



INVISIBLES

Interactions of plasma and bubbles during FOPTs

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VUB, IIHE and COST Action

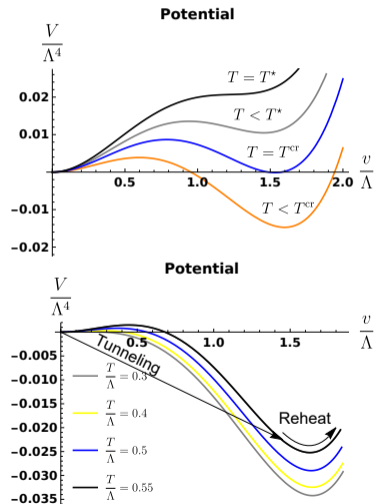


First order phase transition (FOPT) in the early universe

Universe high-T after inflation: cooling of primordial soup



- QFT = landscape of minima \Rightarrow PT

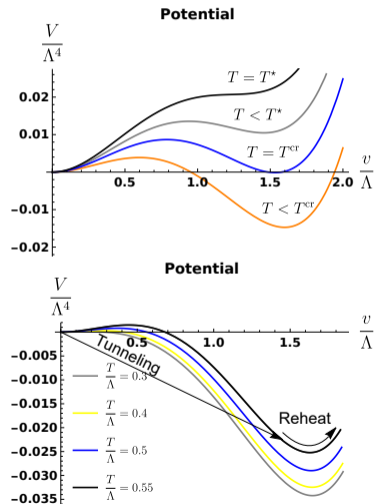


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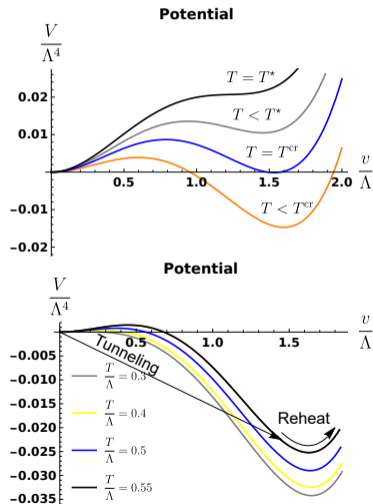


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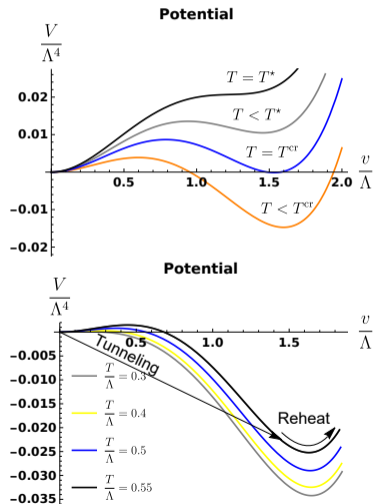


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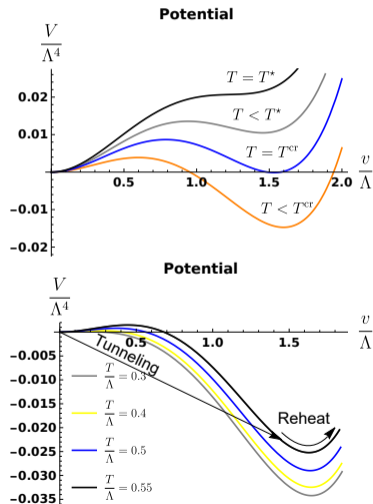
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- Nucleation controlled by bounce solution

$$\Gamma \sim T^4 \text{Exp} \left[-\frac{S_3}{T} \right]$$

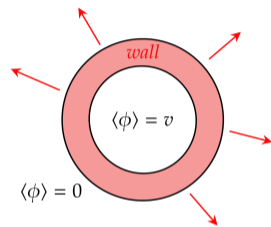


Nucleation and early expansion

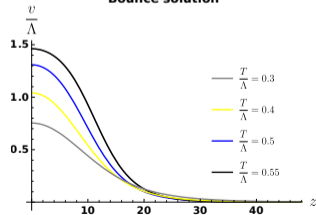
- Energy released $\Delta V \Rightarrow$ Driving energy:

$$E_{\text{driving}} = -\frac{4}{3}\pi\Delta V R^3 \text{ VS } \Delta\mathcal{P}_{\text{tension}} = 4\pi\sigma R^2$$

Expansion when $R_{\text{initial}} > R_c \sim \sigma/\Delta V$



Bounce solution



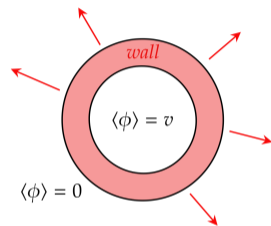
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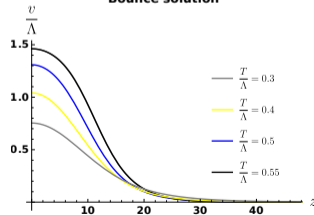
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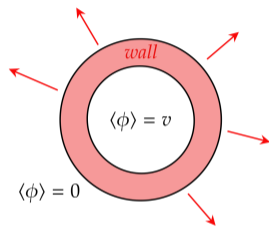
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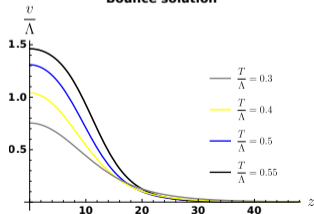
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$$\alpha_N \equiv \frac{\Delta V}{\rho_r(T_{\text{nuc}})} \propto 1/T_{\text{nuc}}^4$$



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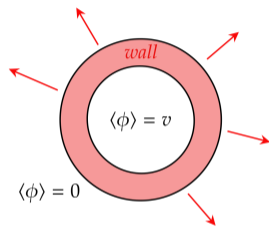
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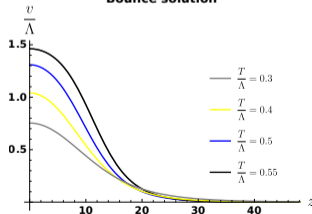
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- Duration of the FOPT

$$\beta \equiv \frac{t_{\text{exp}}}{t_{PT}} = \frac{1}{t_{PT}H} \propto R_{\text{collision}}^{-1}$$



