



Finanziato
dall'Unione europea
NextGenerationEU



Ministero
dell'Università
e della Ricerca



Italiadomani
PIANO NAZIONALE
DI RIPRESA E RESILIENZA



Benchmark tests on Current High Rate analysis platform

Adelina D'Onofrio, Elvira Rossi, Gianluca Sabella, Bernardino Spisso, Tommaso Tedeschi

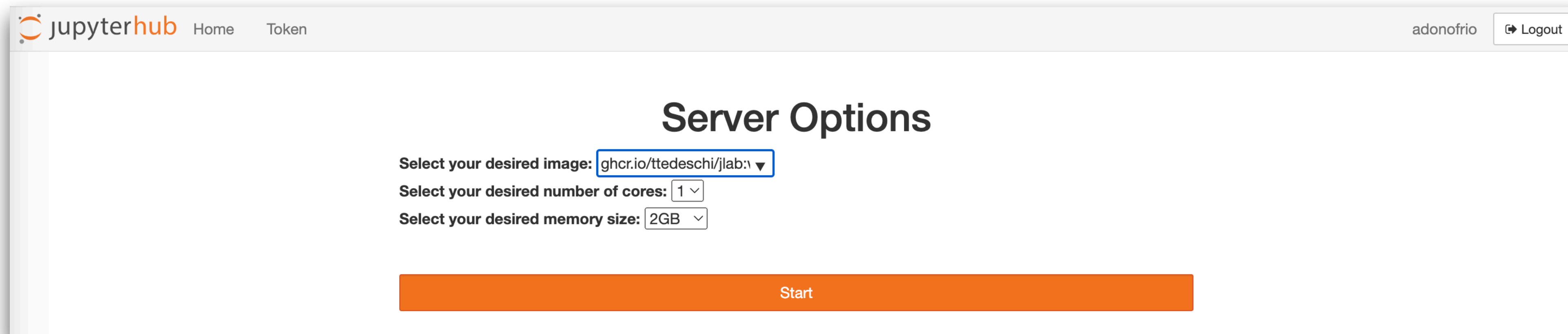
Spoke 2 - WP2 weekly Meeting, 2nd February 2024

Outline

- **Goal:** replicate the simple benchmark use case on the current high rate platform
- Compare the performance with the local infrastructure used previously (more in back-up)
- Use case tested:
 - FCCee: simple test on Zee samples
 - Scaling with #cpu and memory on h.r.p.
- First documentation ideas/efforts

