

# EMI Data, the unified European Data Management Middleware

Patrick Fuhrmann (DESY)

EMI Data Area lead

(on behalf of many people and slides stolen from all over the place)

## **Credits**

- Alejandro Alvarez
- Alex Sim
- Claudio Cacciari
- Christian Bernardt
- Christian Loeschen
- Elisabetta Ronchieri
- Fabrizio Furano
- Giuseppe Fiameni
- Giacinto Donvito
- Giuseppe Lo Presti
- Jon Kerr Nilsen
- Jan Schaefer
- Jean-Philippe Baud
- **Dmitry Ozerov**
- Yves Kemp

- Karsten Schwank
- Michele Carpene
- Michele Dibenedetto
- Michail Salichos
- Mischa Salle
- Oscar Koeroo
- Oliver Keeble
- Paul Millar
- Ralph Mueller-Pfefferkorn
- Ricardo Rocha
- Riccardo Zappi
- Tigran Mkrtchyan
- **7solt Molnar**
- **Zsombor Nagy**

Our wiki: https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/EMI/EmiJra1T3Data



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### **Outline**

- EMI, the facts
- EMI-Data, the components
- EMI-Data, the mission
- EMI-Data, selected Topics
  - Topic 1 : Interoperability and reduction of components
    - Client library consolidation
  - Topic 2 : Fixing flaws and evolution
    - Catalogue and SE synchronization
  - Topic 3 : Standardization
    - Example 1: WebDAV
    - Example 2: NFSv4.1/pNFS



# EMI, the project

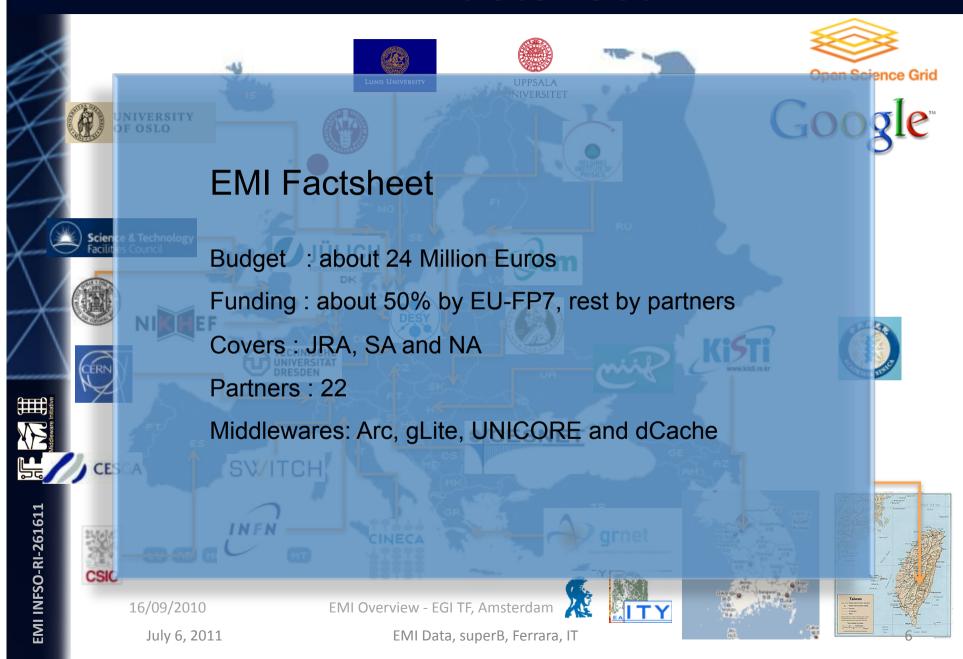
# EMI, the facts



# **EMI Factsheet**



# **EMI Factsheet**



#

## For more facts

For more facts on EMI in general, see Francesco's presentation from this morning on





# **Director's Mantra**

According to our Project Director, Alberto Di Meglio:

The European Middleware Initiative (EMI) project represents a close collaboration of the major European middleware providers - ARC, gLite, UNICORE and dCache - to establish a sustainable model to support, harmonise and evolve distributed computing middleware for deployment in EGI, PRACE and other distributed e-Infrastructures



## Translates to EMI data as

Maintain and improve the currently existing production WLCG software stack!