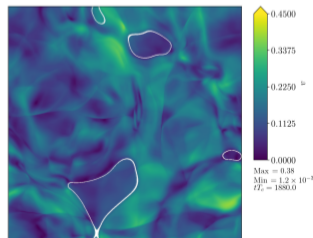
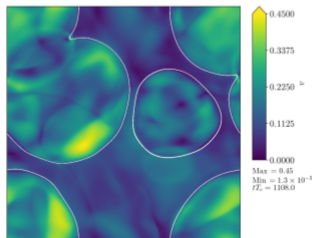
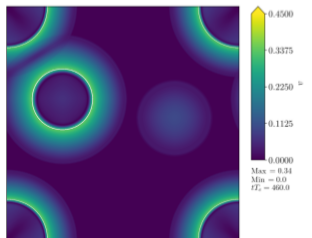
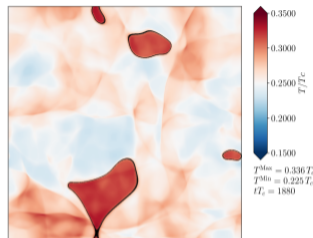
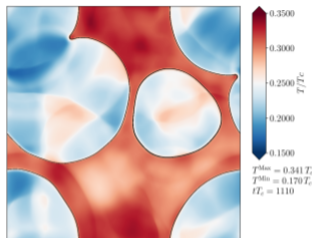
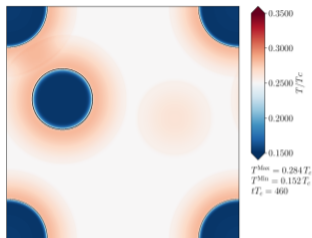
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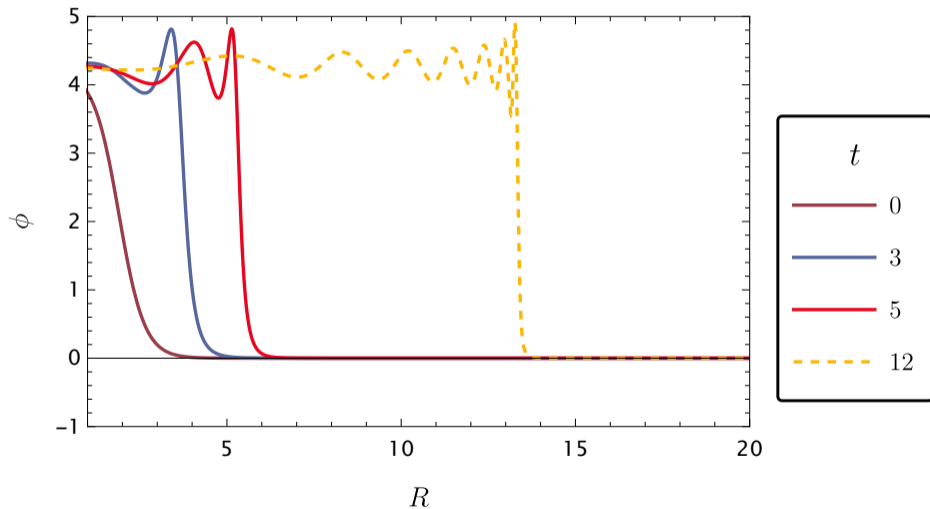
FOPT pictorially

Cutting, Hindmarsh and Weir:[1906.00480]: video in

<https://vimeo.com/showcase/5968055>



The bubble wall in time



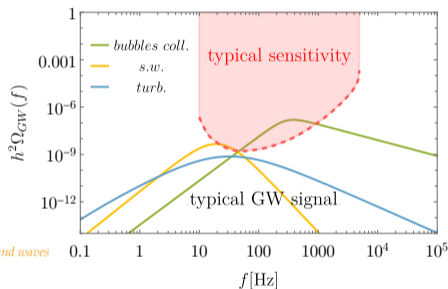
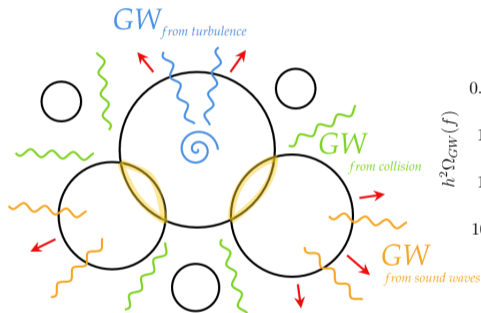
FOPT and Gravitational waves

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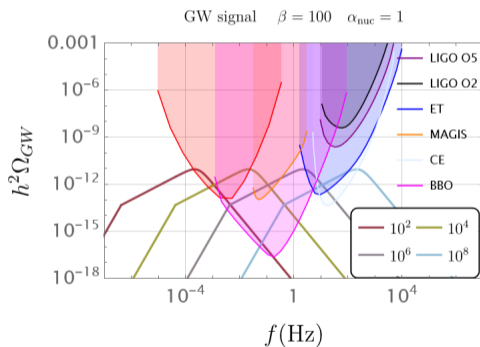
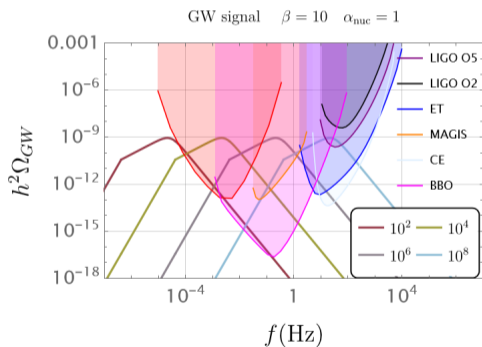
- bubble collision
- sound waves
- turbulence



Primordial GWs could be observed soon: Frequency \Rightarrow information about T_{reh} : $f_{\text{peak}} \propto T_{\text{reh}}$

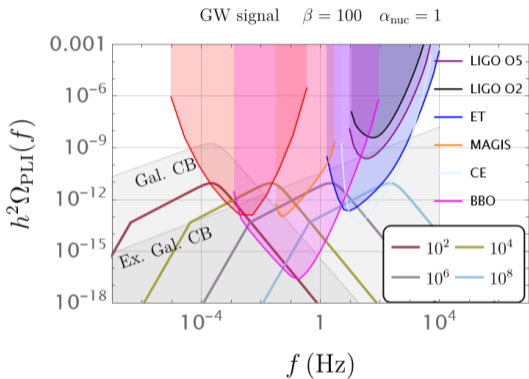
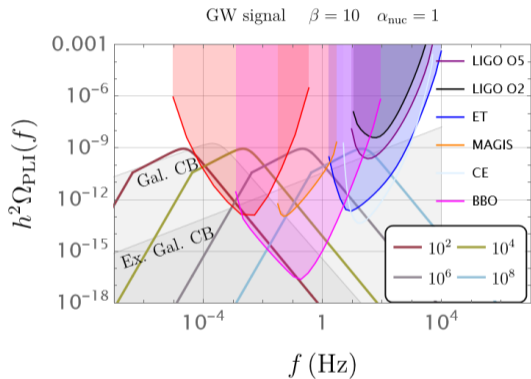
Observation prospects of GW

$$\left(T_{\text{reh}}, \beta, \alpha_N, v_w \right) \Rightarrow \left(\Omega_{\text{peak}}^{\text{GW}}, f_{\text{peak}}^{\text{GW}} \right)$$



Using Bulk flow model: **Konstandin, Jinno, Takimoto, ...**

But foregrounds ...



$$\Omega_{\text{GW}} \propto v_w \left(\kappa_f \frac{\alpha_N}{1 + \alpha_N} \right)^2 \frac{1}{\beta^2} \Rightarrow$$

Need *strong, long PT with fast walls*

Where does the energy go ?

