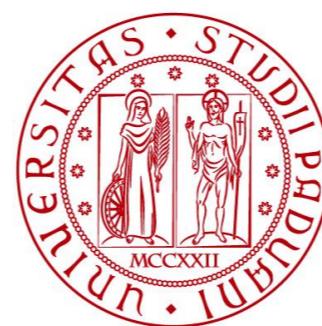


Back to the phase space: Thermal Axions

Francesco
D'Eramo



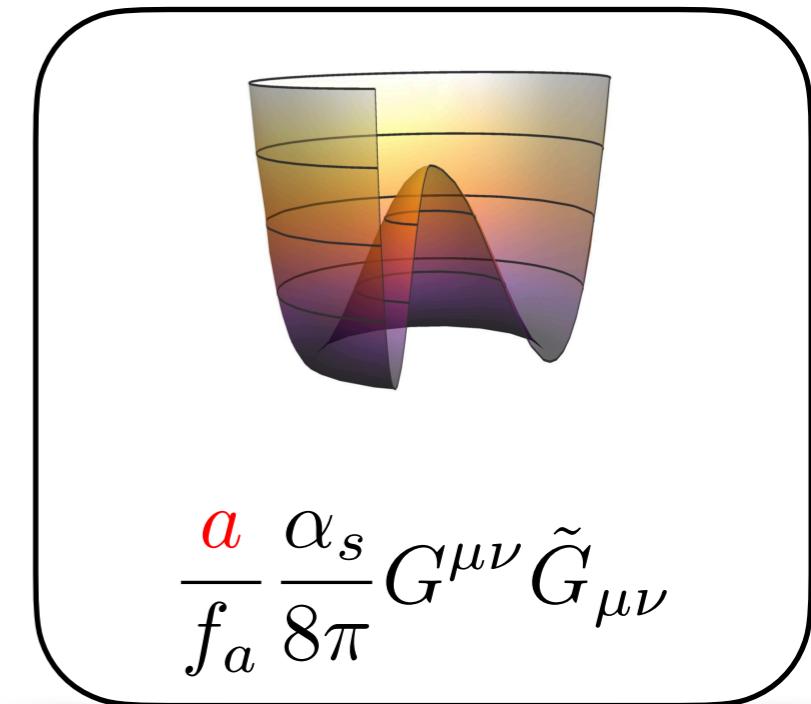
UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI PADOVA



The QCD Axion and ALPs

Ubiquitous in extension of the standard model

- QCD axions: global $U(1)_{\text{PQ}}$ symmetry spontaneously broken and color anomalous
- Pseudo-Nambu-Goldstone-bosons
- Axions in string theory



QCD Axion

$$m_a \simeq 5.7 \left(\frac{10^{12} \text{ GeV}}{f_a} \right) \mu\text{eV}$$

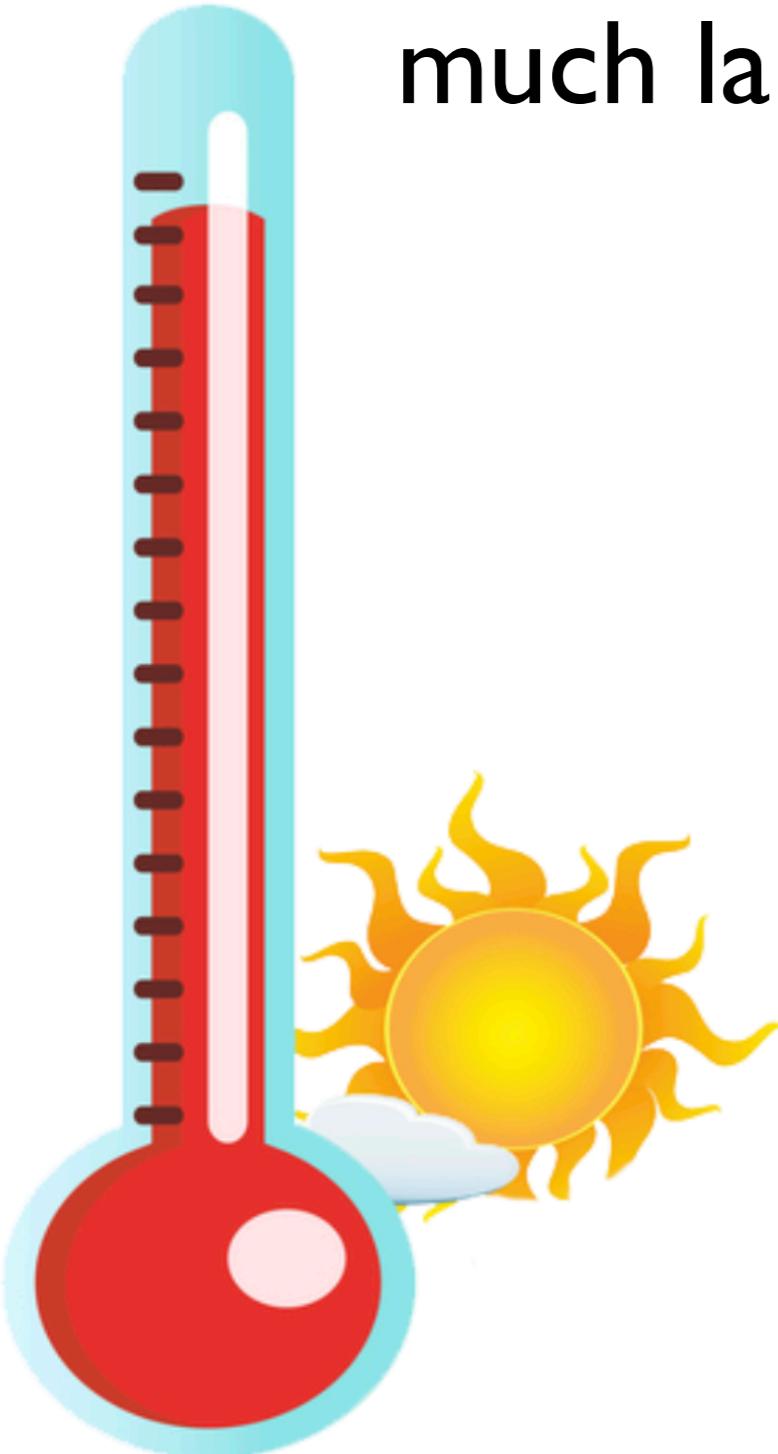
Axion-like Particles

$$m_a \simeq \Lambda_X^2 / f_X$$

Results in this talk mostly about the QCD axion
(easily generalized especially when the mass does not play any role)

Hot Axions

Axions produced with kinetic energy much larger than their mass (i.e. “hot”)



Additional radiation at:

- BBN ($m_a \lesssim \text{MeV}$)
- CMB formation ($m_a \lesssim 0.3 \text{ eV}$)

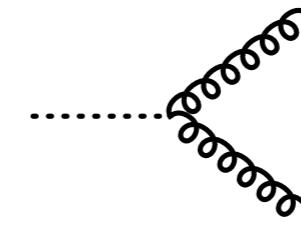
$$\rho_{\text{rad}} = \left[1 + \frac{7}{8} \left(\frac{T_\nu}{T_\gamma} \right)^4 N_{\text{eff}} \right] \rho_\gamma$$

$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} = \frac{8}{7} \left(\frac{11}{4} \right)^{4/3} \frac{\rho_a}{\rho_\gamma}$$

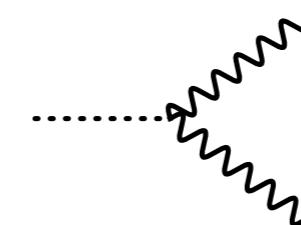
Thermal Production

Unavoidable Production Source!

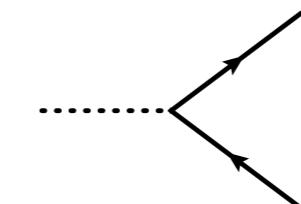
Scatterings and/or decays involving
primordial thermal bath particles
(axion energy $\gg m_a$, i.e. “hot”)



$$\frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} \frac{a}{f_a} G^{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}$$



$$c_{\gamma\gamma} \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{8\pi} \frac{a}{f_a} F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$$



$$c_\psi \frac{\partial_\mu a}{f_a} \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \psi$$

GOALS:

- Compute how many axions are produced in the early universe
- Quantify the resulting effect on cosmological observables

How to Predict ΔN_{eff}

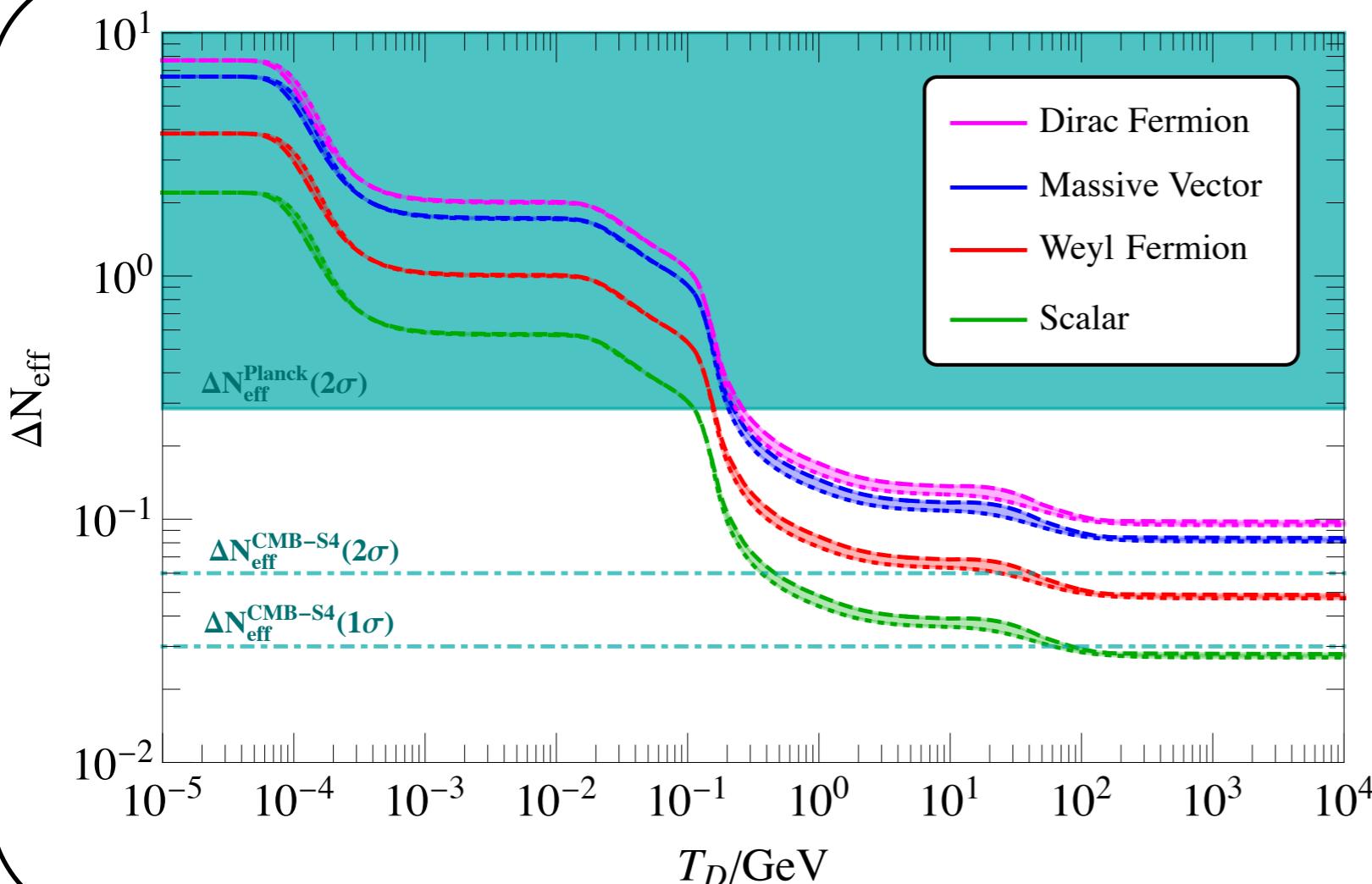
$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{I: Instantaneous decoupling}$

