

Electron mass

comes from a term of the form

 $\bar{L}\phi e_R$

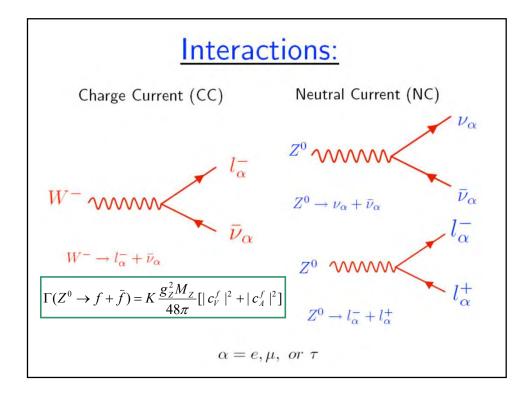
Absence of ν_R

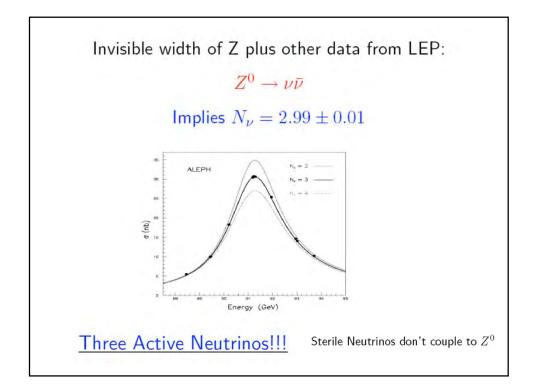
forbids such a mass term (dim 4)

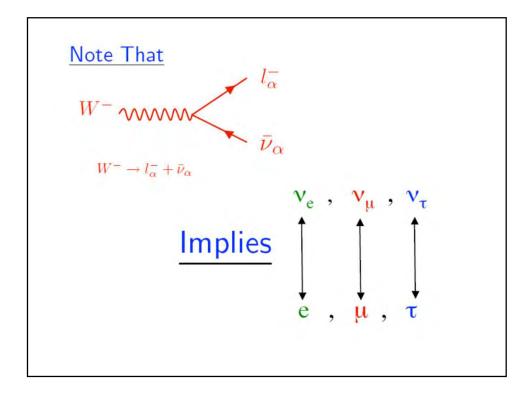
for the Neutrino

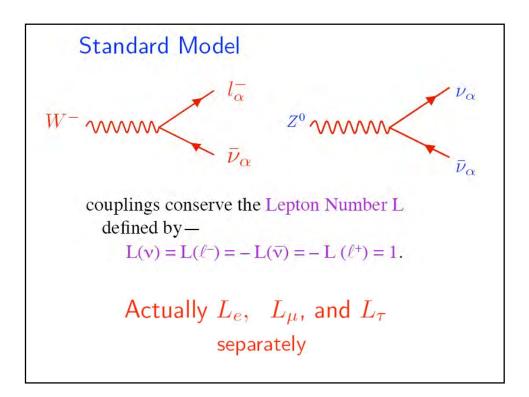
Therefore in the SM neutrinos are massless

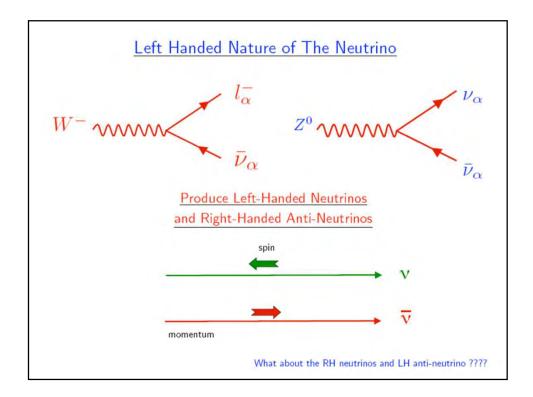
and hence travel at speed of light.

