AI for Supernova Neutrinos:

Implementation of Neutrino Flavor Conversions in Core-Collapse Supernova Simulations

Sajad Abbar

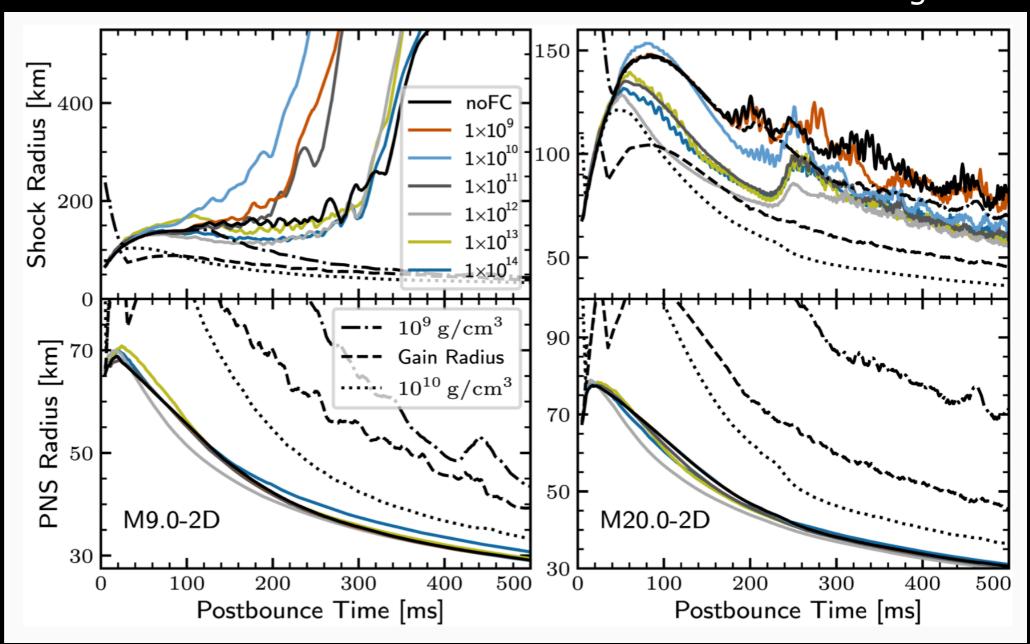
Max Planck Institut für Physik (MPP) NOW2024, Sep 7, 2024





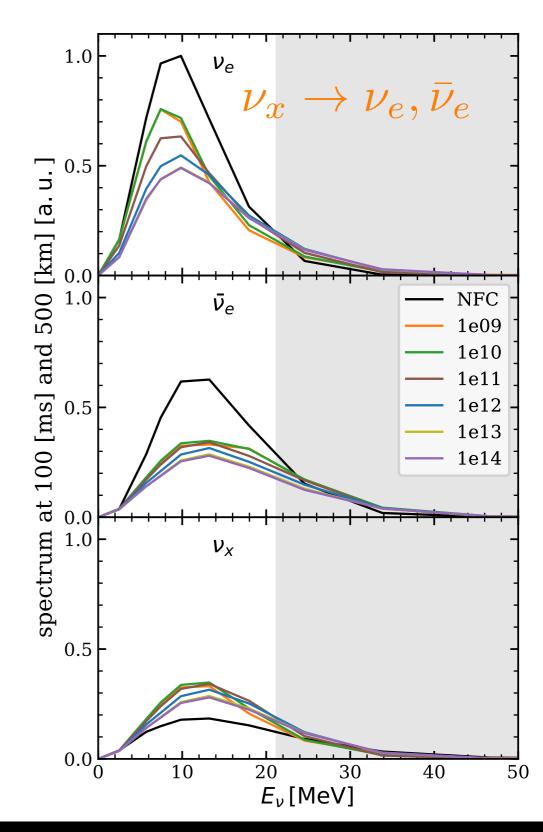
• We performed the first SN simulations including neutrino flavor conversions for 2D models, in a parametric way

Ehring+2023



Including Neutrino Flavor Conversions in CCSNe Ehring+(2023)