[1004.4187]: Espinosa,No,Konstandin, Servant,[2406.01596]:Barni,Blasi,MV

- Fluid motion \Rightarrow GW !

$$\underbrace{\frac{\xi_w^3}{3}\epsilon}_{\text{vacuum}} + \underbrace{\frac{3}{4} \int \omega_N \xi^2 d\xi}_{\text{initial therm energy}} = \underbrace{\int \gamma^2 v^2 \omega \xi^2 d\xi}_{\text{fluid motion}} + \underbrace{\frac{3}{4} \int \omega \xi^2 d\xi}_{\text{final therm energy}}$$

-

$$\frac{\rho_{\text{kin}}}{\rho_i} \equiv \frac{\kappa_f \alpha_N}{1 + \alpha_N},$$

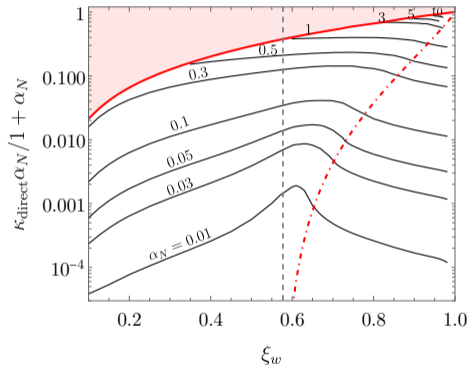


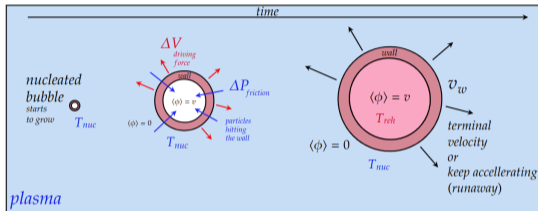
Figure: [2406.01596]:Barni,Blasi,MV

Good news: they *kinda* correlate

[2207.02230]: Azatov, Barni, Chakraborty, MV, Yin

v_w and α_N

- v_w : ΔV against $\Delta \mathcal{P}$

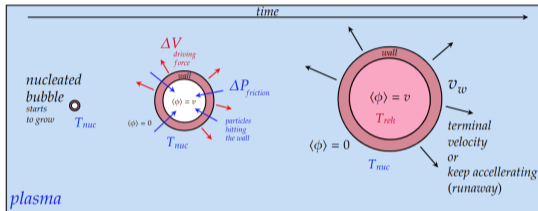


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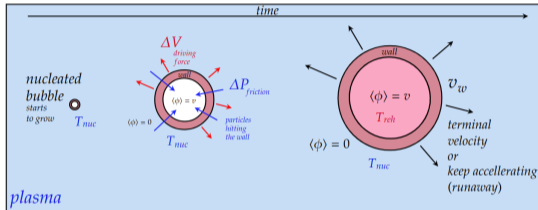
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- Two regimes: runaway and terminal velocity.

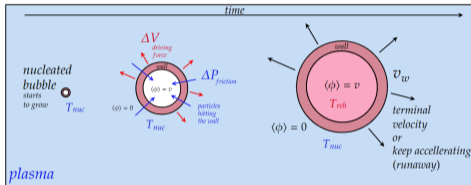
$$\text{Runaway : } \gamma_w \propto R/R_0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \gamma_w^{\text{collision}} \propto M_{pl}/\beta v$$

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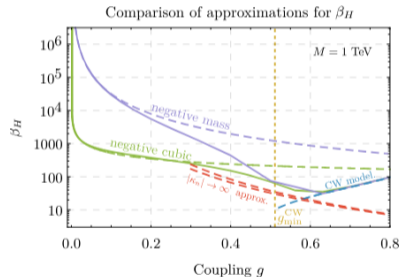
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- In CW models: [2212.08085]: Levi, Opferkuch, Redigolo

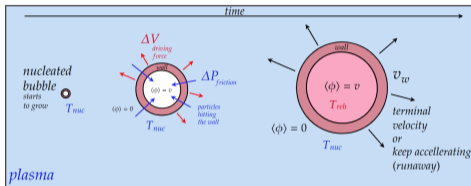


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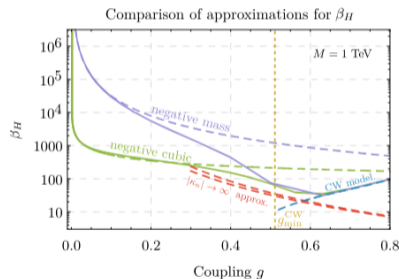
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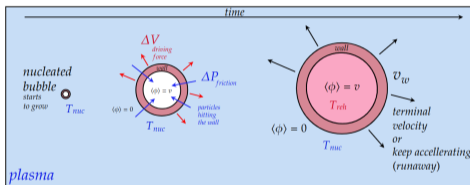
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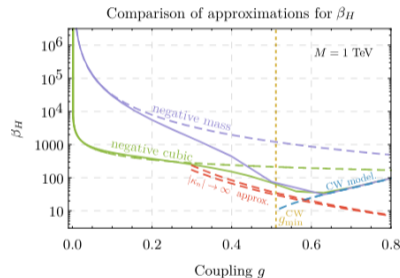
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$\alpha_N \uparrow \quad v_w \uparrow$

For large GW signal \Rightarrow cooling or supercooling

β and α_N

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FOPT and Baryogenesis

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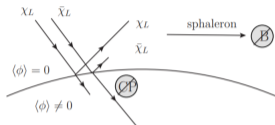
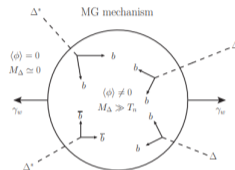
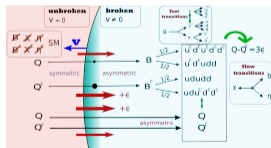


Figure: Credit: T. Konstandin [1302.6713]



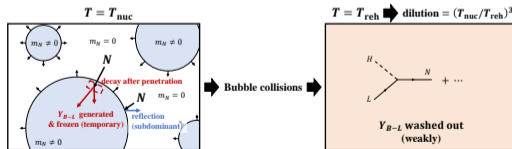
Traditional EWBG: $v_w \lesssim c_s$



Yin, Azatov, MV 21':

$$\gamma_w \equiv 1/\sqrt{1-v_w^2} \gtrsim M_B^2/vT_{\text{nuc}}$$

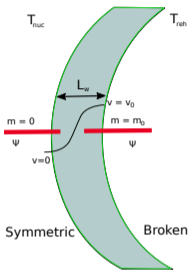
Baldes, Blasi, Mariotti, Sevrin, Turbang 21' $\gamma_w \gtrsim M_\Delta^2/vT_{\text{nuc}}$



Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV, 23': $\gamma_w \gtrsim M_{\text{RHN}}/T_{\text{nuc}}$

