

Design and performance of large area, high resolution RPCs for LEPS2 at SPring-8

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for LEPS2 collaboration

LEPS2

Hadron Physics

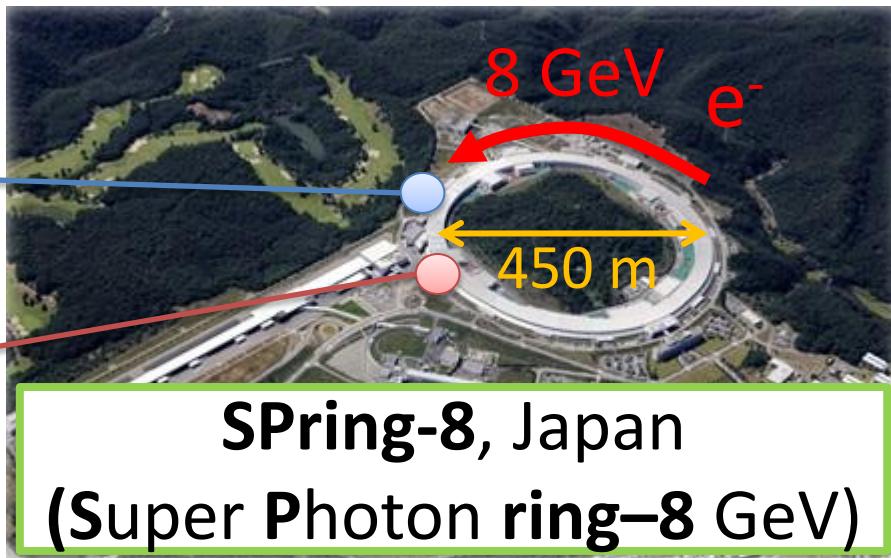
Laser Electron Photon experiment at SPring-8