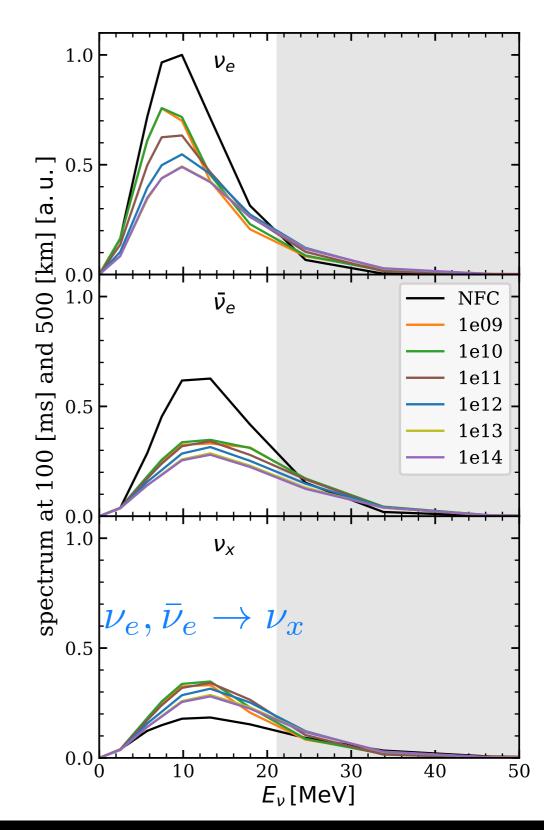
- Two competing effects here
 - $\nu_x \rightarrow \nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e$ at the tail increases heating



Including Neutrino Flavor Conversions in CCSNe Ehring+(2023)

- Two competing effects here
 - $\nu_x
 ightarrow \nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e$ at the tail increases heating

• $\nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e \to \nu_x$ at the peak increases total neutrino luminosity



 Neutrino FC cannot be ignored blindly in CCSN simulations!

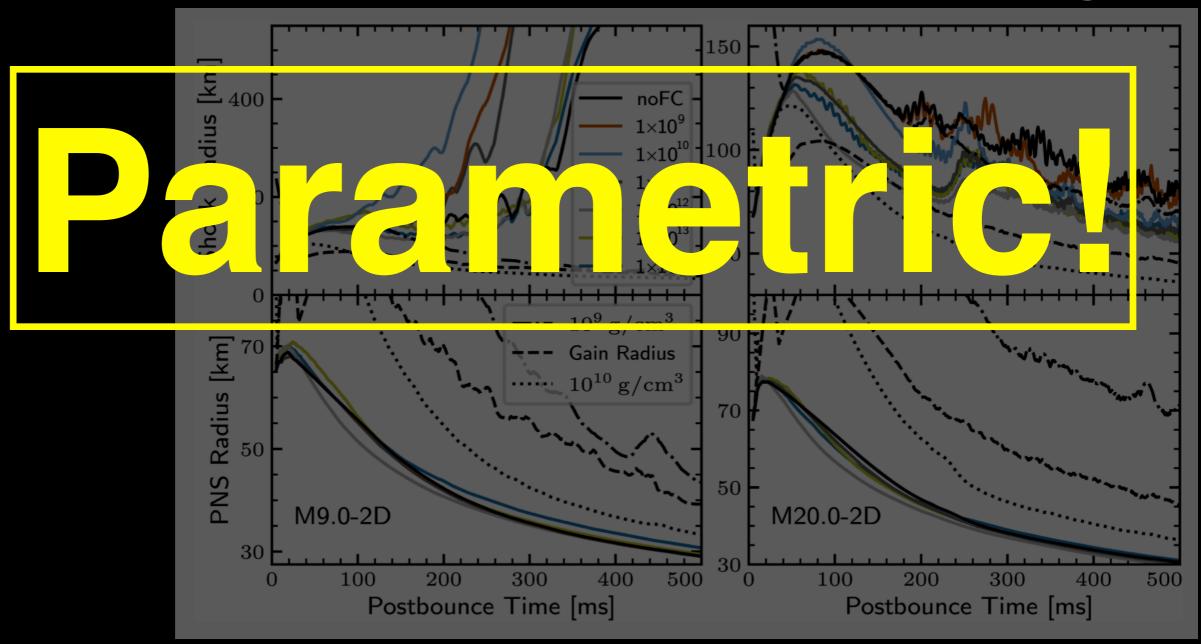
> 150 Shock Radius [km] 200 50 PNS Radius [km] $10^{10} \, {\rm g/cm^3}$ 70 50 M9.0-2D M20.0-2D

Postbounce Time [ms]

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• We performed the first SN simulations including neutrino flavor conversions for 2D models, in a parametric way