- Assume they thermalize at early times
- Estimate the decoupling temperature from $\Gamma(T_D) = H(T_D)$

How to Predict ΔN_{eff}

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{I: Instantaneous decoupling}$

- Assume they thermalize at early times
- Estimate the decoupling temperature from $\Gamma(T_D) = H(T_D)$



$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \simeq 0.027 \left(\frac{106.75}{g_{*s}(T_D)} \right)^{4/3}$$

How to Predict ΔN_{eff}

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{I: Instantaneous decoupling}$

- Assume they thermalize at early times
- Estimate the decoupling temperature from $\Gamma(T_D) = H(T_D)$

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{II: Boltzmann equation for } n_a$

- Track the number density of axions
- Convert the asymptotic result via the equilibrium distribution

How to Predict ΔN_{eff}

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{I: Instantaneous decoupling}$

- Assume they thermalize at early times
- Estimate the decoupling temperature from $\Gamma(T_D) = H(T_D)$

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{II: Boltzmann equation for } n_a$

- Track the number density of axions
- Convert the asymptotic result via the equilibrium distribution

$$\frac{dn_a}{dt} + 3Hn_a = \sum_{\alpha} \gamma_{\alpha}$$

$$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \simeq 74.85 Y_a^{4/3}$$

α = Production processes

How to Predict ΔN_{eff}

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{I: Instantaneous decoupling}$

- Assume they thermalize at early times
- Estimate the decoupling temperature from $\Gamma(T_D) = H(T_D)$

$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} - \text{II: Boltzmann equation for } n_a$

- Track the number density of axions
- Convert the asymptotic result via the equilibrium distribution



Equilibrium thermodynamics for the conversion to energy
Spectral distortions neglected
Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics (i.e., no quantum effects)
Static thermal bath (i.e., no energy exchanged)

Scenarios for Thermal Axions

Single Coupling Switched On

Axion coupled to a given
Standard Model field

Ferreira, Notari, **Phys.Rev.Lett.** **120** (2018)

FD et al, **JCAP** **11** (2018)

Arias-Aragón et al., **JCAP** **11** (2020) and **JCAP** **03** (2021)

Green at al., **JCAP** **02** (2022)

FD et al., **Phys.Rev.Lett.** **128** (2022)

UV Completions

FD, Hajkarim, Yun, **JHEP** **10** (2021)

- **KSVZ Axion:** Standard Model fields are PQ-neutral and color anomaly from heavy colored and PQ-charged fermion Ψ

Kim, **PRL** **43** (1979)

Shifman, Vainshtein, Zakharov, **NPB** **166** (1980)

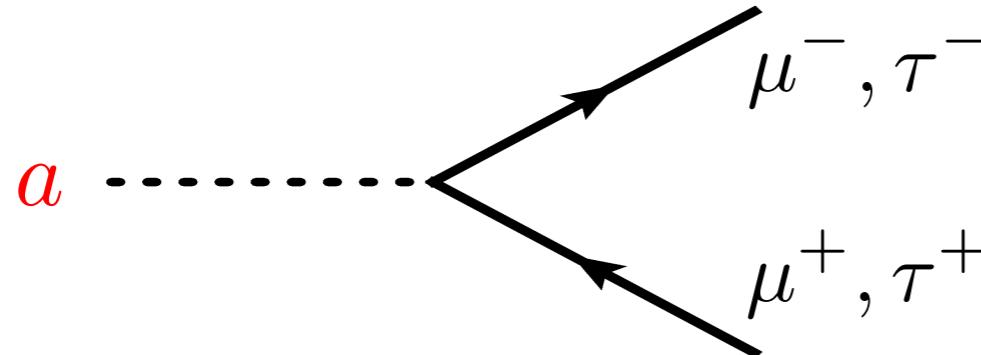
- **DFSZ Axion:** Standard Model fields charged (two Higgs doublets) and color anomaly from quarks

Zhitnitsky, **SJNP** **31** (1980)

Dine, Fischler, Srednicki, **PLB** **104** (1981)

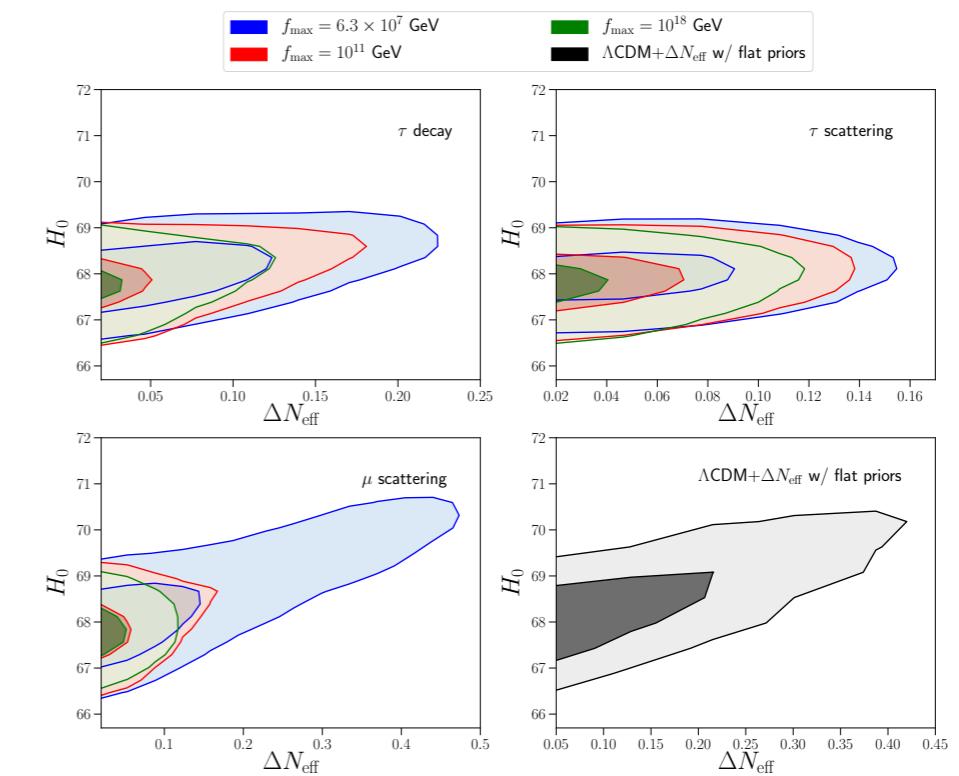
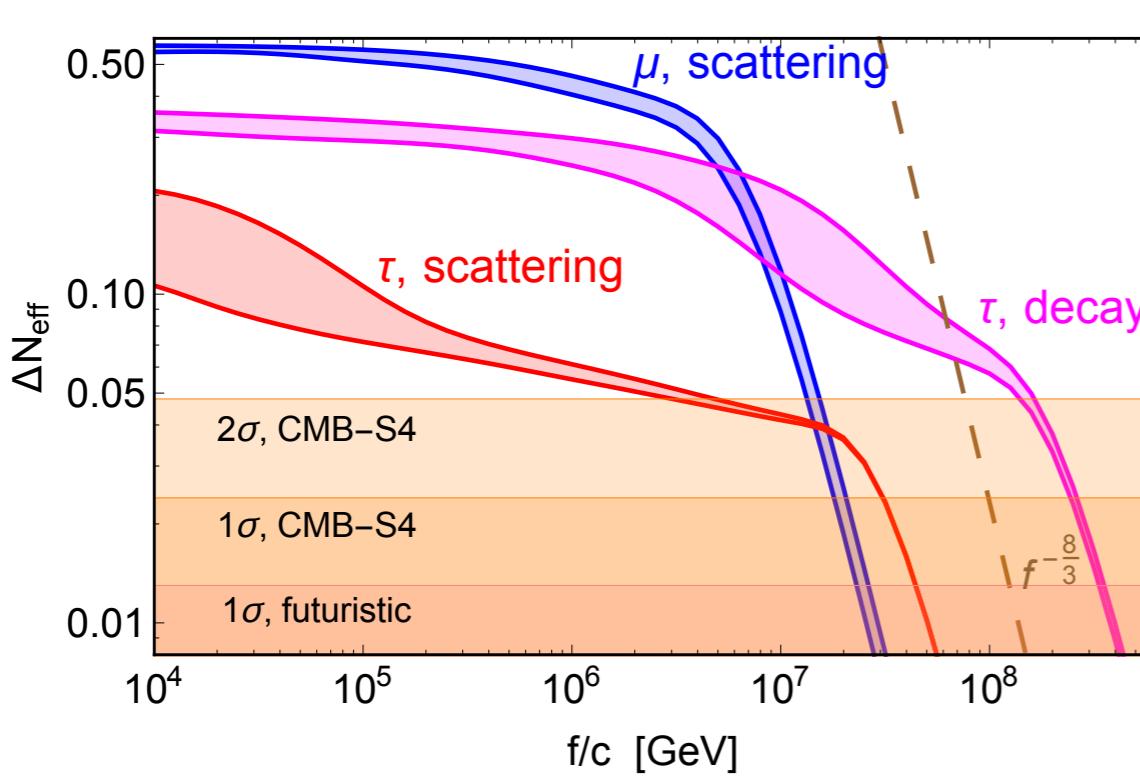
A Leptophilic Axion