LEPS2

From 2013

LEPS

From 2000



SP8

Backward Compton Scattering

8 GeV e⁻

3.5 ~ 4.7 eV Laser

1.5 ~ 3.0 GeV γ -ray

LEPS2

LEPS

Hadron
Photo Production

LEPS / LEPS2

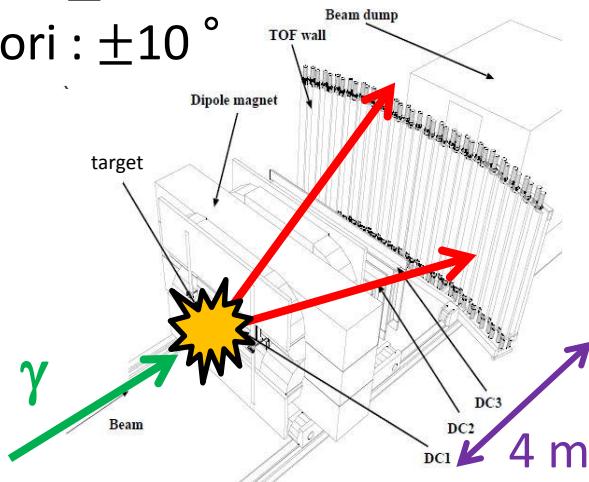
Hadron
Photo-production
Experiment

LEPS

Detectors only forward angle

Ver: $\pm 25^\circ$

Hori : $\pm 10^\circ$



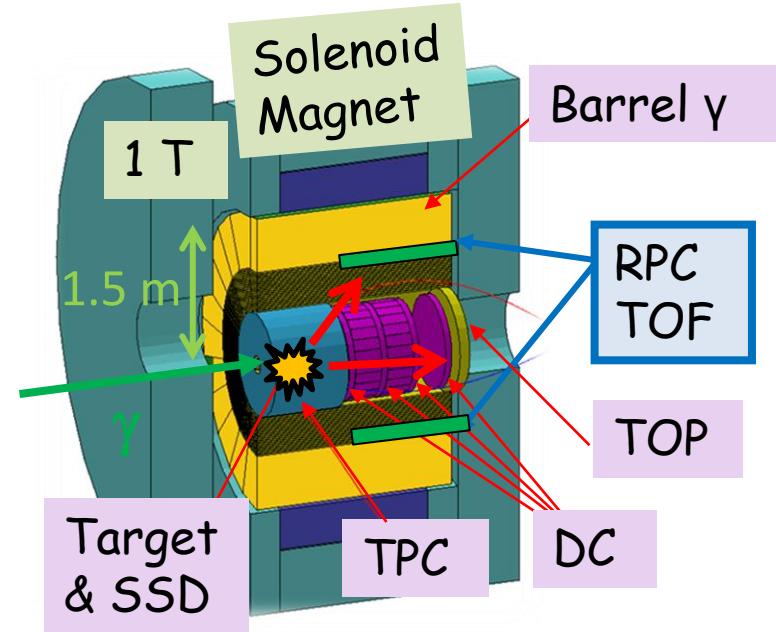
LEPS2

New beamline

Detectors covering almost 4π

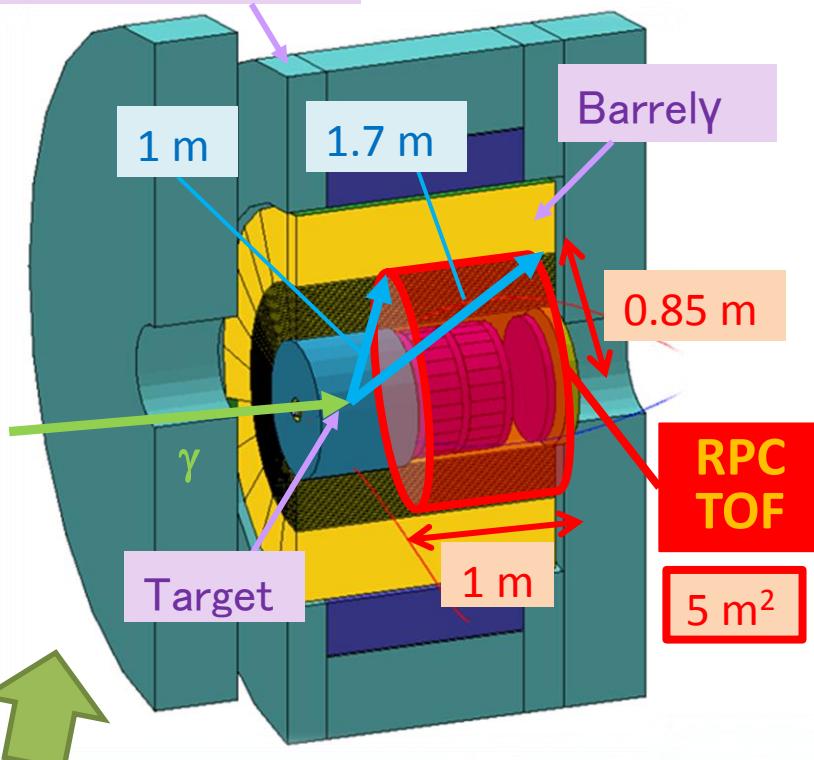
Beam intensity $10^7/\text{sec}$
(10 times larger than LEPS)

RPC will be used as a TOF detector



LEPS2 TOF-RPC

Solenoid Magnet



Solenoid
Magnet

BNL-AGS
E787/E949

Requirements

Flight length 1 - 1.7 m

1.1 GeV/c K/ π 3 σ separation

TOF resolution < 50 ps

Efficiency > 99%

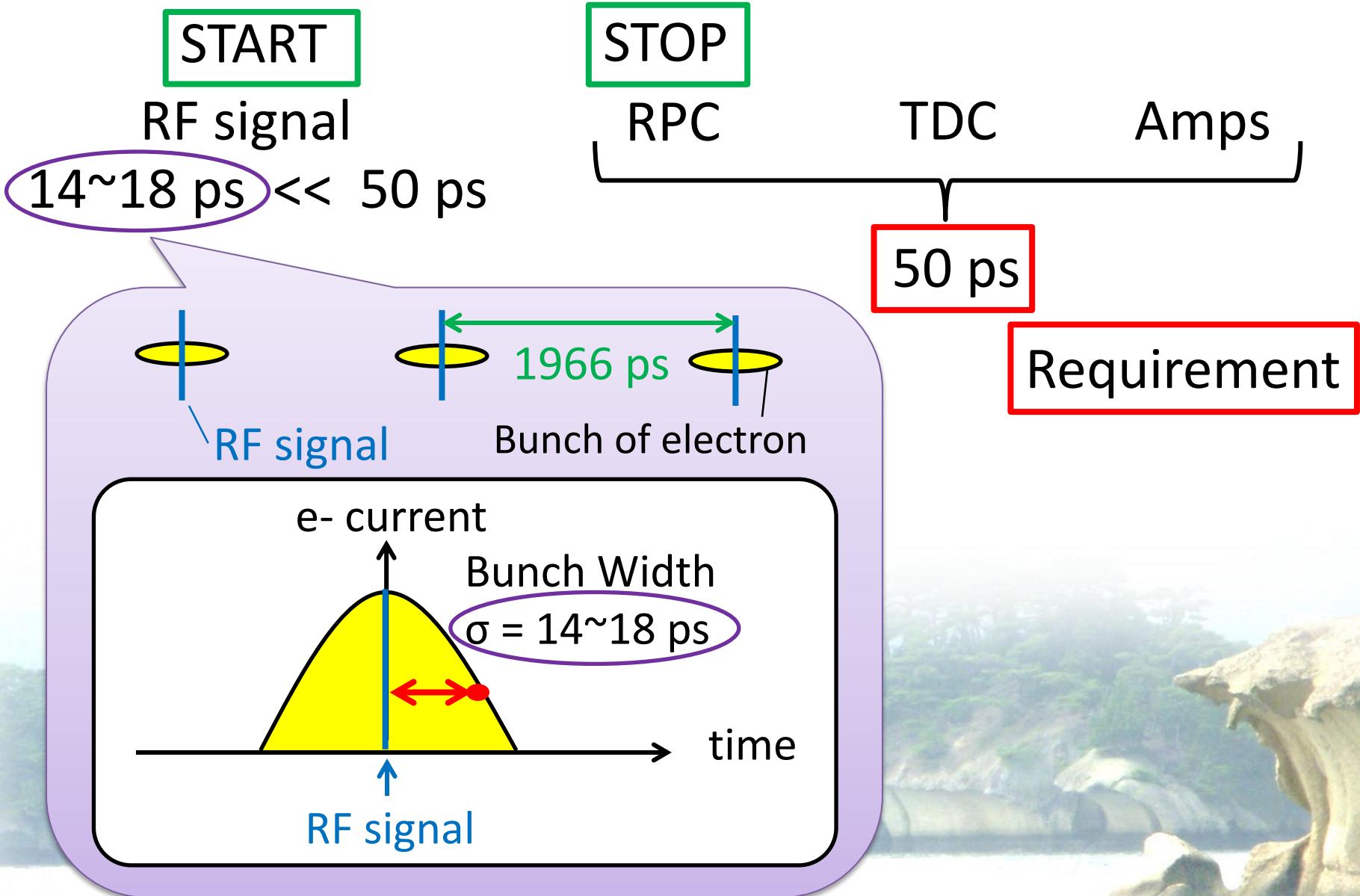
Rate capability $\sim 1 \text{ Hz/cm}^2$