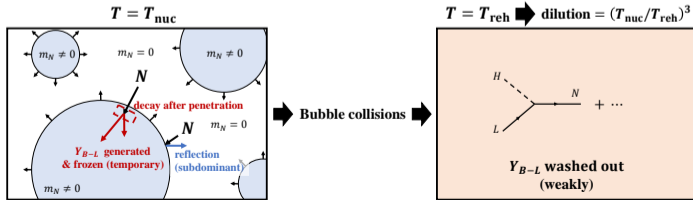
Bubble assisted leptogenesis

[2305.10759]: Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV



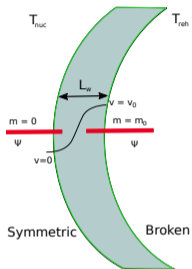
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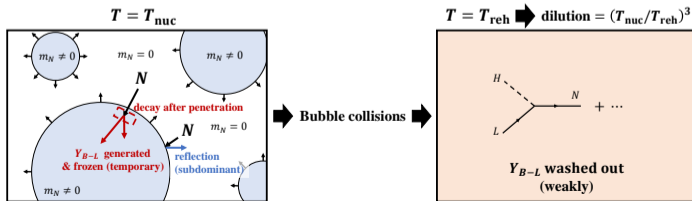
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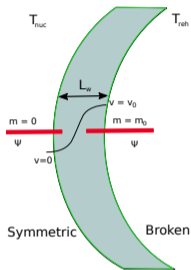
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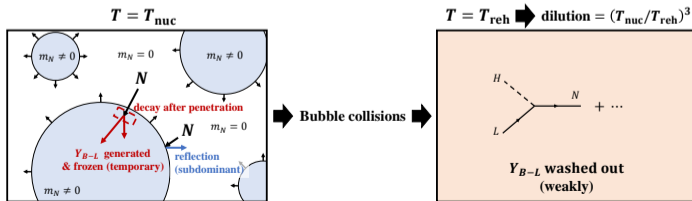


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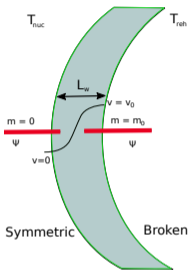


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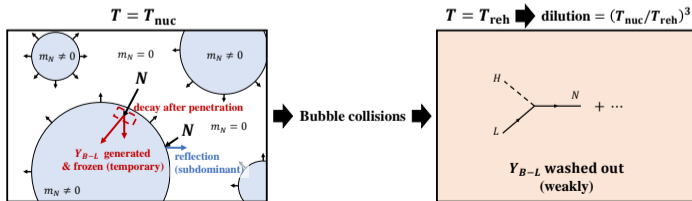


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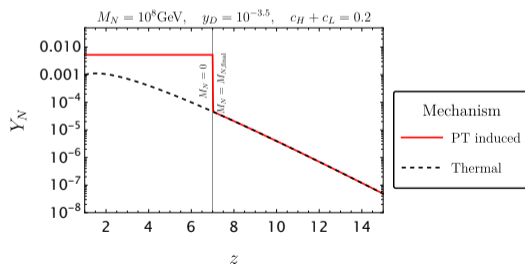
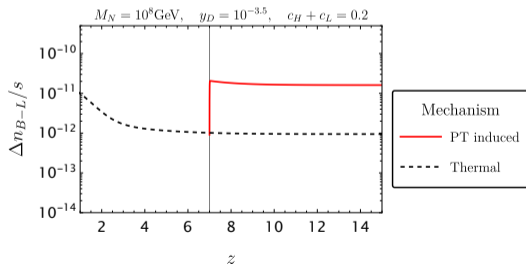
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- Assume fast wall: $\gamma_w \gg 1$
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- Heavy neutrinos are strongly *out-of-equilibrium* is $M_N/T_{\text{nuc}} \gg 1$.



What are we hoping for ?

[2305.10759]: Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV

$$Y_{B-L}^{\text{thermal}} \propto \underbrace{\epsilon_{\text{CP}}}_{\text{CP}} \times \underbrace{\kappa_{\text{wash-out}}}_{\text{wash-out effects}} \times \underbrace{Y_N}_{\text{initial ab}}$$

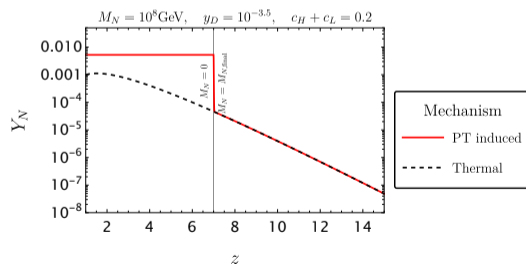
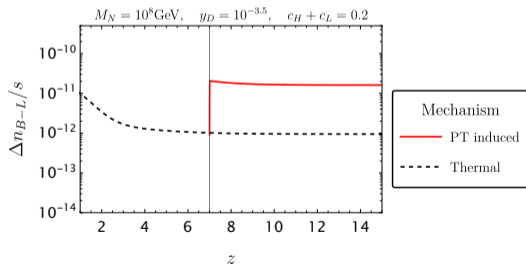


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- $\kappa_{\text{wash-out}} \approx 0.01 - 0.001$ (Limit $\kappa_{\text{wash-out}} \rightarrow 1$ requires tuning of seesaw parameters.)

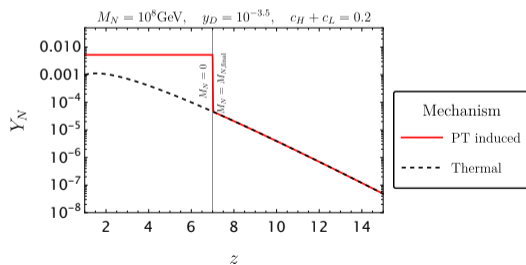
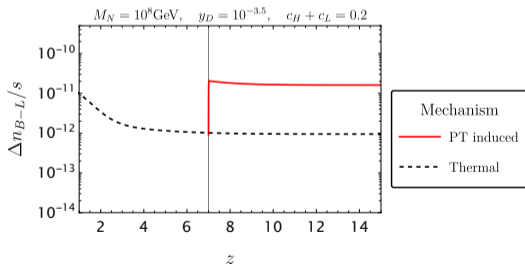


What are we hoping for ?

[2305.10759]: Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV

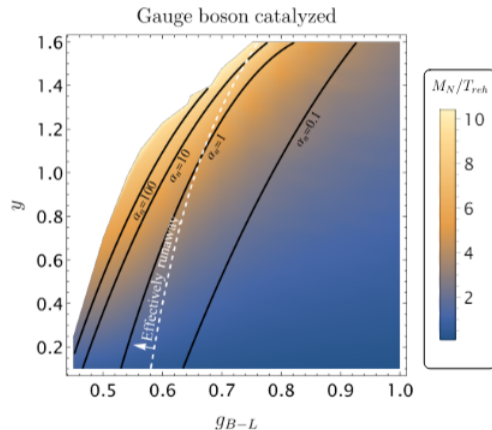
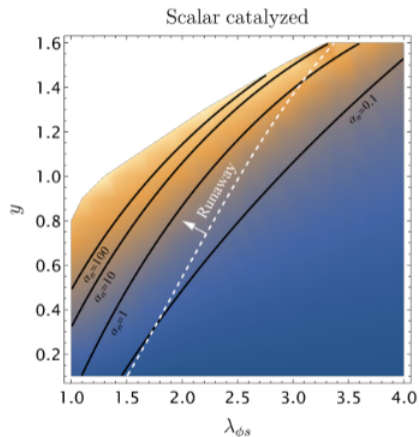
$$Y_{B-L}^{\text{thermal}} \propto \underbrace{\epsilon_{\text{CP}}}_{\text{CP}} \times \underbrace{\kappa_{\text{wash-out}}}_{\text{wash-out effects}} \times \underbrace{Y_N}_{\text{initial ab}}$$

- $\kappa_{\text{wash-out}} \approx 0.01 - 0.001$ (Limit $\kappa_{\text{wash-out}} \rightarrow 1$ requires tuning of seesaw parameters.)
- bubble assisted leptogenesis has naturally $\kappa_{\text{wash-out}} \sim 1$.