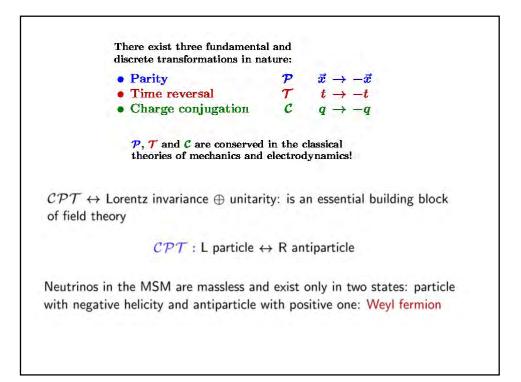


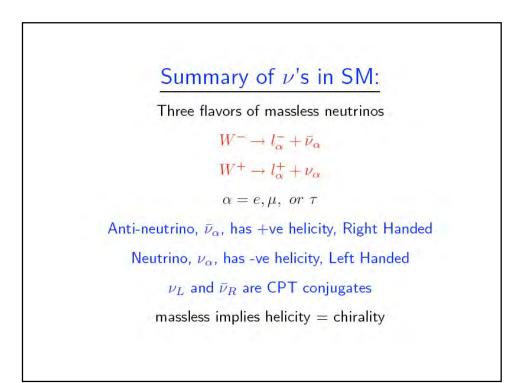


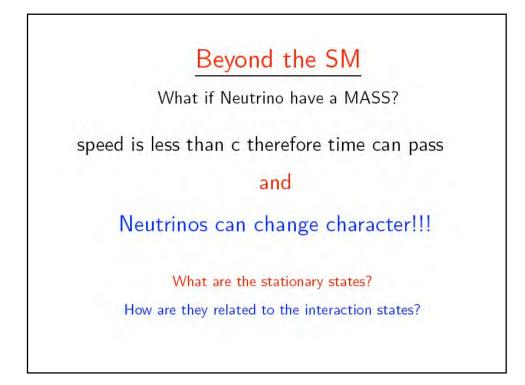


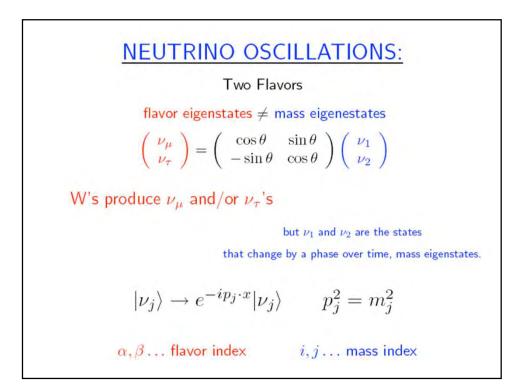


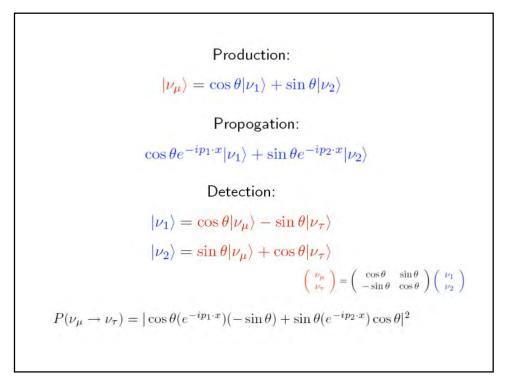












$$\begin{split} P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) &= |\cos \theta(e^{-ip_{1} \cdot x})(-\sin \theta) + \sin \theta(e^{-ip_{2} \cdot x}) \cos \theta|^{2} \\ \text{Same E, therefore } p_{j} &= \sqrt{E^{2} - m_{j}^{2}} \approx E - \frac{m_{j}^{2}}{2E} \\ e^{-ip_{j} \cdot x} &= e^{-iEt} e^{-ip_{j}L} \approx e^{-i(Et - EL)} e^{-im_{j}^{2}L/2E} \\ P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) &= \sin^{2} \theta \cos^{2} \theta |e^{-im_{2}^{2}L/2E} - e^{-im_{1}^{2}L/2E}|^{2} \\ P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) &= \sin^{2} 2\theta \sin^{2} \frac{\delta m^{2}L}{4E} \\ \delta m^{2} &= m_{2}^{2} - m_{1}^{2} \text{ and } \frac{\delta m^{2}L}{4E} \equiv \Delta \text{ kinematic phase:} \end{split}$$