Leptons



FD, Ferreira, Notari, Bernal, **JCAP 1811 (2018)**

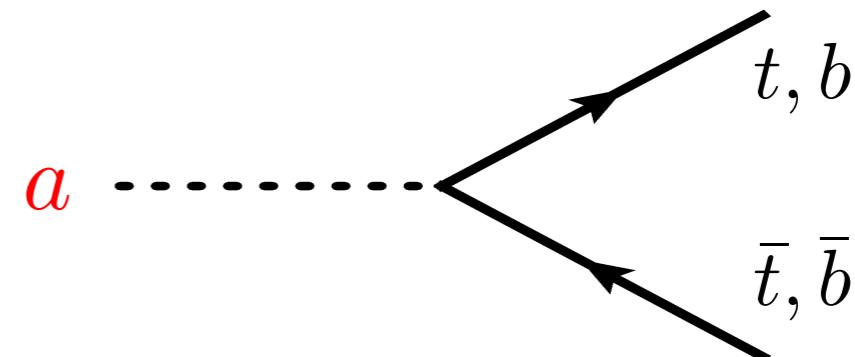
They can alleviate
the Hubble
tension



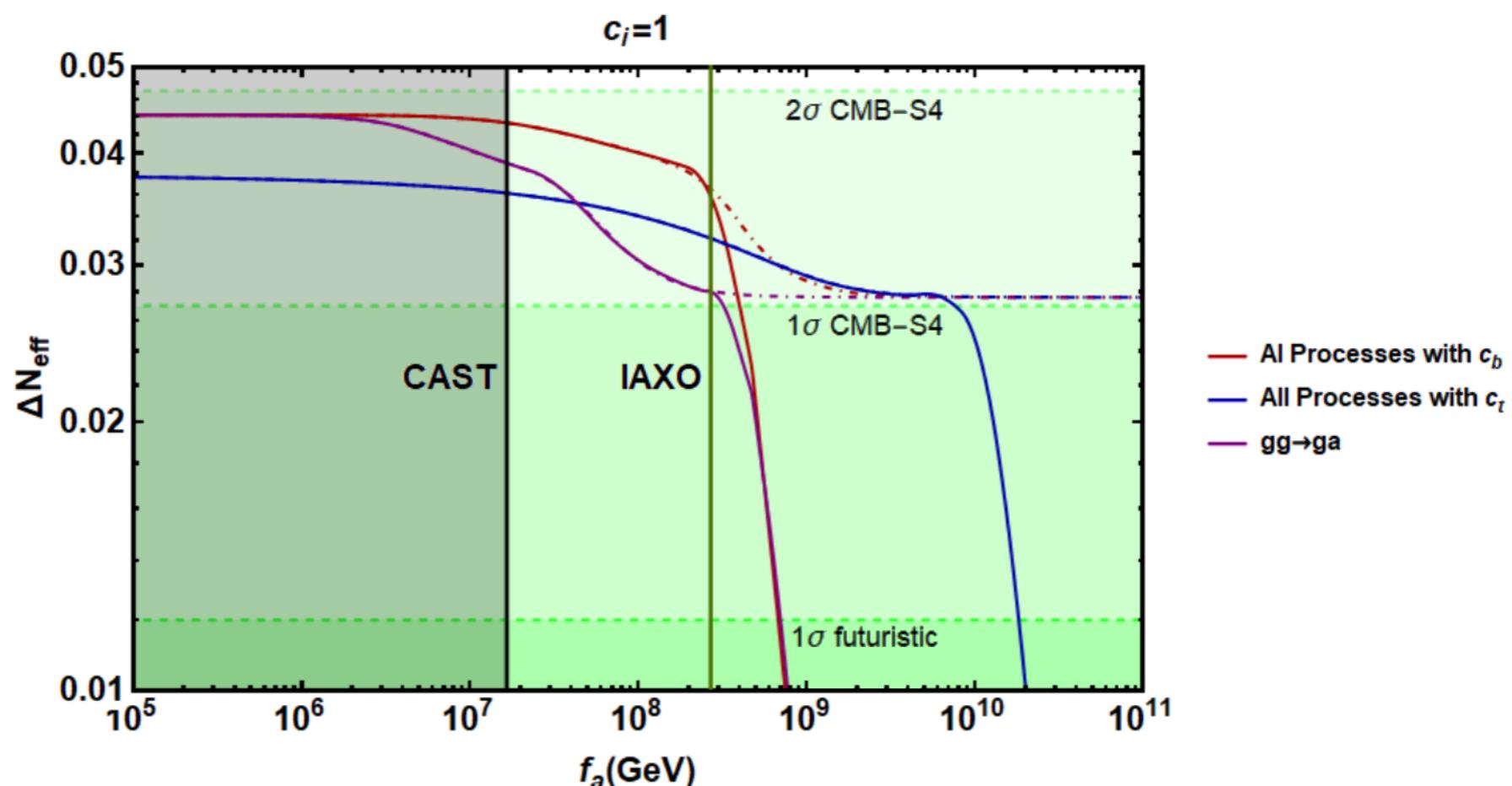
Axion Coupled to Heavy Quarks

Smooth rate
across EWPT,
within reach of
CMB-S4
surveys

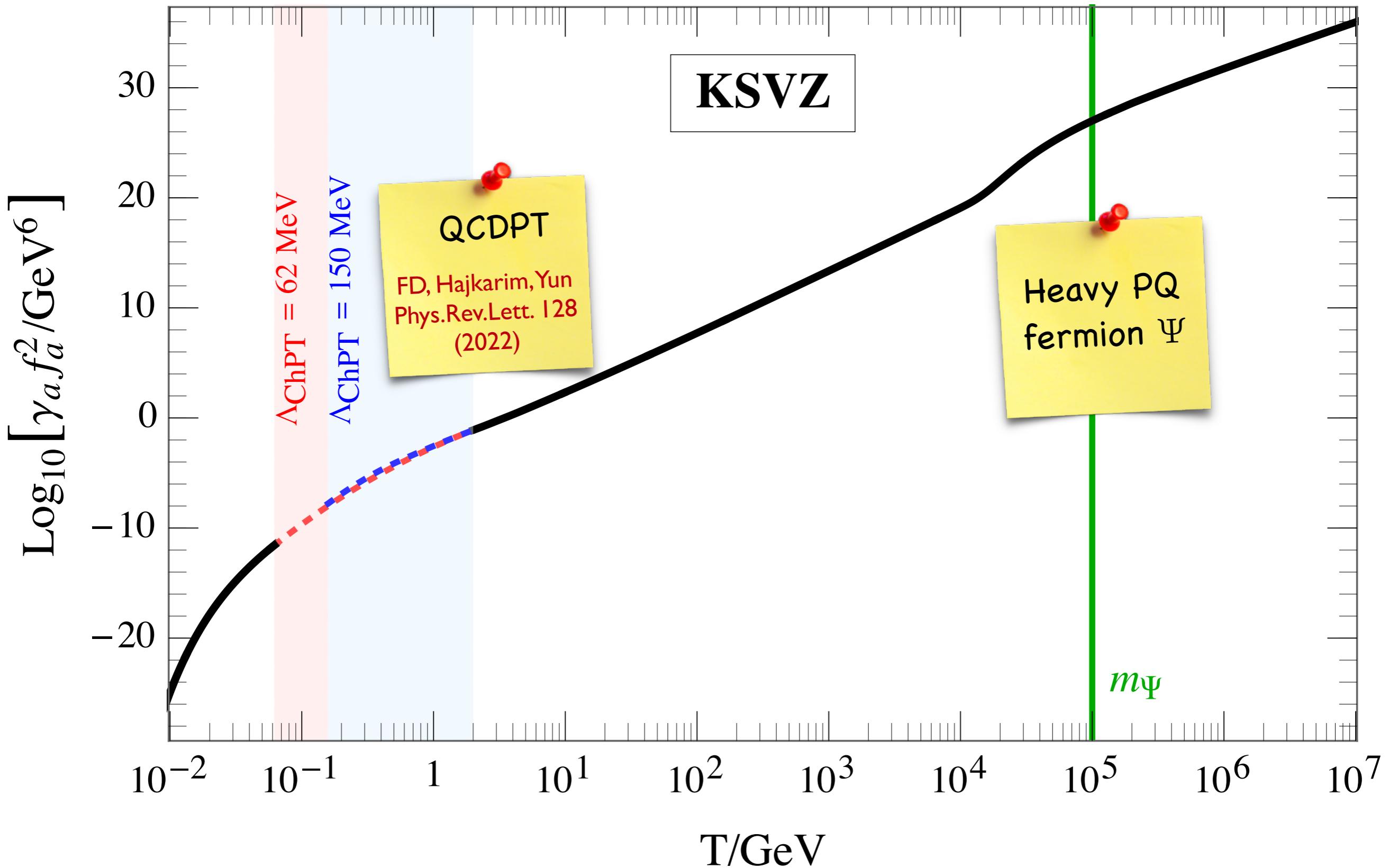
3rd Gen. Quarks



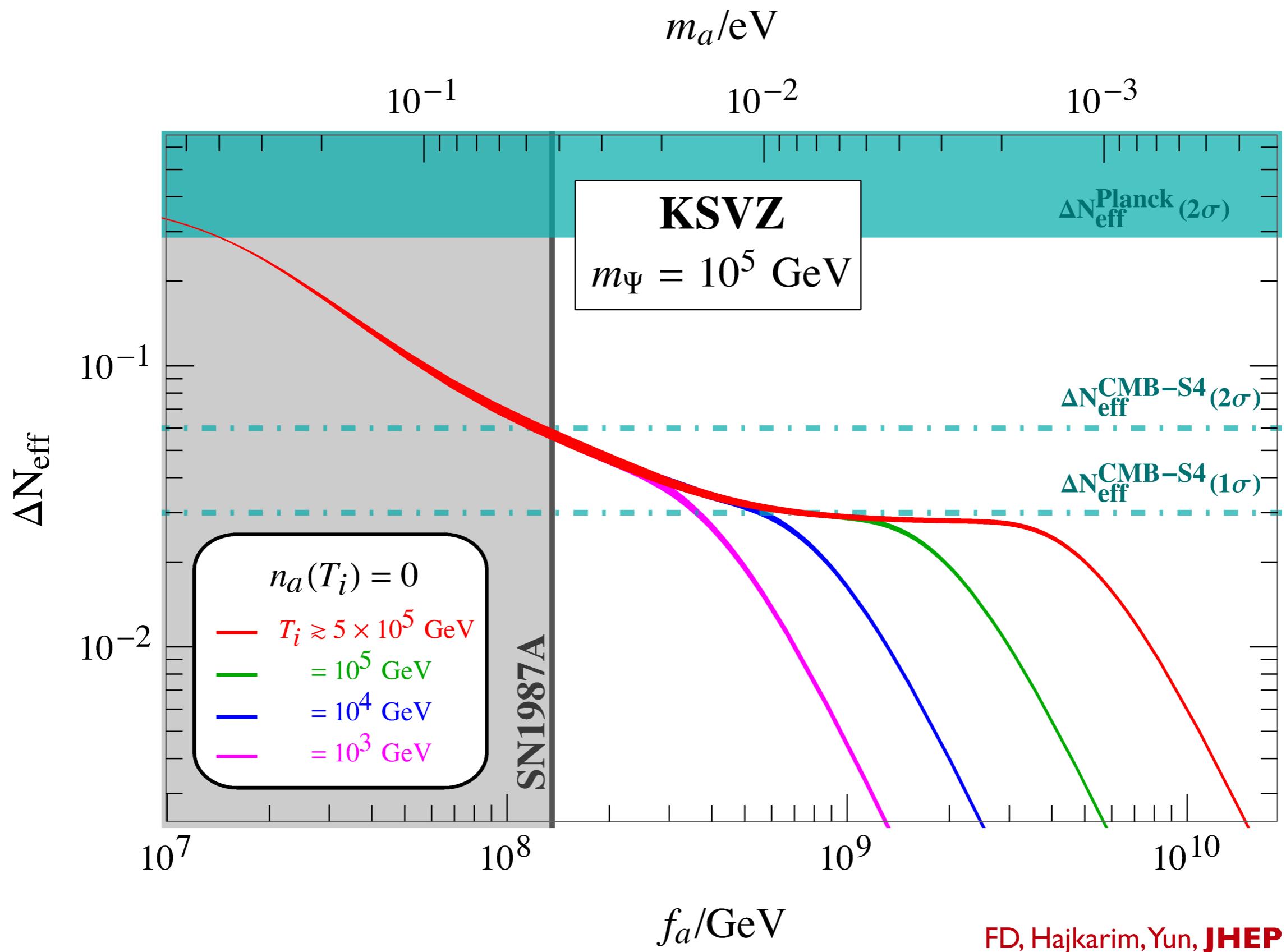
Arias-Aragon, FD, Ferreira, Merlo, Notari, **JCAP 03 (2021)**