Phase transition sector

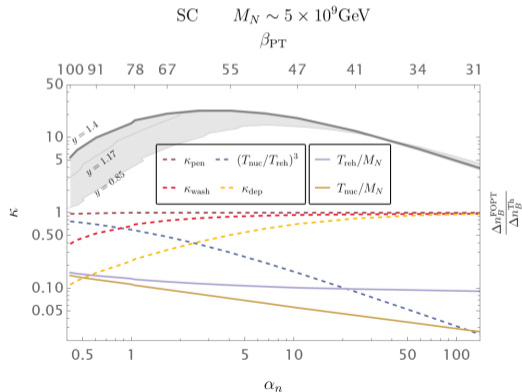
[2305.10759]: Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV



What is the final effect ?

[2305.10759]: Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV

$$Y_B^{\text{FOPT}} \sim Y_N^{\text{eq}} \epsilon_{\text{CP}} \kappa_{\text{sph}} \times \underbrace{\kappa_{\text{pen}}}_{N\text{-reflected}} \times \underbrace{\kappa_{\text{dep}}}_{NN \rightarrow \phi\phi, ff} \times \underbrace{\kappa_{\text{wash}}}_{\text{residual wash-out}} \times \underbrace{\left(\frac{T_{\text{nuc}}}{T_{\text{reh}}}\right)^3}_{\text{entropy injection}}$$



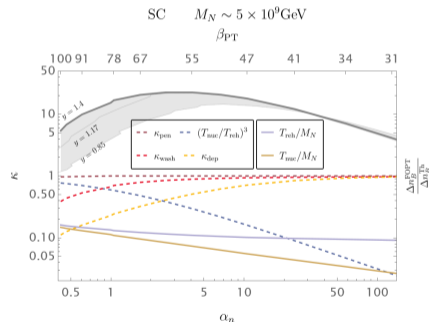
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Competing effects

- $\kappa_{\text{pen}} \sim 1$



Results: Peaks structure with maximal enhancement at

$$\beta \sim \mathcal{O}(50), \alpha_N \sim \mathcal{O}(2 - 5)$$

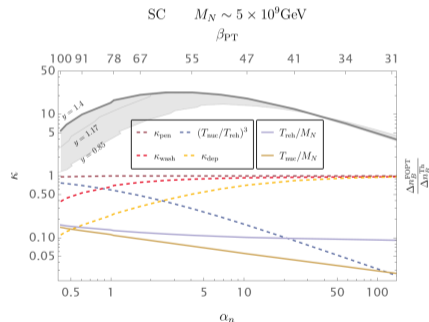
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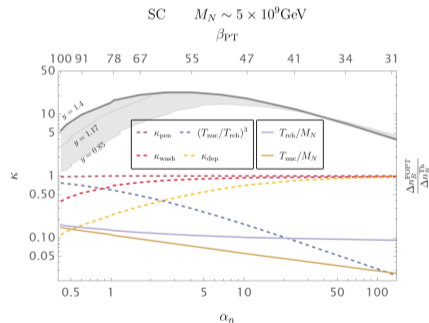
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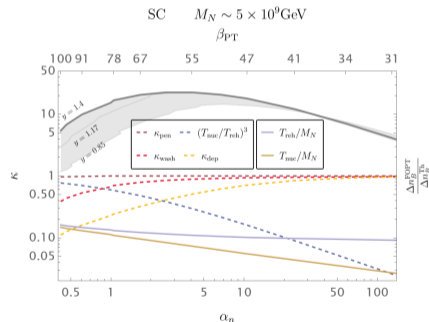
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- Final injection of entropy: $\left(\frac{T_{\text{nuc}}}{T_{\text{reh}}} \right)^3$



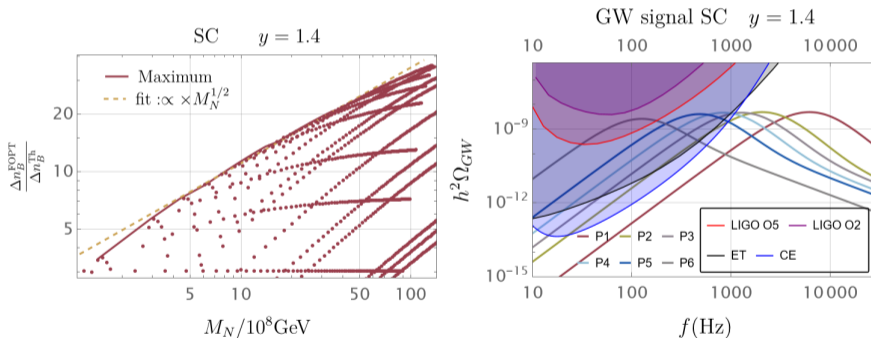
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The peak properties

[2305.10759]: Eung, Dutka, Jung, Nagels, MV

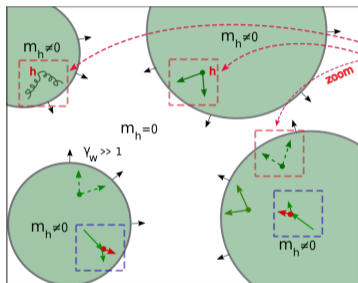
Approximation of the enhancement: $\frac{n_B^{\text{FOPT, max}}}{n_B^{\text{thermal}}} \sim \left(\frac{M_N}{10^7 \text{ GeV}} \right)^{1/2}$



Confining PT: $M_{RH N}^{SC} \approx 4\pi v_\phi \gg M_{RH N}^{WC} = yv_\phi$: [2312.09282]: Dichtl, Nava, Pascoli, Sala

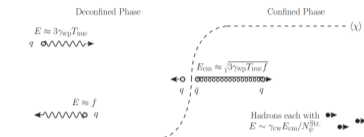
FOPT and DM

Supercool DM: Hambye, Strumia, Tesi 18'

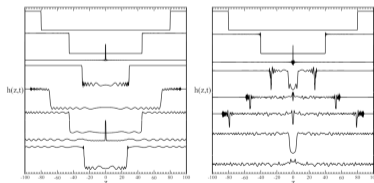


Azatov, Yin, MV 21' ,
 Baldes, Sala, Gouttenoire, 22'
 Azatov, Yin, Nagels, MV 24'

$$\gamma_w \gtrsim M_{\text{DM}}^2 / v T_{\text{nuc}}$$



Baldes, Gouttenoire, Sala, Servant, 22' : $\gamma_w \gg 1$

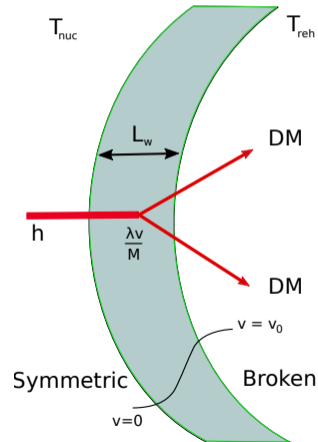


Falkowski, No, 12' Giudice, Pomarol, Lee, Shakya 24' :
 Runaway walls: $\gamma_w \sim M_{\text{pl}} / v \rightarrow 10^{15}$

