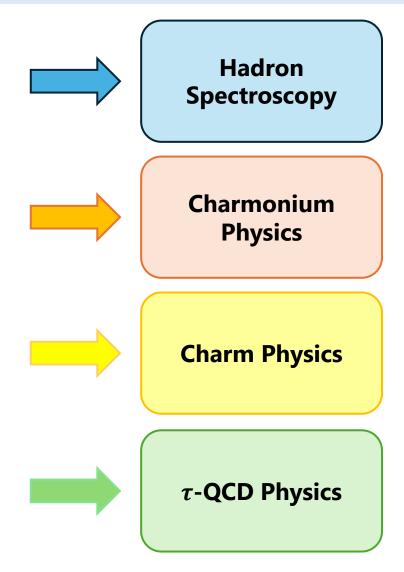
Muon Detector

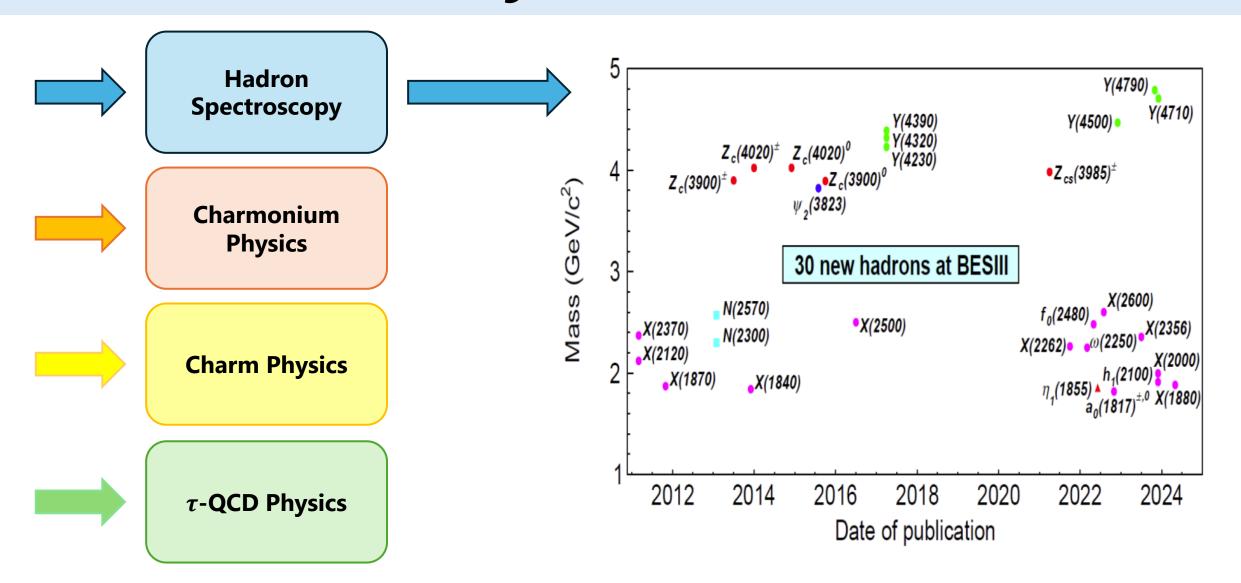


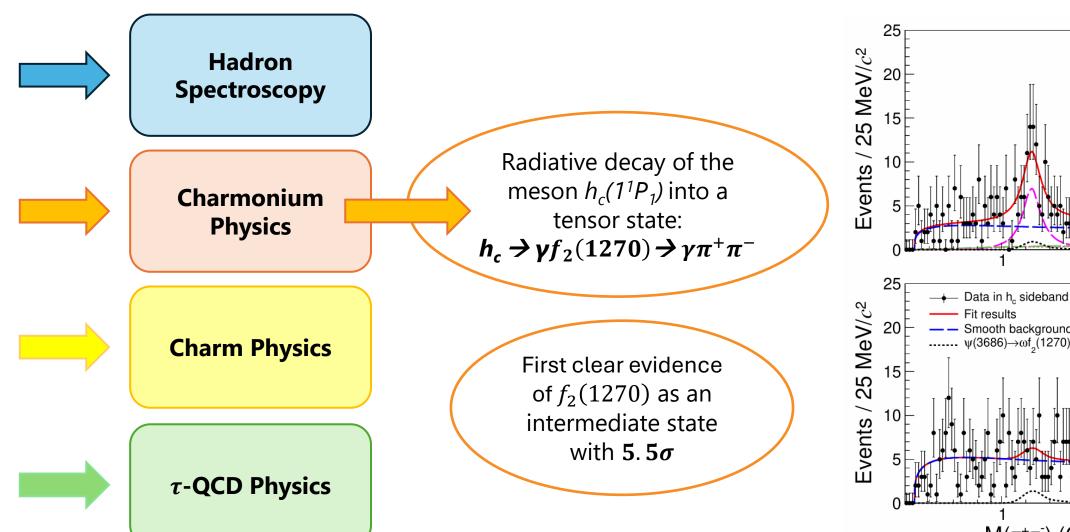


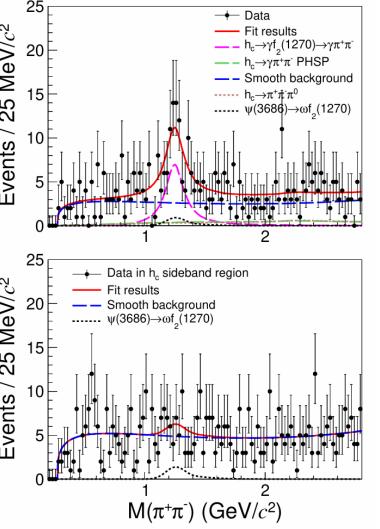
BESIII has collected the world's largest sample of $\psi(2S)$, with (27.12 ± 0.14) × 10⁸ events, and of J/ψ , with 10¹⁰ events

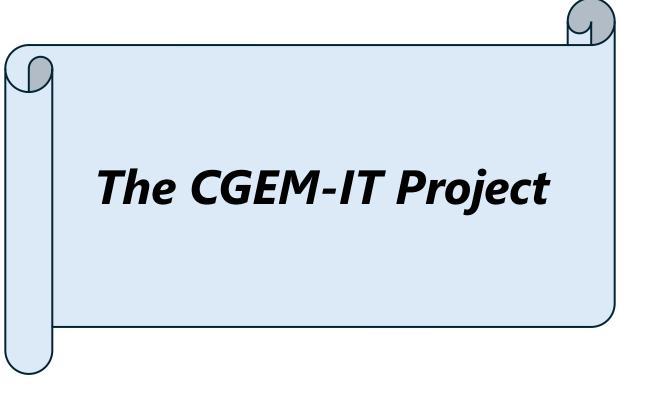
 τ -charm factory 2.0 GeV ≤ \sqrt{s} ≤ 4.95 GeV with an instantaneous luminosity of 10^{33} cm⁻² s⁻¹ @ \sqrt{s} =3.77 GeV