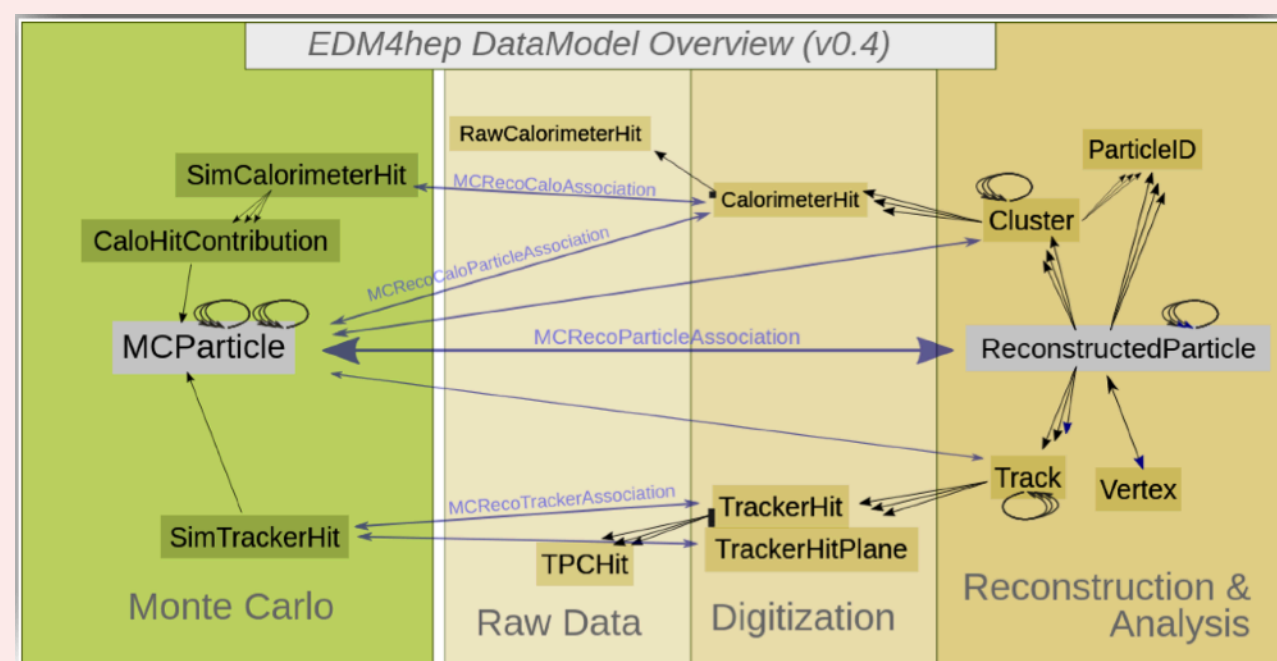
Resources used

- High rate platform shown by *Tommaso in the last meeting*, thanks a lot!
- **Entrypoint:** <https://hub.192.135.24.49.myip.cloud.infn.it>
- **Login via IAM DEMO:** <https://iam-demo.cloud.cnaf.infn.it/>
- We used one of the available ready-to-use JupyterLab images:
 - 📌 ghcr.io/ttedeschi/jlab:wp5-alma8-0.0.40 (almalinux8 + python3.11 + Dask + ROOT 6.30)