Heavy DM from bubble wall

[2101.05721]: Azatov, Yin, MV

- Portal Dark Matter: $\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{\lambda}{2}h^2\phi^2 - M_\phi^2\phi^2 - V(h)$



Heavy DM from bubble wall

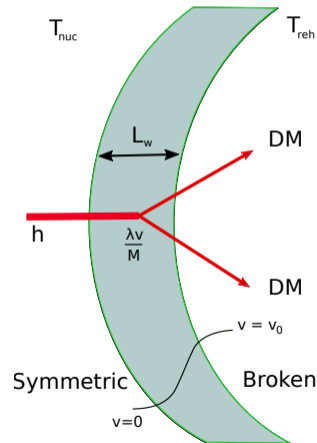
[2101.05721]: Azatov, Yin, MV

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- Non-vanishing VEV:

$$h \rightarrow h + v$$

trilinear coupling

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\lambda v h \phi^2$$



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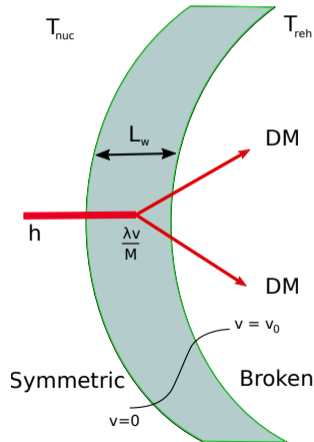
$$h \rightarrow h + v \quad \text{trilinear coupling} \quad \boxed{\mathcal{L} \supset -\lambda v h \phi^2}$$

- In the *wall frame*: $E_h \sim p_{z,h} \sim \gamma_{wp}T \gg T$

$$P_{h \rightarrow \phi\phi} \sim \frac{\lambda^2 v^2}{M_\phi^2} \Theta(1 - \Delta p_z L_w)$$

$$p_{h,p} \approx \gamma_w T (1, 0, 0, 1), \quad p_{h,w} \approx (0, 0, 0, 1/L_w), \quad s > M_\phi^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\gamma_w T v > M_\phi^2}$$



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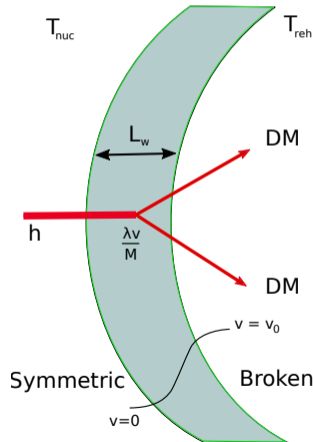
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$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\gamma_w T v > M_\phi^2}$$

- Behind the wall, accumulation of relics

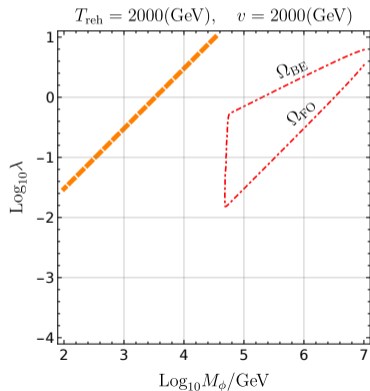
$$\Rightarrow \Omega_{\phi, \text{BE}}^{\text{today}} h^2 \approx 5.4 \times 10^3 \left(\frac{\lambda^2 v^2}{M_\phi^2} \right) \left(\frac{M_\phi}{\text{GeV}} \right) \left(\frac{T_{\text{nuc}}}{T_{\text{reh}}} \right)^3 e^{-\frac{M_\phi^2}{vT\gamma_{wp}}}$$



The DM is Heavy ...

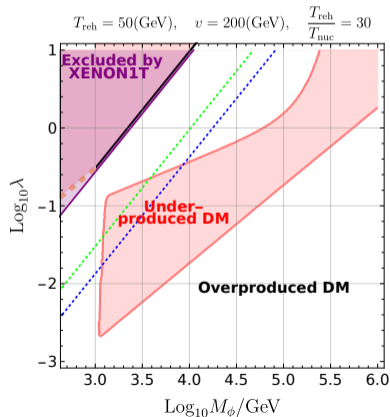
[2101.05721]: Azatov, Yin, MV

h is a dark Higgs



$\frac{T_{\text{reh}}}{T_{\text{nuc}}} = 10^2$

h is the Higgs



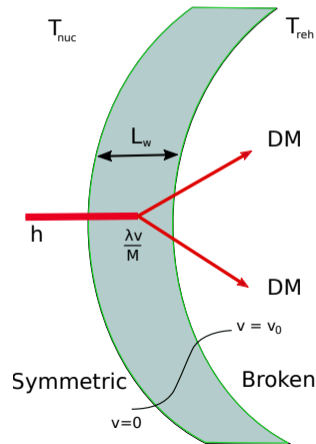
... and fast !

[2207.05096]: Baldes, Gouttenoire, Sala

- Warm Dark Matter

$$V_{\text{eq}} \lesssim 4.2 \times 10^{-5} \quad \text{From Lyman-}\alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{\text{WDM}} \sim \text{keV}$$



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[2207.05096]: Baldes, Gouttenoire, Sala

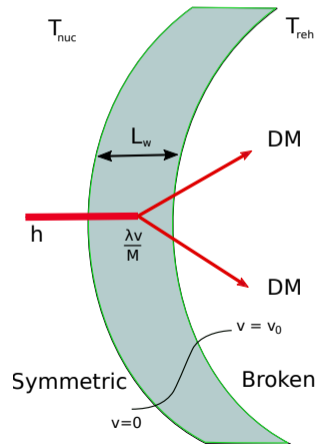
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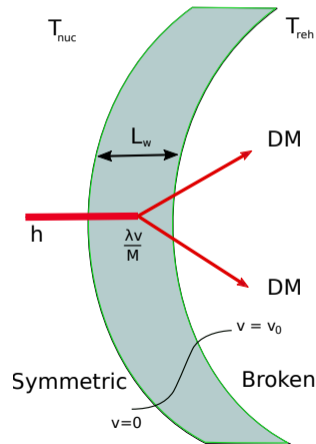
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$$V_{\text{eq}} \approx 0.3 \frac{T_{\text{eq}} \bar{E}_{\phi}}{T_{\text{reh}} M_{\phi}} \approx 10^{-10} \frac{\text{GeV} \times M_{\phi}}{T_{\text{reh}} T_{\text{nuc}}}$$