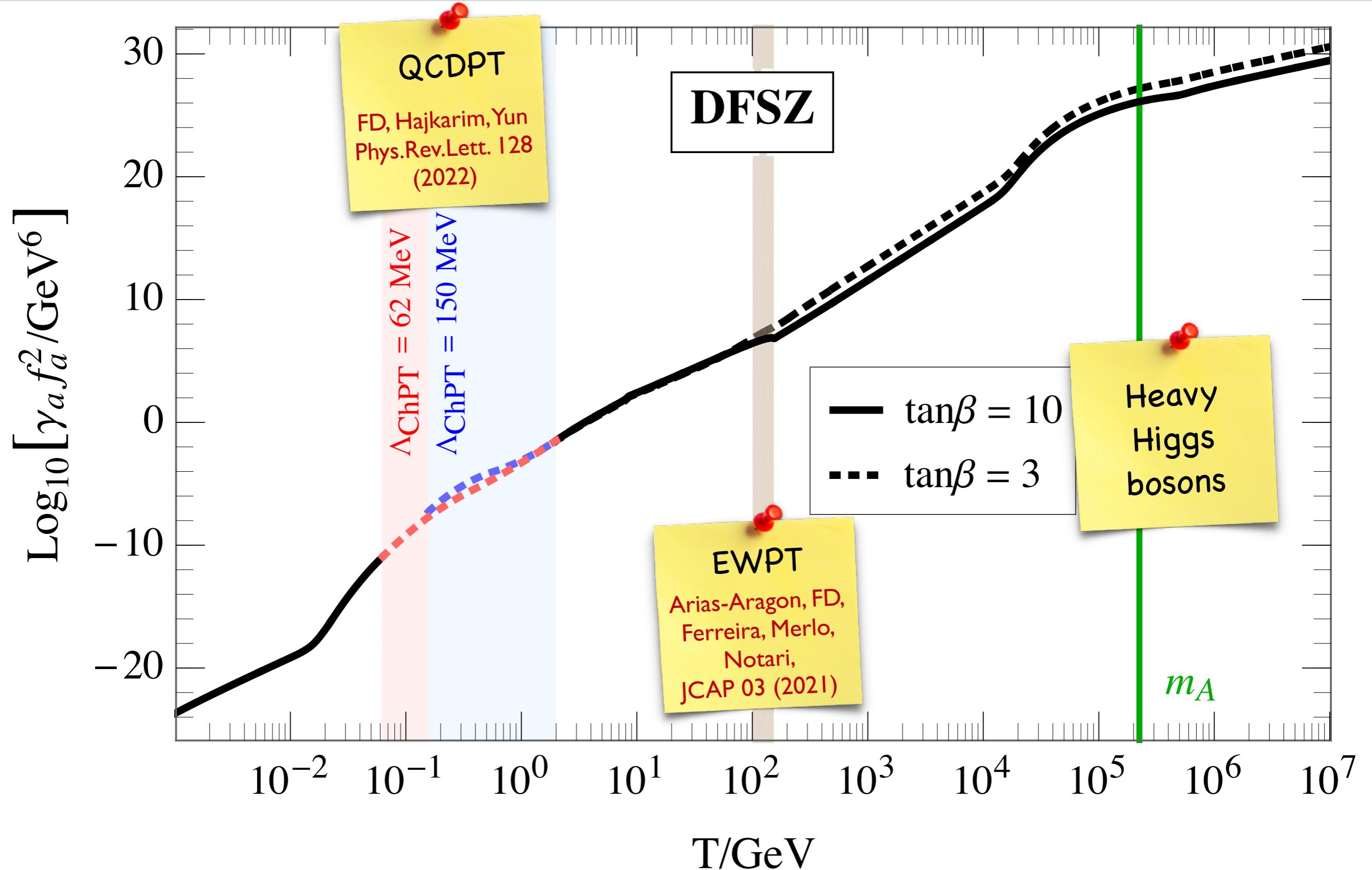
KSVZ Axion – Production Rate



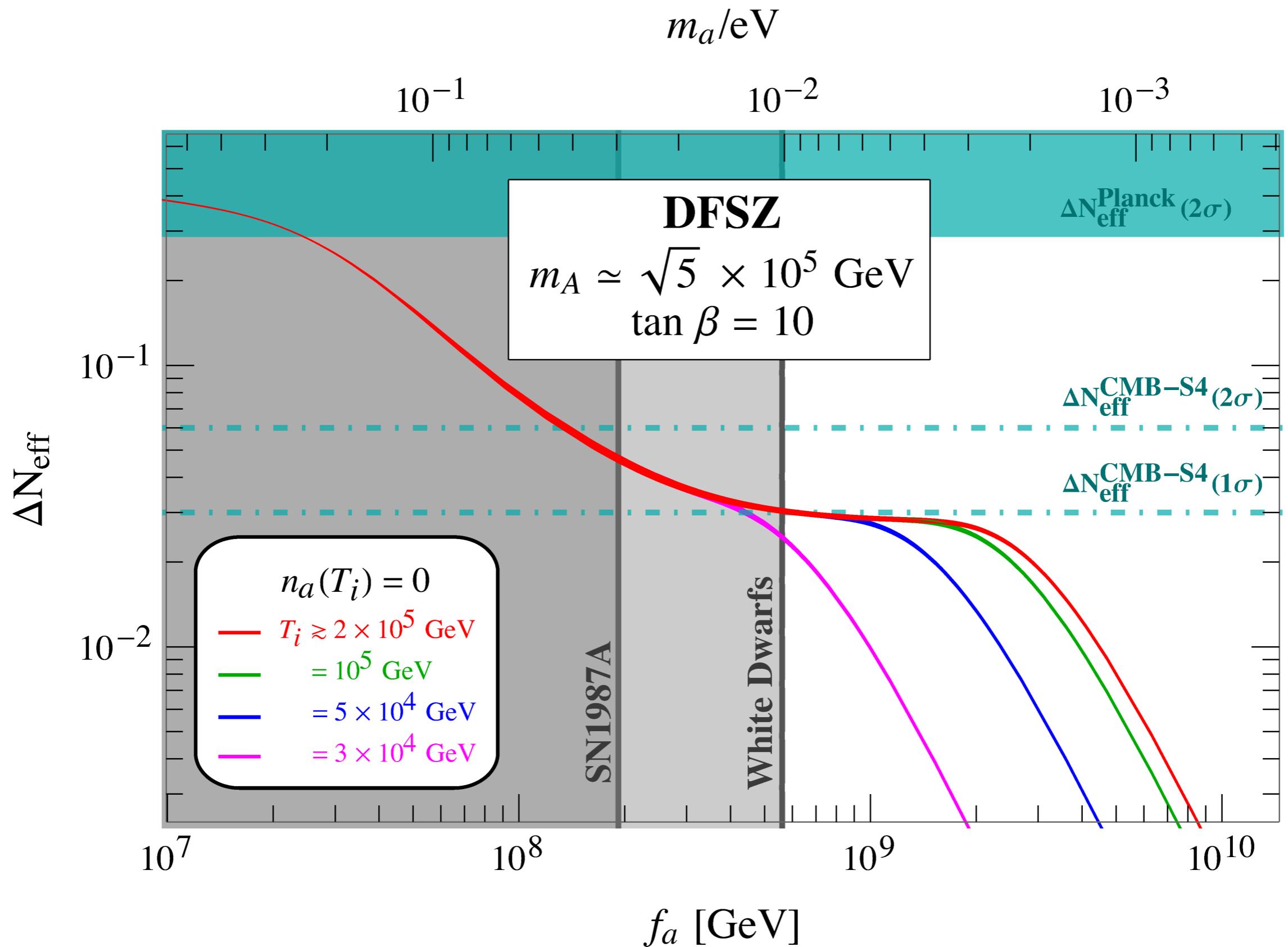
KSVZ Axion – Results for ΔN_{eff}



DFSZ Axion – Production Rate

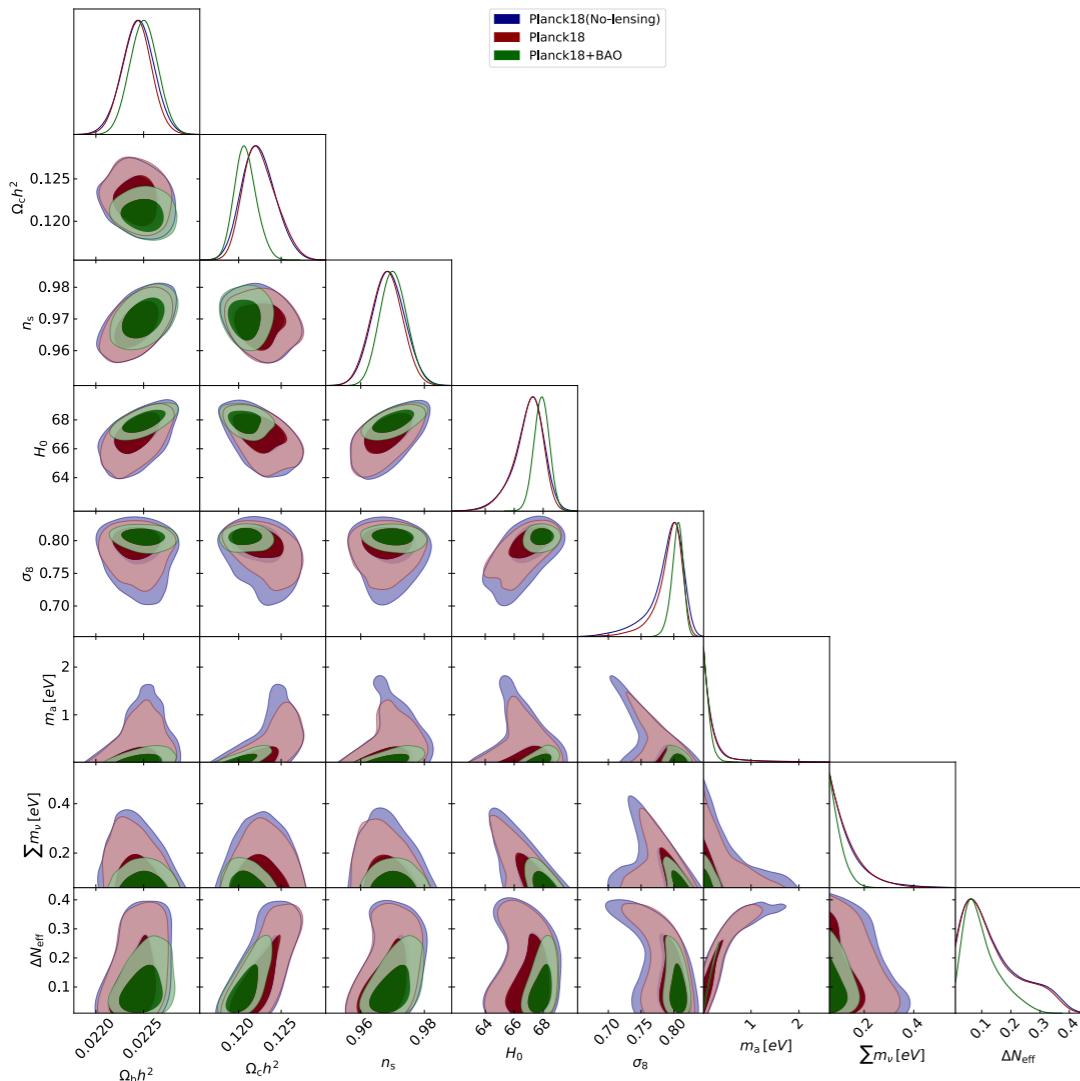


DFSZ Axion – Results for ΔN_{eff}



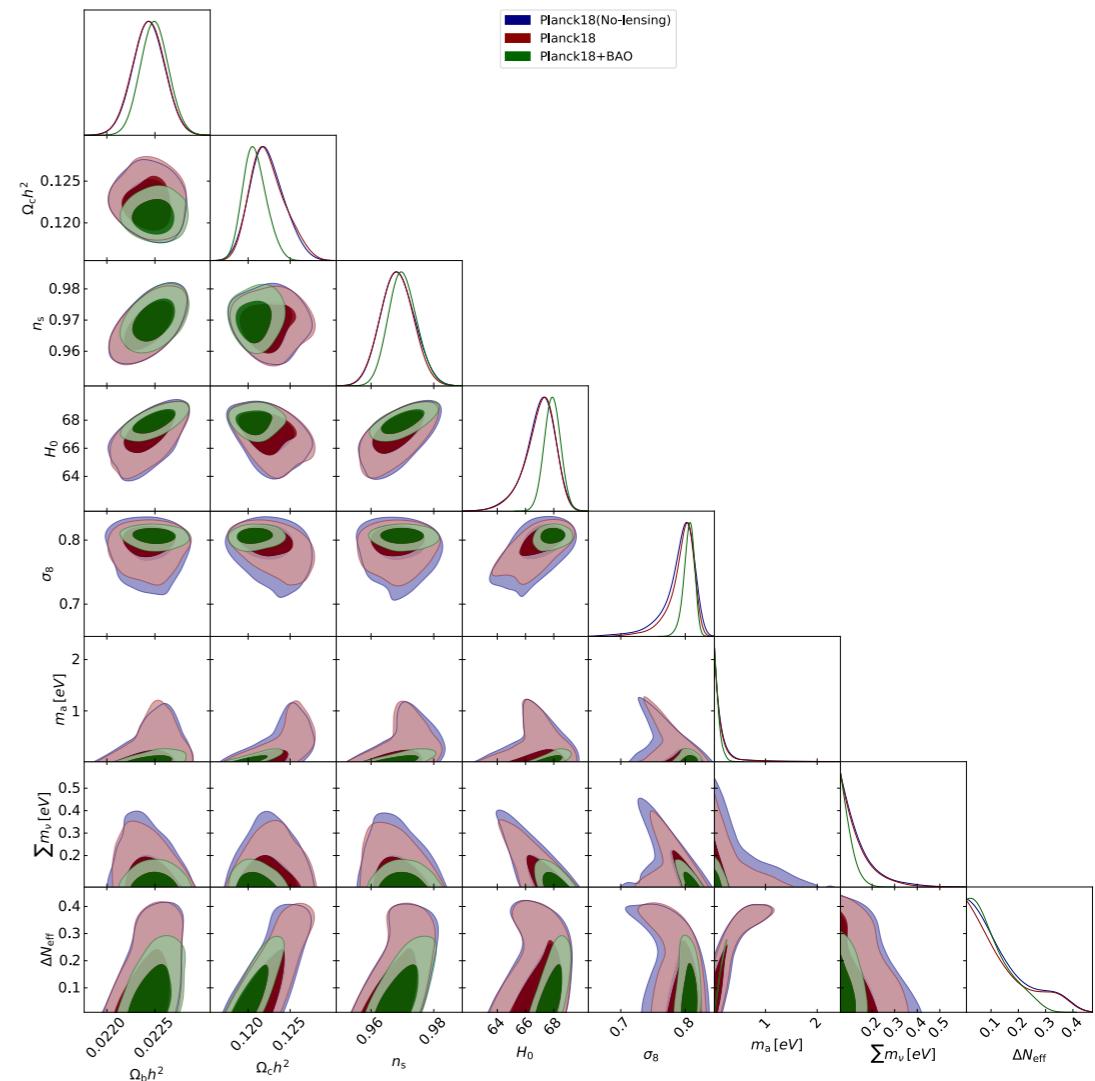
Axion Mass Bound

KSVZ



$$m_a \leq 0.282(0.420) \text{ eV}$$