FCCee use-case Workflow

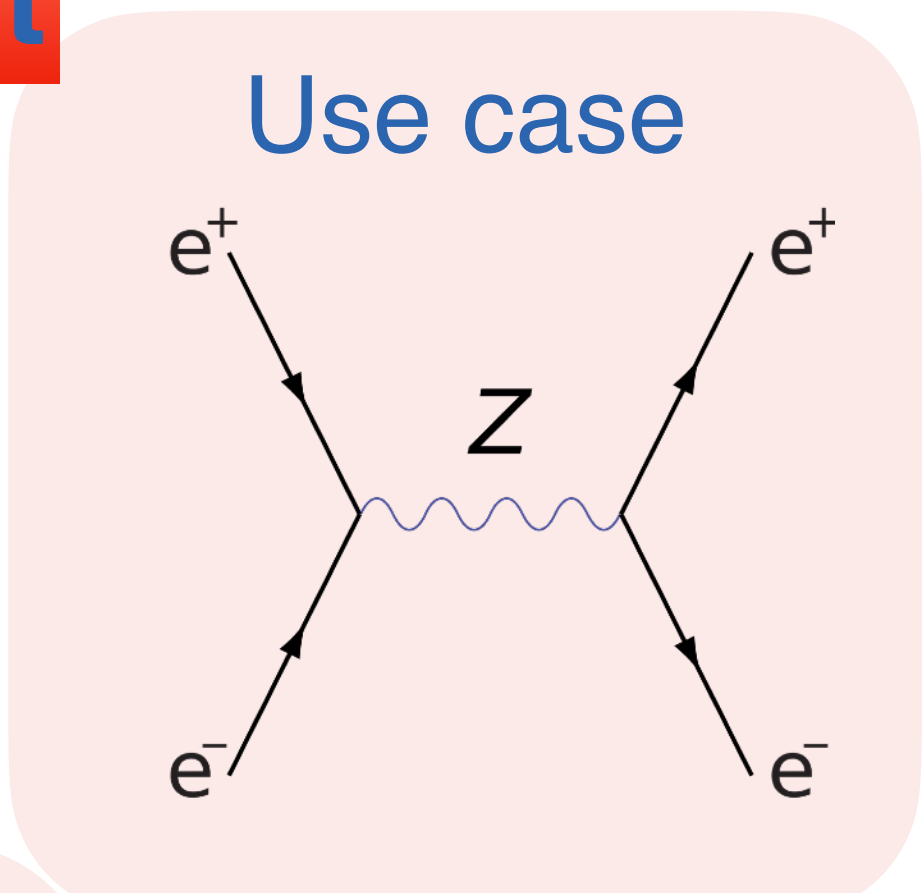
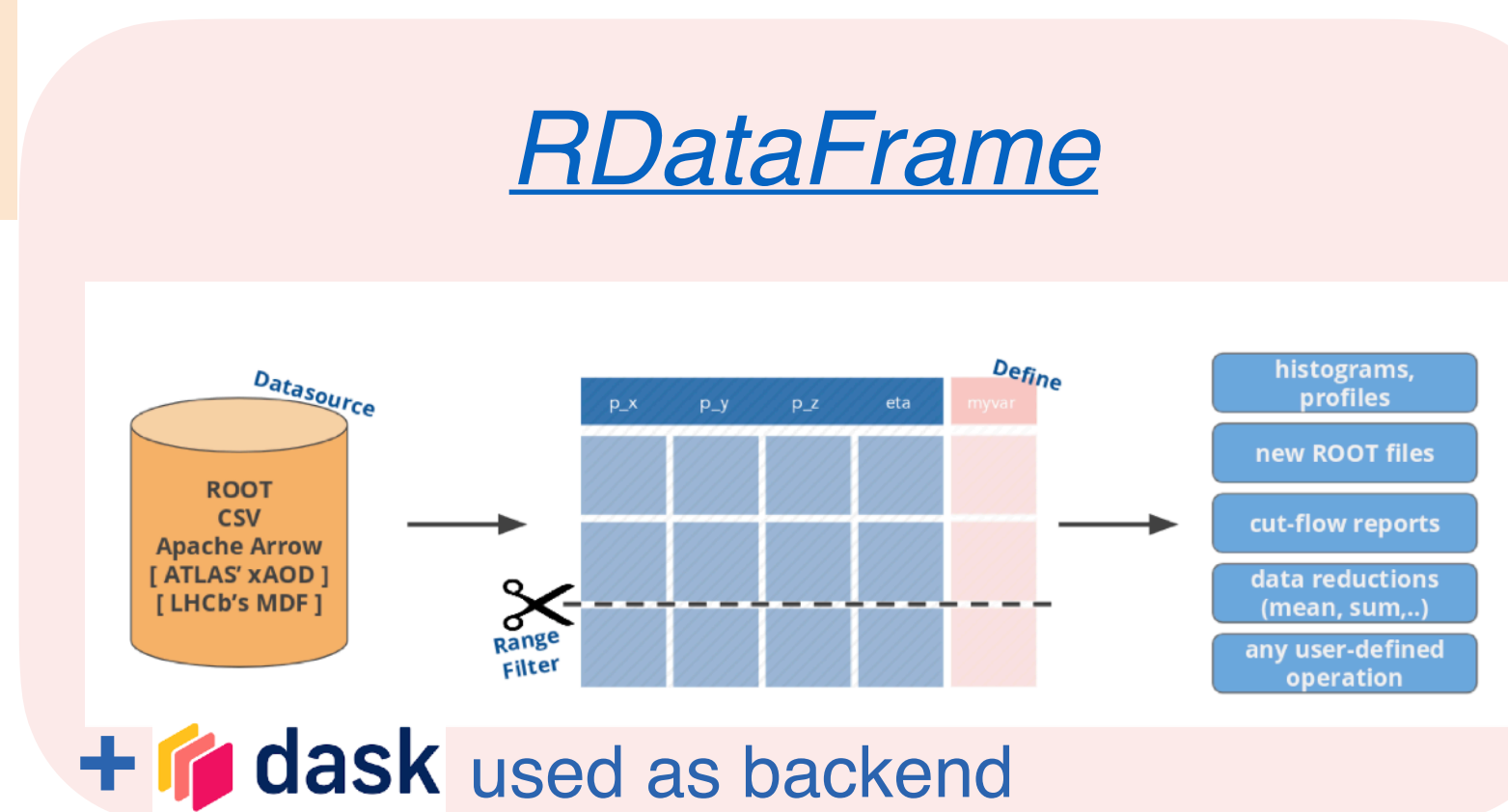
EDM4hep input data format