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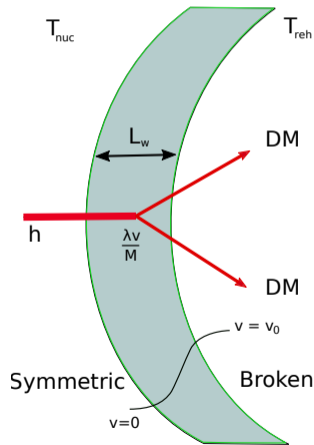
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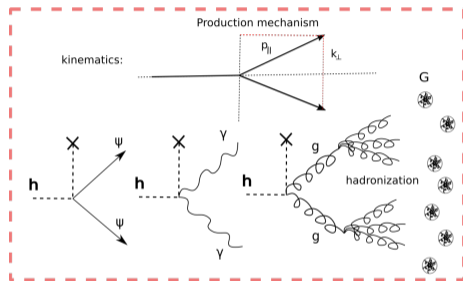
- Heavy WDM for

$$V_{\text{eq}} \sim 10^{-5}, \quad v \sim 10^2 \text{ GeV}, \quad M_{\phi} \sim 10^8 \text{ GeV}$$



Secluded sectors ?

[2101.05721]: Azatov, Yin, MV, [2406.12554]:Azatov, Yin, Nagels, MV



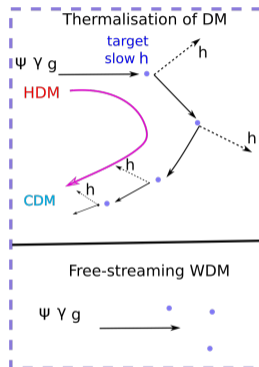
$$\frac{\lambda}{2} h^2 \phi^2,$$

$$\frac{h^2 \psi \bar{\psi}}{\Lambda},$$

$$\frac{h^2 F F}{\Lambda^2}$$

$$P_{h \rightarrow \psi \bar{\psi}}(p_0) \approx |V|^2 \Theta(1 - \Delta p_z L_w) \Theta(\Lambda^2 - 2p_0 v)$$

$$h \rightarrow \phi \phi, \psi \bar{\psi}, \gamma \gamma,$$



- Free-streaming regime
- Thermalised regime
- Transition between the regimes

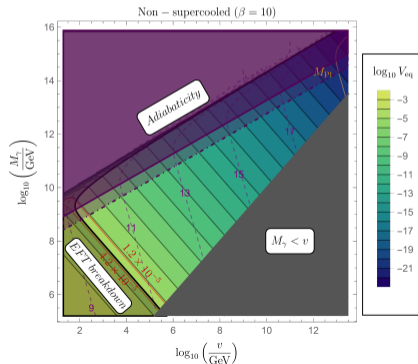
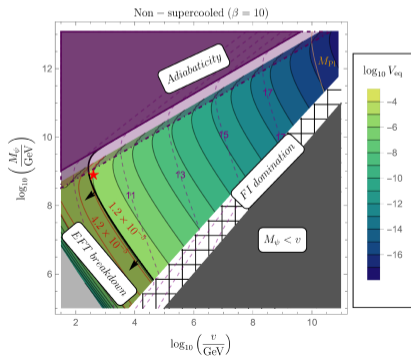
Secluded sectors ?

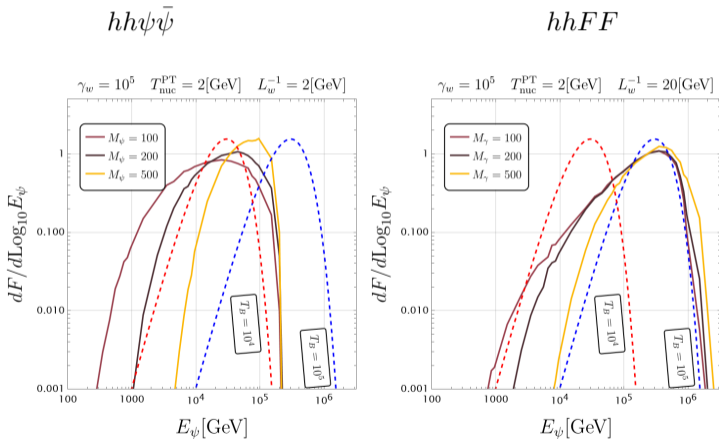
[2101.05721]: Azatov, Yin, MV, [2101.05721]:Azatov, Yin, Nagels, MV

$$\gamma_w(R) \approx \frac{2R}{3R_{\text{nuc}}} \quad \rightarrow \quad \gamma_w^{\text{coll}} \approx 0.06 \frac{M_{\text{pl}} T_{\text{nuc}}}{\beta v^2}$$

EFT bound : $s \approx \gamma_w T v < \Lambda^2$,

adiabaticity : $s > M^2$





Conclusion



- Observable GW \Rightarrow Need *strong, long PT with fast walls*

Thank you ;)

Conclusion



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- Relevant question is: what phenomena are impacted by such FOPTs ?

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Conclusion



- Observable GW \Rightarrow Need *strong, long* PT with *fast walls*
- Relevant question is: what phenomena are impacted by such FOPTs ?
- bubble assisted leptogenesis (baryogenesis)
- Production of heavy and boosted DM
- But also: IGMF, primordial black holes, ...

Thank you ;)

Back-up

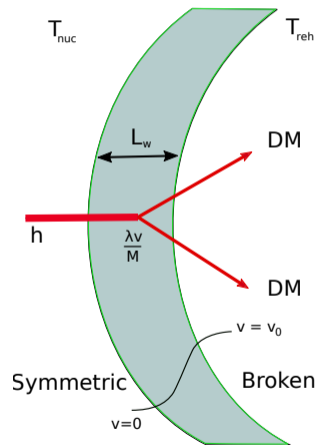
Back-up slides

What about the pressure on the wall ?

[2101.05721]: Azatov, Yin, MV

- Pressure on the wall in large γ_w regime

$$\mathcal{P}^{\gamma_w \rightarrow \infty} \approx \sum_{ij} \underbrace{\frac{p_z}{p_0} n_i}_{\propto \gamma_w T^3} \times \underbrace{P_{i \rightarrow j}}_{\text{probability } i \rightarrow j} \times \underbrace{\Delta p_{i \rightarrow j}}_{\text{exchange of momentum } i \rightarrow j}$$



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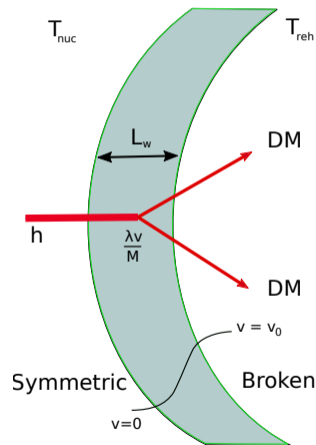
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- Typical magnitude of the pressure

$$P_{1 \rightarrow 1} \rightarrow 1 \quad \Delta p_{1 \rightarrow 1} \approx \frac{m^2}{2\gamma_w T} \quad \mathcal{P}_{\text{mass gain}} \approx \frac{T^2 m^2}{24}$$



