Present and future perspectives in Hadron Physics



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Charge-conjugation asymmetry and molecular content: the Tcc(3875) and Ds(2317) in nuclear matter

We analyze the modifications that a dense nuclear medium induces in the $Ds(2317)\pm$ and $Tcc(3875)\pm$. In the vacuum, we consider them as isoscalar DK (Dbar Kbar) and DD (Dbar Dbar) S-wave bound states, which are dynamically generated from effective interactions that lead to different Weinberg compositeness scenarios. Matter effects are incorporated through the two-meson loop functions, taking into account the self energies that the D, D, Dbar, Dbar, K and Kbar develop when embedded in a nuclear medium. Although Ds(2317) and Tcc(3875) particle-antiparticle lineshapes are the same in vacuum, we find extremely different density patterns in matter. This charge-conjugation asymmetry for the Ds(2317) [Tcc[3875]) mainly stems from the very different kaon [Dbar and Dbar] and antikaon [D and D] interaction with the nucleons of the dense medium. We show that the in-medium lineshapes found for these resonances strongly depend on their DK and DD molecular contents, respectively, and discuss how this novel feature can be used to better determine/constrain the inner structure of these exotic states.

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