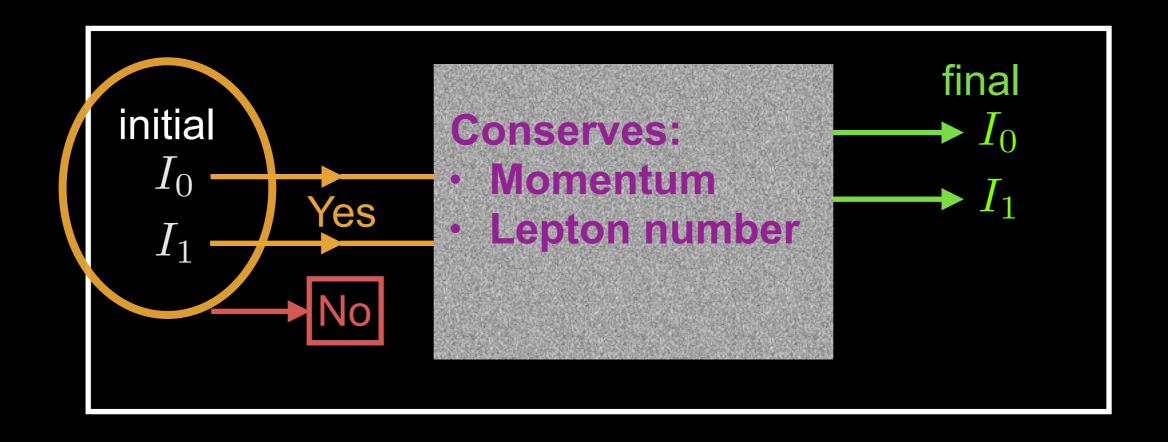
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We didn't check the criteria for the occurrence of FCs

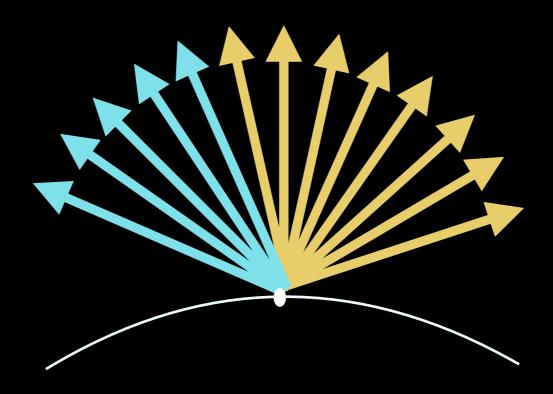
 Assuming instantaneous flavor equilibrium (FFCs), the equilibrium state was chosen to maximize the impact of FC

AI for Neutrino Flavor Conversions



- Checking criteria for the occurrence of FCs
- Finding equilibrium state for given initial quantities

• FFC could occur when there is crossing in $f_{
u_e}(\theta)$ - $f_{ar{
u}_e}(\theta)$



• Scales on which flavor conversion can occur is now proportional to n_{ν} and could be < 10 cm

 The angular distributions are not available, instead we have only access to their moments

$$I_n = \int d\cos\theta_{\nu} \, \cos^n\theta_{\nu} \, f_{\nu}(\cos\theta_{\nu})$$

- In M1 closure scheme only the evolution of zeroth and first moments are followed directly
- AI can detect FFCs based on I_0 and I_1 on the fly
 - A classification problem!
 - We have four feature here: I_0 and I_1 for neutrinos and antineutrinos

The error is the same as the error in the noisy labels

Parametric distributions

Logistic Regression (93%)					
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	83%	93%	88%		
crossing	97%	93%	95%		
	KNN (n=3) (95%)				
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	90%	90%	90%		
crossing	96%	96%	96%		
	$\mathbf{SVM}\ (95\%)$				
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	92%	90%	91%		
crossing	96%	97%	97%		
Decision tree (94%)					
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	89%	88%	89%		
crossing	96%	96%	96%		