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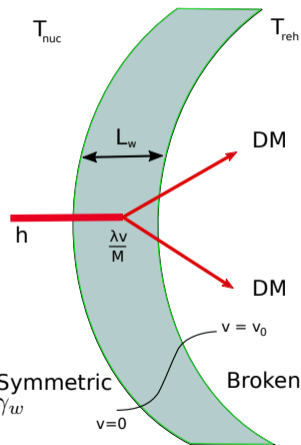
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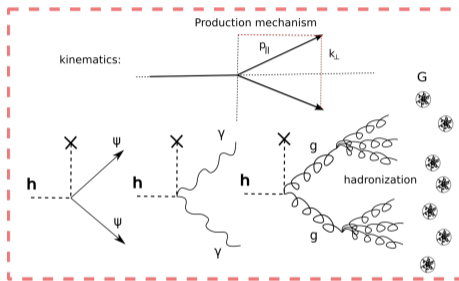
- Pressure from production

$$P_{1 \rightarrow 2} \rightarrow \frac{v^2}{16\pi^2 M^2} \quad \Delta p \approx \frac{M^2}{2\gamma_w T} \quad \mathcal{P}_{1 \rightarrow 2} \approx \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{T^2 v^2}{24} \log \gamma_w$$



Pressure from Secluded sectors ?

[2101.05721]:Azatov, Yin, Nagels, MV



$$\Delta p \approx \frac{\gamma_w T v}{\gamma_w T} \rightarrow v$$

saturates the non-adiabaticity bound

- From dimension five:

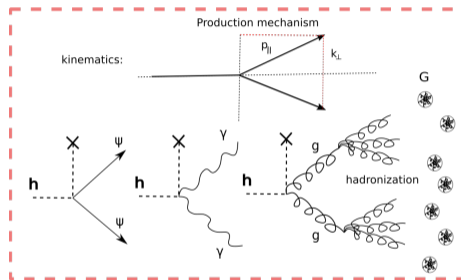
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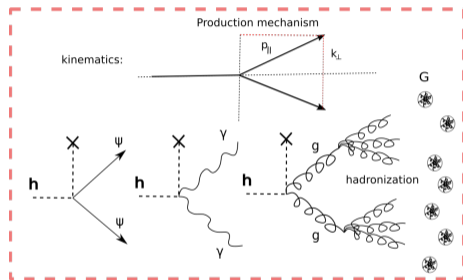
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-

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Pressure from Secluded sectors ?

[2101.05721]:Azatov, Yin, Nagels, MV



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-

$$\mathcal{P}_{h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma} \approx n_h \frac{v^4 \gamma_w^2 T}{\Lambda^4 2\pi^2}$$

- Maximal pressure:

$$s \approx \gamma_w T v \rightarrow \Lambda^2 :$$

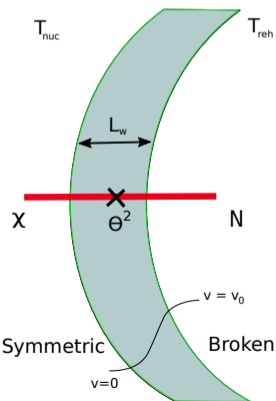
$$P_{h \rightarrow \psi\psi} \approx P_{h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma} \rightarrow \frac{v^2 T_{\text{nuc}}^2}{16\pi^4} < \frac{T^2 v^2}{24}$$

Production of heavy states via mixing [2010.02590]: Idea

Scale of the transition and particles involved

CLAIM: transition is dictated by fields $M \lesssim T_{\text{nuc}} \sim v_\phi$ because $n_{\text{heavy}} \propto e^{-M/T_{\text{nuc}}}$

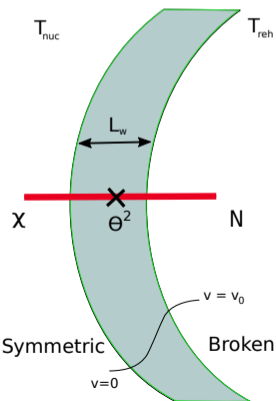
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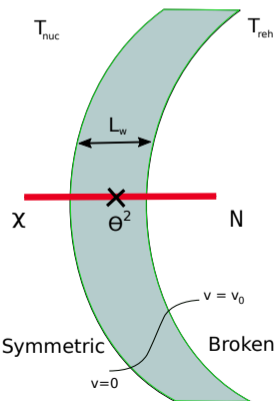


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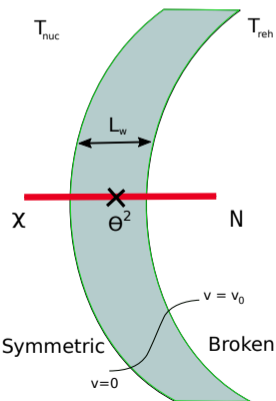
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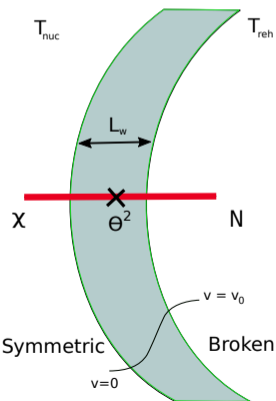
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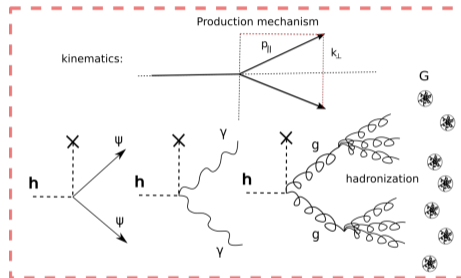
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- With wall: $p^z = p_N^z - p_\chi^z$ not conserved: if $E > M$, $\chi \rightarrow N$ allowed

$$\int d^3x_\perp e^{ip_\perp \cdot x_\perp} \int \langle \phi \rangle(z) e^{izp_z} dz \propto (2\pi)^3 \delta^3(p_\perp) \frac{\sin \Delta p_z L_w}{\Delta p_z L_w}$$

Boosted glueballs DM

[2101.05721]:Azatov, Yin, Nagels, MV

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$$\frac{h^2 G G}{\Lambda^2}$$

$$h \rightarrow gg \rightarrow GGG.$$

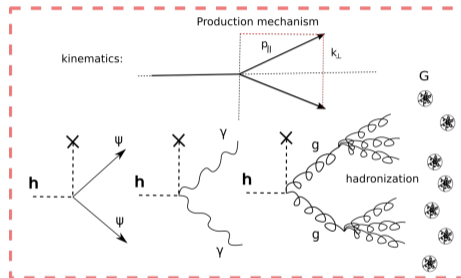
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\Rightarrow Thermalisation

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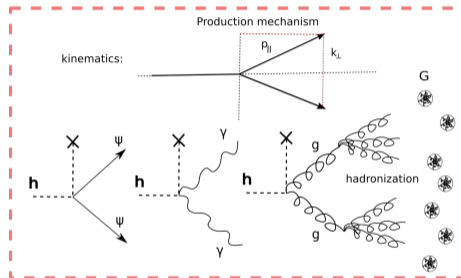
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Glueball DM parameter space

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