Less than 1000 channel

Read out pad size > 50 cm²/ch

Large pad, Good time resolution

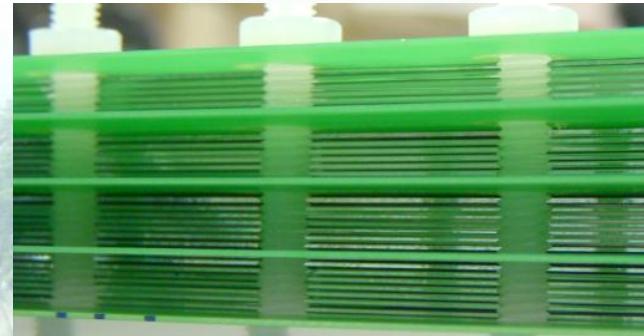
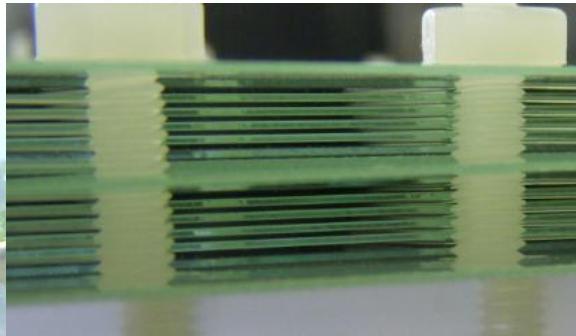
TOF at LEPS / LEPS2



Prototype RPC

- Glass size : 10 cm * 50 cm
- Glass thickness : 400 μm
- Carbon Electrode : 500 Ω/sqcm Too Low ??
- Gas : R134a:SF6:Iso-butane = 90:5:5
- Gap width :

260 μm	148 μm	104 μm
5	6	7
1,2	2,4	2
- Gaps per stack :
- Number of Stacks :

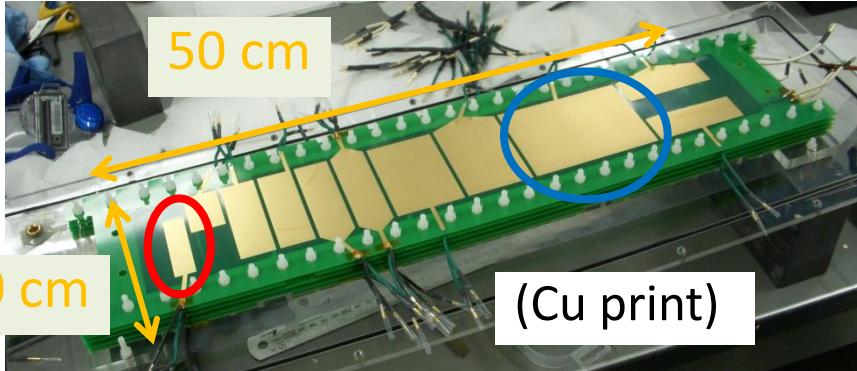


260 μm * 5 gaps * 2 stacks

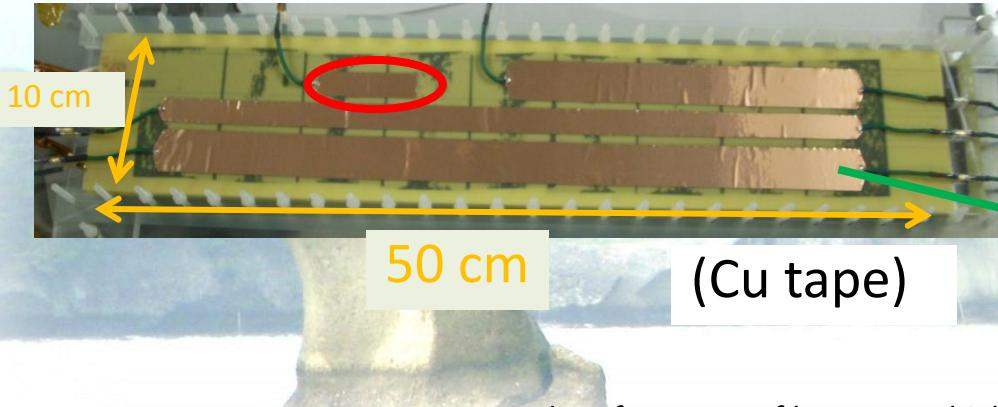
148 μm * 6 gaps * 4 stacks

Prototype RPC

Pad Readout single end



Strip Readout both ends



smallest

(Ch. at LEPS2)

- 1.5 cm * 5.5 cm (7000 ch)
- 3.7 cm * 2.5 cm (7000 ch)
- 7.4 cm * 2.5 cm (3000 ch)
- 7.4 cm * 5.0 cm (1500 ch)
- 7.4 cm * 10.0 cm (800 ch)

largest

smallest

(Ch. at LEPS2)

- 1.5 cm * 5.5 cm (7000 ch)
- 2.5 cm * 20 cm (2000 ch)
- 1.5 cm * 40 cm (1700 ch)
- 2.5 cm * 40 cm (1000 ch)