DFSZ



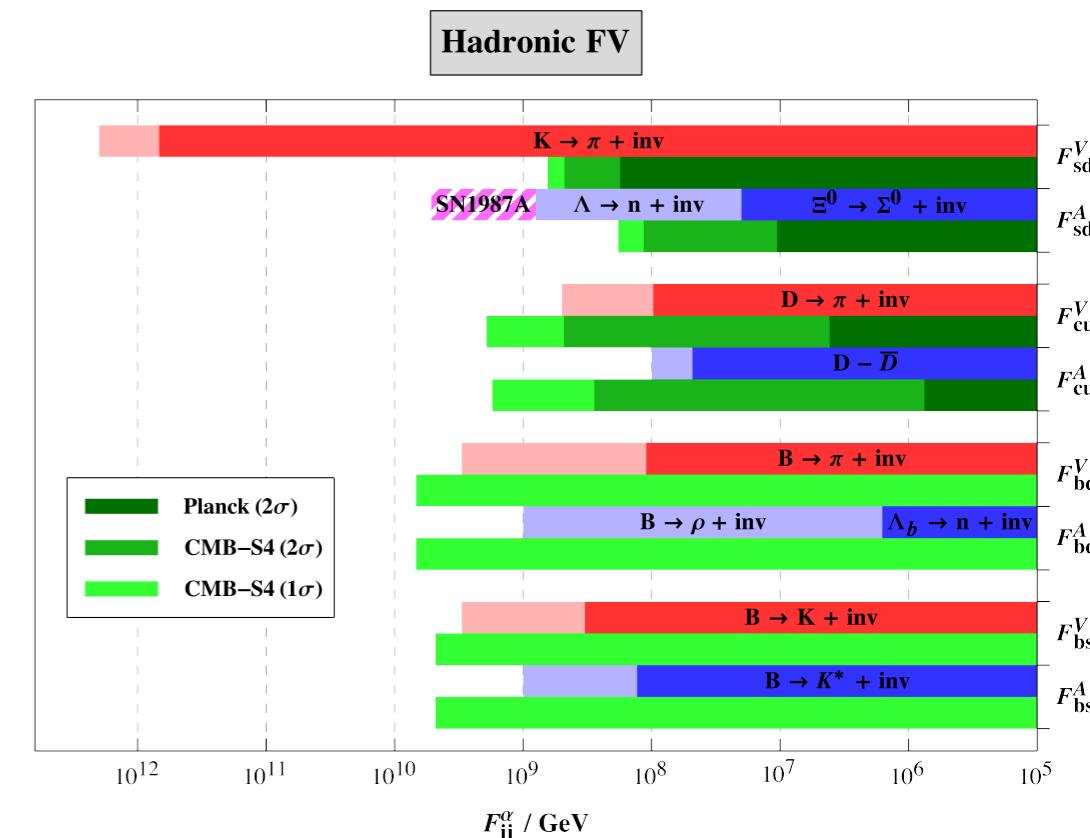
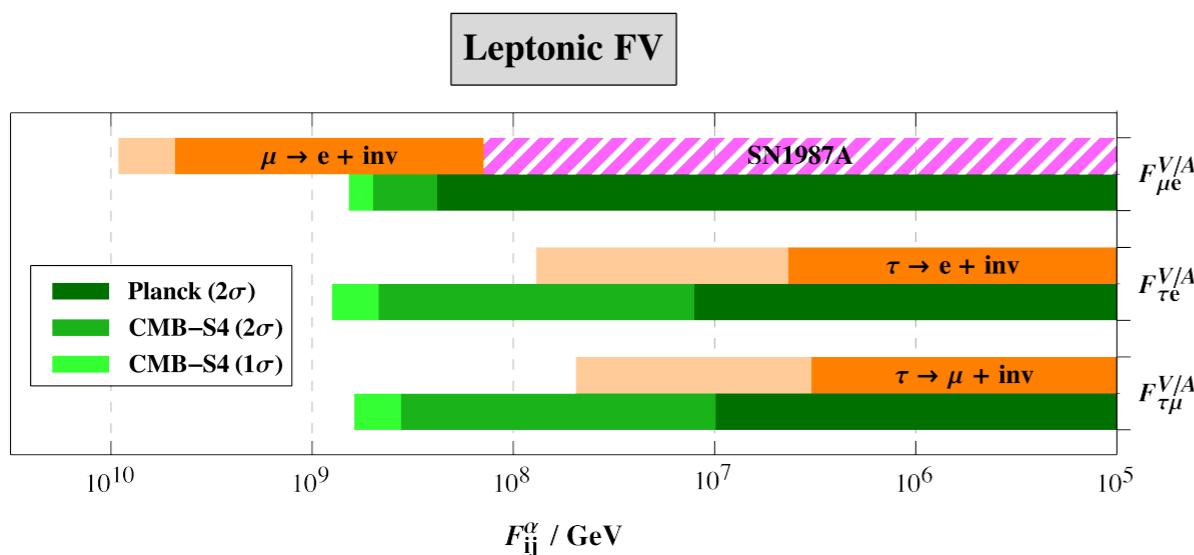
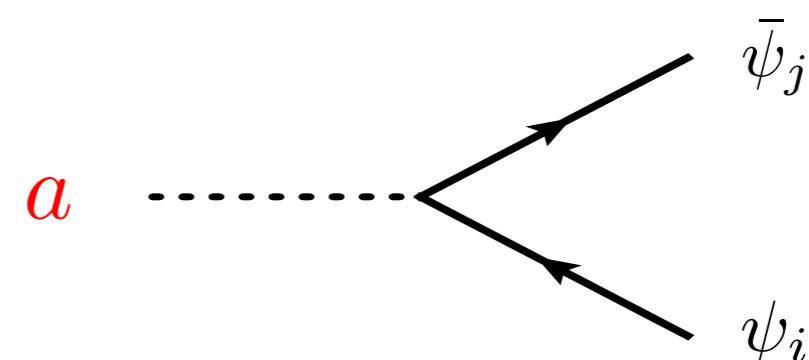
$$m_a \leq 0.209(0.293) \text{ eV}$$

A Minor Variation: FV Axions

Target of several terrestrial experiments

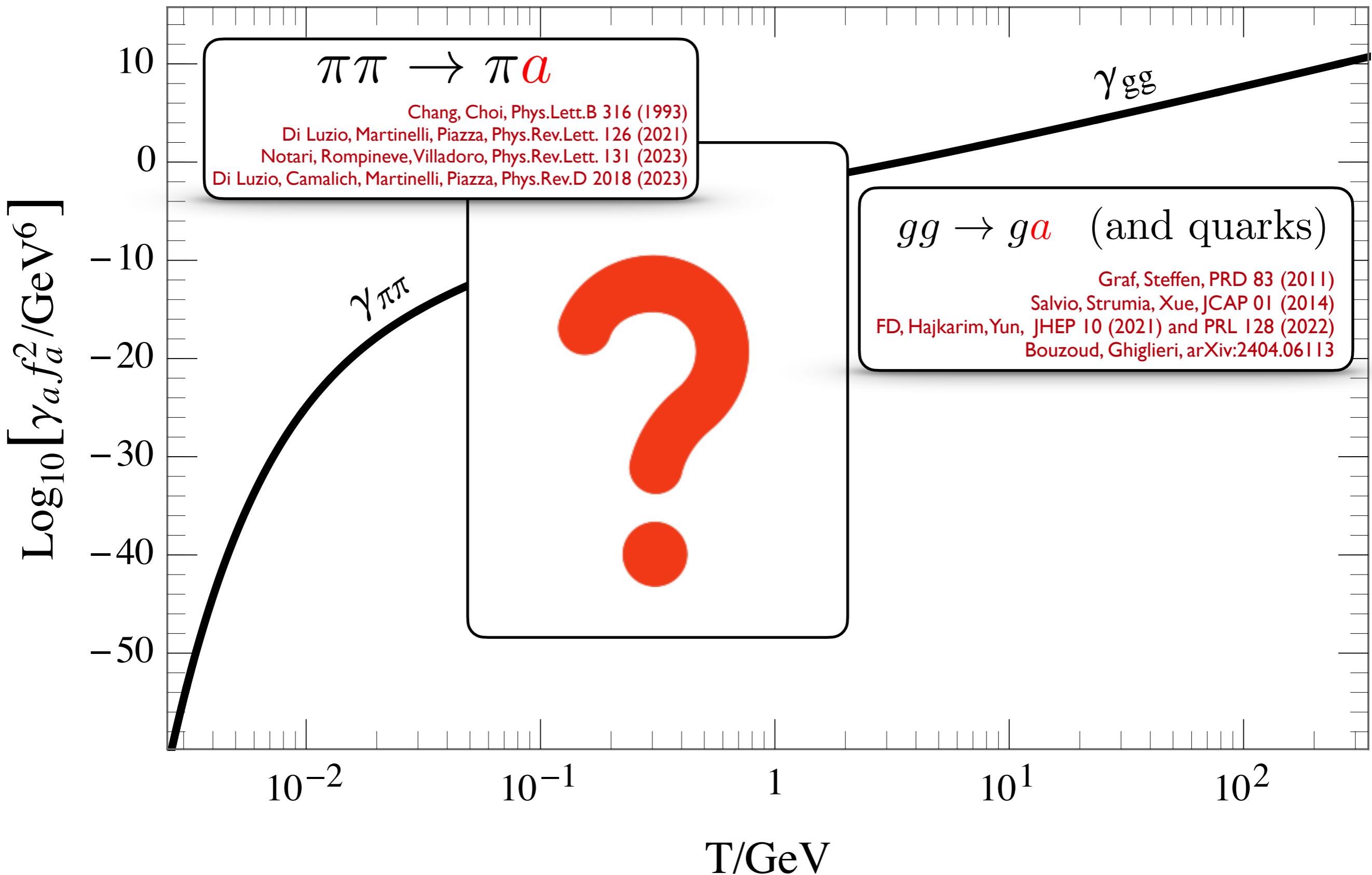
What about their role in the early universe?