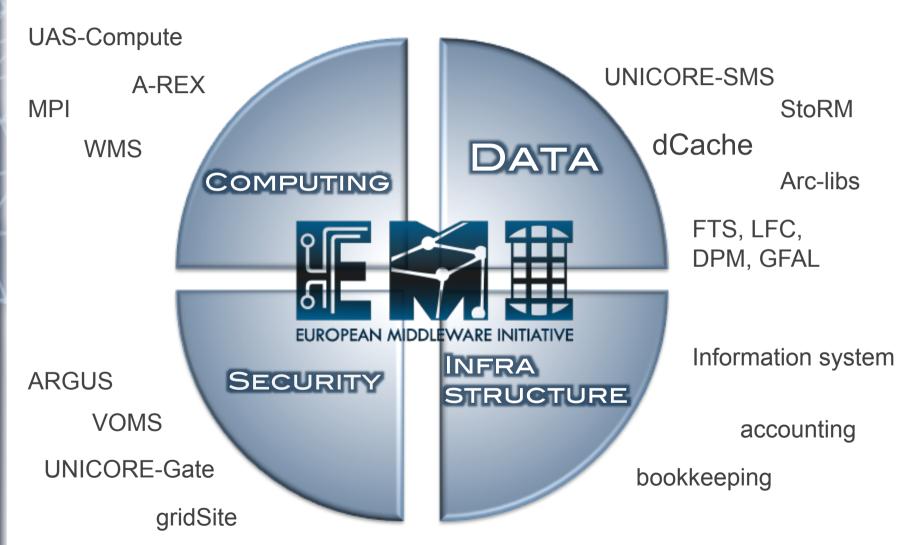
# Components

# EMI, the components



## The EMI Pie

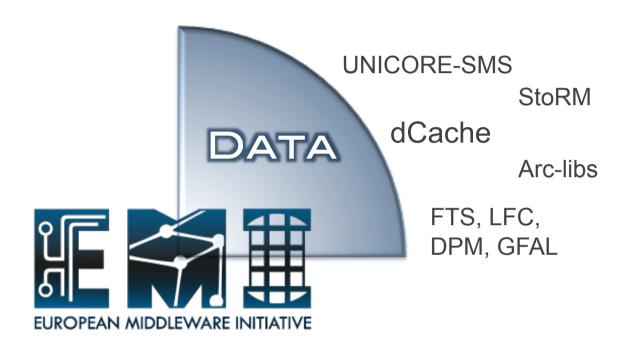
## 63 components and about 350 packages



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## The EMI Pie

### 63 components and about 350 packages



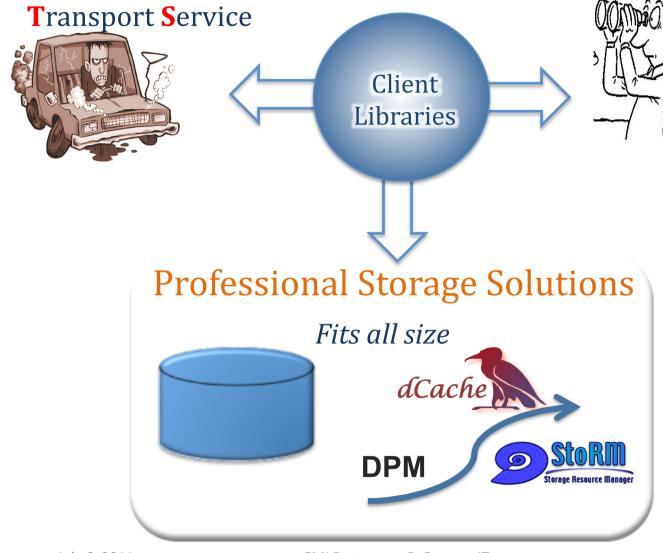


# What does EMI-Data provide?

# CART The EMI-Data shopping basket







Reliable File

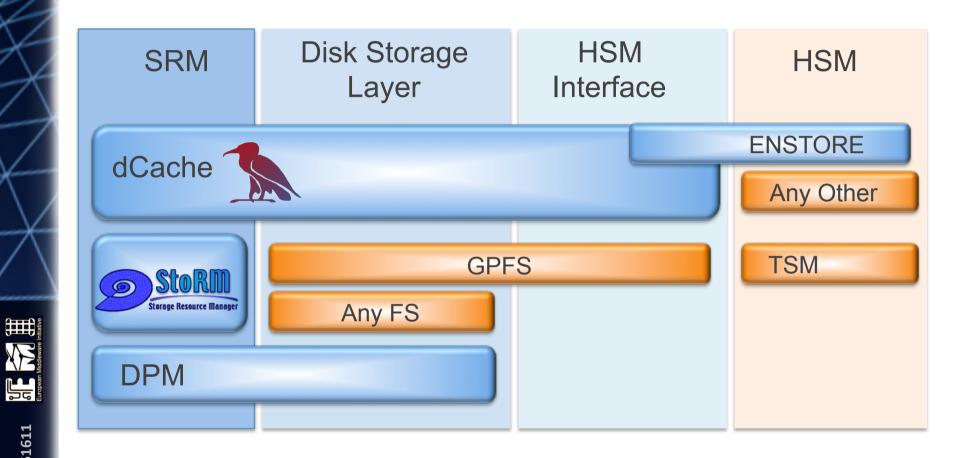
File Location

data Service

Dand meta

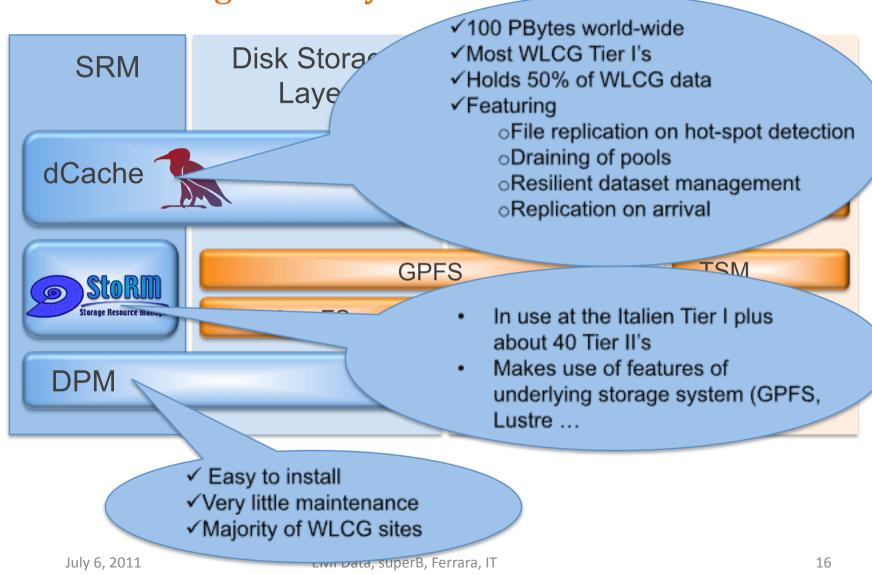
(LFC)





# EMI, the storage elements

!!! Something for everyone



nitiative nitiative

N/S

# EMI Data mission



## **The Mission**

- Fixing of issues based on the experience of operating the infrastructures for some years.
- Improving or creating interoperability between components and middle-wares.
- Reducing components by merging functionality or removing duplication.
- Applying standards where available
- Standardizing EMI-Data mechanisms with "standardization bodies" e.g. OGF
- EGI: Attracting resp. enabling new communities.
- Becoming competitive and attractive by:
  - Standards
  - Professional Support
  - Strict quality monitoring



# Some more examples

- Defining (with OGF) and implementing an Storage Accounting Record
- Migrating the security of the Storage Resource Manager protocol from GSI (httpg) to standard SSL/X509.
- Migrating to next version of the information provider schema GLUE2.0
- Improving the File Transfer Service by integrating the load of the network and the storage element backend.
- For the entire list, have a look at :
  - https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/EMI/EmiJra1T3Data