Distance between pads is 3 mm

Amplifier

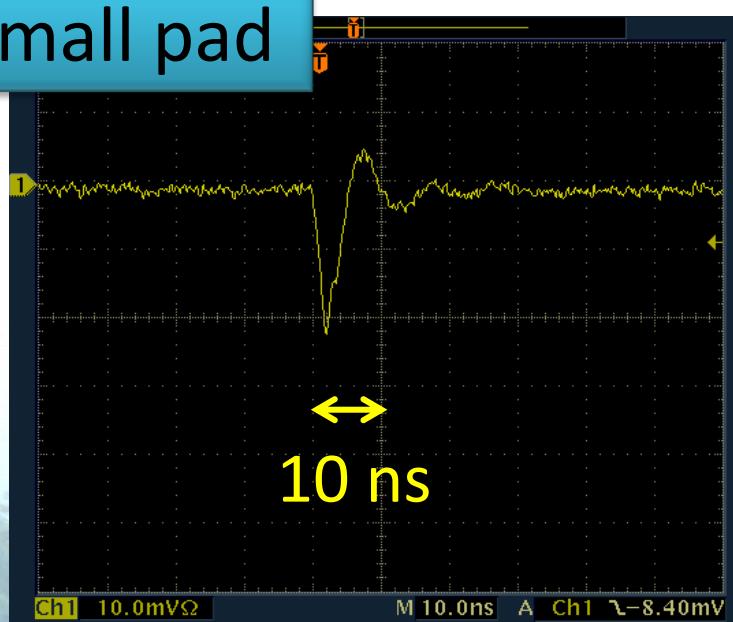
PMT amplifier

Input impedance 50Ω

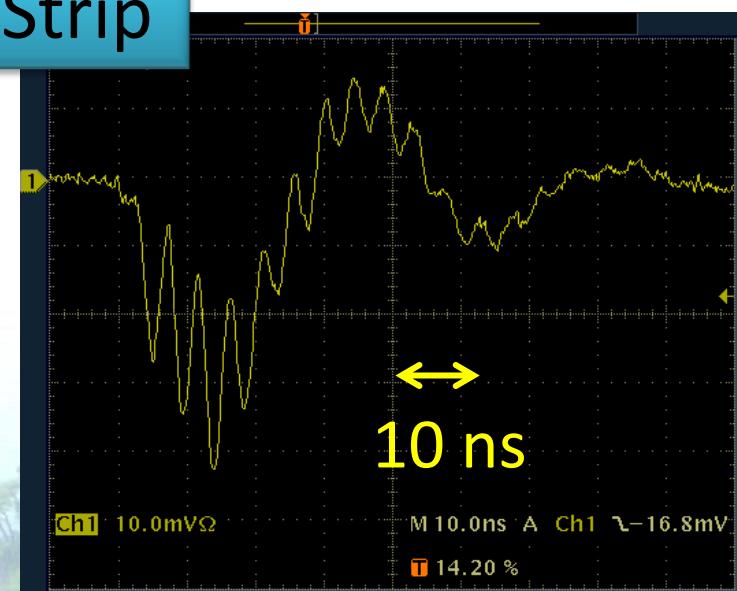
500 MHz / Gain 5

Read only anode signal

Small pad



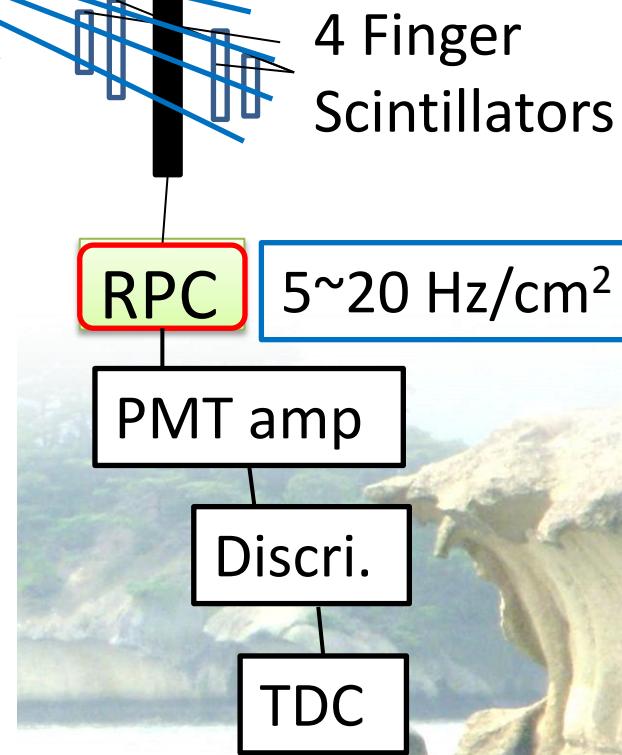
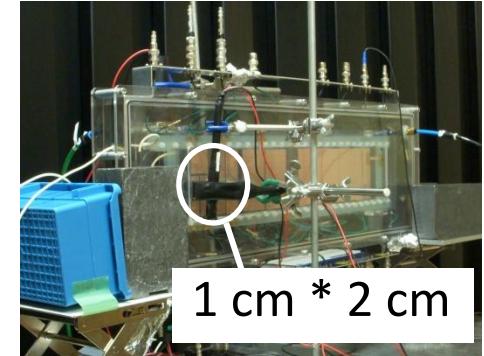
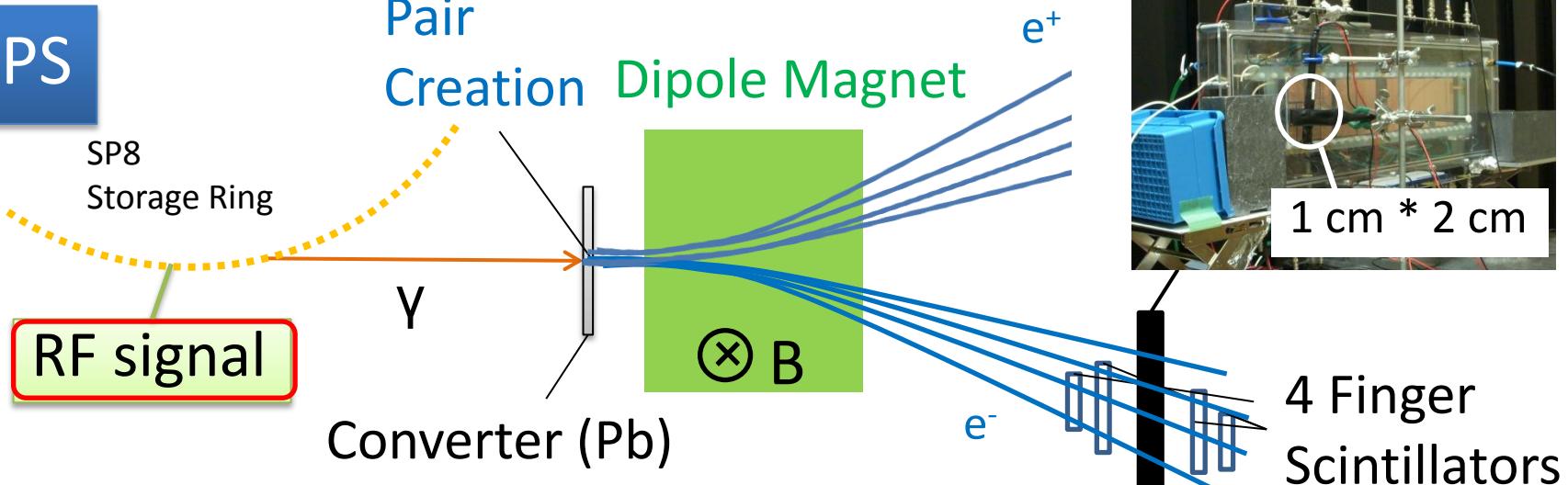
Strip