The error is the same as the error in the noisy labels

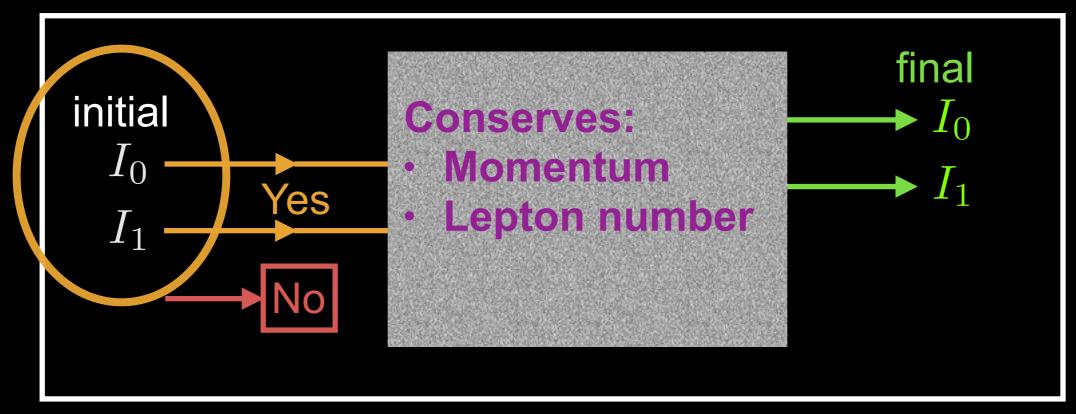
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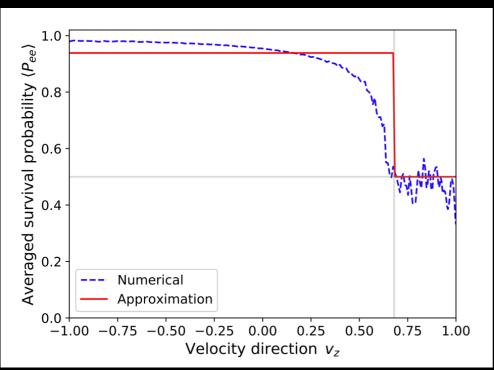
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Realistic data

	LR (n = 2) (94%)				
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	96%	95%	95%		
crossing	91%	93%	92%		
KNN (n=3) (98%)					
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	98%	99%	99%		
crossing	98%	97%	98%		
SVM (97%)					
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	98%	98%	98%		
crossing	96%	97%	97%		
Decision tree (99%)					
	precision	recall	F_1 -score		
no crossing	99%	99%	99%		
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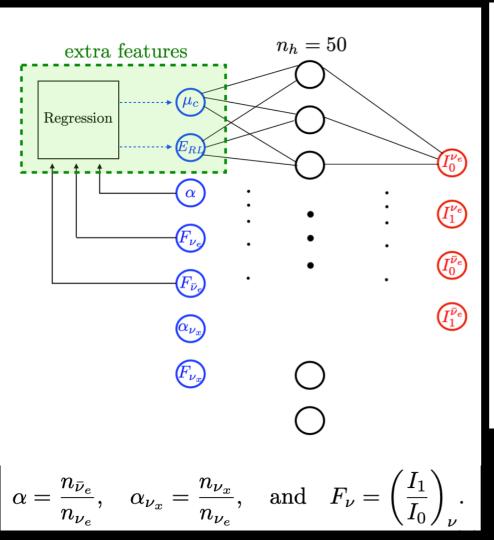
Assuming instantaneous equilibration

