Mirror dualities with four supercharges

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Based on: S. Benvenuti, RC, S. Pasquetti [2312.07667] and w.i.p

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Infra-Red Dualities

We have an **IR Duality** whenever two different Ultra-Violet QFTs flow to the same Infra-Red fixed point.



- First introduced in 4d SUSY theories. [Seiberg '94] Many more SUSY examples in various dimensions have been found.
- Simple tests: map of global symmetries and map of gauge invariant operators.

The moduli space of $3d \ \mathcal{N} = 4$ theories consist of two branches intersecting only at the origin:

- Higgs branch: parameterized by meson \rightarrow Classically exact
- **Coulomb branch**: parameterized by monopoles \rightarrow Quantum corrected

Mirror duality relates two $3d \mathcal{N} = 4$ theories by swapping their Higgs and Coulomb branch. [Intriligator-Seiberg '96] Example:



• In the mirorr the SU(5) enhances from the $U(1)^4$ topological symmetries.

• The mesons are mapped to a collection of monopoles and vice-versa.

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What about $3d \mathcal{N} = 2$ theories?

We constructed a class of 3d $\mathcal{N}=2$ theories ejoying a mirror-like duality. These can be constructed using a strongly coupled SCFT as building block... [Benvenuti-RC-Pasquetti '23]

FM[U(N)] theory: the improved hyper

The FM[U(N)] is a 3d $\mathcal{N}=2$ SCFT at the IR fixed point of the UV Lagrangian: [Pasquetti-Sacchi '19]



- Global IR (enhanced) symmetry: $U(N) \times U(N) \times U(1)^2$. There is an extra U(1) symmetry w.r.t. an hypermultiplet.
- Self-dual under mirror duality swapping emergent and manifest U(N).
- The spectrum contains a **pair of bifundamentals** of $U(N) \times U(N)$.

Example of a $3d \mathcal{N} = 2$ mirror duality. [Benvenuti-RC-Pasquetti '23]



- Proven in field theory as a consequence of Seiberg-like duality.
- Complete map of the global symmetries. The topological symmetries and the extra U(1)'s of the improved hypers enhance to $U(5) \times U(5)$.
- Complete map of gauge invariant operators. Monopole operators map to mesons and vice-versa.

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Deforming to $3d \mathcal{N} = 4$ mirror pair

The imp. hyper can be ironed to a standard hyper:



The $\mathcal{N} = 2$ duality can be deformed to the $\mathcal{N} = 4$.



Brane interpretation

Mirror dualities for $3d \ \mathcal{N} = 4$ theories can be understood from the point of view of Type IIB brane setups.

The new class of $3d \mathcal{N} = 2$ mirror dualities fit inside the brane picture...

Brane setups with eight supercharges

 $\mathcal{N}=4$ theories can be engineered in Type IIB with NS5, D5, and D3 branes. [Hanany-Witten '96]



- Read as:
 - Interval between two NS5: $U({\boldsymbol N})$ gauge group
 - NS5 with D3 suspended on both sides: bifundamental hypermultiplet
 - D5: flavor for the corresponding node.
- Mirror duality is induced by S-duality swapping NS5 and D5.

Brane setups with four supercharges

Rotating a D5 brane breaks half SUSY and turn off the $\mathcal{N} = 4$ superpotential. Proposal: **improve the standard bifundamentals**.



- The mirror duality can be proved in QFT. → the web is consistent!
- The extra U(1)'s of the improved hypers map to extra flavor symmetries. \rightarrow complete map of global symmetries and operators!

Conclusions

Some other things that we achieved:

- Generalized to theories with chiral matter and/or Chern-Simons level.
- Uplift to 4d $\mathcal{N} = 1$ theories with USp(2N) gauge group.

Everything proved in QFT with an algorithmic technique.

Possible future extensions:

- More generic brane setups with different type of branes.
- Theories with different gauge groups.

Thank you!