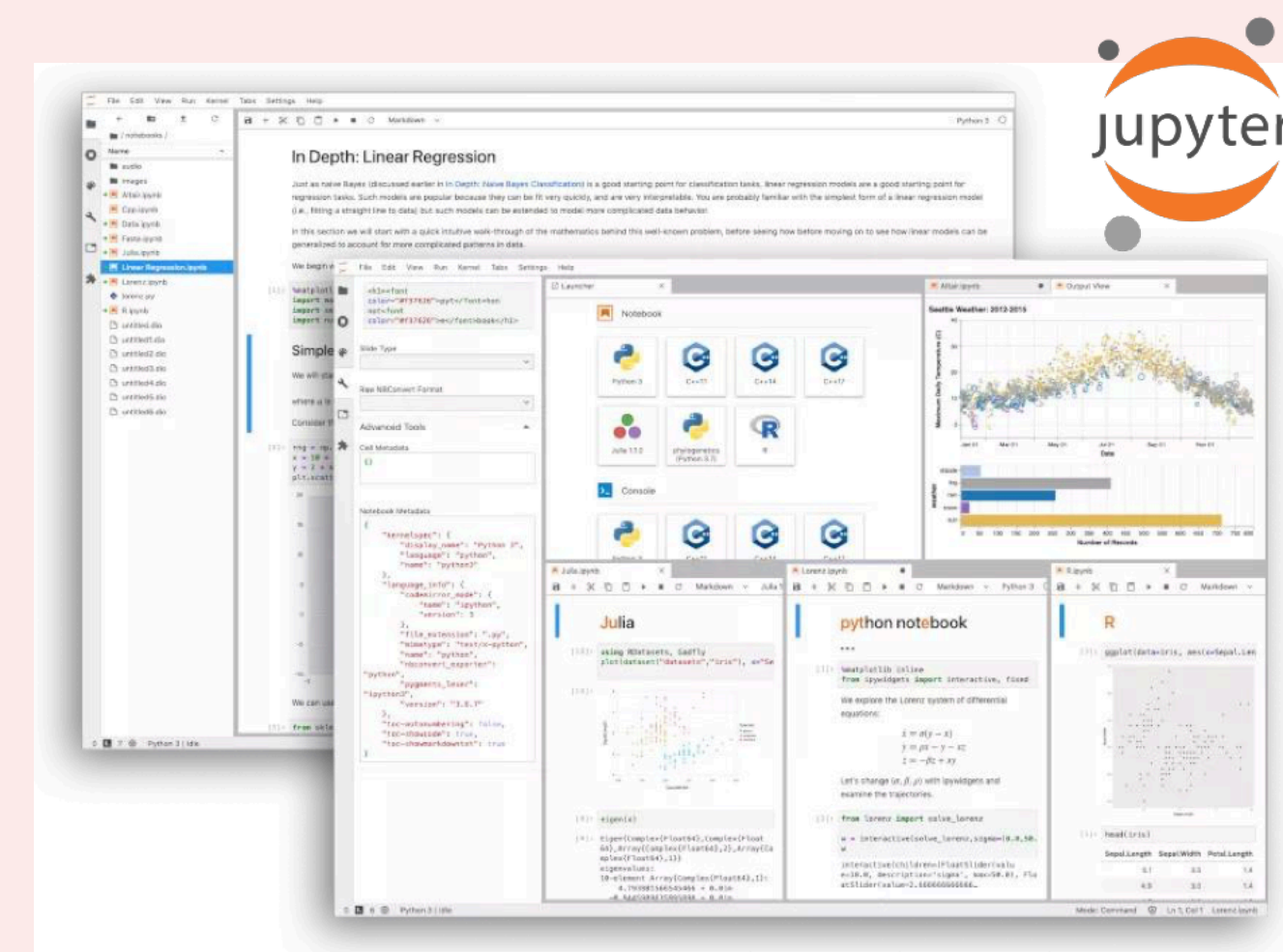
flat input ntuples

13/10 WP2.5 presentation [link](#)