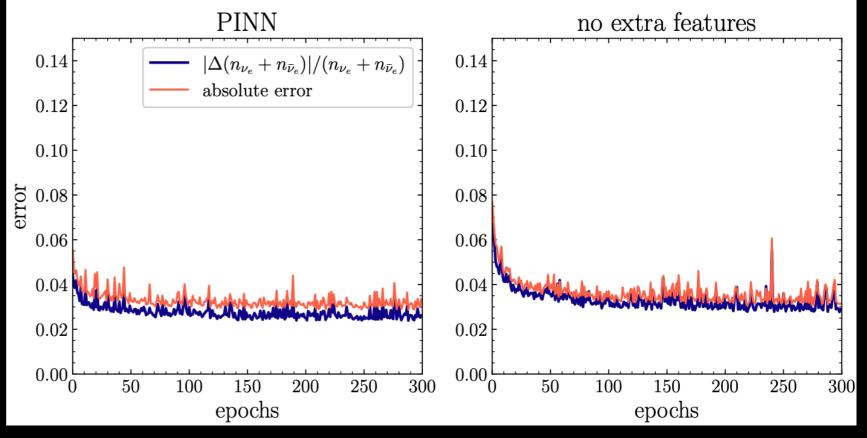




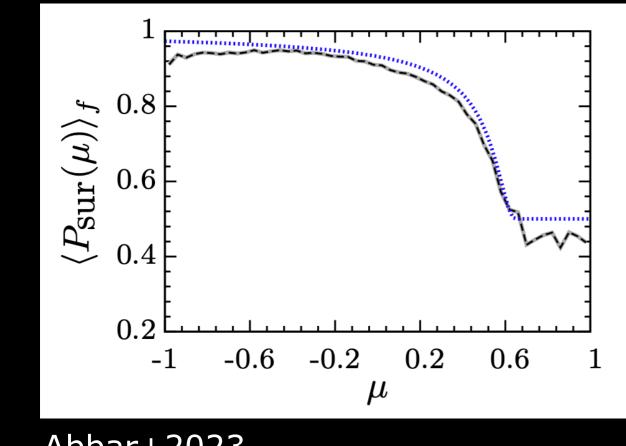
 Assuming the periodic box solution, the survival probability can be found analytically

- For a single-energy neutrino gas, NN can predict the outcome of FFCs
- Introducing novel features could help a bit

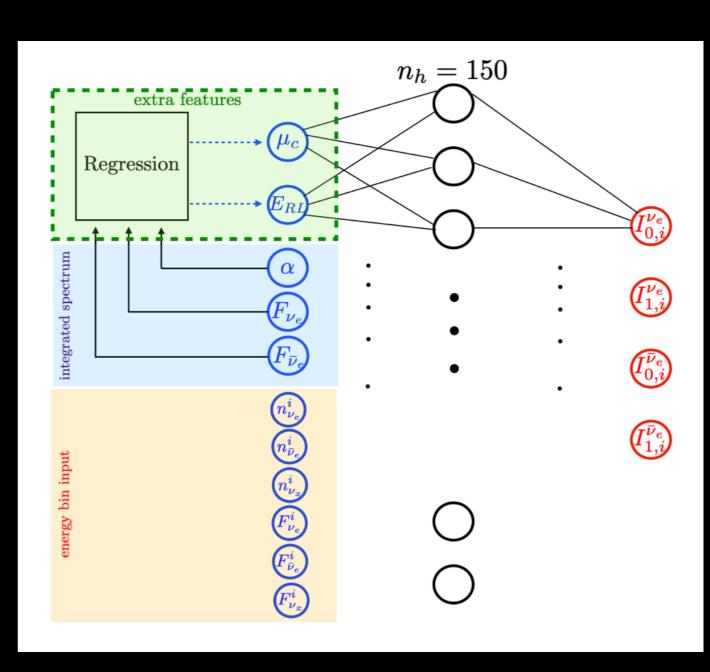




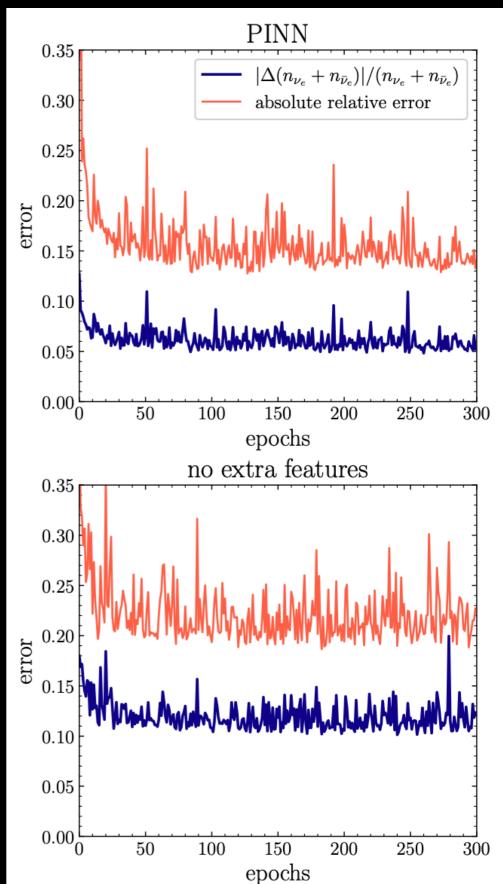
 For a multi-energy neutrino gas, all the energy bins follow the same survival probability (if FFC is really fast!)



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- The error is lager for the multi-energy case
- Feature engineering is important



Summary

- Neutrino Flavor Conversions cannot be ignored blindly in CCSN simulations
- AI can help with this but still lots of issues must be addressed