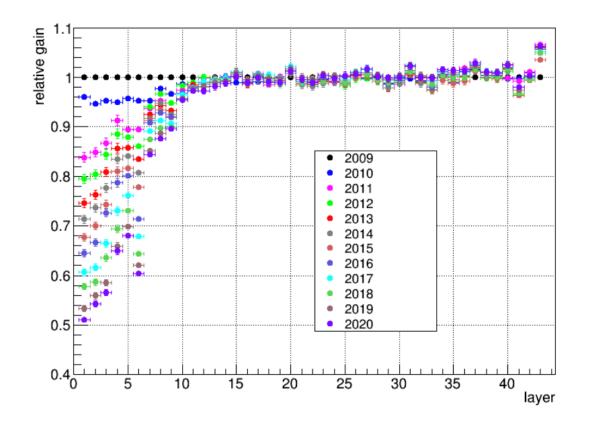




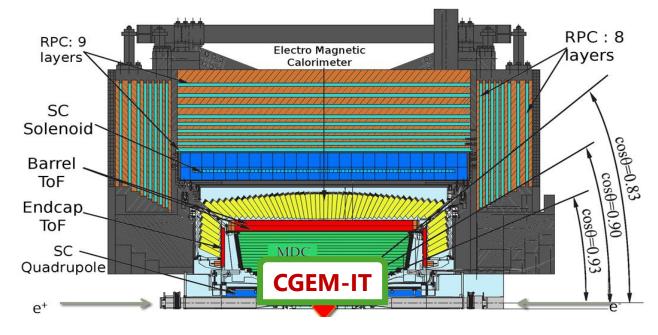


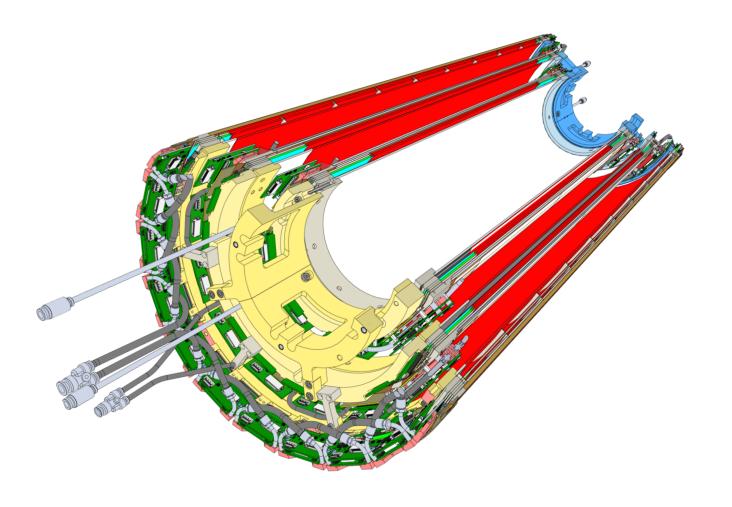


The MDC Ageing

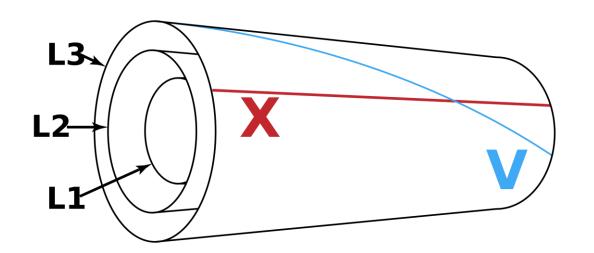


- The inner part of the MDC is suffering from ageing due to beam-induced background, with a gain drop of about 50% for the first layer
- This gain loss led to the decision to replace the inner part





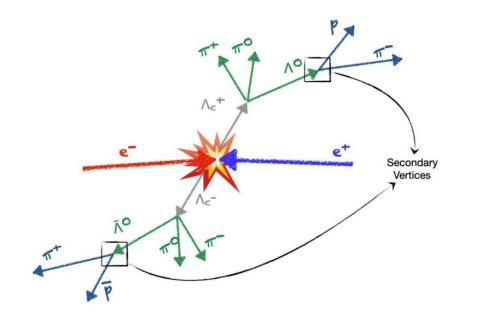
- The Cylindrical Gas Electron Multiplier (CGEM), developed by the Italian BESIII group, has been proposed to replace the first eight layers of the MDC
- The CGEM-IT consists of 3 independent cylindrical triple-GEM layers, referred to as Layer 1 (L1), Layer 2 (L2), Layer 3 (L3)
- The CGEM-IT allows an improvement of the radiation hardness, rate capability, and spatial resolution along the beam axis, while keeping the same momentum resolution

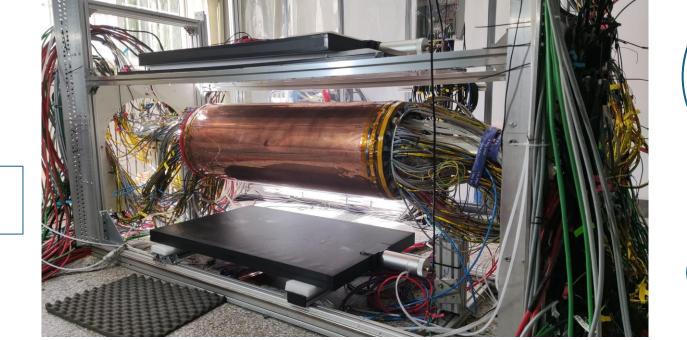


| | ACTIVE AREA LENGTH | STRIP STEREO ANGLE |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| L1 | 532 mm | 46.7° |
| L2 | 690 mm | -31.0° |
| L3 | 847 mm | 32.0° |

Improvements:

- Resolution in the **z** direction ($\sim 300 \mu m$)
- Reconstruction of secondary vertices (by a factor of ~ 3)





A dedicated cosmic-ray campaign was carried out to evaluate the performance and study the characteristics of the detector