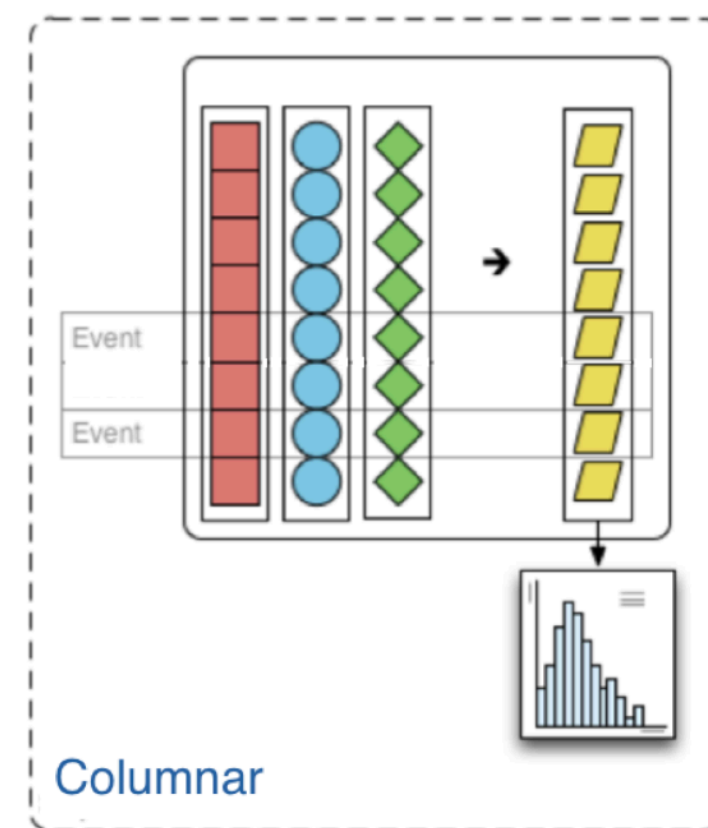
Standard test



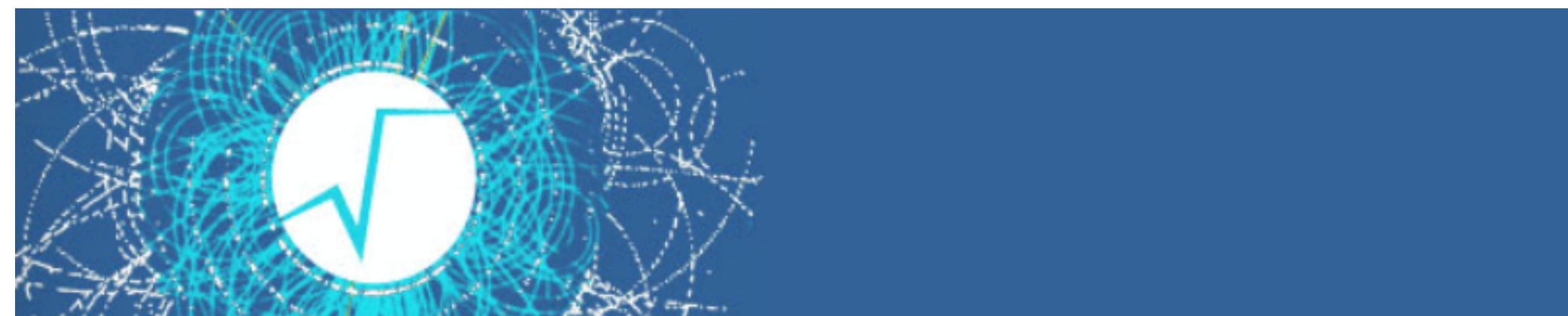
New approach to data analysis



Feasibility study & Preliminary performance evaluation



Preliminary results: local client



```
from dask.distributed import LocalCluster, Client
if distributed == True:
    RDataFrame = ROOT.RDF.Experimental.Distributed.Dask.RDataFrame
    ROOT.RDF.Experimental.Distributed.initialize(my_initialization_function)
else:
    RDataFrame = ROOT.RDataFrame
    my_initialization_function()
```