# **Selected Topics**

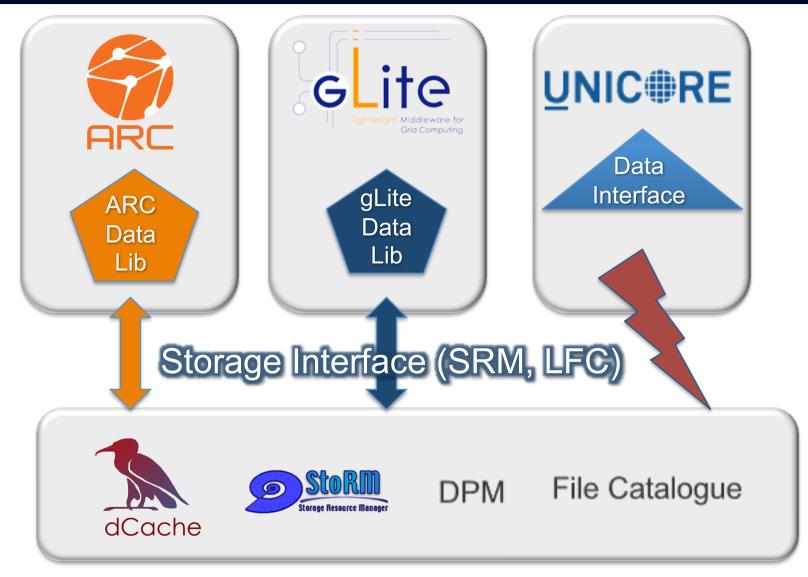
# EMI, some selected topics



# Topic 1

# Client library consolidation

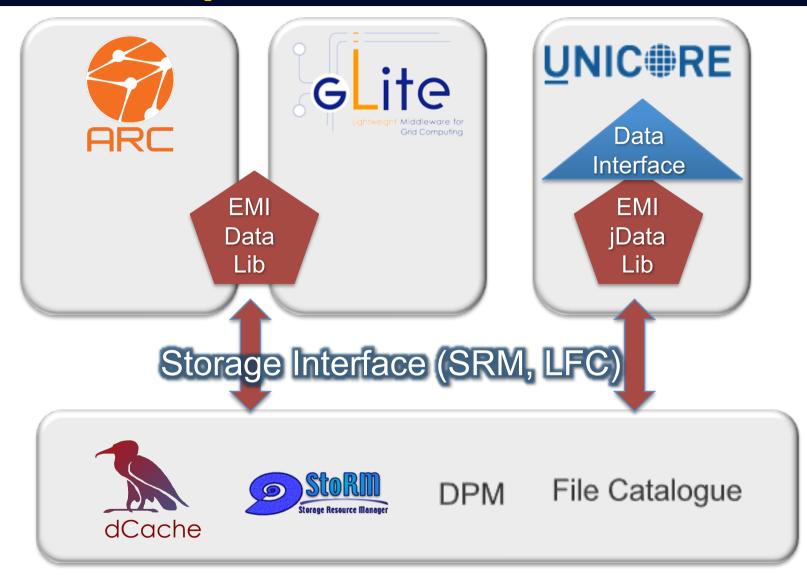




# **EMI INFSO-RI-261611**

Middleware Initiative

# **Component consolidation**



# Topic 2

# Catalogue / Storage element synchronization

# Catalogue and Storage Elements

## Problem

- Storage Elements are storing the actual data locally.
- Catalogues map logical filenames to actually locations URLs.
- Typical store operation:
  - Store file in SE
  - Add entry (URL) to the catalogue under the logical file name
- May possibilities for SE's and catalogues to get out of sync as the store and 'add entry' operations are not transactional in WLCG.
- This results in
  - Dark data (files in SE but not in catalogue)
  - Dangling references (Pointer in catalogue, pointing into the void)
- Over time, catalogues and SE's diverge more and more.