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{FV}}^{(a)} = \frac{\partial_\mu a}{2f_a} \sum_{\psi_i \neq \psi_j} \bar{\psi}_i \gamma^\mu \left(c_{\psi_i \psi_j}^V + c_{\psi_i \psi_j}^A \gamma^5 \right) \psi_j$$

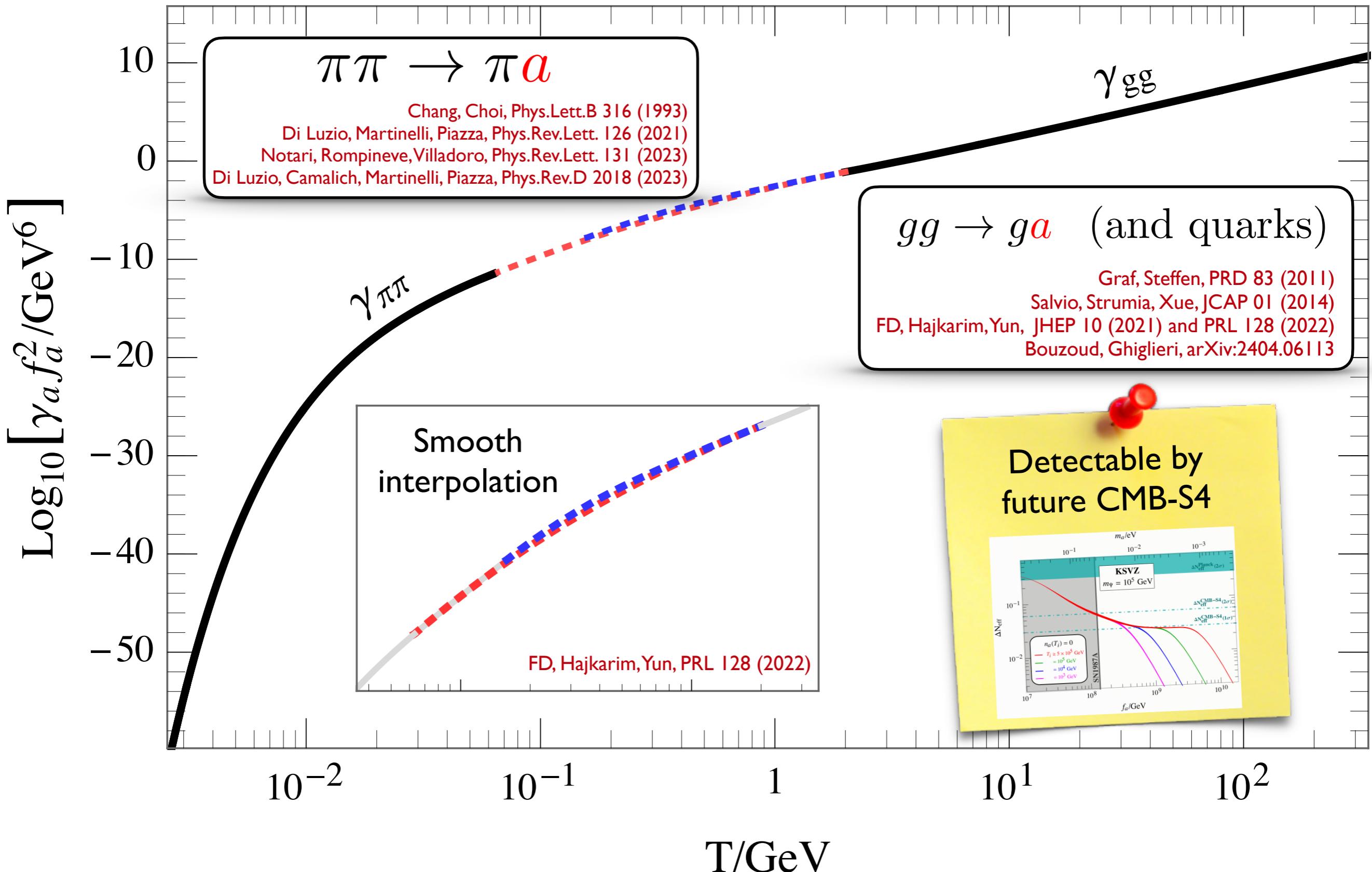


Current and future cosmological bounds competitive (or sometimes even better!) than terrestrial searches

Where Do We Stand?



Where Do We Stand?



What's Next?

Axion production rate
across the confinement scale still unknown

$$\gamma_a = n_i n_j \times \langle \sigma_{ij} \rightarrow ja v_{\text{rel}} \rangle$$

Thermal bath

Particle Physics

1. Cross sections with other hadrons?
2. Thermal bath description between 150 MeV and fews GeV?
3. Boltzmann equation evolution and cosmological observables?

Back to the Phase-Space

Model-independent analysis:
generic production of a light X

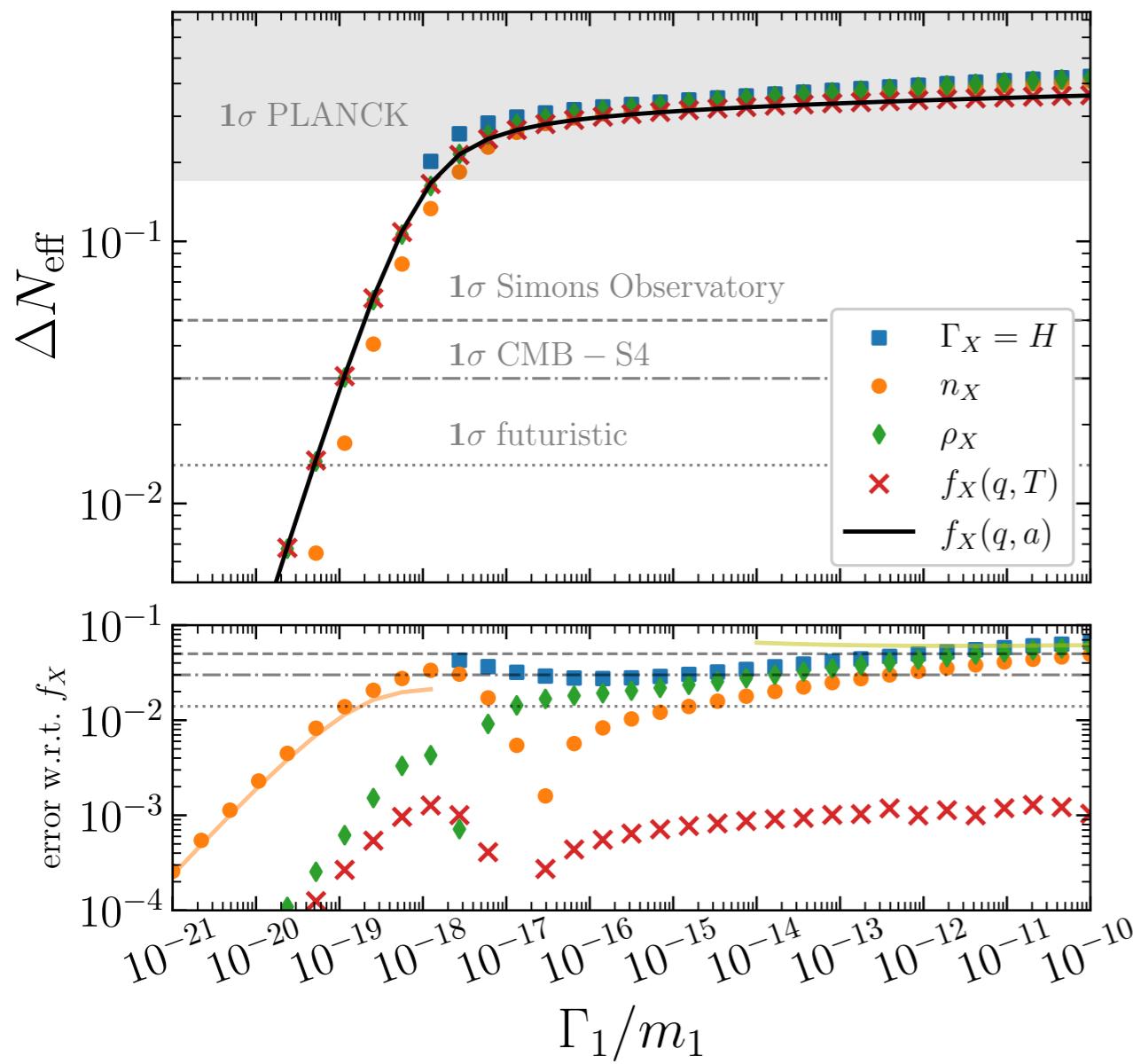
$$\mathcal{B}_1 \dots \mathcal{B}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{B}_{n+1} \dots \mathcal{B}_m X$$

$$\frac{df_X(k, t)}{dt} = \left(1 - \frac{f_X(k, t)}{f_X^{\text{eq}}(k, t)}\right) C_{n \rightarrow mX}(k, t)$$

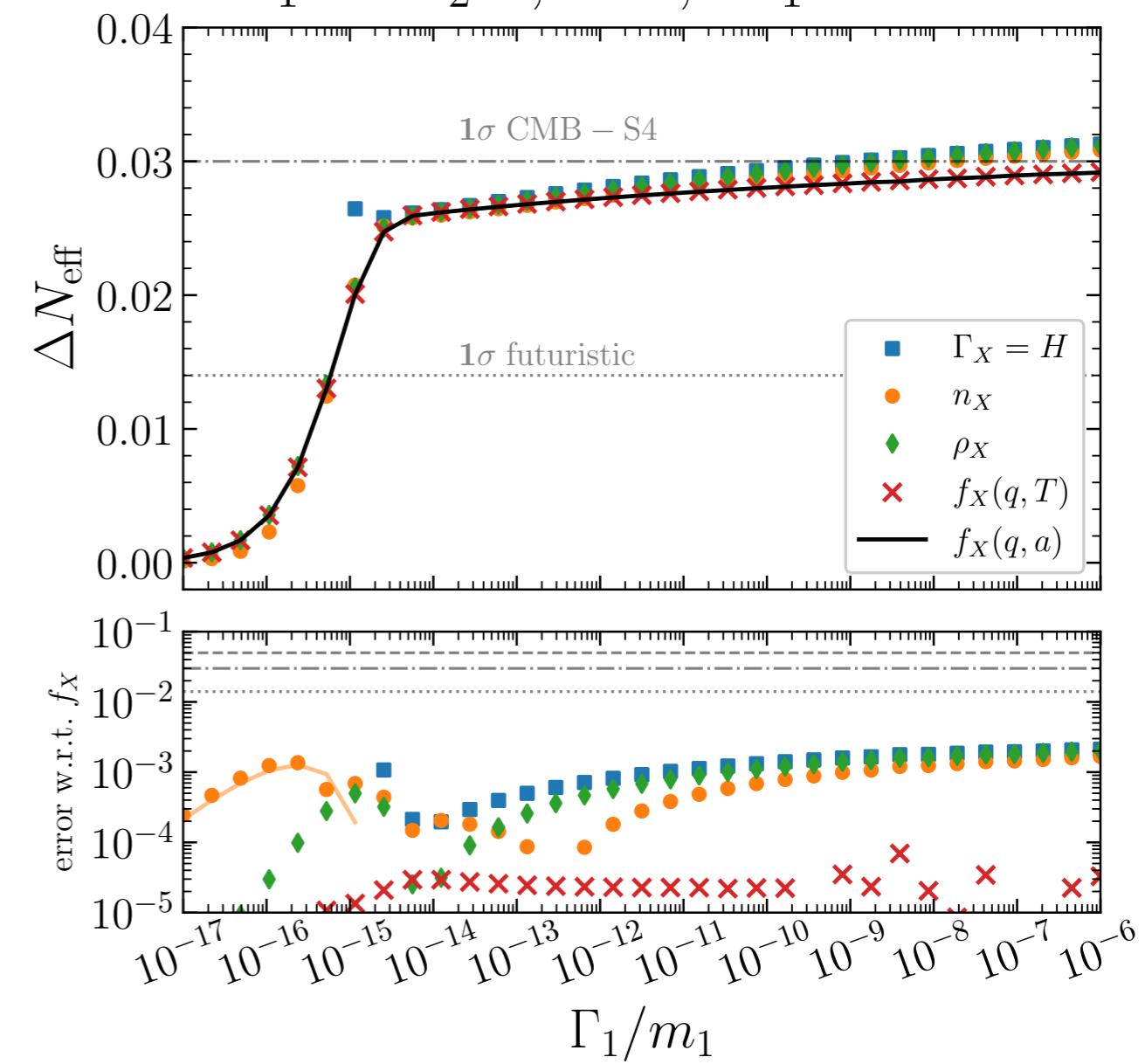
1. Keep track of phase-space and compute the energy density
2. Quantum statistical effects take into account
3. Energy exchanged with the thermal bath accounted for

Error in predicting ΔN_{eff}

$\mathcal{B}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{B}_2 X$, MB, $m_1 = 1$ GeV



$\mathcal{B}_1 \rightarrow \mathcal{B}_2 X$, MB, $m_1 = 1$ TeV



Axion-Fermion Interactions

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = \frac{\partial_\mu a}{2f_a} \sum_\psi c_\psi \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \psi$$