Parallel

Serialised

⋮

Local client

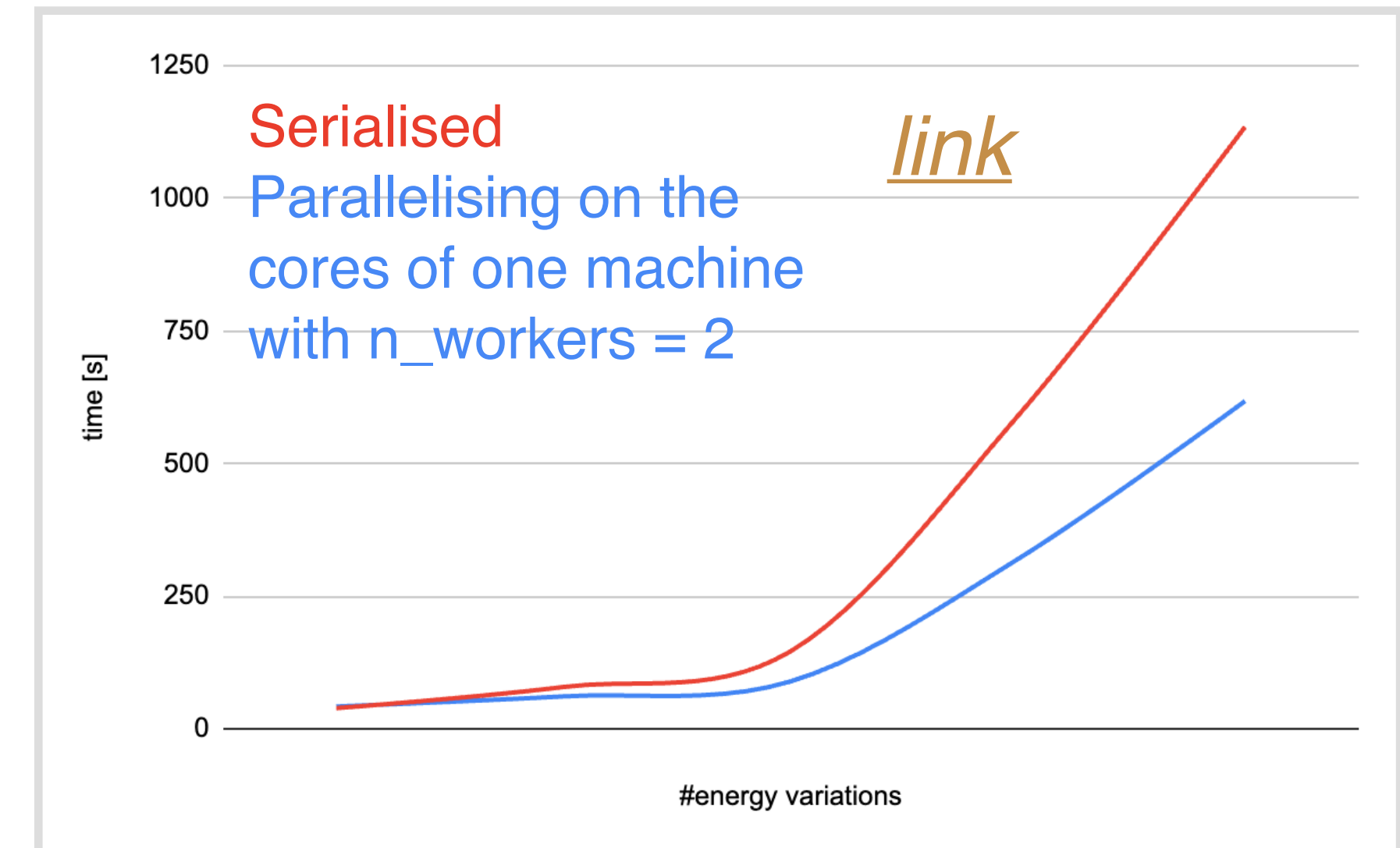
```
cluster = LocalCluster(n_workers=2, threads_per_worker=1, processes=True, dashboard_address=':8786')
client = Client(cluster)
```

Defined Metric

Overall execution time

Time elapsed from the start of the execution (execution triggered) to the end of execution

INFN Napoli infrastructure



High rate platform, 100 iterations

# cpu	memory [GB]	execution time
1	2 GB	482 s
2	4 GB	341 s
4	8 GB	258 s
8	16 GB	245 s

● Performance comparable between the 2 infrastructures exploited

hyper threading?