Efficiency ~ 95% for the three layers

September 2023 – May 2024

Standalone

Commissioning

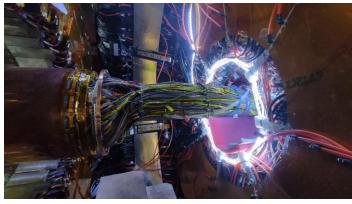






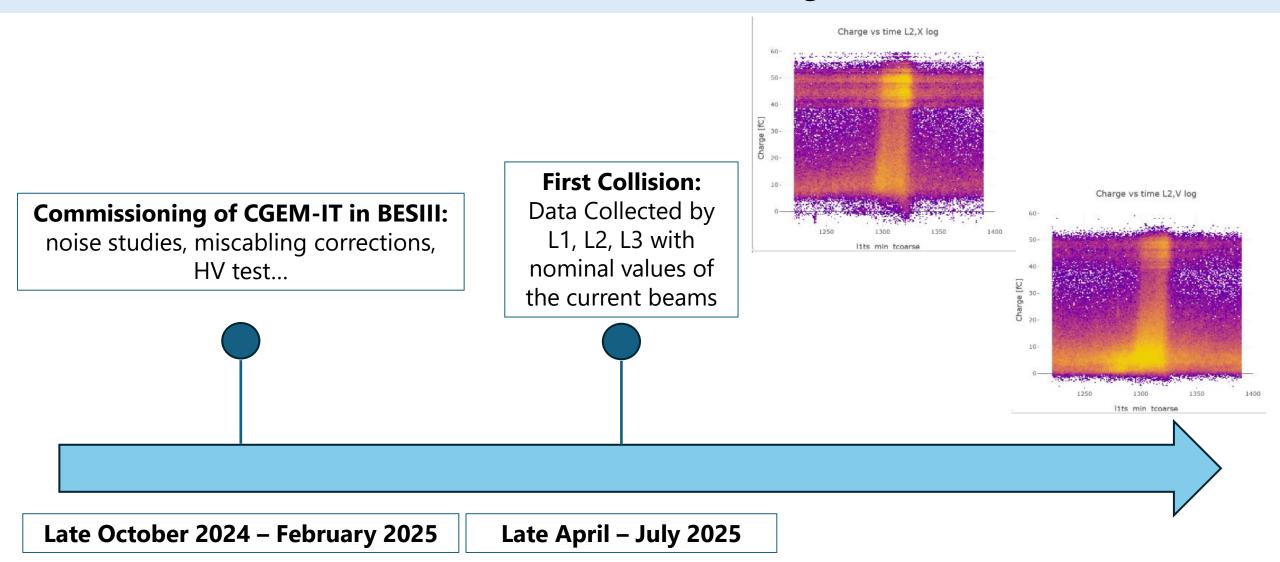
Installation







2 October 2024 - 5 October 2024



Conclusions

- Since 2009, BESIII has collected large data samples of J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$, $\psi(3770)$ states along with data sets to fully cover its rich physics programme
- The CGEM-IT detector allows an improvement of radiation hardness, rate capability and spatial resolution
- During the summer break several interventions were carried out to improve and complete the systems
- The data taking of BESIII is planned to resume in mid-October



Thank you!

Backup

Hadron Spectroscopy:

The light hadron group studies meson and baryon spectroscopy with light quarks, as well as exotic states. Using 10 billion J/ψ decays, BESIII investigates gluon-rich processes to explore glueballs and hybrids

Charm Physics:

The charm subgroup studies the charmed mesons and baryons. The group contributes to the light quark exotic states searche by probing their connections to the $D_{(s)}$ mesons. The charm division also takes care of the electroweak part of the Standard Model measuring the CKM matrix

Charmonium Physics:

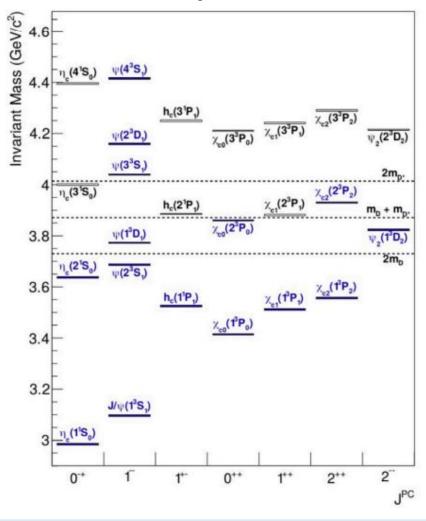
The subgroup focuses on the studies of conventional charmonia and the searches for the XYZ states. It measures cross sections, transitions, and decay between the different charmonia, allowing us to probe the charmonium potential model and shedding

τ -QCD Physics:

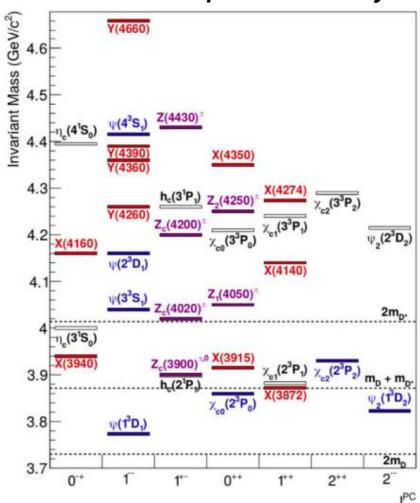
The τ -QCD group is dedicated to precise measurement of key parameters of the SM and the perturbative regime of QCD (e.g. R-value estimation and form factors)

Why Charmonia

Charmonium spectrum before 2003



Charmonium spectrum nowadays



- Blue: predicted and discovered
- Gray: predicted conventional but not yet discovered
- Red: neutral non conventional XYZ mesons
- Magenta: charged non conventional states