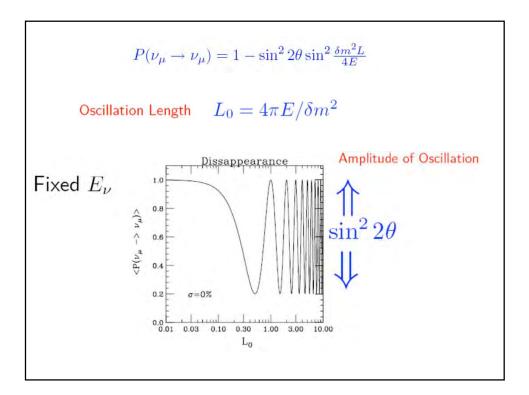
$$P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) = |\cos \theta(e^{-ip_{1} \cdot x})(-\sin \theta) + \sin \theta(e^{-ip_{2} \cdot x}) \cos \theta|^{2}$$
Same E, therefore $p_{j} = \sqrt{E^{2} - m_{j}^{2}} \approx E - \frac{m_{j}^{2}}{2E}$

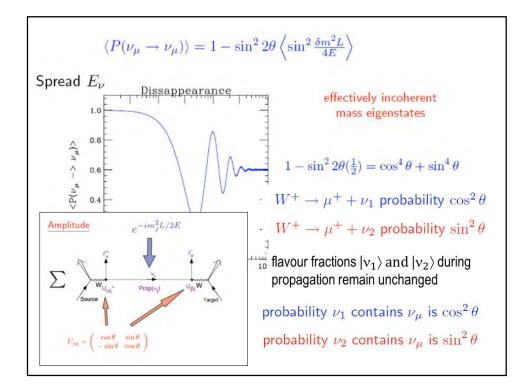
$$e^{-ip_{j} \cdot x} = e^{-iEt}e^{-ip_{j}L} \approx e^{-i(Et-EL)} e^{-im_{j}^{2}L/2E}$$

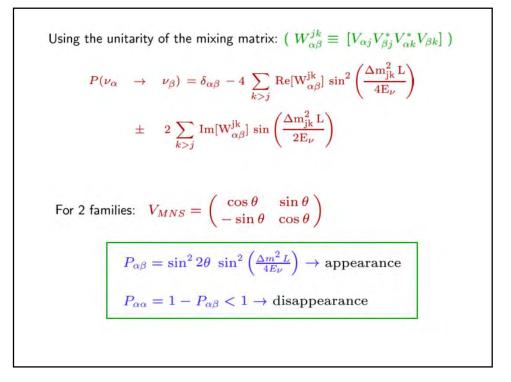
$$P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) = \sin^{2} \theta \cos^{2} \theta |e^{-im_{2}^{2}L/2E} - e^{-im_{1}^{2}L/2E}|^{2}$$

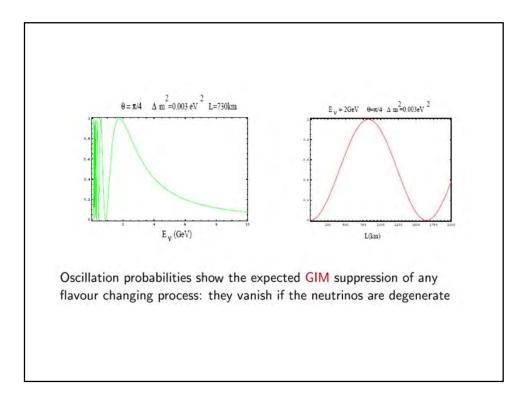
$$P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) = \sin^{2} 2\theta \sin^{2}\left(\frac{\delta m^{2}L}{4E}\frac{c^{4}}{\hbar c}\right)$$

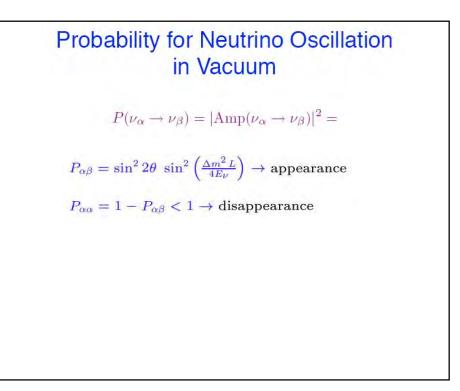
Appearance: $P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}) = \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 \frac{\delta m^2 L}{4E}$ Disappearance: $P(\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\mu}) = 1 - \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 \frac{\delta m^2 L}{4E}$