● Advantage: use this use case as simple test for who wants to benefit from the WP5 infrastructure

First attempt: distributed client

```
from dask_kubernetes.operator import KubeCluster

client = _get_global_client()

if client is not None:
    client.shutdown()

cluster = KubeCluster(
    name=f'{username}',
    namespace=f'user-{username}',
    image='ghcr.io/ttedeschi/jlab:wp5-alma8-0.0.40',
    n_workers=10,
    worker_command=[
        'dask-worker',
        '--name=${DASK_WORKER_NAME}',
        '--local-directory=temp_dir',
        '--nthreads', '8',
        '--death-timeout', '60',
        '--memory-limit', '16Gi'
    ],
    resources={
        "requests": {
            "memory": "16Gi",
            "cpu": "8"
        },
        "limits": {
            "memory": "16Gi",
            "cpu": "8"
        }
    }
)
c_distributed = Client(cluster)
```

High rate platform

- What's going wrong?
- Any suggestion?

```
RuntimeError
Cell In[4], line 8
      5 if client is not None:
      6     client.shutdown()
----> 8 cluster = KubeCluster(
```

RuntimeError: Failed to create DaskCluster resource. Are the Dask Custom Resource Definitions installed? <https://kubernetes.dask.org/en/latest/operator.html#installing-the-operator>

INFN Napoli infrastructure

- 5 Kubernetes workers & 1 Kubernetes master on *Open-stack*

# iterations	Serial approach	Local client Dask	Distributed Dask
100	1135 s	618 s	138 s

Spoke 2 Annual Meeting 2023

Documentation efforts on gitlab

→ Admin's point of view:

- Providing a detailed guide for users who have obtained access to the national cloud and wish to build their own infrastructure using the INFN Cloud interface
- The guide will cover every essential step, from configuration to usage, enabling each user to fully harness the potential of the cloud platform:
 - access to INFN Cloud
 - resource selection
 - infrastructure deployment
 - access and description of the infrastructure

→ Our goal is to complete the guide within 15-20 days

→ User's point of view:

- Exploit the Z_{ee} use case as benchmark also for the documentation
- Guide the user through the code highlighting which functionality of the infrastructure we use step by step

Conclusions & Next Steps


- Simple tests performed on the high rate platform
- Performance in line with the local infrastructure previously used
- Distributed client, to be investigated
- First ideas for the documentation

The background is a deep blue gradient. On the left side, there is a complex pattern of light trails and particles. These trails are composed of many thin, curved lines that appear to be moving or vibrating, creating a sense of depth and motion. The particles are small, bright blue dots scattered along these trails. The overall effect is reminiscent of a digital or data visualization, possibly representing a network or a data stream.

Thank you!

Back-up

INFN Napoli infrastructure

- The local deployment is based on the *Open-Stack IaaS* paradigm
- Starting from the already existing *I.Bi.S.CO* installation, several updates were performed
- The cluster is made up of 2 identical virtual machines, each equipped with 1 CPU quadCore and 8GB RAM, currently expanded up to 12 cores and 64GB
- Rocky Linux 8.6 is the operating system
- 2 nodes are equipped with **Docker** (20.10) for containerisation and **Kubernetes** (1.26.3) for the orchestration
-  One node plays as controlplane, etcd & worker; the other node acts as a plain worker
- The cluster is equipped with **JupyterHub** & **JupyterLAB** where the user can play with **Python**, **ROOT** & **Dask** libraries

13/10 WP2.5 presentation [link](#)

Simple test

- FCCee simulation: /eos/experiment/fcc/ee/tmp/ee_Z_ee_EDM4Hep.root
- 📌 5k events, scaled to 1M events replicating the available dataset
- 📌 Mimic systematic variations, gaussian smearing the electrons energy to compute M_{ee} resolution