Impedance is not match

Beamtest

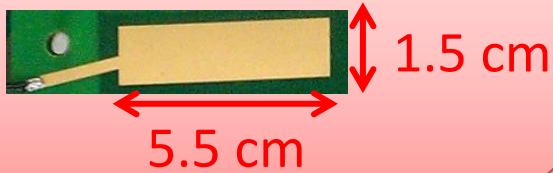
LEPS



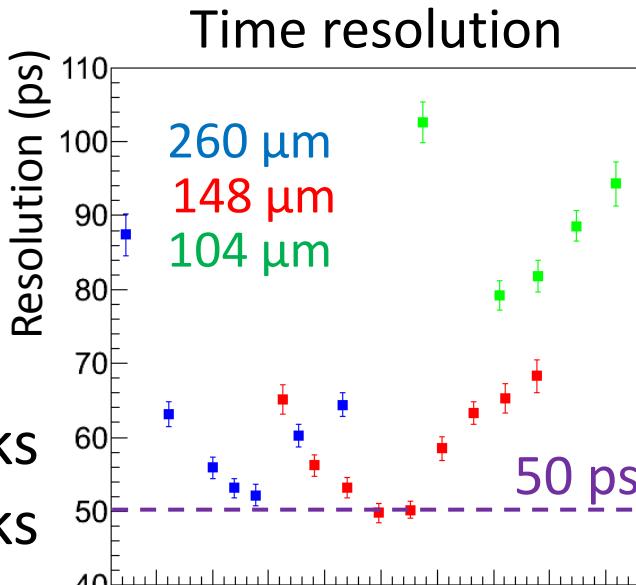
- Gap width dependence
 - Number of Stacks dependence
 - Pad size dependence
 - Position dependence
 - Rate dependence
 - Gas dependence
- On 9/2
by C.Hsieh

Gap width dependence

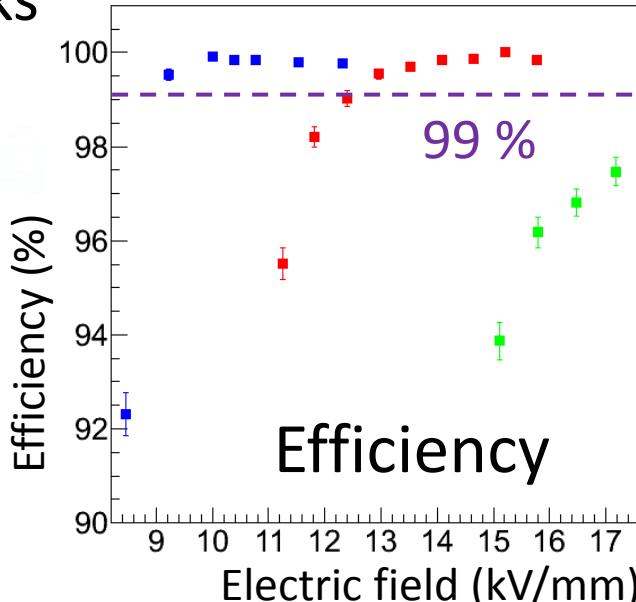
Small pad



104 μm *7 gaps*2 stacks
148 μm *6 gaps*2 stacks
260 μm *5 gaps*2 stacks



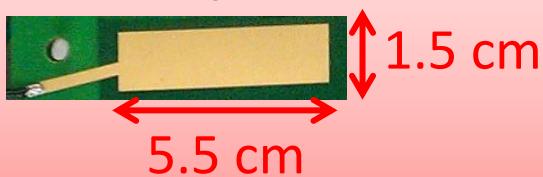
No big difference
Between
148 μm / 260 μm