# How to solve this issue

# Two different approaches

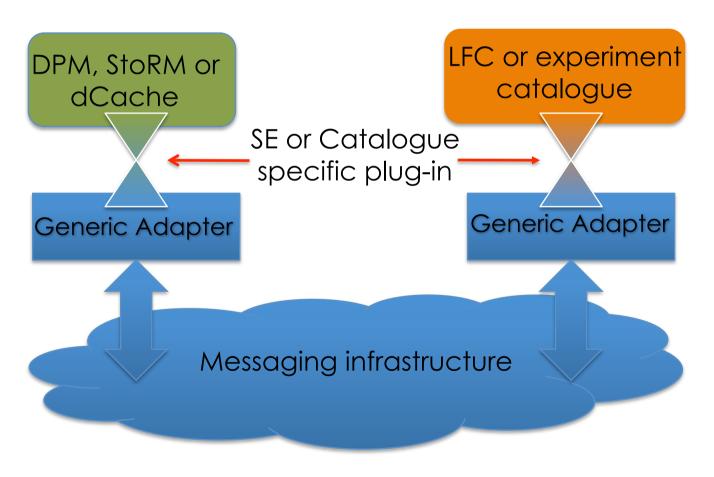


**##** 

# Two possible solutions

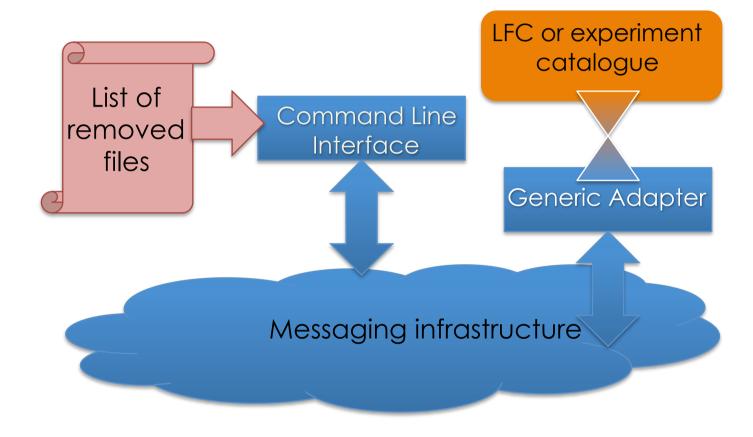
Synchronizing catalogues and SE's using message passing

Talk to Fabrizio on details.



# **Already in EMI-1**

#### Manual interaction



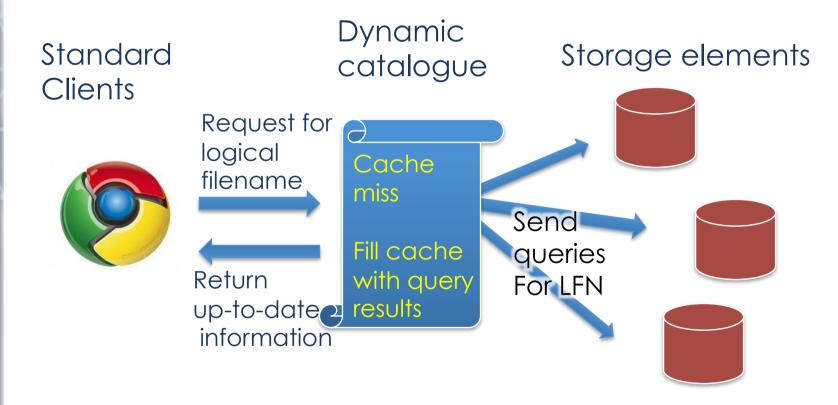


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# Second approach (in discussion)

### Dynamic location catalogues

The catalogue, on request, builds a list of URLs for logical filenames. The URLs automatically invalidate after some time (hours).



# **Example on how EMI works**

Synchronizing catalogues and SE's guaranties continuity of production environment.

Dynamic catalogues is part of the data management evolution.



# Topic 3

## Standards

WebDAV NFS 4.1 / pNFS

## **Standardization**

## Applying industry standards

## Standards are the key for sustainability of Open Source Projects



Example 1

WebDAV



# Standardization: WebDAV

## WebDAV (for data access)

- Very useful for new (non-LHC) communities.
- ITEF Standard
- Allows "File system like" access with
  - Mac OS
  - Linux
  - Windows



webdav.dcache.org

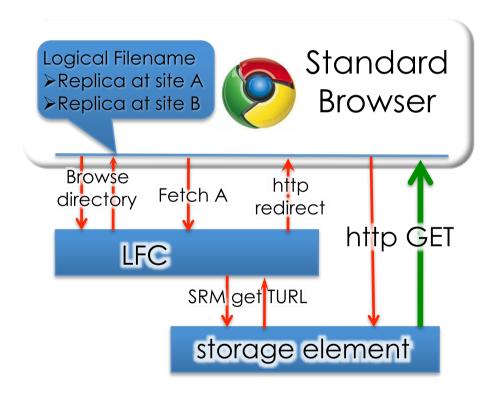
Disconnect

## With EMI-2 (mostly already with EMI-1) we provide WebDAV support from our SE's

# Standardization: WebDAV

## WebDAV (for data browsing)

On request of the Irish Grid community EMI evaluates a WebDAV front-end for the file location catalogue.