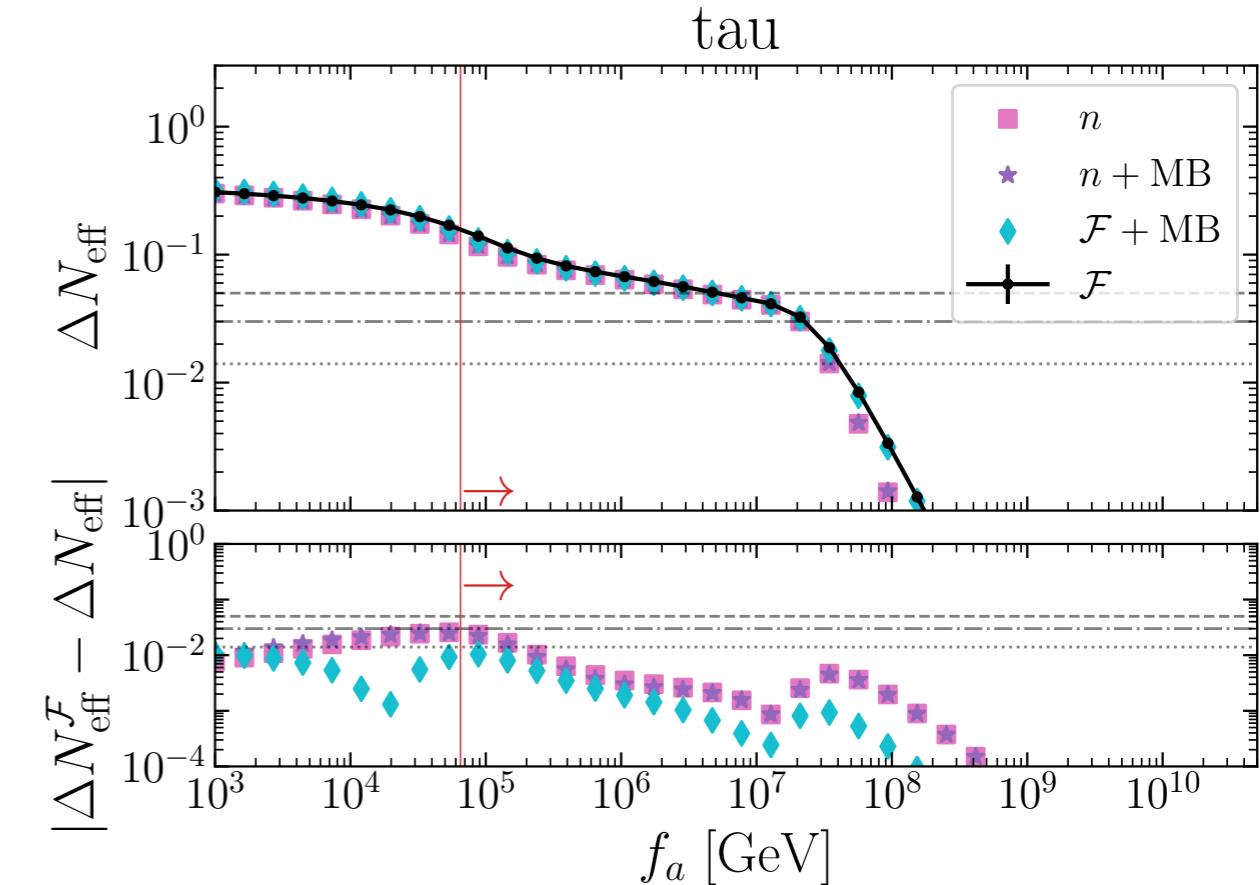
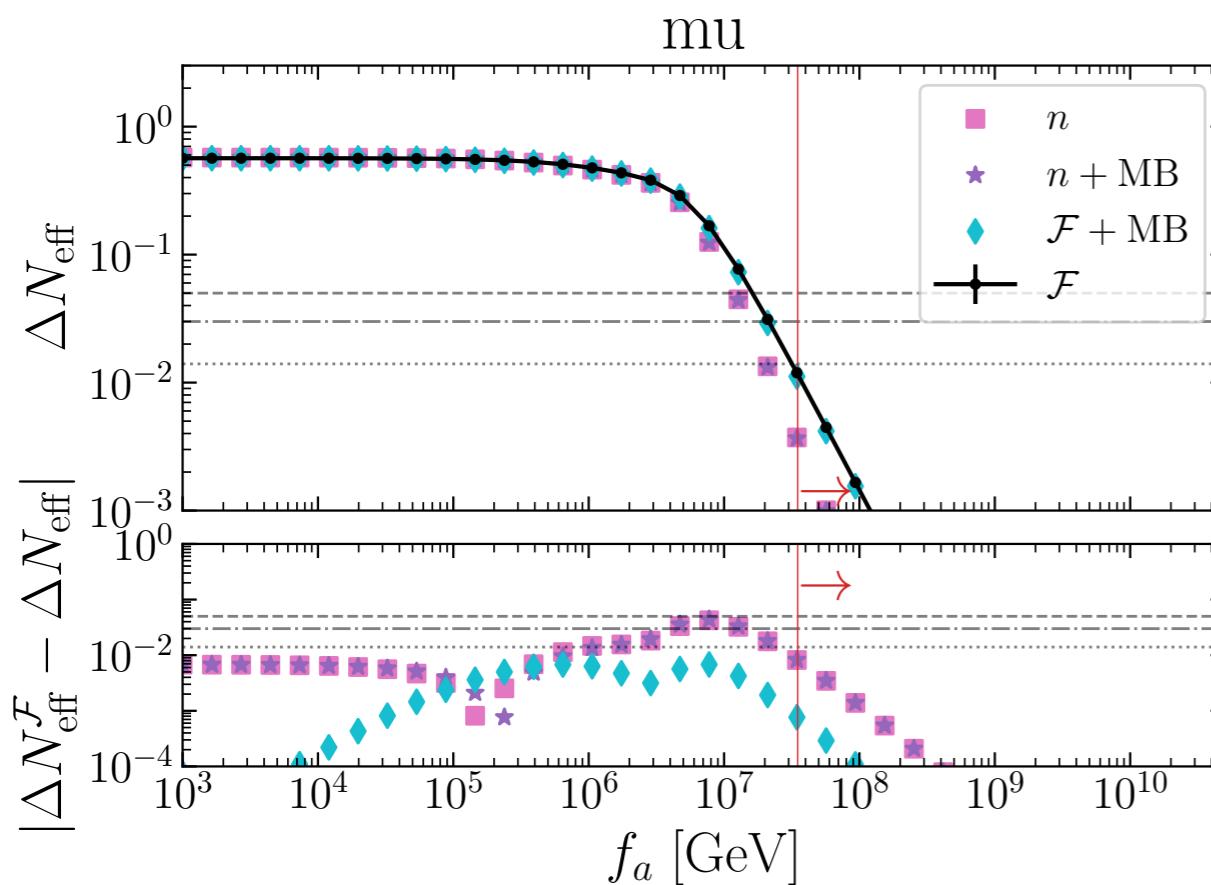
Recent studies performed
by tracking the axion
number density

Baumann et al, **Phys.Rev.Lett.** **117** (2016)
Ferreira, Notari, **Phys.Rev.Lett.** **120** (2018)
FD et al, **JCAP** **11** (2018)
Arias-Aragón et al., **JCAP** **11** (2020)
Arias-Aragón et al., **JCAP** **03** (2021)
Green et al., **JCAP** **02** (2022)

Will it change if we go back to the phase space?

Axion-Fermion Interactions

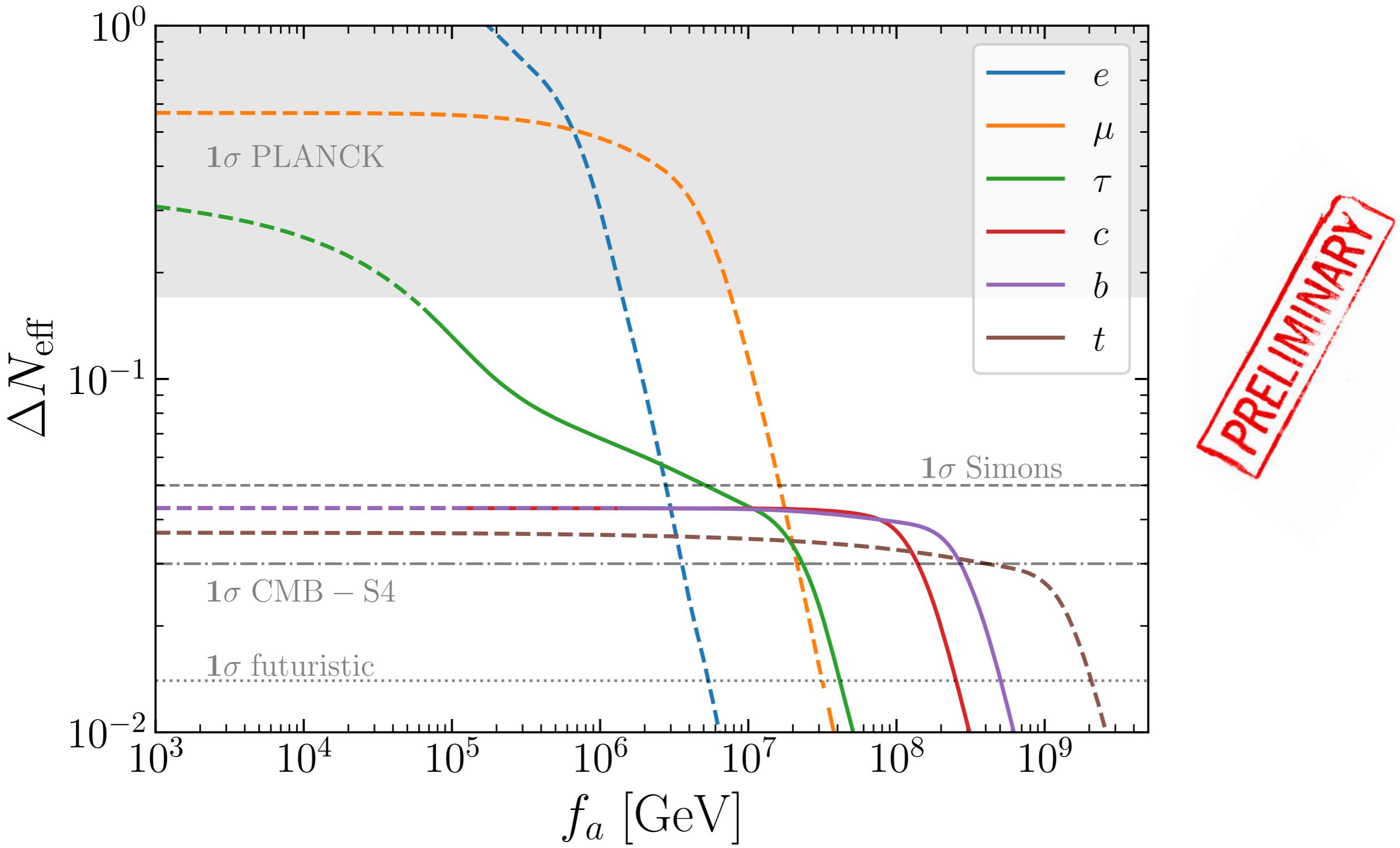
PRELIMINARY



Difference detectable by future CMB-S4 surveys!