148 μm / 260 μm
50 ps / >99 %
Achieved LEPS2
Requirement

Number of stacks dependence

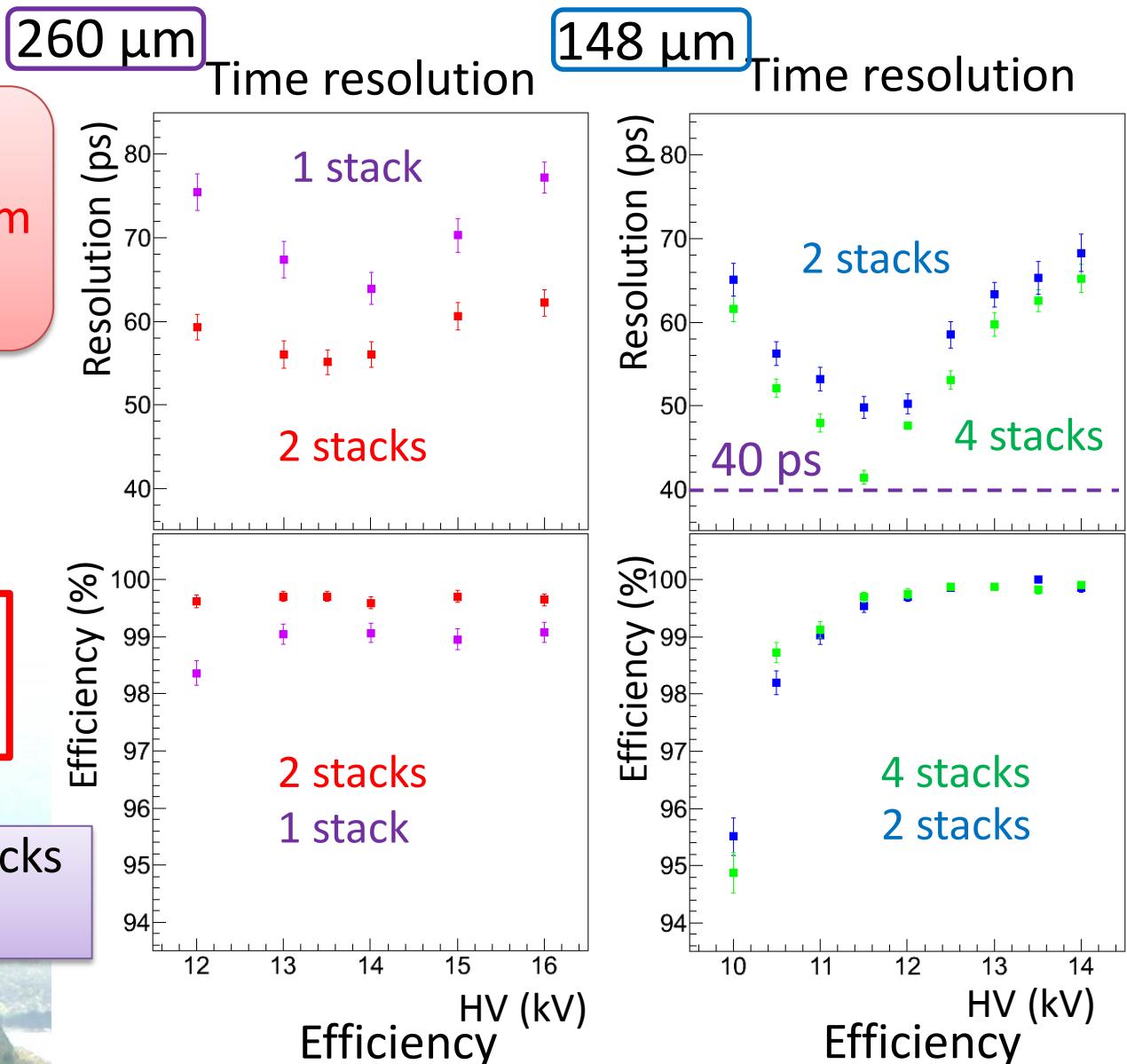
Small pad



148 μm *6 gaps
260 μm *5 gaps

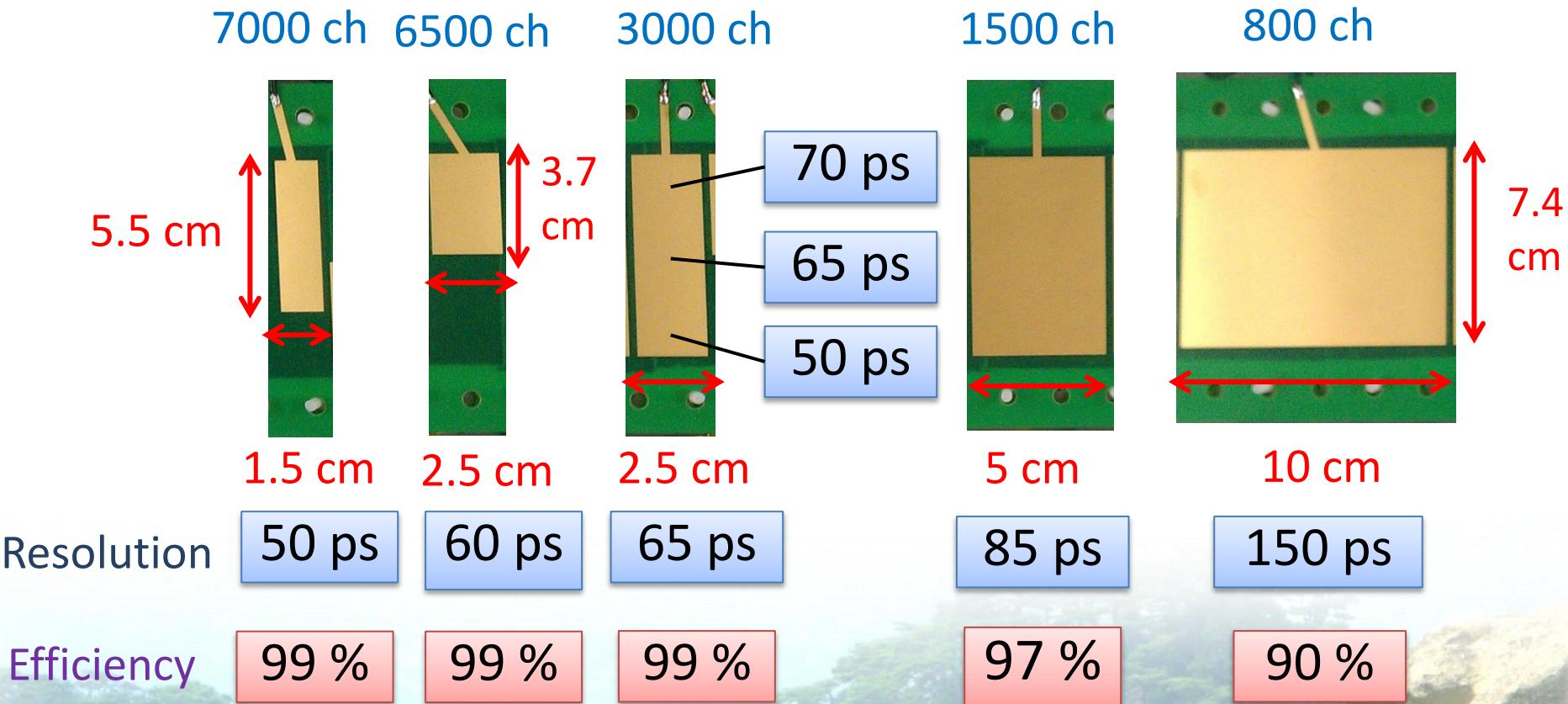
No. of stacks effect is large

148 μm *6 gaps*4 stacks
Achieved 40 ps



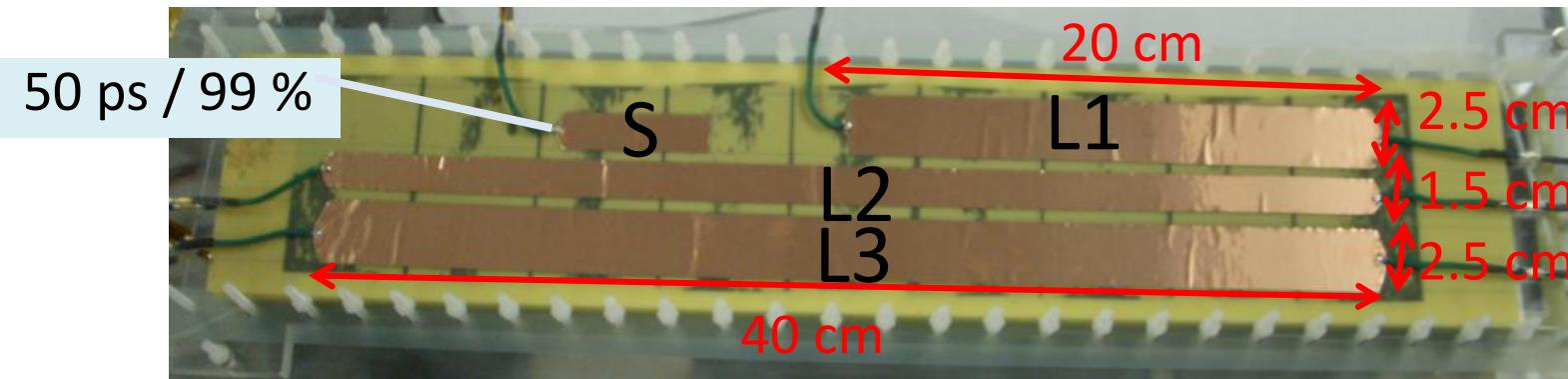
Large pad / Size & Position dependence

148 μm *6 gaps * 2stacks



Resolution / Efficiency become worse at larger pad
Large position dependence

Strip readout / Size dependence

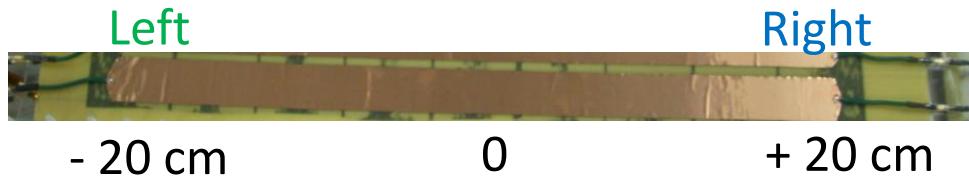


Gap	Pad	Channel	Resolution	Efficiency
148 μm 6 gaps 2 stacks	L1	2000	$61 \pm 3 \text{ ps}$	93 %
	L2	1700	$62 \pm 2 \text{ ps}$	96 %
	L3	1000	$63 \pm 2 \text{ ps}$	90 %
260 μm 5 gaps 2 stacks	L1	2000	$56 \pm 2 \text{ ps}$	99 %
	L2	1700	$64 \pm 2 \text{ ps}$	98 %
	L3	1000	$61 \pm 2 \text{ ps}$	99 %