# Example 2

NFS v4.1 / pNFS





CITI, at the University of Michigan, is funded by major storage providers to coordinate the pNFS effort and provide reference implementations.

#### **Industry Support - Implementations**

- Clients
  - Linux
  - Sun (Solaris)

Servers

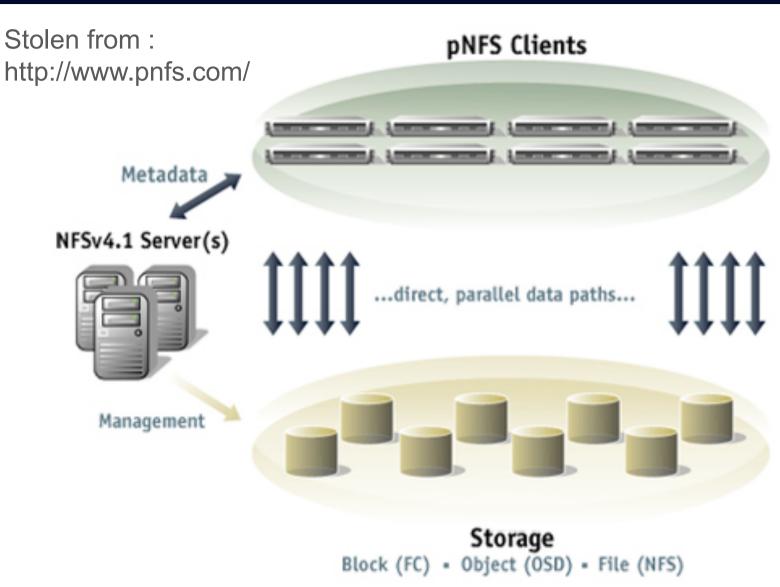


- EMC
- IBM
- Linux
- NetApp
- Panasas
- Sun (Solaris)

Group meets three times a year to check interoperability.



Several other implementations have been tested at Bake-a-thons and Connectathons



# Why would one need it?

Stolen from:

http://www.pnfs.com/

#### Benefits of Parallel I/O

- ✓ Delivers Very High Application Performance
- ✓ Allows for Massive Scalability without diminished performance

#### Benefits of NFS (or most any standard)

- Ensures Interoperability among vendor solutions
- Allows Choice of best-of-breed products
- Eliminates Risks of deploying proprietary technology



# Why would we need it?

#### Simplicity

- ✓ Regular mount-point and real POSIX I/O
- Can be used by unmodified applications (e.g. Mathematica..)
- ✓ Data client provided by the OS vendor
- ✓ Smart caching (block caching) development done by OS vendors

#### Performance

- ✓ pNFS : parallel NFS (first version of NFS which support multiple data servers)
- ✓ Clever protocols , e.g. Compound Requests



# NFS v4.1 / pNFS availability

#### ✓ EMI server

- dCache: production version with EMI 1
- DPM: prototype, ready for EMI-2

#### ✓ Linux Kernel

- Completed in 2.6.39
- Back-port of pNFS into RH 6.2

#### ✓ Industry

- NetApp OnTab 8.1
- Blue Arc in August
- Other vendors: code ready but not officially available

# Testing and deployment

- NFS 4.1 / pNFS tested for more than 9 month at the DESY GridLab (50% Tier II).
- Stable and performing well.
- First production dCache NFS 4.1 / pNFS system at DESY for photon science.
- Other WLCG sites including Tier I's start with testing NFS 4.1 / pNFS.



# Competition

NFS 4.1 / pNFS is a great opportunity for Open Source Projects (EMI) to compete with industry and of course the other way around.



## Conclusions

- *EMI Data* is a good opportunity to get our storage management middleware into a maintainable shape and at the same time provides a platform for evolution.
- Standardization is the way to get broader acceptance by other communities, which is especially important for EGI.
- EMI-Data will become THE competitor in Storage Management in Europe ☺.
- Everybody can join or may provide suggestions through EGI.eu.





#### **Further reading**

# https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/EMI/EmiJra1T3Data

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