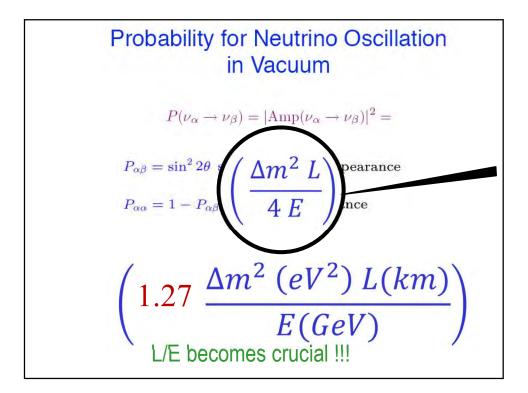


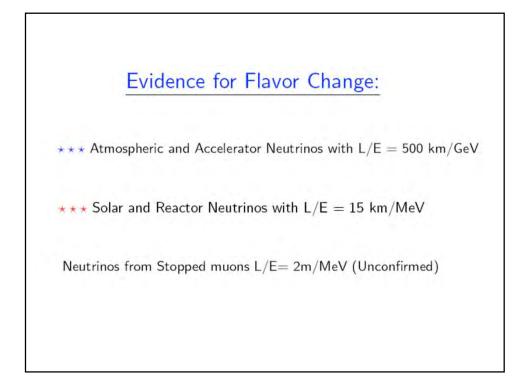


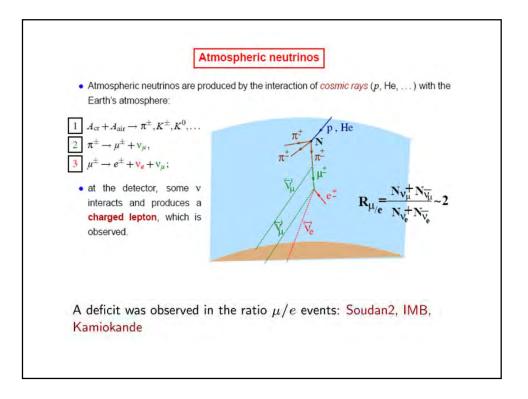




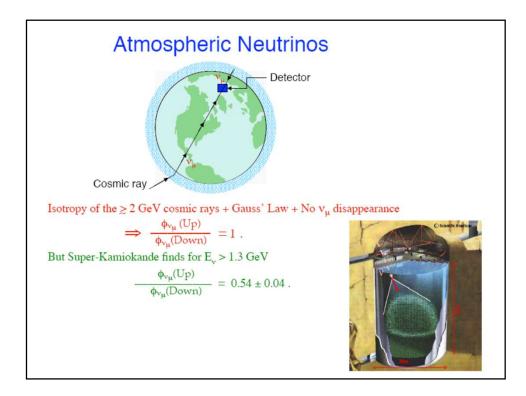


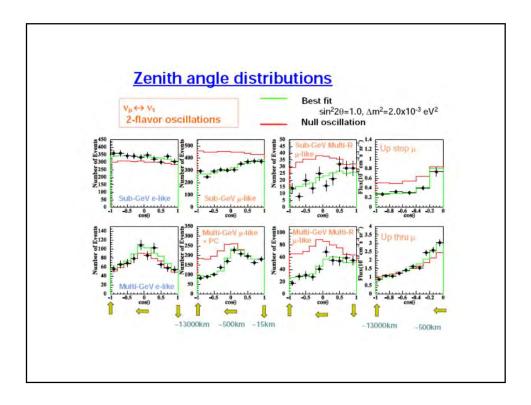


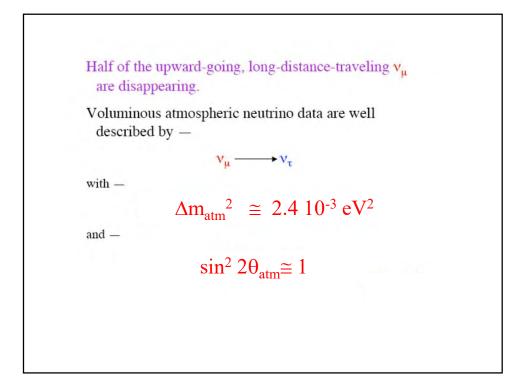


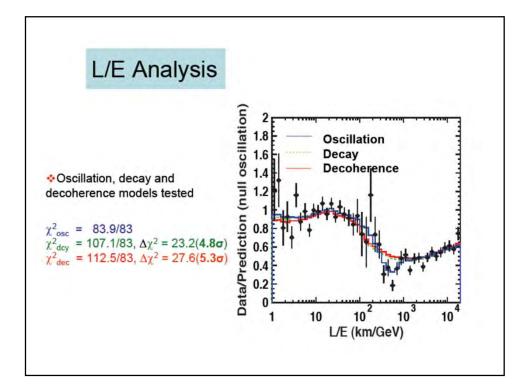


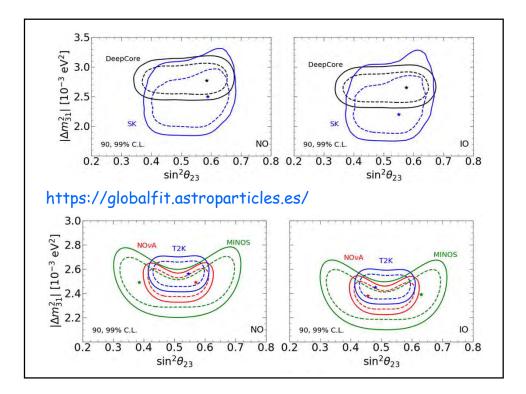
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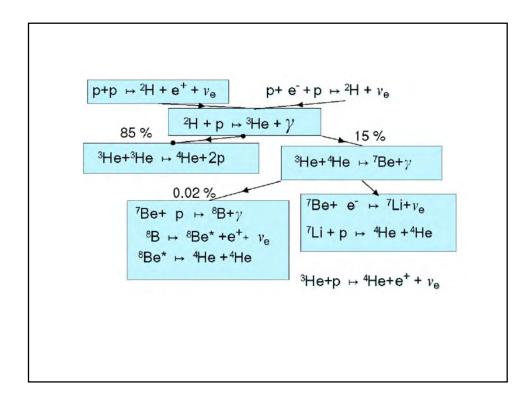


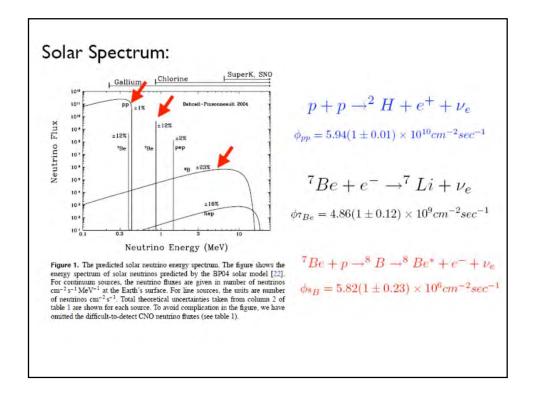
Solar Engine:

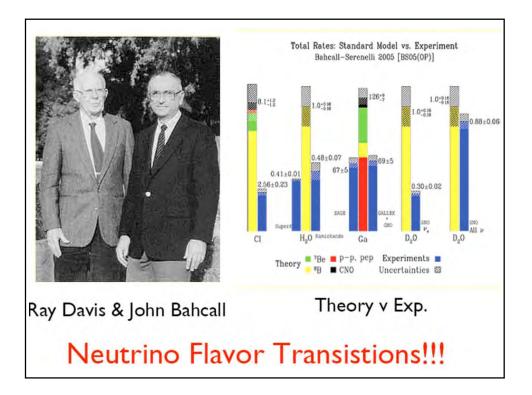
$$\begin{array}{l} 4p + 2e^{-} \rightarrow^{4} He + 2\nu_{e} + 26.7 MeV \\ E = mc^{2} \end{array}$$

$$1 \nu_{e} \text{ for every 13.4 MeV } (=2.1 \times 10^{-12} \text{ J}) \\ \mathcal{L}_{\odot} \text{ at earth's surface 0.13 watts/cm}^{2} \\ \phi_{\nu} = \frac{0.13}{2.1 \times 10^{-12}} = 6 \times 10^{10} / cm^{2} / sec \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{This corresponds to an average of 2 ν's per cm}^{3} \\ \text{since they are going at speed c.} \end{array}$$