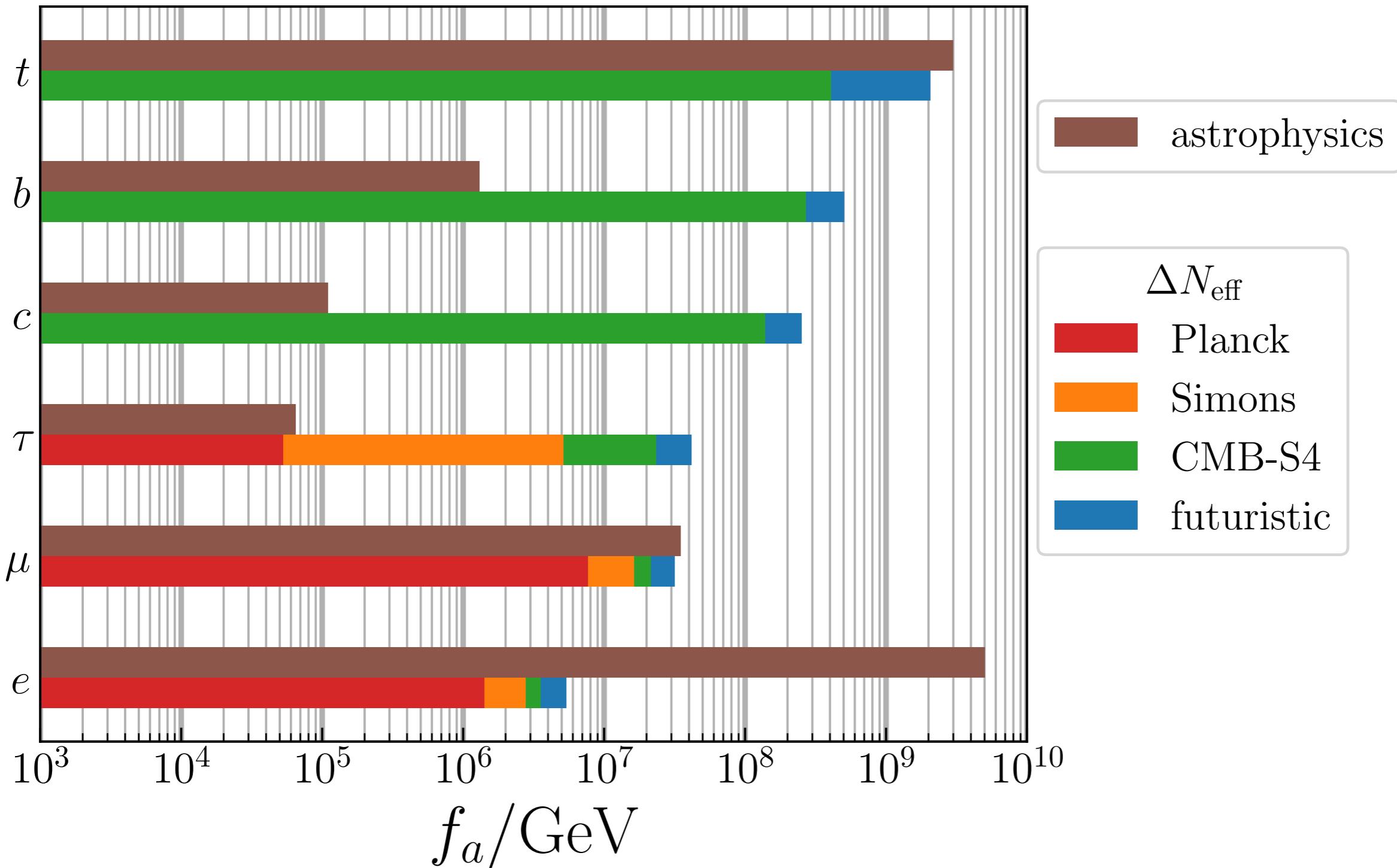
- MUON: effect maximum in regions in tension with stellar bounds
- TAU: effect maximum in allowed regions

Axion-Fermion Interactions

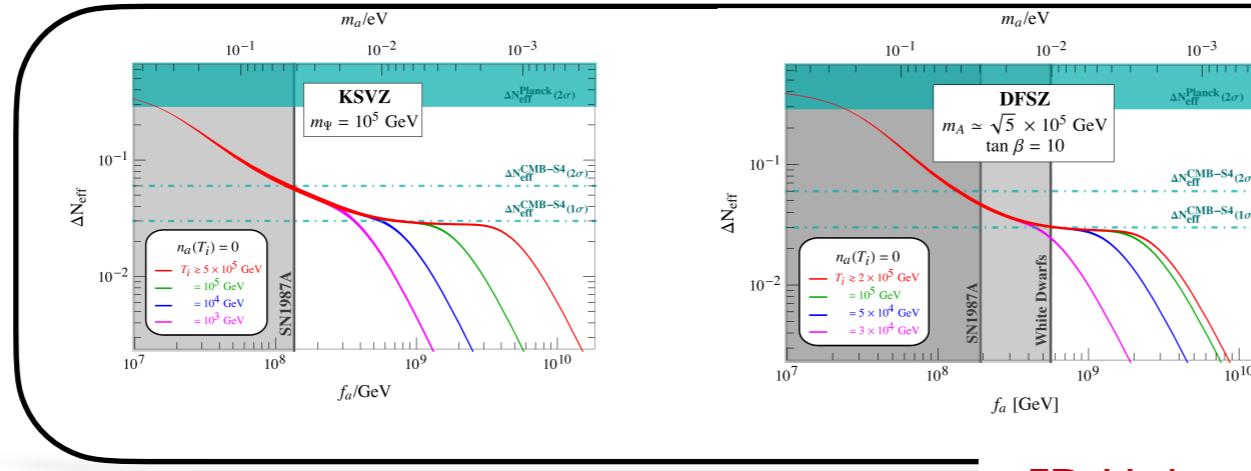


Axion-Fermion Interactions

PRELIMINARY



The Way Back to the Phase Space



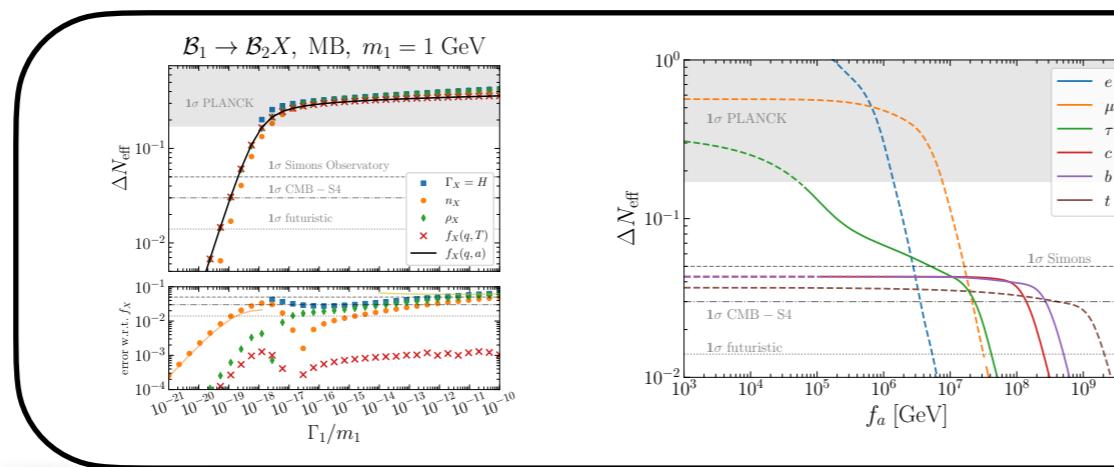
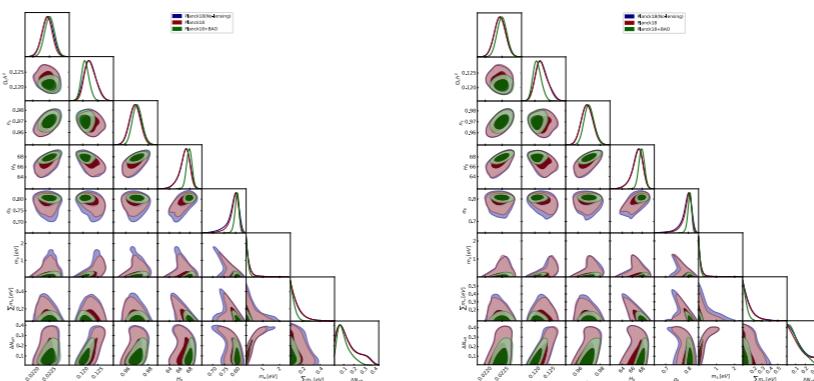
ΔN_{eff} tracking the number density

FD, Hajkarim, Yun, **JHEP 10 (2021)**

FD, Hajkarim, Yun, **Phys.Rev.Lett. 128 (2022)**

FD, Di Valentino, Giarè, Hajkarim, Melchiorri, Mena, Renzi, Yun, **JCAP 09 (2022)**

Axion cosmological mass bound

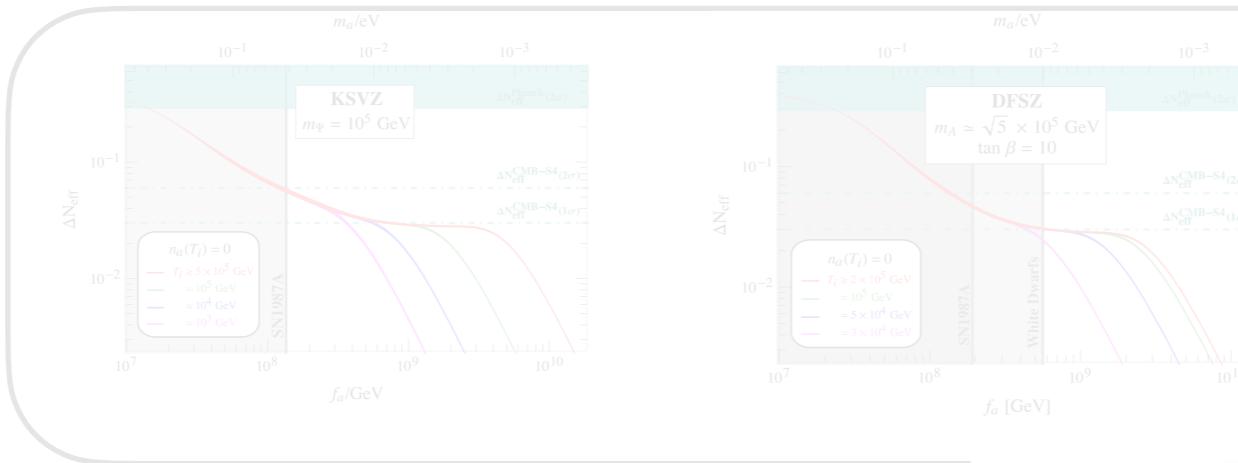


Importance of a phase space analysis

FD, Hajkarim, Lenoci, **JCAP 03 (2024)**

FD, Lenoci, **in preparation**

The Way Back to the Phase Space

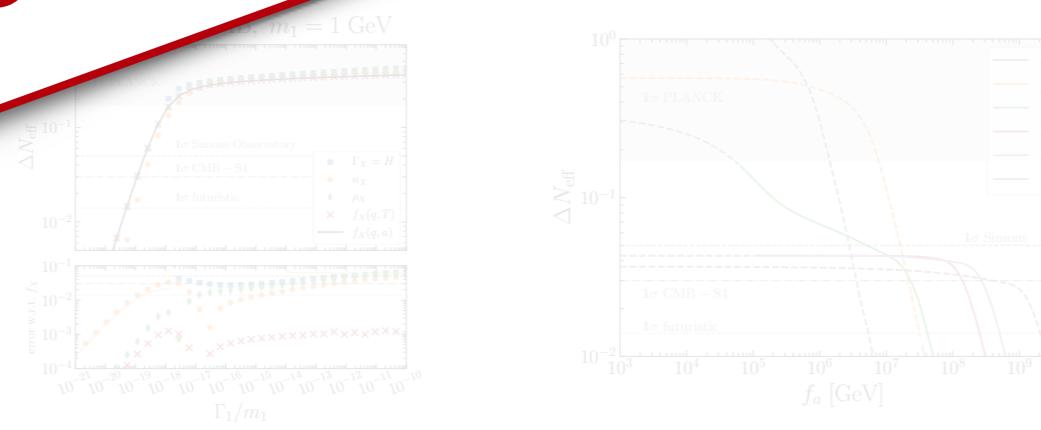


ΔN_{eff} tracking the
number density

FD, Di Valentino, Giarè, Hajkarim, Melchiorri,
Mena, Renzi, Yun, **JCAP 09 (2022)**

Axion cosmological
mass bound

THANK YOU!



Importance of a
phase space analysis

FD, Hajkarim, Lenoci, **JCAP 03 (2024)**
FD, Lenoci, **in preparation**