Close to
LEPS2
Requirement
1000 ch
50 ps / 99 %

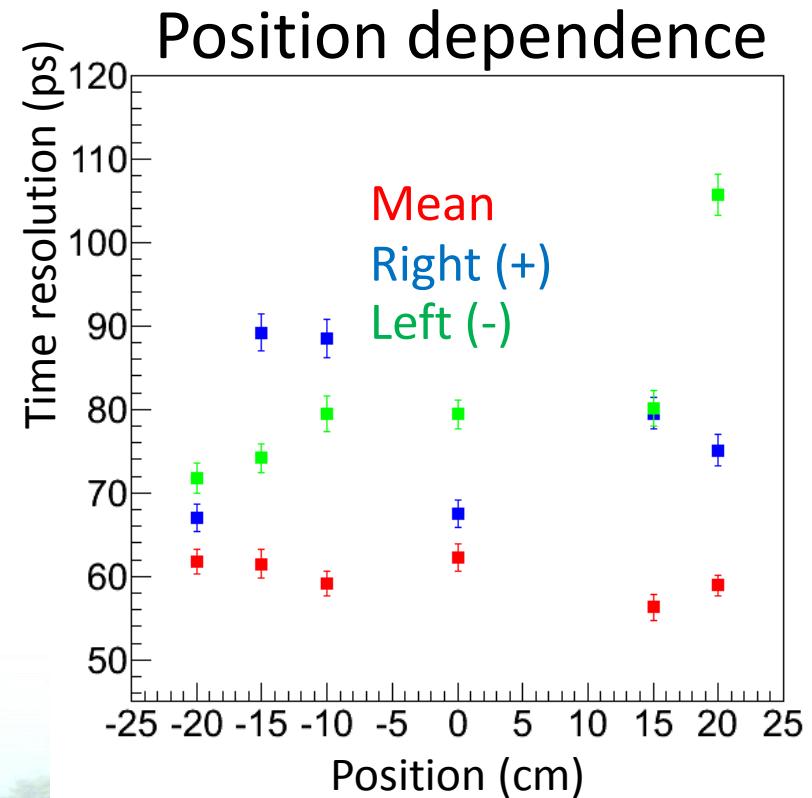
Resolution is almost the same
Efficiency of 148 μm RPC is not enough

Position dependence

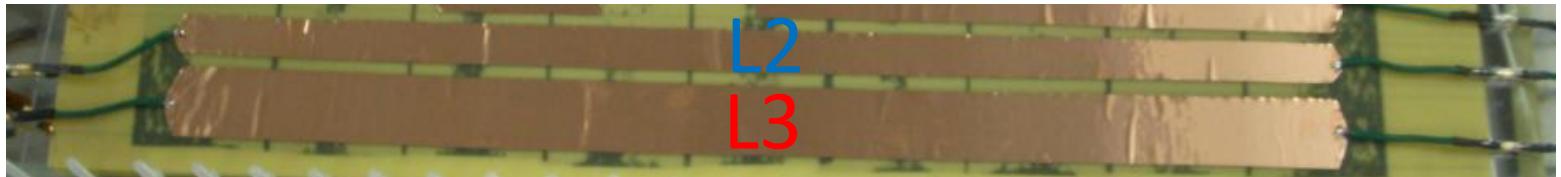


Large position dependence
on each readout time resolution

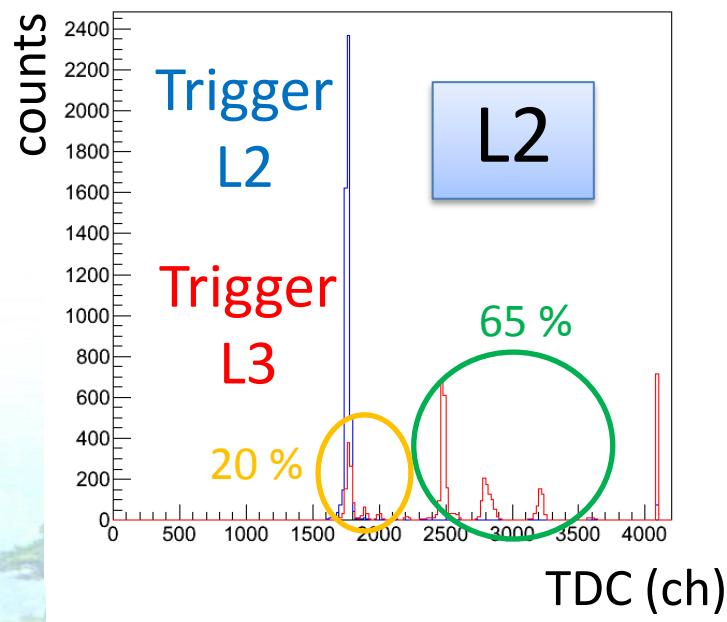
No position dependence
on mean time resolution



Cross talk

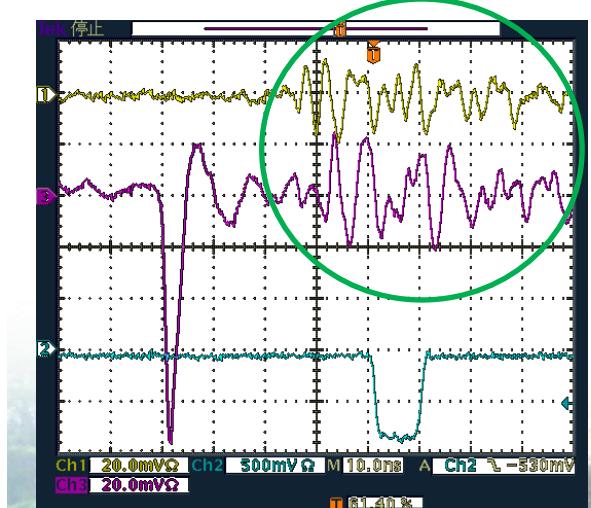


Time Distribution of L2 Pad



20 % cross talk

65 % delayed
cross talk
by reflection



Summary

- Large read out pad & high time-resolution RPC for LEPS2
- 260 μm *5 gaps*2 stacks RPC achieved 60 ps / 99 % with 2.5 cm * 40 cm strip ($50 \text{ cm}^2/\text{ch}$)
- Almost satisfy the requirements of LEPS2 ($>50 \text{ cm}^2/\text{ch}$, 50 ps, 99 %)

Future

- Amplifier
 - Large band width, Low noise, Impedance match
- Larger pad with 1 m * 15 cm glass
- Install to LEPS2 in 2013

Thank you very much