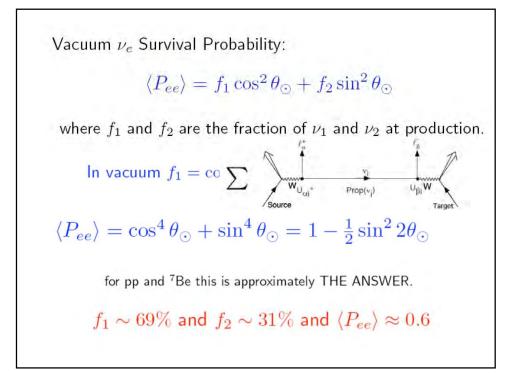
Kinematical Phase:

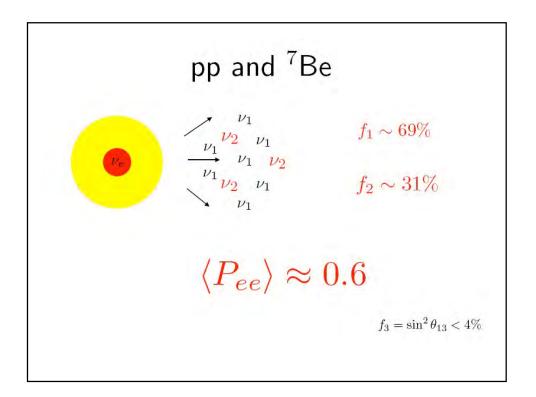
$$\delta m_{\odot}^{2} = 8.0 \times 10^{-5} eV^{2}$$

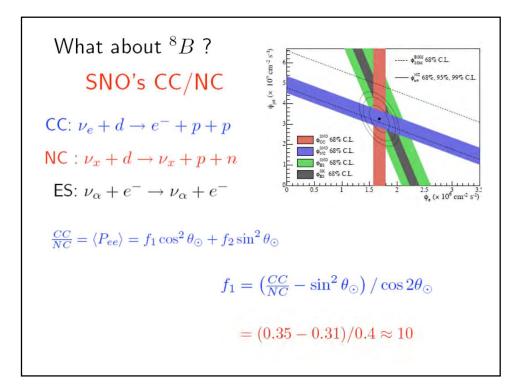
$$\sin^{2} \theta_{\odot} = 0.31$$

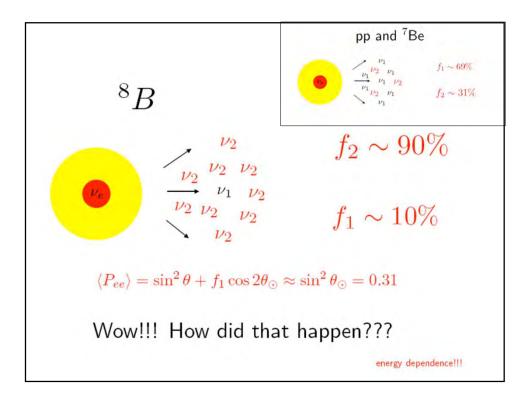
$$\Delta_{\odot} = \frac{\delta m_{\odot}^{2} L}{4E} = 1.27 \quad \frac{8 \times 10^{-5} \ eV^{2} \cdot 1.5 \times 10^{11} \ m}{0.1 - 10 \ MeV}$$

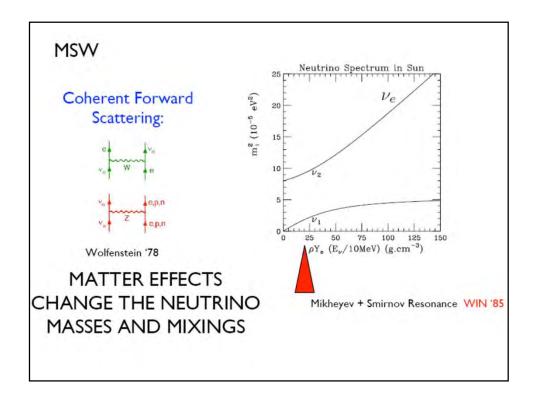
$$\Delta_{\odot} \approx 10^{7 \pm 1}$$
Effectively Incoherent !!!











Neutrino Evolution:

$$-i\frac{\partial}{\partial t}\nu = H\nu$$
in the mass eigenstate basis

$$\nu = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } H = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{p^2 + m_1^2} & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{p^2 + m_2^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E = \sqrt{p^2 + m^2}$$

$$H = (p + \frac{m_1^2 + m_2^2}{4p})I + \frac{1}{4E}\begin{pmatrix} -\delta m^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \delta m^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\delta m^2 = m_2^2 - m_1^2 > 0$$

